MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

START

DULUTH EVENING HERALD

MAY 1 1901 THRU JUN 29 1901

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13- 10- 1981

Inclusive Dates: May 1 1901 — Jun 29 1901

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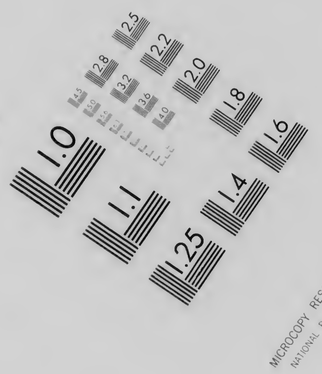
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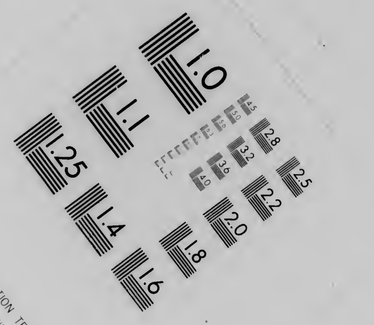
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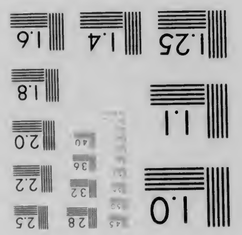
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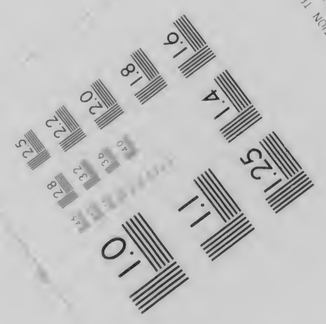
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SIXTEEN PAGES.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

NINETEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. WEDNESDAY, MAY 1, 1901. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

May be incomplete

SIXTEEN PAGES.

Minn Hist'l Society

Men's and Boys' Shoes...

No Royal Road has led to our great success in shoes. Hard work hard cash, hard sense—plenty of each—have been put in without stint.

We are exclusive Agents for THE "BOSTONIAN" SHOE price **$3.50**

Other Men's Shoes at—
$1.50, $2, $2.50, $3.

Boys' Shoes at—
98c, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75, $2.00, $2.25 and $2.50.

This is but a small portion of the store's goodness, yet it illustrates the whole. The supremacy of the Big Duluth in quality is not disputed, but some folks think because our goods are so much the best our prices must be higher. So we coax comparison. Our prices are NOT higher, we must give higher quality for the same prices. Won't you test the matter? This is a safe store.

Watch the Windows—It will pay you.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters. The BIG DULUTH 125 and 127 West Superior St.

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

FOR SALE.

$1500 Good 8-room house and fine lot on 20th avenue west. Is in splendid condition.

$1000 Will buy a splendid home in West Duluth, has city water and electric lights.

$2300 House No. 207 West Fifth street; eight rooms; modern conveniences.

$850 Takes a snap in building lot on East Second street; street and avenue improvements paid for.

Snaps in every part of the city.

FOR RENT.

Offices in Mesaba block.

No. 1907 East Superior street; nine rooms, all in first-class condition.

10-room house in Oneota, Fortieth avenue west, $20 per month.

No. 214 Sixth avenue west, 8 rooms, all in good condition.

Money TO LOAN in any amount at 5%....

Stryker, Manley & Buck, Torrey Building.

A Popping Good Time

Can be had over a case of Moose Brand Beer. There's a beer that will warm the cockles of your heart, a beer that will make glad the most morose, a beer that's satisfying every way you take it, including even its lowness of price. A sample case will tell the tale. Glad to have your order.

Duluth Brewing & Malting Co.

Either 'Phone 241.

A DEFENCE TO WEAK EYES....

will be found in glasses. They ward off indistinct vision, headaches and often blindness. They supply what is lacking in the eyes—make a combination equal to perfect sight. At the slightest indication of weakness or trouble consult an oculist or reliable optician.

C. D. TROTT, Optician,
3 West Superior Street.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk.
Telephone 755, N. Call 4.
Zenith 'Phone 713.

D. H. DAY, Dentist.

Delays Are Dangerous....

Take an inventory of your property and then telephone us for rates of insurance and let us give you the best indemnity to be obtained.

Little & Nolte.

SUBSIDIES

Significant Remarks By the President.

Sees In Them Solution of Expanding Trade.

Vicksburg, Miss., May 1.—Through the low, rich valley of the Yazoo the presidential special sped southward to New Orleans today. Although the president and his party did not reach the train, after the big demonstration at the Memphis banquet last night until after 1 o'clock, the president was up early this morning. Several times he appeared at the rear platform and acknowledged the cheers of the crowds at the small stations with a waive of his hand.

Among the members of the cabinet the president's speech last night, with its pointed allusions to the principle of subsidies as a means of enlarging transportation facilities for the expanding trade of greater America, with the brilliant picture he drew of the commercial possibilities in the Orient under the "open door" policy in China, to which his administration has secured the adherence of the other powers, is regarded as an exceedingly important utterance and one which will rivet the attention of the country. His reference to the action of the Tennessee legislature, which, half a century ago, claimed the cotton trade of the Orient, belonged legitimately to the South, is considered particularly forceful.

Vicksburg, with its swarming memories of the civil war, was reached at 8:20. In reply to the welcome extended by the mayor and citizens, the president spoke as follows:

"It gives me very great pleasure to receive the official greeting of the mayor and the warm-hearted touch of the people as they give us greeting to this historic city. The highest expression of satisfaction at this most cordial reception is in the single word that you make me feel at home. Nowhere in my native state of Ohio could I receive warmer or more sincere welcome than I have received at the hands and from the hearts of the people of Mississippi, and in the moment that I have to enjoy with you, I can only make my acknowledgements and contentment so characteristic at this time of every part of our common country.

"We know that whatever others may say or think, this to us and for us is the best country in the world. It is the land we love and it is the land of possibilities and opportunities to every child that dwells beneath the folds of our flag. I have been glad not only to be greeted by the veterans of the Grand Army of the Republic, but by the Confederate veterans and by the people at large, but no welcome could be so sweet to me as that of the fresh young school children from the city of Vicksburg. To one and all I return my sincere and heartfelt thanks and leave with you the wish for your happiness and your prosperity." (Great applause.)

Jackson, Miss., May 1.—The presidential train arrived at 11 o'clock sharp, fifteen minutes ahead of time. A crowd of people had congregated at the depot and gave a royal welcome to the president and his party to Mississippi's capital. Governor Longino welcomed the president. Mr. McKinley expressed delight at the cordial reception and the fifteen minutes' stop was heartily enjoyed.

AMOUNT OF INDEMNITY

The Committee of the Powers Has Fixed the Amount That China Must Pay at $263,545,000.

Paris, May 1.—The foreign office has received a dispatch from Pekin announcing that M. Pichon, the French minister, presented today the report of the committee on indemnity. The amount China is to pay has been fixed at 1,365,000,000 francs. How it is proposed the indemnity shall be distributed among the powers is not set forth, but, as the dispatch does not mention The Hague, it is thought the ministers are hopeful of being able to settle the proportion to be received by each power by discussion at Pekin.

MANY STRIKES OCCUR

Workmen In Various Cities In the Country Go Out For Shorter Work Day and Higher Wages.

Grand Rapids, Mich., May 1.—Union plumbers in all but nine of the twenty-two shops in Grand Rapids, went on strike today to enforce a new wage scale. Employers refuse to treat with the union. The strike will seriously delay work on fifty new buildings here as well as on a number of outside contracts. Fifty workmen are out.

Columbus, Ohio, May 1.—Nearly 600 carpenters in the city refused to go to work today pending the signing of the wage scale for the coming year. They demand $3.25 for eight hours.

Youngstown, Ohio, May 1.—All journeymen plumbers and journeymen plasterers struck today, the former over the apprentice question and the latter for an 8-hour day.

Waterbury, Conn., May 1.—Two hundred carpenters and joiners, about one-half the total number employed in Waterbury, struck today over the apprentice question and for an 8-hour day at a minimum wage of $2.50.

New York, May 1.—All the bricklayers and masons of Elizabeth, N. J., to the number of 400, went on strike today. They have been getting $3.60 a day and demand $4.

At Yonkers 750 bricklayers, plasterers, stone masons and hod carriers went out on strike today. The men demand 55 cents an hour and a half holiday on Saturday. They have been receiving 50 cents an hour. The bosses are willing to concede the half holiday, but refuse to increase the rate per hour.

PROSECUTION SCORES

Defense In Eastman Case Admits That Bullet Found In Grogan's Body Was From Center Fire Cartridge.

Cambridge, Mass., May 1.—The prosecution in the case of Charles R. Eastman, who is on trial for the alleged murder of his brother-in-law, Richard H. Grogan, Jr., announced in court today, when Mr. Elder, an expert in revolvers was called to the stand, that the defense conceded that the bullet heretofore shown and alleged to have been takn from Grogan's body, was from a center fire cartridge. Eastman, in his statements concerning the affair, asserted that the shooting was done accidentally with an old revolver using fire rim cartridges.

GARRISON FOR CHINA

Views of the Generals as to Future Military Occupation.

Six Thousand Should Remain at Tien Tsin and Vicinity.

The Military Commanders Must Exercise Civil Authority.

Pekin, Tuesday, April 30.—Field Marshal Von Waldersee, in the letter which he sent to the ministers today, as the reply of the generals to the views of the ministers regarding the military questions discussed yesterday by the generals in conference, says a garrison of 6000 men should be left at Tien Tsin and the adjoining district, Great Britain, France, Germany and Japan to contribute 1400 each and Italy to contribute 400 men. To garrison Shan Hai Khwan, France, Russia, Great Britain and Germany are to contribute 300 men each and Italy one company, until the forts are razed. So long as any forces occupy Chinese territory the foreign military commanders must exercise the full authority of a civil administration, according to the principle established at The Hague in 1899. The Chinese may remain in office, as in the case of Pao Ting Fu, and, partly, Tien Tsin.

Besides the 6000 men in Tien Tsin district, warships, which must always be in the Pei Ho will preserve communication with the international fleet at Taku.

To allow this administration to depend in any respect on the mandarins would be an utter impossibility. Frictions would arise immediately and would lead to difficult conflicts, which will be better avoided. The placing of the civil administration under the military has a further great advantage. It would be inconvenient to the Chinese government, which would, therefore, endeavor to get rid of it speedily by the settlement of peace conditions.

When the troops at Tien Tsin are reduced to 2000 by the granting of, possibly, a quarter of the concessions, then the question of an absolute Chinese administration may be considered. The creation of a chief command is desirable for purely military reasons, as in case of disorder or troubles of any kind, military measures will be required. These measures must take place where these troubles occur, and the authority of the commander-in-chief must also extend to the legation guards at Pekin.

Count Von Waldersee thinks the ministers' statement that there had never been a military administration, or a permanent military organization in Pekin, as troops with banners is not to be considered as such to be correct, as his investigation showed that a strong garrison of troops was at Pekin, with the latest modern arms.

Concerning the question of evacuation, opinions were divided. The British, Japanese and German commanders were of opinion that the evacuation cannot commence until China had accepted the prescribed conditions and paid the total indemnities. The French commander would commence by withdrawing 9000 in a fortnight, and completing the withdrawal of the troops in six weeks, leaving only colonial troops here, on account of the climatic conditions. The Italian and Austrian commanders had no instructions, and Gen. Chaffee, the American commander, abstained from expressing an opinion. Gen. Wogack, the Russian commander, was not present at the recent meetings of the generals, and Russia was not represented.

The question of evacuation is more difficult, on account of the approaching hot season, which is very injurious to the health of the troops, and which, also, will increase the costs of the war indemnity immensely, result in the loss of hundreds of soldiers, and probably mean the retention of the troops for the winter. The generals were unanimously of opinion that the question could be more speedily solved if the ministers would treat separately regarding the amount of indemnity and the method of raising it. The second part of this question must take many months before a solution can be found, on account of the difficulty of the matter. If the question of indemnity is considered first, and China expresses her willingness and ability to pay, the moment will have arrived to commence the evacuation, the execution of which will require several months, so the reduction will be very gradual. The generals are convinced that 2000 men at Pekin, 1500 at Shan Hai Khwan and 3000 men on the railroad, and altogether 12,500 men, with the fleets at Taku and Shanghai, will be sufficient force to compel China to accept the demand for and manner of payment of the indemnity.

Count Von Waldersee and a party of officers left Pekin this morning to visit the great wall and the Ming tombs.

RENEWED TROUBLE.

Mayor of Algiers and Brother Continue Disturbance.

Algiers, May 1.—When Max Regis, the anti-semite mayor of Algiers, and his brother returned yesterday from the chemists, where they had the wounds, received in a battle in a restaurant with the editor of La Revanche du Peuple, and that of his friends dressed, they reentered the cafe and renewed the disorders, wrecking the place. Thence they proceeded to the mayoralty, shouting as they went.

At 11 o'clock last night order was restored. The authorities have taken severe measures to prevent a repitition of the disorders.

LABORERS WARNED.

Berlin, May 1.—The director of the government shipyard at Wilhelmshafen has issued a warning to all the laborers employed at the yard against absenting themselves from work today and participating in May day processions. The laborers are threatened with dismissal.

WODEHOUSE DEAD.

London, May 1.—Hon. Armino Wodehouse, son of the earl of Kimberley, is dead. He was born in 1860. He sat in the house of commons in the Liberal interest for the Saffron-Waldon division of Essex.

GATES OPEN

Pan-American Exposition a Reality.

Crowds of People Were In Attendance.

Buffalo, May 1.—Without formal ceremonies the gates of the Pan-American exposition were thrown open this morning, and notwithstanding the fact that it had rained all night and that weather conditions were threatening, big crowds gathered at each of the gates, and as the morning brightened, the various routes to the grounds were well patronized by those who desired to be present at the opening. At 8:30 o'clock the turnstiles clicked and the first of the millions of the people who will visit the beautiful rainbow city during the six months of its existence passed into the grounds to view and study the products of American ingenuity and scientific research, and the resources of the two continents of the Western hemisphere, which fill the magnificent buildings, beautiful in their architectural design, harmonious in their coloring and interior decoration.

No ceremonies marked the opening of the gates, it having been decided by the management to combine the opening day ceremonies with those of Dedication day, May 20. The change in the date, however, did not cause a moment's relaxation of the strenuous efforts being put forth by everyone connected with the exposition to have everything as nearly ready as possible for today's opening. The appearance of the buildings and grounds this morning bore ample evidence of their efforts. Storm and the inevitable delays incident to any undertaking of this magnitude made impossible the realization of the hope that this might be the first of the great expositions to be completed on its opening day. But so much more already has been wrought than was deemed possible at the inception of the project that all are satisfied with the extent of the beauty of the fair as it appeared this morning, carried through from the beginning by the citizens of Buffalo without state or federal aid.

William Hamlin was permitted, by agreement, to purchase the first ticket, he having offered some time ago to pay $5000 for the privilege. The ticket was sent to him yesterday. At noon the paid admissions only aggregated about $1000, the majority of the visitors being employes or others entering on passes. The weather continued threatening. At noon the government building was thrown open and Gen. Brigham, chairman of the government board, made a short address.

In this building the Smithsonian institution exhibits as well as those of the national museum, the interior department, the navy department, the treasury department, the postoffice department, the fish commission and the Philippines exhibit, were all practically complete in detail and the other departments not far behind. The naval exhibit includes models of all the types of warships now in the United States navy, among them the battleships Iowa and Texas, the cruiser Brooklyn, the ram Katahdin, the monitor Miantonomah, the training ship Annapolis and the ill-fated Maine.

Much of interest was to be seen in the building devoted to manufactures and liberal arts. Exhibits in the agricultural building were also assuming shape. In the Midway Bostocks animals, the Indian congress, the Hawaiian village and other features were ready for business and attracted many visitors. At 2 p. m. a salute of forty-five aerial bombs was fired and simultaneously hundreds of flags were raised on the buildings and grounds.

GERMANY'S NEW MOVE

Would Establish a Coaling Station On the Island of Margarita By a Secret Deal With President Castro of Venezuela.

New York, May 1.—A dispatch to the Herald from Trinidad says: Information has reached here that the German cruiser Vinetta recently completed surveys of the island of Margarita. Officers of the ship spent ten weeks making charts and soundings. The officers say a fine harbor has been discovered, with every advantage for a coaling station.

German merchants in Venezuela will try to buy the harbor and also hundreds of acres nearby, ostensibly as a private investment, but really to make a German naval coaling station. A secret deal with President Castro, of Venezuela is reported, by which, for money, he may permit it. This furnishes additional reason while President Castro wanted Minister Loomis withdrawn.

POSITION UNCHANGED

Venezuela Is Informed That the Actions of Minister Loomis Are Approved and Attitude on the Several Questions Demand the Same.

New York, May 1.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: Venezuela will be given to understand that the United States has formally approved the course pursued by Minister Frank B. Loomis in his action upon various matters in dispute between the two governments. At the same time she will be told that the United States relies upon her sense of justice in the settlement of these matters. Instructions setting forth the attitude of he administration have been sent by the state department to Mr. Russell, charge d'affaires in Caracas. Mr. Russell will immediately call upon the Venezuelan minister for foreign affairs and apprise him of the fact that the policy of the United States in the several questions pending is the same as it was before the withdrawal of Minister Loomis.

Diplomatic representations are considered ample at this time, especially in view of the action of the Venezuelan government in expressing regret to Mr. Russell for the arrest of Ignacio H. Baiz, consular agent in Barcelona. By its expression of regret the Venezuelan government in the opinion of the authorities, has shown a desire to remove all irritation from the relations existing between it and the United States.

COLLIDED IN SNOW SHED

Raymond Excursion Train Plunges Into Rear End of Limited, Killing Fireman and Injuring Several Others.

Emigrant Gap, Cal., May 1.—In the darkness of the smoke of the snow sheds, a Raymond excursion train ran into the rear end of the limited train No. 2, at Yuba Pass, four miles east of here last night. The private car of D. O. Mills was on the rear of the limited and was badly damaged. Fireman James Saunders, of the The Dalles, Ore., was instantly killed and many passengers and men of the train crews were badly injured. D. O. Mills and his granddaughter and Whitelaw Reid and his wife had just seated themselves at the dining table in the rear of their car when the crash came. All were more or less bruised or scratched, but none were seriously injured.

Whitelaw Reid received an ugly cut in the face.

The limited had struck a rock in the sheds and was delayed until the second section caught up. Saunders was crushed between the tender and the engine. The tender of the second engine was also driven up into the cab. The baggage car climbed over the rear tender and shot up against the roof of the snow shed, knocking down a section of the shed.

CALLAHAN

Allowed to Change His Plea In Additional Charges.

Omaha, May 1.—James Callahan, in Judge Baker's court today, was permitted to withdraw his plea of not guilty to the charges of grand larceny, robbery and false imprisonment in the Cudahy kidnaping case and to enter a plea at bar that, having been acquitted last week on trial for highway robbery of Cudahay, he cannot be put in jeopardy again for that affair. When the trial is called, if at all, on these three remaining charges, the plea at bar will be passed upon.

HAVE HIS RECORD.

Police Find Out John McGuire's Career.

Chicago's bureau of identification has placed the local police on the right track as to the identification of John McGuire, who will be before the grand jury in a few days on a charge of grand larceny.

To the Pinkertons and the Chicago police he is known as John Prior, and from all accounts he has succeeded in living up to the name. In 1891 he was sentenced to the penitentiary for a year for prying into Adams Express company's office in Chicago. A few years later he was arrested for prying into the Malden, Ill., postoffice and stealing $108 worth of stamps. He was released from Joliet in September, 1896, and since then is supposed to have been here.

On March 27, McGuire and a friend walked into the tailor shop of Swanson & Nelson, in the Mesaba block, and while the friend entertained the man in the store, McGuire slipped a bolt of clothing material under his arm. A little later when Officer Frank Schulte saw him with it, McGuire imagined he had a bolt of lightning under his arm.

CAME DIRECT.

First Vessel From Hawaii Reaches Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, May 1.—The first American steamship to come direct from the Hawaiian islands to this city with a cargo of sugar was the steamship Californian, which arrived last night from Honolulu and Hilo with 7920 tons of raw sugar, grown in the new American possession. The Californian's run was over 15,000 miles, having been via the straits of Magellan. She left Hawaii in February last and stopped at Chili, St. Lucia and Norfolk to supply her bunkers with coal.

The Californian is the pioneer vessel of a new line of steamships which will ply between New York and Philadelphia and the Hawaiian islands. The cargo is an unusually large one.

GERMAN CONCESSION.

Hong Kong, May 1.—It is reported that the Germans have selected a concession at Canton, which preliminaries have been arranged and that possession will be token soon.

MINERS TAKE A HAND.

Will Quit Work Unless Coal Tax Is Withdrawn.

London, May 1.—At a meeting of the miners' federation held in London this morning and attended by delegates from all parts of the United Kingdom, it was recommended that all miners quit work unless the coal tax were withdrawn. Another meeting was summoned for May 7 to finally decide the matter and to fix a date for the stoppage of work should that step be resolved upon.

BOND PURCHASE.

Washington, May 1.—The secretary of the treasury today purchased $250,000 short term 4 per cent bonds at $113.006.

NEW POSTMASTERS.

Pensions For Residents of Sixth District.

Washington, May 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—The following postmasters were appointed today: Esteville, Benton county, M. J. Brown, vice M. L. Edwards, resigned; Heatwole, McLeod county, J. B. Schmidt, vice H. P. Olsen, resigned.

The following pensions were granted: Increase—Alexander Hall, of Brainerd, $17; widow's—Emiline Griffiths, of Cokato, $8; war with Spain, original—Edward Meyers, of Flensburg, $6.

CONGER IN IOWA.

Chinese Minister and Party Reach Council Bluffs.

Omaha, May 1.—Minister Conger and party arrived here today en route home. A group of relatives from Des Moines and a reception committee greeted the party. Questioned with regard to the Iowa governorship, Mr. Conger said:

"If the nomination for governor is offered me, I shall probably accept it. After consultation with my friends in Des Moines, I may be willing to strengthen this statement already made, or I may change it altogether. Until I have opportunity, however, to advise with my friends, I can say nothing further." Maj. Conger added he had been advised of the action of Editor Perkins of the Sioux City Journal in withdrawing from the gubernatorial race in his (Conger's) favor, and expressed his appreciation, but said he could not discuss the effect that it might have on his own course.

Crossing the river to Council Bluffs, Minister Conger was met with a parade of veterans and he will be given a banquet.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

May Complete
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will be found in glasses. They ward off indistinct vision, headaches and often blindness. They supply what is lacking in the eyes—make a combination equal to perfect sight. At the slightest indication of weakness or trouble consult an oculist or reliable optician.

C. D. TROTT, Optician.
3 West Superior Street.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk. Telephone 755, N. Call 4. Zenith 'Phone 713. **D. H. DAY, Dentist.**

Delays Are Dangerous....

Take an inventory of your property and then telephone us for rates of insurance and let us give you the best indemnity to be obtained. **Little & Nolte.**

SUBSIDIES

Significant Remarks By the President.

Sees In Them Solution of Expanding Trade.

Vicksburg, Miss., May 1.—Through the low, rich valley of the Yazoo the presidential special sped southward to New Orleans today. Although the president and his party did not reach the train, after the big demonstration at the Memphis banquet last night until after 1 o'clock, the president was up early this morning. Several times he appeared at the rear platform and acknowledged the cheers of the crowds at the small stations with a waive of his hand.

Among the members of the cabinet the president's speech last night, with its pointed allusions to the principle of subsidies as a means of enlarging transportation facilities for the expanding trade of greater America, with the brilliant picture he drew of the commercial possibilities in the Orient under the "open door" policy in China, to which his administration has secured the adherence of the other powers, is regarded as an exceedingly important utterance and one which will rivet the attention of the country. His reference to the action of the Tennessee legislature, which, half a century ago, claimed the cotton trade of the Orient, belonged legitimatery to the South, is considered particularly forceful.

Vicksburg, with its swarming memories of the civil war, was reached at 8:20. In reply to the welcome extended by the mayor and citizens, the president spoke as follows:

"It gives me very great pleasure to receive the official greeting of the mayor and the warm-hearted touch of the people as they give us greeting to this historic city. The highest expression of satisfaction at this most cordial reception is in the single word that you make me feel at home. Nowhere in my native state of Ohio could I receive warmer or more sincere welcome than I have received at the hands and from the hearts of the people of Mississippi, and in the moment that I have to enjoy with you, I can only make my acknowledgements and congratulate you on that you share in the universal prosperity and contentment so characteristic at this time of every part of our common country.

"We know that whatever others may say or think, this is for us and for us is the best country in the world. It is the land we love and it is the land of possibilities and opportunities to every child that dwells beneath the folds of our flag. I have been glad not only to be greeted by the veterans of the Grand Army of the Republic, but by the Confederate veterans and by the people at large, but no welcome could be so sweet to me as that of the fresh young school children from the city of Vicksburg. To one and all I return my sincere and heartfelt thanks and leave with you the wish for your happiness and your prosperity." (Great applause.)

Jackson, Miss., May 1.—The presidential train arrived at 11 o'clock sharp, fifteen minutes ahead of time. A crowd of people had congregated at the depot and gave a royal welcome to the president and his party to Mississippi's capital. Governor Longino welcomed the president. Mr. McKinley expressed delight at the cordial reception and the fifteen minutes' stop was heartily enjoyed.

AMOUNT OF INDEMNITY

The Committee of the Powers Has Fixed the Amount That China Must Pay at $263,545,000.

Paris, May 1.—The foreign office has received a dispatch from Pekin announcing that M. Pichon, the French minister, presented today the report of the committee on indemnity. The amount China is to pay has been fixed at 1,365,000,000 francs. How it is proposed the indemnity shall be distributed among the powers is not set forth, but, as the dispatch does not mention The Hague, it is thought the ministers are hopeful of being able to settle the proportion to be received by each power by discussion at Pekin.

MANY STRIKES OCCUR

Workmen In Various Cities In the Country Go Out For Shorter Work Day and Higher Wages.

Grand Rapids, Mich., May 1.—Union plumbers in all but nine of the twenty-two shops in Grand Rapids, went on strike today to enforce a new wage scale. Employers refuse to treat with the union. The strike will seriously delay work on fifty new buildings here as well as on a number of outside contracts. Fifty workmen are out.

Columbus, Ohio, May 1.—Nearly 600 carpenters in the city refused to go to work today pending the signing of the wage scale for the coming year. They demand $3.25 for eight hours.

Youngstown, Ohio, May 1.—All journeymen plumbers and journeymen plasterers struck today, the former over the apprentice question and the latter for an 8-hour day.

Waterbury, Conn., May 1.—Two hundred carpenters and joiners, about one-half the total number employed in Waterbury, struck today over the apprentice question and for an 8-hour day at a minimum wage of $2.50.

New York, May 1.—All the bricklayers and masons of Elizabeth, N. J., to the number of 400, went on strike today. They have been getting $3.60 a day and demand $4.

At Yonkers 750 bricklayers, plasterers, stone masons and hod carriers went out on strike today. The men demand 55 cents an hour and a half holiday on Saturday. They have been receiving 50 cents an hour. The bosses are willing to concede the half holiday, but refuse to increase the rate per hour.

PROSECUTION SCORES

Defense In Eastman Case Admits That Bullet Found In Grogan's Body Was From Center Fire Cartridge.

Cambridge, Mass., May 1.—The prosecution in the case of Charles R. Eastman, who is on trial for the alleged murder of his brother-in-law, Richard H. Grogan, Jr., announced in court today, when Mr. Elder, an expert in revolvers was called to the stand, that the defense conceded that the bullet heretofore shown and alleged to have been takn from Grogan's body, was from a center fire cartridge. Eastman, in his statements concerning the affair, asserted that the shooting was done accidentally with an old revolver using fire rim cartridges.

MINERS TAKE A HAND.

Will Quit Work Unless Coal Tax Is Withdrawn.

London, May 1.—At a meeting of the miners' federation held in London this morning and attended by delegates from all parts of the United Kingdom, it was recommended that all miners quit work unless the coal tax were withdrawn. Another meeting was summoned for May 7 to finally decide the matter and to fix a date for the stoppage of work should that step be resolved upon.

BOND PURCHASE.

Washington, May 1.—The secretary of the treasury today purchased $250,000 short term 4 per cent bonds at $113.606.

NEW POSTMASTERS.

Pensions For Residents of Sixth District.

Washington, May 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—The following postmasters were appointed today: Esteville, Benton county, M. J. Brown, vice M. L. Edwards, resigned; Heatwole, McLeod county, J. B. Schmidt, vice H. P. Olsen, resigned.

The following pensions were granted: Increase—Alexander Hall, of Brainerd, $17; widow's—Emiline Griffiths, of Cokato, $8; war with Spain, original—Edward Meyers, of Flensburg, $6.

GARRISON FOR CHINA

Views of the Generals as to Future Military Occupation.

Six Thousand Should Remain at Tien Tsin and Vicinity.

The Military Commanders Must Exercise Civil Authority.

Pekin, Tuesday, April 30.—Field Marshal Von Waldersee, in the letter which he sent to the ministers today, as the reply of the generals to the views of the ministers regarding the military questions discussed yesterday by the generals in conference, says a garrison of 6000 men should be left at Tien Tsin and the adjoining district, Great Britain, France, Germany and Japan to contribute 1400 each and Italy to contribute 400 men. To garrison Shan Hai Khwan, France, Russia, Great Britain and Germany are to contribute 300 men each and Italy one company, until the forts are razed. So long as any forces occupy Chinese territory the foreign military commanders must exercise the full authority of a civil administration, according to the principle established at The Hague in 1899. The Chinese may remain in office, as in the case of Pao Ting Fu, and, partly, Tien Tsin.

Besides the 6000 men in Tien Tsin district, warships, which must always be in the Pei Ho will preserve communication with the international fleet at Taku.

To allow this administration to depend in any respect on the mandarins would be an utter impossibility. Frictions would arise immediately and would lead to difficult conflicts, which will be better avoided. The placing of the civil administration under the military has a further great advantage. It would be inconvenient to the Chinese government, which would, therefore, endeavor to get rid of it speedily by the settlement of peace conditions.

When the troops at Tien Tsin are reduced to 2000 by the granting of, possibly, a quarter of the concessions, then the question of an absolute Chinese administration may be considered. The creation of a chief command is desirable for purely military reasons, as in case of disorder or troubles of any kind, military measures will be required. These measures must take place where these troubles occur, and the authority of the commander-in-chief must also extend to the legation guards at Pekin.

Count Von Waldersee thinks the ministers' statement that there had never been a military administration, or a permanent military organization in Pekin, as troops with banners is not to be considered as such to be correct, as his investigation showed that a strong garrison of troops was at Pekin, with the latest modern arms.

Concerning the question of evacuation, opinions were divided. The British, Japanese and German commanders were of opinion that the evacuation cannot commence until China had accepted the prescribed conditions and paid the total indemnities. The French commander would commence by withdrawing 9000 in a fortnight, and completing the withdrawal of the troops in six weeks, leaving only colonial troops here, on account of the climatic conditions. The Italian and Austrian commanders had no instructions, and Gen. Chaffee, the American commander, abstained from expressing an opinion. Gen. Wogack, the Russian commander, was not present at the recent meetings of the generals, and Russia was not represented.

The question of evacuation is more difficult, on account of the approaching hot season which is very injurious to the health of the troops, and which, also, will increase the costs of the war indemnity immensely, result in the loss of hundreds of soldiers, and probably mean the retention of the troops for the winter. The generals were unanimously of opinion that the question could be more speedily solved if the ministers would treat separately regarding the amount of indemnity and the method of raising it. The second part of this question must take many months before a solution can be found, on account of the difficulty of the matter. If the question of indemnity is considered first, and China expresses her willingness and ability to pay, the moment will have arrived to commence the evacuation, the execution of which will require several months, so the reduction will be very gradual. The generals are convinced that 2000 men at Pekin, 1560 at Shan Hai Khwan and 5000 men on the railroad, and altogether 12,500 men, with the fleets at Taku and Shanghai, will be sufficient force to compel China to accept the demand for and manner of payment of the indemnity.

Count Von Waldersee and a party of officers left Pekin this morning to visit the great wall and the Ming tombs.

RENEWED TROUBLE.

Mayor of Algiers and Brother Continue Disturbance.

Algiers, May 1.—When Max Regis, the anti-semite mayor of Algiers, and his brother returned yesterday from the chemists, where they had the wounds, received in a battle in a restaurant with the editor of La Revanche du Peuple, and that of his friends dressed, they reentered the cafe and renewed the disorders, wrecking the place. Thence they proceeded to the mayoralty, shouting as they went.

At 11 o'clock last night order was restored. The authorities have taken severe measures to prevent a repitition of the disorders.

LABORERS WARNED.

Berlin, May 1.—The director of the government shipyard at Wilhelmshafen has issued a warning to all the laborers employed at the yard against absenting themselves from work today and participating in May day processions. The laborers are threatened with dismissal.

WODEHOUSE DEAD.

London, May 1.—Hon. Armine Wodehouse, son of the earl of Kimberley, is dead. He was born in 1860. He sat in the house of commons in the Liberal interest for the Saffron-Waldon division of Essex.

GATES OPEN

Pan-American Exposition a Reality.

Crowds of People Were In Attendance.

Buffalo, May 1.—Without formal ceremonies the gates of the Pan-American exposition were thrown open this morning, and notwithstanding the fact that it had rained all night and that weather conditions were threatening, big crowds gathered at each of the gates, and as the morning brightened, the various routes to the grounds were well patronized by those who desired to be present at the opening. At 8:30 o'clock the turnstiles clicked and the first of the millions of the people who will visit the beautiful rainbow city during the six months of its existence passed into the grounds to view and study the products of American ingenuity and scientific research, and the resources of the two continents of the Western hemisphere, which fill the magnificent buildings, beautiful in their architectural design, harmonious in their coloring and interior decoration.

No ceremonies marked the opening of the gates, it having been decided by the management to combine the opening day ceremonies with those of Dedication day, May 20. The change in the date, however, did not cause a moment's relaxation of the strenuous efforts being put forth by everyone connected with the exposition to have everything as nearly ready as possible for today's opening. The appearance of the buildings and grounds this morning bore ample evidence of their efforts. Storm and the inevitable delays incident to any undertaking of this magnitude made impossible the realization of the hope that this might be the first of the great expositions to be completed on its opening day. But so much more already has been wrought than was deemed possible at the inception of the project that all are satisfied with the extent of the beauty of the fair as it appeared this morning, carried through from the beginning by the citizens of Buffalo without state or federal aid.

William Hamlin was permitted, by agreement, to purchase the first ticket, he having offered some time ago to pay $5000 for the privilege. The ticket was sent to him yesterday. At noon the paid admissions only aggregated about $1000, the majority of the visitors being employes or others entering on passes. The weather continued threatening. At noon the government building was thrown open and Gen. Brigham, chairman of the government board, made a short address.

In this building the Smithsonian institution exhibits as well as those of the national museum, the interior department, the navy department, the treasury department, the postoffice department, the fish commission and the Philippines exhibit, were all practically complete in detail and the other departments not far behind. The naval exhibit includes models of all the types of warships now in the United States navy, among them the battleships Iowa and Texas, the cruiser Brooklyn, the ram Katahdin, the monitor Miantonomah, the training ship Annapolis and the ill-fated Maine.

Much of interest was to be seen in the building devoted to manufactures and liberal arts. Exhibits in the agricultural building were also assuming shape. In the Midway Bostocks animals, the Indian congress, the Hawaiian village and other features were ready for business and attracted many visitors. At 2 p. m. a salute of forty-five aerial bombs was fired and simultaneously hundreds of flags were raised on the buildings and grounds.

GERMANY'S NEW MOVE

Would Establish a Coaling Station On the Island of Margarita By a Secret Deal With President Castro of Venezuela.

New York, May 1.—A dispatch to the Herald from Trinidad says: Information has reached here that the German cruiser Vinetta recently completed surveys of the island of Margarita. Officers of the ship spent ten weeks making charts and soundings. The officers say a fine harbor has been discovered, with every advantage for a coaling station.

German merchants in Venezuela will try to buy the harbor and also hundreds of acres nearby, ostensibly as a private investment, but really to make a German naval coaling station. A secret deal with President Castro, of Venezuela is reported, by which, for money, he may permit it. This furnishes additional reason while President Castro wanted Minister Loomis withdrawn.

POSITION UNCHANGED

Venezuela Is Informed That the Actions of Minister Loomis Are Approved and Attitude on the Several Questions Demand the Same.

New York, May 1.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: Venezuela will be given to understand that the United States has formally approved the course pursued by Minister Frank B. Loomis in his action upon various matters in dispute between the two governments. At the same time she will be told that the United States relies upon her sense of justice in the settlement of these matters. Instructions setting forth the attitude of the administration have been sent by the state department to Mr. Russell, charge d'affaires in Caracas. Mr. Russell will immediately call upon the Venezuelan minister for foreign affairs and apprise him of the fact that the policy of the United States in the several questions pending is the same as it was before the withdrawal of Minister Loomis.

Diplomatic representations are considered ample at this time, especially in view of the action of the Venezuelan government in expressing regret to Mr. Russell for the arrest of Ignacio H. Balz, consular agent in Barcelona. By its expression of regret the Venezuelan government in the opinion of the authorities, has shown a desire to remove all irritation from the relations existing between it and the United States.

COLLIDED IN SNOW SHED

Raymond Excursion Train Plunges Into Rear End of Limited, Killing Fireman and Injuring Several Others.

Emigrant Gap, Cal., May 1.—In the darkness of the smoke of the snow sheds, a Raymond excursion train ran into the rear end of the limited train No. 2, at Yuba Pass, four miles east of here last night. The private car of D. O. Mills was on the rear of the limited and was badly damaged. Fireman James Saunders, of the The Dalles, Ore., was instantly killed and many passengers and men of the train crews were badly injured. D. O. Mills and his granddaughter and Whitelaw Reid and his wife had just seated themselves at the dining table in the rear of their car when the crash came. All were more or less bruised or scratched, but none were seriously injured.

Whitelaw Reid received an ugly cut in the face.

The limited had struck a rock in the sheds and was delayed until the second section caught up. Saunders was crushed between the tender and the engine. The tender of the second engine was also driven up into the cab. The baggage car climbed over the rear tender and shot up against the roof of the snow shed, knocking down a section of the shed.

CONGER IN IOWA.

Chinese Minister and Party Reach Council Bluffs.

Omaha, May 1.—Minister Conger and party arrived here today en route home. A group of relatives from Des Moines and a reception committee greeted the party. Questioned with regard to the Iowa governorship, Mr. Conger said:

"If the nomination for governor is offered me, I shall probably accept it. After consultation with my friends in Des Moines, I may be willing to strengthen this statement already made, or I may change it altogether. Until I have opportunity, however, to advise with my friends, I can say nothing further." Maj. Conger added he had been advised of the action of Editor Perkins of the Sioux City Journal in withdrawing from the gubernatorial race in his (Conger's) favor, and expressed his appreciation, but said he could not discuss the effect that it might have on his own course.

Crossing the river to Council Bluffs, Minister Conger was met with a parade of veterans and he will be given a banquet.

CALLAHAN

Allowed to Change His Plea In Additional Charges.

Omaha, May 1.—James Callahan, in Judge Baker's court today, was permitted to withdraw his plea of not guilty to the charges of grand larceny, robbery and false imprisonment in the Cudahy kidnaping case and to enter a plea at bar that, having been acquitted last week on trial for highway robbery of Cudahay, he cannot be put in jeopardy again for that affair. When the trial is called, if at all, on these three remaining charges, the plea at bar will be passed upon.

HAVE HIS RECORD.

Police Find Out John McGuire's Career.

Chicago's bureau of identification has placed the local police on the right track as to the identification of John McGuire, who will be before the grand jury in a few days on a charge of grand larceny.

To the Pinkertons and the Chicago police he is known as John Prior, and from all accounts he has succeeded in living up to the name. In 1891 he was sentenced to the penitentiary for a year for prying into Adams Express company's office in Chicago. A few years later he was arrested for prying into the Malden, Ill., postoffice and stealing $108 worth of stamps. He was released from Joliet in September, 1896, and since then is supposed to have been here.

On March 27, McGuire and a friend walked into the tailor shop of Swanson & Nelson, in the Mesaba block, and while the friend entertained the man in the store, McGuire slipped a bolt of clothing material under his arm. A little later when Officer Frank Schulte saw him with it, McGuire imagined he had a bolt of lightning under his arm.

CAME DIRECT.

First Vessel From Hawaii Reaches Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, May 1.—The first American steamship to come direct from the Hawaiian islands to this city with a cargo of sugar was the steamship Californian, which arrived last night from Honolulu and Hilo with 7920 tons of raw sugar, grown in the new American possession. The Californian's run was over 15,000 miles, having been via the straits of Magellan. She left Hawaii in February last and stopped at Chili, St. Lucia and Norfolk to supply her bunkers with coal.

The Californian is the pioneer vessel of a new line of steamships which will ply between New York and Philadelphia and the Hawaiian islands. The cargo is an unusually large one.

GERMAN CONCESSION.

Hong Kong, May 1.—It is reported that the Germans have selected a concession at Canton, which preliminaries have been arranged and that possession will be taken soon.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

A Look Into Our Stock of Men's Clothing

Probably the first thing that will attract your attention upon entering our store is the immensity of the stock of Clothing, and yet there is not a Suit or Spring Overcoat or pair of Trousers more than is actually required to meet the wants of our vast constituency.

Being the largest clothiers in Duluth, bigness is the natural and accepted thing here. Linked with bigness you will find large assortments, and with large assortments it is only natural that you can be better pleased here than where the stock and styles are limited.

When we state that nowhere in Duluth can you find as many kinds and styles, and that at each price there is far greater variety than is shown elsewhere, we make a statement that we'd have you consider with some interest.

We believe in large assortments, provided they are good and new. And whether we believe in them or not, you force us to carry them. So between your demand and our desire variety and quantity are on a greater scale here than in any other Duluth store. Thus, it is quite evident that all should be pleased—be it in the

$10 Suit of Clothes

Or in one worth four times that sum.

At $12, $15 and $18 we probably show more styles than at any other price.

No matter what priced garment you purchase from us, it must in all respects be worthy of you and of us and of the important mercantile interests that are sought to be served.

M. S. Burrows.

THE TWO FARCES.

Senior Class Entertainment Friday Evening.

The two farces which are to be given by the senior class at the High School next Friday evening, "The Bicyclers" and "A Proposal Under Difficulties," were written by John Kendrick Bangs and published in 1892 in Harper's and afterward were reprinted in book form. "The Bicyclists" contains seven characters and tells of the trials and tribulations of two men who are learning to ride a bicycle. The dialogue is bright and witty, and the situations good. A great deal of time has been spent on the piece by those taking part under the very efficient coaching of Professor A. F. M. Custance and an enjoyable evening is assured to those attending. Last year the senior class giving the annual play was enabled to present the school with copies of some notable works of art and the present class hopes to do likewise.

TO FORCE IT.

Mandamus Proceedings Against United Foresters By Member.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Barnham yesterday afternoon began in district court mandamus proceedings against the local court of the United Order of Foresters, Court North Star No. 49, against the supreme court of the order and the local treasurers, to compel them to accept his dues and keep extant a life insurance policy of $2000 Mr. Barnham has in the order.

Barnham in his complaint says that he is a member of the order in good standing, and that in 1898 he took out a policy in the order payable to his wife. March 15, 1901, he tendered his dues and assessments as usual, but the local officers refused to accept them or to give him a receipt for the amount, $4.58. Their statement was that they had been directed to take this course by the supreme court of the order.

The plaintiff says that he has never been expelled from the order, and that no charges have ever been made against him so far as he knows, and that he has never had a hearing. He says that he has depended upon the protection given by the policy, and that it will be no longer possible for him to get a policy at the present rate, as he is now older than he was when he tok this one out. So he asks the court for a writ of mandamus compelling the order to accept his dues and give him a receipt. John A. Keyes is his attorney.

Beatrice gold is one of the best on the market. Buy it while it is cheap, of M. Bates, room 4, Exchange building.

WAS NOT GRANTED

New Development In Relation to Matilda Tremblay's License.

Nine Votes Required and Application Had But Eight.

Alderman Neff Likely to Move For a Reconsideration.

It now appears that the council's majority in favor of granting Mrs. Matilda Tremblay a Bowery saloon license was too small. It will require nine votes to grant this license and it only received eight, so, in reality, the license was defeated on Monday night, instead of being allowed, as announced in both papers yesterday.

It was reported today that a reconsideration of this license would probably be called for at this evening's meeting of the council. If it is there is likely to be quite a fight for the one vote necessary to allow the license. The report that a reconsideration was probable, originated with the action of Alderman Neff on Monday night. He supported the license, but when the vote of 8 to 6 was announced by the clerk he changed his vote, making it officially 7 to 6. This gives Mr. Neff the right to move a reconsideration, which right he would not have had if his vote had been recorded in favor of the license which he so energetically supported.

The granting of a liquor license in the name of a woman is not without precedent in this city. There have been two or three instances in which men have preferred to have saloon licenses in the name of their wives, though this is probably the first case in which a woman has sought a license on the Bowery.

ARE PLEASED.

Some Duluth People Like John Kennedy's Sentence.

The police and a large number of people who knew John Kennedy, were pleased with the special dispatch from Tacoma in last evening's Herald, announcing that Kennedy had been sentenced to serve four years in the Walla Walla penitentiary.

It seems that Leonard is Kennedy's right name. He was employed as a waiter in this city for some time, and left Duluth on a chilly evening in October, after robbing his landlady of $20 and two gold watches. That was the principal reason why so many of his acquaintances were delighted on account of his long penitentiary sentence.

This robbery occurred at the home of a Mrs. Cushner, 525 W. Michigan street. She had her money and watches in a bureau drawer in her room. Going outside to wash some windows, she left Kennedy and a friend in the house alone. They broke into her room and got away with the valuables before she discovered the loss. That evening the entire detective force was out in a lumber camp searching for a desperate criminal and the escape of Kennedy and his partner was not opposed.

Detective Troyer located them in Seattle and had both men arrested, but the authorities out there were unable to find anything on the prisoners that would lead to conviction, as the evidence against them was only strongly circumstantial. It was decided by the county authorities to be too expensive to send after them. They were released from custody and Kennedy went to Tacoma where he was arrested for burglary.

A Month's Test Free

If you have Rheumatism, write Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis. Box 95, for six bottles of his Rheumatic Cure, express paid. Send no money. Pay $5.50 if cured.

SMALL SIZED STRIKE.

Sheet Metal Workers Are Not Working.

Duluth has a small, but well organized labor strike today. The sheet metal workers went out this morning, tieing up considerable work. The men demand an increase from $2.50 to $2.75 a day, and an 8-hour Saturday. About thirty men belong in the Sheet Metal Workers' union No. 32, of which John Hollihan is president.

The strike will probably be adjusted soon. There is not a big sheet metal contract in the city, but there are a large number of small jobs, so that the strike really affects considerable work. The union this morning appointed a strike committee with headquarters in the Kalamazoo block. All negotiations will be through this committee.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. 25c.

THE PETIT JURORS.

Those to Serve at the Federal Court.

The list of grand jurors for the term of the federal court which opens at Duluth, Tuesday, May 14, was given in yesterday's Herald. The list of petit jurors has now been announced and is as follows:

Charles A. Esterley, St. Paul; R. H. Chapman, Orconville; Charles W. Fogle, Howard Lake; George O. Eddy, Minneapolis; Charles Cater, Herman; Frank Hodgson, Bird Island; M. S. Fassett, Marion; N. C. Schreiner, Forest City; Charles Gilbert, Buffalo; George W. Merrill, Anoka; Andrew G. Dunlap, Minneapolis; James Keeley, Clara City; Samuel Smith, Bird Island; H. L. Ellison, Taylor's Falls; Rolla E. Sevey, Taylor's Falls; Harry Pierce, St. Paul; Joseph McKibon, Medo; Walter A. Eggleston, Minneapolis; A. B. Tome, Spring Grove; Gaylord Lamb, Mankato; Thomas F. Slevin, St. Paul; Herbert Strobeck, Chaska; Charles W. Van Tuyl, Minneapolis; John Barry, Minneapolis; Patrick Kiehr, St. Paul; J. C. Hewitt, Madison; Otto Constance, St. Paul; George W. Haacke, St. Peter; C. A. Anderson, St. Paul; William J. Kelly, Stewartville; J. C. McCoy, Louriston; George Lien, Maynard; W. J. Farley, Clearwater; Alfred Lounsberry, Brownsdale; George L. Smith, Faribault; Peter J. Schwarz, Dodge Center; H. M. Ball, Morgan; John S. Billings, Fergus Falls; W. R. Gillis, Anoka; W. H. Webb, St. Paul; George E. Case, St. Peter; A. J. Hoberg, Farmington; Parker Goodwin, Austin; Louis L. Rief, White Bear; William F. Bragg, Minneapolis; J. A. Merigold, Jr., Winona; Herman Parr, White Bear; R. R. Tearse, Winona; D. Dugaw, Austin.

Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Don't Know it.

How To Find Out.

Fill a bottle or common glass with your water and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates an unhealthy condition of the kidneys; if it stains your linen it is evidence of kidney trouble; too frequent desire to pass it or pain in the back is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

What to Do.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy fulfills every wish in curing rheumatism, pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passage. It corrects inability to hold water and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of **Swamp-Root** is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists in 50c. and $1. sizes.

You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful discovery and a book that tells more about it, both sent absolutely free by mail. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous otter in this paper.

Home of Swamp-Root.

THE MUELLER CASE.

Hearing Will Be on August 26.

There will be a hearing in probate court Aug. 26, on the question of heirship in the estate of Johann Mueller. This was determined this morning by an order by Judge Bonham, on the application of some of some of the heirs represented by C. S. Williston. This brings ahe Mueller case on for determination both in the probate and district courts. The litigation in the district court over the property in Mr. Mueller at the time of his death involves the question of what interest the estate has in the property as against the holders of the two mortgages.

This will still further complicate a very much involved matter. There is a possibility that somewhere about the same time there may be two decisions in the matter, with different parties winning out. There are several distinct sets of opposing heirs, and their claims will be aired in both courts.

MAY MUSICAL

FESTIVAL.

Singers desiring to take part in the Festival Chorus (mixed and male) should send their names at once to Mr. A. F. M. Custance, who will appoint a time and place for rehearsal.

HARBAUGH - CHAMBERLAIN.

Interesting Wedding of Two Range People.

An unexpected wedding which was a great surprise to friends of the bride and groom was performed by Rev. A. C. Manson last night, at a late hour. The contracting parties were Miss Margaret Harbaugh daughter of Rev. and Mrs. Hiram Harbaugh, D. H. Virginia, Minn., and Paul Chamberlain, a well known young mining engineer of Soudan. The bride's father was recently called to a charge in California. The young people decided to be married and returned from St. Paul to Duluth where they were made husband and wife in the presence of the bride's mother, D. H. Moon and Mr. and Mrs. Tawse. Mr. and Mrs. Chamberlain are registered at the Spalding.

CASE TRANSFERRED.

The Sheehan vs. Scarborough Case Brought Here.

The papers in the case of Hattie Sheehan against Marion A. Scarborough, better known as Belle Stanley, to recover $25,000 for the alienation of the plaintiff's husband, arrived here from St. Paul, where the case was begun, this morning, and were entered on the calendar in this county. The case will not be taken up until next term, which will be in September.

Mrs. Sheehan alleges that she and Tim Sheehan were married in Superior in 1894, and that they lived together as husband and wife until last July. In that month, she claims, the defendant contrived to deprive her of the company, comfort, support and assistance of her husband and alienated his affections. Under her spell Mrs. Sheehan claims her husband neglected his business and permitted it to be broken up. His conduct toward her changed, so that in November, 1900, she had to get a divorce from him on the grounds of cruelty. She claims the defendant instigated his actions in order to force the plaintiff to get a divorce. She asks $25,000 damages. Nye & Deutch are her attorneys, and Baldwin & Baldwin are the defendant's attorneys.

Municipal Court Jurors.

The following municipal court jurors have been summoned for duty on the morning of May 7: J. A. Mannheim, Gust Bergquist, G. V. Quilliard, John Gates, A. Carlson, George Klo, W. D. Underhill, W. B. Logan, W. A. McDonald, W. G. Tenbrook, N. Youngblood, Steven Dooty, J. H. Murphy, John Schwirtz, D. W. Bishop, Trudeau Clifford, T. W. Lemieux, W. F. Davis, R. G. Chambers, W. H. Nesbitt, F. S. Drake, Ignatius Yolez, Harry McDevitt, Charles T. Clement.

KITCHEN EXPENSES.

Reduced By Ready Cooked Grape-Nuts.

"Modern food saves gas bills (cooking), labor and doctor's bills, and the food I refer to is Grape-Nuts," says a Chicago woman.

"We have used Grape-Nuts over a year. I weighed, when I began using it, about 100 pounds, but have gained 22 pounds since. I have recovered entirely from dyspepsia since using this delicious food. My husband and children enjoy Grape-Nuts as much as I do, and they have all been decidedly benefited by its use.

"My baby is very much healthier than my other two children were at his age. I attribute the difference to the use I have made of Grape-Nuts Food.

"Of course it is a great advantage to have a food that is already cooked and sure to be in good condition. This is not always true of many cereals." Mrs. George S. Foster, 1025 Wabansia avenue, Chicago, Ill.

COMPANY FORMED

Duluth - Superior Milling Company Takes the Flour Mills.

Will Operate the Imperial Mill and Six at Superior.

Headquarters To Be In Duluth---L. R. Hurd at the Head.

Aritcles of incorporation of the Duluth-Superior Milling company was filed this morning in the office of the register of deeds by Davis, Kellog & Severance, of St. Paul, attorneys for the company. The corporation is to begin May 6 and last for thirty years, and the articles state that its purpose is to buy grain, work it up into flour, sell the flour, and buy, lease or construct and maintain the necessary buildings. The capital stock is $250,000, divided into 2500 shares of a par value of $100 each. The incorporators are Lou R. Hurd, of Superior; Edward T. McLaughlin, of 41 Crescent avenue, Jersey City, N. J.; and William P. Chapman, Jr., of 320 West Forty-fifth street, New York. These, with four others, constitute the first board of directors. The other directors are as follows: Francis D. Pollak, Henry W. Clark, James C. Converse and George H. Olney.

This corporation which has just been formed is to operate the mills of the defunct United States Flour Milling company, under the reorganization which took place some time ago. It is generally believed to be a wheel within a wheel, or rather a corporation within a corporation, the new company being a part of the Standard Milling company. This view is taken from the fact that the men in the company are all associated with the Standard Milling company.

The announcement of the formation of the company was given out in Superior yesterday afternoon by L. R. Hurd, one of the incorporators. Mr. Hurd says that the stock of the company is largely held outside of the Standard company. He says that the company has leased the mills at the head of the lakes and will operate them.

The leases call for the possession of the Duluth Imperial mill, the Anchor, Daisy, Eastman, Freeman, Minkota and Russell-Miller mills at Superior. It is believed that all of these will be operated the greater part of the time. The property included in the deal is valued at something like $4,000,000 in the aggregate, and has a producing capacity of about $100,000 worth of flour each day.

Mr. Hurd has not said so, but it is understood that he is to be the manager of the mills. The offices will be located at Duluth, and quarters have already been obtained in the board of trade building. Mr. Hurd has been in the milling business at the head of the lakes for a number of years, and is known to be a very capable and energetic miller. Duluth people will be glad to see the offices come here, particularly the grain men, and will be glad to see Mr. Hurd locate on this side of the bay should he decide to do so. In his statement with reference to the organization of the company yesterday, Mr. Hurd said:

"The mills will be operated at all times that it is practicable to operate them—when conditions warrant. It is probable that the Minkota and Freeman mills will run until fall, and that then several others will start, and there will be five or six or more mills in operation. The mills are in first-class shape for operating, and they will be operated, as I said, when conditions warrant. The capital is paid up and the stock is all subscribed for by people outside."

Amanda Smith, the Colored Revivalist of Chicago,

at Lake Avenue Bethel,

Special Singing. **TONIGHT**

A TAX SALE.

First of Series to Be Held Next Monday.

County Auditor Halden will hold the first of his three tax sales this year beginning next Monday. This will be the sale of lands for taxes for the year 1899, delinquent this year. The sale is set by law for the first Monday in May, which is next monday, May 6. The other sales are forfeited tax sales, and there will be one in June and another in September. The delinquent sale of next week will be about the usual length so far as the number of descriptions is concerned, but it will be much smaller than usual as regards the amount of taxes delinquent. The collections in the treasurer's office amount to 94 per cent of all the taxes due, leaving only 6 per cent unpaid.

Since the delinquent list was advertised a large number of descriptions have been cleaned up, the owners paying up the taxes with penalties and interest. The advertised list was less than 13,000 descriptions, and about one-third of that number have been cleaned up by payment since then.

Usually there is one tax sale a year, but in the three years including the current one County Auditor Halden has had seven to conduct, including the three coming this year.

ALL WANT TO SEE "TEDDY."

Theodore Roosevelt is easily the most interesting figure in the new senate. Popular interest in him is so great that for the moment, at least, even Senator Hanna is forgotten, says the Washington Post. Roosevelt's picturesque personality attracts. His breezy, bustling way, his unconventional efforts to harass himself in his position, and his bubbling enthusiasm all appeal to the visitor. "Show us Teddy Roosevelt," say all the strangers to the guides. He occupies the center of the stage.

Accustomed to the calcium light of publicity, the vice president bears himself with dignity in his new position. Of course, he makes mistakes. Who wouldn't? But the beauty of it is that he at once acknowledges that they are mistakes, and is careful that they are not repeated. He is as anxious to do just what the senate thinks he ought to do, and so sincere is his desire to be thoroughly impartial and friendly, that the senators are already predicting for him much success.

CALENDAR IS LARGE

The May Term of the District Court Is Opened.

A Very Few Cases Were Disposed of at the Call.

The Court Will Strike Off the Old Time Cases.

The May term of district court opened this morning, when the calendar of civil cases was called and the grand jury charged and organized. The calendar of 100 cases held together well, four new cases being added and only seventeen disposed of by continuance, dismissal, or settlement. This left 83 for trial, of which 45 are court cases and 38 jury cases. There are 13 default divorce cases out of the 45 court cases, and these will be heard tomorrow.

The court, through Judge Cant, who has charge of the calendar, has something to say about a little bunch of cases that have been hanging around the head of the calendar for a long time, some of them for four or five years. They have been continued from term to term, and when they were called this morning the same disposition was offered.

Judge Cant intimated that they had been on the calendar pretty nearly long enough, and said that it would be the policy of the court hereafter to see that they do not stick so long. Therewere good excuses offered in each case, but Judge Cant said that before the end of the term some disposition would have to be made of them, and that they would not be continued another time.

The reason for this is that it not only costs money to keep them on the calendar, but they are of considerable annoyance to attorneys who are watching other cases, because it is impossible to tell whether these cases are to be tried and when the other cases are likely to be reached.

T. J. Davis offered a suggestion. He said that in Michigan this was cared for by a rule charging $5 to keep a case on the calendar. This saved the expense of keeping the cases on almost always, because some disposition would be made of them. Judge Cant said that the suggestion would be acted upon if it was found that a court rule would cover it.

Judge Dibell charged the grand jury, giving tmhe routine charge, and appointed William H. Heyt as foreman. The jury then retired to its room, but all it did this morning was to organize. No witnesses had been summoned for this morning, so an adjournment was taken to this afternoon, when the cases awaiting the attention of the jury will be taken up.

Tomorrow the divorce cases will be taken up, and Monday the trial of civil cases will be begun. The petit jurors are to appear at that time. Judge Cant will have charge of the calendar this term and will occupy room No. 1, and Judge Dibell will have room No. 2 and Judge Ensign room No. 3.

TO SELL SOME

Smaller Maytham Tugs Are To Be Disposed of.

The Great Lakes Towing company, which has recently come into possession of the Maytham line of tugs, has decided to sell some of the tugs. This sale will not affect the larger tugs, but a number of the tugs that are under size will be placed on sale in the near future, word to that effect having been received at the local office of the company at Duluth. Some of the tugs to be offered for sale are good substantial ones, but hardly up to standard as regards size and would not be sent out to handle the biggest boats on the lakes. These being out of the way, the tug fleet remaining will be able to handle anything afloat. While the details of the sale have not yet been arranged, it is understood that there are one or two of the Maytham tugs here that will probably go on sale together with those of some of the lower ports.

MINISTERS DIVIDED.

Do Not Agree About Raising Chinese Indemnity.

Paris, May 1.—Official advices received here from Pekin says the ministers are divided into two parties in the discussion to decide how China is to raise the indemnity. France, Germany, Russia and Japan agree in favor of raising the customs duties, which can be relied upon to produce a great part of the required sum, and the imposition of a duty on junks, which will constitute a tax on inland navigation, and the taking over of some Likin (provincial transit duties.)

On the other hand, the United States and Great Britain decline to agree to an increase of the customs duties, but they do not appear to have resented a counter proposition. The fact that the United States and Great Britain have joined hands on this question, has caused surprise here. It was hoped the United States would stand with France and Russia. The result will be to greatly protract the negotiations.

NO MORE STAMP LICKING.

As a result of the persistent complaints of many people who object to licking postage stamps the minister of posts, telephones and telegraph has instructed the engineers attached to his department to design a slot stamping machine, says a Paris letter. Two types are now eperimented with. One will, after a coin is inserted, wet and affix the stamp automatically if the letter is properly placed. The other weighs the letter and shows the amount of postage required. Immediately upon the insertion of the price the stamp is printed directly from inked plates. Both machines are speedy and reliable. The French postoffice will be provided with several as soon as they can be manufactured.

At night and morning massage those wrinkles around your eyes with Satin-Skin Cream. It nourishes them away. Cost 25c. Leading stores.

Died—On April 30, Mrs. Eva Wargin, aged 91 years. Funeral services tomorrow at 2 o'clock, at 115 East Fourth street.

Anglo American Copper Mining Company

OF PARRY SOUND, LIMITED.

On and after the third instant, the price of Anglo American Copper Mining Stock will be

21c Per Share

Our smelter is now ready for the final test, and the ore on the way from the mine for the test. This is the cheapest stock on this market. Our sale at 15c has been phenomenal.

Marcus W. Bates, Agent,

No. 4 Exchange Building.

O. L. YOUNG, Manhattan Building.

A FEATHERED FRIEND.

Who Did a Good Turn For Another.

The New York man bowed to an immense red-faced man who was just leaving the bar. The red face beamed until it outshone the huge diamond stuck in the scarlet cravat, and the silk hat came off with a sweep, says the New York Sun.

"Who's your fat friend?" asked the Boston man who had been invited to drink at the New York man's expense.

"He calls himself Wilson now. I've an idea he opens the directory and chooses a new name whenever it seems advisable. I knew him twenty-five years ago in a little Dakota town, and he was doing business under the name of Johnson then—Bill Johnson, grain buyer and tin-horn gambler.

"I was a young fellow and new to the West, but was trying to hold down a lumber yard for a Chicago firm. One night I was in the office late wrestling with a trial balance when the back door opened and in rushed the queerest looking object I'd ever seen. It looked like a featherbed on a spree and cut loose from its cover. Naturally I jumped up and grabbed the thing nearest my hand, which was the big ink well, but just then a voice came out through the feathers.

"'For God's sake, man, don't make the mess worse. Hide me somewhere. I'm a friend of Mr. A's.'

"Now Mr. A. was my boss, and I didn't know much about his friends, but if this was a specimen of them I didn't like his tastes. Just then there was a noise outside and the feathered biped plunged under the counter in the dark little back office. The door opened and a man stuck his head in. There were other men behind him.

"'Seen anything of a tarred and feathered scoundrel? He ran down this way and we've got some more business with him.'

"I didn't know anything about the row, but I don't seem natural to give a man away, so I lied, and the crowd went on down street. Then I picked the queer bird out from under the counter.

"They had used him pretty hard and he was scared half to death. He insisted that he knew Mr. A. well and could get help from him if he were there. I suppose the scamp deserved a lynching, but I was always a fool. So, finally, I hitched up my horse and buggy, wrapped the man up in some of my clothes, and drove him across country to a town on the other railroad where he had friends who took him in.

"He cut the country after that and I never heard of him until almost two years later, when I got a note warning me that I'd better draw out all the money I had in the little bank there in town. I didn't know what to think, but I drew out the money just for luck, and I'm blamed if the cashier didn't' abscond the next day with every dollar the bank held.

"Some years ago I came to New York to live. The first person I met in the Fifth Avenue hotel was my old Dakota friend, minus the tar and feathers and plus a checked suit and silk hat. He knew me like a shot.

"'You got your money out of the bank, all right?' he said.

"'Did you send me that note?'

"'Sure thing. I was in the deal, but I didn't like to see you hit. I owed you a good turn. Don't believe it's all paid off yet.'

"He never has anything to say to me, but he always looks glad to see me. I suppose he's a flash crook, but I've an idea that if I needed a little money I could borrow it from him more easily than from any of my Wall street friends."

MUZZLED DUCKS.

A baggage man on the Santa Fe who runs into Kansas City from out in the western part of Kansas has lost lots of sleep. It is doubtful if he can ever catch up with it, says the Kansas City Star. He leaves Hutchinson at night and reaches Kansas City in the morning. Nearly every night he brings in his car two or three coops of live domestic ducks. During the night, when he has no baggage to deliver at small stations, it has been his habit and privilege to lie down on an improvised couch and doze. With the advent of the ducks the dozing stopped. The almost constant quacking of the ducks, who could not understand their strange environment, would not permit of sleep.

For many nights as he lay awake he planned relief. He thought of strangling the ducks or chloroforming them. But neither expedient seemed good. One night a bright idea came to him. After he had put it into execution the ducks were silent.

The next night he had two coops of unusually vociferous ducks. As soon as it came time for sleep he wrenched a slat from one of the coops, reached in and pulled out a duck. From his pocket he took a small rubber band, which he slipped over the duck's bill just back of the nostrils. The duck tried to quack, but the rubber band, while it stretched a little, would not permit the duck to open its bill far enough to use its tongue. Only a murmur came from it. One by one the ducks were muzzled, and the baggage man rested comfortably.

The commission men were surprised next morning when they received a lot of ducks with rubber bands around their bills, and when the bands were removed the shouts of protest from the ducks were deafening.

ENGLISH COOKING.

George T. Davies, of New York, the banker and financial diplomat for C. T. Yerkes, has been here for a fortnight on a business trip. He brought with him three colored servants, an old "mammy" cook, a waiter and a valet, and rented a large furnished house near Westminster abbey. He likes there alone with his servants, writes a London correspondent of the Chicago American.

"Why didn't you come to a hotel" a friend asked Davies.

He thrust his hands into his pockets, hesitated, and then exclaimed, feelingly: "Because there is nothing to eat in a London hotel; nobody to cook anything; nobody to serve a meal; nobody to wait upon one's friends. I've been here nine times in the past year, and almost starved every time. I can't eat London's alleged roast beef, chops, Yorkshire pudding and tarts, made doubtless, in prison by men condemned as political criminals.

"The servants I brought with me this time know how to serve me corn cakes and fried chicken that have nothing in common with London's food abominations.

"Mr. Yerkes returns to America today successful and satisfied with underground railway matters. We have reason to be grateful to parliament. Now there is no reason why I should not eat on. You think renting a house in Westminster is extravagant. You think, I suppose, I might let my servants do my work in the hotel.

"How naive you are. In a week in a hotel they'd forget corn cakes and fried chicken and they'd learn all about roast beef, Yorkshire pudding and tarts. Where would I be then?

"No, sir, the cook that goes into the London hotel, into the London kitchen—the cook that even hears of cuts of roast beef at 2 shillings and 6 pence—is a cook ruined forever.

"I'm sailing home with my cook, waiter and valet, even though all may have to return May 1. It's pitiful you have not thought of adopting my plan, which is the only one to prevent starvation in London."

Spring coughs are especially dangerous and unless cured at once, serious results often follow. One Minute Cough Cure acts like magic. It is not a common mixture but a high grade remedy. Max Wirth.

Dunlap & Co.'s

...New Soft Hats...

Another shipment of these handsome styled, finest quality hats arrived yesterday **$5.00**

New DUNLAP CRUSHERS	$2.50
DUNLAP SILK HATS	$8.00
DUNLAY DERBIES	$5.00

Fine Hats are most appreciated when the wearer has some idea of where and by whom they are mannfrctured. We sell only the best and latest products from the factories of Dunlap, Stetson, Roelofs, Guyer, Schoble, Brown Jr. and Mallory—the most reliable makers—$3, $4 and $5.

Opera Hats—$10.00.

A. B. Siewert & Co.

Hatters and Furnishers.

304 West Superior Street.

SUICIDE

William T. Wilkinson Ends His Own Life.

Discouraged Over Loss of His Situation.

Out of work and discouraged, William T. Wilkinson committed suicide shortly after 2 o'clock this afternoon. He shot himself through the back of the head while sitting on a box in a cold storage room of the Schwartzschild & Sulzberger company's establishment on South Fifth avenue west.

Mr. Wilkinson has been with the Armour Packing company, of this city, for the past eleven years, but he recently lost his position as foreman, and has been unable to get other employment. At 2:50 o'clock this afternoon he walked into the office of the Schwartzschild & Sulzberger company and asked T. H. Grove if any message had been left for him, as he was expecting a position. Mr. Grove replied that he had not received a message, and Mr. Wilkinson then asked for a few sheets of paper on which he could write a note. The paper was given to him, and he went back into the cold storage room, wrote a brief note to his wife and then shot himself.

Mr. Grove heard the shot and rushed back into the room, but death was instantaneous. The police and several physicians were notified. The smoking revolver was taken up from a pool of blood and an examination showed that a 32-caliber bullet had penetrated the skull just back of the right ear. In shooting himself he held the gun so close that the flash burned his scalp.

The following note to his wife was found beside the dead body:

"Dear Wife: I cannot go home to you, and you and my dear children must suffer for my mistakes. I want this to go to the press, and I want all my friends to know that two people I thought were friends are responsible for this affair. I would like to give a detailed statement. I was not used right by them. When you get this note, write to Hamilton and Chicago, and also see Henderson and Mayor Hugo. Perhaps they can do something for you.

"This is the last resort. I cannot go home! I have the revolver in my pocket now."

This note was very illegible, being hastily written by a man who knew he was to die inside a few minutes. It was not signed.

William Wilkinson is well known throughout the city. He leaves a wife and two small daughters living at 630 West First street. He has been in the meat business for many years and after losing his position as foreman of the Armour Packing company plant, he endeavored to get a position as deputy health inspector for the city. He afterwards tried other packing houses and was promised a position as soon as a vacancy occurred.

ASKS DELAY.

Captain Wolvin Is Given Few Days By Montreal People.

A Montreal dispatch to the Cleveland Leader says that Capt. Wolvin is by no means discouraged in his elevator scheme because the Dominion government notified the harbor commissioners there that his bonds as proposed in his application for the Conners' sites could not be guaranteed. Neither is he dismayed at the offer made to the commissioners from Ottawa of a million dollar loan at 3 per cent with which to erect elevators to be controlled entirely by the harbor board. The dispatch said:

"A letter was read from Capt. Wolvin at a meeting of the board today, in which the commissioners were urged to defer definite action until May 10, at which time he said he would be on hand with a new proposition, which he felt confident would be acceptable to all concerned. The board interprets this as meaning that Capt. Wolvin is ready to go on with the enterprise without any aid or guarantee from any quarter, and the board's secretary was instructed to notify the Duluth vessel man that nothing will be done before the date mentioned in his letter."

TOO FREE WITH HIS WHIP.

Michigan Street Driver Fined In Court.

O. Murphy, a husky driver from a Michigan street commission house, was fined twice in police court this morning for a cowardly assault committed on two little newsboys several days ago. There was a newsboy quarrel on Michigan street, in the rear of The Herald circulating rooms—one of the fights which occur frequently when boys have differences to settle with each other. On the evening in question two boys disagreed in the circulating rooms, and they concluded to step outside and settle the matter in a manner satisfactory to themselves. Other boys crowded round to see the fight.

Murphy, for some unknown reason, slashed into the crowd with a big whip, and the force of his onslaught fell on two boys that had nothing to do with the fight and who were in no manner molesting him. He struck little Ben Poffsky across the face, inflicting a deep cut across the cheek that may leave a scar for life. He also struck Charles Lee over the wrist, bringing blood. Persons that saw the trouble say that it was the most contemptible thing they ever saw a man do, and one well known attorney, who was standing near, had the injured boys make complaint against the person. The fines this morning were $3 each, and this was quite a disappointment to many of those who knew the facts of the case. Murphy entered a plea of guilty before the complaining witnesses had their say, and as a result his side was practically the only side presented to the court.

The attorney who interested himself in the case of the newsboys says that he was seriously thinking of interfering with the two combatants, but the wanton assault on the two innocent boys drew his attention away from the fight.

ELECT OFFICERS.

Business of Laws of American Revolution.

Pittsburg, May 1.—At the second day's session of the twelfth annual congress of the Sons of American Revolution, Registrar General A. G. Howard Clark, made his annual report, showing the total active membership in the society, 9998. There are thirty-nine societies, the largest being in Masachusetts. After the other committees has reported, the election of officers was taken up with the following results:

President general, Walter S. Logan, New York; vice presidents general, James Denton Hancock, of Franklin, Pa.; Thomas Tipps, of Detroit, Mich.; Judge John Whitehead, of New Jersey; Harris Davis, of California; Col. J. A. Tarrare, of Maryland; secretary general, Capt. Samuel Eberly, Chicago; historian general, George W. Bates, Michigan; chaplain general, Rev. Dr. E. B. Warfield, president of Lafayette college.

NOT DUNHAM.

San Jose, Cal., May 1.—It is now the opinion at the sheriff's office that the man brought from Wichita, Kas., is not James C. Dunham, the McGlincy sextuple murderer. This afternoon score of persons who knew Dunham intimately, failed to identify the prisoner.

SAFE IN JAIL.

Dr. Gartrell Is Removed to Butler With Difficulty.

Kansas City, May 1.—Dr. J. L. Gartrell, who yesterday confessed to killing D. B. Donegan, a Victor, Col., miner, was taken today to Butler, Mo., where he and his son will be held pending trial.

It has been learned that Gartrell was dismissed from the ex-Confederate home at Higginsville, of which he was formerly an inmate, through the efforts of Gen. W. H. Kennan, of Mexico, Mo., the assertion that he was an ex-Confederate soldier, being disputed.

A special from Butler, Mo., says: "When Sheriff Smith and his deputies reached here with the prisoners, a crowd met them at the depot. The sheriff was reinforced and despite the excitement hurried his prisoners to the jail in safety.

At the jail there was another big crowd, but the prisoners were safely locked up.

Dr. Gartrell was extremely nervous. He called for a drink of whisky and after he had swallowed half a tumbler of the liquor said:

"It was whisky that did it. I took the cure twice and I think that it must have affected my mind."

Fears are entertained that the jail will be attacked tonight.

KITCHENER'S DUDGET.

Says British Continue to Annihilate the Boers.

London, May 1.—A dispatch from Lord Kitchener, dated from Pretoria today, says: "Grenfell attacked the Boers at Bergplantz, near Halversberg, where the last long Tom opened fire at 10,000 yards. Kitchener's scouts advanced to within 2000 yards, when the gun was blown up and the Boers fled. Ten of them were made prisoners.

"Other columns report ten Boers killed, six wounded, six made prisoners and sixty surrendered, and 30,000 rounds of ammunition captured. The British had four killed and seven wounded."

TO THE WABASH.

Rumors of Transfer of the Wheeling Road.

Cleveland, May 1.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Wheeling & Lake Erie Railroad company, which was scheduled to be held here at noon today, had not convened up to 2 o'clock this afternoon. At that hour Col. Myron T. Herrick, chairman of the board of directors of the Wheeling company; William Ramsey, Jr., president of the Wabash company, and a number of prominent stockholders in both of the companies named were in conference. It is understood that arrangements have practically been completed whereby the Wheeling road will pass into the hands of the Wabash company.

WHEN TWO MAKES ONE.

"Fares," demanded the Jefferson avenue car conductor, in a conversation overheard by the Rochester Post-Express.

The tall, thin woman handed out 8 cents for herself and two youngsters.

"Three cents more, please," reminded the conductor.

"They are twins," she explained, "and only equal to one child."

The conductor scratched his head and tried to remember his instructions. Evidently he recollected nothing governing twins, but, being something of a philosopher, he pondered and said: "Twins are out of the ordinary, therefore singular. Perhaps you're right, and yet you spoke of the twins as 'they.' That's plural," and he gazed around triumphantly.

The fat man nodded. He was a bachelor and detested children.

"No," spoke up the comical man, "she is right. They have only one birthday between them. If they equaled two children they would have two birthdays."

"I guess that's so," acquiesced the conductor. "Anyway, I'll look it up."

"They take up two seats," growled the fat man. The conductor paused and forgot to hand back 5 cents change. "Say," at last he broke out, "what's their names?"

"Wilbur and Marie," replied the mother pertly, failing to see the trap she was walking into.

"Huh! Boy and girl, eh? Well, I'll have to have another fare. You can figure on boy twins equaling one boy, but half a boy and half a girl don't add up."

She paid.

"He's a diplomat," whispered the fat man in admiration. He ought to be down in the legislature."

You can rent houses, stores, offices or rooms by means of a Herald want ad.

BREAKS RECORD

The Greatest Moving Day Duluth Has Ever Known.

Every Van and Transfer Is Working Over-Time.

Lively Moving Event Not Scheduled In Advance.

And this is moving day—if you don't believe it telephone a dray company.

It is not only moving day, but it is one of the busiest moving days ever experienced in Duluth. From facts secured from real estate agents and draying concerns, there must be fully 400 families changing residence. Every available moving van in the city has been engaged for the past week or more. If the city should slide down into the lake, the moving could not be much more general.

The recent raise in rents throughout the city has caused a general rush toward the less expensive suburbs. The West End seems to be getting many of the up town people, while fully one-fourth of the movers are headed for Minnesota Point. The demand for summer cottages down there has been something enormous during the past two weeks and today there is some difficulty in getting all the household freight across the canal.

People that didn't move today moved yesterday and those that did not move yesterday, apparently have no intention of moving, so that the busy season is practically over. The manager of one of the largest moving concerns said that yesterday he had ten families to move and today he had eighteen, while he had not a single order for tomorrow and he was glad of it for both horses and men were tired out working from daylight till almost midnight in an effort to fill all orders.

Speaking of moving—there was an impromptu moving bee last evening in a Superior street block where rooms are rented on the top floor. A reckless bachelor was hastily removed from his apartments along about the hour when soubrettes are wont to yawn. The block has had a good name and the agent is proud of it. Last evening the reckless bachelor invited several soubrettes and two friends to a dinner in his rooms. All the guests were as nonchalant as the host. The supper was followed by a six-handed seance in the national game with frizzid pints as the unit chips and the limit a magnum. Every time a pot was won its contents were absorbed before more cards were dealt. It made no difference who held the highest hand; the stakes were equally divided.

After the game dancing was proposed —not that cold gliding over an icy floor which satisfies merrymakers at the Armory. One of the blithesome persons giggled joyously as she went frivolously pirouetting over the table, making the empty bottles tinkle.

The janitor of the building notified the agent that there was something doing in the block, and the agent came down town just in time to glance over the transom and see a radiance of silken skirts, a flash of lingerie and a swirl of loosened tresses. Then a pause—and a pose. Again she came with such meteoric swiftness that the agent went temporarily blind watching her feet.

But for the sake of the agent's family. It must be said that he did not waste time looking. He hurled all into confusion by a peremptory rap on the door, and ordered the merrymakers out of the block. He then had the janitor set the furniture outside. It was one of the most impromptu movings on record.

TO DANCE FOR CHARITY.

Ball For Benefit of St. Luke's Hospital.

The Charity ball to be given Thursday evening, May 2, at the Armory, in behalf of St. Luke's hospital, by the Young Ladies' club of St. Paul's church, promises to be one of the most brilliant social events of the season. All of the club's former parties have been so successful that greater efforts have been required to make a record breaker of this one, but the ladies have gone into it with their customary vim and vigor and have determined to make this their greatest social and financial success. Every arrangement for the convenience of those attending has been made; Flaaten's full orchestra will render its most delightful program; the Armory floor is in excellent condition and a most enjoyable time is promised to all. The committee in charge of arrangements consists of Miss Jane Everington, chairman; Miss Agnes Jones, Miss Cole, Miss Stoughton, Mr. Edward Totman, Miss Florence Rackle, Miss Parsons, Miss Pierce and Miss A. Cole.

The patronesses are Mrs. Frederick Lee Gilbert, Mrs. S. H. Moore, Mrs. A. C. Hubbell, Mrs. S. C. Harrison, Mrs. J. B. Cotton, Mrs. Homer Collins, Mrs. S. C. Jackson, Mrs. A. G. McManus, Mrs. Frederick Paine, Mrs. I. Freimuth, Mrs. Charles Lunn, Mrs. Stephen H. Jones, Mrs. J. J. Skuse, Mrs. W. B. Cross, Mrs. F. Reynolds, Mrs. Suffel, Mrs. L. P. Totman, Mrs. E. S. Upham, Mrs. J. H. Dight, Mrs. C. F. West, Mrs. W. J. Olcott, Mrs. S. J. Bigelow, Mrs. Charles A. Towne, Mrs. Page Morris, Mrs. Tomlinson, Mrs. C. W. Comstock, Mrs. M. J. Millen.

ADVANCE AT HAND.

Anglo-American Stock to Go Upward.

As will be seen by an announcement in The Herald this evening in the advertising columns, the Anglo-American Copper Mining company will advance its stock after May 3 to 20 cents a share. There has already been a great amount of it sold at 15 cents, the proposition appealing with great force to all investors who look into it. The new smelter is ready for the final test and the ore is now being shipped from the mine for it.

IN THE ROTARY CELL.

Wichita, Kas., May 1.—Mrs. Carrie Nation returned to Wichita today and went directly to the jail, where she occupies the rotary cell.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers search the remotest prats of the bowels and remove the impurities speedily with no discomfort. They are famous for their efficacy. Easy to take, never gripe. Max Wirth.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Colored Linen Suitings.

It is the very latest in the Eastern markets—just came to us yesterday—a heavy firm linen material—fine for separate skirts or entire suits—in plain colors and in regular checks—red, light blue, brown, etc. Excellent washable material—27 inches wide ---------- 50c

Also a new shipment of light and medium colored Percales—finest patterns we have ever shown; in small stripes and figures; 52 pieces to select from; the very best quality—36 inches wide ---- 12½c

Wash Goods Specials For Thursday.

65c and 50c Linen Ginghams 32c
65c and 50c Oxford Ginghams 32c
50c Silk Ginghams---------32c
75c Scotch Ginghams-------60c
60c Embroidered Mouslin----50c
20c Cotton Coverts (Suit'gs) 15c
45c Half Wool Challies -----35c
25c Ginghams ------------18c

Silberstein & Bondy Company

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 21 East Sup. St.

The best cigar made in Duluth is the Tom Reed. Ask for it.

The High School baseball team, which defeated the Nelson-Dewey High School of Superior last Saturday will play the Cloquet High School at that place the coming Saturday. The members leave here Saturday morning and are confident of winning the game.

Lindsay's new greenhouses, Lester Park bridge.

During the month of April Building Inspector Robinson issued sixty permits for new buildings, alterations and repairs, aggregating an expenditure of building operations of $65,151.

Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor of First Presbyterian church will give an ice cream festival in the church parlors this evening, where all are cordially invited.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Paul F. Chamberlain and Marguerite F. Harbaugh, and to Thomas A. Rogers and Louisa Quade.

Dance at Lester Park tomorrow night. You are invited. Not this evening as stated in the News Tribune.

For a delicious smoke ask for the Tom Reed cigars.

C J. Stewart, undertaker, 226 West First street, successor to J. W. Stewart.

Dunlap and other spring blocks received. Volland hat factory, 11 First avenue east.

The Young People's societies of the various churches of the city gave a delightful basket social at the Y. M. C. A. last evening. Miss Wagner of South Superior, gave a number of readings which were greatly appreciated by a large audience. In fact nearly every selection received a double encore. Miss Drummond also assisted in the program.

The Duluth Whist club is today moving its rooms from the Board of Trade building to the Manhattan building. A. B. Wolvin having taken the office formerly occupied by the club.

Miss Amanda Smith, the colored evangelist, will give Bible readings at the Lake avenue Bethel Thursday and Friday afternoons at 3 o'clock.

Annual Senior Class Play..

Friday, May 3, at 8 p. m.
Two amusing comedies by John Kendrick Bangs—"The Bicyclers" and "A Proposal Under Difficulties."
High School Assembly Hall. Admission 25c.

PERSONALS.

Miss Anna McKee has returned from Dallas, Texas.

Knute T. Ingstrom, of Marquette, is visiting relatives in the West End.

I. N. Chellew, of St. Paul, state commander of the Maccabees, is in the city for the purpose of arousing interest in the state convention of the order, which will be held in Mankato on June 3 and 4, and will visit the regular meeting of Duluth tent No. 1 this evening.

Dr. J. D. Park returned Monday morning from Fargo, N. D., where he was called by the illness of his mother.

Mrs. J. D. Park and Edward Park left Monday night for Fargo, N. D.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Richardson have moved to their summer cottage on Minnesota Point.

F. F. Seaman, of Deer River, Minn., is in the city today on a business trip.

D. W. Faulkner, of Anita, Iowa, was a guest at the St. Louis today.

John Willis, of Brainerd, was among the arrivals in the city this morning.

Mrs. W. C. McKinney and son and Mrs. E. L. Thornton, of Hibbing, were visitors in the city this morning.

Dr. S. E. Grout and family, of Tower, were in the city today on their return from a brief visit in Wisconsin.

W. H. Gilbert, the Ashland lumberman, was a business caller here today.

Mrs. McKaren and Miss McKaren, of Ashland, Wis., were visitors in the city today.

Peter Corcoran, of Saginaw, arrived in the city this morning to swell the list of Michigan lumbermen now in the city.

T. C. Proutz, of Saginaw, Mich., is registered at the Spalding this afternoon.

Mr and Mrs. Sackrider, of Houghton, Mich., visited friends in the city today.

Mr. and Mrs. N. E. Hall, of Minneapolis, are guests of the Spalding today.

H. J. McKusick, of Stillwater, Minn., arrived in the city this morning.

E. Dalzell and A. J. Taylor, of Cloquet, are business visitors here today.

Frank Stadden and Harry McClellan of Princeton, are visitors in the city for a few days.

Capt. Harry Roberts has returned from a trip in the East.

Capt. M. L. Fay, of Virginia, was among the range visitors here today.

J. H. Greenwald, of Cleveland, was a guest of the Spalding today.

Mrs. Charles P. Craig has returned from an Eastern trip and Mr. and Mrs. Craig are again occupying their home at 1326 London road.

Miss Edna Bangs, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. J. P. Peterson, of Mesaba avenue, for the past three months, left last evening for Spokane, Wash.

WETMORE'S GELATINE.
Granulated or shredded; 20 cents at all grocers.

M. W. Bates, room 4, Exchange building, is selling the Beatrice gold stock very fast.

You can rent houses, stores, offices or rooms by means of a Herald want ad.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Umbrellas.

Splendid ones of good Gloria on sale at 98c

Of fine Gloria—genuine Congo handles—sterling mounted, $1.75

English box wood handles—of Taffeta Silk—cover and tassel—$2.75

We also carry a large assortment of fine Umbrellas in plain Congo handles and mounting at, from $3.50 to $12.50.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Rain Coats, Makintoshes, Cravenette Coats.

Some $10 Mackintoshes at . . $7.50
Some $8.50 Mackintoshes at . . $6.50

Two and three of a kind (but quite a little lot taken altogether) just what is wanted for this rainy season—we have some a little cheaper than these prices and some higher priced—but a nice way to keep dry is to buy one of our "Cravenette" Raglan Coats—made of stuff that is as good in dust as in rain, in heat as in cold, you can get them here—they are made of pleasant looking dress stuff like covert cloth, and there is nothing peculiar about the stuff except in rain in turns water like a duck—half satin back lined—$22.50.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

FRIGHTFUL.

Fred B. Harwood Horribly Mangled at Proctorknott.

Fred B. Harwood, a popular young railroad man, met a terrible death in the Duluth, Missabe & Northern yards at Proctorknott last night. The accident occurred during the heavy fog about 10 o'clock. Mr. Harwood was making a coupling and it is supposed that he stepped in between the cars. The train crew received a signal from him and responded to it, then the engineer waited for a second signal. It did not come and several of the crew went back to ascertain the cause. They found an arm laying beside the track and going a little farther picked up the mangled body.

The left arm had been cut off, the left thigh and abdomen terribly mangled and the head was crushed in. No person saw the accident, but the supposition is that Mr. Harwood stepped in between the cars to make his coupling while the train was in motion.

He had been employed on the Duluth, Missabe & Northern road for the past three years. He was always regarded as exceptionally capable and reliable and his awful death was not only a severe shock to the other members of the crew, but to a large circle of friends and acquaintances in Proctorknott and this city. He was 28 years of age and unmarried, living with his sister at Proctorknott. His father lives at Big Rapids, Mich.

The body was taken to Tibbetts' undertaking rooms on East Superior street, where the coroner will probably make whatever investigations he may deem necessary.

The funeral will be held from Proctorknott on Sunday afternoon and the interment will be at Oneota cemetery. Mr. Harwood was a member of the Knights of Pythias and a mutual protective organiaztion of the trainmen. In both these organizations he was very popular.

To Spread the Warnings.

The Zenith and Duluth Telephone companies have arranged with Forecaster Richardson of the weather bureau to disseminate the warnings in instances when the bureau has storm signals out. The vessel men, commission men and all the marine men are anxious for these signals and about 200 in Duluth and Superior are served with these warnings when they are posted. The telephone companies, by taking this in charge will relieve Mr. Richardson of a great deal of arduous labor.

Dance at Lester Park tomorrow night. You are invited. Not this evening as stated in the News Tribune.

Silberstein & Bondy Co. Silberstein & Bondy Co

Good Dress Goods For Small Prices.

We place on sale for Thursday the following lots—at much below usual worth—

60c Black Goods for 35c—
All Wool Jacquards and Tufted Weaves—formerly sold for 60c the yard—on sale Thursday at 35c.

$1.35 Black Soliel for $1.00—
The imported kind; all wool guaranteed not to spot or discolor—was $1.35—on sale Thursday at $1.00 a yard.

All-wool Black Cheviot for 49c—
A splendid value, 42 inches wide, fine twill and finish—regular 65c grade—Thursday's price, 49c.

$1.50 Black Pebble Cheviot, $1.00.
All wool, medium, heavy weight, 50 inches wide—always sold for $1.50—on sale Thursday at $1.00 a yard.

Colored Dress Goods.

75c Cheviots and Homespuns for 50c.
Splendid for skirts and whole suits—46 to 56 inches wide, and never sold for less than 75c—on sale Thursday at 50c a yard.

$2.50 Tailor Suitings for $1.50—
56-inch Suitings, in gray, brown, tan, red and navy—the best style and value ever offered at the price—Thursday, $1.50 yard.

$2.00 Skirtings for $1.38—
All 56-inch goods, in all-wool, and heavyweight—some are plaid back, some plain—splendid value, and a great snap—Thursday at $1.38 the yard.

$1.00 Whipcords and Granites for 75c—
Another splendid offering—some very good colorings are included in this lot, especially in gray, brown and blue—on sale Thursday at 75c the yard.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

SETTLED.

Mutual Concessions Between the Engineers and Managers.

Buffalo, May 1.—The strike of the marine engineers is practically settled on a basis of mutual concessions. The Lehigh Valley Transportation and Union Steamboat companies have agreed to put on the extra men demanded on the larger boats, but not on the smaller ones.

The United States Steel corporation is expected to come to an agreement with the men tomorrow. It is expected that all boats will be ready to go into commission in a few days.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Liverpool—Arrived: Numidian, Portland; Ulturia, Boston.

DE MELLO'S COUP.

"I see by the papers," said a New Orleans coffee importer to the New Orleans Times-Democrat, "that Custidio De Mello, who is described as a banker, was arrested in Rio the other day for conspiracy against the Brazilian government. No doubt the average reader passed the little cablegram by without recalling the fact that De Mello was the hero, about ten years ago, of one of the most desperate and dramatic exploits of modern times. It is an interesting story. In 1893 Admiral De Mello was in command of the Brazilian 'navy,' which was undoubtedly the queerest conglomeration in the world. It consisted of half a dozen old scows and one tip-top, bang-up first-class battleship—the Aquidabahan—the equal at the time of anything afloat. It was the admiral's flagship, and one fine day he astonished everybody by sailing into Rio harbor and calmly sending word to President Piexotto that he wanted his resignation. When Piexotto recovered from his astonishment he told him to go to blazes, and De Mello sent forward declared the city under blockade. Rio lies, as you know, on the inner side of a large bay, with a very narrow entrance. There were no guns at the town heavy enough to do the big battleship any damage, but at the harbor mouth there were two forts that could easily blow her out of the water. So De Mello had really sailed into a rat trap, staking everything on the chance of bluffing Piexotto out. He could not shell Rio on account of foriegn interests, and for three solid months he circled round and round the bay, trying repeatedly to make a landing and a dash into the city. He was enormously outnumbered by the shore garrisons and always beaten back with loss, and eventually his situation became about as desperate as can be readily imagined. Food and water had both run short; it was impossible to get more supplies; all hands including De Mello himself, were reduced to walking skeletons, and meanwhile the batteries at the harbor mouth had been powerfully reinfoced. In this plight Piexotto supposed he would be only too glad to surrender and sent a demand to that effect. 'You are bottled up,' he said in substance; you can't get out and you can't make a landing. It's a case of surrender or starve.' De Mello sent back word that they would starve. In the next couple of weeks men did die on the Aquidaban of actual starvation. Then De Mello decided to end it all in a grand coup de theater, and one night he started full speed for the harbor mouth. Concealment was out of the question, and the battleship made its dash with lights blazing, flags flying and band playing. I met the admiral afterwards in Caracas and he told me they had no expectation whatever of getting through, but their sheer audacity so disconcerted the gunners at the forts that they failed to land a single effective shot. As she passed the narrows the Aquidaban let loose a double broadside and steamed triumphantly out to sea. De Mello was in exile for years, but he was finally pardoned and returned to Rio. This is the man who has just been arrested for a new conspiracy, and I think you'll agree with me that he is an individual who is apt to make things pretty hot when he gets started. If I were president of Brazil I'd put him in the bastile and throw away the key."

TRADE WAR.

If the United States were a huge funnel, with the smaller end at New York, so that all things from all sections could scramble in at one end and land with a certainty at the other, the business men of New York might not be engaged, as they are at present, in what threatens to be a last struggle to prevent the general trade center of America from gloping to the interior of the continent, says a writer in Ainslee's.

Twenty or more years ago nearly everything gravitated toward New York, Boston, Philadelphia and other cities of the North Atlantic section. The raw products of every portion of the West, from Utica to Denver, tumbled over themselves to reach the manufactories of the East. The retailers of the West, from the Monongahela to the North Platte and the Sacramento, sent their orders for pots, pans, hoe-handles and groceries to the jobbers of the Harlem and the Schuylkill. The farmers of the West shipped their wheat and corn from the Mississippi valley to the shores of the Hudson and the Narragansett to purchase their plows and their hay-rakes. But in the latter portion of the seventies the process began to stop, and it has been stopping ever since. The food stuff and the raw material of the West have found that home is a good place to stay. Grocers and furniture dealers and clothiers and shoemakers think that freight charges saved are better than trade-marks of old firms on the Atlantic.

Woods grown in the forests of the Northwest and the South are turned into harvesters and wagons and office desks in the vicinities of their birth. The man in the West does his business in the West. The man in the South does his business in the South. New York is simply submitting to a law of geography. There are mountains and rivers between the West and the South and the North and east, and commodities of trade, like human beings, climb or swim only for necessity or for sport. Grain refused to go up the Blue Ridge in order to get down to the Atlantic, because it can reach the ocean at the Gulf or the great lakes with half the effort. Orders for metal or cloth balk at the mountains and the distance to the East and North, because they have found that they can get what they wanted in the nearer fields of Birmingham and Superior and North Carolina.

As Col. J. M. Lowe, of Kansas City, put the thing rather aptly some years ago in a speech made in reply to a declaration by railroad managers that the diversion of traffic to the Gulf was to be checked:

"It's no use. The fiat has gone forth and all the managers in creation cannot stop it. Western grain will not submit to climb the mountains and be hauled 1200 miles down to a seaport when it can reach deep water on a down grade in half the distance. For a quarter of a century the West, like a gigantic Aldermey cow, has been standing, stretched across the continent with her hind feet in the East, and we are getting tired of all this and propose to change ends."

Only a few more days of Beatrice gold stock at present prices.

NOTICE OF HEARING.—

An application having been made to me by Frank B. Babcock under the provisions of Chapter 42, General Statutes of 1894, for a deed to so much of lot 26 West Cadwell street, in that part of Duluth formerly called Portland, as lies within the limits of lot 4, in block 66, Portland Division of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, according to the recorded plat thereof; it is

Ordered that said application be heard before me at the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Saturday the 25th day of May, 1901, at 9:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time and place all persons claiming such portion of said lot, or any right, title or interest therein, are hereby notified to attend to establish their right to receive a deed to said portion of said lot or to make any objections they may have to the granting of said application; and that notice of said application and hearing be given unto all parties in interest by publication hereof in The Duluth Evening Herald, once in each week for three successive weeks before said date of hearing.

Dated May 1st, 1901.

J. D. ENSIGN,
As Judge of the District Court of the Eleventh Judicial District of Minnesota.
McGIFFERT & HUNTER,
Attorneys for Applicant.
Duluth Evening Herald, May-1-8-15-1901.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

SUICIDE

William T. Wilkinson Ends His Own Life.

Discouraged Over Loss of His Situation.

Out of work and discouraged, William T. Wilkinson committed suicide shortly after 3 o'clock this afternoon. He shot himself through the back of the head while sitting on a box in a cold storage room of the Schwartzschild & Sulzberger company's establishment on South Fifth avenue west.

Mr. Wilkinson has been with the Armour Packing company, of this city, for the past eleven years, but he recently lost his position as foreman, and has been unable to get other employment. At 2:50 o'clock this afternoon he walked into the office of the Schwartzschild & Sulzberger company and asked T. H. Grove if any message had been left for him, as he was expecting a position. Mr. Grove replied that he had not received a message, and Mr. Wilkinson then asked for a few sheets of paper on which he could write a note. The paper was given to him, and he went back into the cold storage room, wrote a brief note to his wife and then shot himself.

Mr. Grove heard the shot and rushed back into the room, but death was instantaneous. The police and several physicians were notified. The smoking revolver was taken up from a pool of blood and an examination showed that a 32-caliber bullet had penetrated the skull just back of the right ear. In shooting himself he held the gun so close that the flash burned his scalp.

The following note to his wife was found beside the dead body:

"Dear Wife: I cannot go home to you, and you and my dear children must suffer for my mistakes. I want this to go to the press, and I want all my friends to know that two people I thought were friends are responsible for this affair. I would like to give a detailed statement. I was not used right by them. When you get this note, write to Hamilton and Chicago, and also see Henderson and Mayor Hugo. Perhaps they can do something for you.

"This is the last resort. I cannot go home! I have the revolver in my pocket now."

This note was very illegible, being hastily written by a man who knew he was to die inside a few minutes. It was not signed.

William Wilkinson is well known throughout the city. He leaves a wife and two small daughters living at 630 West First street. He has been in the meat business for many years and after losing his position as foreman of the Armour Packing company plant, he endeavored to get a position as deputy health inspector for the city. He afterwards tried other packing houses and was promised a position as soon as a vacancy occurred.

ASKS DELAY.

Captain Wolvin Is Given Few Days By Montreal People.

A Montreal dispatch to the Cleveland Leader says that Capt. Wolvin is by no means discouraged in his elevator scheme, because the Dominion government notified the harbor commissioners there that his bonds as proposed in his application for the Connors' sites could not be guaranteed. Neither is he dismayed at the offer made to the commissioners from Ottawa of a million dollar loan at 3 per cent with which to erect elevators to be controlled entirely by the harbor board. The dispatch said:

"A letter was read from Capt. Wolvin at a meeting of the board today, in which the commissioners were urged to defer definite action until May 10, at which time he said he would be on hand with a new proposition, which he felt confident would be acceptable to all concerned. The board interprets this as meaning that Capt. Wolvin is ready to go on with the enterprise without any aid or guarantee from any quarter, and the secretary was instructed to notify the Duluth vessel man that nothing will be done before the date mentioned in his letter."

TOO FREE WITH HIS WHIP.

Michigan Street Driver Fined In Court.

O. Murphy, a husky driver from a Michigan street commission house, was fined twice in police court this morning for an outwardly assault committed on two little newsboys several days ago. There was a newsboy quarrel on Michigan street, in the rear of The Herald circulating rooms—one of the fights which occur frequently when boys have differences to settle with each other. On the evening in question two boys disagreed in the circulating rooms, and they concluded to step outside and settle the matter in a manner satisfactory to themselves. Other boys crowded round to see the fight.

Murphy, for some unknown reason, stepped into the crowd with a big whip, and the force of his onslaught fell on two boys that had nothing to do with the fight and who were in no manner molesting him. He struck little Ben Felfsky across the face, inflicting a deep cut across the chin that may leave a scar for life. He also struck Charles Lee over the wrist, bringing blood. Persons that saw the trouble say that it was the most contemptible thing they ever saw a man do, and one well known attorney, who was standing near, had the injured boys make complaint against the person. The fines this morning were $3 each, and this was quite a disappointment to many of those who knew the facts of the case, Murphy entered a plea of guilty before the complaining witnesses had their say, and as a result his side was practically the only side presented to the court.

The attorney who interested himself in the case of the newsboys says that he was seriously thinking of interfering with the two complaints, but the wanton assault on the two innocent boys drew his attention away from the fight.

ELECT OFFICERS.

Business of Laws of American Revolution.

Pittsburg, May 1.—At the second day's session of the twelfth annual congress of the Sons of American Revolution, Registrar General A. G. Howard Clark, made his annual report, showing the total active membership in the society, 2008. There are thirty-nine societies, the largest being in Massachusetts. After the other committees has reported, the election of officers was taken up with the following results:

President general, Walter S. Logan, New York; vice presidents general, James Denton Hancock, of Franklin, Pa.; Thomas Tipps, of Detroit, Mich.; Judge John Whitehead, of New Jersey; Harris Davis, of California; Col. J. A. Tarrare, of Maryland; secretary general, Capt. Samuel Eberly, Chicago; historian general, George W. Bates, Michigan; chaplain general, Rev. Dr. E. B. Warfield, president of Lafayette college.

NOT DUNHAM.

San Jose, Cal., May 1.—It is now the opinion at the sheriff's office that the man brought from Wichita, Kas., is not James C. Dunham, the McGlincy sextuple murderer. This afternoon score of persons who knew Dunham intimately, failed to identify the prisoner.

SAFE IN JAIL.

Dr. Gartrell Is Removed to Butler With Difficulty.

Kansas City, May 1.—Dr. J. L. Gartrell, who yesterday confessed to killing D. B. Donegan, a Victor, Col., miner, was taken today to Butler, Mo., where he and his son will be held pending trial.

It has been learned that Gartrell was dismissed from the ex-Confederate home at Higginsville, of which he was formerly an inmate, through the efforts of Gen. W. H. Kennan, of Mexico, Mo., the ex-section that he was an ex-Confederate soldier, being disproved.

A special from Butler, Mo., says: When Sheriff Smith and his deputies reached here with the prisoners, a crowd met them at the depot. The sheriff was reinforced and despite the excitement hurried his prisoners to the jail in safety.

At the jail there was another big crowd, but the prisoners were safely locked up.

Dr. Gartrell was extremely nervous. He called for a drink of whisky and after he had swallowed half a tumbler of the liquor said:

"It was whisky that did it. I took the cure twice and I think that it must have affected my mind."

Fears are entertained that the jail will be attacked tonight.

KITCHENER'S DUDGET.

Says British Continue to Annihilate the Boers.

London, May 1.—A dispatch from Lord Kitchener, dated from Pretoria today, says: "Grenfell attacked the Boers at Bergidantz, near Halvestberg, where the last long Tom opened fire at 10,000 yards. Kitchener's scouts advanced to within 2000 yards, when the gun was blown up and the Boers fled. Ten of them were made prisoners.

"Other columns report ten Boers killed, six wounded, six made prisoners and sixty surrendered, and 30,000 rounds of ammunition captured. The British had four killed and seven wounded."

TO THE WABASH.

Rumors of Transfer of the Wheeling Road.

Cleveland, May 1.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Wheeling & Lake Erie Railroad company, which was scheduled to be held here at noon today, had not convened up to 2 o'clock this afternoon. At that hour Col. Myron T. Herrick, chairman of the board of directors of the Wheeling company; William Ramsey, Jr., president of the Wabash company, and a number of prominent stockholders in both of the companies named were in conference. It is understood that arrangements have practically been completed whereby the Wheeling road will pass into the hands of the Wabash company.

WHEN TWO MAKES ONE.

"Fares," demanded the Jefferson avenue car conductor, in a conversation overheard by the Rochester Post-Express.

The tall, thin woman handed out 5 cents for herself and two youngsters.

"Three cents more, please," reminded the conductor.

"They are twins," she explained, "and only equal to one child."

The conductor scratched his head and tried to remember his instructions. Evidently he recollected nothing governing twins, but, being something of a philosopher, he pondered and said: "Twins are out of the ordinary, therefore singular. Perhaps you're right, and yet you spoke of the twins as 'they.' That's plural," and he gazed around triumphantly.

The fat man nodded. He was a bachelor and detested children.

"No," spoke up the comical man, "she is right. They have only one birthday between them. If they equalled two children they would have two birthdays."

"I guess that's so," acquiesced the conductor. "Anyway, I'll look it up."

"They take up two seats," growled the fat man. The conductor paused and forgot to hand back 5 cents change. "Say," at last he broke out, "what's their names?"

"Wilbur and Marie," replied the mother pertly, falling to see the trap she was walking into.

"Huh! Boy and girl, eh? Well, I'll have to have another fare. You can figure on boy twins equalling one boy, but half a boy and half a girl don't add up."

She paid.

"He's a diplomat," whispered the fat man in admiration. He ought to be down in the legislature."

You can rent houses, stores, offices or rooms by means of a Herald want ad.

BREAKS RECORD

The Greatest Moving Day Duluth Has Ever Known.

Every Van and Transfer Is Working Over-Time.

Lively Moving Event Not Scheduled In Advance.

And this is moving day—if you don't believe it telephone a dray company.

It is not only moving day, but it is one of the busiest moving days ever experienced in Duluth. From facts secured from real estate agents and draying concerns, there must be fully 400 families changing residence. Every available moving van in the city has been engaged for the past week or more. If the city should slide down into the lake, the moving could not be much more general.

The recent raise in rents throughout the city has caused a general rush toward the less expensive suburbs. The West End seems to be getting many of the up town people, while fully one-fourth of the movers are headed for Minnesota Point. The demand for summer cottages down there has been something enormous during the past two weeks and today there is some difficulty in getting all the household freight across the canal.

People that didn't move today moved yesterday and those that did not move yesterday, apparently have no intention of moving, so that the busy season is practically over. The manager of one of the largest moving concerns said that yesterday he had ten families to move and today he had eighteen, while he had not a single order for tomorrow and he was glad of it for both horses and men were tired out working from daylight till almost midnight in an effort to fill all orders.

Speaking of moving—there was an impromptu moving bee last evening in a Superior street block where rooms are rented on the top floor. A reckless bachelor was hastily removed from his apartments along about the hour when soubrettes are wont to yawn. The block has had a good name and the agent is proud of it. Last evening the reckless bachelor invited several soubrettes and two friends to a dinner in his rooms. All the guests were as nonchalant as the host. The supper was followed by a six-handed seance in the national game with frigid pints as the unit chips and the limit a magnum. Every time a pot was won its contents were absorbed before more cards were dealt. It made no difference who held the highest hand; the stakes were equally divided.

After the game dancing was proposed—not that cold gliding over an icy floor which satisfies merrymakers at the Armory. One of the blithesome persons giggled joyously as she went frivolously pirouetting over the table, making the empty bottles tinkle.

The janitor of the building notified the agent that there was something doing in the block, and the agent came down town just in time to glance over the transom and see a radiance of silken skirts, a flash of lingerie and a swirl of loosened tresses. Then a pause—and a pose. Again she danced with such meteoric swiftness that the agent went temporarily blind watching her feet.

But for the sake of the agent's family, it must be said that he did not waste time looking. He hurled all into confusion by a peremptory rap on the door, and ordered the merrymakers out of the block. He then had the janitor set the furniture outside. It was one of the most impromptu movings on record.

TO DANCE FOR CHARITY.

Ball For Benefit of St. Luke's Hospital.

The Charity ball to be given Thursday evening, May 2, at the Armory, in behalf of St. Luke's hospital, by the Young Ladies' club of St. Paul's church, promises to be one of the most brilliant social events of the season. All of the club's former parties have been so successful that greater efforts have been required to make a record breaker of this one, but the ladies have gone to it with their customary vim and vigor and have determined to make this their greatest social and financial success. Every arrangement for the convenience of those attending has been made; Flaaten's full orchestra will render its most delightful program; the Armory floor is in excellent condition and a most enjoyable time is promised to all. The committee in charge of arrangements consists of Miss Jane Everington, chairman; Miss Agnes Jones, Miss Cole, Miss Stoughton, Mr. Edward Totman, Miss Florence Rackle, Miss Parsons, Miss Pierce and Miss A. Cole.

The patronesses are Mrs. Frederick Lee Gilbert, Mrs. S. H. Moore, Mrs. A. C. Hubbell, Mrs. S. C. Harrison, Mrs. J. B. Cotton, Mrs. Homer Collins, Mrs. S. C. Jackson, Mrs. A. G. McManus, Mrs. Frederick Paine, Mrs. I. Freimuth, Mrs. Charles Lunn, Mrs. Stephen H. Jones, Mrs. J. J. Skuse, Mrs. Wm. B. Cross, Mrs. F. Reynolds, Mrs. Suffel, Mrs. L. P. Totman, Mrs. E. S. Upham, Mrs. J. H. Dight, Mrs. C. F. West, Mrs. W. J. Olcott, Mrs. S. J. Bigelow, Mrs. Charles A. Towne, Mrs. Page Morris, Mrs. Tomlinson, Mrs. C. W. Comstock, Mrs. M. J. Millen.

ADVANCE AT HAND.

Anglo-American Stock to Go Upward.

As will be seen by an announcement in The Herald this evening in the advertising columns, the Anglo-American Copper Mining company will advance its stock after May 3 to 20 cents a share. There has already been a great amount of it sold at 15 cents, the proposition appealing with great force to all investors who look into it. The new smelter is ready for the final test and the ore is now being shipped from the mine for it.

IN THE ROTARY CELL.

Wichita, Kas., May 1.—Mrs. Carrie Nation returned to Wichita today and went directly to the jail, where she occupies the rotary cell.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers search the remotest prats of the bowels and remove the impurities speedily with no discomfort. They are famous for their efficacy. Easy to take, never gripe. Max Wirth.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Colored Linen Suitings.

It is the very latest in the Eastern markets—just came to us yesterday—a heavy firm linen material—fine for separate skirts or entire suits—in plain colors and in regular checks—red, light blue, brown, etc. Excellent washable material—27 inches wide ---------- 50c

Also a new shipment of light and medium colored Percales—finest patterns we have ever shown; in small stripes and figures; 52 pieces to select from; the very best quality—36-inches wide ---- 12½c

Wash Goods Specials For Thursday.

65c and 50c Linen Ginghams 32c
65c and 50c Oxford Ginghams 32c
50c Silk Ginghams---------32c
75c Scotch Ginghams-------60c
60c Embroidered Mouslin----50c
20c Cotton Coverts (Suit'gs) 15c
45c Half Wool Challies -----35c
25c Ginghams ----------18c

Silberstein & Bondy Company

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 21 East Sup. St.

The best cigar made in Duluth is the Tom Reed. Ask for it.

The High School baseball team, which defeated the Nelson-Dewey High School of Superior last Saturday will play the Cloquet High School at that place the coming Saturday. The members leave here Saturday morning and are confident of winning the game.

Lindsay's new greenhouses, Lester Park bridge.

During the month of April Building Inspector Robinson issued sixty permits for new buildings, alterations and repairs, aggregating an expenditure of building operations of $65,150.

Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor of First Presbyterian church will give an ice cream festival in the church parlors this evening, where all are cordially invited.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Paul F. Chamberlain and Marguerite E. Harbaugh, and to Thomas A. Rogers and Louisa Quade.

Dance at Lester Park tomorrow night. You are invited. Not this evening as stated in the News Tribune.

For a delicious smoke ask for the Tom Reed cigars.

C. J. Stewart, undertaker, 226 West First street, successor to J. W. Stewart.

Dunlap hat and other spring blocks received. Volland hat factory, 11 First avenue east.

The Young People's societies of the various churches of the city gave a delightful basket social at the Y. M. C. A. last evening. Mis Wilmer of South Superior, gave a number of readings which were greatly appreciated by a large audience. In fact nearly every selection received a double encore. Miss Drummond also assisted in the program.

The Duluth Whist club is today moving its rooms from the Board of Trade building to the Manhattan building. A. B. Wolvin having taken the office formerly occupied by the club.

Miss Amanda Smith, the colored evangelist, will give Bible readings at the Lake avenue Bethel Thursday and Friday afternoons at 3 o'clock.

Annual Senior Class Play..

Friday, May 3, at 8 p. m.
Two amusing comedies by John Kendrick Bangs—
"The Bicyclers" and "A Proposal Under Difficulties."
High School Assembly Hall. Admission 25c.

PERSONALS.

Miss Anna McKee has returned from Dallas, Texas.

Knute E. Instrom, of Marquette, is visiting relatives in the West End.

I. N. Chelew, of St. Paul, state commander of the Maccabees, is in the city for the purpose of attending interest in the state convention of the order, which will be held in Mankato on June 3 and 4, and will visit the regular meeting of Duluth tent No. 1 this evening.

Dr. J. D. Park returned Monday morning from Fargo, N. D., where he was called by the illness of his mother.

Mrs. J. J. Park and Edward Park left Monday night for Fargo, N. D.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Richardson have moved to their summer cottage on Minnesota Point.

F. F. Seaman, of Deer River, Minn., is in the city today on a business trip.

D. W. Faulkner, of Anita, Iowa, was a guest at the St. Louis today.

John Willis, of Brainerd, was among the arrivals in the city this morning.

Mrs. W. C. Orthey and son and Mrs. E. L. Thornton, of Hibbing, were visitors in the city this morning.

Dr. S. E. Grout and family, of Tower, were in the city today on their return from a brief visit in Wisconsin.

W. H. Gilbert, the Ashland lumberman, was a business caller here today.

Mrs. McKaren and Miss McKaren, of Ashland, Wis., were visitors in the city today.

Peter Corcoran, of Saginaw, arrived in the city this morning to swell the list of Michigan lumbermen now in the city.

T. C. Proutz, of Saginaw, Mich., is registered at the Spalding this afternoon.

Mr and Mrs. Sackerider, of Houghton, Mich., visited friends in the city today.

Mr. and Mrs. N. E. Hall, of Minneapolis, are guests of the Spalding today.

H. J. McKusick, of Stillwater, Minn., arrived in the city this morning.

E. Dalzell and A. J. Taylor, of Cloquet, are business visitors here today.

Frank Stadden and Harry McClellan of Princeton, are visitors in the city for a few days.

Capt. Harry Roberts has returned from a trip in the East.

Capt. M. L. Fay, of Virginia, was among the range visitors here today.

J. H. Greenwald, of Cleveland, was a guest of the Spalding today.

Mrs. Charles P. Craig has returned from an Eastern trip and Mr. and Mrs. Craig are again occupying their home at 1325 London road.

Miss Edna Bangs, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. J. P. Peterson, of Mesaba avenue, for the past three months, left last evening for Spokane, Wash.

WETMORE'S GELATINE.
Granulated or shredded; 10 cents at all grocers.

M. W. Bates, room 4, Exchange building, is selling the Beatrice gold stock very fast.

You can rent houses, stores, offices or rooms by means of a Herald want ad.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Umbrellas.

Splendid ones of good Gloria on sale at 98c

Of fine Gloria—genuine Congo handles—sterling mounted, $1.75

English box wood handles—of Taffeta Silk—cover and tassel—$2.75

We also carry a large assortment of fine Umbrellas in plain Congo handles and mounting at, from $3.50 to $12.50.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Rain Coats, Makintoshes, Cravenette Coats.

Some $10 Mackintoshes at . . $7.50
Some $8.50 Mackintoshes at . . $6.50

Two and three of a kind (but quite a little lot taken altogether) just what is wanted for this rainy season—we have some a little cheaper than these prices and some higher priced—but a nice way to keep dry is to buy one of our "Cravenette" Raglan Coats—made of stuff that is as good in dust as in rain, in heat as in cold, you can get them here—they are made of pleasant looking dress stuff like covert cloth, and there is nothing peculiar about the stuff except in rain in turns water like a duck—half satin back lined—$22.50.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

FRIGHTFUL.

Fred B. Harwood Horribly Mangled at Proctorknott.

Fred B. Harwood, a popular young railroad man, met a terrible death in the Duluth, Missabe & Northern yards at Proctorknott last night. The accident occurred during the heavy fog about 10 o'clock. Mr. Harwood was making a coupling and it is supposed that he stepped in between the cars. The train crew received a signal from him and responded to it, then the engineer waited for a second signal. It did not come and several of the crew went back to ascertain the cause. They found an arm laying beside the track and going a little farther picked up the mangled body.

The left arm had been cut off, the left thigh and abdomen terribly mangled and the head was crushed in. No person saw the accident, but the supposition is that Mr. Harwood stepped in between the cars to make his coupling while the train was in motion.

He had been employed on the Duluth, Missabe & Northern road for the past three years. He was always regarded as exceptionally capable and reliable and his awful death was not only a serious shock to the other members of the crew, but to a large circle of friends and acquaintances in Proctorknott and this city. He was 28 years of age and unmarried, living with his sister at Proctorknott. His father lives at Big Rapids, Mich.

The body was taken to Tibbetts' undertaking rooms on East Superior street, where the coroner will probably make whatever investigations he may deem necessary.

The funeral will be held from Proctorknott on Sunday afternoon and the interment will be at Oneota cemetery. Mr. Harwood was a member of the Knights of Pythias and a mutual protective organiazion of the trainmen. In both these organizations he was very popular.

To Spread the Warnings.

The Zenith and Duluth Telephone companies have arranged with Forecaster Richardson of the weather bureau to disseminate the warnings in instances when the bureau has storm signals out. The vessel men, commission men and all the marine men are anxious for these signals and about 200 in Duluth and Superior are served with these warnings when they are posted. The telephone companies, by taking this in charge will relieve Mr. Richardson of a great deal of arduous labor.

Dance at Lester Park tomorrow night. You are invited. Not this evening as stated in the News Tribune.

Silberstein & Bondy Co. Silberstein & Bondy Co

Good Dress Goods For Small Prices.

We place on sale for Thursday the following lots—at much below usual worth—

60c Black Goods for 35c—
All Wool Jacquards and Tufted Weaves—formerly sold for 60c the yard—on sale Thursday at 35c.

$1.35 Black Soliel for $1.00—
The imported kind; all wool guaranteed not to spot or discolor—was $1.35—on sale Thursday at $1.00 a yard.

All-wool Black Cheviot for 49c—
A splendid value, 42 inches wide, fine twill and finish—regular 65c grade—Thursday's price, 49c.

$1.50 Black Pebble Cheviot, $1.00.
All wool, medium, heavy weight, 50 inches wide—always sold for $1.50—on sale Thursday at $1.00 a yard.

Colored Dress Goods.

75c Cheviots and Homespuns for 50c.
Splendid for skirts and whole suits—46 to 56 inches wide, and never sold for less than 75c—on sale Thursday at 50c a yard.

$2.50 Tailor Suitings for $1.50—
56-inch Suitings, in gray, brown, tan, red and navy—the best style and value ever offered at the price—Thursday, $1.50 yard.

$2.00 Skirtings for $1.38—
All 56-inch goods, in all-wool, and heavyweight—some are plaid back, some plain—splendid value, and a great snap—Thursday at $1.38 the yard.

$1.00 Whipcords and Granites for 75c—
Another splendid offering—some very good colorings are included in this lot, especially in gray, brown and blue—on sale Thursday at 75c the yard.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

SETTLED.

Mutual Concessions Between the Engineers and Managers.

Buffalo, May 1.—The strike of the marine engineers is practically settled on a basis of mutual concessions. The Lehigh Valley Transportation and Union Steamboat companies have agreed to put on the extra men demanded on the larger boats, but not on the smaller ones.

The United States Steel corporation is expected to come to an agreement with the men tomorrow. It is expected that all boats will be ready to go into commission in a few days.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.
Liverpool—Arrived: Numidian, Portland; Ulturia, Boston.

DE MELLO'S COUP.

"I see by the papers," said a New Orleans coffee importer to the New Orleans Times-Democrat, "that Custidio De Mello, who is described as a banker, was arrested in Rio the other day for complicity against the Brazilian government. No doubt the average reader passed the little cablegram by without recalling the fact that De Mello was the hero, about ten years ago, of one of the most desperate and dramatic exploits of modern times. It is an interesting story. In 1893 Admiral De Mello was in command of the Brazilian 'navy,' which was undoubtedly the queerest conglomeration in the world. It consisted of half a dozen old scows and one tip-top, bang-up first-class battleship—the Aquidaban—the equal at the time of anything afloat. It was the admiral's 'flagship,' and one fine day he astonished everybody by sailing into Rio harbor and calmly sending word to President Piexotto that he wanted his resignation. When Piexotto recovered from his astonishment he told him to go to blazes, and De Mello thereupon declared the city under blockade. Rio lies, as you know, on the inner side of a large bay, with a very narrow entrance. There were no guns at the town heavy enough to do the big battleship any damage, but at the harbor mouth there were two forts that could easily blow her out of the water. So De Mello had really sailed into a rat trap, staking everything on the chance of bluffing Piexotto out. He could not shell Rio on account of foriegn interests, and for three solid months he circled round and round the bay, trying repeatedly to make a landing and a dash into the city. He was enormously outnumbered by the shore garrisons and always beaten back with loss, and eventually his situation became about as desperate as can be readily imagined. Food and water had both run short; it was impossible to get more supplies; all hands including De Mello himself, were reduced to walking skeletons, and meanwhile the batteries at the harbor mouth had been powerfully reinforced. In this plight Piexotto supposed he would be only too glad to surrender and sent a demand to that effect. 'You are bottled up,' he said in substance; you can't get out and you can't make a landing. It's a case of surrender or starve.' De Mello sent back word that they would starve. In the next couple of weeks men did die on the Aquidaban of actual starvation. Then De Mello decided to end it all in a grand coup de theater, and one night he started full speed for the harbor mouth. Concealment was out of the question, and the battleship made its dash with lights blazing, flags flying and band playing. I met the admiral afterwards in Caracas and he told me they had no expectation whatever of getting through, but their sheer audacity so disconcerted the gunners at the forts that they failed to land a single effective shot. As she passed the narrows the Aquidaban let loose a double broadside and steamed triumphantly out to sea. De Mello was in exile for years, but he was finally pardoned and returned to Rio. This is the man who has just been arrested for a new conspiracy, and I think you'll agree with me that he is an individual who is apt to make things pretty hot when he gets started. If I were president of Brazil I'd put him in the bastile and throw away the key."

TRADE WAR.

If the United States were a huge funnel, with the smaller end at New York, so that all things from all sections could scramble in at one end and land with a certainty at the other, the business men of New York might not be engaged, as they are at present, in what threatens to be a last struggle to prevent the general trade center of America from sloping to the interior of the continent, says a writer in Ainslee's.

Twenty or more years ago nearly everything gravitated toward New York, Boston, Philadelphia and other cities of the North Atlantic section. The raw products of every portion of the West, from Utica to Denver, tumbled over themselves to reach the manufactories of the East. The retailers of the West, from the Monongahela to the North Platte and the Sacramento, sent their orders for pots, pans, hoe-handles and groceries to the jobbers of the Harlem and the Schuylkill. The farmers of the West shipped their wheat and corn from the Mississippi valley to the shores of the Hudson and the Narragansett to purchase their plows and their hay-rakes. But in the latter portion of the seventies the process began to stop, and it has been stopping ever since. The food stuff and the raw material of the West have found that home is a good place to stay. Grocers and furniture dealers and clothiers and shoemakers think that freight charges saved are better than trade-marks of old firms on the Atlantic.

Woods grown in the forests of the Northwest and the South are turned into harvesters and wagons and office desks in the vicinities of their birth. The man in the West does his business in the West. The man in the South does his business in the South. New York is simply submitting to a law of geography. There are mountains and rivers between the West and the South and the North and east, and commodities of trade, like human beings, climb or swim only for necessity or for sport. Grain refused to go up the Blue Ridge in order to get down to the Atlantic, because it can reach the ocean at the Gulf or the great lakes with half the effort. Orders for metal or cloth balk at the mountains and the distance to be East and North, because they have found that they can get what they wanted in the nearer fields of Birmingham and Superior and North Carolina.

As Col. J. M. Lowe, of Kansas City, put the thing rather aptly some years ago in a speech made in reply to a declaration by railroad managers that the diversion of traffic to the Gulf was to be checked:

"It's no use. The fiat has gone forth and all the managers in creation cannot stop it. Western grain will not submit to climb the mountains and be hauled 1000 miles down to a seaport when it can reach deep water on a down grade in half the distance. For a quarter of a century the West, like a gigantic Alderney cow, has been standing, stretched across the continent with her hind feet in the East, and we are getting tired of all this and propose to change ends."

Only a few more days of Beatrice gold stock at present prices.

NOTICE OF HEARING.—

An application having been made to me by Frank B. Babcock under the provisions of Chapter 42, General Statutes of 1894, for a deed to so much of lot 26 West Cadwell street, in that part of Duluth formerly called Portland, as lies within the limits of lot 4, in block 66, Portland Division of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, according to the recorded plat thereof, it is

Ordered that said application be heard before me at the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Saturday the 25th day of May, 1901, at 9:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time and place all persons claiming such portion of said lot, or any right, title or interest therein, are hereby notified to attend to establish their right to receive a deed to said portion of said lot or to make any objections they may have to the granting of said application; and that notice of said application and hearing be given unto all parties in interest by publication hereof in The Duluth Evening Herald, once in each week for three successive weeks before said date of hearing.

Dated May 1st, 1901.

J. D. ENSIGN,
As Judge of the District Court of the Eleventh Judicial District of Minnesota.
McGIFFERT & HUNTER,
Attorneys for Applicant.
Duluth Evening Herald, May-1-8-15-1901.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Signs of Spring

are on every hand, and a general clean-up is now in order. To make room for our surplus stock, we want you to help us by buying the best lot of

SPRING SUITS

—at—

$12

you ever laid your eyes on. Splendid fitters; elegantly tailored; in dark shades, as well as in stripes and plaids. You cannot afford to pass by these good values in suits.

Boys' Knee Pants

that are hard to wear, at 25c, 35c, 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50. All sizes to fit a 4-year-old to a 15-year-old boy. Bring in your boy.

C. W. ERICSON,

Reliable Clothier,

219 West Superior Street

South Shore Changes Time.

Commencing Sunday, May 5, the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic east-bound train No. 8, for Montreal, Boston, New York and East, will leave Duluth at 7 o'clock p. m. daily. Through train from the East will arrive Duluth at 8:30 a. m. daily. Local train No. 6 for Marquette and the copper country will leave Duluth at 8:15 a. m. daily except Sunday. Local train from Marquette and the copper country will arrive Duluth 7:30 p. m. daily except Sunday. Dining car service, a la carte, on all trains.

Calumet & Arizona.

I have 150 shares for sale. Wire or phone flat bid to Laurence P. Stevens, Ironwood, Mich.

Never Disappointed An Advertiser.

The Friday Herald

—WELL NAMED—

the Shoppers Guide

Advertising copy to run in all editions should be ready Thursdays at noon.

THE ATROCIOUS CRIMES

Committed By Soldiers of France and Russia In China---Tokio Newspaper Describes Scenes of Shocking Barbarity.

From Japan comes a cry against the fiendish outrages committed by the French and Russian soldiers in the allied armies in China. A Japanese newspaper, the Niroku Shinpo, of Tokio, has issued an appeal to the Western nations to put a stop to and punish the barbarities committed by the soldiers of France and Russia. The ghastly horrors of which it tells should arouse France and Russia to a sense of the shame brought upon them by their troops in China and the other civilized nations of the world to the duty of taking every possible means to prevent in the future these two guilty contingents of the allied army from disgracing Christianity and civilization by their inhuman deeds. The Niroku Shinpo says:

"The recollection of the great outrages at Tung-Shau still makes us shudder at this very moment when we are writing these lines. Tung-Chau may be said to be the gate to Pekin, as it is a very important place in North China. Through it rice and other provisions are transported into Pekin. The town of Tung-Chau has a population of about 270,000, while Pekin contains 800,000 people. But the streets and houses and the inhabitants of the former city appear much more wholesome and attractive than those in the latter. So you can imagine how prosperous these people were before the war. Previous to the entrance of the troops of the allies into the town, the mandarins, who were about to run away, had instructed the people to surrender, but never to oppose the invaders lest their property should be destroyed. They were faithful to their mandarins' instructions and welcomed the foreign soldiers with open arms, freely supplying them with wines and provisions day by day. But the wolves among the sheep! By and by their wolfish passions were aroused. According to the report of the Japanese reserve troop, which was stationed there, the Chinese women who were violated and afterward murdered by European soldiers, together with those who had committed suicide to avoid the unbearable shame thus forced on them, amounted to 372! Think of it! Besides the above report, how many more met with the same fate is beyond the possibility of discovery.

"Here let us reproduce a few striking pictures of savagery, so that readers may know what cruel things have been practiced by certain soldiers of nations who are just now loud in their boasting of a Christian civilization.

"If you had visited China you would have noticed that every Chinese house keeps a large water butt in its yard or garden. The water butt is about four feet high and about three feet wide at the top. Now, many Chinese women, as some of our war correspondents have seen with their own eyes, jumped into these water butts with their heads downward. In this frightful manner they killed themselves after they had struggled in vain to maintain their chastity. It was oftener that the women of high rank in China met death in this manner than those of the lower classes, for the former set a higher value upon chastity than the latter.

"It was about 2 o'clock in the afternoon of Aug. 17 last when a Japanese, whose story we are here about to write, took a walk through the streets of Tung-Chau. The air reeked with blood. Corpses were lying here and there. Every now and then deserted dogs went roaming about the dead in search of their murdered masters. All of the pools in the streets were filled by a recent rain.

"It so happened that while our correspondent was walking toward the southern gate of the city, stepping over corpses and mud, he met a troop of Hindoo soldiers on their way to Pekin. In order to let them pass he stepped aside and walked on. Suddenly his attention was arrested by the sight of four French soldiers coming out in a most excited manner from a house, under the roof of which he was just stopping. One of them was a respectable looking French officer. None of them, however, carried any goods which he could have plundered from the hands of Chinamen. Soon after they had gone the Japanese entered the house. There were two Chinese coolies helping themselves to all that they could lay hold of, for there was no one in the house besides themselves. The coolies were frightened at the sight of a Japanese and started to escape, but they were assured by him that they should not be molested.

"Then they told him that the four Frenchmen, by whom they were hired as coolies to carry provisions and to take care of horses, had caught sight of two Chinese women at the southern gate, whence they pusued them to this house. The women, being natives of Canton, among whom the custom of binding the feet is not practiced, ran as fast as they could, but they were at last overtaken.

"'Sir,' said one of the coolies, pointing with his finger, 'that is the room into which they were dragged by force.'

"'Look, sir,' said the other, 'look at that entrance. It was there that they stationed one of their number to watch while the others were in the room.'

"Finally the correspondent was led to the room by the coolies, who, looking in, exclaimed suddenly: 'My God! My God!' Entering the room he found—what do you suppose?—two lifeless bodies of young girls, half naked and stained with blood! One of them looked about 16 years old, the other 21 or 22. Both lay with their faces upward. The crimson blood was still warm. The black hair was dishevelled around their pale faces. Their bracelets, rings, earrings and other valuables had been stripped from them. The scene must have been a heart-rending one. They were only two poor Chinese girls, but their innocent blood cries from the ground, and who shall render satisfaction to their mothers and fathers when they demand it at the bar of justice? They were but two poor Chinese girls, but the crime committed against them was a crime against humanity and merits the bitter condemnation of all mankind.

"The coolies' explanation was this, that the tramp of the passing soldiers frightened those Frenchmen so much that they instantly killed the poor girls with their bayonets. Readers, what would you say when you know that such savage crimes were actually committed by soldiers of civilized nations? Is this civilization? Is this humanity? Is this justice? Can we allow such exhibitions of savagery to pass without arising our protest? No! No! No!"

SUMMER DANCE GOWN

Dressy Ball Costume---A Model Garment Showing the Newest Vogue in Double Skirt With Fuller Lines.

The double skirt or tunic effect is gaining more importance and possibility day by day. This model gown is an example of the newer vogue, with its double skirt and its fuller lines. It is a silk-spotted white gauze embroidered in jet. The lower, or drop skirt, has a black Chantilly lace flounce over an accordeon plaiting of white liberty silk. The bodice has a bolero effect of the embroidered gauze caught together on the bust over full blouse front of white mousseline de soie.

A GIFTED AND BEAUTIFUL GIRL

Threatened With Nervous Prostration, PROMPTLY SAVED BY PE-RU-NA.

Miss Rose Cullen, of Butte, Mont.

"Peruna has many friends in Butte. I cannot say too much in praise of it. While finishing school I became very nervous and exhausted from overstudy. I was weak and sick, and could neither eat, sleep, nor enjoy life. A couple of bottles of Peruna put new life in me. I find that having it in the house and taking a dose off and on keeps one in fine health.

"A large number of my friends place Peruna at the head of all medicines."—Miss Rose Cullen.

Miss Rose Cullen, President Young Woman's Club, of Butte, Mont., writes from 921 Galena street, as follows:

How Peruna Quickly Cures Backache, the Bane of Womankind.

MRS. G. W. HEARD, Hempstead, Texas, writes:

"We have moved recently, and I must have lifted something that was too heavy for me in straightening things up, for I had such a backache and could hardly stand on my feet at all. Beside, I was so tired all the time. My face was spotted and I was very thin. I took one bottle of Peruna and was soon real well. When I feel tired and all run down I take Peruna and feel all right before I finish one bottle. I know it is a wonderful medicine, and both myself and husband praise Peruna.

"There has been a great deal of sickness through this part of the country, but, thanks to Peruna, which we use freely, our own family has escaped with almost no sickness at all.

"Could you but see our baby Ruby (to whom we gave Peruna for bowel trouble), you would see from her robust looks that you need no better advertisement in this little town. She is so fat and rosy, is nearly 5 years old now, and is a great believer in Peruna."—Mrs. G. W. Heard.

Given Up to Die---All Doctors Failed---It Proved to be Catarrh of Stomach and Was Cured by Peruna.

W. A. Mitchell, dealer in general merchandise, of Martin, Ga., writes:

"I wrote you some time ago concerning my wife's case. She had tried all of the best doctors, and we got to where we thought all they did was against her. She weighed about 190 pounds when she was in good health. When she commenced with our family physician in April, 1898, she weighed about 130, but kept going down all the time. She went to Atlanta, Ga., and took treatment, but it did her no good. Then she went to Harmony Grove, Ga., and took treatment from the best physician there for three months. She kept going down under his treatment, although he was considered the best physician in the county. She went down from 130 pounds to 68, and we saw she could not live long. She was a skeleton. We consulted an old physician, who told her to use Peruna. She gradually improved and got stronger. She has gained 38 pounds since she has taken Peruna, and is gaining every day, and does her own housework.

"She was well known when she was so low, and now everybody wants to know what cured her. She had indigestion and catarrh of the stomach. It is as good for children as for grown people. We haven't had to have a doctor for one of our children since 1898."—W. A. Mitchell.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

DRILL IN HEAVY SNOW

How Norwegian Troops Maneuver On Their Snow Shoes---Great Skill Required to Maintain an Erect Position In Action.

The occasion for watching some military maneuvers in midwinter presented so rare an opportunity that I was persuaded to accept Capt. Krag's kindly offer to see this spectacle to the best advantage, says a writer in the London Post. The army which was engaged in these tactics was the Norwegian, the locality in which they operated a Norse mile—akin to seven English miles—from Christiania. The scheme suggested mentioned that a strong force from Sweden was approaching after a night's bivouac on the Norwegian capital, and news had been received that the defenders had advanced to a strong position, near Grefsen, a suburb north of the town, with a terminal station at their command.

As I paused in doubt whether to turn back or not the earth's pall slightly lifted, and there in front was a black body of men waiting ready along the road in the dip of the hill that gave them capital shelter. Three guns there were at the halt, each drawn by six horses. Their track I had traced the whole way from Christiania by the deep furrows tramped out of the snow by their hoofs. Some cavalry served as their guard; the rest were infantrymen on skis. All were young in appearance, though none less than the statutory age of 23. Most of them seemed fit for feats of endurance, with their Krag-Jorgensen rifles slung on their backs and their ski sticks to push themselves along in their hands. But most certainly would they be at a disadvantage if they were suddenly surprised, for they would have to unsling their rifles, having first of all dug their sticks into the snow. On the other hand, an army that was incompetent to advance on skis would instantly be overwhelmed, like buffaloes in soft snow, by such a force even half its own size.

In the first place, the men would be wearied out before they had marched more than a few furlongs; second, progress would be inevitably so slow that the whole movements of the army would be paralyzed. The Norwegian force, on the other hand, accustomed as every soldier must be to skilobning, would have a tremendous advantage against a contending enemy that dared to venture too hastily in the winter season. The skilobner not only travel more lightly over the snow, but can advance quicker than the infantry when merely on foot. They lose no ground ascending the hills, and can cover four times the distance or ordinary marching in descent. This would at once confuse any attacking general, ignorant of the swiftness on skis, in formulating his calculations for a regular assault on a given point. While his troops would be toiling in sweat to reach the rendezvous at the time appointed, weighed down by their heavy coats, essential during a halt in such a climate, the Norwegian bodies would have whipped through, more slim than the Boers, and have caught their foe in the rear. Historical instances were fairly plentiful in 1808, when the Swedes so rashly attacked the Norwegians. The snow of the winter is Norway's best fortification. This is true in a detailed as well as in a general sense, for a trench of snow serves as admirably as a bank of sand against flying bullets.

A company has formed up in line behind a hill, extended, and advanced to the brow. Each man with his skis tramps down the snow and kicks up a narrow, roughly made trench. He shakes off the snow from his skis and seats himself on them as comfortably as a sculler finds his seat in a low, narrow outrigger. The word to fire is given; sometimes he aims while in this position, sometimes at the kneeling. I was curious as to how this could be managed.

With some the difficulty was got over by detaching the ski from the left foot and digging the right ski aslant into the ground, but the body had to be brought around to the front into a position that looked far from being free and easy. Independent firing was more common than the firing by sections; at the same time, the shooting appeared to be less spasmodic than is usual in our manoeuvers at home, for there seemed to be a custom that each man fired in turn all down the line of the company at the enemy, settled in partial cover at about 800 yards ahead. The distance was correctly found out by Capt. Krag by means of the stereoscopic telescope made by Carl Zeiss, of Jena—certainly a clever invention. The aim was taken with passable care, though there were occasions in which blame could have been given for slovenly shooting, and the sighting was assisted by the dodge of resting the point of the muzzle in the loop of the ski stick, which the individual had stuck in the ground in front of him. This seemed a dubious policy, for, while it assists in attaining a proper aim, the ski stick is a prop that cannot be used during the summer. Now and again the enemy would come out of their hiding and race to the bottom of a hill. Then was the time for quick aiming, for the foe more nearly approached in their speed to running deer rather than a body composed of advancing infantry by rushes.

But the one great weak point appeared to me to be the fact that while the men were on skis so many of the officers were mounted. The same objection to infantry advancing in the snow on foot applies with even greater force to mounted men, whose horses plunge about in the soft snow and tire quickly exhausted. The only alternative is to keep to the high road, and thereby the essential instant touch between the officer and the rank and file is lost. It is inevitable to have all officers of inferior rank experienced on skis.

There are, however, splendid exceptions, and a moment after I had made this decision I saw coming toward the staff, galloping at full tilt over the snow, a horse and behind him a man on skis. The officer was none other than Capt. Dietrichson, famous as the companion of Dr. Nansen on his trip across Greenland, and among the best of skilobere in Norway. Tied to his belt were the traces that attached him to the girth and saddle of the horse. In his hands he held nothing more than the reins. The traces were of sufficient length so that should he fall forward there would be room enough to avoid the hind hoofs of the animal. But the practice is a dangerous one, on the ground that the horse may take fright or that the driver's ski may strike a stone, causing him to stumble and to be dragged along before he has power to check the horse. The driver has to be quick on his skis, and yet well balanced but the speed which he is able to attain will always render his services of the highest importance in a real campaign. The cold makes it difficult for the buglers to blow; the cease fire is ordered and is sounded at various points, but each time in a different way. Those who were enemies shoot down the hill, but, friends again, all meet, tramp on each other's skis as they form up in their companies and listen to the praises and reprimands of the colonel responsible for the preliminary dispositions. Christiania has been saved and I return with a double hunger, satisfied that I shall not be reduced to half rations.

DERBY FAVORITE HIS.

W. C. Whitney Leases Volodyovski to Win It.

W. C. WHITNEY.

Now that ex-Secretary of the Navy Whitney has secured from Lady Meux a two-year lase on the running qualities of the first favorite for the English derby, the famous light blue colors will be carried by both Voldyovski and Prince Charles, another derby favorite. Americans look forward to the event with much interest.

CONGRESSMAN CRUMP DEAD.

Bay City, Mich., May 1.—Congressman Rosseau E. Crump, from the Tenth district, died at his home in West Bay City early today from heart trouble. He was elected to congress in 1895, has served three terms, and was re-elected last fall for the fourth time.

ELEVATOR FIRE.

Carbondale, Ill., May 1.—Fire today destroyed the elevator of the Carbondale Milling and Elevator company, with 75,000 bushels of wheat. Loss, about $60,000; insured.

You can rent houses, stores, offices or rooms by means of a Herald want ad.

ENGINE COMBINE

Vanderbilt Will Be Interested In Big Machinery Consolidation.

Has a Fire Box Invention That Will Be Pushed.

Name of New Combination Will Be Allis-Chalmers Company.

New York, May 1.—The Herald says: All the details connected with the formation of the $50,000,000 consolidation of mining machinery and engine manufacturers having been arranged, now comes an official announcement that the new company will number as its directors Cornelius Vanderbilt, the inventor of the Vanderbilt locomotive fire box, who, it is stated, will take a prominent position in the operation of the company's affairs. Young Vanderbilt's connection with the projected company is generally ascribed to the utility of his invention, which has been adopted by several railroads, including the New York Central & Hudson River, the Union Pacific and the Baltimore & Ohio. Incidentally he will be one of the large stockholders of the new company.

Besides Mr. Vanderbilt, the board of directors of the Allis-Chalmers company, the name selected for the combination, will consist of Judge E. H. Gary, James Stillman, president National City bank; William A. Read, of Vermilye & Co.; William L. King, of Pennsylvania; Henry Hoyt, of Chicago; Max Pam, general counsel of the American Steel and Wire company; William L. Allis, Charles Allis, Edward D. Adams, Frank G. Bigelow and M. D. Cox.

The presence of Judge Gary and of Mr. Pam in the board has been taken by some to mean that the combination will be closely allied with the big steel combination; but Charles Steele, of J. P. Morgan & Co., denied that the proposed combination would be connected with the great steel company.

FACTS ABOUT ICELAND.

Errors of a School Teacher Are Refuted.

To the Editor of The Herald:

On April 23, one of the teachers of an East End school had occasion to tell her pupils what she knew about Iceland, during the recital in geography, but from what some Icelandic children in her room said I do not think that she knew what she was talking about. She told her pupils that Iceland was inhabited by Esquimaux and uneducated people. Such is not the case. There never was an Esquimaux in Iceland unless the early settlers, who were from six to eight feet tall, might be called by that name. Even its present inhabitants are larger than the average people. I always thought Esquimaux were rather undersized.

In relation to its history: Iceland was discovered in 874 by Ingolfur Arnason and later during the reign of Harold the Fair, members of the nobility and many of Norway's chiefs left their homes in Norway and sailed their steel plated dragons toward this lonely island of volcanoes. Its majestic mountains flaming with fire and crowned with glaciers, its sunny valleys and wild torrents, its terrific gales and tempestuous ocean suited the temper of the Norsemen, and here in this land of frost and fire they built a little Norway. The colonists, or Icelanders, as they were now called established a republic, the first in Northern Europe, in July, 930 A. D. the first "althing," or congress, met for the government of the island.

Sailing westward they discovered Greenland in 974, and colonized it, and a few years later, at the close of the tenth century, in 987, and following years, or nearly 500 years before Columbus, Leifur Eyriksson and others discovered America which they called Vinland, id goda, or Wineland, the Beautiful. Lately this fact has been recognized by Americans.

Christianity was introduced about 1000 A. D. and for nearly two centuries following Iceland saw an unparalleled literary activity. Then were written the Eddas, the Sagas and most of the famous writings of the Norse or old Icelandic literature. In the fourteenth century Iceland became subject to the king of Norway, and a century later it passed over to Denmark under whose supremacy it has since remained. During the past century the people have awakened from their long slumber and have sought to restore their former institutions. In 1874 they succeeded in receiving a tolerably fair constitution from Denmark and since then have made considerable progress.

The people of Iceland are not ignorant; everybody, from a 10-year-old child, can read, write and figure. This small nation can number a few eminent men, as the sculptor, Albert Thorwaldsen; Magnuson, son of an Icelandic fisherman; the antiquarian, Finn Magnuson; the astronomer, Gunndogson, and the poets Pieturson, Olafson, Thorlakson, Jonson Thorarinson and Hallyrimson. To these may be added a number of present writers as Gisloson, Gudbrandson and Magnuson, antiquarians and philologists; Grondal and Thoraldson, naturalists; Melsted, historian; and the poets Grondal, Jochumson and Thorsteinson.

Mr. Editor, I hope you have room for this in your paper somewhere where this teacher may be able to read it. The Icelanders who live in Duluth or elsewhere do not like to be represented in a false light. This is reported as the third time that this has happened in that East End school, and as there are twenty-two Icelandic punils attending there, we are in hopes that it will not happen again.

T. F. OLSON.

Duluth, May 1.

BENCH SHOW OPENS.

Chicago, May 1.—The annual bench show of the Mascoutan Kennel club opened here today, with more than 1000 dogs entered. The judges, Mrs. E. H. Houghton Giles, of England; E. G. Moetimer, of New York; T. S. Bellen, of Minneapolis; Dr. J. S. Niven, of London, Ont.; T. Donnaghue, of La Salle, Ill.; John A. Long and J. A. Graham, both of St. Louis, began the judging at once.

NEWMARKET RACES.

London, May. 1—The race for the two thousand guineas stake at Newmarket today was won by Sir E. Cassells brown colt Handicapper. Doricles was second and Osboch third. William C. Whitney's brown colt Prince Charles II, and Pierre Lorillard's chestnut colt Exedo represented American owners, while six American jockeys were distributed among the seventeen runners.

WILLIAM ELLIOTT DEAD.

Detroit, May 1.—Hon. William H. Elliott, Michagan member of the Republican national committee, died at his residence here early today after a brief illness. Mr. Elliott, who was a prominent local dry goods merchant, was 57 years of age and leaves a widow. He was born near Amherstburg, Ont.

ENDED AT ILOILO.

Surrender of Quentin Salles Ends Insurrection There.

Washington, May 1.—The war department this morning received the following cablegram from Gen. MacArthur at Manilla:

"Quentin Salles surrendered Iloilo April 21. All organized opposition in that island ended."

HANGING RESTORED.

Capital Punishment Again Permitted In Colorado.

Denver, May 1.—A bill passed by the legislature restoring capital punishment in Colorado by hanging becomes a law without the governor's signature, the time in which he could veto it having expired last night. Under the law, which becomes effective July 1 next, the jury will fix the penalty in murder cases.

"I had piles so bad I could get no rest nor find a cure until I tried DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. After using it once, I forgot I ever had anything like piles."—E. C. Boice, Somers Point, N. Y. Look out for imitations. Be sure you ask for DeWitt's. Max Wirth.

California Excursion May 7th and 8th.

Account launching of battleship Ohio, at San Francisco, May 18, "The North-Western Line" will, on May 7 and 8, sell excursion tickets to San Francisco and return at the very low rate of $67.90. These tickets are good going and returning via Missouri river. If passengers so desire they can go via the Missouri river and return via any one of the Northern lines at a rate of $80.40 for the round trip. These tickets are good for return passage on or before thirty days from date of sale, with stop over privilege on the return trip within life of ticket. Here is an opportunity to see the Western country in all its grandeur at a minimum cost.

All information concerning tickets, reservations of berths, etc., etc., at the city office of "The North-Western Line." Duluth.

Mme. Boyde Complexion and Hair Dressing Parlors.

Over 216 West Superior Street

Miss Jones, of New York, in Charge

New Methods. New Styles. Finest appointed parlors in the West.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink **ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.**

Sold in Duluth at

The Ideal Beer Hall.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Maybe your moving today and want a new Stove!

You'll Want Cooking Utensils!

There are few things that come into the kitchen which will cause more trouble and annoyance than cooking utensils of poor quality, and in buying them housekeepers should be careful to see that they are the best quality and well finished.

Agate Nickel-Steel Ware

Fills every requirement—its lightness, cleanliness and durability especially commending it to every prudent housewife.

KelleyHdwCo

CASUALTIES.

Gen. MacArthur's Latest List From the Philippines.

Washington, May 1.—Gen. MacArthur at Manilla, reports the following casualties:

Following deaths have occurred since last report:

Drowned—Dodies recovered, April 11, Company A, Twenty-seventh Infantry, Oscar E. Weeding; April 17, Company A, Twenty-eighth Infantry, John Tessmar; April 26, Company T, Twenty-first Infantry, Corp. James D. McGill, Robert L. Tipps. All other casualties—April 22, Company H, Twenty-fifth Infantry, Corp. Elwood A. Forman; April 21, Company D, Sixth Infantry, John H. Haltr; April 20, Company G, Third Infantry, Noah E. Gardner; April 24, Company D, Third Infantry, Robert C. Wood; April 22, Company H, Third cavalry, Powell V. Dials; April 19, Company G, Ninth cavalry, Samuel R. Oggs; April 17, Company H, Twenty-fifth Infantry, Green Badgett; April 27, Company A, Twenty-fourth Infantry, Sergt. Henry Thomas; April 26, Company A, Third Infantry, Elven Pace; April 13, Company D, Ninth cavalry, Freda Robinson; March 14, Company A, Fourth infantry, Eugene E. Sigsbee; April 20, Company B, Twenty-first infantry, Alonzo Smith; April 19, Company L, Fifteenth infantry, Corp. Frank E. Waldron.

GOLD FOR FRANCE.

New York, May 1.—Lazard Freres will ship $1,000,000 gold on the French steamer sailing tomorrow.

ANNUAL MEETING.

Cleveland, May 1.—The annual meeting of the Chicago & St. Louis Railroad company was held here today. The report of the directors of the year ending Dec. 31, 1900, shows that the gross earnings were $7,031,358, total expenses $5,682,265; net earnings $1,531,093.

FOUND GOLD.

Second Strike on Osborne Farm at Akron.

Akron, Ohio, May 1.—Joseph Myers, employed on the old Oscar Osborne farm, dug up a kettle today containing $3600 in gold. It was found near the barn. This is the second discovery of gold made on the place, making a total of more than $5000. Osborne's relatives have always contended that there was $20,000 hidden in various places.

Edgar Johnson is now serving a life sentence in the Ohio penitentiary for killing old man Osborne for refusing to tell where the gold was hidden.

Fast Mail.

Duluth-Superior-Chicago Fast Mail train, over "The North-Western Line," leaves Duluth daily at 5-p. m.

This is the only solid through passenger train between the head of the lakes and Chicago, the only train with a "free" chair car, the only train carrying a dining car.

Let Every Advertiser Remember

That when he or she inserts a want advertisement in The Herald requiring responses by letter, that each person is entitled to receive a ticket containing the address, and such ticket presented to The Herald advertising window is absolutely necessary in order to obtain the responses.

If you have a good business, advertise and keep it. If you have not, advertise in The Herald and get it.

MAY SHAPE CUBA'S DESTINY

President of the Convention, Mendez Capote, Who Is Trying to Reconcile Opinions of Delegates.

Senor Capote, one of the Cuban extremists, was the chairman of the Cuban delegation that visited Washington last week and discussed with the president and the secretary of war the meaning of "the Platt amendment."

You cannot enjoy perfect health, rosy cheeks and sparkling eyes if your liver is sluggish and your bowels clogged. DeWitt's Little Early Risers cleanse the whole system. They never gripe. Max Wirth.

NEW PLAN TO DETECT

Fingerprint System Used By the Police of Bengal.

It Excels Anything In Practice In Europe or Here.

Methods of Checking Make It an Infallible Guide.

Madras, April 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Poe, who is said to be the father of the detective story; Gaboriau and Conan Doyle, might have revelled in some fuller developments of the art detective had they been cognizant of the fingerprint system of the Bengal police. Not even the Bertillon system, which was the last great addition to criminal lore, is of greater use in the detection of criminals than is this now recently perfected system.

This codification of finger prints is known as the Henry system, it having been invented by a gentleman of that name, and very generally adopted throughout India, from whence it is shortly to be copied into Great Britain.

It is the most perfect and up-to-date classification yet made, and will, doubtless, be universally adopted as soon as it is understood by the various police departments of the world.

The method of the identification of individuals by this system is perfectly simple, although extremely ingenious.

In India, where it is in general use, the finger prints of every person convicted in the criminal courts are taken and duly filed as per classification.

An individual, who has previously been unknown to the police of the district where he is arrested, is compelled to have his finger prints taken, and they are at once duly classified. Following this, reference is made to the corresponding group of classification numbers in the cabinet or file, and if a positively identical impression is found the history of the person is known as thoroughly as if he had told it himself. Should there not be a duplicate of his impression discoverable in the series the individual is put down as "unknown to the police," under which classification he becomes entitled to the benefit of the "First Offender's Act."

A singular instance of detection of crime by means of this system of finger prints occurred in the Julpargurl district.

The body of the manager of a tea estate there was found under such circumstances as to leave no doubt of the fact that he had been foully murdered. His dispatch box, which had been rifled, was found lying near the body.

When the box was searched an almanack was discovered in it marked with two paint smudges. These were found, under chemical examination, to be made by human blood. A powerful magnifying glass revealed the further fact that they were the prints of a human thumb. A careful search of the record filed by the Bengal police led to the identification of the impression as that of the thumb of a well-known criminal.

The evidence was of a sufficiently strong character to induce a native jury to convict the individual of theft, a conviction which might, it was thought, have been made for murder but for the prejudices of the jurymen.

The way in which the finger prints are taken is a matter of the first importance, as a correct impression is of the utmost importance in order to make the system valuable.

The fingers are first pressed on a plate of tin, which has been evenly and thinly coated with printing ink. They are then pressed on suitable paper in such a way as may be considered desirable.

If precautions to avoid smudging are taken, clever prints, which are exact duplicates of the originals, will be obtained. If the finger-tips are simply pressed upon the paper without any other movement the print is considered a plain one.

The usual course is to take the prints simultaneously of the tips of the four, middle and ring fingers.

In order to obtain the imprint of a larger area of the finger-tip another plan is resorted to. To take what is termed a rolled impression, one finger only is inked at a time, after which it is laid on the paper in such a position that the nail is in a vertical plane. The finger is then rolled on the paper, across the ball, until the nail is again vertical. These rolled impressions are taken in the natural order, commencing with the right hand, passing from the thumb to the little finger. This process is then repeated with the left hand, the impressions of which are placed under those of the right hand. These impressions are, of course, always taken in the presence of a responsible officer.

To avoid any possibility of fraud plain impressions of the fore, middle and ring fingers of both hands are taken at the same time on the same sheet of paper.

As a still further precaution the three fingers are thrust through a frame with three apertures before being inked, the impression being taken while they are thus fixed.

The correspondence thus established fully indicates that the rolled impressions were taken in the sequence referred to and are from the digits of the same individual.

When it comes to the point of identifying the individuals by means of the finger prints, arranged in this particular order, an ingenious and complicated system has been arranged. The distinction is made between the character of the different lines shown in the impressions, some of which are in the form of whorls, or composites, others being known as loops, which are indicated by oblique lines, sloping in the direction taken by the loop itself. When the palm of the right hand is laid upon a table, the downward slope of the ridges forming the loop is from the thumb towards the little finger, which is termed ulnar; when the loops in the right hand take the opposite direction, inclining from the little finger thumbwards, they are called radial, and the difference leads to a further proof of the correctness of the system. There are further subdivisions and combinations which enable the prints to be so classified as to prevent, practically, the impossibility of a mistake being made in an identification whenever the impressions are accurately taken.

R. S. LYDECKER.

New Styles..

In Summer Suits and Skirts.

Made for ordinary or extraordinary wear. Pretty as pretty can be. Stylish, shapely, lasting, and at the very least prices for which the best materials can be made up in the best styles. This is what you will find in our parlors.

New Suits.

Well tallored, showing many variations of the prevailing fashions from Paris models—

$12.50 up

Silk Lined Suits—

Attractive designs, lined with fine Taffeta Silk throughout—

$19.50 up

Rainy-Day Shirts—

Plaid or plain, made to stand bad weather—

$3.75 up

Traveling Suits and Skirts, Golf Skirts, Taffeta Jackets.

Parisian Suit Company,

Charles Freimuth, Manager,

106 West Superior Street.

NO TROUBLE.

Peaceable Adjustment of Labor Scales In Building Trades.

Pittsburg, May 1.—Today, the first of May, virtually opens the building season and nearly all the scales of building trades go into effect this morning. Fortunately for the contractors, already rushed with work, practically all of these have been settled and the season will open without any labor trouble, outside of the tieing up of one or two of the smaller firms which did not settle on the terms of the different contractors' associations. Not in many years has there been so peaceable an adjustment of the building trades on May 1 in Pittsburg, and this in the face of the fact that nearly every trade secures an advance over the year just closed and the 8-hour day.

NO OVERTIME.

Eight-Hour Law Knocked Out at Tacoma.

Tacoma, May 1.—Judge W. H. Snell sustained the demurrer of the city to the complaint of the former city employes who have been suing for overtime. This decision knocks out the 8-hour law passed by the legislature of 1899. The principal ground for the decision is that the law attempts to interfere with the right of private contract. It is in line with a recent decision of the New York appellate court.

REDUCTION IN IRON.

London, May 1.—A reduction of 1 pound per ton in South Staffordshire marked iron was announced today. The price is now £8 10s, within £1 of the price before the boom. The step is attributed to the severe depression in all branches of the iron trade. The manufacturers are hopeful that the coal tax will reduce the price of local fuel.

PASSING QUIETLY.

Paris, May 1.—May day is passing quietly. Work is proceeding here as usual and telegrams from the provinces show the day, thus far, to have been uneventful.

ARRAIGNMENT POSTPONED.

New York, May 1.—Albert T. Patrick was arraigned today to plead to the charge of the murder of William Marsh Rice, but at the request of his counsel, the arraignment was postponed.

Pullman Tourist Sleeper to California Via The Sunshine Route---C. M. & St. P. Ry.

Every Tuesday a splendid, up-to-date Pullman tourist sleeper leaves Minneapolis at 7:50 a. m., and St. Paul 8:00 a. m., via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry. and runs through without change to Los Angeles, Cal., via Kansas City and the A. T. & S. F. Ry.—the famous Sunshine Route—arriving there the following Saturday morning.

Through berth rate, Twin Cities to Los Angeles, only $6.00. Each berth in this sleeper will comfortably accommodate two persons.

Tickets for use in this tourist sleeper, from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Los Angeles, San Francisco, etc., now being sold at the unusually low rate of $22.50.

For further particulars and descriptive folder, address J. T. Conley, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn., or see "Milwaukee" ticket agents.

CELESTIAL TRANSIT

A Discovery May Permit Communication With Solar System.

The Law of Inter-Stellar Measurements Has Been Found.

Claims Made By an Electrical Engineer In Indianapolis.

Washington, May 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—How soon is interplanetary communication to be established?

Is this startling discovery to come rushing upon us as other tremendously important revelations have come with little or no warning, or is the problem which we are now setting out to solve to employ a large slice of the present century in working out?

On this point there is a great difference of opinion amongst such of the greatest thinkers of the day as are qualified to speak from a scientific standpoint.

The latest contribution to this intensely interesting subject is the assertion made by H. Barringer Cox, an electrical engineer in Indianapolis, that he has discovered "the law of inter-stellar measurements."

This discovery, it is claimed, ranks with Newton's discovery of the law of gravitation. The magnetic waves which Mr. Cox claims to have been able to determine are to be measured with the aid of finely-constructed electrical instruments.

These impulses it is believed have for ages been sent through space from planet to planet.

The theory is not at all at variance with the supposed correlation of the various bodies in the solar system, belief that they existed having been entertained by the ancients.

When it is considered that distance on the planet has been practically annihilated through the electric telegraph, and that by the vast strides made in optics visual distance has been enormously shortened, there is no excuse for being over-skeptical in regard to the present efforts to establish interplanetary communication.

It is by combining a system of observations through electrical and optical instruments that the Indianapolis expert will seek to convey to waiting worlds in space the message they may be expecting from us.

Mr. Cox asserts that the observations made recently in connection with the minor planet Eros has enabled him to perfect his system for measuring the waves. He says that the distances in space will be established as absolutely as they now are on this globe.

The thought is majestic if mystifying, inspiring if impractical.

H. Barringer Cox, who makes these assertions, is well known throughout the scientific world for his investigations in electrical phenomena. He has long felt that the time must arrive when astronomers would discover the key to this mighty problem. As electricians are more able by using electrical measurements to the one-billionth part of a unit, Mr. Cox thinks that the task to be accomplished will now be a comparatively easy one.

It will form the only tangible basis for interplanetary communication.

Mr. Cox is corroborated by others in the suggestion that a new oscillatory movement which extends from influences beyond the earth has been noted.

Nicholas Tesla a short time ago astonished the public by the assertion that he had observed oscillations on his telegraph wires that had undoubtedly come from another planet.

William A. Eddy, whose observations have been made with the aid of kites, which he flies by means of metal wire, contributes the statement that he has received electric currents which must have come from bodies out in space, asserting that they were probably from the sun.

The developments wrought in liquid air during recent years have demonstrated that the atmosphere of the earth must constantly be giving to, or taking from, interplanetary space a small proportion of the more volatile gases such as helium, neon, hydrogen, argon, xenon and krypton. In this way we possibly exchange slightly with Jupiter or Mars, or with whatever planet may contain in its atmosphere a surplus of the product which we lack.

What adds enormously to the interest of the situation is the fact that Nova, the new star which astronomers are intently watching, is nearing us with great rapidity. For three centuries no star as bright as this Nova has appeared. On Feb. 22 it was already one magnitude brighter than the pole star, which means several times brighter, and it was brighter still and increasing steadily in brightness the following evening.

While in his latest expressions on the subject Camille Flammarion upholds his previously expected belief in the possibility of communicating with Mars, his opinion is strongly combated by some authorities.

Sir Robert Ball and Maurice Loewy both differ with Flammarion. They consider the feat impossible. But many other astronomers are hopeful that the "hello" to Mars will be established as soon as we have got the new inter-ocean "hello" well agoing.

An eminent American astronomer said to me in this connection yesterday: "The probability is that as soon as Mr. Cox has made a number of his inter-stellar space measurements, some definite plans will have been formed for attempting to signal Mars. Mars will undoubtedly be the planet selected. We know Mars pretty well by now. She is only a little over 40,000,000 miles away—a mere trifle when you once get the proper momentum to start off into space with—the purchase, so to speak for the dash. The Martian year consists of 680 days, but it revolves on its axis every twenty-four hours and a half, or thereabouts. We know that it has continents, seas and similar physical features to this earth. The construction of the canals which are believed to form a series of locks between the Martian oceans are the principal evidence that Mars is inhabited by human intelligences as advanced, at least, as our own.

"The Earth is the most brilliant star in the Martian heavens. These people, therefore, must be interested in us if they have only advanced as far as we have. Owing to the vastly greater age of Mars, and its superior size, they may have progressed infinitely farther than ourselves in optics and in all branches of science. Our strongest telescope lens magnifies only 8000 times. They may have gone so far as to perfect instruments which reveal us to them distinctly. Enlarged tele-photographs of us may form part of the exhibit in their cinematograph exhibitions. They may be lamenting our state of savagery and contemplating sending missionaries to civilize us, just at this moment. Perhaps it is their concentrated thought waves which are influencing us even at this instant to take such an interest in the question of communicating with them. That we are more likely to receive signals which we can understand than they to get any from us, most American astronomers believe. That is why Mars is watched so closely. Who knows but these new vibrations felt on our telegraph wires may not be sent by them. Mars may have much to tell us. Mars may even be complaining in-voding us when her own climate grows too cool," and the professor relaxed to make a grimace.

"The question of what means we shall adopt to attract the attention of Mars is what we must get at. Geometrical signs I would suggest as the most likely to be universally understood. Light-rays are the only means known to us by which communication could be established. But in physics there are so many possibilities. Electricity, astral magnetism, even attraction may solve the problem for us in an easier way.

"With our present facilities flashlights—say first single, then double and next triple—could be tried in sequence. Mars could answer us with the same simple code. We then could advance gradually until more complex flashes were arranged. It would be a good plan to select seven American cities, located so that they would represent the constellation of the North star, and to place lights of enormous candle-power at each.

"There should be no dismay felt if our signals are not answered at first. Mars may have been vainly signaling us for years and have concluded that we were but a lot of barbarians incapable of interplanetary thought.

"The best time in the year for making an attempt to communicate with Mars is in August, the worst being in February. The nearer the date is to August the better. We consequently should already now be forming plans for the coming opportunity, as they will require a great deal of very careful working out.

FREDERICK WATSON.

Those famous little pills, DeWitt's Little Early Risers will remove all impurities from your system, cleanse your bowels, make them regular. Max Wirth.

THE G. C. STEELE CO.,

DULUTH, MINNESOTA.

Another lot of those fancy Roman Seats—to go on sale at a lower price than ever. Exactly like cut, seat upholstered in Damask or Velour, frame polished birch mahogany, **Special $1.75**

Solid Oak Reading Stand and Revolving Book Case—book shelves turn in any direction—top adjustable, so that any light can be thrown on your book. Size of book shelves, 15x15x12. Top is 14x18—large enough for any big book. It's a case that holds about thirty volumes—substantial as well as an ornament to any office or library—**Special..... $3.40**

Best Polished Oak Chiffonier—three large drawers—two small ones, and cabinet, mounted on castors—would be a big bargain at $9.co—

Our Price..... $5.75

See the Iron Bed we sell for $2.10—full size, best white enamel fancy Iron Rods—

Special..... $2.10

Complete House Furnishings

Sold on Time—A Word About Our Payments—

We are known as the most liberal house in Duluth. Payments to suit YOU. It's a privilege of YOURS—don't forget to ask for CREDIT.

THE G. C. STEELE CO.

CZARINA WOULD ABDICATE

Empress of All the Russias Urges Her Royal Spouse to Let His Successor Be Appointed.

The war party in Russia, which is believed to be behind all the recent demonstrations against the peace-loving czar wants to urge Nicholas II to abdicate in favor of the heir-apparent, Grand Duke Michael, who favors the aggressive policy to which they are irrevocably committed. The czarina favors this policy.

30c and 25c Fancy Mixed Suitings—36 to 40 inches wide—pleasing color combinations—regular 30c dress goods—during our great May sale ... **12½c**

75c and 50c Novelty Dress Goods—in both American and imported weaves—and the correct and fashionable spring colors—40 to to 44 inches wide—only ... **29c**

$1.25 and $1.00 Imported Dress Fabrics—elegant silk and wool novelties—a splendid variety of colorings and effects—40 to 45 inches wide ... **49c**

$1.75 Skirtings—Fine, soft, heavy stuffs—self or handsome plaid backs—in gray, tan, blue, black, brown and mixed colors—54 inches wide ... **$1.29**

$1.00 black guaranteed Taffeta—20 inches wide—rich lustrous Taffeta—equal in wear to the $1.25 silk—during our great May sale the price will be only ... **75c**

$1.25 black Taffeta, wear guaranteed—23 inches wide—extra heavy quality—handsome "glove" finish—during our great May sale—per yard ... **$1.00**

Freimuth's
GREATEST DAYLIGHT STORE.

$1.00 and 85c Satin Foulards—25 inches wide in the new and fashionable spring colors and designs—very fine goods—$1.00 and 85c Foulards—during our great May sale you buy it at ... **69c**

$1.50 extra quality Peau de Soie—elegant black—soft, firm texture—23 inches wide—this is our regular $1.50 quality, but during our great May sale the price will be only—per yard ... **$1.19**

$4.50 ruffled Bobbinet Curtains -- Sweet dainty effects -- three yards long -- during our great May sale the price is only ... **$3.29**

50c Foulard silks—20 inches wide--pretty, fancy floral and novel figures on dark and medium grounds in the spring colors--during our May sale the price will be only ... **35c**

A Mighty May Sale of Seasonable Merchandise!

Making the month memorable—from a bargain standpoint—creating mid-spring opportunities for the profitable purchase of everything for city house, country home, camp or cottage, floor coverings, household helps—costumes for traveling and outing, etc. The April just passed will go on record as one of the busiest in our eighteen years' career in Duluth. Starting as it did with the magnificent enthusiasm of our Easter opening—the hearty buying has known neither lag no let up, forcing sales far ahead of even our anticipations. Now, May sales must do likewise. This May must exceed all other Mays, and to start the selling vigorously and emphatically we offer these stirring values, yet they're merely hints of a thousand others about the store, making a bargain occasion that by Saturday night will be the most talked of event that has occurred in months. The sale starts tomorrow and lasts through **Thursday, Friday and Saturday.**

65c black Cheviots and Storm Serges—all wool—42 inches wide—hard twisted—splendid wearing fabrics—during our great May sale the price will be only ... **48c**

88c black Storm Serges and Cheviots—52 inches wide—extra quality and high finish—the 88c quality—during our great May sale at the ridiculously low price of ... **68c**

85c Black Peau de Soie, 19 inches wide—splendid for serviceable and stylish waists—price ... **69c**

50c Wash Silks, a guaranteed imported Japanese Wash Silk, in pretty stripes and cord effects ... **39c**

50c Working Shirts, in medium and dark colors, extra heavy quality—May sale price ... **39c**

40c Balbriggan Underwear—Very nicely made and finished—shirts or drawers—May sale price ... **25c**

15c Sox, in black, tan or gray mixed colors, regular 15c quality—on sale here during this sale at ... **10c**

$1.75 and $1.50 high art novelty Dress Goods—beautiful fabrics in fashionable weaves—44 in wide ... **98c**

15c English Long Cloth, Pure, fine, soft Chamois finish, 36 inches wide—on sale here tomorrow at ... **9c**

12½c pure Linen Crash Toweling—full bleached—fast color, red border, 18-inches wide, is only ... **8c**

9-4 Pepperell Sheeting, full bleached, regular price is never less than 23c, at per yard ... **17½c**

12½c Linen Huck Towels—ready hemmed—fast color border—17x28 inches; sells for 12½c—only ... **8c**

75c Bleached and Cream Table Damask, 62 and 66-inches wide; pure Irish linen—worth 75c at ... **48c**

$2 Fringed Bed Spreads; extra large size, fine quality heavy knotted fringe—handsome Marseilles pat'rns ... **$1.48**

10c Percales—in medium and dark colors; very good quality ... **7½c**

10c pretty Figured Dimities—in all the new spring colorings and figures ... **6c**

15c 36-inch Percales—extra fine quality—at only, per yard ... **10c**

35c Dotted Swisses—pretty for summer waists—all the new spring colors at ... **25c**

25c Dimities—Extra quality in beautiful patterns—May sale price ... **15c**

35c Mercerized Black Sateen, 36 inches wide—very fine quality—May sale price ... **25c**

10c Emb Handkerchiefs of Good Lawn, May sale price—only ... **7c**

15c Hemstitched Initial Handkerchiefs, of good linen lawn—pretty initial in corner ... **10c**

$1.25 Umbrellas—Mercerized sateen cover, on 26-inch Paragon frame—steel rod—natural wood handles—silver mounted ... **89c**

Extra Fine Taffeta Umbrellas—on 26-inch frame steel—steel rod—fine Gloria Taffeta covers, with handsome handles of pearl and ivory, silver mounted—May sale price ... **$1.50**

$3.00 Colored Silk Umbrellas—fine quality colored twilled silk covers—very pretty Princess handles ... **$2.25**

Women's $3.00 Shoes, in extension soles, hand turned and very flexible McKays, patent leather or kid tips, in Dongola or Vici kid—May sale price—only ... **$2.50**

Women's $2.00 Oxfords hand turned Oxfords in all the newest shapes—fine, soft stock—new heels—patent leather and kid tips—May sale price—only ... **$1.50**

Women's $2.00 Vici Kid Shoes in lace or button, light flexible soles, inside cork soles to make soft for tender feet. ... **$1.50**

Women's $1.50 Vici Kid Oxfords, very flexible soles—patent leather tips—Cuban heels, splendid wearing ties ... **$1.19**

Misses' $1.50 Shoe in Box Calf or Kid, new round toe, soles light or heavy, good wearing shoes, sizes 11 to 2 ... **$1.25**

Little Gents' $1.25 Shoes, satin calf or tan willow calf shoes—solid leather and serviceable—May sale price ... **$1.00**

Misses' $1.35 Tan Shoes, A very good shoe for the money—May sale price ... **$1.00**

Budd's $1 Baby Shoes sizes 5 to 8—May sale price ... **75c**

Ladies' 20c Stockings in tan and fast black—the "Only" dye—very elastic—our May sale price only ... **12½c**

Ladies' 35c Imp't'd Stockings—made of fine Maco or Lisle yarns—black with white soles or tan—Hermsdorf fast black dye ... **25c**

15c fast black stockings for boys and girls; double knees—very elastic and durable May sale price ... **8c**

25c Ribbed Hose, absolutely fast black, fine or heavy rib, double knees and soles ... **18c**

Ladies' 20c Jersey or Swiss ribbed vests in either white or ecru, good summer weight, nicely trimmed ... **15c**

Ladies' 13c white vests—sleeveless, Richelieu ribbed, May sale price only ... **8c**

Ladies' 35c Mercerized cotton vests, Richelieu ribbed, very neatly trimmed at neck & arms, May sale price only ... **25c**

Ladies' 75c Fancy Colored or white Vests, made of Lace Lisle or fine Mercerized cotton—lace trimmed—May sale price—only ... **50c**

Ladies' 75c Union Suits, fine lisle—low neck--no sleeves—ankle length—perfect fitting and splendidly made--only ... **50c**

35c Twice Round Ties, 5 cord stock and hemstitched ends—May sale price—only ... **25c**

35c Folded Satin Stock Collars—all colors—May sale price ... **25c**

5c and 8c Machine Torchon Lace--Large variety of pretty patterns—1 to 3 inches wide—worth 5c to 8c—May sale price ... **3c**

29c Fancy Striped and Corded Taffeta Silk Ribbons—very pretty spring colorings—3½ inches wide—just the thing for Neck Dressings—May sale price—only ... **19c**

50c Double-faced Satin Ribbon—3½ to 5 inches wide—very fine quality Satin Ribbons, May sale price—only ... **25c**

35c and 25c Children's Silk Gloves, May sale price—only ... **19c**

$1.00 Kid Gloves—Real German Kid Gloves—two clasps—in tan, brown, mode, red and black ... **69c**

50c Celluloid Side Combs at ... **25c**

35c New Pretty Shell Back Combs at ... **25c**

25c Fancy Web Hose Supporters for ... **19c**

15c pkg. doz. Shell Hair Pins at ... **10c**

5c Good Paper Ink Tablets—An extraordinary offer—May sale price—only ... **3c**

38c Finger Purses of Imitation Seal Leather—May sale price—only ... **25c**

75c Combination Pocket Books—good leather—nicely made—May sale price—only ... **50c**

New 50c Spatchel Dresser Scarfs and Shams, an excellent bargain at the price—(center aisle) ... **29c**

10c Linen Eating Bibs for children, worth 10c each—you can get them here during the May sale at ... **5c**

75c and 65c Pillow Tops—New designs for porch, camp, or home—May sale price only ... **48c**

$1.00 Muslin Gowns, in 8 styles, cleverly trimmed with lace, embroidery, hemstitching and French tucking—excellent muslin ... **89c**

40c Marguerite Corset Covers, extra full front, trimmed with lace and embroidery at neck and arms ... **23c**

35c Umbrella Drawers of excellent Muslin, with Cambric ruffles, trimmed with rows of tucks and hemstitching—May sale price ... **21c**

$12 Tailor Suits of excellent brown homespun—Jackets silk lined—Skirts cut with flare effects, lined with good percaline—May sale price ... **$8**

$20 Tailor Suits; in Eton, Bolero, or tight-fitting styles, in Cheviot, Broadcloth, Venetians; Jackets are all silk lined, skirts latest shapes—sizes mostly 34, 36, 38—at ... **$15**

$4 Children's Jackets; box and fitted styles with military collars—tastily trimmed in braid, blue, red, tan, etc—$3.50 and $4.00 Jackets at ... **$2.50**

$5 Walking Skirts; light and dark colored Meltons and Cheviots—self and plaid backs with flare and flounce cuts—all sizes—May sale price ... **$3.75**

$10 Silk Eton Jackets—made of excellent black Taffeta Silk—handsomely braid trimmed on collar, front and cuffs—A $10 Jacket at ... **$6.50**

$1 House Wrappers, of excellent Percale—medium color, well made, extra full hips and skirts; regular $1 Wrappers; sale price ... **83c**

$1.25 and $1 Fancy Black Dress Fabrics and Plain Camel's Hair, 44-inches wide—only ... **69c**

50c Unlaundered White Shirts, linen bosom and neck and cuff bands, reinforced back and front, extra good quality muslin body ... **39c**

65c All wool Ingrain Carpets, extra heavy, fine colorings and patterns—May sale price ... **48c**

45c Ingrain Carpets, extra heavy Cotton Ingrains, the best assortment at the head of the lakes ... **27c**

75c Fine Tapestry Brussels Carpets—deep, rich colorings, very handsome designs—May sale price ... **63c**

$1.25 Body Brussels Carpets, 5 frame, excellent quality—May sale price is only ... **90c**

$2.25 Nottingham Lace Curtains, full 3½ yds long, 50 inches wide—excellent patterns—May price ... **$1.48**

75c Nottingham Lace Curtains, 2½ yards long, excellent bargains at the price—on sale at ... **50c**

$5 Irish Point Lace Curtains, beautiful designs—exquisite lace curtains that are worth $5—at ... **$3.98**

75c Black Taffetas; 23-in. wide, extra finish and will give good service, price is only ... **59c**

$7.50 Canvas Trunks; all strong and well made with hardwood slat protectors; heavily iron bound on all corners and sides ... **$4.98**

$8.50 Best Calf Suit Cases—well made on rigid frame—heavy protected corners—best spring locks and catches—various sizes, 22 to 24 inches ... **$5.98**

75c Children's White Leghorn Hats; May sale price only ... **50c**

$1.50 Children's very fine Leghorn Hats—May sale price only ... **$1.00**

Children's 38c Mexican Hats—May sale price is only ... **25c**

25c Children's Colored Sunbonnets—May sale price is only ... **15c**

65c and 50c Children's Straw Sailor Hats, with satin or silk ribbon band—May sale price ... **25c**

Garden Sets for the children—3-piece sets hoe, rake and shovel, only ... **8c**

Garden Sets for the Children—Better ones—large sizes—only ... **15c**

25-pound Flour Cans—May sale price ... **49c**

50-pound Flour Cans—May sale price ... **75c**

100-pound Flour Cans—May sale price ... **98c**

Depere Toilet Paper, good size rolls—May sale price, twelve rolls for only ... **25c**

29c Pillow Sham Holders—May sale price only ... **23c**

Garden Rakes, Malleable Iron—never break—10 teeth 15c 12 teeth 19c 14 teeth ... **23c**

Wooden Hay Rakes, May sale price ... **18c**

40c Good Steel Hoes, May sale price ... **30c**

Best quality Steel Spades, shank and blade one piece, solid steel ... **75c**

Best Quality Steel Spading Forks—May sale price ... **59c**

Best quality steel hay forks, 3-tine, regular value 50c, May sale price only ... **39c**

4-tine Best Steel Manure forks, May sale price only ... **55c**

15c 5-ply Hose, a strictly high grade article—May sale price, per foot ... **12½c**

Our 18c Celebrated Red Hose, nothing better sold at the price a foot ... **15c**

95c Hardwood Hose Reels May sale price ... **75c**

Combination Spray Nozzles (the Gem), best nozzles made ... **45c**

10c Sponge Racks, extra heavy bright wire--May sale price ... **5c**

Cake or Bread Boxes—large size 49c, medium size 39c, small size ... **29c**

Extra large 59c Sham Holders ... **43c**

25c Reversible Top Dinner Pails ... **15c**

1000 Flue Stops only—each ... **3c**

Haviland cups and saucers—worth $4.50 the dozen; also plates; neat floral decorations—two sizes and shapes; only ... **25c**

33c fancy China Plates for fruit or cake—elegantly decorated in assorted patterns—only ... **23c**

75c plain glass Water Bottles, best quality highly polished glass, only ... **49c**

65c Jardinieres; 9-inch size; assorted shapes and decorations; latest designs, only ... **39c**

15c Stoneware Pitchers; 3-pint size; nicely glazed inside and out—only ... **9c**

$1.00 Crystal Glass Water Sets, large tankard jugs, nicely engraved, six thin blown tumblers to match and 13-inch round tray, per set ... **69c**

$2.75 Table Lamps, beautifully decorated, some with 14-inch shade—large burners—heavy cast brass foot—May price is only ... **$1.69**

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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department Weather Bureau, Duluth, Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), May 1.—Threatening or rainy weather prevails in oNrth Atlantic states, the lake region, Northern Minnesota, Northwest Canada, Washington, Oregon, Nevada and California, and mostly clear elsewhere. The winds are variable on Eastern Superior and generally northeast elsewhere, with fog over Western Superior. Warm weather continues in the Red River, Missouri, Mississippi and Ohio valleys. The barometer is high in gulf states and Northern Alberta, and low over the Dakotas and surrounding districts and North Atlantic states.

Maximum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	72	Memphis	90
Battleford	72	Miles City	90
Bismarck	90	Milwaukee	81
Boston	54	Minnedosa	90
Buffalo	90	Modena	72
Calgary	70	Montgomery	86
Charleston	74	Moorhead	90
Chicago	84	New Orleans	86
Cincinnati	84	New York	80
Davenport	84	North Platte	82
Denver	80	Oklahoma	84
Detroit	82	Omaha	84
Dodge City	76	Pittsburg	82
Duluth	40	Port Arthur	48
Edmonton	66	Portland	64
El Paso	90	Prince Albert	68
Galveston	84	Qu'Appelle	80
Green Bay	84	San Francisco	58
Havre	82	Santa Fe	88
Helena	74	Shreveport	86
Houghton	52	Spokane	66
Huron	92	St. Louis	88
Jacksonville	82	St. Paul	86
Kamloops	66	Sault Ste. Marie	56
Kansas City	86	Swift Current	84
Knoxville	64	Washington	86
La Crosse	88	Williston	70
Los Angeles	64	Winnipeg	76
Marquette	44	Winnemucca	54

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Probably showers and slightly warmer tonight and Thursday; fresh easterly to southerly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON, Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, May 1.—Forecast until 8 a. m. tomorrow: Wisconsin—Generally fair tonight and Thursday except probably showers northeast portion tonight; warmer east portion tonight. Minnesota—Generally fair tonight and Thursday except showers northeast portion tonight. North and South Dakota—Generally fair tonight and Thursday.

Upper lakes—Fresh variable winds, mostly southerly; probably showers over Huron, Superior and Northern Michigan tonight and Thursday.

Government Telegraphs and Telephones.

It is reported that Canada is about to follow the example of Great Britain and undertake the control of the telegraph and telephone service within her borders. Great Britain purchased her telegraph lines in 1870, thus creating an addition to the national debt. Much money has been spent in improving the service and the interest on the debt amounts to something like $1,400,000 a year. The receipts of the system in 1899 were about $15,000,000 and the expenses of the service were nearly $1,000,000 in excess of that amount. This deficit is better understood when it is explained that 83,029,999 messages were sent, for the $15,000,000. The price of service is remarkably low as compared with rates in this country. An increase of 2 cents a message on the above rates would have afforded a profit above all expenses. Germany owns her telegraph system, which covers 87,513 miles and employs 336,434miles of wire. The profits of operation in 1899 amounted to 29,765,926 marks, or nearly $10,000,000. In Germany the government has adopted a policy of making the service pay for itself. France operates her postal and telegraph service under one control. The joint profits of the service in 1899, were nearly $10,000,000. There are many arguments for as well as against national control of such communications and Canada will have an opportunity to demonstrate the practicability of the plan in a sparsely settled country.

Cigarmakers' Union Benefit Features.

Some of the labor organizations of this country have advantages not found entirely in prospective increase in wages, the shortening of hours and the betterment of the conditions of employment. Various benefits are paid and much good is done to members and families of members in different ways. The Cigarmakers' International union is an example. The financial report just published in its official journal, shows that during 1900 the union paid out in benefits to its members the sum of $140,765.29. In twenty-one years, since the system of benefits has been in operation, the cigarmakers' union has paid out nearly $5,000,000. This is exclusive of the cost of running the organization. That the union is in a healthy condition is shown by the fact that over $1,000,000 passed through the hands of its officers last year, and the treasury was better off by over $22,000 at the end of the year than at the end of 1899. This speaks well for the wisdom of the cigarmakers in the conduct of their organization. Their benefit system is maintained by high dues, the members paying to the union 30 cents a week, which is nearly as much as the monthly dues of some of the organizations. The benefits are as follows: Sick benefit, $5 per week; strike benefit, $5 per week; out-of-work benefit, $3 per week; death benefit, $50, $200, $350 and $550, according to the length of membership; loan benefit, not to exceed $20, and wife or widowed mother, funeral benefit, $40. With the exception of the Amalgamated Society of Engineers and the Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners, the Cigarmakers' union stands alone in these benefit features. It is contended by the advocates of high dues and lots of benefits that members stick together much better and are not as likely to desert in times of trouble and depression. The plan seems to be a good one and could undoubtedly be adopted with benefit by other organizations.

EXTENDING THE SERVICE.

The announcement by The Herald last evening that the water and light commission has taken steps to extend the water and light system to the upper part of the East End, above Fifth street, was received with pleasure by many citizens. Extensions and improvements costing $15,000 have been ordered by the commissioners as the initiative in the construction of the "upper system," and all that is necessary for beginning the work is the approval of the common council. This should be forthcoming without delay, as it is very desirable that the work should be started as early in the season as possible, particularly as by this means water will be supplied to the normal school, which has guaranteed $500 a year revenue to the city, adjacent property owners guaranteeing additional amounts that would produce a total revenue of $1200 annually. Thus it will be seen that there would be an excellent return immediately on the amount expended. The extension of the water and light service will also make available for residence portions a beautiful section of the city whose growth has been retarded by the absence of these necessities.

With this improvement will be started the "upper system" that is to supply with water and light not only Woodland, Glen Avon and Hunter's Park, but the central portion of the city above Fourth street extending back to Duluth Heights. The Herald trusts that the aldermen will promptly give heir approval to this much needed and very important improvement.

THE PRESIDENT'S MAIL.

Although whirling across the country at rapid speed, and stopping here and there for brief visits, the president is officially in Washington and will be during the entire trip. All the official communications that he will sign in his palatial traveling train will be dated Washington, and all appointments or commissions that he is required to issue during his absence from the capital will bear the Washington date line. This has always been the custom of the president in transacting official business while away from the national capital. President McKinley has worked hard to dispose of all army and navy and civilian appointments so that he will not be bothered to a great extent by these matters. Arrangements are made for forwarding his official mail from point to point along the route of the journey.

The force of clerks at the White House will take care of all purely routine affairs, and will send forward such matters as require his personal attention. Four expert typewriters are on the train to take care of answers. There is no way of escaping the letter writers, and a large batch of mail will be found waiting the president at every city where he stays over a few hours. Those who are familiar with this part of the business say that if anything the president's mail is heavier while he is traveling than when he is at home. People seem to think that he will have more time to read their letters in the quiet of his traveling car than if he were at his desk in the White House.

TARIFF TRUSTS.

In another column will be found a well-written article by Arthur Scott Gilman, a Harvard university student, on "Protection for Infant Industries." Mr. Gilman shows how the "infant industries" never willingly relinquish the "protection" for which they so pittifully pleaded at first as only a temporary assistance, but always demand more and more, until now, having excluded foreign competition by the tariff, and stifled it at home by trusts and combinations, they dominate the whole country and exact their own prices from a helpless people.

The article will be of value in increasing the sentiment in favor of removing the protection from tariff trusts. The agitation should be kept up until congress comes to the aid of the people. The last congress failed to furnish the relief that was so loudly demanded, even by leading Republican journals, and the people are now looking forward to the next congress, which will be Republican in both branches, to enact legislation for their relief from trust oppression. At least one Republican congressman—Mr. Babcock of Wisconsin—has seen "the handwriting on the wall," and he proposes to do something at least to get his party on the right side of the question. Mr. Babcock has a bill to remove tariff duties from all the products manufactured by the steel trust, although it is doubtful whether it would fully accomplish that purpose, as was recently pointed out by The Herald. The Philadelphia Record believes that he is sincere, however, and is of opinion that his attitude indicates a trend on the part of a segment of the Republican party to insist on a revision and scaling down of the schedules of the Dingley bill.

"The tariff controversy," it says, "is now chiefly confined on the one side to the extreme protectionists, who are blind to the abuses of the system, and, on the other, to those Republicans who agree with Representative Babcock of Wisconsin that the duties should be removed, or substantially reduced in all cases in which the domestic products are controlled by industrial trusts."

Mr. Babcock's bill, however, even if sincerely intended, stops with steel products. Why not widen its scope? The steel schedule of the Dingley tariff has not the most need for reform. In comparison with some other duties the rates on steel products are reasonable and mild. Take the exorbitant duties on wool, for instance. Thew have caused the greatest mischief to our woolen industries. As a result, a new reign of shoddy has come in. To smuggle pig iron or steel rails is somewhat difficult, but no amount of watching by custom house officials can keep down the contraband traffic in woolens on which a duty of nearly 100 per cent has been placed.

Tariff reform ought not to be attempted in patches. Duties should be revised and cut down all along the line. In all places where the tariff enables the manufacturers of trust goods to sell cheaper to the foreigner than to the home consumer it should be abolished, and such articles as trusts produce should be placed on the free list. Democrats are unanimously in favor of this kind of reform, and if a few Republicans like Congressman Babcock will co-operate with them, it will be an easy matter to turn the scale against the present high duties which increase the helplessness of the people to defend themselves against the combines. If the coming Republican congress fails to do this, the people may be depended upon to vote at the next election for Democratic representatives pledged to the much-needed reform.

THE ELECTRIC MONSTER.

In March last the losses by fire in the United States amounted to the enormous sum of $15,000,000. Ever since the introduction of electricity into buildings fire losses have increased in an extraordinary ratio, and insurance men all over the country have been in anxious consultation on the subject. Numerous inquiries as to expert opinions have been made, and a general feeling pervades insurance circles that something must be done. Competition in fire underwriting, as in every other business, has tended toward ruinous figures. In the alarming increase in the percentage of losses, the insurance companies are facing a situation which may mean not only a curtailment of dividends, but a wiping out of both surplus and capital. It is claimed it has arrived at a point where the rates must be increased, or some concerted action taken along the insurance line to chain the electric moster, which is believed to be the main agent of destruction.

The city insurance companies are now engaged in collecting available statistics of fires of which electricity was known or supposed to be the cause. These are to be collated for general information and as a preliminary for action. Of sixty millionaire insurance companies, domestic and foreign, doing business in the United States, only thirty-one made any profit in the decade ended Dec. 31 last. Twenty-nine lost money, and many of them to a very large amount. Some have assumed the view that electricity is more blamed than it deserves to be, and possibly they are correct.

A well-known electrician and expert said recently that the ground we walk on and the air we breathe are charged with electricity, much more so than we dream of, and there are consequences connected with it of which we were mainly ignorant. There must be an overflow in its common and increasing use for so many purposes. But we must be conscious of the dangers which lurk in it, and take measures to avert them. To minimize its destructive qualities in buildings, insurance men say, it would seem that more perfect insulation should be obtained. As it is now, one may drive a nail in the wall and break the connection without knowing it. Tending largely toward prompt discovery of breaks in the connection will be to have all the wires exposed, and insurance men say that unless some better method can be devised this should be done.

There are several good jobs vacant in the departments at Washington and it seems rather strange that they should remain so. The civil service authorities find it almost impossible to supply all the expert draftsmen called for by the heads of the different departments. An accomplished draftsmen of almost any character can find employment there at good salary with no trouble whatever. A vacancy occurred at the Philadelphia mint some time since in the grade of mechanical draftsman. The fact that examinations would be held to fill the position was widely advertised, and, although the country was raked with a fine tooth comb, only three men were found who could pass the required examination. The test was not a severe one, and it was only by the most liberal marking that the three men were placed on the eligible roll. The trouble is that private firms pay so much better salaries than the government does for good draftsmen that all the good men are taken up by outsiders. The compensation for draftsmen has gone up tremendously in the past few years, but the government is still paying the salaries at which the men were started in on at a time when there was no outside demand for them. The scarcity of men in this line and a likelihood of a continuance should serve as a pointer for young men about to start in some profession.

All the excuses offered by men for the habit of expectorating on the streets and in public vehicles and buildings fall flat when opposed by one fact, says the St. Louis Post-Dispatch. Women do not indulge in the habit. Think what this means, you men who look upon women as inferior beings. Women are exposed to the same climate; they have taken their places as workers in office and shop. They submit to the rush and the wear, in business and street car. They are compelled to sit and stand in draughts, to inhale tobacco smoke and coal smoke and to have their nerves upset by the same things that men suffer from. Yet women, as a whole, resist the temptation either to smoke or to spit. And they suffer intensely from the careless habits of men in both these respects. They are patient exemplars to the stronger sex by day and by night.

The last returns of the British war office bringing the figures down to a month ago give 14,728 deaths in the Boer war. Of these 3936 were killed in battle, 1391 died of wounds; others died in prison, or on their way home, while 8793 died of disease. There are still missing or in captivity, 775, while 2189 have been sent home as invalids. Reckoning the missing and prisoners as eventually reported safe and sound, there is a total of about 17,000 men that have been lost. Thus it will be seen that the Boer war has been disastrous to the British—and it is not over yet.

The advantage of minding one's own business was clearly illustrated in New York the other day. A Hungarian woman fell out of a second story window and landed right side up and without injury and warmly resented the officious attentions of the neighbors who sent for an ambulance to have her taken to the hospital and a doctor to attend her. She more forcibly than politely informed them that, having fallen out of her own window into her own yard and having a doctor of her own, she would send for medical attendance when she needed it.

A black art doctor of Wilkesbarre was called upon to treat the sick cow of a local farmer and immediately suggested that the animal would recover if a naked woman walked around it nine times and stepped over it four times. The conditions were complied with by the farmer's wife at the earnest solicitation of her husband. About the only point in the story it that cows are expensive in that country and valued more highly than the wife, as in case of her departure by the pneumonia route her place could be more easily filled than that of the bovine.

The stories recently going the rounds that Canadian capitalists were to improve Montreal and take away millions of business from Boston and Portland in shipments to England, are given quite a setback by the reports of the meeting of the Grand Trunk directors in London Tuesday, in which they stated that they would spend $400,000 at Portland to improve their shipping facilities there, as Montreal was out of the question.

"On Wednesday, March 13," says the Hoxie, Kas., Sentinel, "A. P. Brooks set thirteen hens on thirteen eggs each in thirteen boxes and when he reported the facts to this office it was just thirteen days from the time they were set, that he had not seen hide, feather, nor shell of the whole outfit—snowed under."

Perhaps there may be a few administration organs that will now admit that when Editor Rice talked of frauds by American officials in the Philippines and refused to keep quiet about them, he was hardly guilty of a crime demanding deportation.

Emperor William has ordered a pneumatic cushion of American manufacture for his throne. Used after a heavy breakfast on American prepared cereals, the emperor ought to be good for a hard day's work.

There is renewed talk that Arthur Pue Gorman will try to go back to the senate from Maryland. In view of Boss Quay's success, why should not Gorman feel hopeful?

Connecticut has finally decided not to adopt the whipping post. It might have been a good thing to have tried it on wife-beaters for one year at least.

President Castro of Venezuela, saved $2,000,000 in two years on a salary of $12,000 per annum. He could give pointers to Dick Croker.

Some people are beginning to grumble already because they did not buy property in Topeka when it was cheaper than it is now.

The principle of "all the traffic will bear" is to be applied in fixing the indemnity to be paid by China.

The "Get-Together club," of Brooklyn, should change its name. It has proven itself a great separator.

And now the housewife is moved to realize that bric-a-brac is not what it is cracked up to be.

May Day.

Cupid has started on his quest
To lovers' wound, this May day.
The birds from every downy nest,
Make this their roundelay day.

Strephon sings sleep from Chloe's eyes;
This is the first of May day;
Hasten with me, if you are wise,
For yesterday was payday.

We do not need an omnibus,
We'll trip it down the lane, dear.
Walking is good enough for us,
For there's no sign of reindeer.

The morning skies are all serene.
To swell the general heyday,
The bands are gathered on the green—
This is their greatest playday.

—C. S. PEARSON.

Won't Unbuckle.

Chicago Record-Herald: Queen Wilhelmina refuses to pay the debts her duke contracted before their marriage, and some of his creditors are reported to be terribly disappointed. In other words, Wilhelmina absolutely refuses to be her own Pa Zimmerman.

Spoiling For a Fight.

Chicago News: Everything goes to confirm the impression that Japan is fairly spoiling for a fight. The island empire has carefully weighed the equities of the case. It sees Russia in the light of a conscienceless land grabber. It sees the powers of Western Europe more or less divided, and more rather than less disposed to keep on the safe side. Therefore it proposes to face the czar alone and undaunted. This is magnificent, but it is not war. War among the Western powers is a game to be played only when there are four chances out of five in favor of defeat. Neither England nor Germany would be pleased to see Russia gobble Manchuria, but their powers are not especially interested in being magnificent. They know that war involves a lot of trouble with the budget.

Labor at Thirty Dollars a Day.

New York World: When a lovely woman stoops to figure in social economics, she can be generous indeed with the finances of the nation and its capitalists. The progressive matron of Chicago who has just assured her hearers at the club that $30 per day would be the proper and uniform wages of labor were things divided as they should be, has a surprise in store for the moment when she puts her proposition on a slate and does a little sum in totals. Roughly and roundly speaking, the working population of the United States is 25,000,000. At $30 per day these toilers would earn $750,000,000 every twenty-four hours. The money of all kinds in circulation in this country on Oct. 1 last amounted to $2,113,224,985. This would carry the pay rolls at the rates just quoted for not quite three days. The process of continuing the payment of laborers by joint stock and mortgage methods after the ready money was exhausted would be interesting to all but the soulless corporations. It can hardly be believed that the Chicago woman's proposition forms a key to the problem of the age.

Can't Quite Make It Out.

Washington Star: It has not been made clear precisely what phases of European civilization and the Christian religion Count von Waldersee's punitive expeditions are designed to impress.

Suspects an Ulterior Motive.

Omaha World-Herald: Is it possible that all this off excitement at Beaumont, Texas, is merely a subterfuge to get Uncle John Rockefeller down here where those papers may be served on him?

Proving His Qualifications.

Philadelphia Ledger: When Pettigrew's constituents turned him down, he went into the stock market and made a fortune, just to show them that he is fully qualified to go back to the senate.

Off With the Picture Hats.

New York Tribune: Some Western communities have been perturbed because the playgoers of the gentle sex still insist upon keeping their Gainsborough hats upon their heads in the theaters and refuse to remove them. In time the fair offenders will yield amiably to the force of reason and to the humble appeals of distracted men, whole chances to see anything on the stage is thus cut off.

MERRY JESTS.

Indianapolis Press: "Aguinaldo," said the shoe clerk boarder, "was the soul of the Filipino cause."

"Sole!" echoed the Cheerful Idiot. "He was both feet!"

Somerville Journal: First Reporter—I guess I'll take a little of your tobacco, if you don't mind.

Second Reporter—I don't care how little you take.

Chicago Tribune: "No," said the doctor, "I haven't voted yet, and I am not going to vote. I am not feeling well today. Isn't that a valid excuse?"

"Not at all," responded the professor, severely. "That's an invalid excuse."

Detroit Journal: Towne—Poor Jagsby! How did he get down so low?

Browne—Through his fondness for having a high old time.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "I see that a lot of Chicago seminary girls had a mumps social the other night."

"It must take a lot of cheek to get up an affair of that sort."

Indianapolis Press: The manager looked over the advertising man's work. "I see you speak of our payment plan," said he.

"Yes, sir."

"Make that word 'credit' instead of 'payment.' It is more attractive."

Washington Star: "If you are to succeed in this world, you must be firm. Never take anything back."

"You mean never give anything back," said the ward politician, who happened just then to be counting money.

Washington Star: "You speak with great positiveness about the sincerity of our friend's religion."

"There can be no doubt whatever of his sincerity," was the answer. "Why, sir, that man would rather go to church on Sunday than play golf."

Philadelphia Press: "Aw, really, Miss Pert, it's rather rude to say you don't like my face. Why don't you?"

"Oh, because?"

"Because? There's no reason in that answer."

"Neither is there any in your face."

Indianapolis Press: "Woman, as a rule," said the garrulous person, "is more conservative than man."

"I don't believe it," retorted the chronic disputer. "It isn't man that gets dissatisfied with the looks of the house in the spring, is it, now?"

Detroit Journal: "Is there, after all, such a thing as a scientific prize fight?"

"Practically so. In order that a fight be thoroughly scientific it is necessary to give so many free seats to the police that there is really no money in it."

THE SOUL OF THE SINGER.

We read the song that is written—
A few little, grotesque signs,
Arranged in a certain meter,
With rhymes at the end of the lines;
And by the sound or the meaning
Come chord in our hearts is stirred;
But the song in the soul of the singer
Is something that's never heard.

We all fall short of expression,
However we seek to limn
The picture within the spirit,
The painting is crude and dim;
So little is placed on canvas,
So much there must be inferred!
The song in the soul of the singer
Is something that's never heard.

How oft the message that gathered
The reader himself puts there!
How oft the message intended
Escapes and is lost in air!
We guess the intangible something
That's back of the printed word.
The song in the soul of the singer
Is something that's never heard.

The one who best sees the picture
Is he with the soul for art;
He one who best reads the poem
Is he with the poet heart;
The thoughts that are rarest and sweetest
Are deepest from sight interred.
The song in the soul of the singer
Is something that's never heard.

We meet; yet are veiled in spirit;
Familiar, and yet unknown;
A reason in our inmost beings,
In which we're alone, alone;
In each is a strain peculiar
To no other mind conferred,
The song in the soul of the singer
Is something that's never heard.

There are yearnings that can't be spoken;
There are loves so supremely blest,
There are dreams so infused with heaven,
They never can be expressed.
There are infinite aspirations,
By which we are thrilled and spurred,
Like the song in the soul of the singer,
Is something that's never heard.

It may be in realms eternal,
The curtains shall backward roll,
Revealing the gleams of glory
That shine in the inmost soul;
And each, the ideal vision,
No longer obscured and blurred,
The song in the soul of the singer
Unpent, shall at last be heard.

—Denver News.

HOW FAR WILL TRUSTS GO?

Baltimore American: Those who concluded that the spirit of combination had reached the limit of its energies when a large number of divers manufactories were consolidated and several of the railroads were merged must have closed their eyes to the underworkings of the idea. The effort to combine confined itself for awhile to the first-named enterprises, because of the facility with which the scheme could be promoted through them. Then came the railroads, because they were the logical successors to the manufacturers in just such a movement. The experience in these two lines instead of checking the desire to combine seems to have accelerated it.

Much has been learned in projecting the original combinations, so that what appeared difficult at one time is very simple now. The complexities of such an undertaking have been so thoroughly mastered that the scheme can now be extended almost indefinitely. There is no line of business beyond the possibility of its reach. Some may be more difficult of accomplishment than others, but each addition to the list of combinations simplifies the prospect for the in gathering of others.

Already has the idea broken away from its original scope. Not only is it spreading out to seize upon lines of business which were thought to be exempt from its influence, but it is exhibiting a tendency to further concentrate its forces. Combinations of similar kinds of manufactories are being succeeded by combinations of the factories with everything that in anywise pertains to the production, finishing, transportation and sale of the matters in question. Not only are parallel railroads providing for a "community of interests," but all the railroads are discussing the feasibility of one general organization. The allied forces of the Standard oil trust and the United States Steel trust are laying plans for the requirement of everything they can secure. They are after railroads, navigation, trans-continental canals and every other thing which will give them a kinglike control. The problem is: How far will the people permit this conquest of economical world to be extended? It is a question worthy of deep study.

Has Reached the Limit.

Omaha World-Herald: Mr. Hanna is not in need of the presidential salary, and he is now it without the attendant worry. Mr. Hanna has achieved about as much as any American can achieve along the line of political ambition of the peculiar Hanna brand of politics.

Assistance Well Placed.

Washington Post: Our forces in the Philippines are to be cut down to 40,000 men. This will doubtless be a sufficient number to assist Aguinaldo in keeping his love for the American flag on straight.

A Stimulating Load.

Detroit Journal: Henry Clews leaves something to be explained in his current financial letter when he declares that "the market is careering along at an intoxicating rate," and also that "there are no signs yet that speculation has been carried to a dangerous excess." Intoxication is generally supposed to be just a little dangerous.

DAILY STORY.

THE DIVER'S STORY

BY JOHN VANDYKE.

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The loss of the pleasure yacht Coquette in the Bay of Biscay and the rescue of Monsieur Le Farge and others from the small boats as they drifted about was news two months old. M. Le Farge was a rich merchant of Bordeaux and the owner of the Coquette, and was out on a pleasure cruise when the disaster occurred. He was accompanied by his niece, a beautiful girl of 18, and he was her guardian as well as her uncle. He was classed among the richest men in Bordeaux, and gossip said that the handsome neice was heiress to a million francs. On this trip, which had been somewhat suddenly proposed, the young lady, who was Bertha Dillon, being the daughter of Le Farge's only sister, deceased, was accompanied only by a maid. She and the maid were the only two lost in the disaster. The story told by the uncle and the officers of the yacht was accepted on all sides and aroused much sympathy for the old gentleman, but after a few weeks the affair naturally dropped out of sight.

As a deep sea diver I was more or less interested in all marine accidents, and there was one particular reason why I was interested in the loss of the Coquette. She was reported to have gone down about fifteen miles to the north of the little port of Penas, on the coast of Spain. I knew the bottom of the sea thereabouts, having once worked for several weeks on the wreck of a steamer. There were hundreds of huge bowlders lying about, and any craft going to the bottom would be sure to bring up against one of them and be held fast. The water was not above sixty feet deep, and if the yacht was not too badly damaged it would not be too much of a trie to raise her. I am not a wrecker nor contractor, but only a diver, and so I could not have taken the job had it been offered. I watched the papers, however, to see who might secure it, and was somewhat disappointed to learn that no effort would be made.

One day there came to me in a very quiet way one Capt. Dubois, of the navy. I think he must have posted himself as to my character before coming and been told that I was a man little given to gossip and known to be loyal and trustworthy. At any rate he was not long in stating his errand and asking for my confidence. He had met and admired Miss Dillon, and had reason to believe that she was not indifferent to him. But for her death he would have hoped to make her his wife. While he had accepted the statements of Le Farge and the officers as to the loss of the yacht, he had by accident met one of the sailors, who told things in such a different way as to arouse something like suspicion. This man declared that the storm was not a severe one; that the yacht had suffered little damage; that she was abandoned in a panic, and that the women were not given a show to save themselves. This story made such an impression on Dubois that he determined on a quiet investigation.

Two weeks later I was searching for the lost yacht. Capt. Dubois, who had plenty of money at his command, had obtained leave of absence, fitted out a craft and had come along to take charge of matters. There were three divers of us, and perfect secrecy had been maintained as to our object. The idea was to locate the lost Coquette and descend to her and make an investigation. While I held with the captain that there was something queer about the loss of the yacht, I will not deny that I thought he was rather crack-brained to fit out the expedition. I had figured it out that the craft had sprunk a leak and that in the sudden panic that followed the women, at the very worst, had been temporarily forgotten. We believe the other divers thought as I did, but we passed no criticisms.

It took us a week to locate the wreck.

The Door of the Eighth Was Locked.

The bearings given us had been fairly correct, but the undercurrent had sucked her to the east for three miles before she brought up against a rock as big as a 2-story house. She rested there on a bottom of sand and gravel and on an even keel. Both of the other divers made descents before I did, but it fell to me to make the discoveries Capt. Dubois had looked for. When the yacht went down her cabin skylight was lifted off by the imprisoned air, and through this aperture I dropped into the cabin itself. It was darker than midnight down there, and I had only my sense of touch to guide me. There were eight staterooms off the cabin, and with seven of them the doors stood open. The door of the eighth, which I believe belonged to the lost heiress, was locked and the key was in the lock outside. As soon as I discovered this fact I ascertained to report, and the other divers were ordered to go down with me and verify my statement. The word of a diver goes a long way in a court of law, but it is better to have the word of a second and third.

When the stateroom door was unlocked and pulled open there floated out to us the bodies of two fully dressed females. They were not only clasped in each other's arms, but they were lashed together. We knew them to be the bodies of mistress and maid, and were not long in sending them to the surface and following after. It had been the scheme of a cold-blooded devil. With his own hands Le Farge had lashed those two girls together with a stout rope, and perhaps gagged them to drown their cries and had then turned the key on them so that escape was impossible. There might or might not have been talk of abandoning the yacht before this occurred, but at any rate both girls were fully dressed. In my second descent I struck the key of the plot. I discovered that the disaster had been planned and carried out with the gale to simply act as a shield or covering. Half a dozen holes had been bored through the bottom of the yacht to cause her to founder, and I even found the augur with which the work was done.

The bodies were taken ashore at Santander and embalmed, and while we remained there Capt. Dubois proceeded to Bordeaux to give notice to the authorities. They were thunderstruck at the information, and for some time refused to credit it or to proceed against Le Farge and his fellow conspirators. The merchant was finally arrested, but within twelve hours committed suicide. The arrest of the captain and mate of the yacht followed, and after trial and conviction both were guillotined. It was the old story of over speculation—fortune swept away—a faithless guardian seeking to recoup himself through the wealth of his ward. To secure her money, at least temporarily, and to bridge over financial disaster, Le Farge had planned and carried out a diveilsh crime, and even as he rejoiced in his safety men were working sixty feet below the surface of the sea to gather proofs of his guilt.

A GREAT LITTLE MAN.

Frederick Palmer, the war correspondent of Collier's Weekly, says of Gen. Funston:

All that Funston has won has been by the sheerest hard work. From the first he had more or less of a false reputation at home, where the people thought that he was a howling dare-devil of a Kansan who swam rivers under fire.

Upon his return to the Philippines after going home with the Kansas regiment, he was given the great district around San Isidro, which had already been occupied by our troops. The work of reconstruction was not to his taste. He found it all the more irksome when sharp fighting was still going on in other parts of the achipelago. It was then, so far as the army is concerned, that he laid the ghost of his reputation as a mere swimmer of rivers, by learning Tagalog, studying native manners and customs and making the big provinces of Nueva Ecija, Principe and Nueva Viscaya, with the small force at his command, among the most peaceful in the island.

GEN. FUNSTON.

The natives came to call him "the little right horse" because of his activity. He organized a fine native intelligence bureau and a score of scouts mounted on native ponies, which he laughingly called his "household cavalry." Whenever the intelligence department brought news that a band of natives with rifles were gathering in a certain place, Funston with his scouts would sweep down on them. In short, his assignment to San Isidro showed how impossible it is to down an energetic man. His provinces joined those in which Aguinaldo had his headquarters. When one day he captured letters showing exactly where Aguinaldo was, if Gen. MacArthur was willing it was certain that either Aguinaldo would be taken or Funston would die in the attempt. The prestige of his great reputation among the natives was the talisman which made the ex-insurgents who accompanied him loyal to him. He is a great little man.

Filipinos In the Army.

Philadelphia Ledger: If we must keep the Philippines it will be necessary for us to maintain an army there indefinitely for police purposes, if nothing else, and this being the case, Secretary Root's plan of enlisting a force of 12,000 Filipinos as a military police under white officers is an excellent one from every point of view. He is selecting the men with great care, every one being chosen for his personal fitness, and though this is a slow process it will undoubtedly secure the best results in the end.

Seems Pertinent.

Chicago Record-Herald: On the other hand, why should Professor Herron's wife want him, anyway, if he is the kind of a person his critics are making him out to be?

The Wicked Partner Plea.

New York World: President McKinley can lay claim—but won't—to being one of the most astute politicians in the country. He would like to do more for Cuba, but he has a wicked partner, congress, which has insisted on the Platt amendment.

Has Done Something.

San Francisco Call: Tom L. Johnson as a candidate for the presidency may be absurd, but as he started life as a messenger boy and has managed to get somewhere, other messenger boys might with profit study his example.

AMUSEMENTS.

6th Avenue Theater.

McKENNY & LAUNDERGAN, Managers.

The Popular Price—Theater of Duluth. TONIGHT and every night this week.

Not a Minute Behind the Times

North Bros.' Superb Company.

Presenting Tonight

Prices 10c 20c 30c No higher

PRINCESS VERGIE

New specialties. Big continuous show. Reserved seats at LeRicheux's Drug Store and Smith & Smith's. Children's matinee Saturday. All hill street cars pass the theater.

LYCEUM THEATER.

E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.

FRIDAY, MAY 3.

THE

Village Parson

A play of intense interest; a brilliant domestic story well told; genuine comedy skillfully interwoven; presented by a company of capability; elaborate special scenery for each act; production complete in detail; the most natural play of the age. Prices: Dress Circle, $1; Parquet, 75s; Family Circle and Balcony, 50c.

PARLOR THEATER.

W. J. Wells, Manager 19 Second Ave. West.

EVERY NIGHT 8:30 P. M.

NEW COMPANY OF VAUDEVILLE STARS.

Great Bill of Specialties.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Crepe Paper.

Have just added to that new Art Department of ours a complete line of plain and fancy Crepe Papers. You will find the "wanted" shade here; some very pretty fancy papers also.

Pillow Tops.

Not a lot of patterns you have had greet you for the last year but an entirely new lot we have just received—each

65c and 59c

HENDREN & TALLANT CO

117-119 W. Superior Street. *The New Store* Metropolitan Block.

Knitting Silk.

To close out a line of Knitting Silks—all colors—have sold regularly at 5c a spool. Thursday the special price to close—a spool only **3c**

Handkerchiefs.

On the counter in the right aisle will be found some exceptional values in Embroidered Handkerch'fs Thursday. Three lines that cannot be duplicated for 25c, 15c and 8c.

Big Values, But You Will Find Every Item Just As Advertised.

Wash Goods—Linens.

Some values, that shrewd buyers will value highly. These prices are for Thursday only. Come and see for yourself.

27-inch Checked Nainsooks, very desirable for children's wear, will wash and iron well, worth 10c and 12½c, yd **7½c**

36-inch Percales, White Star, Windsor, Harmony, and all the good brands, a big counter full of them, regular 12½c qualities, Thursday - a yard **10c**

36-inch Dress Lawns, in all colors, our regular 12½ qualities, Thursday—a yard **8c**

36-inch Irish Dimity, all colors, you would willingly pay 25c a yard for this material, Thursday—a yard **15c**

16-inch Glass Linen, pink, blue, black and red check, is worth 10c—Thursday **5½c**

18-inch Glass Linen Towels, var-ious colored checks, 5c goods; limit 5 pairs to one customer, Thursday—each **2½c**

Bird's Eye Cotton Crash, unbleached, 16 inches wide, not an equal in Duluth, never sells less than 6c, limit 10 yards to a customer—our Thursday's price **4c**

Turkey Red Table Covers, a few to close out at the following low prices—

6-4 size, was 90c, now 49c
6-4 size, was $1.25, now 85c
7-4 size, was $1.00, now 69c

Silks.

Never any misgivings when purchasing Silks at The New Store. The very fact that The New Store sells it is saying with special emphasis that it is that which fashion approves and also at a saving price.

Colored Taffetas—We have replenished our line of Colored Taffetas at this price—a full line of colorings—a quality that regularly retails at 59c—our price **48c**

Black Poplin Silk—20-inches wide, our regu-lar $1.25 quality—We are overstocked and offer you this quality Thursday at only **69c**

Fancy Black Silks—22-inches wide—stripes and figures—makes handsome black waists or a fine trimming—Thursday, a yard **98c**

Black and Col'd Dress Goods

Big opportunities for Thursday.

Black Empress Cloth—strictly pure wool—permanent black—40-inch—special for Thursday, a yard **65c**

Satin-finished Soliel and Prunella—46 inches wide—colors: tan, navy, royal, cardinal and brown—water will not spot this cloth—a yard **98c**

30-inch Satin Striped Challie—hand-some designs—a regular 40c quality—Thursday **29c**

All-wool Granites and Serges—a par-ticularly hard twisted cloth—all colors and black—unequaled for wear—a yard .. **59c**

Collingwood sponged and shrunk pebbled granite cloth—46 inches—Thursday, a yard **98c**

Etons and Skirts.

Some special low prices for Thursday's buyers in the suit room. Every garment advertised is of this season's best styles, while the prices are not to be duplicated. Do not miss seeing these garments Thursday.

New Eton Jackets—fine cloths, particularly adapted to such a coat—L'Aiglon collar and the collarless ones—colors blacks, blues and tans—Thursday they must go at the remarkably low price of **$5.75**

Taffeta Etons, tucked all over in clus-ters—L'Aiglon roll or collarless—trimmed with gold braid and Persian—Thursday's special price **$12.50**

Walking Skirt—finely stitched—cut with flare—some satin trimmed—a very stylish skirt—blue, gray, Oxford and brown mixtures—is a special at $3.98—Thursday the price (no alterations) is only—each **$2.98**

A fine all-wool Skirt in the new browns and tans—a good value at $8.50—Special Thursday **$6.50**

Walking Skirt in the new flare—fine-ly stitched—a perfect skirt—all colors—Thursdays's price **$12.50**

A Walking Skirt that is just long enough to be convenient and makes a very dressy appearance—the cloth and workmanship is more than plea sing **$15**

Fischues--Boleros.

Some new ones for this ever-changing stock of ours—made of net with embroidery insertion—others of lawn, accordian pleated ruffle and lace edge—every one desirable.

Rugs.

Rugs are our specialty, or, in other words, our hobby. We have taken special pains in selecting them, and haven't the least doubt but that we have what you wish. An exceptionally large line for large rooms. 'Tis not necessary to purchase if you look at them.

Matting Rug with fringe—2 ft 6 in x 5 ft—excellent weaves, a fine assortment—our special price **$1.00**

Smyrna Rugs—9 ft x 12 ft— our special price for this week is only **$12.00**

Muslin Underwear.

For Thursday we offer some garments that were soiled in displaying them in the window. None of them are damaged, and a little soap and water will make them as good as new and we allow you a large laundry bill.

Night Gowns—Tucked, ruffled and lace trim-med in the best styles—none of them sold for less than $2.50—are a very handsome line—the choice of the line tomorrow for **$1.68**

Chemise—A handsome embroidered yoke, lace trimmed garment—is of a very fine quality cambric—regularly sold at $2 75—now **$1.89**

Chemise—Another lot that are handsomely made—are not an old lot, but were solled in handling—sold at $1.59, $1.50, $1.00 and 75c. To close the lot we make the prices for tomorrow ..... **$1.29, $1.10, 75c and 59c**

Hosiery---Underwear.

Many are beginning to appreciate the distinctive feature of "The Forest Mills" underwear, as our sales of these garments will attest. Any lady will quickly recognize their merits when seeing them, and we willingly show them. Every seam so neatly finished, they are so handsomely trimmed and so durable in the entire construction that they are "perfection attained" in undergarments.

Our popular number in the Forest Mills vests and pants—vest, high neck and long sleeves—pants to match in ankle or knee lengths, each **25c**

Ladies' Knit Umbrella Drawers— neatly trimmed with lace—a special at **25c**

Children's Long Sleeve Vests—pants to match—well made—generously made—all sizes—each **25c**

Ladies' Black Lisle Lace Hose—double heel and toe—we have not seen a hose to equal them for 35c—an extra special—a pair **25c**

Ladies' Black Hose—Maco Yarn— split sole—exceptional good wearing qualities, a pair **25c**

Children's Heavy Ribbed Hose—all sizes—reinforced knee, heel and toe—you pay 25c for their equal—a pair **19c**

MAKING A PROTEST

The Residents of the Suburbs Have a Grievance.

Cows and Horses Running at Large Damage Walks.

Mayor Hugo Has a Plan---Not Entirely Favored.

Residents of suburban districts are protesting vigorously against having to pay for the construction of new sidewalks while horses and cattle are permitted to run at large. The protests come from Lakeside, Lester Park, Woodland, Duluth Heights, West Duluth, Bay View Heights, New Duluth and Fond du Lac.

The suburban citizens claim that the horses and cattle do more toward the breaking up of sidewalks in a summer than actual wear and tear of ordinary use in years. These people object to building new sidewalks for their neighbor's live stock to promenade upon.

In the outlying districts the pound system is not in the best condition. In the more central parts of the city there is practically no complaining. Mayor Hugo has taken up the complaints and suggests that in view of the fact that there is very little money in the treasury to pay for the services of pound masters in the suburban districts, the board of public works might help out. Last year in the Lakeside, West Duluth and New Duluth districts the street foremen were compelled to do pound master service. This year it is believed to be impossible to spare the street foremen for this purpose; and besides, last year's arrangement was very unsatisfactory. Mayor Hugo's plan is to have men appointed under the street foremen, who can act as pound masters during the morning and evening, and in the daytime work on the streets. By this means the board of public works would pay half the expense and the council appropriate money for the other half.

The suburbanites, however, find fault with the mayor's scheme. They say that the destruction of sidewalks, gardens and lawns in the outlying districts is done at night more than in the daytime. Stock is allowed to run at large during the night, and a pound master who would only work in the daytime would be practically useless.

The citizens of Woodland, Hunter's Park and Glen Avon have combined to pay for a pound master, but in other parts of the city the residents are not so fortunately fixed.

CARRIER REGISTRATION.

Departments Taking Deep Interest In It.

The postoffice department at Washington is taking a deep interest in the success of the registration of mail matter by the carriers on their routes. This service was inaugurated by the department a year or so ago and in many places it has had great success, being patronized liberally by the people. Some time ago the assistant postmaster general notified Postmaster Fisher that the Duluth carrier service was remarkably efficient in every way, but he did not find the interest in carrier registration so strong as in other cities. He urged the carriers to work for it as much as possible.

Recently a circular was issued by the third assistant postmaster general asking all postmasters at offices where the carrier ervice is installed to send them after July 1 next the names and numbers of the three carriers who have made the best record of articles registered, together with the number of articles in each case. The circular does not state the reason for this or the intention of the department. It simply says that the department wants the information for purposes of its own. It may mean some recognition for the carriers making the best showing and it may not.

While of course the carriers can do much toward introducing and popularizing the carrier registration, the real success rests with the people. If they take no interest in it the carriers can do nothing. All of the Duluth mail carriers are popular on their routes and the people will doubtless show much interest in the matter when they realize the importance the department attaches to it. For a few cents they have the safe delivery of their valuables guaranteed so that it is a matter of prudence to register.

POOR BOARD.

Result of the First Meeting of the New Body.

Yesterday afternoon the new board of poor commissioners met and organized, and with that action the old method of handling the paupers of the county passed out of existence. Hereafter the members of the board of county commissioners will have nothing to do with the poor, and the poor board created by the last legislature will have full and absolute control, not only of the levy for poor purposes, but of expending the fund.

The members of the board, Maj. John H. Upham, John Jenswold, Jr., and Capt. John Pengilly, of Tower, met yesterday afternoon in the office of Superintendent of Poor A. P. Cook. Maj. Upham was elected president and Capt. Pengilly was elected vice president. Temporary appointments of clerk, physician and overseer of the poor were made, and in each case the present incumbents of those offices were selected. In the case of the clerk of the board, which office corresponds to the old office of superintendent of the poor, the latter office is abolished and A. P. Cook is made clerk. Dr. Robert Graham is physician and M. Haug is overseer of the poor.

The offices are now in the control of the board and appointments are made not for any definite length of time, but terminable at the pleasure of the board. This morning the board visited the poor farm, and this afternoon another meeting was to be held when the question of salaries for the board's employes will probably be settled. There were other applications for these offices besides those of the pesent incumbents. C. E. Clemens was an applicant for the position of clerk, N. Youngblood wanted to run the poor farm, and Dr. S. C. McCormick applied for the office of county physician.

You can't cure dyspepsia by dieting. Eat good, wholesome food, and plenty of it.—Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests food without aid from the stomach, and is made to cure. Max Wirth.

STAND TRIAL.

Court Says Milwaukee Newspapers Must Answer In Court.

Madison, Wis., May 1.—The state supreme court yesterday handed down a decision adverse to the defendants in the case of the Milwaukee Journal against various other Milwaukee papers, reversing the circuit court ruling.

The Journal had raised its advertising rates, and the English papers of that city, it was charged, informed advertisers that if they advertised in the Journal at the advanced rates they could not place advertisements in any of the other papers except by paying the advanced rates to the other papers, without regard to their circulation. Nor could such an advertisement be placed in one of the affies without being placed in all of them.

The defendants were charged with criminal conspiracy and under the preliminary examination were held to trial. They swore out a writ of habeas corpus and were cleared by the circuit court on the ground that no offense had been committed and that it was perfectly legitimate for business men to combine against a rival, even if that rival's business might be injured. The state appealed to the supreme court, and that court decided that the defendants must stand trial. The supreme court holds that under the statute upon which the case is based, the word intent means "bad intent."

The malice of the statute is not necessarily ill or malign, in fact, it means, as in common law, a wrongful act done intentionally without just cause or excuse. The supreme court also holds that the police power of the state is broad enough to permit the legislature to deal, by creating civil or criminal liabilities, or both, with all combinations in restraint of trade which are avoided by common law rules. There is nothing in this, the supreme court holds, infringing at all the right of individuals to combine or associate for the promotion of their individual welfare in any way. The law strikes only at the resort to use as a single power of the individual abilities and resources of two or more to wrongfully accomplish harm to another.

NOT EVEN A PEEP.

"Naughty" Calendar Before W. C. T. U. at St. Paul.

St. Paul, May 1.—The members of the Ramsey County W. C. T. U. were somewhat shocked yesterday when there was unfolded in their midst a "wicked" example of the nude in art.

The convention, assembled in the Macalester Presbyterian church, was discussing "Purity in Literature and Art."

Miss Walker, of the Central union, begged permission to read a letter from a fellow worker in Salt Lake City, Utah.

The writer of the letter stated that she enclosed an art calendar, which she noted was published by a St. Paul rm. The objectionable calendar had been brought home by the Utah lady's young son, and the Utah lady hoped that inasmuch as it was lewd, and therefore objectionable, the St. Paul W. C. T. U. women would admonish its producers and stop, if possible, its further publication.

During the reading of the letter, Mrs. Russell, of the Central union, unrolled the offending work of art, thus making it visible to interested eyes in the rear seats.

Then it was that Mrs. Bessie Laythe Scovell, state president of the organization, who was present, arose and rebuked the members for their very evident intention of passing the art work around the assemblage, that each member might have a glimpse. Mrs. Scovell's request that the calendar be handed her was immediately responded to, and she immediately rolled it up tight, without so much as a glance at its outside. "If the picture is obscene," said Mrs. Scovell, "let us not poison our own minds and thoughts with it. Do not let us so much as glance at it, for that is not necessary. It should be placed in the hands of the superintendent of the department of purity in art. Let her talk with the publishers about its suppression, and, if need be, bring suit therefor. The name of any printing firm on a publication of this kind is sufficient evidence to warrant legal procedure."

There was a feeble protest against such hiding away of the calendar by Mrs. Russell, who rose and said she thought the W. C. T. U. women should know the extent of the offense.

The presiding officer, however, upheld the state president, and the naughty calendar, with its scarcely poised nude maiden and her accompanying scantily clothed nymphs, was banished from sight.

EASY FOR McGOVERN.

Knocked Out Oscar Gardner In Fourth Round.

San Francisco, May 1.—Terry McGovern knocked out Oscar Gardner in the fourth round last night at Mechanics Pavilion. From the first minute until the end came there was never a doubt in the minds of the spectators as to the outcome. McGovern forced the pace all through and had no trouble in landing when and where he liked. Gardner's swings were very wild and ineffective and only on two or three occasions did he put a clean blow upon the champion. Gardner took a terrific pummeling and went down repeatedly from the furious attacks of the Brooklyn terror. In the fourth round Terry landed half a dozen rights and lefts on face and body and Gardner went down. He struggled to his feet only to go down again.

Gardner landed one left on the body and the blow only served to irritate Terry, who came back at him with lefts and rights in a perfect shower. Gardner received a hard right squarely in the pit of the stomach and as he was falling Terry sent in a left to the jaw, which ended the fight.

Gardner lacked steam and was very slow on his feet. On the whole his showing with the champion was disappointing.

"Our little girl was unconscious from strangulation during a sudden and terrible attack of croup. I quickly secured a bottle of One Minute Cough Cure, giving her three doses. The croup was mastered and our little darling speedily recovered." So writes A. L. Spafford, Chester, Mich. Max Wirth.

THE FAMOUS,
The Bargain Shoe Store.

Ladies' Special $2.50 Shoes.

6 new styles with kid or patent tips—handsome new shapes, fine vici kid uppers, made especially for long wearing and not looking. You'll pay $3.00 anywhere else for as good; these are extra for

$2.50

DUEL CALLED OFF.

Suddenly Stopped By Fear of the Law.

Chicago, May. 1.—A duel was to have been fought next Saturday, the place to be decided upon by the seconds and to remain unknown unto even the principals until the hour of combat. The principals were Maurice Hellmann, French vice consul, of this city, and Dr. Hals Schwegel, Austrian consular attache and ex-lieutenant of the Austrian hussars.

The trouble grew out of an early morning canter in Lincoln park. Hellmann's horse did not act properly, and he resented Dr. Schwegel's interference, calling him a fool.

When Schwegel returned to his headquarters he decided to challenge Hellmann to fight, and that very day Architect Hertz, whose offices are in the Schiller building, and Lieut. Faulbinger, of the Austrian army, were requested to act as seconds. The challenge was written and dispatched by the lieutenant. Hellmann was told that only on a field of honor could Schwegel's honor be satisfied, and the challenge was forthwith accepted.

The seconds and principals met a week ago Sunday at the home of Mr. Hertz, where an agreement was reached that the men should fight with cavalry sabers. All the details had been arranged when the matter came to the ears of Baron de Fleish, the Austrian consul. He recalled the fact that Hellmann had a wife and child, and decided to try to bring the affair to a termination. He acquainted Henri Marou, the French consul, with the preparations being made for a deadly combat by his attache, and the two consuls about in their minds for a reasonable way out of the trouble. They decided finally to call on Hellmann's second, Harry J. Furber, and he in turn thought it wise to call a meeting of principals and seconds in his office. This meeting took place today. Hardly were the men seated when Furber threw off the guise of "second" and said:

"Heretofore I have been acting with all of you in a court of honor, governed by the laws of that court. Now I feel it my duty to advise you that I intend to act henceforth as an officer of the court of the state of Illinois, constituted by the authority of that law which makes dueling a crime.

"If this affair proceeds any further it will be my duty to deliver the evidence I possess into the hands of the proper authorities of the state."

The seconds and principals were dumbfounded at the unexpected turn of affairs, and protested vehemently and indignantly. Mr. Furber, however, was firm. He cited to them the law of the state, and finally peace was agreed upon.

Sprained Ankle Quickly Cured

"At one time I suffered from a severe sprain of the ankle," says Geo. E. Cary, editor of the Guide, Washington, Va. "After using several well recommended medicines without success, I tried Chamberlain's Pain Balm, and am pleased to say that relief came as soon as I began its use and a complete cure speedily followed. This remedy has also been used in my family for frost bitten feet with the best results. I cheerfully recommend its use to all who may need a first-class liniment." Sold at Boyce's Drug store.

CABLE FLASHES.

Signor Giovanna Giolitti, the Italian minister of the interior, announced in the senate that the government would not interfere in the present strikes.

Official dispatches have been received at Berlin confirming previous dispatches from Pekin to the effect that Maj. Gen. Von Guyl has been appointed chief of staff to Field Marshal Von Waldersee, succeeding Gen. Schwartzhoff, who lost his life in the fire that destroyed Count Von Waldersee's headquarters.

Baldomero Aguinaldo and Pedro Aguinaldo, relatives of Gen. Emilo Aguinaldo, and five other insurgent leaders have surrendered.

The new $150,000 pier at San Juan caught fire Tuesday afternoon and was totally destroyed in half an hour. A large stock of sugar and rum was lost in the fire. The value and quantity of the goods destroyed is not known.

A dispatch to the Daily Telegraph from Constantinople asserts that fifteen persons were killed by the collapse of the cupola of the Greek church at Kilszura, Albania, and that the catastrophe is supposed to have been the work of Bulgarian agitators.

Seven fresh cases of the bubonic plague have been discovered at Cape Town today, and five Europeans and two colored persons have died from the disease.

Umbrellas, Rubbers and Mackintoshes.

Special Sale Thursday.

While they are necessary and you can use them we make the following special low prices for Thursday:

33c—Women's good quality rubbers, the proper styles for the latest styles in shoes, all sizes, on sale for Thursday at **33c**

39c—26-inch ladies' umbrellas, steel rod—congo handles—a good strong umbrella—an excellent school umbrella—for Thursday **39c**

98c—26-inch ladies' umbrellas—silver trimmed handles—full paragon frame—steel rod—silk twilled cover—for Thursday **98c**

$3.37—Women's Mackintoshes—colors blue, brown and black—double breasted cape with inverted pleat in back—velvet collar—is a $5.00 garment—for Thursday the price is only **$3.37**

$2.59—Boys' Wool Mackintoshes—box coat or with cape—blue or tan—we wish to discontinue carrying boys' mackintoshes and offer this $3.89 mackintosh Thursday for **$2.59**

HENDREN & TALLANT CO

117-119 W. Superior St. *The New Store* Metropolitan Block.

BASEBALL.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Pittsburg—St. Louis, 4; Pittsburg, 2.
At Chicago—Chicago, 8; Cincinnati, 7.
At Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 2; Boston, 1.
At Philadelphia—New York, 3; Philadelphia, 2.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Washington—Washington, 12; Baltimore, 6.
At Cleveland—Milwaukee, 8; Cleveland, 6.
At Chicago—Chicago, 4; Detroit, 2.
At Philadelphia—Boston, 6; Philadelphia, 6.

THEORY SHATTERED.

Gillette Did Not Die and Not Buried Secretly.

Sioux City, Iowa, May 1.—By the return to South Sioux City of Norman Gillette, who for nine years has been supposed dead, a most startling theory is uncovered. Gillette was a sandhog, employed in the building of caisons ninety feet below the surface of the Missouri for the big combination steel bridge, when he disappeared, and it was commonly supposed that he had died while at work and had been buried secretly to avoid a suit for damages for his death. People of South Sioux City, it transpires, believe that at least 100 men employed as sandhogs died in the caisons far below the surface, were pulled up and buried secretly with no one but the ignorant men with whom they worked being the wiser. These beliefs have lain dormant until now, the accusation never having appeared in print. The theory is held by the most reputable men of the town, however, and steps may be taken for an investigation.

A WARM TIME.

Speaker Henderson to Be Made a Shriner.

Dubuque, Iowa, May 1.—Col. D. B. Henderson will be initiated into the order of the Mystic Shrine on the evening of May 17. The ceremony will be in charge of the local El Kahir Temple of High Priests. On account of the prominence of the candidate the furnaces will be heated seven times hotter than usual, the sands will be baked for several days longer than is the common practice, and the goat will be required to subsist on shredded air for a week beforehand. Special rope and apparatus have been ordered.

"Cure the cough and save the life." Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup cures coughs and colds, down to the very verge of consumption.

REST AS YOU RIDE.
The Morrow Coaster Brake
Guarantees you Absolute Comfort and Pleasure in Cycling. Fits any wheel. Your wheel always under control. Security on hills. A luxury on the level.
You Ride 50 Miles, but Pedal only 35 Miles.
100,000 satisfied riders last year. Sold by all cycle dealers. Booklet Free.
Eclipse Mfg. Co., Elmira, N. Y.

Strong Testimony from Prominent Doctors

After Years of Scientific Research and Thorough Tests, Prominent Practitioners Prescribe and Indorse DUFFY'S MALT WHISKEY for All Diseases of the Throat and Lungs.

They Prescribe It Exclusively as a Tonic and Stimulant When the System Is Weak and Run Down from Disease or Overwork.

The following letters from prominent physicians were taken at random from many thousands we have received from doctors, who have made their great successes with DUFFY'S PURE MALT WHISKEY.

Dr. Philip Taylor, 50 E. Grace St., Richmond, Va., wrote us, on Dec. 7, 1900, as follows: "Gentlemen: I have used Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey in my practice and am well satisfied with its effects."

Dr. J. D. Cole, Alexandria Bay, N. Y., wrote us, on Dec. 5, 1900: "I have been using Duffy's Malt Whiskey in my family and practice for the past fifteen years, with very beneficial results. I often prescribe it for anaemic patients and some forms of indigestion; also for convalescents after typhoid fever, and all wasting diseases. It is a good tonic for the aged."

Dr. H. Centiola, Bridgeport, Conn., on Dec. 14, 1900, sent us the following: "I have prescribed Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey in my practice and think it a pure and beneficial tonic and stimulant. I cheerfully recommend it."

Dr. J. A. Hammond, Schuylerville, N.Y., wrote us, on Jan. 2, 1901: "I have used your Malt Whiskey for about seven years in my practice, and find it very beneficial in cases of debility and for old people. I have used it successfully in cases of typhoid fever after the fever had left and the patient was much debilitated. I cannot recommend it too highly where a tonic is necessary."

Dr. George S. Converse, New Haven, Conn., on Jan. 16, 1901, wrote: "I have used Duffy's Malt in my practice and always found it pure and satisfactory."

Dr. Albert C. Smith, President Suffolk Dispensary, 10 Charter St., Boston, Mass., wrote us: "In the treatment of the large number of patients who come for aid and relief we find it necessary in our work to use a stimulant which, without question, is absolutely pure, and we are glad to say that in your 'Duffy's Malt' we have succeeded in obtaining what has been of great assistance in many cases of pronounced danger. We should be unwilling to be without this valuable stimulant." This dispensary registered in one year almost 37,000 patients. It is one of the largest institutions of its kind in the world.

Dr. W. F. Hooper, Newport News, Va., on Dec. 18, 1900, wrote: "I have used your Duffy's Malt in convalescence from typhoid and other febrile diseases with satisfactory results."

Dr. R. P. Oppenheimer, 405 Church Ave., Knoxville, Tenn., wrote us as recently as Jan. 19, 1901: "I have used Duffy's Malt Whiskey extensively in my practice for ten years, especially among cases requiring stimulants and tonics, and I take pleasure in stating that I find it excels all other whiskeys."

Dr. De Witt Brugler, of the Blue Cross Medical Aid, 1502 Marshall St., Philadelphia, Pa., on Jan. 18, 1901, wrote us the following: "Duffy's Malt is the only whiskey used and dispensed at the Blue Cross Medical Aid Dispensary. We place no reliance upon any other for medical use."

During the past few years we have received hundreds of thousands of just such letters as these. There can be no more convincing proof that Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is the only absolutely pure, invigorating stimulant and tonic to be used exclusively in all cases where the system needs to be sustained.

The doctors, as well as the people, have learned that it does not pay to fill the system full of drugs. They realize what the system wants is a tonic and stimulant to aid the circulation and lend artificial force to throw off the disease's germs.

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey,

CURES Consumption, General Debility, La Grippe, Colds, Bronchitis, Malaria, Low Fever, Dyspepsia, Depression and Weakness from whatever causes.

It builds up and nourishes the body, it invigorates the brain, tones up the heart and prolongs life.

A leading New York doctor said, "Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is a form of food already digested."

NO FUSEL OIL.

CAUTION—Our patrons are cautioned against so-called Duffy's Malt Whiskey offered for sale in bulk or in flasks and packages other than our patent bottle. Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is sold in sealed bottles only. Offered in any other form it is not the genuine.

There is none "just as good" as Duffy's. The dealer who says so is thinking of his profits only. Ask for Duffy's, insist on getting it. Look for the trade-mark on the bottle.

FREE ADVICE—If you are sick and run down write our doctor for free advice. It will cost you nothing to learn how to regain health, strength and vitality. Medical booklet containing symptoms, treatment and testimonials sent free. All correspondence with our doctor is strictly confidential, and no testimonials are used without permission. All druggists and grocers, or direct, $1 oo a bottle. DUFFY MALT WHISKEY CO., Rochester, N. Y.

IDEA IS POPULAR

The Plans For Upper Water and Light Service System.

Improvement Rather Expensive---Will Reach Many Homes.

Very Large Section of the City To Be Benefited.

The proposition to build what is designated as the "upper service" in the water and light system apparently meets with popular approval. The plan outlined exclusively in The Herald is received with enthusiasm by many residents of the East End and of the residence district above Fifth street. Woodland property owners have expressed themselves delighted with the prospect of having city conveniences in that beautiful suburban district.

The initial step of this upper service, as ordered by the board of water and light commissioners, is primarily to furnish water to the new normal school, and as stated in last evening's paper, it would cost about $5,000. Another additional extension to Minneapolis street, in Woodland, would cost about $30,000, while the present plans for the portion of the city above Fifth street and as far up as Tenth, extending west to about Twelfth avenue, would cost as high as $100,000.

The contemplated improvement is a big thing and rather expensive. It is estimated that the extension above Fifth street would supply at least 500 homes with gas and water. Up to the present time there has been an urgent demand for water or light on the part of property owners in that part of the city, but the suggestion of the upper service seems to have awakened public sentiment.

In the East End the proposed extension would follow a diagonal line across the city from the old reservoir on Sixth street at Sixteenth avenue, to Superior street at about Twenty-fourth avenue. This would improve the present system and supply a large section of desirable residence property, which has never been improved for the reason that it is now impossible to get water and gas to it.

Out on First street at Twenty-fourth avenue there is only pressure enough to get into the first floor of a dwelling and other houses in that vicinity have difficulty in getting sufficient water. With the new system this entire district would be well supplied.

Many citizens have expressed a desire that the council shall not delay its approval of the proposed extension to the normal school, so that this water supply been in at the time the school caught fire, the damage would have been very light in comparison to what it was without any fire protection whatever.

Another feature about the proposed new system is that many people that have petitioned for water and light will be supplied. These petitions have never been acted on for the reason that there was no means of reaching the territory with the present system.

Skin affections will readily disappear by using DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. Look out for counterfeits. If you get DeWitt's you will get good results. It is the quick and positive cure for piles. Max Wirth.

PURITANIC.

Omaha to Be Closed Up Very Tight Next Sunday.

Omaha, May 1.—"Omaha will be a New England village next Sunday. I propose to put the city on a puritanical basis. There seems to be a sentiment here in favor of a closed town, and I intend to give Omaha people a taste of that sort of thing," Mayor Moores remarked yesterday. "Most of the saloons were shut last Sunday and the officers tell me there were but few attempts to break over the order I issued for strict Sunday closing.

"Next Sunday there will be no newsboys offering papers on the streets. All theaters will close. There will be no baseball games. Cigar stores and drug stores will be shut up tight. Everything but hotels and eating houses will be compelled to close and no liquor will be sold anywhere.

"If Omaha people want a shut up town they shall have it. I intend to play no favorites. All places which keep open on Sunday are to fall under the order, and the police will be instructed to see that violators of the Sunday closing laws are prosecuted.

"It has been my purpose to give the city a good administration. Crime has been punished. The city has been orderly and the police regulation has been above reproach, but there seems to be a howl for a different sort of city government. Some Omaha people want to go back to the order of things which was in vogue when Omaha was a village.

"I believe in running a city as the majority of the citizens want it run. Until recently there seemed to be little objection to keeping places of amusement open on Sunday. The reformers have expressed a desire to do away with all sorts of Sunday amusements, and their request will be complied with.

"Personally, I seldom patronize places of amusement on Sundays, but I don't believe that they should be closed. There are many people who have no opportunity to go to the theaters and ball games on week days. It does not seem right that they should be denied amusements on Sunday, but I am not running Omaha as I think it should be run, but as the citizens want it. I am a public servant and at the city's command. It may be that the people who are crying for a closed town are in a minority. We will shut up things and find out. I propose to find one exactly what sort of an administration is wanted here."

This situation has resulted from a movement with party reformers to regulate the city. After next Sunday, no laborers will be permitted around the gas and electric light wires, and it looks as if the city will also be deprived of street car service.

Boston Restaurant

Opens today to the public by Mrs. Frank Bridgeman. Old and new patrons will receive best of attention.

"I had a running, itching sore on my leg. Suffered tortures. Doan's Ointment took away the burning and itching instantly, and quickly effected permanent cure." C. W. Lenhart, Bowling Green, Ohio.

INVIGORATED

HOW A WOMAN GOT HER STRENGTH BACK.

She Took Our Vinol with Good Results.

WE WANT EVERY ONE TO KNOW ABOUT IT.

READ WHAT WE HAVE TO SAY. COME AND SEE US.

We don't want any one in this city to drag themselves through life in pain and misery for the want of enough strength to feel well and happy.

If you feel listless, without ambition and run down, it is a bad sign.

You are running grave chances. You are in a condition to be attacked by most any disease.

This feeling of debility is a symptom that your system is generally demoralized. You should take a tonic.

You should take Vinol, which we know and will guarantee will restore your strength.

Following is one case where it did this. Mrs. T. H. Boyle, of 56 Chestnut St., West Newton, Mass., says:

"Last spring I used one bottle of Vinol. At that time I was all run down and sick. I find that it did me lots of good, and by its use my strength came back to me."

Vinol is a delicious preparation, containing the active curative principles that are found in cod-liver oil, dissolved in a delicate table wine.

Vinol acts directly on the stomach, aiding digestion and at the same time creating a healthy appetite. It gives strength and vigor to every organ of the body.

We endorse Vinol, and guarantee its action, and will gladly refund to any one who is not satisfied the money which they paid for it.

S. F. BOYCE, Druggist,
335 Superior St. West, Corner Fourth Avenue

THINKS HER CRAZY.

Papa Nation In No Hurry to Go Home.

Marion, Ind., May 1.—David Nation, husband of Carrie Nation, was robbed of $73 at the Lilliputian show while he was buying tickets for himself, his sister and his brother-in-law. A crook picked his pockets of the $73 and a pair of cuff buttons, secured from the Indiana by "Mad Anthony" Wayne, under whom Mr. Nation's grandfather served.

When asked concerning the report of his wife's insanity, Mr. Nation was not surprised that she had become violent, as he had known for some time that she was insane.

About returning to his wife, he said he had only 35 cents and that he could not return if he wanted. He had never approved of the conduct of his wife, and was not in any hurry to return to her.

CHICAGO'S NEW CHIEF.

Good Man Put at Head of the Police.

Chicago, May 1.—Capt. Francis O'Neill, the new chief of police appointed by Mayor Harrison, has been captain of the Woodlawn avenue station. He has been on the force twenty-eight years and has the reputation of being the most scholarly man in the department. He was born in the County Cork, Ireland, in 1849, where he was educated for holy orders. He abandoned a clerical career to become a sailor and circumnavigated the globe. Later he became a cowboy, a railroad clerk and in 1872 a policeman. He has served in all ranks to that of captain, and now stands second on the eligible list of inspectors. He has the reputation of being an efficient policeman in every capacity in which he has served. During his service as a policeman, he has been an untiring book collector, his library being especially rich in works on Ireland.

BARS SOME RELATIVES.

Will of New York Millionaire Is Peculiar.

New York, May 1.—Relatives of Edward Augustus Hammond, who share in his estate of over $1,000,000 under his will, have begun a contest. Mr. Hammond bequeathed $20,000 and all his jewelry to Jane Maria Stelle, who had been his housekeepers for years and looked after his property and income; $5000 to the Monmouth memorial hospital at Long Branch, and $30,000 and a picture to the American Society For the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals. A strange provision of his will is as follows:

"I have omitted from this, my will, all mention of several relatives of mine. I am not unmindful of the fact. This omission is not accidental or inadvertance, or from any unkind feeling on my part, but deliberate and determined, and for reasons that seem to me good and sufficient. I have decided to exclude from any participation in my estate any and all persons not mentioned in this, my will."

Mr. Hammond's reason for inserting this clause is said to have been that some years ago he was disinherited by one of his sisters, whose will contained a clause of almost similar language.

LARGEST IN WORLD

Big Steel Floating Dry Dock Is Now Practically Completed.

Big Undertaking to Tow It to Permanent Location at Algiers.

A Start Will Be Made In September With Powerful Tugs.

Washington, May 1.—The big steel floating dock, to be located at Algiers, La., near New Orleans, and now building by the Merian Steel company, is practically completed, and Admiral Endicott, who designed the big structure, went to Baltimore today to inspect it. It is the largest floating dry dock in the world, and now that it is complete quite an important problem arises as to how it shall be floated down the Atlantic coast and into the Gulf of Mexico up to Algiers. Over 13,000,000 pounds of steel have been used in its construction, and as it is more than half submerged the towing of such a vast and unwieldy bulk is a formidable undertaking. The start will be made some time in September, a number of powerful tugs being utilized. Slow progress will be made on the long trip. The dock is 525 feet long, 100 wide across the entrance, with a depth of 28 feet over the sill. It has a lifting capacity of 15,000 tons, and on emergency its high docks will give it additional power at 18,000 tons. It has cost $810,000. The contract calls for placing the dock in position at Algiers, so that the towing of the structure through the Atlantic and the gulf will be made at the risk of the contractors.

IN MICHIGAN.

Prominent Business Man Held For Embezzling Public Funds.

Escanaba—George E. Merrill, once a prominent business man or Rapid River, was brought to this city by the sheriff, charged with embezzling $2100 of township school money while he was acting as treasurer of Masonville township. He waived examination and was bound over to the next term of circuit court under $500 bail, which he hopes to secure. He has turned over all his property to the township.

Herman H. Fernstrom, formerly a resident of Escanaba and a son of John Fernstrom of that city, has resigned his position as superintendent of the Ide Engine works at Springfield, Ill., to accept a place with $5000 per year, with a big manufacturing plant at Providence, R. I. In 1885 Mr. Fernstrom was employed in C. & N. W. shops at Escanaba. He afterwards worked in Milwaukee and Chicago, and in 1889 was, for a time, with the Cochran rolling mills in Escanaba.

Last week Charles Peterson, of Escanaba, a brakeman on a train working in the Stungeon gravel pit, was caught between two cars and so badly injured that he died in less than three hours. The accident occurred about 2:30 and the injured man was taken to a hospital at Norway before 3 o'clock.

Sault Ste. Marie—A big fire occurred at the large lumber manufacturing plant of the Hall & Munson company at Bay Mills, twelve miles from here Tuesday morning. The entire town was threatened with destruction, but the fire is now under control. The fire departments of the two Soos went there on a special at 9 o'clock. The fire originated in the stock factory dry kiln and spread to the dry cut stock lumber shed. Both buildings were destroyed. The loss will approximate $75,000 —covered by insurance.

A public mass meeting will be held at the Soo one evening this week for the purpose of completing the organization of a Board of commerce. There is much interest in the proposed chamber. It is anticipated that it will be given an auspicious birth and that it will take a prominent part in the upbuilding of the Soo.

Iron Mountain—A fatal accident occurred at the West Vulcan mine, Iron Mountain, in which Guillo Molletti, a young Italian, lost his life. Molletti was at work underground. Soon after going down into the mine to work a large fall of ore and rock came, crushing out his life. It is estimated that at least seven tons of rock and ore fell.

Menominee—The new sulphite mill to be built by the Menominee & Marinette Paper company, will comprise one large building, 4 stories high, and two small frame buildings. The size of the large building will be 106 by 72 feet. In it will be the digester room, 40 by 56 feet; lime mixing room, 21 by 56 feet, sulphur burning room, 24 by 38 feet. A wooden building to be used as a wood room will be constructed. The dimensions will be 50 by 72 feet, one story high. An addition will be built to the boiler room of brick, one story high. A crew of men has been at work breaking ground and the foundation will be laid this week. F. G. Fernstrum will build the two digesters for the plant and two new water wheels will be put in.

THE DAKOTAS.

Bloodhounds Sent on the Trail of Store Thieves.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Centerville—Bloodhounds were brought here to track the men who robbed the stores of Amundson & Peterson and J. C. Bergiund. Mr. Bergiund reports a loss of $125 in razors, revolvers and pearl-handle knives; $6 in cash was taken from the store of Amundson & Peterson. The door of the large safe was broken, but the thieves did not wait to finish their job, and the $500 it contained was found secure when the vault was opened late yesterday afternoon. Experts worked nearly a day to open the safe.

Harry Hammond, the young farmer, who shot and instantly killed Fred Bowman, four miles north of this place on the afternoon of April 26, came to town and gave himself up to the deputy sheriff. He says the shooting was in self-defense. The trouble was simply a continuation of the Turner township resurvey dispute. Bauman was on the side of the new survey and had moved a line fence.

Fort Pierre—Phil Dufran will lose the sight of both his eyes and the eyeball in one; Dave Goldings will probably lose the use of both his eyes and Melvin Young has lost the sight of one eye and will doubtless lose the other as a result of the small pox. Sixteen Indians have died up to date and the disease has spread all over the reservation from Rapid City to Belle Fourche and from Chamberlain to Standing Rock.

Pierre—Governor Herreld has granted a requisition on the governor of Iowa for William Hill, wanted in Minnehaha county on a charge of criminal assault.

Dr. W. P. Wimmer, a prominent property owner in this city, and who has been interested in a large stock ranch in Sully county, died at his ranch Monday of pneumonia. The remains will be brought to this city for interment. He has no relatives here, his wife and son residing in New York.

Lead—Mrs. Phoebe Hearst, one of the principal stockholders in the Homestake Mining company, will arrive this week to make a short visit. She will be the guest of ex-Senator G. C. Moody a portion of the time, and will also visit T. J. Grier and family. Mrs. Hearst makes a visit to the Hills about every two years. She is greatly interested in the costly improvements that have been made in and about the Homestake mine and is supporting the Hearst free library and five kindergarten, two strong institutions.

Yankton—The Woodmen of the World are making preparations for the unveiling of the monument of their deceased sovereign, William D. Russell and W. H. Lukas, on Sunday, May 5.

Sioux Falls—H. R. Folsom is arranging to start another newspaper at Hartford, this county. The material is already on the ground. The plant of the defunct Alexandria Enterprise will be utilized.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Grand Forks—Action was taken looking toward the building of a half mile race track in the near future. A meeting of horsemen was held and after canvassing the situation a committee of two, consisting of Charley McManus and Owen Young, was appointed to look up a suitable location and secure figures as to the cost of grading, erecting a fence and getting the city water put in. This committee will report at a meeting to be held next Saturday evening. The new track will no doubt be built, and Grand Forks included in the Northern Minnesota racing circuit that was organized in Crookston a short time ago. It has been some time since Grand Forks had a race track and the turfmen are elated over the present prospects of again getting on the map.

Mandan—Rev. Mr. Kratz, pastor of the Presbyterian church, was called to the bar of Judge Winchester's court in answer to summons for contempt of court, having written threatening letters to the judge. He was given till afternoon to apologize. He offered an apology and the court now has the matter under advisement.

Jamestown—John and Joseph Lonski will present a bill for $450 to Stutsman county for horses drowned on the line between sections 29 and 30 in townships 142, range 62. The horses were drowned while being driven to work. It is doubtful if the commissioners will allow the bill. It will have to be clearly established that the grade was not right and that then county was negligent before anything will be allowed.

Fargo—The Methodist Sunday school membership in North Dakota is 9288, of which Grand Forks district claims 2546; Fargo, 1578; Jamestown, 1531. Grand Forks paid for buildings and improvements, $6135; Fargo, $4767; Jamestown, $2874. The total sum raised for benevolence reaches $11,313, and Drayton, as usual holds first place in the whole conference, having raised $455 for missions.

GET OUR PRICES. PHONE 601.

You will not have a chance to complain if we move you.

Only men with experience allowed to go out with our vans. Household goods, pianos, safes and machinery given prompt and careful attention. ***Trunks to any part of the city 25c.*** Excellent rooms for storage.

People's Moving and Storage Co.

Herman Rumpel, Manager.

210 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

South Shore Changes Time.

Commencing Sunday, May 5, the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic east-bound train No. 8, for Montreal, Boston, New York and East, will leave Duluth at 7 o'clock p. m. daily. Through train from the East will arrive Duluth at 8:20 a. m. daily. Local train No. 6 for Marquette and the copper country will leave Duluth at 8:15 a. m. daily except Sunday. Local train from Marquette and the copper country will arrive Duluth 7:30 p. m. daily except Sunday. Dining car service, a la carte, on all trains.

Jennie—To have a round beautiful neck wiggle your head from side to side every night and take Rocky Mountain Tea. It's a short cut to a graceful form. 35c. Ask your druggist.

(3890.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—SS.

To S. Haight: Take notice that, pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 322 of the General Laws of the year 1899, of the State of Minnesota, and pursuant to a real estate tax judgment amounting to $24.84 entered in the district court in said county of St. Louis on the 21st day of March, 1900, in proceedings to enforce payment of taxes upon the following described real estate delinquent in the year 1897, and for any prior year or years, for said county, said real estate having been struck off to the state at a tax sale in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes thereon for the years 1894 and 1895, and said taxes not having been satisfied by payment, redemption, or sale of the said real estate to an actual purchaser, the following described real estate, situate in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit: Lot one hundred fifty-two (152), on Lake avenue, Lower Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, was at the sale of forfeited lands, on the 9th day of May, 1900, sold for the sum of $4.00, said sum being the highest bid therefor; and the amount required to redeem the said tract of land from said sale, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice, is the sum of $4.00, and the time within which said land can be redeemed from said sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice and proof thereof has been filed in my office.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., April 24, 1901.

O. HALDEN,
Auditor of St. Louis County, Minnesota.
(Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, May-1-8-15-1901.

(3892.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—SS.

To Marcus P. Mason: Take notice that, pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 322 of the General Laws of the year 1899 of the state of Minnesota, and pursuant to a real estate tax judgment amounting to $24.84 entered in the district court in said county of St. Louis on the 21st day of March, 1900, in proceedings to enforce payment of taxes upon the following described real estate delinquent in the year 1897, and for any prior year or years, for said county, said real estate having been struck off to the state at tax sales in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes thereon for the years 1893 to 1895 inclusive and said taxes not having been satisfied by payment, redemption, or sale of the said real estate to an actual purchaser, the following described real estate, situate in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit: Lot number one (1), block number thirty-four (34), Carlton Place Addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, was, at the sale of forfeited lands on the 10th day of May, 1900, sold for the sum of $9.60, said sum being the highest bid therefor; and the amount required to redeem the said tract of land from said sale, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice, is the sum of $9.00, and the time within which said land can be redeemed from said sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice and proof thereof has been filed in my office.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., April 24, 1901.

O. HALDEN,
Auditor of St. Louis County, Minnesota.
(Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, May-1-8-15-1901.

(3934.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—SS.

To W. H. Seldon: Take notice that, pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 322 of the General Laws of the year 1899, of the state of Minnesota and pursuant to a real estate tax judgment amounting to $24.84 entered in the district court in said county of St. Louis on the 21st day of March, 1900, in proceedings to enforce payment of taxes upon the following described real estate delinquent in the year 1897, and for any prior year or years, for said county, said real estate having been struck off to the state at a tax sale in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes thereon for the year 1895 and said taxes not having been satisfied by payment, redemption, or sale of the said real estate to an actual purchaser, the following described real estate, situate in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit: Lot four (4), in Block three (3), West End Addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof was, at the sale of forfeited lands, on the 10th day of May, 1900, sold for the sum of $21.50, said sum being the highest bid therefor; and the amount required to redeem the said tract of land from said sale, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice, is the sum of $21.50, and the time within which said land can be redeemed from said sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice and proof thereof has been filed in my office.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., April 24, 1901.

O. HALDEN,
Auditor of St. Louis County, Minnesota.
(Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, May-1-8-15-1901.

(3835.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—SS.

To Thos. O. Tweed: Take notice that, pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 322 of the General Laws of the year 1899, of the state of Minnesota, and pursuant to a real estate tax judgment amounting to $11.85 entered in the district court in said county of St. Louis on the 21st day of March, 1900, in proceedings to enforce payment of taxes upon the following described real estate delinquent in the year 1897, and for any prior year or years, for said county, said real estate having been struck off to the state at a tax sale in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes thereon for the year 1895 and said taxes not having been satisfied by payment, redemption or sale of the said real estate to an actual purchaser, the following described real estate, situate in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit: Lot number sixteen (16), Macfarlane's Grassy Point Addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, was, at the sale of forfeited lands, on the 10th day of May, 1900, sold for the sum of $21.00, said sum being the highest bid therefor; and the amount required to redeem the said tract of land from said sale, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice, is the sum of $21.00, and the time within which said land can be redeemed from said sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice and proof thereof has been filed in my office.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., April 24, 1901.

O. HALDEN,
Auditor of St. Louis County, Minnesota.
(Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, May-1-8-15-1901.

THEY RETURN

Coast Engineers Brought For Northern Boats Go Back.

The marine engineers that the Northern Steamship company brought from the coast to go to work on their freighters at the Eastern Minnesota docks in West Superior, and who arrived yesterday at the head of the lakes, have been deported, as the union engineers and firemen went back to work before the non-union men from the coast reached the boats. When the latter crowd found that the union men had gone back to work, they were rather disconcerted, but would say nothing of their intention. Many of them were foreigners. The steamship company started them on their way back to the coast last night. It is likely that some of the Northern Steamship boats will get away within the next forty-eight hours. Three of the boats have been at the docks loaded for the past three weeks. The yard is full of carloads of flour waiting room at the Eastern company's flour sheds.

The steamer Flagg was successfully launched shortly after 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. It was a damp cold afternoon but several hundred people were out to see the launching. Douglas Brews, of Cleveland, arrived yesterday to take charge of the engines on the Flagg.

WILL BUY SOME TIMBER.

Diamond Match Company Purchasing Pine.

Other indications are cropping out to show that the Diamond Match company has not yet relinquished its designs on pine timber in Northern Minnesota, as some would have it appear. It has been learned on pretty good authority that certain parties in Duluth, who own large tracts of standing pine on the north shore, which has been under option to the match company for several weeks, have received word from the match company's representatives to ahead and make out the abstracts. This interpreted by some to indicate a pending sale. The timber included in this deal is about 70,000,000 feet.

Clan Stewart Entertain.

A delightful musical entertainment was given in Kalamazoo hall last evening by Clan Stewart. Those participating in the program were Miss Jane Everington, Miss Baird, Miss Georgia Alexander, C. J. Giddings, James Reid, Mr. Benner. Music was also furnished by the DiMarco orchestra. Miss Florence Clement, who will leave the city for Minneapolis, on Friday, was the accompanist. After the musical program, John Smith danced the Highland fling and the sword dance. The program was followed by an informal dance.

A Card of Thanks.

We take this opportunity to publicly express our heartfelt thanks to our many friends and neighbors who so kindly gave their aid and sympathy in our late bereavement.

MR. AND MRS. F. A. PETTIBONE,
Duluth Heights, Minn.

MR. HEASLEY HONORED.

Brother Carpenters Present Him With Testimonial.

The Carpenters' union held an open session last evening after the business meeting in the Kalamazoo block hall. At the business meeting twenty-five new members were initiated, the large number being due to the fact that the initiation fee will be doubled beginning with today.

The occasion for the open meeting was the presentation to J. L. eHasley, a member of the union of a fine pipe. He is about to leave the city for Gillett, Wis., and being one of the oldest members of the union there was a general desire to recognize his long service. The presentation was made by President J. W. Kelley who spoke of Mr. Heasley as having been a member of the union for eleven years.

Mr. Heasley responded that he proposed that the membership which has continued for so long should not lapse so long as life was spared him and that though leaving Duluth he would not forget the union here with which he has been identified for so long. He thanked all his brother carpenters for the fine testimonial they had given him and expressed his sincere regret at leaving.

BRAKE ON SPECULATION.

Plan to Curb Indiscriminate Sales of Stock.

Washington, May 1.—An effort is to be made at the next session of congress to do something to curb indiscriminate sales of stock in industrial and railroad enterprises.

Some of the closest students of financial enterprises have come to the conclution that there should be a limit to the purely speculative transfers of stock.

The federal laws do not enforce any liabilities on stockholders except in the case of national banks. Congress, of course, cannot assume to regulate purely local business enterprises. It can, however, enact laws to control industrial and transportation enterprises that have an interstate commerce. This is exactly what the financial reformers in congress want to accomplish.

Just before he went to Europe, Chairman Babcock of the Republican congressional committee, said he intended to introduce a bill in December fixing a liability upon stockholders for two years after the transfer of their stock. This measure, Mr. Babcock says, will be coupled with that for the removal of tariff duties on articles controlled by trusts, or where the protection is unnecessary. Said the Wisconsin congressman:

"Liability of actual stockholders is the only possible remedy for the pernicious work of unscrupulous promoters. Corporations are organized on every hand and nobody knows who or what is behind them. When the crash comes the men who put up the job are out of the company entirely, and only the innocent holders of the watered securities can be reached.

"Congress can and I believe will legislate that the actual holders of stock certificates shall be responsible. This will tend to prevent wholesale transfers in blank, and if the original stockholders know that they cannot escape their liability for a year or two after they sell their stock they will be more slow about wrecking corporations.

"Congress can interfere to regulate the stock of corporations which make a commodity in one state to sell in another state

"I shall introduce a bill in congress somewhat similar to the Illinois law, and my opinion is that the stockholders' liability and the tariff revision on anti-trust lines will both be passed by the house next winter."

THE FAMOUS,
The Bargain Shoe Store.

OUR NEW
Spring Tans
have arrived—
$3.50
A PAIR.

Worth more. Handsome shapes, new Maroon Bluchers, new Tan Russia Lace, new Brown Vici Lace, welted soles, elegant workmanship, fine finish. They beat anything ever sold in Duluth before for $3.50.

Twilight Trains.

There are only two Twilight Limited trains, one south-bound and one north-bound, over "The North-Western Line" between the head of the lakes and the Twin Cities of Minnesota, leaving each starting point after the business of the day is over, arriving at destination at early bedtime. Gentlemen enjoy the comfortable, commodious club smoking room of the observation cars and the 6 o'clock superb dinner in the popular diner. Ladies have all the luxuries of their own home in the large and roomy parlor cars, with their upholstered revolving chairs. Then, again, it saves you sleeping car fare by taking this train, enabling you to reach a comfortable hotel for a night's refreshing sleep, or possibly your own home. The traveling public appreciate the service and the schedule.

Remember the hour of departure—4:30 p. m. daily from the brownstone depot of "The North-Western Line," foot of Fifth avenue west.

Fond du Lac---Oshkosh.

Reclining chair cars, seats free. Duluth to Fond du Lac, Oshkosh and intermediate points via Merrillan, Marshfield and Wausau on fast mail trains over the North-Western Line. Daily service. Tickets at city ticket office, 405 West Superior street.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

He Has Cured Thousands
Given up to die.

DR. REA

Next regular professional visit to Duluth at

Spalding Hotel, Saturday, May 4,

From 9 a. m. until 4 p. m.

Returning every month. Consult him while the opportunity is at hand.

DR. REA has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He will give $50 for any case that he cannot tell the disease and where located in five minutes.

All curable medical and surgical diseases, acute and chronic catarrh, and Special Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung disease, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney, Liver, Bladder, Prostatic and Female diseases, Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity, Interrupted Nutrition, Slow Growth in Children, and all wasting diseases in adults. Many cases of Deafness, Ringing in the Ears, Loss of Eyesight, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated or neglected, can be easily restored. Deformities, Club Feet, Curvature of the Spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease, Dropsy, Swelling of the Limbs, Stricture, Open Sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long-standing diseases properly treated. Young, middle-aged and old, single or married men and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, semmal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage, also blood and skin diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder troubles, Weak Back, burning Urine, passing urine too often, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, Receive Searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

Cancers, Tumors, Goiter, Fistula, Piles,

Varicocele and enlarged glands with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the nineteenth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00.

DR. REA & CO.
Minneapolis, Minn. Louisville, Ky.

AT CASS LAKE

Loggers Are Preparing to Start Their Drives Down River.

Cass Lake, Minn., May 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—The ice has all disappeared from Cass Lake and its tributaries, and the loggers in this vicinity are preparing to start their drives "down river." George Dewey, of Grand Rapids was here yesterday, hiring men and securing supplies for Sam Hunter's big drive at Bear River, which will be taken through Lake Winnibigoshish to Brainerd and turned over to the Boom company. The Shamrock, a steamboat belonging to the Scanlon-Gipson Lumber company, is being fitted out for the season and will tow logs belonging to that company from the entrance to Cass Lake to the company's mill on Pike Bay. The Zoah May, the largest steamer on the northern lakes, is in Wolf lake, and will tow a large quantity of logs belonging to the J. Neils Lumber company from that lake to the Neils sawmill on Cass lake. There are a large number of logs in the streams and lakes hereabouts, and these together with those which will be hauled during fall, will be sufficient to supply the two mills here for a year's steady sawing, at least.

Diphtheria, sore throat, croup. Instant relief, permanent cure. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. At any drug store.

Cascarine at all Druggists.

Cures biliousness, constipation and dyspepsia or money refunded, 50 cts. Sample and book on diet and cure sent free for 10c to pay postage. Rea Bros. & Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

FUNNIEST OF DUELS

Two Women Rivals For Sovereignty of Monte Carlo.

They Are Now Trying to Outdress One Another.

Men Are Excited Over a New Type of Beauty.

Monte Carlo, April 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—If you would know where American women learn to love gambling, come to the Riviera just now. The spring exodus from Paris, Rome, Florence and other great fashion centers in Europe has commenced and the sporty element all strike here as soon as they leave their favorite winter headquarters.

This year the ordinary excitement of Monte Carlo is to be eclipsed.

The wealthy and petted beauty who has ruled as queen here every season recently is to have her claims to sovereignty disputed for the first time in years.

Liane de Pougy has been queen of Monte Carlo as she has been queen of Bohemian Paris for several years, now.

Last year she found a rival who threatened her supremacy and almost drove her to despair. That rival was the Countess Stavra, an American born woman and like Liane de Pougy a beauty, a wit, immensely wealthy, fascinating and clever.

The only difference between the two women is that the Countess Stavra considers herself infinitely above her rival socially.

The life of either women told in detail would eclipse any of the recent Parisian productions between book covers.

Both women have had admirers by the hundreds, have been fought for and have had millions spent upon them by raving over her beauty for months past. It is a beauty of a strange type. It is classical, and yet more. It contains that strange force or power which is the dominant factor in the faces of some American women. Its power, allied to its beauty, produces an irresistible combination. Men fall at her feet like battalions before Krupp guns. They have found a new type—something which is higher, stronger and more all-conquering than they have ever met before. It is the first full expression of the twentieth century type of beauty—a marked advance over the weaker lines of all its predecessors.

The possessor of such a face and form as the Countess Stavra possesses could not have risen to the pinnacle she occupies from her former modest possession had she not possessed a cold and self-centered nature.

The Countess Stavra has been twice a widow. A few years ago she was well known in New York as Mrs. Tilton.

The fame of Mrs. Tilton's beauty was a familiar theme before her husband died.

Mrs. Tilton was very young when this occurred, and being left well provided for, she determined to see a little more of the world before settling down again.

In London she soon became enormously popular. Her charm and exquisite style, above all her inimitable taste in dressing made her at once a personage, and she had but to go to Paris to more than duplicate her success.

Paris is the one place in the world where a rich and beautiful woman can be properly worshiped. Mrs. Tilton soon became the rage. She was something new and more chic than even St. Petersburg had sent to Paris. Her coldness and hauteur only heightened her charm and multiplied her conquests.

Men of all nations hastened to pay their devoirs at this beautiful shrine. It is said that during her first season in Paris the beautiful American received over 100 offers of marriage.

It was at Monte Carlo that the countess met her fate the second time.

She speedily achieved as great a reputation there for her daring play as she had done for her beauty and chic in Paris. It was then that Liane de Pougy first felt the pang of jealousy for the "dashing American."

Cool as an iceberg, the newcomer watched the croupier rake in her thousands of American dollars, and cool and self-contained, as if the result were a matter of indifference, she saw the golden tide flow back to her.

She was the gamest player that had ever come to Monte Carlo. Those who watched her admiringly declared that it was was not the first time she had played for heavy stakes, but Mabel Tilton knew better.

Then came the lovers. Everyone in Monte Carlo sought an introduction. A banker's son from Paris shot himself one night because he felt that his case was hopeless. Before he died he spent the remnant of his fortune in buying for her one of the costliest gems that now rests in her jewel case.

Her next favored suitor was the count

THE CASINO AT MONTE CARLO.

infatuated creatures of the opposite sex and both are well known at Monte Carlo.

According to popular rumor these two women have determined during the next few weeks to fight one of the bitterest duels that ever has been fought.

It will be a duel of toilettes.

The most exclusive dressmakers of Paris have been engaged for weeks in preparations for this novel encounter.

It is expected that the Countess Stavra will win, as she is enormously wealthy. On the other hand Liane de Pougy has friends, wealthy and gallant, who will never allow her to be beaten if they can help it.

Two seasons ago Otero, the fascinating Spanish beauty, ran Liane a close race for the coveted honor, but was finally vanquished by the resources of Pougy's wardrobe, her wit and her strongly fascinating beauty.

Men say that the countess is excruciatingly cruel and cold as marble, although an insatiable coquette.

Paris, in fact all Europe, has been whose name she now bears. An aristocratic Russian possessed of almost limitless wealth, all of which, together with his entire devotion he was willing to lay at her feet, was a prize no proud woman could disdain. But the countess was coy. She was not for a moment dazzled by her ardent admirer's wealth. She told him that if he would wait a year she would see. Then she sailed for home. Her country home is in Newburg, N. Y.

How the count followed her there and importuned her to marry him, presented here with $500,000 worth of jewels and a fortune, won her and triumphantly bore her back to Europe has been told a year ago by the cables. The happiness was short-lived as the infatuation was fervid. Soon after Europe had become accustomed to the real devotion of an aristocratic husband and had classed her as the handsomest, best gowned and most jewelled bride on its grand social stage, the count, hurriedly called to Constantinople, suddenly died there. This was last August.

Beautiful and bewitching as ever the countess is back at Monte Carlo this spring, the pet of the American coterie, and the envy of everybody, especially de Pougy.

Into how much danger cannot such a fascinating woman lead her weak-minded sisters? Monte Carlo is a splendid training school for giddy American women to learn the art of gambling in and to acquire a taste which they can, perhaps, only gratify at home by such mild diversions as bridge whist and euchre.

VALERIE DELAMOUR.

GETS HIS RED HAT

Cardinal Martinelli Invested With Insigna of His New Office.

Ceremony Performed By Papal Representative, Count Colacchi.

Brief Addresses By the Court and Newly Made Cardinal.

Washington, May 1.—Cardinal-elect Martinelli last night received from the hands of a member of the papal guard of Pope Leo XIII, Count Stanislaus Colacchi, who has just arrived from Rome, the consistorial letter formally advising him of his elevation to the cardinalate and the red zechutto, emblematic of that high office. The ceremony, which was brief and simple, occurred at the papal legation at 6 o'clock last evening in the presence of a number of church dignitaries. Count Colacchi arrived in New York yesterday morning and was met by Dr. Rooker, secretary of the legation here, and a delegation of the clergy, who escorted him to Washington. The party arrived here shortly before 6 o'clock and were driven to the papal legation, where preparations had been made for the ceremony to occur as soon as the papal representative arrived. Count Colacchi had donned his uniform before leaving the train, and he entered the papal residence wearing his massive helmet and with a sweeping white cloak heavily braided with gold falling to his feet. There was no delay for greetings, and the papal officer immediately proceeded to fulfill the duties of his mission. The large parlor of the legation was brilliantly lighted, and here Monsignor Martinelli and those nearest to him assembled for the ceremony. The cardinal-elect was attired in the rich silken robes of an archbishop. He was attended by Monsignor Conaty, rector of the Catholic university, also in his silken vestments, while in a circle before the group were ranged the company invited to witness the ceremony.

Putting aside his cloak, Count Colacchi stepped into the parlor in the brilliant uniform of the guards, with sword at his side. In his hand he carried two large letters and a leathern case enclosing the zuchetto. Saluting the cardinal-elect, Count Colacchi handed him one of the letters, which was read aloud and proved to be the credentials of the officials of the official messenger. Then the second letter was handed to the cardinal-elect, who ran through it and handed it to Bishop Keiley, of Savannah, to be read. It was as follows:

"From the Secretary of State, Rome, April 15, 1901.—To Monsignor Sebastian Martinelli: In the secret consistory of this morning his holiness deigned to elevate to the supreme dignity of the cardinalate Monsignor Sebastian Martinelli. This gracious and sovereign favor is brought to the notice of your eminence for your knowledge and guidance.

"M. CARDINAL RAMPOLLA."

When the letter had been read, Count Colacchi opened the small red morocco case and took therefrom a red silken zuchetto, or cardinal's skull cap. Dr. Conaty removed the purple cap from the head of Monsignor Martinelli and the latter placed the red cap of high office in its stead. Removing his helmet, Count Colacchi addressed the cardinal, saying he had been highly honored in being chosen as the bearer of this message to the delegate. He referred to the long and eminent services of Monsignor Martinelli, his unfailing devotion to the church and to the supreme pontiff, and expressed the hope that the blessing of long life would be given the cardinal for the labors of the exalted station now bestowed on him.

Cardinal Martinelli spoke briefly. He referred to the illustrious house from which Count Colacchi descended. So far as he himself knew, the favor which the sovereign pontiff had deigned to show him was not due to the humble services he had been able to perform, but to the graciousness of the pontiff himself, and as in the past he had always sought to promote the interests of the pontiff and of religion, so, with the help of God, he would continue those labors.

Dr. Rooker was the first to congratulate Cardinal Martinelli on his elevation, and was followed by Dr. Marchetti, the ablegate, and many others present. The cardinal then invited his guests to join him at dinner. It was understood that the formalities of taking the oath would follow the ceremony, but this was deferred until later in the week.

Sent Free To Men

Free Trial Package of This New Discovery Mailed to Every Man Sending Name and Address—Quickly Restores Strength and Vigor.

Free trial packages of a most remarkable remedy are being mailed to all who will write the State Medical Institute. They

A. E. ROBINSON, M.D., C.M.
Medical Director.

cured so many men who had battled for years against the mental and physical suffering of lost manhood, that the institute has decided to distribute free trial packages to all who write. It is a home treatment and all men who suffer with any form of sexual weakness resulting from youthful folly premature loss of strength and memory, weak back, varicocele, or emaciation of parts can now cure themselves at home.

The remedy has a peculiarly grateful effect of warmth and seems to act direct to the desired location, giving strength and development just where it is needed. It cures all the ills and troubles that come from years of misuse of the natural functions and has been an absolute success in all cases. A request to the State Medical Institute, 636 Elektron Building, Ft. Wayne, Ind., stating that you desire one of their free trial packages will be complied with promptly. The Institute is desirous of reaching that great class of men who are unable to leave home to be treated and the free sample will enable them to see how easy it is to be cured of sexual weakness when the proper remedies are employed. The Institute makes no restrictions. Any man who writes will be sent a free sample, carefully sealed in plain package so that its recipient need have no fear of embarrassment or publicity. Readers are requested to write without delay.

"Now good digestion waits on appetite, and health on both." If it doesn't, try Burdock Blood Bitters.

Slow Healing Sores

With rich, pure, strong blood one is never troubled with sores or ulcers. A cut or any injury to the flesh heals in a few days, nature supplying the healing balm in the form of healthy, new blood; but when the circulation is tainted with poisonous germs, humors or any effete matter, a slight scratch or abrasion of the skin becomes a festering sore, tiny pimples grow to be boils, swollen joints and inflamed glands often break out into offensive, slow healing sores. A polluted blood is always a menace to health; not only does it keep the skin in a chronic state of inflammation, but every organ and fibre of the body suffers from an impure and sluggish circulation. You never feel well, you are not and never can be well until the system is relieved of its terrible load of impurities. With the blood so contaminated, so deeply poisoned, ulcers, boils and sores of every kind are apt to become chronic and often develop into Cancer.

Sores and ulcers are most often caused by poverty of the blood and a weak and slow circulation, brought on by long continued sickness, malarial poisoning, torpid liver, the use of mercury, or whatever is calculated to destroy the vitality of the blood and break down the constitution. These old chronic sores last sometimes for years, eating into the flesh, muscles, tissues, and even down into the bones, and are such a tax upon the system that it is hard for the patient to recuperate, and a simple malady often proves fatal.

I became afflicted with a severe sore leg and from the knee to the foot was one solid sore, which was very offensive. I spent over $1,000 on two trips to Hot Springs, and local physicians treated me to no purpose. I had about decided to have my leg amputated, when a friend induced me to try S. S. S. I began to take your medicine, and in the short space of seven months it has completely and thoroughly cured me. My leg is a witness today as to what S. S. S. will do when taken regularly. The sore has healed entirely and my health has improved wonderfully. I have already gained 20 pounds.

J. B. TALBERT,
Box 245. Winona, Miss.

Nothing so quickly or surely restores lost strength and vitality to the blood as S. S. S. It is an antidote for the severest forms of Blood Poison, as well as the irritating humors that cause the eruptions and sores that sap your very life and so greatly disfigure you. S. S. S. is the only guaranteed purely vegetable blood purifier. It contains no mercury, potash, arsenic or other hurtful drug. It cleanses the blood and purifies the circulation, thus ridding the system of the impurities that keep the sores feverish and painful. At the same time your general health improves under the tonic effects of S. S. S., and the skin becomes soft, smooth and healthy. If you are troubled with boils, carbuncles, sores or eruptions of any sort, write our physicians all about your case; don't risk your own judgment when you can get medical advice from experienced doctors free. Book on Blood and Skin Diseases to all who desire it.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA.

DEMANDS ACCOUNTING.

Receiver Asked For Boston and Montana Company.

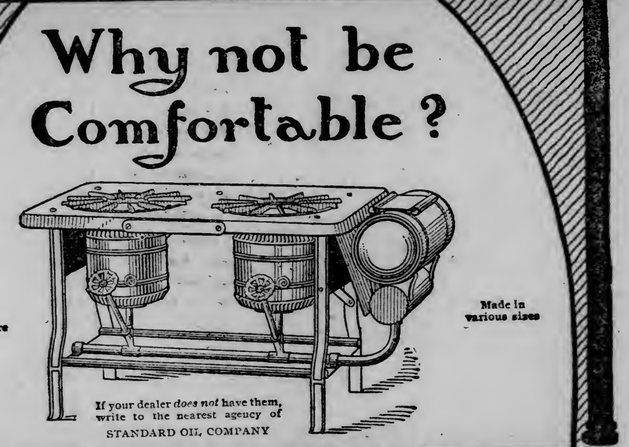
New York, May 1.—Application was made yesterday to Justice Andrews, of the supreme court, by John MacGuinness for a received for the Boston & Montana Copper company of Montana.

The Boston & Montana company of New York, the Amalgamated Copper company and the Lewishon brothers are made parties to the suit. MacGuinness, the plaintiff, is a stockholder of the Boston & Montana company of Montana. He demands an accounting during the time that the company was in the hands of the Boston & Montana company of New York, and claims that between $3,000,000 and $4,000,000 of the assets of the Montana company were never accounted for by the New York company while it held control. The court made the order returnable May 3 and granted a temporary injunction restraining the Boston & Montana company of Montana from disposing in any way of any of its property or assets during the pending of this suit.

Half a Cent an hour is all it costs to cook in comfort on a

WICKLESS BLUE FLAME Oil Stove

Why not be Comfortable?


Sold everywhere
Made in various sizes
If your dealer does not have them, write to the nearest agency of
STANDARD OIL COMPANY

HEADS STAY.

No Violent Ax Wielding By the Board of Control.

St. Paul, May 1.—The question has arisen in connection with the work of the board of control: "Will the heads of the various state institutions now in office, be compelled to resign July 31, the time when all the separate boards go out of existence, or will they ignore the formality of the occasion and continue in their respective offices."

The board of control does not assume to answer the question, but has rather made it a matter for the different officials to settle. The board is determined on the subject in its own mind.

Today the following circular letter was sent by the board of control to the head of each state institution:

"As there seems to be some question as to whether or not your terms of office expire July 31, and, inasmuch as it is important to you, as well as to the board, to have a definite understanding, you are advised that we do not and shall not assume that they so expire. It will be necessary for you, therefore, to indicate to us at an early date your attitude and intentions concerning the matter."

Incidentally it has been suggested that the adoption of this course by the board of control will serve the purpose of shutting off some of the anxious applicants for official recognition, of which there is an innumerable army. For every position at the disposal of the board of control there are a number of applications and this move might have a tendency to at least check the tide. The board gives no indication of an axe wielding policy, though it is of course pretty well settled that some heads of executive officers will drop. It has been a matter of general acceptation for some time that Superintendent Randall, of the St. Cloud reformatory, would be succeeded by C. S. Benson, of that city, as soon as the board of control secured the reins. Randall is a Democrat and Benson a Republican. This office, like most of the others, is supposed to be held throughout the good behavior and capable administration of the incumbent. One member of the commission stated that this feature of the law would have to be considered in connection with any move toward making new appointments.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best known remedy for DIARRHOEA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

Saves Sleeping Car Fare.

For St. Paul, Minneapolis and Stillwater, take the busy man's popular "Twilight Limited" train leaving the brownstone depot Fifth avenue west, Duluth, daily at 4:30 p. m., arriving at destination at early bed time, and save sleeping car fare. Elegant meals in cafe club car and the finest train and most luxurious service. City ticket office, 405 West Superior street.

If you have a good business, advertise and keep it. If you have not, advertise in The Herald and get it.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, April 16th, 1901.

In the matter of the estate of A. Louisa Stewart, deceased:

On receiving and filing the petition of David B. Stewart, of the county of Tompkins, state of New York, representing among other things that A. Louisa Stewart, late of the county of Tompkins, in the state of New York on the 3rd day of February, A. D. 1901, at the said county of Tompkins, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of said Tompkins county at the time of her death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county and that the said petitioner is husband of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to David B. Stewart granted.

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before said court, on Monday the 13th day of May, A. D. 1901, at two o'clock p. m., at the probate office in the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at the city of Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 16th day of April, A. D. 1901.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, April-17-24-May-5-1901.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, April 16th, 1901.

In the matter of the estate of Jennie C. Clearman, deceased:

On receiving and filing the petition of David B. Stewart, of the county of Tompkins, state of New York, representing among other things, that Jennie C. Clearman, late of the county of Tompkins, in the state of New York, on the 17th day of September, A. D. 1899, at the county of Tompkins, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of said Tompkins county at the time of her death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county and that the said petitioner is a purchaser from the heirs of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to David B. Stewart granted.

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before said court, on Monday the 13th day of May, A. D. 1901, at two o'clock p. m., at the probate office in the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at the city of Duluth, in said county.

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By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, April-17-24-May-5-1901.

DR. PIERCE

Room 1, No. 5 West Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

Regular Graduate. Diploma in Office.

Leading Specialist

For the cure of Chronic, Nervous and Private Diseases.

Cancer, Piles, Fistula, Stricture, Hydrocele, Varicocele, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranteed in 10 to 30 days.

Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcerus, Sores in the mouth of throat, Unhealthy discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair, and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by new remedies with never failing success

YOUNG MEN

Suffering from the effects of Indiscretion or Excess, causing Nervous Debility, Mental Weakness, Vital Losses, Catarrh, Indigestion, Constipation, Blotches, Pimples, Ringing in Ears, Palpitation of Heart, Despondency, Lost Manhood, Unfitness to Marry, Weak Back, Rheumatic Pains, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, are guaranteed a safe and speedy cure by remedies prepared and dispensed by himself. Charges always moderate. No exposure. Call or write.

MIDDLE - AGED AND OLD MEN

who are the victims of Prostatic, Urinary, Kidney or Bladder Troubles, Syphilitic or Mercurial Blood Poisoning, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Sexual Debility, Impaired Vigor, Premature Decline from recent exposure, Mental Work or Overwork, Rheumatism, Eczema or Salt Rheum, Piles, Ulcers, Old Sores, Cough, Impending Paralysis or Consumption, Stomach and Liver Troubles. Loss of Ambition, unfit to enjoy either pleasure or business, are cured for life by Dr. Pierce when all others have failed.

LADIES —Married or single are guaranteed SAFE AND SURE RELIEF from all diseases peculiar to their sex, no matter from what cause. Office private; no exposure. Consultation free.

If in trouble write or call. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Charges moderate. Office hours 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 12 m.

LUMBER, SASH, DOORS, MOULDINGS, MAPLE FLOORING, HARDWOOD, SCREENS. SCOTT-GRAFF LUMBER CO. 24TH AVE. W. & MICHIGAN ST.

BROU'S INJECTION.

A PERMANENT CURE

of the most obstinate cases of Gonorrhoea and Gleet, guaranteed in from 3 to 5 days; no other treatment required. Sold by all druggists.

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Washington, D. C. Established 1861. Valuable book on patents FREE. Send for it.

901 Palladio Building, Duluth, Minnesota

JAPAN VERSUS RUSSIA

The Important Part That the Japanese May Play In Checking the Aggressions of Russia In Asia.

Hong Kong, April 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—The little brown men of Japan seem eager to challenge to battle the stalwart hosts of the czar of all the Russias. At first view it would seem that the battle, if it comes, will be one between a pigmy and a giant.

And yet, if it were so, would the stronger power be assured of victory?

Without going back to the days of David and Goliath, history presents so many examples of the small, the weak, the helpless nation gaining victory over the seemingly overpowering enemy it appeared madness to confront, that men who would retain vogue as prophets do so by refraining from prophesying.

It is true that it seems madness for Japan to challenge Russia to war. But shrewd Japanese ask themselves whether it would not be greater madness not to do so.

Every day that passes increases Russia's strength. Japan has not similar opportunity to gain more strength than she now possesses. Relatively, she daily grows weaker.

"Why," said one of Japan's statesmen, "should we not fight now? If Russia would permit us to live in peace we would prefer peace, but she will not do so. Every mile of the trans-Siberian railroad that was laid brought Russia nearer to us and brought us nearer to the danger line. Port Arthur was taken. It was as if an enemy stood with a revolver at your head. Now it is Manchuria. Practically, Russia has already taken possession of it. Tomorrow she will take Corea. The day after tomorrow—? Well, we think we had better fight now.

"Besides," says this astute brown man, "we have credit with the nations of the world now. Not credit for money merely. We have the credit of prestige. We have defeated China. We have not been defeated ourselves. These are two points in our favor. We may win friends, allies now. We may convince other nations that it is to their interest to support us. If we permit Russia to gain overwhelming advantage, to possess Manchuria in peace, to dominate Corea, to push her railroads, her armies, her forts down to our very threshold, we will then be unable to resist her. We will be at her mercy."

Everyone knows of the vast resources of Russia; its immense area, its large population, its powerful armies.

The question arises, what force can Japan bring to bear to meet such an opponent?

Russia has a population of 136,000,000 Japan has 41,000,000. Russia can put 1,000,000 men in the field with but little delay. Japan claims that she can muster an army of 200,000.

It has been shown to the world in the recent campaign in China that the Japanese soldiers are well drilled, that they are in excellent discipline, that they can be relied upon in action with as thorough reliance as can be given to troops of any other nation. Further than this, and almost equally important, their commissary, their quartermasters', their hospital departments were equal to any, and superior to most of those in the armies of the European powers.

Russia has greater area than Japan. That may prove to be to Japan's advantage. She will have smaller area to defend.

Russia has a greater army than Japan. Yes, but how will she get her army to the enemy's country?

From the first Japan would necessarily be on the defensive.

On Russia would lie the burden of making the attack.

And Japan is the England of the East. Japan is an island empire.

Water protects her on every side.

England has always relied—relies today—for defense against the world on the water that surrounds her, on the ships she puts in that water to defend her. Japan reasons that she can do the same. She can be offensive, sharply; suddenly offensive, making quick onslaughts, quicker retreats, but always relying for ultimate safety on her defensive position.

This island empire of the far East has a greater army than has England.

Judging from recent events it is, at least, equally effective.

Certainly, with her army, with her defended harbors, her forts and other protections Japan can offer, she can present formidable resistance to an invading power, however strong that power may be.

But it is on her navy that Japan mainly relies. That navy gives her both defensive and offensive power. It enables her to resist and to strike. It must be remembered that, omitting Manilla bay and Santiago, the world has never seen a fight between modern battleships excepting the fights that Japan waged against China's ships. And Japan well handled her ships and guns. In all probability she can do so again. Her navy approaches that of Russia in strength, and is superior to it from the fact that she can concentrate it all in her own seas, while Russia can spare but a portion of her navy to fight her battles in Eastern waters.

Japan stands fifth among the naval powers of the world, a marvelous record when it is considered that it was hardly more than forty years ago that Japan began to emerge from the isolation and darkness of an ancient semi-civilization.

Forty years ago the launching of a coasting vessel with capacity for a few tons of cargo would have been an event of importance in Japan. In November last there was launched at Barrow-in-Furness, England, a battleship, the Mikasa, the latest and greatest addition to the Japanese navy.

This vessel has an extreme length of 422 feet, a breadth of 76 feet and a displacement of about 15,150 tons. Her engines are calculated to give her a speed of eighteen knots. The vessel is protected by a belt of Harveyized nickel steel. The heavy armament is represented by four 12-inch breech-loading guns, mounted in pairs forward and aft. These are placed in armored barbettes fourteen inches thick above the upper deck and ten inches thick below, where they are covered with the screen bulkhead. The heavy quick-firing armament is composed of fourteen 6-inch guns, ten of them mounted on the armored citadel above described, and four of them mounted on the upper deck in casemates.

The christening ceremony on this occasion was performed by the Baroness Hayashi, wife of the Japanese ambassador at the British court. A beautiful and expressive feature of this ceremonial, peculiar to the Japanese, was the releasing, at a given signal of a cote of twelve pigeons. When the ship began to glide down the ways, a cord was pulled by the baroness and the birds released. No fewer than 20,000 people witnesses the launch, while about eighty Japanese naval and other officials were present.

All the vessels of the Japanese navy are of the latest, improved types, and all evidence that has been obtained goes to show that their officers and men display efficiency equal at least to that possessed by officers or men of the European navy.

And yet, it is difficult to believe that Japan will have the hardihood to brave Russia alone. In the defiance she assuredly relies on assurance for support from European powers, possibly from the United States?

Will she receive that support or will she be left to fight her battle alone, if fight she must?

J. MALCOLM GRAHAM.

PRINCE ITO, THE MIKADO'S PRIME MINISTER.

SICK HAIR

Few people realize that their hair is sick when it shows signs of falling and that in its feeble way it is crying for nourishment. If your hair is falling or dry or turning gray it is very evident that it is not enjoying good health; therefore, the only intelligent thing to do is to treat it.

Give it medicine and not dye. Dye is a relic of barbarism, and should be shunned by all refined people, aside from the vulgarity of the act. All hair dyes are injurious, and it is an impossibility to make a hair dye that is not, as nitric of silver, lead, sulpher, copper and other poisonous minerals compose their ingredients. Civilization has progressed in the last decade so effectively that the hair can now be restored to its natural color without dye.

Mme. M. Yale's Hair Tonic

is a life-giving fluid to the hair, and the only remedy on record in the history of the world that has the power to restore the natural color of gray hair. It is a medicine that strengthens and invigorates—giving circulation to the natural coloring fluids and action to the oil ducts. It tones up the debilitated nerve force and STOPS HAIR FALLING in twenty-four hours.

IT CURES DANDRUFF,

makes hair grow on bald heads, softens dry, harsh hair; gives gloss and richness to the natural color, produces a luxuriant growth and is a positive cure for all manner of hair and scalp diseases. Scientifically compounded by the great woman chemist, Mme. M. Yale, after her formula from her analysis of the human hair.

RESTORES FADED HAIR.

July 2d, 1900.

Madam Yale.—Your Hair Tonic is all that it is recommended to be. From long and severe illness my hair had become faded and dead; before I had used one bottle the natural color and lustre were restored. It has a marvelous effect on faded hair.

LENA M. EARLE, Maquoketa, Iowa.

For blondes and brunettes, children and adults—as pure as the hair itself. Sold at $1.00 per bottle. Manufactured only by MME. M. YALE, Beauty and Health Specialists, 189 Michigan ave., Chicago.

We carry a full line of all of Madame Yale's Remedies and are her Duluth agents.

Our special price on Madame Yale's Hair Tonic, 89c.

PANTON & WHITE THE BIG CREDIT HOUSE DULUTH, MINN.

Table and Kitchen.

Practical Suggestions About What to Eat and How to Prepare Food.

This matter will be found to be entirely different from and superior to the usual run of food articles, in that every item is a nugget of culinary wisdom and eminently practical.

FIRST VOLUME.

Conducted by Lida Ames Willis, Marquette Building, Chicago, to whom all inquiries should be addressed.

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HOW TO SERVE RHUBARB.

Rhubarb is eaten as a fruit, though it belongs to the vegetables. As its food value is very small, it is esteemed more for its diuretic properties and agreeable flavor.

While a native of Europe, it is little known there as a food, its uses being principally medicinal. In this country it is more universally used for the table, though we do not generally recognize its possibilities in the way of supplying a great variety of appetizing dishes, as most of us are familiar only with it in the form of rhubarb pie or sauce.

ITS WHOLESOMENESS.

While some authorities consider it unfit for food, there are others who advocate its use, and considering its medical virtues deem it a very worthy plant to add to our list of edible vegetables.

The objection to its use lies in the fact that it contains a large amount of oxalic acid, and this acid is less wholesome than the other fruit acids.

There are some conditions of the body in which it is wise to avoid eating rhubarb or its kindreds, sorrel or tomatoes or such plants as abound in oxalic compounds, therefore, persons suffering from acidity should eat of these substances very sparingly and in some aggravated cases, not at all.

The red variety is the richest in flavor and should be used for making wine if you desire a rich quality.

Rhubarb will make a delicious wine, which is said to so closely resemble champagne as to deceive connoisseurs, and is a much safer beverage to indulge in if you wish to avoid unpleasant after effects. The plant that is forced for the early spring markets is more tender and contains much less oxalic acid.

Prepared with rice, dates or raisins, this kind makes a very suitable dish to serve to the children and will be beneficial to them after, perhaps, a too protracted diet of dry foods. It may also be eaten by those who cannot indulge in the plant when it has its acid qualities more fully developed.

IN COMBINATION.

Rhubarb may be used as a basis for many dainty preparations, and its susceptibility to other flavors will enable you to create pleasing varieties. Orange or lemon peel, chopped almonds, raisins, bananas, strawberries, and lemon juice may be used to give agreeable changes.

But when using lemon and other acid fruit juices, remember the conditions hurtful to those who should not indulge in too acid foods.

In order to make rhubarb palatable to some eaters, an excessive amount of sugar must be used. This gives the sweet acid flavor they enjoy. Only the after results can determine whether this is harmful for the individual eater or not. If natural tastes, and not a perverted and indulged taste, it is safe to trust to her guidance as to our bodily needs and cravings for certain kinds of food.

BAKED RHUBARB.

This requires less sugar than stewing. Peel the stalks, selecting red rhubarb. Cut into inch lengths and place in a stone crock. Add one part sugar to two parts of the fruit, unless you like it very sweet, then add nearly half and half; arrange the fruit and sugar in layers; use no water. Stand the crock in a pan of hot water, cover and set in the oven and bake until the pieces are clear. This may be used for a meringue by filling a shell of good light pastry, covering the top of the fruit with a meringue and coloring a delicate brown in the oven.

RHUBARB COMPOTE.

Cut red rhubarb into pieces three inches long. Cover with cold water and set over a moderate fire where it will very slowly come to the boiling point, but do not allow it to boil. Drain the water off carefully, or take the rhubarb up on a fork, keeping the pieces whole. Measure the water and to each pint add a pound of granulated sugar. Boil until it becomes a syrup, then pour over the rhubarb. This is nice served with plain boiled rice for a simple dessert.

RHUBARB FRITTERS.

Select the smaller stalks of tender, fresh rhubarb. Cut into pieces two inches long; cover with cold water and steam until tender; drain and spread on a platter. Make a syrup of sugar and water, flavor with a little brandy. Pour this over the rhubarb and let stand until perfectly cold. Drain off syrup, dust the rhubarb thickly with granulated sugar. Make a fritter batter in usual way, dip the pieces of rhubarb in the batter and fry in deep hot fat.

RHUBARB SOUFFLE.

Pare and cut the rhubarb into small pieces, add enough water to keep from burning, and a pound of sugar to each quart of rhubarb. Stew until tender, then press through a sieve. Measure your rhubarb, and to each pint take three eggs; separate and beat the yolks very, very light and add to the rhubarb. Mix well, then whip the whites to a stiff froth and fold into the mixture. Throw into a well-buttered dish and bake in a quick oven about half an hour. When it cracks open on top it is done.

RHUBARB COBBLER.

Fill a deep, buttered, earthenware pie dish with rhubarb cut into pieces an inch long. Make a batter of eggs, flour, milk and salt, allowing a large tablespoonful of flour to each egg and milk enough to make a batter thick as for fritter batter. Pour this over the rhubarb and bake until the pudding is light and nicely browned.

RHUBARB TAPIOCA.

Prepare the rhubarb as for stewing; place in a deep baking dish and add sugar enough to sweeten well, a little shredded orange peel, salt and dot with bits of butter. Add one quart of water to half a cupful of fine tapioca. Add a pinch of salt and cook in a double boiler for fifteen minutes. Then pour over the rhubarb, cover the dish and bake half an hour. Serve with sweetened whipped cream.

RHUBARB CREAM PIE.

One cupful of rhubarb chopped fine or grated, one cupful of sugar, a pinch of salt, a grating of nutmeg or lemon peel. Moisten a tablespoonful of cornstarch with a tablespoonful of cold water; then fill the cup up with boiling water, stirring until clear. Beat the yolks of three eggs until light, and add them with the cornstarch to the other materials. Line a pie plate with good light paste, fill with the mixture and bake in a moderately hot oven until custard is set. When done and cooled, cover with a meringue made with the whites of the eggs and half a cupful of confectioner's sugar. Brown delicately in the oven.

RHUBARD SHERBET.

Wash the stalks and cut into pieces one inch long. To a dozen stalks add three pints of cold water. Cook in a double boiler until tender. Flavor with grated lemon or orange peel or brandy, and sweeten to taste. Let stand in a cool place for several hours, then strain and chill. Serve with shaved ice.

BOTTLED RHUBARB.

Wash and peel the rhubarb and cut into small pieces as for pies. Fill glass jars, packing closely, and cover with freshly drawn water. Put on the covers and let stand over night. By next morning you will find that the water has settled in the jars. Fill them up with fresh water and seal the jars closely and put away for winter use. This will require less sugar than fresh rhubarb, and is nice for pies or sauce.

MENUS FOR EACH DAY.

Thursday.

BREAKFAST.
Fruit.
Cereal, Cream,
Hamburg Steak, Creamed Potatoes,
Sally Lunn, Coffee.

LUNCH.
Potato Soup,
Slices Cold Roast Veal,
New Turnips, Creamed
Spinach, Cucumber and Onions,
Floating Island,
Coffee.

DINNER.
Mutton and Barley Soup,
Beefsteak Pie, Mashed Potatoes,
Stewed Carrots,
String Bean Salad,
Fruit, Cake,
Coffee.

Friday.

BREAKFAST.
Boiled Rice, Rhubarb Compote,
Plain Omelet, Lyonnaise Potatoes,
Toast, Coffee.

LUNCH.
Stewed Scallops, Tomatoes,
Hashed Brown Potatoes,
Lettuce,
Cocoa.

DINNER.
Vegetable Soup,
Macaroni au Gratin,
Asparagus with Eggs, Fruit Salad,
Cheese, Wafers,
Coffee.

Saturday.

BREAKFAST.
Fruit.
Cereal, Cream,
Broiled Ham,
Eggs a Bonne Femme,
Corn Muffins, Coffee.

LUNCH.
Broiled Soft-Shelled Srabs.
Tomato Mayonnaise,
Strawberries, Cream,
Chocolate.

DINNER.
Okra Soup,
Pot Roast, Browned Potatoes,
Stewed Cabbage, New Beets,
Lettuce Salad,
Rhubarb Pudding, Coffee.

Sunday.

BREAKFAST.
Fruit.
Cereal, Cream,
Sweetbreads Browned in Butter,
Broiled Tomatoes,
Rice Cakes, Coffee.

DINNER.
Clear Soup with Rice,
Stewed Chicken, Asparagus,
Stewed Onions with Tomatoes,
Strawberry Shortcake, Cream.
Coffee.

SUPPER.
Creamed Mushrooms in Chafing Dish,
Chopped Nuts and Date Sandwiches,
Fruit Compote, Cake,
Tea.

INQUIRIES ANSWERED.

(No attention paid to inquiries not giving name and address of writer, plainly written.)

M. C. writes: Please give a recipe for stuffed figs. We have an orchard here of figs and other fruits, and are fond of preparing them in different ways.

STUFFED FIGS.

These are quite popular, and can be stuffed either with chopped almonds or peanuts, or the whole meats of English walnuts. Remove part of the inside of the fig and press the whole or part of an English walnut meat into it. Press the fig carefully together again, and pile in pyramid form in a fancy bonbon dish. For variety or to carry out a color scheme, the figs are sometimes dipped into soft fondant, colored the desired shade with vegetable pastes.

Have you tried fig fritters? This is comparatively a new way of serving them.

The figs are steamed, if the dried fruit is used. They are also preserved with lemon juice and ginger, pickled, spiced, etc.

RECIPES FOR VEGETABLE DIET.

B. Arnold writes: Could you tell me where I could procure recipes for a vegetarian diet? That is, such as would be wholesome and nourishing during Lent, etc., merely leaving out fats.

If you will send your name and proper address, with stamp, we will be pleased to reply by return mail. EDITOR.

MACARONI WITH TOMATOES.

N. J. Killian writes: Will you please send me the directions for macaroni and tomatoes?

Break half a pound of macaroni into pieces two or three inches long. Throw into a large quantity (two or three quarts) of boiling, salted water and keep boiling rapidly until macaroni is tender when pressed between thumb and finger. Drain and blanch by letting cold water run over it for a few minutes. Place the macaroni in a baking dish, season a can of tomatoes with two level teaspoonfuls of butter, a tablespoonful of Worcestershire sauce or vinegar, if tomatoes are not very tart, season to taste with cayenne. Pour over the macaroni, sprinkle bread crumbs or grated cheese over the top and brown in a quick oven.

BOILED INDIAN MEAL PUDDING.

"Puddenhead" writes: Will you kindly give your readers a recipe and direction for making the old-fashioned "boiled Indian pudding," such as our grandmothers used to make—boiled in a bag, with the New England boiled dinner, and served with maple syrup or some sweet sauce?

The following is a very old recipe from "way down East," and is probbaly the one the writer desires. If not, kindly let us know:

One and one-half cupfuls of sour milk, one small teaspoonful of soda dissolved in a little hot water, and corn meal enough to make a batter a little thicker than for griddle cakes. Pour into a bag, leaving room for the pudding to swell, and boil one hour. Dried or fresh fruit may be added. Serve with maple syrup or a sauce made of cream, sugar and nutmeg.

WILSON RETURNS HOME.

Remarkable End of a Romance In Indiana.

Rushville, Ind., May 1.—Frank Wilson, the clothing merchant who made over two-thirds of his property to his wife and left the city last Wednesday night because of his affection for the wife of Druggist Dyar C. Hazelrigg, returned home Sunday and effected a reconciliation with his wife. Thus this almost remarkable case is at an end unless some unforseen circumstance arises.

Wilson, before his sudden departure, made over to his wife property valued at $22,000. He was willing to make proper division of his property, as he then thought his departure from the city was for good. When a reconciliation between Druggist Hazelrigg and wife was effected, and Mrs. Hazelrigg dropped Wilson, no other course remained open to the clothing merchant but to return to Rushville and patch up things as best he could. On the advice of friends and the assurance of forgiveness by his wife Wilson concluded to come back. His return was welcomed by his family, who had held from the beginning that Wilson did not realize the gravity of his step, and would come home when his infatuation wore away and his eyes were opened.

His return was even sooner than expected. Wilson was glad to get back, as the three days' absence from home were to him, he said, like so many years in purgatory. He hopes by his conduct in the future to regain the good will and confidence of the people.

Choicest Farm (Melted) Butter Is Not Equal To

WESSON VEGETABLE-ODORLESS COOKING OIL

Because Wesson Cooking Oil is richer, has better cooking qualities, is more conveniently handled and costs much less. Wesson Oil is more easily digested than melted butter and enables a dyspeptic to eat foods fried in it with greatest "after-comfort."

Of course you know that Wesson Oil is vastly superior to any animal fat for the same reasons that it is superior to butter and because lard may carry with it the disease-taint with which the swine may be affected.

READ WHAT MRS. RORER SAYS:

WESSON PROCESS CO. Philadelphia, January 25th, 1901.

Gentlemen—Both brands of Wesson Oil have now been most thoroughly tested and both give excellent results. The Wesson Salad Oil is certainly sweet and bland and makes up into all sorts of salad dressing.

Fully believing as I do that oil is the only fat to use for frying purposes, I most heartily endorse the Wesson Cooking Oil, which has given most favorable results. Very truly yours, SARAH TYSON RORER.

Wesson Oil Is For Sale By

Market Grocery Co. — Parsons & Fancett — R. H. Rathbun
Lysen & Nelson — M. M. Gasser Co. — Meden & Morton
Cohagen Grocery Co. — Henry Folz — J. Mandelert & Son
Moir & Walker — Young & Walker — T. J. Anderson Co.
Gronseth & Olson — Rustad & Johnson — Masonic Temple Grocery
Swingle & Lindberg — Johnson & Moe — Milner & Ebert

For Morning, Noon and Night.

Eat Granola and Live.

Live well and be well while you live.

Not a pasty, harsh, singed grain—but an appetizing, delicious food for big, strong men and little babies.

BATTLE CREEK SANITARIUM FOOD CO., BATTLE CREEK, MICH.

What Shall We Have for Dessert?

This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer it to-day. Try

Jell-O,

a delicious and healthful dessert. Prepared in two minutes. No boiling! no baking! add boiling water and set to cool. Flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. Get a package at your grocers to-day. 10 cts.

A FORMER NURSE

Declares Patients In Bellevue Are Murdered.

New York, May 1.—At an inquest Monday, before Coroner Zucca, into the death of Herbert G. Wadman, who died in Manhattan State hospital on March 5, after being transferred from the insane pavilion at Bellevue hospital, a letter from a former Bellevue nurse was read. This letter makes specie charges of brutality against the nurse in the insane pavilion, and declares that about twenty-five murders are committed yearly in the insane ward alone. The letter was written from Atlanta, Ga., to Mrs. Wadman, the widow, who lives at No. 1854 Park avenue. A copy is in the hands of the district attorney.

By order of the supreme court Wadman's body was disinterred, and Deputy Coroner O'Hanlon performed an autopsy. Dr. O'Hanlon returned an opinion that death was not caused by a beating. The relatives declare it was, and say his body was covered with bruises.

The least in quantity and most in quality describes DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous pills for constipation and liver complaints. Max Wirth.

TOLD BY PAIN

If you have pains you should look after them quickly Pain shows something is wrong. The sharper the pain the more danger there is in delay. There are thousands of women today who are bearing awful pain almost continually, rather than tell a physician about the shooting pains in their lower abdomen, about the agony of falling of the womb and the distress of leucorrhœa. They let the months pass and their trouble becomes harder to cure and more distressing. But modest women can secure exemption from the embarrassment of a private examination. When pain tells you of danger you can cure yourself by the use of

WINE OF CARDUI

You can be cured without distressing publicity—in the privacy of your home. With these facts before you there is no reason for the delay which is increasing your misery and wasting the days of your life. Why not stop the pain today?

Belen, Miss., March 9, 1900.

I have used one bottle of Wine of Cardui and one package of Thedford's Black-Draught. Before I began to take your medicines I had pains in my back, hips, lower bowels and my arms. Sometimes I thought I would go blind. My head ached and I was so weak I could hardly walk across the floor. Now I can only feel a little of the pain in my side and I am going to use your medicines until I get cured, for I believe they will certainly cure me. I have been married twelve years and am the mother of seven children. I thank you for your wonderful medicine and what it has done for me. MATILDA SMITH.

For advice and literature address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

van Houten's Cocoa

Nutritive, Refreshing, Economical in use. A breakfast-cupful of this delicious Cocoa costs less than one cent.

Sold at all grocery stores—order it next time.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

JAPAN VERSUS RUSSIA

The Important Part That the Japanese May Play In Checking the Aggressions of Russia In Asia.

Hong Kong, April 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—The little brown men of Japan seem eager to challenge to battle the stalwart hosts of the czar of all the Russias. At first view it would seem that the battle, if it comes, will be one between a pigmy and a giant.

And yet, if it were so, would the stronger power be assured of victory?

Without going back to the days of David and Goliath, history presents so many examples of the small, the weak, the helpless nation gaining victory over the seemingly overpowering enemy it appeared madness to confront, that men who would retain vogue as prophets do so by refraining from prophesying.

It is true that it seems madness for Japan to challenge Russia to war. But shrewd Japanese ask themselves whether it would not be greater madness not to do so.

Every day that passes increases Russia's strength. Japan has not similar opportunity to gain more strength than she now possesses. Relatively, she daily grows weaker.

"Why," said one of Japan's statesmen, "should we not fight now? If Russia would permit us to live in peace we would prefer peace, but she will not do so. Every mile of the trans-Siberian railroad that was laid brought Russia nearer to us and brought us nearer to the danger line. Port Arthur was taken. It was as if an enemy stood with a revolver at your head. Now it is Manchuria. Practically, Russia has already taken possession of it. Tomorrow she will take Corea. The day after tomorrow—? Well, we think we had better fight now.

"Besides," says this astute brown man, "we have credit with the nations of the world now. Not credit for money merely. We have the credit of prestige. We have defeated China. We have not been defeated ourselves. These are two points in our favor. We may win friendlies now. We may convince other nations that it is to their interest to support us. If we permit Russia to gain overwhelming advantage, to possess Manchuria in peace, to dominate Corea, to push her railroads, her armies, her forts down to our very threshold, we will then be unable to resist her. We will be at her mercy."

Everyone knows of the vast resources of Russia; its immense area, its large population, its powerful armies.

The question arises, what force can Japan bring to bear to meet such an opponent?

Russia has a population of 136,000,000 Japan has 41,000,000. Russia can put 1,000,000 men in the field with but little delay. Japan claims that she can muster an army of 500,000.

It has been shown to the world in the recent campaign in China that the Japanese soldiers are well drilled, that they are in excellent discipline, that they can be relied upon in action with as thorough reliance as can be given to troops of any other nation. Further than this, and almost equally important, their commisary, their quartermasters', their hospital departments were equal to any, and superior to most of those in the armies of the European powers.

Russia has greater area than Japan. That may prove to be to Japan's advantage. She will have smaller area to defend.

Russia has a greater army than Japan. Yes, but how will she get her army to the enemy's country?

From the first Japan would necessarily be on the defensive.

On Russia would lie the burden of making the attack.

And Japan is the England of the East.

Japan is an island empire.

Water protects her on every side.

England has always relied—relies today—for defense against the world on the water that surrounds her, on the ships she puts in that water to defend her. Japan reasons that she can do the same. She can be offensive, sharply; suddenly offensive, making quick onslaughts, quicker retreats, but always relying for ultimate safety on her defensive position.

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Forty years ago the launching of a coasting vessel with capacity for a few tons of cargo would have been an event of importance in Japan. In November last there was launched at Barrow-in-Furness, England, a battleship. the Mikasa, the latest and greatest addition to the Japanese navy.

This vessel has an extreme length of 432 feet, a breadth of 76 feet and a displacement of about 15,150 tons. Her engines are calculated to give her a speed of eighteen knots. The vessel is protected by a belt of Harveyized nickel steel. The heavy armament is represented by four 12-inch breech-loading guns, mounted in pairs forward and aft. These are placed in armored barbettes fourteen inches thick above the upper deck and ten inches thick below, where they are covered with the screen bulkhead. The heavy quick-firing armament is composed of fourteen 6-inch guns, ten of them mounted on the armored citadel above described, and four of them mounted on the upper deck in casemates.

The christening ceremony on this occasion was performed by the Baroness Hayashi, wife of the Japanese ambassador at the British court. A beautiful and expressive feature of this ceremonial, peculiar to the Japanese, was the releasing, at a given signal of a cote of twelve pigeons. When the ship began to glide down the ways, a cord was pulled by the baroness and the birds released. No fewer than 20,000 people witnesses the launch, while about eighty Japanese naval and other officials were present.

All the vessels of the Japanese navy are of the latest, improved types, and all evidence that has been obtained goes to show that their officers and men display efficiency equal at least to that possessed by officers or men of the European navy.

And yet, it is difficult to believe that Japan will have the hardihood to brave Russia alone. In the defiance she assuredly relies on assurance for support from European powers, possibly from the United States?

Will she receive that support or will she be left to fight her battle alone, if fight she must?

J. MALCOLM GRAHAM.

PRINCE ITO, THE MIKADO'S PRIME MINISTER.

SICK HAIR

Few people realize that their hair is sick when it shows signs of falling and that in its feeble way it is crying for nourishment. If your hair is falling or dry or turning gray it is very evident that it is not enjoying good health; therefore, the only intelligent thing to do is to treat it.

Give it medicine and not dye. Dye is a relic of barbarism, and should be shunned by all refined people, aside from the vulgarity of the act. All hair dyes are injurious, and it is an impossibility to make a hair dye that is not, as nitric or silver, lead, sulpher, copper and other poisonous minerals compose their ingredients. Civilization has progressed in the last decade so effectively that the hair can now be restored to its natural color without dye.

Mme. M. Yale's Hair Tonic

is a life-giving fluid to the hair, and the only remedy on record in the history of the world that has the power to restore the natural color of gray hair. It is a medicine that strengthens and invigorates—giving circulation to the natural coloring fluids and action to the oil ducts. It tones up the debilitated nerve force and STOPS HAIR FALLING in twenty-four hours.

IT CURES DANDRUFF,

makes hair grow on bald heads, softens dry, harsh hair; gives gloss and richness to the natural color, produces a luxurient growth and is a positive cure for all manner of hair and scalp diseases. Scientifically compounded by the great woman chemist, Mme. M. Yale, after her formula from her analysis of the human hair.

RESTORES FADED HAIR.

July 2d, 1900.

Madam Yale.—Your Hair Tonic is all that it is recommended to be. From low and severe illness my hair had become faded and dead; before I had used one bottle the natural color and lustre were restored. It has a marvelous effect on faded hair.

LENA M. EARLE, Maquoketa, Iowa.

For blondes and brunettes, children and adults—as pure as the hair itself. 75c and $1.00 per bottle. Manufactured only by MME. M. YALE, Beauty and Health Specialists, 180 Michigan ave., Chicago.

We carry a full line of all of Madame Yale's Remedies and are her Duluth agents.

Our special price on Madame Yale's Hair Tonic, 89c.

PANTON & WHITE THE BIG THRASHERS SOLDIERS PLACE STORE

Table and Kitchen.

Practical Suggestions About What to Eat and How to Prepare Food.

This matter will be found to be entirely different from and superior to the usual run of food articles, in that every item is a nugget of culinary wisdom and eminently practical.

FIRST VOLUME.

Conducted by Lida Ames Willis, Marquette Building, Chicago, to whom all inquiries should be addressed.

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HOW TO SERVE RHUBARB.

Rhubarb is eaten as a fruit, though it belongs to the vegetables. As its food value is very small, it is esteemed more for its diuretic properties and agreeable flavor.

While a native of Europe, it is little known there as a food, its uses being principally medicinal. In this country it is more universally used for the table, though we do not generally recognize its possibilities in the way of supplying a great variety of appetizing dishes, as most of us are familiar only with it in the form of rhubarb pie or sauce.

ITS WHOLESOMENESS.

While some authorities consider it unfit for food, there are others who advocate its use, and considering its medical virtues deem it a very worthy plant to add to our list of edible vegetables.

The objection to its use lies in the fact that it contains a large amount of oxalic acid, and this acid is less wholesome than the other fruit acids.

There are some conditions of the body in which it is wise to avoid eating rhubarb or its kindreds, sorrel or tomatoes or such plants as abound in oxalic compounds, therefore, persons suffering from acidity should eat of these substances very sparingly and in some aggravated cases, not at all.

The red variety is the richest in flavor and should be used for making wine if you desire a rich quality.

Rhubarb will make a delicious wine, which is said to so closely resemble champagne as to deceive connoisseurs, and is a much safer beverage to indulge in if you wish to avoid unpleasant after effects. The plant that is forced for the early spring markets is more tender and contains much less oxalic acid.

Prepared with rice, dates or raisins, this kind makes a very suitable dish to serve to the children and will be beneficial to them after, perhaps, a too protracted diet of dry foods. It may also be eaten by those who cannot indulge in the plant when it has its acid qualities more fully developed.

IN COMBINATION.

Rhubarb may be used as a basis for many dainty preparations, and its susceptibility to other flavors will enable you to create pleasing varieties. Orange or lemon peel, chopped almonds, raisins, bananas, strawberries and lemon juice may be used to give agreeable changes.

But when using lemon and other acid fruit juices, remember the conditions hurtful to those who should not indulge in too acid foods.

In order to make rhubarb palatable to some eaters, an excessive amount of sugar must be used. This gives the sweet acid flavor they enjoy. Only the after results can determine whether this is harmful for the individual eater or not. If nature dictates, and not a perverted and indulged taste, it is safe to trust to her guidance as to our bodily needs and cravings for certain kinds of food.

BAKED RHUBARB.

This requires less sugar than stewing. Peel the stalks, selecting red rhubarb. Cut into inch lengths and place in a stone crock. Add one part sugar to two parts of the fruit, unless you like it very sweet, then add nearly half and half; arrange the fruit and sugar in layers; use no water. Stand the crock in a pan of hot water, cover and set in the oven and bake until the pieces are clear. This may be used for a meringue by filling a shell of good light pastry, covering the top of the fruit with a meringue and coloring a delicate brown in the oven.

RHUBARB COMPOTE.

Cut red rhubarb into pieces three inches long. Cover with cold water and set over a moderate fire where it will very slowly come to the boiling point, but do not allow it to boil. Drain the water off carefully, or take the rhubarb up on a fork, keeping the pieces whole. Measure the water and to each pint add a pound of granulated sugar. Boil until it becomes a syrup, then pour over the rhubarb. This is nice served with plain boiled rice for a simple dessert.

RHUBARB FRITTERS.

Select the smaller stalks of tender, fresh rhubarb. Cut into pieces two inches long; cover with cold water and steam until tender; drain and spread on a platter. Make a syrup of sugar and water, flavor with a little brandy. Pour this over the rhubarb and let stand until perfectly cold. Drain off syrup, dust the rhubarb thickly with granulated sugar. Make a fritter batter in usual way, dip the pieces of rhubarb in the batter and fry in deep hot fat.

RHUBARB SOUFFLE.

Pare and cut the rhubarb into small pieces, add enough water to keep from burning, and a pound of sugar to each quart of rhubarb. Stew until tender, then press through a sieve. Measure your rhubarb, and to each pint take three eggs; separate and beat the yolks very, very light and add to the rhubarb. Mix well, then whip the whites to a stiff froth and fold into the mixture. Throw into a well-buttered dish and bake in a quick oven about half an hour. When it cracks open on top it is done.

RHUBARB COBBLER.

Fill a deep, buttered, earthenware pie dish with rhubarb cut into pieces an inch long. Make a batter of eggs, flour, milk and salt, allowing a large tablespoonful of flour to each egg and milk enough to make a batter thick as for fritter batter. Pour this over the rhubarb and bake until the pudding is light and nicely browned.

RHUBARB TAPIOCA.

Prepare the rhubarb as for stewing; place in a deep baking dish and add sugar enough to sweeten well, a little shredded orange peel, salt and dot with bits of butter. Add one quart of water to half a cupful of fine tapioca. Add a pinch of salt and cook in a double boiler for fifteen minutes. Then pour over the rhubarb, cover the dish and bake half an hour. Serve with sweetened whipped cream.

RHUBARB CREAM PIE.

One cupful of rhubarb chopped fine or grated, one cupful of sugar, a pinch of salt, a grating of nutmeg or lemon peel. Moisten a tablespoonful of cornstarch with a tablespoonful of cold water; then fill the cup up with boiling water, stirring until clear. Beat the yolks of three eggs until light, and add them with the cornstarch to the other materials. Line a pie plate with good light paste, fill with the mixture and bake in a moderately hot oven until custard is set. When done and cooled, cover with a meringue made with the whites of the eggs and half a cupful of confectioner's sugar. Brown delicately in the oven.

RHUBARD SHERBET.

Wash the stalks and cut into pieces one inch long. To a dozen stalks add three pints of cold water. Cook in a double boiler until tender. Flavor with grated lemon or orange peel or brandy, and sweeten to taste. Let stand in a cool place for several hours, then strain and chill. Serve with shaved ice.

BOTTLED RHUBARB.

Wash and peel the rhubarb and cut into small pieces as for pies. Fill glass jars, packing closely, and cover with freshly drawn water. Put on the covers and let stand over night. By next morning you will find that the water has settled in the jars. Fill them up with fresh water and seal the jars closely and put away for winter use. This will require less sugar than fresh rhubarb, and is nice for pies or sauce.

MENUS FOR EACH DAY.

Thursday.

BREAKFAST.
Fruit.
Cereal, Cream,
Hamburg Steak, Creamed Potatoes,
Sally Lunn, Coffee.

LUNCH.
Potato Soup,
Slices Cold Roast Veal, New Turnips, Creamed
Spinach, Cucumber and Onions,
Floating Island,
Coffee.

DINNER.
Mutton and Barley Soup,
Beefsteak Pie, Mashed Potatoes,
Stewed Carrots,
String Bean Salad,
Fruit, Cake,
Coffee.

Friday.

BREAKFAST.
Boiled Rice, Rhubarb Compote,
Plain Omelet, Lyonnaise Potatoes,
Toast, Coffee.

LUNCH.
Stewed Scallops, Tomatoes,
Hashed Brown Potatoes,
Lettuce,
Cocoa.

DINNER.
Vegetable Soup,
Macaroni au Gratin,
Asparagus with Eggs, Fruit Salad,
Cheese, Wafers,
Coffee.

Saturday.

BREAKFAST.
Fruit.
Cereal, Cream,
Broiled Ham,
Eggs a Bonne Femme,
Corn Muffins. Coffee.

LUNCH.
Broiled Soft-Shelled Srabs.
Tomato Mayonnaise,
Strawberries, Cream,
Chocolate.

DINNER.
Okra Soup.
Pot Roast, Browned Potatoes,
Stewed Cabbage, New Beets,
Lettuce Salad,
Rhubarb Pudding, Coffee.

Sunday.

BREAKFAST.
Fruit.
Cereal, Cream.
Sweetbreads Browned in Butter,
Broiled Tomatoes,
Rice Cakes, Coffee.

DINNER.
Clear Soup with Rice,
Stewed Chicken, Asparagus,
Stewed Onions with Tomatoes,
Strawberry Shortcake, Cream.
Coffee.

SUPPER.
Creamed Mushrooms in Chafing Dish,
Chopped Nuts and Date Sandwiches,
Fruit Compote, Cake,
Tea.

INQUIRIES ANSWERED.

(No attention paid to inquiries not giving name and address of writer, plainly written.)

M. C. writes: Please give a recipe for stuffed figs. We have an orchard here of figs and other fruits, and are fond of preparing them in different ways.

STUFFED FIGS.

These are quite popular, and can be stuffed either with chopped almonds or peanuts, or the whole meats of English walnuts. Remove part of the inside of the fig and press the whole or part of an English walnut meat into it. Press the fig carefully together again, and pile in pyramid form in a fancy bonbon dish. For variety or to carry out a color scheme, the figs are sometimes dipped into soft fondant, colored the desired shade with vegetable pastes.

Have you tried fig fritters? This is comparatively a new way of serving them.

The figs are steamed, if the dried fruit is used. They are also preserved with lemon juice and ginger, pickled, spiced, etc.

RECIPES FOR VEGETABLE DIET.

B. Arnold writes: Could you tell me where I could procure recipes for a vegetarian diet? That is, such as would be wholesome and nourishing during Lent, etc., merely leaving out fats.

If you will send your name and proper address, with stamp, we will be pleased to reply by return mail. EDITOR.

MACARONI WITH TOMATOES.

N. J. Killian writes: Will you please send me the directions for macaroni and tomatoes?

Break half a pound of macaroni into pieces two or three inches long. Throw into a large quantity (two or three quarts) of boiling, salted water and keep boiling rapidly until macaroni is tender when pressed between thumb and finger. Drain and blanch by letting cold water run over it for a few minutes. Place the macaroni in a baking dish, season a can of tomatoes with two level teaspoonfuls of butter, a tablespoonful of Worcestershire sauce or vinegar, if tomatoes are not very tart, season to taste with cayenne. Pour over the macaroni, sprinkle bread crumbs or grated cheese over the top and brown in a quick oven.

BOILED INDIAN MEAL PUDDING.

"Puddenhead" writes: Will you kindly give your readers a recipe and direction for making the old-fashioned "boiled Indian pudding," such as our grandmothers used to make—boiled in a bag, with the New England boiled dinner, and served with maple syrup or some sweet sauce?

The following is a very old recipe from "way down East," and is probbaly the one the writer desires. If not, kindly let us know:

One and one-half cupfuls of sour milk, one small teaspoonful of soda dissolved in a little hot water, and corn meal enough to make a batter a little thicker than for griddle cakes. Pour into a bag, leaving room for the pudding to swell, and boil one hour. Dried or fresh fruit may be added. Serve with maple syrup or a sauce made of cream, sugar and nutmeg.

WILSON RETURNS HOME.

Remarkable End of a Romance In Indiana.

Rushville, Ind., May 1.—Frank Wilson, the clothing merchant who made over two-thirds of his property to his wife and left the city last Wednesday night because of his affection for the wife of Druggist Dyar C. Hazelrigg, returned home Sunday and effected a reconciliation with his wife. Thus this most remarkable case is at an end unless some unforseen circumstance arises.

Wilson, before his sudden departure, made over to his wife property valued at $22,000. He was willing to make proper division of his property, as he then thought his departure from the city was for good. When a reconciliation between Druggist Hazelrigg and wife was effected, and Mrs. Hazelrigg dropped Wilson, no other course remained open to the clothing merchant but to return to Rushville and patch up things as best he could. On the advice of friends and the assurance of forgiveness by his wife Wilson concluded to come back. His return was welcomed by his family, who had held from the beginning that Wilson did not realize the gravity of his step, and would come home when his infatuation wore away and his eyes were opened.

His return was even sooner than expected. Wilson was glad to get back, as the three days' absence from home were to him, he said, like so many years in purgatory. He hopes by his conduct in the future to regain the good will and confidence of the people.

Choicest Farm (Melted) Butter Is Not Equal To

WESSON VEGETABLE·ODORLESS COOKING OIL

Because Wesson Cooking Oil is richer, has better cooking qualities, is more conveniently handled and costs much less. Wesson Oil is more easily digested than melted butter and enables a dyspeptic to eat foods fried in it with greatest "after-comfort."

Of course you know that Wesson Oil is vastly superior to any animal fat for the same reasons that it is superior to butter and because lard may carry with it the disease-taint with which the swine may be affected.

READ WHAT MRS. RORER SAYS:

WESSON PROCESS CO. Philadelphia, January 25th, 1901.

Gentlemen—Both brands of Wesson Oil have now been most thoroughly tested and both give excellent results. The Wesson Salad Oil is certainly sweet and bland and makes up into all sorts of salad dressing.

Fully believing as I do that oil is the only fat to use for frying purposes, I most heartily endorse the Wesson Cooking Oil, which has given most favorable results. Very truly yours, SARAH TYSON RORER.

Wesson Oil Is For Sale By

Market Grocery Co. — Parsons & Fancett — R. H. Rathbun
Lysen & Nelson — M. M. Gasser Co. — Meden & Morton
Cohagen Grocery Co. — Henry Folz — J. Mandelert & Son
Moir & Walker — Young & Walker — T. J. Anderson Co.
Gronseth & Olson — Rustad & Johnson — Masonic Temple Grocery
Swingle & Lindberg — Johnson & Moe — Milner & Ebert

For Morning, Noon and Night.

Eat Granola and Live.

Live well and be well while you live.

Not a pasty, harsh, singed grain — but an appetizing, delicious food for big, strong men and little babies.

BATTLE CREEK SANITARIUM FOOD CO., BATTLE CREEK, MICH.

What Shall We Have for Dessert?

This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer it to-day. Try

Jell-O,

a delicious and healthful dessert. Prepared in two minutes. No boiling! no baking! add boiling water and set to cool. Flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. Get a package at your grocers to-day. 10 cts.

A FORMER NURSE

Declares Patients In Bellevue Are Murdered.

New York, May 1.—At an inquest Monday, before Coroner Zucca, into the death of Herbert G. Wadman, who died in Manhattan State hospital on March 5, after being transferred from the insane pavilion at Bellevue hospital, a letter from a former Bellevue nurse was read. This letter makes specic charges of brutality against the nurse in the insane pavilion, and declares that about twenty-five murders are committed yearly in the insane ward alone. The letter was written from Atlanta, Ga., to Mrs. Wadman, the widow, who lives at No. 1854 Park avenue. A copy is in the hands of the district attorney.

By order of the supreme court Wadman's body was disinterred, and Deputy Coroner O'Hanlon performed an autopsy. Dr. O'Hanlon returned an opinion that death was not caused by a beating. The relatives declare it was, and say his body was covered with bruises.

TOLD BY PAIN

If you have pains you should look after them quickly Pain shows something is wrong. The sharper the pain the more danger there is in delay. There are thousands of women today who are bearing awful pain almost continually, rather than tell a physician about the shooting pains in their lower abdomen, about the agony of falling of the womb and the distress of leucorrhœa. They let the months pass and their trouble becomes harder to cure and more distressing. But modest women can secure exemption from the embarrassment of a private examination. When pain tells you of danger you can cure yourself by the use of

WINE OF CARDUI

You can be cured without distressing publicity—in the privacy of your home. With these facts before you there is no reason for the delay which is increasing your misery and wasting the days of your life. Why not stop the pain today?

Belen, Miss., March 9, 1900.

I have used one bottle of Wine of Cardui and one package of Thedford's Black-Draught. Before I began to take your medicines I had pains in my back, hips, lower bowels and my arms. Sometimes I thought I would go blind. My head ached and I was so weak I could hardly walk across the floor. Now I can only feel a little of the pain in my side and I am going to use your medicines until I get cured, for I believe they will certainly cure me. I have been married twelve years and am the mother of seven children. I thank you for your wonderful medicine and what it has done for me. MATILDA SMITH.

For advice and literature address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

van Houten's Cocoa

Nutritive, Refreshing, Economical in use. A breakfast-cupful of this delicious Cocoa costs less than one cent.

Sold at all grocery stores—order it next time.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

THINNEST OF FABRICS

Will Be Used By the Summer Girl---Silk For Street and Carriage As Well As Indoor Wear.

New York, April 27.—Silk for street and carriage as well as indoor wear is to have a prominent place this year, as exemplified in a delightful model—a black glace, the coat a la Louis XV, with deep elbow gauntlet cuffs, a wide collar, and tabs of white guipure d'art, the yoke and tight undersleeves of black lace finely strapped with the glace over white chiffon. The skirt was entirely composed of black lace over white, with horizontal strappings of the silk, the coat further ornamented with oxidized silver buttons. Another model in black silk had the skirt and bodice trimmed with graduated bands of black velvet, the bodice cut away to show a chiffon and lace vest, worked with silver and edged with a gold tissue embroidered lace.

A black glace dress made over white had alternate stripes of this silk and black lace insertion, the silk edged with curled bebe ribbon. The sleeves were of the old bell shape treated in the same way, the bodice of the bolero form, with a light blue belt, blue appearing in the collar, the striped silk and lace of the bolero allowing the ecru lace beneath to be clearly visible; it appeared also in the under sleeve.

A creation in silver gray was made up in a glace foulard, having all the sheen of panne. The bodice in this case was entirely tucked, turnng back with two small revers of chine panne, in tones of pastel blue and pink. It came up into two points over the shoulder, covered with black lace guipure. It was filled in with a yoke collar and shoulded piece of fancy lace, after the craquille order, threaded with black bebe ribbon terminating in little rosettes, and confined at the waist with a velvet belt. The volants at the hem were trimmed perpendicularly at itervals with black velvet strappings, headed by black lace guipure and horizontal rows of narrow velvet.

Another foulard in black and white was covered with a minute raised silk white spot. This model was tucked on the hips to a depth of about three to four inches, held down by a couple of rows of narrow black lace, the bodice also inserted with narrow black velvet over white mingling with lace insertions laid over the tucked material; this opened slightly in the front, showing a full-tucked chiffon vest. The lower part of the sleeve and the side of the skirt were treated in the same way and the skirt, edged with a narrow black lace, fell very full and long on the ground.

In evening gowns tucked and kilted chiffon with tiny boullonnes still appear under and over the hems. Interlacings of ribbon and velvet caught down with minute buttons figure on sleeves and skirts. Some shaped skirts of lace, after the order of Luxeuil, have the pattern outlined with cord and show inserted medallions of panne, chine or fine cloth. The newest of all, a beautiful example of Swiss lace with white cloth applique, is outlined with gold all over.

Sashes will be worn as the season advances, many flowered chine ones among them, made of broad ribbon, which will be folded into a narrow compass for the wristband.

An evening gown for immediate wear, made of white satin veiled with white and pale green chiffon, has over these a very open silver tissue worked with violet incrustations. Black lace, net and all the kindred stuffs appear to be worked in gold or tinsel cloth, veiled with chiffon and incruste roses or carnations, bunches of velvet falling from the left shoulder. The backs are mostly cut shawl shape.

Tan-colored batistes and ecrue linen lawns, grass cloths, and silk linons will be trimmed with lace appliques and insertions of the same shade. The guimpe and sleeves of the matching net or lace are unlined, or the yoke and sleeves are of tucked batiste, linen, etc., alternating with a line of pink or blue. The smartest of the dresses, however, are as first described, a note of black velvet ribbon relieving the neutral effect of the tan or ecru gown.

Black and white effects, fabrics, and elegant dress trimmings are again the rage in London, Paris and America, and notably in the first named city.

White English serge gowns, lined with white taffeta, and strapped with soft lustrous white cloth with the finish of a suede kid glove, are to be in high vogue next season.

White pique costumes sent from Paris ateliers are likewise strapped with bands of fine white cloth, but unless one has many changes of attire and can cast aside a gown of this sort when it is all soiled, it would prove a very unsatisfactory investment however novel and smart its pristine appearance. Both fabrics shrink materially and also in different degrees under even the "dry cleaning" process, which, if the costume be much worn, must necessarily be quite frequent, and a gown or waist shrunk out of semblance to its original shape is most distorting to the figure of its wearer.

The heavier weaves of the new summer linen fabrics are deemed very stylish, and trimmed with the pretty linen laces, and waved insertions laid over pink or blue, are undoubtedly very smart in appearance. A new Spanish red is effective with black lace insertions and black velvet ribbon choux for garniture, but it is certainly pronounced as well.

So fashionable are the thin fabrics that probably in an actual count of summer materials you would find them figuring upon the counters in the proportion of two to one over all the others that are offered for woman's adornment.

It is this gauziness of texture, this filminess of weave, this soft floating, fairylike quality which gives fascination to the summer fabrics. A scarf half a yard long floats from the hat.

Not only is it visible in dress goods, which now almost universally demand a lining costing as much if not more than the outside, but it is also to be seen in the smaller properties of dress. Where once a ribbon was tier smartly and emphatically around the throat and wound into firmness until the neck was swathed in silken folds, there is now a soft something that takes its place. A scarf of silk, all hand embroidered, with fringed ends, the silk full of lacy spots, with the under part cut away, is tied around the neck and finished at the tips with silver spikes.

A length of plain lace with silken butterflies appliqued upon it is tied in a bow under the throat, regardless of the butterflies, while the ends are finished with a great rose, fastened squarely upon the tip of the scarf. These and other filmy devices have taken the place of the heavy ribbon, which is reserved for the tailor-made girl or the girl who is golfing.

In actual novelties there are many things new with the season. One of these is the oriental sash, which has never before been adopted by the summer girls as a weapon of beauty.

The sash, which is tied around the hips, resembles the silk girdle which is worn with more or less success upon the room robes that are affected by those who like to loll picturesquely. It is broad and is drawn around the figure, from the belt downward, very tightly, until it finds relief from its rigid outlines in a great knot in front, from which hang ends of the tulle finished with knife plaiting of the same.

An oriental scarf was of white chiffon, very wide and of a heavy weight for chiffon. The shape was simply that of a long straight piece of the goods without bias or gore, slope or point. This was drawn around the figure from the belt downward, giving a very smooth back. The sides were tight and smooth, outlining the hips perfectly. Just in the middle of the front, or perhaps a trifle at one side, the scarf was tied in a knot very full and large, and from the knot downward hung the ends, which were trimmed with a double accordion plaiting of chiffon. This made quite a delightful finish in the skirt, which was designed for afternoon wear. It could be worn for luncheon, for afternoon or even for a somewhat formal afternoon tea, providing always that the gown were adapted to its use.

The summer girl will wear a light boa around her throat, another opportunity to display the thin goods that are so effective. A boa of gauze, tied at frequent intervals, is among the pretty things offered; then there is the long, fleecy scarf of crepe de chine, bordered with a very narrow edge of swansdown. If the sansdown be put on properly, an edge of it laid upon either hem of the crepe de chine scarf, so that both sides look alike, the scarf will be fleecy and pretty.

Immensely expensive are some of these pretty trifles for throwing around the neck. A boa of shirred tulle was built upon a silk foundation with the shirrings on either side of the silk. Along each edge was the most delicate Roman silk fringe; the ends were fringed.

The fashion of making a boa all of flowers has survived the winter, and the violet, orchid and rosestrings are to be seen. For summer use, however, the chiffon arangement, full, soft and becoming, is the favorite.

This craze for floral garniture is not to be commended from an artistic standpoint. It is too closely associated with the extravagances that usually accompany it in the way of the millinery use of fruits and vegetables. In every period when artificial flowers have been too largely used this more monstrous form of bad taste has followed in its train. We are in danger, as the past winter, as well as this spring, has shown. Certain flower forms, or suggestions of flower forms, purely decorative, and as far as possible removed from a realistic copying of nature, have been used by the most artistic gown builders of Paris with striking results.

In place of bows, choux or rosettes this spring, the silk, panne or chiffon is invariably twisted into some semblance of a flower, wholly artistic and ingenious to a degree. It is an art compared to which plain bow making must be considered simple. Chiffon parasols are especially fetching this season, with these little pompon garlands built of the same chiffon or of chiffon of another color, for instance, white and palest pink or palest, tenderest green. A garland encircles the edge, either in a straight line or in festoons that droop down upon the double chiffon flounces. A second festoon adorns the top of the shade drooping lower at one point half way down a panel and fastened there with a larger rosette cluster having a sparkling buckle in its center.

All winter applications of bouquets cut from brocade silks are laid upon lace or chiffon or panne gowns. The same idea has been most charmingly adapted to spring and summer frocks in such a manner as to give quite the aspect of a new conceit. For instance, face cloth tailored skirt and coat gowns have these "cretonne" flowers, as they are called by the French, ornamenting the big cavalier cuffs and the revolutionary collars and lapels.

Or they border the Louis coats in small garlands or overlay their tucked chiffon waists with scattered sprigs. A tucked chiffon waistcoat—what can that be? Nothing more or less than little open vest pieces hanging loose, and lined sometimes with a smooth layer of the same chiffon sometimes with one of a different color. The fragile affair is given body by the applique brocaded sprigs, and by a narrow gold galloon or a black velvet ribbon about the edge upon which there are placed tiny buttons. Under this there is a mere suggestion to be seen of a lace blouse.

A rarely lovely blouse is composed of lavender liberty silk. It is laid in vertical plaits down the back and down the sides of the front, where there are four pattes of the satin buckling with gold across a narrow plaited white mousseline vest. These pattes are wide and their pointed ends are crushed through gold buckles, two pattes coming from the right, two from the left, alternately.

PANNE FOULARD GOWN.

This pretty gown owes much of its charm to its novel color combination. It is a soft shade of lettuce green, flecked with orange. The underskirt is composed of broad, overlapping folds of silk. The silk tunic is slashed into five panels, ornamented with ruches of narrow orange panne velvet. Mousseline de soie corsage, trimmed with guipure and orange panne velvet.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

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FOR HEADACHE.
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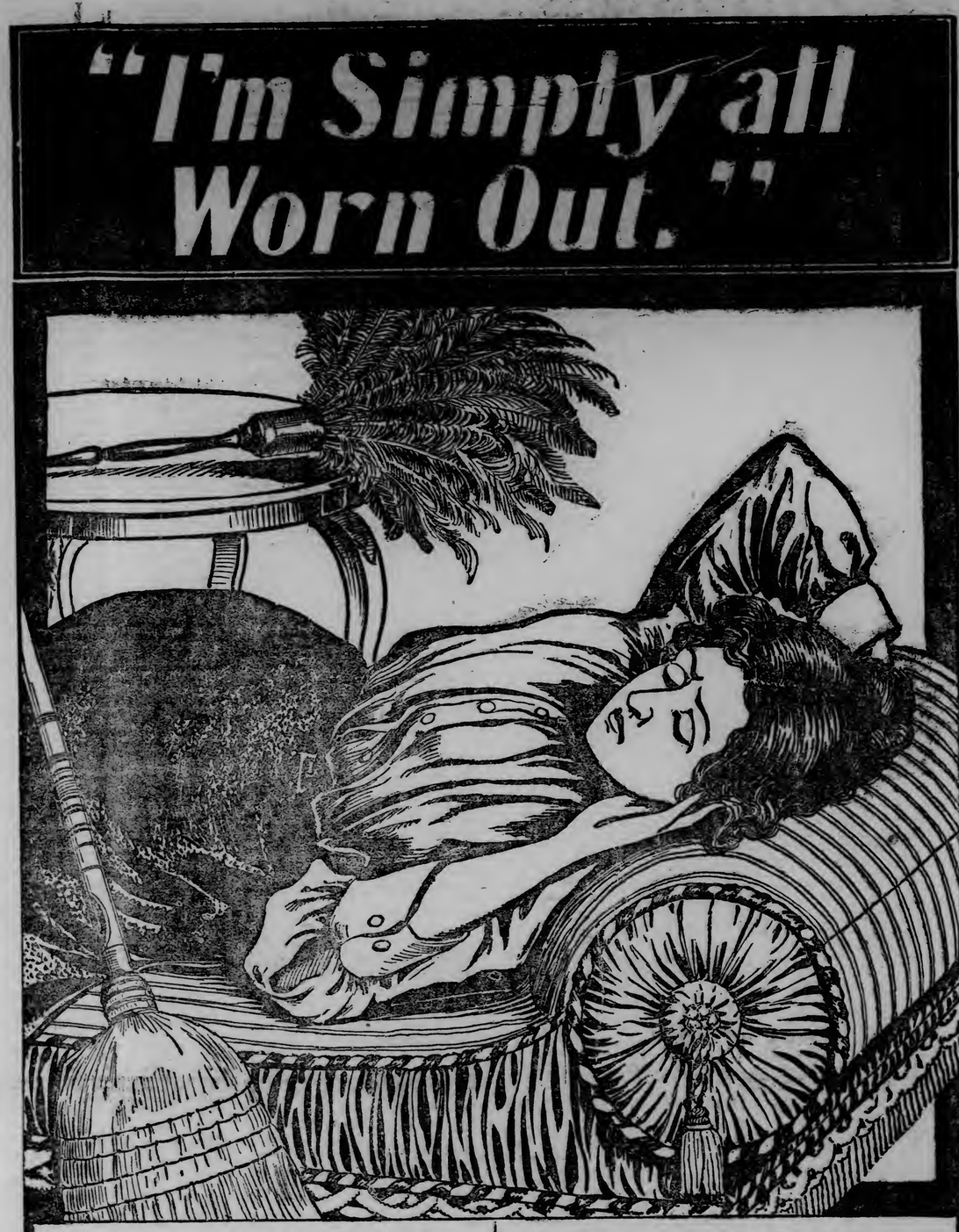

Overworked Women.

Fatigue is the natural result of hard work, but exhaustion results from weakness.

Hard work for a weak woman is traffic in flesh and blood.

It makes little difference what the field of work is, whether at home or elsewhere, if there is weakness, work brings exhaustion.

Ability to stand the strain of hard work is the privilege of the healthy and robust.

How our hearts ache for the sickly women that work for daily bread at some ill-paid factory employment!

How distressing also to see a woman struggling with her daily round of household duties, when her back and head are aching, and every new movement brings out a new pain!

If the mere looking on at these suffering women touches our hearts, how hopeless must life be to the women themselves?

Their devotion to duty is a heroism which a well person cannot understand.

Can these ailing, weak women, who are called upon to do work which would tire a strong man, be made to see that they can easily and surely better their condition?

Will not the volumes of letters from women made strong by **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** convince them of the virtues of this medicine?

How shall the FACT that it WILL HELP THEM be made plain?

When a medicine has been successful in more than a million cases, is it justice to yourself to say, without trying it, "I do not believe it would help me"?

Surely you cannot wish to remain weak and sick and discouraged, exhausted with each day's work. You have some derangement of the feminine organism, and **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** will help you just as surely as it has others.

Read the letters from women in the opposite column of this paper, and when you go to your drug store to buy this sterling medicine, do not let yourself be persuaded to accept the druggist's own valueless preparation because it is a few cents cheaper than

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Evidence of Mrs. Pinkham's Cures.

DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—One year ago I read a letter in a paper telling how much good one woman had derived from **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.** I had been sick all winter and was nearly discouraged, as the medicine the doctor gave me did me no good. I had kidney complaint, leucorrhœa, itching, bearing-down feeling, and painful menstruation. I wrote to you describing my trouble and soon received an answer telling me what to do. I followed your instructions, and have taken nine bottles of Vegetable Compound and used one package of Sanative Wash and one box of Liver Pills. I am well now, do not have those sick spells at the monthly period, but can work all day, and that I never could do until I began taking the Compound. I cannot praise the Compound too highly. I do hope every suffering woman will learn of your remedies and be cured as I have been. I wish all success to the Compound; it has done wonders for me and I am so thankful."—MRS. GENIE KELLOGG, Berlin Heights, Ohio.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I wish to let you know that **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** has cured me of painful menstruation from which I suffered terribly. I really believe that I would be insane to-day if it had not been for your medicine. I cannot praise your Compound enough, and feel that if all who suffer from female troubles would put themselves under your care and follow your advice they will find relief.—MISS K. E. SCHOLTES, Mt. Oliver, Pittsburg, Pa.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—For eight years I have suffered with inflammation of the womb and bladder, profuse and painful menstruation, and at times it seemed as though I should die. I doctored most of the time, but seemed to fail every year. A short time ago I began to take **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** and, thanks to your wonderful medicine, I am to-day a well woman. Your medicine is woman's best friend."—MRS. L. L. TOWNE, Littleton, N. H.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I write this letter for you to publish for the benefit of poor, suffering women. **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** has done me a great deal of good. I have taken three bottles and feel like a new woman. When I began the use of your medicine I was hardly able to be up, could not do half a day's work, I ached from head to foot, was almost crazy, had those bearing-down pains, and stomach was out of order. Now all of these troubles have left me and I can work every day in the week and not feel tired."—MRS. JENNIE FREEMAN, 402 Pennsylvania Ave., Lima, Ohio.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I was sick for seven years without any relief, although treated by two of the very best doctors in this city. A few years ago I was nothing but a living skeleton. The doctor said my heart was the cause of all my sickness and that I could only be relieved, but never get well. Sometimes I would get so exhausted and short of breath that I would not know what to do. My nerves were very weak, blood impure. Was troubled with hands and feet swelling; also had leucorrhœa. I have taken six bottles of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** and feel well once more. I have gained twenty-seven pounds and am able to work all day in the store and do not feel tired when I get home at night. Words cannot express my gratitude to Mrs. Pinkham for what her medicine has done for me."—PETRA M. LOYA, care of L. Wolfson, San Antonio, Texas.

$5000 REWARD to any person who can show that the above testimonials are not genuine, or were published before obtaining the writers' special permission.—LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO., Lynn, Mass.

Owing to the fact that some skeptical people have from time to time questioned the genuineness of the testimonial letters we are constantly publishing, we have deposited with the National City Bank, of Lynn, Mass., $5,000, which will be paid

A SUCCESS

Phillips' Corner In May Corn and Oats.

The Price of May Corn Touched Fifty Cents.

Wheat Was Strong and Closed at a Good Advance.

Chicago, May 1.—Developments on the board of trade are said to indicate that George H. Phillips has successfully formed a corner in both May corn and May oats. On May contracts he took in about 2,560,000 bus of corn and 1,500,000 bus of oats this morning. May corn opened with sales from 49c to 49¾c. Shorts who had sold corn to Phillips and could not deliver bid the market up to 50c during the first hour and a half. Phillips also bid occasionally, but turned seller at 50c and closed the market 1½c net higher at 49¾c.

Shorts in May oats also seemed to be in his power. The price advanced from 28⅝c to 28¾c, a new high record, reacted and closed 1⅛@1¼c higher at 27⅝@28c.

The assumption that the markets have been cornered is based chiefly on the fact that deliveries of corn and oats today account for nearly all the contract stock now here in store. The shorts, of course, have until the end of the month to deliver, and whether the short interest is a large one is a question only Phillips can answer.

THE DULUTH MARKET.

Deliveries of Wheat Larger Than Expected.

Duluth Board of Trade, May 1.—The deliveries of May wheat on the Duluth board today were much larger than had been anticipated and aggregated about 2,500,000 bus. There were also deliveries of corn to the amount of about 750,000 bus and of flax to the amount of 10,000 bus. Although the latter amount looks rather small there was really more interest in it than in the other deliveries. This is due to the fact that there is reported to be another corner in May flax similar to the one of last December.

The wheat market opened a shade higher and quickly took on an aggressive tone. Cables were strong, the strength in corn gave a sympathy to wheat and receipts were light. The advance in Liverpool was 5@6d, the sentiment was extremely bullish in the early part of the session, but was too strong to last. New York reported eight loads of wheat taken for export. Primary receipts were 347,780 bus, last year 762,200. Shipments 441,866, last year 1,727,576. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 1,196,000 bus.

Receipts at Duluth and Minneapolis, 171 cars against 235 last week and 305 last year. Chicago receipts, 46 cars, 1 of contract grade.

There was fairly active trading in futures on the Duluth board. May wheat opened unchanged at 74c, sold up to 74¼c at 9:38, bulged to 75¼c at 10:50 and readily stumped to the close, selling at 74¾c at 12:40 and closing at 74¾c, which was ⅝c up from yesterday's close. Chicago May closed 5⅝c up and July 3⅛c up.

Cash sales of wheat in Duluth were 17 cars and May price was paid both for wheat to arrive and in store.

Corn in Duluth showed a decline of 1⅛c the sensational advance at Chicago and the operations of Mr. Phillips not affecting this market. Primary receipts of corn were 466,261 bus, last year 495,080. Shipments 333,334, last year 1,756,669. Clearances of corn were 44,600 bus. New York reported 10 loads of corn worked today for export.

May flax closed ½c up, but sales were made at 1c above the closing price. September flax was ¼c off. Rye was ¾c up and there was no change in the price of oats here. The oats market in Chicago was as sensational as corn advancing more than a full cent at one time.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard—Cash, to arrive and May, 76¾c; September, 75¾c. No. 1 northern—Cash, to arrive and May, 74¾c; September, 72¾c; July, 75½c. No. 2 northern, 70½c. No. 3 spring, 66½c. Oats, 27¼-27c. Rye, 51¾c. Flax—Cash, to arrive and May, $1.74; September, $1.28; September Northwestern, $1.29½; October, $1.25, Corn, 42¾c; May, 43¼c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 3; corn, 8; oats, 6; flax, 1. Receipts—Wheat, 22,919; corn, 950; oats, 13,689; rye, 531; flax, 1764. Shipments—Wheat, 5167.

SALES WEDNESDAY.

No. 1 northern, 1 car old.....$0.76
No. 1 northern, 4 cars.....74⅝
No. 2 northern, 3 cars.....72⅝
No. 2 northern, 5 cars.....73¼
No. 2 northern, 1 car 73
No. 2 northern, 1 car 71¾
No. 2 northern, 1 car.....72
No. 3 spring, 1 car.....65¼
Flax, 7,000 bus May.....1.75
Flax, 1 car rejected 1.56

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McCarthy Bros. & Co.
Grain Commission Merchants.
Duluth and Minneapolis.
WE SELL BY SAMPLE.
REFERENCES.
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

May Corn Reached the Fifty Cent Mark.

Chicago, May 1.—May corn reached the 50c mark today. Phillips, the bull leader, supported the market aggressively. Elevator people and other scattered interests delivered 2,000,000 bus to him on May contracts. This option opened ⅞@1c higher at 49@49⅝c, touched 49⅝c and rose sharply to 50c. July opened ½@⅝c higher at 45⅝@45¾c, touched 45½@45⅝c and rose to 46c. Receipts, 234 cars, 55 of contract grade.

The close was firm, May, 1¼c higher, at 49¼c, and July, ⅝@½c up, at 45¾@⅞c.

Wheat opened steady on firm cables. light Northwest receipts and in sympathy with corn. July opened ¼c higher to a shade lower, at 73⅝@71¾c to 73¼c, touched 73⅜, and then rallied under buying pressure from commission houses to 73⅝@73¾c. Early deliveries on May contract were 500,000 bus. Local receipts were 46 cars, 1 of contract grade. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 124 cars, against 235 last week and 305 a year ago.

July later advanced to 74¼c. Realizing caused a sharp break to 73¼c, but the close was steady, ⅛@¼c higher, at 73¾@74c.

Oats were strong and active. May opened unchanged to ⅛c higher at 26⅞@27c and under buying on a heavy scale both for the local account, against cash sales and for outside people, rallied sharply to 28¼c, the highest price for the crop. Deliveries on May contracts were 1,500,000 bus. July opened unchanged to ¼c higher at 26@26¼c and advanced to 26½c. Receipts were 166 cars.

Provisions were quiet and fairly steady in sympathy with the grain strength. July pork opened 2½c higher at $14.70 and sold to $14.65; July lard unchanged at $7.97½, declining to $7.92½, and July ribs 2½c lower at $7.40.

Close: Wheat, May, 72⅝c; June, 72¾c; July, 73¼@73c. Corn, May, 49¾c; July, 45⅞@45¾c. Oats, May, 27⅝@28c; July, 26⅛@26¾c. Pork, May, $14.85; July, $15.00. Lard, May, $8.12½@8.15; July, $8.07½; September, $8.02½@8.05. Ribs, May, $8.30; July, $8.00@8.02½; September, $7.97½. Flax, cash Northwestern, $1.70; No. 1, $1.70; May, $1.70; September, $1.28½. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 71½@72½c; No. 3 red, 72½@74c; No. 2 hard winter, 74½@75c; No. 3 hard winter, 75@74c; No. 1 northern spring, 74½@75½c; No. 2 northern spring, 71½@73½c; No. 3 spring, 71½@74½c. Corn, No. 2, 49½c; No. 3, 43¾@44¾c. Oats, No. 2, 28c; No. 3, 27¾c. Rye, May, 51½c; July, 51½c. Barley, cash, 38@56c. Timothy, September, $3.20. Clover, May, $10.50.

THE CROP REPORTS.

From Minnesota and North Dakota Sections.

Seeding was being rushed in North Dakota last week and the weather was much more favorable for farm work. The report of the climate and crop service for that state for the week ending Monday is as follows:

"The past week has been much more favorable for farm work than its predecessor, and seeding has been rushed. Fully one-half of the wheat has been put in, and in the eastern part of the state, some oats.

"High winds prevailed in all parts of the state during the week, and in some sections did considerable damage, especially on high dry lands, some reports showing that all the loose ground was blown completely away, necessitating plowing before it can be resown.

"Heavy showers of rain fell in nearly all parts of the state, and were, as a rule, badly needed. Grass is now growing rapidly in all parts, and some early sown grain is above the ground."

The Minnesota report is as follows:

"The early part of the week was cool, with the morning temperatures reaching to about the freezing point in many places, but the middle and latter parts were warm. Telegrams from corn and wheat region stations report moderate rains on April 28 in all but southeastern and south central portions. Wheat seeding is advancing satisfactorily in the Red River valley, except on the low lands. In central, southwestern and south central portions practically all the wheat, oats and barley are sown. In southeastern counties the week has been the first really favorable period of the season, and advantage has been taken of good weather and excellent soil conditions for rapid progress with seeding of wheat, oats, barley and also some flax.

"Preparations are being made in southeastern half of the state for planting corn and potatoes and for sowing flax. Early sown wheat is coming up nicely, with a good stand. Such vegetables as asparagus and rhubarb are coming up. Pastures are growing nicely and some are being grazed lightly."

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., 75th meridian time, Wednesday, May 1:

STATIONS.	State of Weather.	Temp'ture. *Maximum.	Temp'ture. **Minimum.	Rainfall.
Alexandria	Clear	80	50	.0
Campbell	Clear	82	52	.0
Crookston	Clear	80	56	.0
Detroit City	Clear	82	50	.0
Grand Meadow	Clear	80	58	.0
Montevideo	Clear	88	56	.0
Minneapolis	Clear	86	54	.0
New Ulm	Clear	90	52	.0
Winnebago City	Clear	92	56	.0
Worthington	Clear	82	52	.0
Devils Lake, N. D.	Clear	82	50	.0
Langdon, N. D.	Clear	76	48	.0
Larimore, N. D.	Pt. Cldy	80	48	.0
Lisbon, N. D.	Clear	82	52	.0
Pembina, N. D.	Pt. Cldy	78	46	.0
Aberdeen, S. D.	Clear	92	54	.0
Milbank, S. D.	Clear	86	52	.0
Mitchell, S. D.	Clear	92	56	.0
Redfield, S. D.	Clear	90	58	.0
Bismarck, N. D.	Clear	90	58	.0
Duluth	Cloudy	40	38	.02
Huron, S. D.	Clear	92	54	.0
La Crosse	Cloudy	86	56	.0
Moorhead	Clear	86	52	.0
St. Paul	Clear	90	62	.0
Winnipeg	Cloudy	76	56	.01

DISTRICT AVERAGES.

CENTRAL STATION.	Number Stations Reporting.	Temp'ture. *Maximum.	Temp'ture. **Minimum.	Rainfall.
Chicago	24	84	56	.02
Columbus, Ohio	18	84	54	.0
Des Moines	14	84	58	.0
Indianapolis	10	86	56	.7
Kansas City	20	86	62	.0
Louisville	17	88	62	.0
Minneapolis	19	84	54	.0
Omaha	14	86	58	.0
St. Louis	13	90	58	.0

REMARKS.

Dry and warm weather prevails generally except that light showers occurred at a few places in Illinois and Indiana and in Manitoba and Northeastern Minnesota.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

T indicates inappreciable rainfall.
*Minimum temperature for yesterday.
**Maximum for twenty-four hours ending 8 a. m., 75th meridian time.

Note—The average maximum and minimum temperatures and the average rainfall are made up at each center from the actual number of reports received. The "state of weather" is that prevailing at time of observation.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	.74	73	72⅝	80¼
High	.75¼	74¼	73⅝	81¾
Low	.74	73	72⅝	80¼
Close	.74⅜B	73⅜	72⅞	80½B
July—				
Open	.75⅜B	74½	73⅞	78¾
High	.76¼	75⅜	74½	79⅝
Low	.75⅜	74⅜	73¾-¼	78¾
Close	.75½B	74⅝	73¾-⅜	79¼B

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	...27⅞@27	49	.....
High	...28⅛	50	.....
Low	...27⅞		.....
Close	...27⅞-28	49¼	$14.85

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, May 1.—Cattle, receipts, 18,000. Steady. Good to prime steers, $4.90@5.90; poor to medium, $3.50@4.85; stockers and feeders, $2.75@4.90; cows and heifers, $2.65@4.75; canners, $2.00@2.60; calves, $4.00@5.50; Texas steers, $3.50@5.40. Hogs, receipts, 30,000; tomorrow, 25,000; left over, 2250. Easier. Mixed and butchers, $5.55@5.82½; good to choice heavy, $5.65@5.85; rough heavy, $5.50@5.60; light, $5.50@5.77½; bulk of sales, $5.70@5.80. Sheep, receipts, 17,000. Slow, weak. Sheep, $4.20@4.60; lambs, $4.40@5.25. Receipts yesterday—Cattle, 8050; hogs, 19,382; sheep, 14,288. Shipments—Cattle, 2789; hogs, 3822; sheep, 2674.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Curb, July wheat, 74⅝c asked.
Puts, July wheat, 74¾c bid.
Calls, July wheat, 75c asked.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, May 1.—Close: Wheat, May, 5s 10⅞d; July, 5s 11¼d; September, 5s 11d. Corn, unchanged to ¼d higher; July, 4s 5¾d; September, 4s 4¾d.

MOVEMENT OF WHEAT.

Receipts. Shipments.

New York	13,500	56,226
Philadelphia	64,628	10,401
Baltimore	124,736	111,391
Toledo	5,235	65,300
Detroit	71,466	1,352
St. Louis	26,000	25,000
Boston	40,709	68,561
Chicago	96,225	317,160
Milwaukee	15,750	21,000
Duluth	22,910	51,672
Minneapolis	131,930	34,400
Kansas City	80,000	33,600

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, May 1.—Close: Wheat, cash, 74¼c; May, 73¾c; July, 74⅝c; on track, No. 1 hard, 76¼c, No. 1 northern, 74½c; No. 2 northern, 71¾@72¾c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, May 1.—Wheat, May, 80¼c; July, 79¼c. Corn, May, 53¾c; July, 50¾c.

WEARE'S REPORT

Chicago, May 1.—Without any very definite reason Liverpool cables came from 5¾d to 1d higher, creating at the opening a very decided bulge with prices advancing 1c to 1⅜c. Owing to the smallness of deliveries the May moved more rapidly than the July and at one time was less than ⅝c discount. On the advance some strong longs, whose lines showed a good profit began to secure the same and the market eased off quite rapidly. Deliveries were about 750,000 bus. Clearances were 807,000 bus. Northwestern receipts were 403,000 bus. There are no local sales reported, but 6 loads at New York. The very erratic action of the wheat market is creating considerable comment among the trade. Some expressing a belief in a mysterious influence back of the market gradually working for the benefit of the bulls. In our judgment a good deal of this mystery which is alleged will be readily dispersed if one considers the very pronounced influence that privileges and trading against puts and calls is now having upon our market and the nervous selling which is being experienced is due primarily to those who have sold Milwaukee puts and calls. We cannot see anything in the situation at this writing which calls for any bull enthusiasm. Certainly it cannot be had from crop reports and although cash demand is good so are supplies. The market is a scalping one and if there be any uncertainties the trader will not be hurt by them if for the present he sells on rallies and buys on breaks.

The corn market has been strong, the May reaching 50c and the July 46c. Reaction, however, coming from the top. The strength was acquired mainly from the action of Phillips who took in all the May corn delivered, about 2,500,000 bus, carrying out his predictions. Shorts were scared in and orders came in on the long side of July. Receipts were 238 cars, with 250 estimated for tomorrow. Clearances, 444,000 bus. Liverpool was ⅝@⅞d higher. Weather reports favorable. Local sales were 100,000 bus, with 9 loads at New York. It is just possible that the July option is showing more than necessary sympathy with the May wheat situation and although we are not bearish on corn, we don't believe in paying these prices when prospects favor getting in cheaper.

The oat market has been influenced by corn and the same feature exhibited in that cereal as also in the corn market. Phillips taking and paying for cash oats on delivery about 1,750,000 bus. May option was consequently run up to 28¾c; July to 26c; receipts were small 166 cars, with 180 estimated for tomorrow. Clearances, 210,000 bus. No cash sales reported.

The provision market has been quiet, large receipts and lower prices making the early part of the session weak. Buying by Cudahy, however, later improving the market. It is expected that the stocks of lard abroad and afloat will decrease 25,000 tierces. Hogs West were 87,000, against 80,000 a year ago. Estimated for tomorrow, 30,000; outside trade lacking.

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THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.			
Creamery, fresh prints	22	@	23
Creamery, storage tubs	18	@	19
Dairies, fancy	16	@	17
Dairy, fair	14	@	15
Packing stock	11	@	12
EGGS.			
Fresh	13½		
CHEESE.			
Twins, full cream, new	12½	@	13
Twins, full cream	12½	@	12
Full cream, Young America	14		
Swiss Cheese, No. 1	14	@	14½
Brick cheese, No. 1	12½	@	13
Limburger, full cr'm, choice	13		
Primos	6	@	6½
MAPLE SUGAR.			
Vermont, per lb	12		
Ohio, per lb	11		
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10		
HONEY.			
Fancy white clover	19	@	20
Fancy white clover in jars strained, per lb	12½	@	13
Golden rod	15	@	17
Dark honey	13	@	14
Buckwheat, dark	13	@	14
PEAS AND BEANS.			
Fancy navy, per bus	2 25	@	2 40
Medium, hand-picked, bus	2 00	@	2 15
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 85	@	2 10
Green and yellow peas	1 40		
NUTS.			
Filberts, per lb	13	@	14
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	14		
Cocoanuts, per doz	75		
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17		
Brazils, per lb	14		
Pecans, per lb	12		
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7	@	8
FRUITS			
Strawberries, Louisiana (pints)	2 25	@	2 50
Apples, eating	4 50	@	5 00
Apples, cooking, per bbl	3 50	@	4 25
Apples, California, per box	1 50	@	1 75
California lemons	3 00	@	3 25
Bananas	1 75	@	2 25
Messina lemons, per box	3 50	@	3 75
Dates, Ford, per box	1 25	@	1 35
Dates, Hallowe'en, 60-lb box	3 50	@	3 00
Dates, Hallowe'en, 1-lb box	7	@	7½
California navel Oranges	2 75	@	3 00
Seedling oranges	2 25	@	2 50
Cranberries, per box	2 25	@	2 40
OLD VEGETABLES.			
Turnips, rutabagas	35	@	40
Turnips, white	30	@	40
Garlic, per lb	10		
Beets	50	@	60
Potatoes, per bus	44	@	45
Cabbage, 100 lbs	1 75	@	2 00
Jersey sweet potatoes	4 50	@	4 75
Illinois Jersey sweet potatoes	3 00	@	4 00
FRESH VEGETABLES.			
New Florida celery bunch	10	@	1 25
Mushrooms	45		
Lettuce, per box	75	@	1 20
Green onions, per dozen	20		
Green onion, per box	2 00	@	2 50
Green peas, per bus	2 50		
Shallots, per doz	65		
Pie plant, per box	2 25		
Cucumbers, Southern	1 40		
Cucumbers, hot house	1 75		
Spinach, per box	75	@	85
Radishes, round, per doz	75	@	1 00
Radishes, long, per doz	30	@	35
Asparagus, California, bunch	42		
Asparagus, green, per doz	2 25	@	2 40
Pineapples, per doz	3 75		
Tomatoes, per basket	75		
Egg plant, per doz	1 50		
Beets, per doz bunches	90		
Carrots, per doz bunches	75		
Turnips, per doz bunches	90		
Mint, per bunch	20		
CIDER.			
Common juice, ½ bbl	2 50	@	2 75
Russet apple, ½ bbl	3 00	@	3 25
Russet apple, per bbl	5 25	@	5 50
Fruit juices, ½ bbl	3 50	@	3 75
POPCORN.			
Rice corn, shelled	3½	@	4
Choice, per lb	3	@	3½
LIVE POULTRY.			
Chickens	11	@	12
Turkeys	10	@	11
Ducks	10	@	11
Geese	11	@	12
Geese	10	@	11
MEATS.			
Mutton	8½	@	9
Lamb	9	@	9½
Veal, good	9		
Veal, fancy	9½		
Beef, dressed	6½	@	7½
Hogs	5		
Pork loins	9½		
BRAN AND SHORTS			
Bran, 100 lbs, sacks inc	16 00		
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc	15 50		
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc	16 00		
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc	15 50		
GRAIN, HAY AND FEED.			
Corn, car lots, sacked	44		
Oats, car lots, sacked	21		
Hay, timothy	14 50		
Hay, timothy	16 50		
Feed, No. 1	17 50		
Feed, No. 2	16 00		

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, May 1.—Butter, easy. Creamery, 14@18½c; dairy, 11@17c. Cheese, dull. Twins, 9½@10c; young Americas, 10½@11c; cheddars, 9¾@10c; daisies, 11c. Eggs, weak. At mark, cases returned, 11½c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, May 1.—Butter—Receipts, 5366 packages; firm; creamery, 15@19½c; factory, 11@13¼c. Cheese—Receipts, 1247 packages; weak; fancy large colored, 10½c; fancy large white, 10¼@10½c; fancy small colored, 11½c; fancy small white, 11¼c. Eggs—Receipts, 18,220 packages; Western regular packed, 13@13½c; storage Western, 13¼@14c; Southern, 11@12c.

NEEDS HIS "LAMPS."

"You have no idea how nervous Roosevelt is," said a Spanish war comrade of the vice president the other day, "when his thirty-two candle power eyeglasses are in danger," says the Kansas City Journal. "He is nearsighted and he always carries a small grip full of spectacles when he departs from civilization. When he was in Cuba he had no less than two dozen pairs with him. When the fighting became hot down there he put away the nose glasses that he had been wearing with a black cord attached, and he substituted round spectacles with steel hooks for the ears.

He had a dozen pairs of these mounted, and he planted them around his person and equipment, seeking to distribute them so that no accident could include them all. One pair was sewed in his blouse, another in his belt, another in his hat, two in his saddlebags, and so on.

At the fight of Guasmas his horse, singed by a bullet while held by an orderly, plunged frantically against a tree, Col. Roosevelt came running up all anxiety and began prying under the saddle flap. "They haven't hurt the horse, sir," the orderly said. 'I know,' the colonel replied, with tears in his voice, 'but, blast 'em, they've smashed my specs.'"

A MATHEMATICIAN.

When J. Pierpont Morgan became a financier a fine professor of mathematics was spoiled, says the Omaha Bee. When a young man he was a matriculated student at the university of Gottingen, where he began a course of study in the classics. One day he happened into a lecture room in which a course of lectures on mathematics was being given by an eminent scientist.

Mr. Morgan listened to the professor, and, becoming interested, returned again and again, and finally, merely as an intellectual gratification, took a full course in higher mathematics, during which he showed such remarkable capacity and originality that it was intimated to him by the university authorities that if he would continue his work he might expect to receive an appointment as professor extraordinarius. This offer did not prove tempting to Mr. Morgan and he returned to America to enter upon the very remarkable career that he has since made for himself.

Mathematicians are now saying that it was the mental training, the discipline and the exactness which he acquired from the study of mathematics that had made him so eminently successful, and they point out maliciously how much more advantageous, therefore, and mathematics than classics as a subject of study.

Land Scrip.
Pine Lands.
Will buy Timber in St. Louis, Lake and Cook Counties.
H. W. COFFIN,
Chamber of Commerce Bldg.

Wanted—10,000 shares stock Ramona Oil Co.; will pay highest market price.
J. J. McAULIFFE,
No. 316 Palladio Building.

SENSATION

Caused By Union Pacific In Wall Street.

Rose Twelve Points With Wild Trading.

New York, May 1.—Union Pacific again furnished the sensation of the stock market today, which aside from the movement of that stock, was much quieter than yesterday, although still abnormally active. The selling had pretty generally overcome the force of the buying during the first hour, but Union Pacific held its opening gain of 1⅜ firmly, while other principal stocks had yielded from 1 to 3 points. When Union Pacific had crossed 119 its advance gained momentum, and the stock leaped upwards by intervals of large fractions and a point on the purchase of tens of thousands of shares in blocks of 1000 to 5000 shares. The movement was very wild and interspersed with stumbling relapses, but there was no relaxation in the determined buying until the stock had touched 129, a rise of 12⅛ points. The convertible bonds of the company leaped upwards in sympathy with the stock. This unexpected outburst sent the bears flying to cover and there was a violent rebound all through the market, which reached from 2 to 6 points in the stocks most nearly related to Union Pacific, or which had been most depressed before. Northwestern rallied 4¾ and Northern Pacific 1⅝. Union Pacific dropped back to 124 and the whole list was unsettled. When the Atchison dividend was announced as 1½ per cent, the stock reacted 3 points and accentuated the confusion and doubt in the market. As a result the trading became much less active, dealers waiting for more definite news in Union Pacific or a more stable foundation in the general market.

New York, May 1.—The stock market showed a rather feverish tone at the opening, the striking gains of many stocks being offset by sharp losses in a few important stocks. Eighteen thousand shares of United States Steel sold at 53@54¼, compared with 53⅜ last night and 10,000 shares of the preferred sold at 101@101¾, compared with 101 last night. There were opening gains to a spread of a fraction in Atchison, Ontario O Western and Union Pacific at extreme gains of 1 to 1½ and New York Central, Great Northern preferred, Chesapeake and International Powers also showed gains of 1¼@2. Mexican Central sold at 25⅝ to 28, compared with 25¾ last night on the transfer of 5000 shares and advanced afterward to 29½; Southern Pacific, St. Paul and Tennessee Coal showed losses of 1⅜ to 1⅝.

The hesitancy which the market displayed at first offset disturbed bullish sentiment somewhat and there was a general rush to close out long accounts in the railroads, under which prices dropped materially. The Atchisons, coalers, trunk lines, Northern Pacific and some minor stocks were prominent in the decline. Bear operators took advantage of the uneasiness, which was further accentuated by a gold engagement of $1,000,000. Colorado Fuel broke 4⅝. Union Pacific showed notable strength rising to 119. The United States Steel stocks broke nearly a point under last night but met good support later. Business while large did not reach yesterday's enormous volume in the first hour, and there were less violent vibrations in prices. Toward 11 o'clock prices rallied strongly in spots but the general market was very feverish.

After the reactionary tendency had been overcome, Union Pacific crossed 119, when the advance became wild and erratic. Price changes reacted as high as a point between sales, transactions in blocks of 1000 to 5000 shares. After touching 129 an extreme advance of 12¾, the stock fell back to 123 and fluctuated feverishly. Northwest rose 4¾ in sympathy. Northern Pacific 3⅜ and St. Paul, Rock Island, New York Central, Southern Pacific and Baltimore & Ohio from 2 to 3 points. The recovery in the general list ran from 1 to 2 points. The declaration of the Atchison dividend at the rate of 1½ per cent against the expected 2 per cent caused a reaction of 3 points in that stock and pulled down prices elsewhere from ½ to 2 points. The general market became quieter again. Union Pacific convertible bonds rose 9 points in sympathy with the stock on very heavy dealings. hTe bond market otherwise was irregular.

New York Central continued notably strong and there were some further advances elsewhere before the call, the ranking began to make inroads upon prices. Some sharp reactions resulted, running from 1 to 2 points among the principal active railroad stocks and specialties. A final spurt in New York Central to 163¾ and in Union Pacific to 130¾ brought prices up again. The closing was animated and firm below the best.

Stock	Open	High	Low	Close
Sugar	147	148⅜	146	147¾
Amal. Copper	122¼	123⅝	122¼	123
Tobacco	128½	128⅜	127½	127½
Atchison com	76	76½	73	76⅝
Brooklyn Transit	86¾	87⅜	86¼	86⅞
Atchison pfd	103¼	104	102	103¾
C. M. & St. P.	171	173½	170¼	172¾
C. B. & Q.	199	199⅝	198½	199
Erie	42¾	42¾	41¾	42¾
U. S. Steel com	53¾	54⅛	53¼	54
U. S. Steel pfd	101	101¾	100	101½
B. & O.	104¼	110	103⅝	109¾
L. & N.	106¾	111	106¾	110⅜
Manhattan	128⅜	129	127½	129
Missouri Pacific	110	110½	109	109¾
N. P. common	115¼	117	113¾	115½
N. P. preferred	101	101¼	101	101½
People's Gas	117¼	119½	116¼	118½
Rock Island	164¼	164⅞	162½	163
Southern Pacific	56¾	57¾	55	57¼
T. C. I.	65	67	65	66
Leather common	14½	16¾	14½	15⅞
Union Pacific pfd.	97	99½	97	98
Union Pacific com.	118	130	118	129⅞
Western Union	94¼	96⅜	93⅝	96⅜
Southern Ry. com.	31½	34⅝	31½	34
Southern Ry. pfd.	86⅝	88½	86	88
Great Northern	190¾	191	189½	191
Wisconsin Central	23¼	23¾	23¼	23¾

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, May 1.—Cotton opened easy 1 to 4 points lower on an indifferent response to weak Liverpool cables and then turned firm on covering and buying. A prominent export house bought all the cotton offered. Liverpool rallied quickly on our show of steadiness and from a decline of 2½ to 3½ points, advanced 1½ points. Buying orders from abroad were numerous and Western interests were buyers of July. The new crop months were neglected and varied little from the opening figures.

Cotton spot closed quiet; middling uplands, 8 5-16; middling gulf, 8 9-16; sales, 56,500 bales. Cotton futures closed dull, but steady. May, 797; June, 795; July, 784; August, 764; September, 732; October, 723; November, 716; December, 715; January, 715.

WANT IT LISTED.

New York, Ha 1.—A private telegram from London says application has been made to the London stock exchange to list $800,000,000 of United States Steel corporation, common and preferred stock on the London exchange.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, May 1.—Money on call, nominally at 5 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 6@6½ per cent. Sterling exchange, steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87⅞@4.88 for demand and at $4.84⅜ for 60 days; posted rates $4.85½ and $4.88, and $4.89. Commercial bills, $4.84@4½. Silver certificates, nominally at 60c. Bar silver, 59¼c. Mexican dollars, 48¾c. Government bonds easier; refunding 2s, registered and coupon, 106⅝; 2s registered and coupon (ex. int), 110¼; new 4s, registered, and coupon (ex int.), 138⅝; old 4s, registered, 113⅜; coupon, 113½; 5s, registered, and coupon (ex int.), 110.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report that activity characterized the retail trade. Local demand for delivery and team horses was very aggressive. The better quality horses were the moveable stock. The inferior grades ruled sluggish at very low prices. Prices for the best grades held steady, but dropped on the plain farm chunks. Values:

Drafters, extra	$140@165
Drafters, choice	125@ 135
Farm horses, extra	120@ 135
Farm horses, choice	100@ 115
Farm horses, common to good	60@ 75

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, May 1.—Clearings, $27,633,271; balances, $2,337,469. Posted exchange, $4.85½@$4.89. New York exchange, par.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Arthur R. Jones & Co., Spalding hotel:

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	16¾	17¼
Allouez	2¾	3¼
Anaconda	50½	51
Arcadian	20½	21
Amalgamated	123⅝	...
Arnold	3½	4
Ashbed	25	50
Atlantic	33½	35
Baltic	47½	48
Bingham	25⅞	26
Boston and Montana	448	450
Butte and Boston	114	116
Calumet and Hecla	830	840
Centennial	31⅞	32
Centennial Eureka	32	32¼
Copper Range	58½	59½
Cochita	7½	...
Dominion Coal	37	37½

BIRD LIFE

Efforts Made to Protect the Birds.

Good Work By the Audubon Society.

Boston, April 28.—Bird study is now only in its increasing popularity. A hundred years have passed since Audubon began his study of American birds, and half a century since he died, yet it is only within the last few years that the study of birds has become at all general. The present interest has come just in time, perhaps. After another half century of public indifference, some of the most interesting birds might have become nearly, if not quite, extinct.

Audubon gave the first great impetus to bird study in this country, and in his name the work of spreading the knowledge of birds, so that they may be saved from total extinction, is being undertaken. There are now Audubon societies in Connecticut, Illinois, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Wisconsin, West Virginia and other states—21 in all, with an aggregate membership of some 25,000 persons.

The Massachusetts Audubon society was the first to be established. The object of all of them is to discourage the wearing of feathers, except those of the ostrich and domesticated fowls; to establish a bird day in connection with Arbor day in the schools; to procure necessary legislation to protect the birds; to promote a knowledge of birds in the community, and to guard all wild birds and their eggs from needless destruction.

The relation which children assume toward living things is of great importance, and the necessity for securing their interest in behalf of birds has been demonstrated in statistics of a startling nature. In a recent paper on the destruction of birds and mammals, William T. Hornaday, director of the New York Zoological park, says that during the past fifteen years the birds have decreased, in thirty states and territories, 46 per cent. Three states—North Carolina, Oregon and California—show neither increase nor decrease, and only four states, Kansas, Wyoming, Washington and Utah, show an increase of bird life. Thus, of course, the practical extinction of many useful and beautiful species is threatened in the near future.

The remedy suggested by authorities, like Professor C. F. Hodge, of Clark university, is to infuse into the school system, reaching as it does the life and heart of every child, the purpose and the will to exert every effort to change this destructive process to one of increase, as rapid as possible, in every state and territory, and in every county, farm and city lot in the land.

Much of the present loss is due to climatic influences. Whole species are decimated in times of sleet and extreme cold within the range of their Southern migrations, or in periods of great drouth, when numbers of nestlings starve. While it is difficult to contend with the elements, shade trees planted about the house and barn, the providing for birdhouses and safe places of shelter, and the taming of birds so that they would come to man in time of need, would save great numbers yearly.

It is also stated that the millions of fledglings the country ever go to feed vagabond cats that might humanely be provided with other food than young robins, orioles, bluebirds and song sparrows. But there has been even a greater danger.

In recent years some regions have been almost depopulated and whole species practically exterminated for purposes of millinery. It is claimed that the fault here does not rest entirely with the ladies who wear birds' skins in their hats, but rather in the lack of public education as to the better uses of birds. Careless sportsmen and young collectors of birds' skins, eggs and nests stand in need of that education which will make them capable of realizing that a live bird may be worth dollars to a community.

While the actual utility of birds is only one of the reasons for their preservation, some very significant facts have been gathered in this connection. It is said that $200,000,000 that should go to the farmer, the gardener and the fruitgrowers in the United States are lost every year by the ravages of insects. It is calculated that an average insectivorous bird destroys 2000 insects in a year, and when it is recalled that there are over 100,000 kinds of insects in the United States, and that in many cases they increase by billions yearly, it is seen how useful the birds may become.

It is part of modern bird study to learn the peculiarities of the insect-eating birds, and how even the so-called seed-eaters feed their young largely upon insects and eat a great many of them themselves. A sense of the cruelty of the plum hunters and of the inhumanity of the fashion that makes plume hunting profitable is expected to follow naturally, when a boy or girl has learned how the presence of birds works for the good of man.

It is interesting to note that as Audubon attracted the interest of the world largely through his colored sketches, so, today, there is nothing which awakens more interest in the living birds than the illuminated charts which the Massachusetts Audubon society has published.

The Audubon charts have become popular not only with school children, for whom they were chiefly intended, but also with adults who have taken up bird study as a popular amusement, and in many cases formed special clubs and employed competent instructors. The size of each chart is 29 by 42 inches, and enough tree scenery is introduced to make it possible to show the birds in characteristic attitudes and occupations.

It may be of interest to note what birds have been selected as most representative, or most familiar. The list in the first chart contains: The American goldfinch, American robin, Baltimore oriole, barn swallow, black and white warbler, bluebird, blue jay, bobolink, catbird, cedarbird, chickadee, chimney swift, chipping sparrow, downy woodpecker, flicker, golden-crowned kinglet, house wren, kingbird, purple finch, red-eyed vireo, ruby-throated hummingbird, redwinged blackbird, scarlet tanager, song sparrow, wood thrush and yellow warbler.

The birds of the second chart are: Yellow-billed cuckoo, red-headed woodpecker, whippoor-will, phoebe, wood pewee, least flycatcher or chebec, cowbird, meadow lark, bronzed grackle or crow blackbird, bay-winged bunting or vesper-sparrow, chewink or towhee bunting, cardinal or cardinal grosbeak, rose-breasted grosbeak, indigo bunting or indigo-bird, white-bellied swallow or tree-swallow, warbling vireo, yellow-throated vireo, chestnut-sided warbler, black-throated green warbler, pine warbler, oven-bird, Maryland yellow throat, redstart, brown thrasher or brown thrush, white-bellied nuthatch and veery or Wilson's thrush.

As children may grow up either friends or enemies of the birds and the children of today will make the laws and wear the bonnets in years to come, a special effort is made to furnish boys and girls with incentives and facilities for bird study, and thus make a beginning toward interesting them in the aims and work of the Audubon society. To this end the charts are found to be the most effective means.

When hung upon the walls of the school or home, they constantly catch the eye of the little ones, who almost insensibly mark the differences in plumage and shape and come to have an interest in the names and habits of each individual bird. The youthful curiosity is excited, it has been found, and birds thus learned become, instead of incidents of the outdoor ramble, objects of patient observation. In the country and suburban districts where, in the proper seasons, the commoner birds abound the chart is made the basis of field work similar to the other nature studies, such as one modern school system encourages. In the crowded city, where very often there are no birds to be found except sparrows and pigeons, the chart takes the place of the living bird folk.

Since the first chart was published the eagerness of school children to use it has been abundantly proven, but although superintendents heartily recommend its use, there is rarely any regular appropriation from which it can be bought. The charts are sold at little more than a nominal price, and teachers who, are themselves avid lovers often provide them on their own responsibility. In some instances a number of schools in a locality have had charts given them by outside friends, or even the superintendents themselves, and in every instance enthusiastic bird classes have been the result.

The Massachusetts Audubon society has done a great deal of missionary work of various sorts which has been duplicated in other states. The "Audubonists," as some of the women in the organization call themselves, have done much to make the wearing of the feathers of wild birds unfashionable. The strength of the organization has been successful in obtaining very satisfactory laws for bird protection, but after all the really effective element and that to be most encouraged is an appreciative affection for birds throughout the whole community. If society has come to consider the encouragement and building up of such a sentiment its chief object, and it is for this reason that anything that appeals to the interest and imagination of the child, like these colored charts of common birds, is considered of particular importance.

Children that begin by studying bird charts and forming bird clubs, generally pay the nominal fee demanded and become junior members of the society. They sign a little pledge not to harm birds or their eggs and to protect them whenever they are able. Those who have an aptitude for drawing compete for prizes given for bird sketches and all are kept interested in the work of the great national movement to which they are contributors. As a result, an increase of birds is already reported in regions where an insect-ridden bird desert was threatened.

HAUNTED

By Death Is the Leonard Family at Mauch Chunk.

Mauch Chunk, Pa., May 1.—The wrath of God seems to pursue the Leonard family. Robert, the youngest son of Peter Leonard, fell down a culvert near the incline railway Sunday and was picked up a corpse. The boy was playing with a crowd of youngsters at the time and made the risky trip between the tracks merely to be "smart." Only a fool would have attempted the journey, but young Leonard not only made the trip once, but actually raced down the plane ahead of a car and won out.

Nobody can even guess why Leonard raced and chased on the dangerous playground. He seemed possessed of the very devil, and stopped in his mad race long enough to beat David Benton, a boy who sought to interfere with his hair-raising play. The race with the car was the run of a madman, but as the boy won, everybody cheered, but no one wanted him to try the trip again. He did try and died.

Only two weeks ago, April 15, Peter J. Leonard, a crank on cycling, took a long run on his high-geared wheel. He proposed a record run from Williamsport to Sunbury. Oscar Patterson made the race with him. Leonard won, but fell dead as he crossed the line a winner.

Last March Mrs. Leonard, mother of Peter, undertook to bake all the cakes needed for a Red Men's fair. She stood over the oven for several hours, and after a bath went to prayer meeting, where she gave her "experience." She professed redemption and belief, and then led the singing. She finished singing, and was carried home a corpse.

It was the tragic death of her husband, John Leonard, in the Church of the Annunciation, in Williamsport, that converted Mrs. Leonard. He was on his knees in prayer, and after asking the Lord to care for the needy and the unfortunate, the old man recited the Lord's prayer most fervently. He had scarcely uttered "amen" when he fell over on the chancel rail. He was dead before the pastor could get to his side.

Michael Leonard was a foreman in a Michigan lumber camp. He had an altercation with a Swede the day after Christmas last year, and the Swede actually cut him in half with an ax. The pieces of his body were shipped home, and Mary Leonard died from an attack of the grip which followed her attendance at his funeral.

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

S. F. Boyce, Max Wirth.
R. C. Sweeny. Wm. A. Abbett.

You can always smell a "dead one."
He has a costive-looking face.
His breath knocks you down.
He drags his feet.
Listeners to his talk turn their heads the other way.
His breath poisons God's pure air.
He ought to keep clean inside;

—that means sweet breath, quick brain, swift moving feet. You can't feel well and act well with your bowels clogged, sending poison all through your body. Clean them out gently but thoroughly and keep them clean with CASCARETS Candy Cathartic, and you will find that all bowel and liver ills and the nasty symptoms that go with them are quickly and permanently

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10c. 25c. 50c.
ALL DRUGGISTS

NEVER SOLD IN BULK.

CURE all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow complexion and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are getting sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It is a starter for the chronic ailments and long years of suffering that come afterwards. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS to-day, for you will never get well and be well all the time until you put your bowels right. Take our advice; start with CASCARETS to-day, under an absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded. 685

GUARANTEED TO CURE: Five years ago the first box of CASCARETS was sold. Now it is over six million boxes a year, greater than any similar medicine in the world. This is absolute proof of great merit, and our best testimonial. We have faith and will sell CASCARETS absolutely guaranteed to cure or money refunded. Go buy today, two 50c boxes, give them a fair, honest trial, as per simple directions, and if you are not satisfied, after using one 50c box, return the unused 50c box and the empty box to us by mail, or the druggist from whom you purchased it, and get your money back for both boxes. Take our advice—no matter what ails you—start today. Health will quickly follow and you will bless the day you first started the use of CASCARETS. Book free by mail. Address: STERLING REMEDY CO., NEW YORK or CHICAGO.

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HENRY GEORGE 5c. Cigar

Smokers wonder why the Henry George is a so much finer smoke than any other five-cent cigar—We will tell you—THE COMBINATION OF TOBACCOS WHICH IT CONTAINS IS DIFFERENT FROM THAT USED IN ANY OTHER FIVE-CENT CIGAR, and is the manufacturer's secret. The smoking public get the benefit—Try one and you will join the ranks of steady Henry George Smokers.

STONE-ORDEAN-WELLS CO., DISTRIBUTORS, DULUTH, MINN.

PROTECTION FOR INFANT INDUSTRIES IS OUTGROWN

By Arthur Scott Gilman, of Cambridge, Mass.

Among the projected industries, some can never meet foreign competition without protection, in which case it is an economic loss to prosecute them; and others will soon reach the point where they can stand alone. In the meantime, while the tariff lasts, it is necessarily a burden on the body of consumers. As it is certain that no exchange of goods is made unless both parties are benefited by the transaction, so it is also clear that a tariff which checks trade harms the consumers of both countries. The benefits of fostering infant industries can only be attained if the industries soon cease to need protection. The original protectionists in this country wished to give manufacturers a fair chance to compete with business of long standing in other countries. Their interference with the benefits of international trade was not intended to outlive its usefulness. They did not entertain the absurd idea that a tariff could create a permanent balance of trade in our favor, or that a money excess of exports over imports was going to make us richer. They knew that what we wanted was to exchange our goods for what foreigners could make cheaper; but, also knowing that a diversified industry was advantageous, they believed that the American public would be willing to undergo a temporary sacrifice until the untried resources of the country were developed. Whether, in an over-progressive country like this, these infant industries would not have had a little slower but a far more healthy growth unaided, those only surviving in the struggle with foreign competition for which the conditions were favorable, is a pertinent question, but one which we need not discuss.

What, then, is the situation now? Simply that these "infant" industries, protected from foreign competition at the expense of our own citizens, have long since ceased to need protection. It may well be asked, when does an industry cease to be an "infant" industry? When, indeed! Is an industry that supports one corporation having a capital stock of $1,250,000,000 an infant industry? Is any trust or monopoly an infant industry? Can any industry claim protection as an infant industry after several years of experiment? If it is unsuccessful, it is an economic loss to prosecute it; and, if successful, it becomes an undue bounty to the manufacturer at the expense of the consumers. The early protectionists of new industries in this country would be surprised to see how some of these "infant" industries have developed; and they might well believe the time had come when the American public need no longer be called upon to make sacrifices for American manufacturers. There are those who believe that the discussion of the tariff is no longer vital; the tariff has built up American industries, they say, so why not let it stay? Such people cannot understand the mutual benefits of international trade, and they do not see that our exports must always be dependent on our imports. They do not see that what we trade for is not the money of other countries, but the goods which they can make cheaper than we can. They do not seem to realize that tariffs on our part will lead to counter-tariffs from countries whose custom we have begun to find valuable to our industries, and they forget that by limiting the field of production to one country they increase the tendency to fluctuations in prices, with its consequent overproduction, followed by panics and failures; and, finally, they fail to realize that the tariff is a tax on the whole body of the people for the benefit of the manufacturers in the protected industries.

If this were all, it would be clear that the object for which a protective tariff had been originated had been attained, and that its continuation was undesirable. But the present tendency of industries toward combination has put a new face on the matter. As long as there are individual firms in the same protected industry, the price of the product is somewhat kept down by competition; but the more industries become controlled by pools and trusts, the greater is the danger that the prices will be raised by the full amount of the duty. For a year or more actual cases have come to public notice in which American protected "infant" industries have sustained prices in this country, while at the same time they were successful competitors in foreign markets where lower prices were quoted. Indeed, American shipbuilders complain that the one supreme reason why it is not possible for them to build a merchant marine to rival England's is because American trusts have been selling ship plates cheaper in England than here on the Atlantic seaboard. Would not the nation be better off if it had a shipping industry, and if, in consequence, Mr. Carnegie had been able to amass a fortune of only $150,000,000 instead of $300,000,000? A change in the tariff is what the shipbuilders need—not a government subsidy.

Our infant industries, made up of individual struggling manufacturers, competing with each other, and at a disadvantage compared to foreign rivals for even the home market, have grown to be all-powerful trusts, making prices to suit themselves, and often maintaining, by virtue of the tariff, a higher price in this country than they can sell at a profit the same goods delivered in a foreign country. Is it not preposterous to ask the consumer still to make sacrifices for such over-fed "infants?" The only check to a monopolistic trust is foreign competition, and this is destroyed by a tariff duty. Surely the conditions have changed. From now on the American consumer needs protection against the greed and the power of the great industries of his own country. Is it right that we should rob ourselves of the benefits which we might have from our own natural advantages, our own business sagacity and ingenuity, our own skilled labor and our own ready capital, and that with all these aids to industry we should not be able to exchange freely for the produce of other countries? Protection to infant industries has prevailed long enough. Let us cry, "No protection to trusts," till congress comes to the relief of the people.

ARTHUR SCOTT GILMAN.
Cambridge, Mass., April 29.

HIDEOUS BACILLI

Swept Up By Trailing Skirts of Ladies.

Berlin, May 1.—A campaign against long skirts has been opened by the Munich medical profession.

One physician has found the most terrible bacilli in the tail of his wife's skirts.

Another examined the sweepings in a concert hall after the audience had left and found enough tuberculosis bacilli to poison a regiment.

A third examined a drawing room after his wife's reception and found dreadful things swept in by the ladies' skirts.

In Dresden a similar movement is afoot. A committee of the town council has passed instructions to the police to fine any woman seen in the streets with trailing skirts.

Imitations have been many. Thoughtful people have learned that true merit comes only with the genuine Rocky Mountain Tea made by Madison Medicine Co. 35c. Ask your druggist.

CAESAR PLAYED DEAD

So His Daughter Could Secure a Husband.

Camden, N. J., May 1.—Julius Caesar's wife had him arrested for disorderly conduct. Recorder Nowrey asked him in court if her story was true. He said: "Your honor, I am alive, yet dead. My wife wanted to marry our daughter to a sergeant of police in New York city. To accomplish her purpose she announced that I was dead and had left a big plantation and estate, now in process of settlement. She accomplished her purpose, and, as far as my son-in-law is concerned, I am dead, and I suppose he thinks his wife is an heiress."

Mrs. Caesar admitted her husband's story was true in part. Judge Nowrey announced that he had no right to sit in judgment on "a dead man."

If people only knew what we know about Kodol Dyspepsia Cure, it would be used in nearly every household, as there are few people who do not suffer from a feeling of fullness after eating, belching, flatulence, sour stomach or waterbrash, caused by indigestion or dyspepsia. A preparation such as Kodol Dyspepsia Cure, which, with no aid from the stomach, will digest your food, certainly can't help but do you good. Max Wirth.

Omega Oil

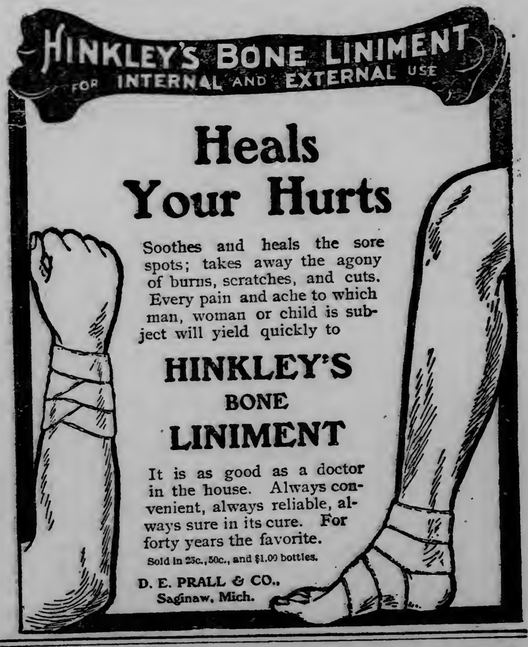
For Any Pain

A sprained thumb, arm, wrist or ankle, a stiff elbow or knee, a lame back or shoulder, an aching hip or leg—all these things are alike to Omega Oil. An ache is an ache, and a pain is a pain wherever located in the flesh, muscles or joints, and Omega Oil is the proper liniment to use. Rub it in, and the hurting will stop. Don't be afraid of using it, because it won't burn or blister. Nature makes this oil for exactly this purpose, and Nature has never made a mistake since the beginning of time. Omega Oil is good for everything a liniment ought to be good for.

Any druggist will supply you, or the Omega Chemical Co., 257 Broadway, New York, will mail a bottle prepaid for 50c. in cash, money order or stamps. 700

HINKLEY'S BONE LINIMENT FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL USE

Heals Your Hurts



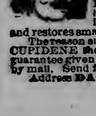
Soothes and heals the sore spots; takes away the agony of burns, scratches, and cuts. Every pain and ache to which man, woman or child is subject will yield quickly to

HINKLEY'S BONE LINIMENT

It is as good as a doctor in the house. Always convenient, always reliable, always sure in its cure. For forty years the favorite.

Sold in 25c., 50c., and $1.00 bottles.

D. E. PRALL & CO., Saginaw, Mich.



MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE"

This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as **Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples, Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation.** It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhoea and all the horrors of Impotency. **CUPIDENE** cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. **CUPIDENE** strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with **Prostatitis.** **CUPIDENE** the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, by mail. Send for free circular and testimonials.

Address **PAVOL MEDICINE CO.**, P. O. Box 2076, San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

Sure investments are desirable, but scarce. One of the surest investments you can make is by purchasing space in Herald classified ads on this page. This is an investment that will pay.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

L. MENDENHALL. T. W. HOOPES
Established 1869.
Mendenhall & Hoopes
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance
First National Bank Building,
Duluth, Minn.

AT WEST DULUTH

P. F. Smith, formerly a merchant at Proctorknott, is in West Duluth and is staying at the Phillips hotel. Mr. Smith closed up his business in Proctorknott about a year ago, intending to go to Bridgeport, Wis. While packing his effects he in some manner lost two of his account books, a day book and a ledger, that are very valuable to him, but of no value to anybody else. Mr. Smith supposed he had them packed with the rest of his things. He was taken sick and was in the West Duluth hospital for a long time, and did not discover his loss until some months had elapsed from the time he left this place. Since then he has failed to locate the missing books, and is advertising diligently in the hope that they will turn up somewhere in West Duluth.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

This evening the West Duluth lodge, No. 145, A. O. U. W., will give its tenth annual ball in the Great Eastern hall, and it is understood that the affair will be one of the largest fraternal events attempted this season. No pains have been spared by the committees in charge to make everything pleasant for the guests. Phanein's orchestra has been engaged to furnish the music.

A number of the West Duluth friends of E. W. Green, who formerly made his home here, have received invitations to the commencement exercises of the Louisville College of Dentistry, which will be held on the evening of May 8. Mr. Green will be one of the graduates. It is expected that he will be back to West Duluth for a visit in June.

A. D. L. Neuman and family, that have resided in Oneota for the past eight or nine years, left the other day for their new home in Spokane, Wash.

A daughter was born, April 29, to Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Baudin, of 424 Sixtieth avenue west.

Dr. D. Graham left yesterday for a three or four weeks' vacation trip, during which he will visit in the southern part of the state.

As was stated some days ago in The Herald, ore trains have been running on the Misabe road, but none of the ore has been brought to the dock on the bay. Tomorrow the company will begin hauling to the docks. A crew of men has been clearing up the dock and all is practically in readiness. The engineers' strike has interfered with the opening up of the work at the dock, here as elsewhere, and the season will be later than last year. The Misabe dock has a capacity of about 170,000 tons.

Albert Collins, a young man employed at the Merrill & Ring mill, received a bad cut in one hand last night in falling from a lumber pile.

John Anderson has moved his store building 2 doors, just south of Lanzlow's meat market, on Central avenue. This is the second move for the building within a year.

Mrs. S. C. Confer is entertaining her sister, Mrs. W. Howell Tice, of Minneapolis.

Joseph Mach has returned to Marquette after a short visit here.

Mr. and Mrs. Chris Murphy, of Grand Marais, who have been visiting relatives here for the past week, expect to leave for their home today. Mr. Murphy says that he has had some conferences with telephone companies regarding north shore service, but as one of the officials of the company is out of the city nothing definite can yet be learned as to the prospects.

Mrs. George W. Thompson, of Huntington street, entertained the Ladies' Card club, of Proctorknott, yesterday afternoon.

Fred A. Harwood, the brakeman killed in the Missabe yards at Proctorknott last night, was well known in West Duluth, and many are expressing sympathy for his relatives in their bereavement.

Party wants real estate loan of $325; good security. L. A. Barnes.

Information wanted of day book and ledger, left in some West Duluth business place a year ago. P. F. Smith, Phillip's hotel.

Buy your wall paper at Nygren's Drug store.

The finest ice cream at Boerner's.

Pure drugs and wall paper, at Olanders', 228 Fifty-fifth avenue west.

SATISFACTORY.

The Venezuelan Explanation of Baiz Incident.

Washington, May 1.—The state department has received from the government of Venezuela a satisfactory explanation of the circumstances under which Ignacio Baiz, United States consular agent at Barcelona, came to be arrested and mulcted of a heavy fine. While no details are furnished, it is stated that the action of the Venezuelan government in the matter is all that could be desired, and that Baiz, who has recovered or will recover the money extorted from him, will not be further molested.

VILLAGE DESTROYED.

Des Moines, May 1.—Fire during the night practically destroyed the village of Kensett, Worth county. Fourteen buildings were burned. The total loss is estimated at $20,000.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

$6000 Corner Michigan street and Eleventh avenue west.

$4500 Lot in Armory block on First street.

$4500 Brick store, No. 224 East Superior street.

$1350 100x140 feet corner, first-class residence location in Endion.

86 houses in all parts of the city.
2 stores and two houses in West Duluth for rent.
Make us an offer on lot 1, block 44, Endion.
Money to loan, any amount, on residence property.

Interstate Land and Investment Co.
605 Palladio Building.

DIVIDENDS.

Various Railroad Companies Make Their Stockholders Happy.

Philadelphia, May 1.—The board of directors of the Pennsylvania railroad today declared a semi-annual dividend of ½ per cent. The previous dividend was 2½ per cent and ½ per cent extra. The formal announcement of the directors on the dividend question was given out by the secretary as follows: The board of directors, at a meeting held this day, declared a semi-annual dividend of 2½ per cent upon the capital stock of the company, payable on and after May 31, 1901, to the stockholders registered on the books of the company at the close of business on May 4, 1901.

No other business was transacted at the meeting. The announcement that only the regular dividend of 2½ per cent was declared was disappointing to those who had expected 3½ per cent allowed to stockholders six months ago would again be allotted today. It was explained by officials that it is customary to consider the question of extra dividends only when the accounts for the year are made up. The Pennsylvania company's fiscal year ends with November.

New York, May 1.—The directors of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railroad declared a dividend of 1½ per cent on the common stock today. The dividend is payable June 18. It is supposed that this is a semi-annual dividend, making the rate on the stock 3 per cent.

Cleveland, May 1.—At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern railroad held here today the following directors were reelected to serve three years: Frederick W. Vanderbilt, Samuel R. Callaway, Edwin D. Worcester, Chauncey M. Depew, William H. Newman. Out of $50,000,000 in stock issued by the company $48,000,000 were voted at the meeting.

MACHINISTS STRIKE.

Ask Nine-Hour Day With the Same Wages.

Buffalo, May 1.—Twelve hundred machinists in the city and probably 300 more in Erie county, outside of Buffalo, struck today to secure a 9-hour day without a decrease of pay.

Many of the local shops, at a conference with the men yesterday, agreed to the demands of the union and will not be affected by the strike. It is understood that the local movement is the forerunner of the strike that may extend all over the United States, Canada and Mexico on May 20, when a general demand for a 9-hour day will be made.

MUST ASSESS STOCK.

Writ of Mandamus Issued By Chicago Court.

Springfield, Ill., May 1.—Judge Thompson in the circuit court today handed down his opinion in the suit for mandamus of the Chicago Teachers' Federation against the State Board of Equalization. The court awards a peremptory writ of mandamus and holds that the members of the State Board of Equalization are public officers and, as such, it is their legal duty to assess the stocks of twenty or more Chicago corporations, including street railways, named in the petition. He also holds that the last board did not even make a pretense of assessing thirteen of this number, and that the act of assessing remains unfinished. Under the statute, he declares, these corporations can be assessed as omitted property.

STRANGE PROFESSION.

One of the witnesses in a recent lawsuit in Cleveland was Edward Kaehn. The Cleveland Leader says:

"The examination of Kaehn proved to be very amusing. On the cross-examination Prosecutor Keeler demanded to know the business of the witness. The witness said that he lived at 323 Lake street, and was known as Professor James Smith, and that his specialty was being buried alive for exhibition purposes. He declared that he never had really died, but claimed that he could lie in a grave for six days and six nights. He averred that he was ready at any time to be buried for $500 per week, providing that there was a proper and an unmistakably trustworthy committee to play the role of resurrection angels should they be needed to save his life.

"He was rather reluctant about 'topping off his act,' as he expressed it, but Judge Neff became interested and wanted to hear all about it. Kaehn declared that he has been placed in a coffin which had been properly upholstered, and that it has been lowered into a grave 6 feet 4 inches deep. An air shaft is constructed and the grave closed.

"'What is the air shaft for?' asked the prosecutor.

"'For air,' replied Kaehn, 'and for sending down the beer, water and grub.'

"'Then you always had to have air, did you?' continued the prosecutor.

"'Oh, no. Sometimes I was completely buried for twenty-four hours. In a case of that kind a bucket of water was placed in the coffin and several sponges saturated with water. The water evaporated, and that furnished all the oxygen I needed to live on.'"

LOWELL'S TRIBUTE TO SCOTT.

In a recent address on nineteenth century literature in London, Ambassador Choate said that he would give them the tribute of one of the greatest American men of letters, his most illustrious predecessor, James Russell Lowell, to the wonderful "Wizzard of the North," relates the New York Post. Lowell's end was very near. He and all his friends knew well that for him the silver cord of life would soon be loosed, when Dr. Oliver Wendell Holmes went out to pay him a last visit at his home in Elmwood. The two had always been like brothers, calling each other by their first names. As the doctor entered his room he said, in his usual light and breezy way:

"Well, James, how are you today?"

And Lowell, on his couch, clasping a little book in his hands looked up with a bright smile, and answered:

"Wendell, I don't know how I am, and don't care. I'm reading 'Rob Roy.'"

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FREE FARMS.

160 acres of the choicest farming lands in the world free. Cheap excursions will leave Duluth for all points of Western Canada on Tuesdays and Thursdays. Very cheap rates for settlers. For particulars apply to J. H. M. PARKER,
Canadian Government Agent,
530 Manhattan Building, Duluth, Minn.

A SNAP Fifty feet upper side of Third street, near Fifteenth Ave. East.
A. C. VOLK & CO.,
202 Palladio Bldg.

Auction Sale.

The building committee of the Congregation Adas Izarel will sell at Public Auction Tuesday, May 7, at 10 a. m., the nine-room house, which has all modern improvements—hot-air furnace, gas fixtures, etc.—at No. 230 Third Avenue East, corner Third street. Purchaser will be given reasonable time to move house from grounds. Condition of sale, 50 per cent. down, balance at time of removing building.

MONEY ON HAND
$1000, $2500, $5000 for Good Real Estate Loans. No Delay.
C. A. & E. D. FIELD, 204 Exchange Building.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 8:00. Next meeting, May 6, 1901. Work, First degree, H. Nesbitt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting May 13, 1901. Work, Third degree. Burr Porter, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20 R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evening of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting May 8, 1901. Work ——. James Kelly, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8:00 p. m. Next conclave May 30, 1901. Work, Red Cross and Templar degrees. Thomas Davis, E. C.; Alfred Lerlcheux, recorder.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, SITTING BULL TRIBE, NO. 25, WEST Duluth, meets first four Thursdays of the month at Great Eastern hall. W. S. McCullum, Sachem; W. E. Day, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, We-ke-me-wup tribe, No. 17, meets every Monday evening in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. C. C. Evans, Sachem; N. J. Orr, Chief of Records.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp, No. 2200, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. Robert Raikkin, W. C.; John Burnett, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES.—Duluth tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and Lake avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. Charles J. Hector, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at 118 West Superior street. Social entertainment and refreshments April 26. G. H. Prudden, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.

ZENITH CITY LODGE, NO. 169, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening, at 8 p. m., in Columbus hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Work in the Second degree April 16. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. W. A. Rehder, N. G.; D. J. Dewar, secretary.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS.—Court Eastern Star, No. 86, meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m. at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. Harry Milnes, chief ranger, city hall. James Herrell, treasurer, Union depot.

U. C. T.

ZENITH, NO. 40, DULUTH, MINN.—Regular meetings fourth Saturday night of each month, Elks' hall, Superior street. W. N. Donaldson, S. C.; C. W. Sutton, secretary and treasurer.

CARPET CLEANING WORKS.

THE DULUTH-SUPERIOR STEAM carpet cleaning and rug works, 1522 West Michigan street. Telephone 533.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

MANDOLIN, GUITAR, VIOLIN, BANJO. Prof. J. L. Robinson, over Big Duluth. Mandolin orchestra for all occasions.

LOANS.

$1500 TO LOAN ON IMPROVED PROPerty. M 28, Herald.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

MINING AND OIL SHARES....

Buy while stocks are cheap. Take advantage of these:

1000 Blue Grass Oil Share, now drilling—per share..... **15c**
100 Chippewa Copper, developed copper property, on the Wisconsin range, a stamp mill to be erected soon **$2.75**
1000 shares Ramona Oil, Judd's property, now drilling..... **25c**
500 shares Golden Star, per share..... **8½c**
500 shares Randolph, gold shares.... **4c**

Buy while the market is low and advancing. A new oil proposition going onto the market in a few days at 5c. Wait for it.

M. C. French, 212-213 Trust Build'g, Duluth, Minn.

FOR RENT.

No. 204 West Michigan street; cold storage room; best location on the street.
Seven-room, strictly modern, steam-heated flat; central location and strictly first class.
Large Superior street store; brick building.

C. P. CRAIG & CO., Herald Building

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—TWENTY THOUSAND brick, $5 per 1000. T. Downie, 2012 West First street.

FOR SALE—LARGE OAK SIDEBOARD, rugs, carpets, dining table, refrigerator, sewing machine, curtains, draperies, lady's bicycle. 20 Twelfth avenue east.

FOR SALE—MAHOGANY UPRIGHT PIano; 6-piece parlor set, 2 bedroom suites, steel range, etc. Will be sold cheap. 1905 Dingwall street.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, ON EASY TERMS, one first-class high top Estey organ, also bedstead, commode and small gasoline stove. No. 1 Monger terrace.

FOR SALE—FURNITURE FOR LIGHT housekeeping. Room 19, Knowlton block.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—FRESH milch cows. A carload will arrive May 4, Johnson & Co., 302 Exeter street, Thirtieth avenue west.

FOR SALE—EGGS FOR HATCHING, from 50 cents to $2 per sitting. G. Hood Thompson, Glen Avon Poultry Yards, Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE—SEED POTATOES—A FEW bushels of Sir Williams and Carman No. 1. G. Hood Thompson, Glen Avon, Duluth.

FOR SALE—BEDROOM FURNITURE and oak extension dining table. 220 W. Third street.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD FRESH MILCH cows will arrive April 28, Twenty-first avenue east and South street. J. Johnson & Co.

FOR SALE—FRESH MILCH COWS always on hand, and highest price paid for beef cattle. Evan Johnson, 2008 Helm street.

$1250 HOUSE AND LOT ON LAKE AVEnue, near Fifth street. 515 Palladio building.

FOR SALE—S. KANER HAS JUST ARrived with a carload of fresh milch cows. 1122 East Fourth street.

FOR SALE—ELEGANT OAK SIDEboard, bookcase, tete, and four fine pictures. 20 Twelfth avenue east.

FOR SALE—COTTAGE ON PARK Point. Address S. S. Herald.

HORSES HORSES

Barrett & Zimmerman have at their stables, opposite the Post-office, Duluth, from 300 to 400 head horses constantly on hand.
Private sales daily. Part time given if desired.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOple holding responsible positions; also on diamonds, planes, furniture, live stock and all kinds of personal property. Easy payments. Confidential. Western Loan Co., 521 Manhattan Bldg., Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. We buy consolidated stock. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmonds, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., 224 W. Sup. street. Established 1893.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

LOST.

CHAMPION IRON COMPANY BOOKS burned. Stockholders send date, number of certificates and number of shares held by you to W. Van Brunt, 8 Exchange building.

BOARD OFFERED.

FIRST CLASS BOARD AND ROOMS, with all modern conveniences, can be had commencing May 1, 1901. 318 West Second street, Duluth, Minn.

ROOMS AND BOARD, 120 FIRST AVEnue west; very central.

CHIMNEY SWEEP.

CHIMNEY AND FURNACE CLEANING storm windows taken off. W. Simpson. Zenith Tele. 738; office 119 W. First St.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows' building. Best work. Moderate prices.

TYPEWRITERS.

FOR SALE—REMINGTON AND SMITH typewriters from $25 up. Write for samples. M. J. Doherty, 135 Washington street, Chicago, Ill.

PILES AND RUPTURE.

PERMANENT CURE GUARANTEED, without cutting. Duluth references. Illustrated circular. 1068 West Michigan. Hours 1 to 4.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

AT NIGHT AND MORNING MASSAGE those wrinkles around your eyes with Satin-Skin Cream. It nourishes them away. Cost 25c. Leading stores.

WANTED AT ONCE—COMPETENT girl for general housework. Mrs. S. W. Richardson, F, Buffalo flats.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; none others need apply. 125 East Third.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply No. 5 East Third street.

WANTED—AT ONCE, SIX GIRL DISHwashers. Apply to Stewart, Spalding hotel.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 522 Fourth avenue west.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED SEWING girl. Mme. Ferrier, 309 McDonald building.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1451 East First street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 525 West Third street.

NEAT GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; small family. No. 1907 Jefferson street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Must be good cook. Good wages. 2016 East Second.

YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST WITH light housekeeping and take care of baby. 102 West First street, upstairs.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, small family. Call 119 East Fifth.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 1022 East First street.

WANTED—GIRL ABOUT 16 TO HELP at housework, 410 Twelfth avenue east.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; family of two. Call at flat O, Buffalo flats.

WANTED — SEWING GIRL AND ONE apprentice. Mrs. J. A. Clarey, 22 West Fifth street.

WANTED — CHAMBERMAID AND diswasher. The Midland hotel.

WANTED AT ONCE—EXPERIENCED laundry girl. Apply Housekeeper, Spalding hotel.

WANTED—LADY COOK. BON TON bakery, 25 West Superior street.

WANTED—GIRL TO DO DININGROOM and chamber work. 707 West Superior street.

WANTED—A SWEDE GIRL AT ONCE. Call 508 West Third street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 112 East Third street.

WANTED—GOOD NURSE GIRL. 1306 East Second.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 112 East Second street.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework. 1422 East Second street, Mrs. M. A. Dunning.

WANTED — GOOD, STRONG GIRL FOR general housework. No washing; good wages. Mrs. A. R. Macfarlane, Glen Avon, Duluth.

COMPETENT GIRL WANTED. 1221 East First street.

STENOGRAPHERS.

Assisted to positions without charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—STRONG BOY WILLING TO work. Duluth Corrugating and Roofing company.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN TO WORK on dairy farm and deliver milk. Take Woodland car, Woodland dairy.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS COATmaker. Harrington Bros., 1314 Tower avenue, West Superior, Wis.

WANTED—BELL BOYS. APPLY HOTEL St. Louis.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade, only two more weeks of our special offer of schoiarship, board and tools. No limit to time, $12 weekly paid graduates. Write for particulars today. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED—SIX CIGARMAKERS AND one experienced stripper. 18 West First street, Culver & Co.

***NEWS FOR YOU*—Support yourself while learning to be an electrical engineer. How? Call on or address C. S. Cable, representative International Correspondence Schools, 306 New Jersey Building., Duluth, open evenings.**

WANTED—AGENTS.

MAN OR WOMAN WANTED TO EMploy and superintend agents, $15 per week salary and expenses. Permanent position. Zeigler company, 520 Monon building, Chicago, Ill.

LADY OR GENTLEMEN AGENTS TO sell household goods on easy payments. No capital required. Gately Supply company, 8 East Superior street.

ACCOUNTANT.

BOOKS OPENED AND CLOSED, ACcounts adjusted. Expert work a specialty. Would consider a permanency. References. F 99. Herald.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 328 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

Mrs. J. Hanson, private hospital and female complaints. 708 E 3rd st. 'Phone 1225

BREINHOLM, FEMALE COMPLAINTS. Private hospital. 11 Nineteenth Ave. W.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—ONE OR TWO SECTIONS hardwood land with live water, some hay; near station; the best kind of clover and timothy land known south of Duluth, in Wisconsin or Minnesota, cut or burnt over, must be all right. W. S. Dibble, Marshall, Minn.

WANTED — GOOD DELIVERY HORSE. Must be reasonable. K 7, Herald.

WANTED—TWO OR THREE GOOD second hand lumber wagons with three inch tires. American Lumber company, West Superior, Wis.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—6-ROOM HOUSE, FURnished, with modern improvements; desirable location. Address T 2, Herald.

FOR RENT—A COTTAGE ON PARK Point, within two blocks of second bath house. E. W. A. Peak, 521 Manhattan building.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE. ALL modern improvements, desirable location, East End. Moderate rent for about four months. Address M 8, Herald.

FOR RENT—9-ROOM MODERN HOUSE. No children. S. V. Gilbert, 401 Torrey building.

FOR RENT—STRICTLY MODERN NINE room house three blocks from postoffice. Myers' Bros., 205 Lyceum.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—LARGE FURNISHED front rooms; modern; central; private family. Apply immediately, 109 Second avenue east, Pastoret terrace.

FOR RENT—LARGE FURNISHED front room, 209 West Third street.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOMS UPSTAIRS, all conveniences. Apply 831 East Third street, city.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM, modern conveniences; private family. 211 West Fifth street.

FOR RENT—THREE NICE ROOMS, 21 Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT—PLEASANT FURNISHED room, electric light; use of parlor; one block west of postoffice; very central. Address A. P., Herald.

WANTED—RESPECTABLE GENTLEman roomer. Bath privileges; moderate rent. Address M 30, Herald.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM, with or without board. 2805 West Second street.

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS for gentlemen. 626 West First street.

FOR RENT—FRONT ROOM AND ALcove. 216 East Third street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED FRONT parlor; house with modern conveniences. 320 East Second street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS, central. 206 Fifth avenue west.

FOR RENT FURNISHED ROOM IN private family. 224 Second avenue east.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—MODERN FOUR ROOM flat in heart of city, every convenience. Apply to Alwin White, 215 East Third street.

WILL RENT MY 5-ROOM FLAT FURnished for the summer. New brick building, first floor; strictly modern; central location. M 32.

FOR RENT—PARTLY FURNISHED 5-room flat in Buffalo flats for the summer. 203 Board of Trade building.

FOR RENT—TWO NEW 5-ROOM FLATS Call 508 West Third street. Small family.

FOR RENT—MAY 1, FLAT 2, BUFFAlo flats. F. C. Smith, 205 Palladio building.

FINE FIVE-ROOM MODERN BRICK flat. No children. Volk, Palladio building.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED--BY YOUNG MAN WITH first class references, place to board in private family. B 22, Herald.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED — TO RENT — A SMALL gasoline yacht. Duluth Purchasing Agency, 309 Palladio building.

WANTED TO RENT—A MODERN nine or ten-room residence in eastern section of city. Address, stating terms, D. D. Gaillard, captain corps of engineers, Providence building.

WANTED—TWO OR THREE FURnished or unfurnished rooms, suitable for physician's office, centrally located. E. D. Walker, West Superior, Wis.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

YOUNG WOMAN WOULD LIKE FURnished rooms to take care of; want to go home nights. Address N. M., Normanna hall, flat 5, city.

WANTED—BY THREE GIRLS, WORK in a steam laundry. Address N. M., Normanna hall, flat 5, city.

WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY, POSItion as governess. Best of references given. K 8, Herald.

WANTED — POSITION BY MAN WHO has had nine years' experience as buyer and manager of a $30,000 stock of dry goods, clothing, shoes, etc. A 1 references. E. J. Goward, Aitkin, Minn.

YOUNG GIRL WOULD LIKE WORK IN private family. Address K 5, Herald.

YOUNG GIRL WOULD LIKE WORK IN laundry. Address K 4, Herald.

LADY WOULD LIKE ROOMS TO TAKE care of or any kind of work by the day. M 76, Herald.

A YOUNG MAN WOULD LIKE A SITuation taking care of horses in private family. Address F 96, Herald.

LADY STENOGRAPHER WANTS POSition. Has had experience. Address M 79, Herald.

WANTED — HOUSE CLEANING, OFfices or stores. Call or send postal to 276 Third avenue east.

WANTED—HOUSE CLEANING, WASHing, or any kind of housework. 14 East First street.

WANTED—POSITION BY YOUNG MAN, 23, active, industrious, hard worker. Wide Chicago experience. Clerical preferred. A 1 references. F 97, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION IN STORE BY young lady. Has had experience as clerk and cashier. Can give best of references. Address 731 First street east.

WANTED — HOUSECLEANING OR washing, by the day. Address M 29, Herald.

POSITION AS HOUSEKEEPER BY A competent young lady. None but respectable parties need apply. Address G 12, Herald.

HOUSECLEANING, SCRUBBING, OR stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 23 First avenue east. Work guaranteed.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR

ALBERT L. PRESTON, ACCOUNTANT and auditor; originator of business systems. 309 Palladio building.

RAILROAD WATCHES.

REPAIRED AND ADJUSTED. HARRIS & Esterly, 406 West Superior street.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

WATCH REPAIRING.

HARRIS-ESTERLY, 406 W. SUP. ST.

A SPECIALTY. M. HENRICKSEN, expert watchmaker, 334 W. Sup. St.

POPULAR MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC, 2000 COPIES, 10c copy. Hankenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

PIANO TUNING.

FIRST CLASS WORK. C. A. GREGORY, piano tuner, Zenith telephone 606.

HERBAQUEEN'S SPECIFIC.

REMEDIES FOR ANY BLOOD POISONing trouble. 319 First avenue east.

GASOLINE AND STOVES.

BUY YOUR GASOLINE AND STOVES at 211 E. Sup. St. and have your stoves kept in order free of charge. 'Phone 580.

Carpets and Window Shades.

CARPETS AND SHADES AT CUT prices. O. H. Stenberg, 10 E. Sup. St.

CARPET CLEANING.

GOOD CURE FOR SMALLPOX—HAVE your carpets cleaned and feathers renovated. Also have your old carpets made into rugs. First-class upholstering done. Superior Rug company, C. F. Forsell, manager. 'Phone 949. 217 East Superior street.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1003 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL.

IMPORT of 1900, 75c a bottle; $1 express prepaid. C. J. Tufte, Druggist, Duluth.

MEDICAL.

WOMEN FEMALE BEANS great monthly regulator; strongest, best, safest; contain Pyrol, Tansy, Pennyroyal; not sold in stores; regret, most obstinate cases relieved in a few days; $2.00 at S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, druggists, Duluth

MEN NO CURE, NO PAY. If you have small, weak organs, lost power or weakening drains, our Vacuum Organ Developer will restore you without drugs or electricity; 75,000 in use; not one failure; not one returned; no C. O. D. fraud; write for free particulars, sent sealed in plain envelope. LOCAL APPLIANCE CO., 115 Thorpe Blk., Indianapolis, Ind.

STEAMBOATS TIME TABLE.

WHITE LINE TRANSPORTATION CO.
Isle Royale and Apostle Islands Routes
Steamer Mabel Bradshaw
Leaves Singer's dock Mondays and Thursdays at **9 a. m.** for Two Harbors, Grand Marais, Isle Royale, Port Arthur and intermediate points.
Steamer Bon Voyage
Mondays and Thursdays at **5 p. m.** for Bayfield, Ontonagon, Hancock and Houghton.
JOHN FLYNN, Agent, 2 Lyceum Bldg. W. H. SINGER, Mgr. Lake Ave. and Canal

Railroad Time Tables.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv. Duluth Ar	p.m.	3:40
8:15 a.m.	Ar. Proctor Lv	p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m.	Ar. Iron Jctn. Lv	p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar. Wolf Lv	p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar. Virginia Lv	p.m.	12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar. Eveleth Lv	p.m.	12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar. Sparta Lv	p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar. Biwabik Lv	p.m.	12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar. Mtn. Iron Lv	p.m.	12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar. Hibbing Lv	p.m.	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

8 15 pm	Lv. Duluth Ar	12 00 m	
7 15 pm	Ar. Virginia Lv	7:35 am	
7 40 pm	Ar. Eveleth Lv	7:35 am	
7 50 pm	Ar. Ely Lv	7:10 am	

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave	DULUTH.	Arrive
†* 25 pm	ST. PAUL	†‡ 55 pm
11 20 pm	AND MINNEAPOLIS	*6 30 am
*Daily	†Daily Except Sunday.	
*7 55 am	Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana & Coast Points.	*6 43 pm
†‡ 00 pm	Swan River, Hibbing, Int. Points	†‡11 58 am

Sleeper for 11:20 p. m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m.
J. G. MOONEY, Nor. Pass Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**9 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**4 00 pm
*4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 59 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oskosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL.	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RY.

Leave—		Arrive—
*4 00 pm	Ashland and Fast	* 11 15 am
*7 30 pm	Minn. & Dakota Express	* 7 10 am
*11 10 pm	Pacific Express	* 7 00 pm
	"DULUTH SHORT LINE"	
†9 00 am	St. Paul	*6 45 am
* 1 55 pm	and	†2 10 pm
*11 10 pm	Minneapolis.	*7 00 pm

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway.
426 Spalding Hotel Block. Union Depot.

Leave	**Ex. Sat. Sun. *Ex. Sunday.	Arrive
**5 45 pm	BOSTON LIMITED	*9 50 am
*7 15 am	EXPRESS	*8 00 pm

HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

SIXTEEN PAGES.

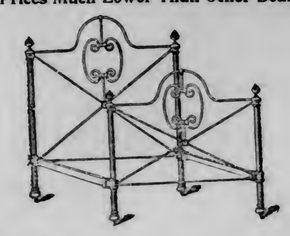
DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

SIXTEEN PAGES.

NINETEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. THURSDAY, MAY 2, 1901. TWO CENTS.

These are the Beds.....

At Prices Much Lower Than Other Dealers.



Full size, white enamel (plain) $1.85

Full size, white enamel (brass knobs) $1.95

Your Credit Is Good

—AT—

FRENCH & BASSETT,

Complete House Furnishers.

MONEY IN SMOKE—

But none in your pocket in case of fire, unless you are insured. At present rates of insurance you cannot afford to take chances. Fires happen even with the best of care. We advise you to attend to this matter of insurance now. If you heed our advice, you may live to thank us for it. Insure with

Graves-Manley Agency

They Furnish the Best.

Torrey Bldg., First Floor. Duluth.

FOR SALE—ONE HUNDRED SHARES OF

Calumet & Arizona

in lots of 5 shares or more at $30 a share

NORTHERN SECURITY COMPANY,

First Floor, Palladio Bldg. Telephone 696. Duluth, Minn.

Would be pleased to write your **FIRE INSURANCE** Represen ting only millionaire companies.

JOHN A. STEPHENSON, First Floor Providence Building.

Peachey & Lounsberry,

Phones: Zenith, 336. Long Dist., 307-3.

15 Second Ave. W. **The Printers.**

von Suessmilch & Costello, Dentists.

HUNTER BLOCK, Duluth, Minnesota.

For a short time only—special prices on plates.

FINE STATIONERY.

Chamberlain & Taylor's Book Store

323 West Superior Street.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk. Telephone 755, N. Call 4. Zenith 'Phone 713. **D. H. DAY, Dentist.**

TAXPAYERS

Can Find Cause For Their High Taxes.

Great Wealth of County Pays a Pittance.

This is the time for paying taxes into the county treasury, and between now and June 1, when the penalty goes on unpaid taxes, there will be a procession of property owners up to the court house to leave with the county treasurer their share of the public expenses. That is, most of them believe that they are paying their share. But if they will take this thought with them when they go to perform this duty, something will drop in the near future.

Every one of those taxpayers who is not paying taxes on a mining property is being deceived, robbed and unjustly taxed.

If every owner of property in the county except owners of mines—and local owners of mines are scarcer than millionaires—remembers this thought, it will be but a very short time before steps are taken to reform the situation and correct an injustice to which The Herald has been calling attention in a series of articles, and to which it again calls attention now in order that nobody may forget it.

That is, that the greatest industry of the county, owning its greatest source of wealth, is paying taxes at a rate that is ridiculously and infamously low, so that all other classes of property are being taxed out of all due proportion to support a non-resident corporation that has no thought except to get all it can out of this section and leave as little as it may. The iron interests are not paying more than one-tenth of the proportion that real estate pays, for instance. They are not paying more than one-tenth of the proportion that a mercantile establishment in the city of Duluth is paying. They are not contributing one-tenth of the proportion that the owners of the grain elevators or any other property are paying.

Yet there is no other industry that can so well afford to pay its due share. There is no other industry that contributes so much to swell the total of public expenses. There is no other industry that is taking away value from the state of Minnesota and the county of St. Louis with every step of its operations. Every other industry of the many that are thriving in this section adds to the wealth and importance of the community in an ever-increasing ratio. Every dollar that is put into other industries adds more than a dollar to the wealth of the city and county. Yet those that are adding wealth are paying more than their share of taxes, while the one that is subtracting wealth is paying far less than its due proportion.

Every reason, every argument, would indicate that such an industry ought to pay more than those that work otherwise. The fact that its workings will steadily result in reducing the taxable property of the state; that every season's mining operations brings nearer the day when there will no longer be mines or ore to tax, would argue that this industry ought to pay taxes accordingly. Instead of that it is paying one-tenth of the proportion that all other classes of property pays.

When the mining railroads were up before a competent tribunal to show cause why they should not cease levying extortionate freight rates, rates that no independent miner could pay and work with a profit in competition with miners who shipped over their own roads and paid the freight back into their own pockets, there was but one reasonable cause shown. That was that the mining industry, on which the roads are founded and from which they must expect their income to flow, is only temporary. They said that in a short time there would be no more ore to haul, and then

(Continued on Page 5.)

CHINA CANNOT PAY IT

The Empire Not Able to Settle Indemnity Proposed Without Assistance---Ministers Object to Von Waldersee's Letter.

Pekin, May 2.—At a meeting of the ministers yesterday the report of the indemnity committee was read. Regarding the resources of China the report was very voluminous. It was practically a repetition of Jameson's well-known pamphlet upon the subject. Sir Robert Hart offered suggestions similar to those already credited to him and cabled to the Associated Press. It is claimed that the revenues from all available sources will not allow China to pay the indemnity unless assistance is rendered.

The next meeting will be held next Tuesday. The subject of Count Von Waldersee's letter will then be taken up and a reply to it will then be drafted. The ministers personally object to the tone of the letter. They claim that they know what they want without being told. They practically object to any of the legation guards being under any authority except that of the ministers themselves.

TO OPPOSE EXPORT TAX

Members of the British Commons Will Make Strong Effort to Kill the Coal Tax Feature of the Budget.

London, May 2.—There was a large attendance in the house of commons today in anticipation of the discussion of the new export tax on coal, but before this stage of the day's proceedings can be reached 142 questions have to be disposed of.

The government has issued an urgent "whip" to the unionist members, who are largely pledged to vote against the tax. The government is standing firm and is taking strong precautions to secure a majority.

There was considerable excitement on the Cardiff coal exchange today. The paucity of free coal indisposes to sell at any price. Some of the firms are suspending their charging operations, pending developments.

Lord Cranborne, the foreign under secretary, replying to Sir Charles Howard Vincent, Conservative, said rumors had reached the government from various sources of the intention of the German government to increase the duties on steel and various other goods. The government was alive to the importance of such information, but in absence of definite knowledge of Germany's intentions, the ministry was unable to make any statement in reply to the member's suggestion of withdrawing free trade from Germany.

The chancellor of the exchequer, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, replying to Mr. Channing (Liberal) said £20,000,000 of the new loan had been allotted as follows: To the Rothschilds, £11,000,000; J. S. Morgan & Co., £10,000,000, and the bank of England, £9,000,000.

AT BATANGAS

Insurrectionists Fire In the Town Without Any Damage.

Batangas, Isle of Luzon, May 2.—A score of insurrectionists fired in the town last night. No casualties were reported. The few outlaws remaining in the province have been nearly pacified. The commission has established a government at Sorsegon, at the southern end of the island of Luzon, and has appointed Capt. J. G. Livingston, of New York, governor, and Capt. E. W. Terry of the Forty-seventh regiment, treasurer. The conditions at Sorsegon are regarded as remarkable.

The commission touched at Marinduque yesterday and fulfilled the pledge made that if the insurgents surrendered municipalities would be organized and a separate provisional government established at Marinduque. Capt. Brandholt was a candidate for governor, but a native was appointed.

The commission will go to Nadia tomorrow, after an eight weeks' successful tour.

PENSION GRANTED.

Washington, May 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—An original pension of $6 per month has been granted to James C. Flynn, of Duluth.

DEAL MADE.

Havana Cigar Output In the Hands of Big Combine.

New York, May 2.—It is announced, says a special to the Times from Tampa, Fla., that the negotiations which have been pending for three months between the American Cigar company, a branch of the American Tobacco company, and the Havana-American Cigar company, owning the largest clear Havana factories in the United States, have been completed in Tampa. All the factories of the latter company will pass into the possession of the tobacco combine.

The Havana-American company is a recent consolidation; it owns clear Havana cigar factories at Havana, Key West, Chicago, New Orleans, New York and Binghamton, N. Y. It is capitalized at $10,000,000. The parties to the deal refuse to state the purchase figure. The result of the acquisition will be to give to the combination the control of a large share of the Havana cigar output.

MIDDLESEX ACCEPTS.

London, May 2.—The Middlesex Gun club has cabled an acceptance of the challenge of the American team for June 11.

COLORED STUDENTS

Visited By the President and Party at New Orleans.

Addresses Were Made By Several Bright Pupils of University.

Five Thousand Negroes Attended a Reception to President.

New Orleans, May 2.—President McKinley, accompanied by Governor Heard and Mayor Capdeville and escorted by a mounted detachment of police and the Louisiana cavalry troop, left the St. Charles hotel at 9:20 after breakfasting in his apartments with Mrs. McKinley, and proceeded to the Southern university, a colored institution. He was enthusiastically received by the faculty and students.

The weather is clear and warm.

As the president entered the grounds of the university he was welcomed with "Hail to the Chief," sung by a chorus of 1000 school children and accompanied by the students' orchestra. Brief addresses were made by George Alexis and Ernestine M. Theophile, bright pupils of the school, and the president made a felicitious response, in which he said to the negro children:

"I am glad to know that all over the South, where most of you dwell, the states have provided institutions of learning, where every boy and every girl can prepare themselves for usefulness and honor under the government in which he lives. The thing today is to be practical. What you want is to get education, and with it you want good character, and with these you want unfaltering industry, and if you have these three things you will have success anywhere and everywhere. God bless you."

Five thousand negroes attended the reception, among them the leading local members of the race. From the Southern university the president was driven to the historic Cabildo facing Jackson square, where a multitude of people had gathered. It was within the Cabildo, in the row now occupied by the state supreme court, that the transfer was made of the Louisiana territory by France to Governor Claiborne, the American commissioner of President Jefferson. The president was received today by Governor Heard, the state officials and the members of the supreme court promptly at noon, and was escorted to a seat on the right of Chief Justice Nicolls. President Alcee Fortier of the Louisiana Historical association, was recognized by the chief justice and delivered an address on the historical associations of the Cabildo. The president made a brief reply, and an official record was made on the minutes of the visit of Mr. McKinley to the court.

Afterward the president spoke briefly from the balcony to an immense assemblage in the streets. A national salute brought the ceremonies to a close.

ADJOURNED.

Arraignment of Patrick and Others Continued to Friday.

New York, May 2.—Albert T. Patrick, David L. Short and Morris Meyers, who have been indicted on eleven counts for forgery of the will of the late millionaire William M. Rice, were arraigned before Recorder Goff, in the court of general sessions, today. Patrick was also arraigned on the charge of murder in the first degree for causing the death of Rice. Counsel for the defendants made an application for an inspection of the minutes of the grand jury. This was denied. Counsel then said he desired time in which to prepare a demurred to the indictment for murder, and Recorder Goff adjourned the proceedings until tomorrow. No plea was entered.

BOUND HOME.

Dates of Sailing of Manilla Transports With Troops.

Washington, May 2.—Maj. Miller, chief quartermaster at Manilla, has cabled the war department an approximate schedule of the sailing of transports from Manilla with troops to be mustered out of service, as follows:

May 10th—Hancock, with the Thirty-first; Burford, with the Forty-first; Pennsylvania, with the Fortieth.

May 20—Logan and Kilpatrick, with the Thirty-eighth, Forty-third and Forty-fourth; Indiana, with the Forty-second.

May 25—Grant, with the Forty-eighth and Forty-ninth; Ohio, with the Forty-seventh.

If there should be any surplus they will be sent on the Thomas.

AT CONSTANTINOPLE.

Constantinople, May 2.—A case of illness has occurred at Galata (the largest suburb of Constantinople) which is officially pronounced to be bubonic plague. Precautions are being taken to prevent a spread of the plague.

WILLIAM C. MORELAND DEAD.

Pittsburg, May 2.—William C. Moreland, former city attorney of Pittsburg, died today of Bright's disease.

GREAT GREYHOUND DEAD.

San Francisco, May 2.—Emin Pasha, the greatest greyhound ever raised in America, is dead at the Pasha kennels from pneumonia.

ONE FOUND

Positive Proof of a Most Hideous Crime.

St. Paul Father Murdered Four Children.

St. Paul, May 2.—The body of the 9-year-old Rosenfield boy was taken from the river near Fort Snelling today. This is believed to confirm the police suspicion that William Rosenfield drowned his four children and himself one week ago. The crime was most brutal, the father first abducting the children, who were in the custody of their mother at Minneapolis, securing a rig and driving with them to the river.

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HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

SIXTEEN PAGES.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

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NINETEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. THURSDAY, MAY 2, 1901. TWO CENTS.

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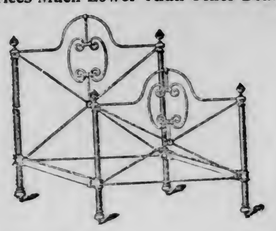
At Prices Much Lower Than Other Dealers.



Full size, white enamel (plain) $1.85

Full size, white enamel (brass knobs) $1.95

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FRENCH & BASSETT,

Complete House Furnishers.

MONEY IN SMOKE—

But none in your pocket in case of fire, unless you are insured. At present rates of insurance you cannot afford to take chances. Fires happen even with the best of care. We advise you to attend to this matter of insurance now. If you heed our advice, you may live to thank us for it. Insure with

Graves-Manley Agency

They Furnish the Best.

Torrey Bldg., First Floor. Duluth.

FOR SALE—ONE HUNDRED SHARES OF

Calumet & Arizona

in lots of 5 shares or more at $30 a share

NORTHERN SECURITY COMPANY,

First Floor, Palladio Bldg. Telephone 696. Duluth, Minn.

Would be pleased to write your **FIRE INSURANCE** Represen ting only millionaire companies.

JOHN A. STEPHENSON, First Floor Providence Building.

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von Suessmilch & Costello,

HUNTER BLOCK, Duluth, Minnesota. Dentists.

For a short time only—special prices on plates.

FINE STATIONERY.

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TAXPAYERS

Can Find Cause For Their High Taxes.

Great Wealth of County Pays a Pittance.

This is the time for paying taxes into the county treasury, and between now and June 1, when the penalty goes on unpaid taxes, there will be a procession of property owners up to the court house to leave with the county treasurer their share of the public expenses. That is, most of them believe that they are paying their share. But if they will take this thought with them when they go to perform this duty, something will drop in the near future.

Every one of those taxpayers who is not paying taxes on a mining property is being deceived, robbed and unjustly taxed.

If every owner of property in the county except owners of mines—and local owners of mines are scarcer than millionaires—remembers this thought, it will be but a very short time before steps are taken to reform the situation and correct an injustice to which The Herald has been calling attention in a series of articles, and to which it again calls attention now in order that nobody may forget it.

That is, that the greatest industry of the county, owning its greatest source of wealth, is paying taxes at a rate that is ridiculously and infamously low, so that all other classes of property are being taxed out of all due proportion to support a non-resident corporation that has no thought except to get all it can out of this section and leave as little as it may. The iron interests are not paying more than one-tenth of the proportion that real estate pays, for instance. They are not paying more than one-tenth of the proportion that a mercantile establishment in the city of Duluth is paying. They are not contributing one-tenth of the proportion that the owners of the grain elevators or any other property are paying.

Yet there is no other industry that can so well afford to pay its due share. There is no other industry that contributes so much to swell the total of public expenses. There is no other industry that is taking away value from the state of Minnesota and the county of St. Louis with every step of its operations. Every other industry of the many that are thriving in this section adds to the wealth and importance of the community in an ever-increasing ratio. Every dollar that is put into other industries adds more than a dollar to the wealth of the city and county. Yet those that are adding wealth are paying more than their share of taxes, while the one that is subtracting wealth is paying far less than its due proportion.

Every reason, every argument, would indicate that such an industry ought to pay more than those that work otherwise. The fact that its workings will steadily result in reducing the taxable property of the state; that every season's mining operations brings nearer the day when there will no longer be mines or ore to tax, would argue that this industry ought to pay taxes accordingly. Instead of that it is paying one-tenth of the proportion that all other classes of property pays.

When the mining railroads were up before a competent tribunal to show cause why they should not cease levying extortionate freight rates, rates that no independent miner could pay and work with a profit in competition with miners who shipped over their own roads and paid the freight back into their own pockets, there was but one reasonable cause shown. That was that the mining industry, on which the roads are founded and from which they must expect their income to flow, is only temporary. They said that in a short time there would be no more ore to haul, and then

(Continued on Page 5.)

CHINA CANNOT PAY IT

The Empire Not Able to Settle Indemnity Proposed Without Assistance---Ministers Object to Von Waldersee's Letter.

Pekin, May 2.—At a meeting of the ministers yesterday the report of the indemnity committee was read. Regarding the resources of China the report was very voluminous. It was practically a repetition of Jameson's well-known pamphlet upon the subject. Sir Robert Hart offered suggestions similar to those already credited to him and cabled to the Associated Press. It is claimed that the revenues from all available sources will not allow China to pay the indemnity unless assistance is rendered.

The next meeting will be held next Tuesday. The subject of Count Von Waldersee's letter will then be taken up and a reply to it will then be drafted. The ministers personally object to the tone of the letter. They claim that they know what they want without being told. They practically object to any of the legation guards being under any authority except that of the ministers themselves.

TO OPPOSE EXPORT TAX

Members of the British Commons Will Make Strong Effort to Kill the Coal Tax Feature of the Budget.

London, May 2.—There was a large attendance in the house of commons today in anticipation of the discussion of the new export tax on coal, but before this stage of the day's proceedings can be reached 142 questions have to be disposed of.

The government has issued an urgent "whip" to the unionist members, who are largely pledged to vote against the tax. The government is standing firm and is taking strong precautions to secure a majority.

There was considerable excitement on the Cardiff coal exchange today. The paucity of free coal inspired to sell at any price. Some of the firms are suspending their charging operations, pending developments.

Lord Cranborne, the foreign under secretary, replying to Sir Charles Howard Vincent, Conservative, said rumors had reached the government from various sources of the intention of the German government to increase the duties on steel and various other goods. The government was alive to the importance of such information, but in absence of definite knowledge of Germany's intentions, the ministry was unable to make any statement in reply to the member's suggestion of withdrawing free trade from Germany.

The chancellor of the exchequer, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, replying to Mr. Channing (Liberal) said £20,000,000 of the new loan had been allotted as follows: To the Rothschilds, £11,000,000; J. S. Morgan & Co., £10,000,000, and the bank of England, £9,000,000.

AT BATANGAS

Insurrectionists Fire In the Town Without Any Damage.

Batangas, Isle of Luzon, May 2.—A score of insurrectionists fired in the town last night. No casualties were reported. The few outlaws remaining in the province have been nearly pacified. The commission has established a government at Sorsegon, at the southern end of the island of Luzon, and has appointed Capt. J. G. Livingston, of New York, governor, and Capt. E. W. Terry of the Forty-seventh regiment, treasurer. The conditions at Sorsegon are regarded as remarkable.

The commission touched at Marinduque yesterday and fulfilled the pledge made that if the insurgents surrendered municipalities would be organized and a separate provisional government established at Marinduque. Capt. Brandholt was a candidate for governor, but a native was appointed.

The commission will go to Nadia tomorrow, after an eight weeks' successful tour.

PENSION GRANTED.

Washington, May 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—An original pension of $6 per month has been granted to James C. Flynn, of Duluth.

DEAL MADE.

Havana Cigar Output In the Hands of Big Combine.

New York, May 2.—It is announced, says a special to the Times from Tampa, Fla., that the negotiations which have been pending for three months between the American Cigar company, a branch of the American Tobacco company, and the Havana-American Cigar company, owning the largest clear Havana factories in the United States, have been completed in Tampa. All the factories of the latter company will pass into the possession of the tobacco combine.

The Havana-American company is a recent consolidation; it owns clear Havana cigar factories at Havana, Key West, Chicago, New Orleans, New York and Binghamton, N. Y. It is capitalized at $10,000,000. The parties to the deal refuse to state the purchase figure. The result of the acquisition will be to give to the combination the control of a large share of the Havana cigar output.

MIDDLESEX ACCEPTS.

London, May 2.—The Middlesex Gun club has cabled an acceptance of the challenge of the American team for June 11.

COLORED STUDENTS

Visited By the President and Party at New Orleans.

Addresses Were Made By Several Bright Pupils of University.

Five Thousand Negroes Attended a Reception to President.

New Orleans, May 2.—President McKinley, accompanied by Governor Heard and Mayor Capdeville and escorted by a mounted detachment of police and the Louisiana cavalry troop, left the St. Charles hotel at 9:20 after breakfasting in his apartments with Mrs. McKinley, and proceeded to the Southern university, a colored institution. He was enthusiastically received by the faculty and students.

The weather is clear and warm.

As the president entered the grounds of the university he was welcomed with "Hail to the Chief," sung by a chorus of 1000 school children and accompanied by the students' orchestra. Brief addresses were made by George Alexis and Ernestine M. Theophile, bright pupils of the school, and the president made a felicitious response, in which he said to the negro children:

"I am glad to know that all over the South, where most of you dwell, the states have provided institutions of learning, where every boy and every girl can prepare themselves for usefulness and honor under the government in which he lives. The thing today is to be practical. What you want is to get education, and with it you want good character, and with these you want unfaltering industry, and if you have these three things you will have success anywhere and everywhere. God bless you."

Five thousand negroes attended the reception, among them the leading local members of the race. From the Southern university the president was driven to the historic Cabildo facing Jackson square, where a multitude of people had gathered. It was within the Cabildo, in the row now occupied by the state supreme court, that the transfer was made of the Louisiana territory by France to Governor Claiborne, the American commissioner of President Jefferson. The president was received today by Governor Heard, the state officials and the members of the supreme court promptly at noon, and was escorted to a seat on the right of Chief Justice Nicolls. President Alcee Fortier of the Louisiana Historical association, was recognized by the chief justice and delivered an address on the historical associations of the Cabildo. The president made a brief reply, and an official record was made on the minutes of the visit of Mr. McKinley to the court.

Afterward the president spoke briefly from the balcony to an immense assemblage in the streets. A national salute brought the ceremonies to a close.

ADJOURNED.

Arraignment of Patrick and Others Continued to Friday.

New York, May 2.—Albert T. Patrick, David L. Short and Morris Meyers, who have been indicted on eleven counts for forgery of the will of the late millionaire William M. Rice, were arraigned before Recorder Goff, in the court of general sessions, today. Patrick was also arraigned on the charge of murder in the first degree for causing the death of Rice. Counsel for the defendants made an application for an inspection of the minutes of the grand jury. This was denied. Counsel then said he desired time in which to prepare a demurred to the indictment for murder, and Recorder Goff adjourned the proceedings until tomorrow. No plea was entered.

BOUND HOME.

Dates of Sailing of Manilla Transports With Troops.

Washington, May 2.—Maj. Miller, chief quartermaster at Manilla, has cabled the war department an approximate schedule of the sailing of transports from Manilla with troops to be mustered out of service, as follows:

May 10th—Hancock, with the Thirty-first; Burford, with the Forty-first; Pennsylvania, with the Fortieth.

May 20—Logan and Kilpatrick, with the Thirty-eighth, Forty-third and Forty-fourth; Indiana, with the Forty-second.

May 25—Grant, with the Forty-eighth and Forty-ninth; Ohio, with the Forty-seventh.

If there should be any surplus they will be sent on the Thomas.

AT CONSTANTINOPLE.

Constantinople, May 2.—A case of illness has occurred at Galata (the largest suburb of Constantinople) which is officially pronounced to be bubonic plague. Precautions are being taken to prevent a spread of the plague.

WILLIAM C. MORELAND DEAD.

Pittsburg, May 2.—William C. Moreland, former city attorney of Pittsburg, died today of Bright's disease.

GREAT GREYHOUND DEAD.

San Francisco, May 2.—Emin Pasha, the greatest greyhound ever raised in America, is dead at the Pasha kennels from pneumonia.

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Positive Proof of a Most Hideous Crime.

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WANT IT REVIVED

Movement Toward Again Having a City Electrician.

Electrical Workers' Union Will Also Take Matter Up.

No Inspection of Wiring at the Present Time.

An energetic movement is under way to revive the office of city electrician abolished in the interest of economy about three years ago. The desire for a re-establishing of the office has been smouldering among the electrical workers for some time past, and recent fires of mysterious source have fanned it into a flame. There are many people who firmly believe that the burning of the establishments of the Zenith Paper company, Imperial Spice company and the Minnesota Bedding company this week, was caused by improper wiring.

Men back of the movement which has just started, say that it is just as necessary to have an inspector of electrical wiring as it is to have a building inspector or an inspector of weights and measures. None but experienced electricians are desired, but it is said that a good electrical inspector could be secured for about $75 a month.

At present the police department is without an electrician though it has a great deal of electrical work in connection with the potrol service. The department now has to engage an outside electrician for this work and the expense, it is said, would practically pay the salary of a regular electrical inspector.

A man closely identified with the movement said this morning: "I think the council in making provision for an electrical inspector would only be following oont the terms of the new city charter. The charter, you know, provides for an inspector of that kind. For the past three years Duluth has been without an inspector and the matter of wiring buildings has been left without any supervision."

The Electrical Workers' union will hold a meeting this evening in Kalamazoo hall for the purpose of talking over the inspectorship and to decide on some method to have the council make provision for one.

If You Have Rheumatism

Send for money, full size Lake Shore, Kenosha, Wis., Box 94, for six bottles of Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Cure, express paid. If cured pay $5.00. If not it is free

REPORTS OF BIRTHS.

End of the Month Brings Them In.

During the past month eighty births were reported at the health office and only fifty-five deaths.

The following births were reported this morning: Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Flink, 1114 Arthur avenue, a boy; Mr. and Mrs. Warren Hicks, Duluth Heights, a boy; Mr. and Mrs. Henry Cassmir, 17 Mesaba avenue, a boy; Mr. and Mrs. Arthur H. Peek, 112 First avenue west, a girl; Mr. and Mrs. Simon Cassmir, 604 West First street, a boy; Mr. and Mrs. John Mowatt, 215 West Ninth street, a girl; Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Anderson, 813 Garfield avenue, a boy; Mr. and Mrs. Julius Nilson, 1321 West Fourth street, a boy; Mr. and Mrs. Frank S. Ebert, 7 East Fourth street, a boy; Mr. and Mrs. John Hendrickson, 2717 West Michigan street, a girl, Mr. and Mrs. Chris Johnson, 1911 West Fourth street, a girl; Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Lauteoman, at Woman's hospital, a boy; Mr. and Mrs. John Wood, 529 Lake avenue, a boy; Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Loydgren, 21414 West Seventh street, a boy; Mr. and Mrs. John A. Ledingham, 725 East Fifth street, a girl; Mr. and Mrs. Edward Buchard, 1006 West First street, a boy; Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Cox, 509 Second avenue east, a boy; Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Tuben, 1012½ East Third street, a girl; Mr. and Mrs. Murdo MacKenzie, 1117 East Sixth street, a girl; Mr. and Mrs. Bartholme Lukaszweski, 129 West Ninth street, a boy; Mr. and Mrs. William Higgins, 13½ West Fifth street, a boy; Mr. and Mrs. John Transdal, 2206 West Fourth street, a boy; Mr. and Mrs. Allen McDonald, 225 Mesaba avenue, a boy; Mr. and Mrs. George Le Grange, 2216 West Michigan street, a boy.

Boyce's White Pine Expectorant the best known cure for Coughs and Colds. Sold in Duluth only at—

Boyce's Drug Store.

With every purchase made at this drug store a chance is given you to visit the Pan-American Exposition without expense to you.

WORKS OF FICTION.

Some Recently Added to Public Library.

The following works of fiction have been added to the Duluth public library:

Ade, George, "More Fables."
Barr, Mrs. A. E., "Souls of Passage."
Bates, Morgan, "Martin Brook."
Benson, B. K., "Who Goes There?"
Bourget, Paul, "The Disciple."
Brady, Cyrus T., "When Blades Are Out, and Love's Afield."
Broughton, Rhoda, "Foes in Law."
Brown, Alice, "King's End."
Butterworth, H., "Bordentown Story-Tellers," "Jack's Carrier Pigeons."
Cheney, Elizabeth, "King's Gold."
Clark, Imogen, "God's Puppets."
Crockett, Samuel R., "Silver Skull, a Romance."
Douglas, Amanda, "Question of Silence."
Drinkwater, Jennie M., "My Lady."
Drummond, Hamilton, "King's Pawn."
Dunbar, Paul Laurence, "The Fanatics."
Emory, Frederick, "Maryland Manor."
Ford, Paul L., "Wanted, a Matchmaker."
Gale, Norman, "June Romance."
Garland, Hamlin, "Her Mountain Lover."
Glyn, Elinor, "Visits of Elizabeth."
Goldsmith, Milton, "Rabbi and Priest."
Hazleton, George C., "Mistress Nell."
Hector, Annie French, "Missing Hero."
Horton, George, "Like Another Helen."
Hugo, Victor, "Jean Valjean," edited by Sarah Wilste, for children.
James, Henry, "What Massie Knew."
Jerome, J. K., "Observations of Henry."
Lee, Jenette B. P., "Pillar of Salt."
Lothrop, H. M., "Stories Polly Pepper Told."
McIlwraith, Jean, "Curious Career of Roderick Campbell."
MacManus, Seumas, "Donegal Fairy Stories."
Melville, J. W., "Bones and I," "Good-For-Nothing," "Interpreter."
Miller, Sara, "Under the Eagle's Wing."
Moore, Frank F., "Conscience of Coralie," "According to Plato."
Norris, Frank, "Epic of Wheat, the Octopus."
Palmer, Frederick, "Ways of the Service."
Parker, Gilbert, "Adventurer of the North."
Payne, James, "Foster Brothers."
Pemberton, Max, "Pro Patria."
Pendleton, Louis, "Lost Prince Almon."
Pidgin, Charles F., "Quincy Adams Sawyer."
Rand, Edward A., "Fifer Boy of the Boston Siege."
Rawson, Mrs. Stepney, "Lady of the Regency."
Raymond, Evelyn, "Story of Delight."
Robertson, Harrison, "The Inlander."
Rosegger, Petri, "Forest Schoolmaster."
Rouse, A. L., "Helen Beaton, College Woman."
Sadlier, Anna T., "Pauline Archer," "True Story of Master Gerard."
Spalding, Henry S., "Cave by the Beech Fork."
Stevenson, Burton E., "Soldier of Virginia, a Tale of Washington."
Stimpson, Herbert Baird, "Tory Maid, a Tale of the Revolution."
Terhune & Payson, "Dr. Dale."
Thompson, Maurice, "Milly: at Love's Extremes," "Sweetheart Manette."
Vachell, Horace A., "John Charity."
Wharton, Edith, "Crucial Instances."

MAY MUSICAL

FESTIVAL.

Singers desiring to take part in the Festival Chorus (mixed and male) should send their names and address at once to Mr. A F M Custance, who will appoint a time and place for rehearsal.

BUILDING PERMITS.

Three Large Ones Are Taken Out.

There was another flurry in building operations on the record books of the building inspector this morning. Business began with a rush and within an hour $61,500 worth of building had been authorized against $61,191 for the entire month of April. The permits were for buildings already announced in The Herald. The new McKay hotel, which is being built on West First street, opposite the government building, at a cost of $30,000, was the first permit taken out. Then came the A. D. Chase building, west of French & Bassett's, on West First street, the cost being $16,500. The third and last permit was for the Eklund row of flats, at the corner of Fifteenth avenue east and Second street, the cost being $15,000.

HIGH SCHOOL PLAYS.

The Casts For the Two Bangs Farces.

From all indications the two plays which are to be presented by the senior class at the High School Friday evening, will provide one of the most enjoyable entertainments that has ever been given in that building, and a large audience is expected. The cast of "The Bicyclers" is as follows:

Robert Yardsley, an expert.....
.....Hans Haroldson
Jack Barlow, another.....Albert Olson
Thaddeus Perkins, a beginner.....
.....Joseph Pierce
Edward Bradley, a scoffer..Rene Hugo
Mrs. Thadleus Perkins, a resistant..
.....Edith Cook
Mrs. Edward Bradley, an enthusiast..
.....Eleanor Pineo
Jennie, the maid.....Mildred Cleland

The scene of "The Bicyclers" is laid in the fashionable quarter of New York and deals with the afflictions of two men who are learning the art of bicycling under difficulties, and whose wives share in the natural heart-breaking results. This play is one of the best farces that John Kendrick Bangs ever wrote, and will be admirably staged. During the intermission which will occur between the two plays Miss Rena Smith will sing, and a short musical program will be rendered.

The second farce, "A Proposal Under Difficulties," is by the same author and is fully as good, if not better. The story tells of the troubles of a timid young man who rehearses his prospective proposal before a housemaid whose presence is unknown to himself, and his difficulties with the housemaid's "young man," who regards the proposal as a stern reality., is as follows:

Robert Van Dyke, a suitor for the hand of Miss Dorothy Andrews.Rene Hugo
Jack Barrows, another....Joseph Pierce
Dorothy Andrews, a much-loved young woman .....Mary Bartlett
Jennie, at the bottom of the trouble..
.....Lulu Magoffin
Hicks, a violent coachman....Will Rose

The participants have been seen on the High School stage before, and it is said that they will present a performance that is decidedly unamateurish as they have had the benefit of Professor Custance's experience and have been working on this production for several months. The proceeds of the entertainment that are not used for the "Zenith" will go toward beautifying the school and raising the debt of the Athletic association.

After washing hands, before quite dry, apply Satin-Skin Cream. Note how quickly absorbed, how satiny it renders them. 25c. Leading stores.

NEWS OF THE LAKES

Steamer Oscoda and Consort Are First Arrivals Here This Year.

The St. Clair River Ice Jam Is Worse Than Ever.

Extends From Port Huron Entire Length of the River.

The steamer Oscoda and consort, of the Edward Hines Lumber company's fleet, arrived in the Duluth harbor from Chicago at 10 o'clock this morning and proceeded to the docks of the West Superior Lumber company to load with Hines lumber, consigned to Detroit parties. The Oscoda and consort will take out about 2,000,000 feet of lumber. The Oscoda is the first steamer to pass through the Sault bound for Duluth, and is the first boat to open the lumber shipping season. Said a prominent vessel man this noon:

"The arrival of the Oscoda opens the season in the lumber shipping business, which bids fair to be a good one. Owing to the delay caused by the engineers' strike and the big ice blockade in the St. Clair river, the lumber boats will lose at least one trip this season, which means a large quantity of lumber, as the fleet carries in the neighborhood of 200,000,000 feet per trip. This alone, and in connection with the present outlook, should warrant a prosperous season for this class of vessels. It will require a steady movement of the fleet to deliver the amount of lumber necessary to fill the orders already consummated, so that the vessel men do not look for the ordinarily slow movement that occurs during the months of July and August.

"The prospects are that the lumber rates will be $2.25 per thousand from the head of the lake to Lake Erie ports, which is about in keeping with the 80-cent ore rate. Several lumber tows are taking coal for 40 cents to Lake Michigan ports, and ore from Escanaba to Lake Erie at 60 cents, in preference to lumber at $2.25. Several other of the tows of barges that were last season employed in the lumber trade on Lake Superior have been engaged to run in the Georgian Bay lumber and pulpwood trade, thereby reducing the number of lumber boats available for the Lake Superior trade. Consequently, the vessel men expect that the regular boats that trade here will be kept busy."

ST. CLAIR ICE JAM.

Detroit, May 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—The St. Clair river ice jam is reported here today as worse than it has been since it began. The ice extends clear from Port Huron through out the length of the river and ice can be seen far into Lake Huron. The wrecker tug Favorite and the steamer Hutchinson, which started the ice fields for the liberation of the boats yesterday, are reported to be themselves fast abreast of Algonac.

Good results are expected from the brisk southwest winds today, which will soon rid the river of the inflow of ice from Lake Huron by driving the ice fields up the lake.

NOT SETTLED.

'Longshoremen's Wages on Lower Lakes Not Determined.

President F. W. Gilchrist of the Lumber Carriers' association called a meeting of the officers of the association in the East this week to settle on the matter of wages for the lumber shovers at the Lake Huron and Erie ports, but after an eight-hour session, no satisfactory conclusion could be determined on, and it was decided to leave it to the local committees to fix a scale according to the different conditions and classes of men that the carriers would have to deal with at the lower ports. The scale for Lake Superior and Lake Michigan ports was fixed early in the spring. There was a meeting at Ashland on Feb. 26 of the officers of the Lumber Carriers' association and representatives from every 'longshoremen's union along the lake, and an amicable agreement was reached between the representatives of the different interests. The scale was put at 50 cents per hour, a gure that has since beenratified by the different unions, although 10 cents under the pay that they received last season. It is understood that the lumber carriers held out as an inducement for the cut that this season lumber boats would be placed more regularly, and the men would be kept at work more steadily, thus making up in longer hours what they would lose in cutting the scale a little.

EXPECTED.

Some Boats From Lower Lakes Are Due Today.

The steamer Root returned this morning from her first north shore trip of the season with a load of ties. Many who saw her come about 7:30 o'clock this morning fancied that she was one of the lumber hookers from down the lakes that are due today, and were surprised that she was not greeted by a burst of whistles.

It was expected that there would be some arrivals during the day, a number of boats having passed up in time to be be due today.

The steamer Jay Gould, of the Lake Superior and Lake Michigan line, arrived at Marquette Tuesday on her way to Duluth, and reported no difficulty with the ice until between Sauble and Laughing Whitefish Point, where there were large fields through which progress was slow. The captain predicted that the ice would be gone within a few days, however. The Osceola will leave Chicago tonight for Duluth, and the City of Traverse will leave Monday night. The Peerless left Chicago Monday night.

Every Woman

is interested and should know about the wonderful

MARVEL Whirling Spray,

The new Vaginal Syringe. Injection and Nucron. Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It Cleanses Instantly.

Patented

Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions in plain sealed envelope. MARVEL CO., Room 210 Times Bdg., New York.

STEEL FLEET.

Capt. Wolvin Is Arranging For Coming of Headquarters.

Capt. A. B. Wolvin, who returned home yesterday from a long stay in the East, has been very busy making arrangements for the coming to this city of the headquarters of the fleet of ships owned by the United States Steel combine. The offices will be in the Board of Trade building and will occupy the largest office room in the building as well as a number of others.

Capt. Wolvin remarked this morning that it was a great thing for Duluth to be the headquarters of the fleet and the mining interests of the steel company, apart from the actual increase in population and business which will be experienced. The prestige which the city will receive is far more than the majority of people realize. Cleveland was very anxious to be the headquarters and fully realized the value of being selected as the point from which these large interests should be managed.

The vessels will be managed under the name of the Pittsburg Steamship company, which is the name of the company which operated the Carnegie boats. The boats are expected to move about 13,000,000 tons of ore this summer.

Capt. Wolvin has nothing to say of the engineers' strike as it affects the steel company's interest.

A. L. Harvey and G. L. Douglas, Jr., came up from Buffalo with Capt. Wolvin and will be with the Pittsburg company here. Mr. Wolvin could not say just what the office force will be, but expects that Duluth will receive a number of new residents through the location of the headquarters here.

Mr. Wolvin, before leaving Cleveland appointed masters for all the vessels of the big fleet. A number of shifts were made, but most of the masters that had charge of steamers of the different lines last season have been engaged for this season. The names of the boats in the monster fleet and the appointments for the 112 vessels follow:

Steamers—Bartlett, Capt. H. Culp; Bessemer, M. A. Boyce; Black, W. B. McGregor; Briton, James A. Watts; Bunsen, C. E. Moady; Cambria, J. A. Walsh; Colby, P. A. Peterson; Colgate, W. J. Hunt; Cornelia, William Cumming; Cornell, C. L. Montague; Corona, Stephen Murphy; Corsica, A. J. Greenley; Cort, Frank Rice; Crescent City, A. R. Robinson; Eads, D. E. Byrns; Edenborn, George Bell; Ellwood, Harvey Mills; Empire City, R. F. Humble; Ericsson, C. G. Grant; Fairbairn, F. J. Crowley; Fulton, S. C. Allen; Gates, R. J. Lyons; German, Charles Hinslea; Gilbert, R. J. Crowley; Grecian, P. L. Millon; Griffin, J. F. Johns, Hurvard, H. Peterson; Hill, F. P. Houghton; Houghton, H. W. Stone; Hoyt, J. H. Driscull; Joliet, C. H. Banker; Lafayette, F. A. Bailey; LaSalle, G. W. Pierce; Linn, J. W. Morgan; Manola, William Pardee; Mariska, A. J. Talbot; Maruba, H. Gunderson; Matoa, C. H. Emmings; Marina, John Nohrstadt; Masaba, William Ames; Maritana, W. E. Chilson; Mariposa, M. K. Chamberlain; Maricopa, H. Zealand; Mataafa, F. S. Rott; Mauna Loa, A. F. Chambers; Malietoa, P. Hoffman; Mather, John Parke; McDougall, W. H. Kirby; Morse, E. M. Smith; Neilson, W. S. Hoag; Poe, John Lome; Palmer, J. Laframboise; Princeton, F. C. Rae; Queen City C. D. Secord; Ronsselaer, E. T. Rattray; Rockefeller, Nell Campbell; Roman, Richard Jollie; Saxon, E. Detlefs; Siemens, John Ward; Stephenson, A. C. Chapman; Superior City, James Leisk; Thompson, Miles Hillary; Trevor, John Dunn; Van Hise, W. H. Campau; Watt, F. W. Stenton; Wawatam, George L. Phillips; Wilson, M. C. Cameron; Wolvin, Charles Gegenheimer; Zenith City, D. P. Wright.

Barges—Bell, E. L. Sawyer; Bryn Mawr, F. W. Night; Carrington, Oscar Ajsen; Corliss, C. L. Durand; Feltz, A. McArthur; Halley, O. W. Haldridge; Jenney, F. S. Tear; Krupp, A. Nardahl; Malta, W. D. Graham; Marcia, A. W. Burrows; Manola, Charles Van Gorder; Martha, H. Kerr; Magna, C. E. Copeland; Maida, A. G. Tappan; Mara, Robert Brooks; Manila, H. Gegaux; Maderia, J. H. Collins; Marsala, W. A. Reed; Mashmuth, W. H. Dack; Roebling, P. E. Ingraham; Russell, William McDonald; Smeaton, H. A. Byrns; Thomas, M. Langell; Whitcomb, P. Gustafsen; 105, L. Leonard; 107, D. McFadden; 109, E. Manuelson; 110, Frank Brown; 111, Robert Thompson; 116, A. G. McLeod; 117, George Hensley; 118, Arthur A. Boyce; 126, C. Mulholland; 127, A. Silzander; 129, Donald Graham; 130, Ed Morey; 131, J. G. Sprawell; 132, Willard Damon; 133, C. H. Noble; 134, Samuel Durbey; 137, James Burr; 201, H. Harris, Jr.; 202, D. G. Barron.

ARGO COMING SOON.

New Booth Steamer Due on May 10.

The fine new steamer Argo, that was built this past winter at the Craig Shipbuilding company's yards in Toledo, for the Booth Packing company's Lake Superior business, is expected to arrive at Duluth May 10, and it is possible that the new boat will begin its summer run on the following Sunday, though this will be decided on later. The Argo is a passenger and package freight boat and built especially for the requirements of the company's business on Lake Superior. It will leave Duluth on Sundays and Wednesdays for Port Arthur and Isle Royale.

Telephones on Tugs.

The tug trust has started a queer office at Huron harbor. One tug will be on duty there at nights, and she will have a telephone on board of her. The line will be attached to the dock and when the tug is tied up connection will be made. When the tug goes out to make a tow the telephone will be cast off with the shore hawser. The same arrangement has been made at the Soo, at Fairport and at Erie.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, May 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up, Oregon, Foster, midnight. Down: Rosedale, 5 a. m.

RIVER FULL OF ICE.

Port Huron, May 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—The river is full of ice in small pieces. The pack in the lake extends beyond vision. There are some spaces of open water.

DRY DOCK SOLD.

Chicago, May 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—The deed of the Miller brothers' drydock to the new Ship Owners' Drydock company went on record today. Extensive plans for the improvement and modernizing of the plant are under consideration, but most important of all will be its equipment for repairs to steel vessels.

GILCHRIST SETTLES.

Cleveland, May 2.—J. C. Gilchrist, credited with being the largest individual vessel owner on the lakes, today reached a settlement with the striking marine engineers. The fleet under Mr. Gilchrist's control consists of forty-six steamers, besides a number of barges. It is understood that he granted the full wage scale presented by the engineers. Work will be resumed immediately on all the vessels of the big fleet.

TO ENTER OTHER PORTS.

Tug Trust Sending Tug From Here.

The Great Lakes Towing company has decided to place the tug Crosby, that has been at this port, at Ashland, thereby giving that port a service in keeping with the other ports on the lakes. This field has not before been occupied by the company. Marquette will also be entered soon and the famous tug Schenck, the largest and most powerful in the Duluth harbor, will be taken to that place. The Schenck was sold from Toledo to the Maythams for $35,000. The Cchenck has been repaired and fitted out this spring at the Superior Shipbuilding company's drydock. The tug Peerless, that was sold to the Maythams from Sandusky, is to be sent back there by the trust, since the Maythams quit the business.

WANT LAKE BUILT SHIPS.

Chicago, May 2.—W. L. Brown, president of the American Shipbuilding company, has returned to his office after an extended trip to England, France and Italy. He predicts that freight rates on the ocean would be maintained, owing to the scarcity of tonnage. The supply turned out from the shipyards, while large, was not equal to the demands for it. He returned with full confidence that with ocean tonnage in good demand the lake shipyards would do considerable business in supplying a class of ships now in much demand in special lines of traffic on salt water.

BOAT FOR "CAT" LINE.

Chicago, May 2.—The new steamer William Brown has been chartered for the season to the Canada-Atlantic line by Capt. C. W. Elphicke. She will have a capacity of 260,000 bushels of corn at a trip, and if run continuously between Chicago and Depot Harbor, the lake end of the Canada-Atlantic line, would carry over 4,500,000 bushels. The Brown is not adapted for package freight and if the grain trade slackens up she may make a few trips carrying iron ore.

THROUGH THE ICE JAM.

Detroit, May 2.—Fourteen ships of the big fleet which has been held by the ice blockade in St. Clair river and Lake Huron for over two weeks found their way through the masses of ice today, and arrived down here at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

The following boats arrived down: Thomas Cranage, Thomas Maretham, Selwyn Eddy, Arundel, St. Paul, City of London, Douglas, Pilgrim, Ravenscraig, Niagara, George Hadley, Pentwater, Black Rock and Fitzgerald. There was a great rush for the coal docks when the boats reached here. The fuel bunkers in nearly all of them had been almost emptied in fighting the ice floes.

ICE DOES DAMAGE.

Marine City, Mich., May 2.—The steamers John Plankinton, James Pickands and barge Uranus, which were lying at the Stave company's dock, were carried away by the ice yesterday. The dock, 500 feet long, was totally destroyed. The piles were pulled together and chains and heavy lines were broken as if they were but cord. The Pickands and Plankinton drifted down the river and went high up on the bank and are now lying in a rather precarious position. The steamer M. Sicken was also carried away from her dock and brought up against the barge Mawott, smashing her bulwarks and doing other damage. It will take $200 to repair the stave company's dock. The St. Clair river is again blocked with ice.

DEPTH AT GRAND MARAIS.

Grand Marais, Mich., May 2.—Soundings taken by the life savers show a depth of 14 feet of water in the shoalest place in the entrance of Grand Marais harbor. This spot is midway between the outer and inner lights. The rest of the entrance shows a depth of 15 feet or more. Loaded vessels coming in should keen a little to the eastward of the light house range until opposite the outer end of the west pier, and then should steer straight through the center of the channel.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Hamburg—Arrived: Phoenicia, New York.

Southampton—Arrived: Lahn, New York for Bremen.

Liverpool—Arrived: Rhineland, Philadelphia.

A Few Reasons Why Investments In Zenith Oil Stock Will Pay:

First—We own outright 1325 acres of oil lands in one of the richest oil producing districts in California, will drill and operate our own wells, and have no royalties to pay.

Second—Our properties are surrounded with heavily producing wells.

Third—We have not a dollar of indebtedness.

Fourth—We have no salaried officers.

Fifth—Every dollar raised from the sale of stock is applied to actual working expenses.

Sixth—The same men who have developed and managed some of the best producing wells about Coalinga will superintend the development of the lands of the Zenith Oil Company.

Seventh—No other oil proposition now offered contains so many elements of certainty and such promising indications of large profits in a short period of time.

Eighth—All our stock is full paid and absolutely non-assessable.

Ninth—Stock bought in this company at its present low price (for developing purposes), 12½c per share, is certain to pay handsome profits.

Tenth—Men at the helm whose character and business ability will stand the closest investigation, whose conservative management and experience in the oil business will promote the best interests of every stockholder and assure them more than prophesies for their money.

A Limited Number of Shares Now Being Offered at..... 12½c Per Share

COME AND INVESTIGATE OUR PROPERTIES—The best way in the world to treat an oil proposition is first to find out what it is and who its promoters are—this much assured in integrity, and with fair prospects of striking oil, the slightest, if any, financial risk is assumed.

—Stock May Be Purchased Of—

A. R. Macfarlane & Co.,
Investment Bankers,
112 Exchange Bank Building.

Offices of the Company,
601 Palladio Building,
Duluth, Minn.

ZENITH OIL COMPANY.

HOLD MONEY.

Important Order Issued By Court In Colorado Railroad Deal.

New York, May 2.—Judge Addison Brown, in the United States circuit court, signed an order today in the matter of the restraining order granted by him in the action brought by Nathaniel Raphael, of New Jersey, against Spencer Trask & Co., to restrain the consolidation scheme of the Rio Grande read, of Colorado. The order handed down today vacates the temporary restraining order as to the sale of stocks, growing out of the consolidation, but directs that the defendants shall set aside and are enjoined from paying out or parting with any moneys for indemnity to themselves or special trust which may rise in their hands.

Mr. Raphael owns second mortgage bonds to the amount of $1,500,000 of the Wasacht & Jordan Valley railroad, in Utah, a branch of the Rio Grande Western. The latter road has been operating for a number of years at an alleged annual profit of $60,000, saving secured the control through the foreclosure of first mortgage bonds held by it. The complainant contends that there is a surplus of $200,000 which should be applied to the retirement of his second mortgage bonds. The defendants are ordered by the court to set aside any such surplus for the protection of the second mortgage bondholder.

PLANT IS IDLE.

Smelting Works at East Helena Are Closed.

St. Paul, May 2.—A Helena, Mont., special to the Dispatch says: Late last night a committee representing the striking smelter men at the East Helena plant of the American Smelting and Refining company notified Manager Whitely that the men had refused to accept his offer to return to work at a 10 per cent reduction from the old scale on condition that they would sign an agreement not to join any labor organization while working for the smelter. Manager Whitely then informed the committee that he could make no other proposition, and that the works would be closed down. This was done and the immense plant is idle. There is a difference of only 4 cents a day between the company and the men, and a further effort will be made to adjust matters. Altogether 800 men are thrown out of employment.

BARGES SUNK.

Thirteen In Collision With Bridge Pier.

Evansville, Ind., May 2.—The tow boat Raymond Horner sunk thirteen barges of Pittsburg coal in collision with a pier of the Henderson, Ky., bridge today. The loss in coal and barges will reach $45,000. The coal was destined for the Southern market.

San Francisco & Return.

May 7 and 8 the Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets to San Francisco and return for $67.90, good returning thirty days from date of sale, on account launching of battleship Ohio.

For full information and tickets call at city ticket office, 332 West Superior street, or at Union depot.

Fond du Lac---Oshkosh.

Reclining chair cars, seats free, Duluth to Fond du Lac, Oshkosh and intermediate points via Merrillan, Marshfield and Wausau on fast mail trains over the North-Western Line. Daily service. Tickets at city ticket office, 405 West Superior street.

McALL ASSOCIATION.

Officers Elected at Annual Meeting of Body.

Washington, May 2.—The American McAll association today re-elected all of its officers. Mrs. Charles W. Parkhurst, of New York, is president. Mrs. James A. Garfield, widow of the late president, is one of the vice presidents. Rev. D. B. Rissiter, the secretary, reviewed the work of the year, which he said showed a gratifying growth. He announced that new auxiliaries had been formed in Detroit, Chicago, St. Louis, Saginaw and Minneapolis. There was a symposium of views by women delegates on what constituted a model auxiliary.

MACHINISTS STRIKE.

Two Hundred More Quit Work at Buffalo.

Buffalo, May 2.—The local machinists' strike is today in full swing. Two hundred more men quit work and the number now out is close onto a thousand.

Among the shops that have reached an agreement with the strikers are the Union Dry Dock, the Metallic Packing company, the Frontier Engine works, the Buffalo Engine works and Charles Whitemon & Co.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best known remedy for DIARRHŒA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

You can rent houses, stores, offices or rooms by means of a Herald want ad.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.
In the Matter of the Estate of James T. Norton, Deceased:
On reading and filing the petition of Byron H. Williams, executor of the estate of James T. Norton, deceased, representing among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard by this court, on Monday, the 27th day of May, A. D. 1901, at 2 o'clock p. m., at the probate office, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 2nd day of May, A. D. 1901.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, May-2-9-16.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS.—
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.
In Probate Court, Special Term, May 2nd, 1901.
In the Matter of the Estate of Aaron Johnson, Deceased:
On reading and filing the petition of Albert Holmberg, administrator of the estate of Aaron Johnson, deceased, representing among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard by this court, on the 20th day of May, A. D. 1901, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office in Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 2nd day of May, A. D. 1901.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, May-2-9-16-1901.

SPRING A NEW GAME

Three Duluthians Have Fun With a Superior Waiter.

Leave Him Without Settling For An Expensive Supper.

Today a Superior Detective Searches Duluth For Them.

A mysterious detective was over from West Superior today looking for three Duluthians who gave a white-aproned myrmidon of that city a course in "hazing" last night.

The three went to a private dining room of a restaurant, after calling on some Superior girls, and ordered almost everything on the menu, besides champagne and cigars.

It is related feelingly by the detective, that the Duluthians became very witty and their humor greatly amused the waiter. When the bill was presented each of the three clamored to pay for the whole.

"It's my turn," said the first.

"No, mine."

"Pardon me, but you are dining with me," said the third.

This amicable revelry was being pushed to the extreme when one of the merry persons said:

"Boys, I've an idea."

"Lock the doors," yelled the others.

"My idea is this. Let's blindfold the waiter. He will try to catch us. The one he captures will foot the bill."

The simple servitor allowed his eyes to be bandaged. All three young men ran about the room, chortling derisively. He strove to catch them, but failed.

Chairs and tables were overturned in the good-natured scramble. Platters and carafes were hurled floorward and silverware rang merrily.

Then, while the waiter still was groping, the Duluthians, one by one, stole down stairs and reached the street. Once on the pave they sprinted for a hack, passing many jocund quips upon the waiter's unworldliness.

When the proprietor of the restaurant heard the noise and went to the private dining room to investigate, the aproned one was taking flying leaps over barricades of furniture and calling tauntingly:

"Come out where I can reach you. Why do you hug the walls? Oh, this is such a jolly game!"

The proprietor secured a fairly good description of the three men and had the detective come over to look them up, but late this afternoon he announced he had searched in vain.

WATCH FOR T. H. LARKE.

Friends Present Him With a Fine One.

Although the promotion of T. H. Larke, from the position of general agent and assistant general passenger agent of the South Shore road, to that of Northwestern general agent of the Dominion Steamship company, took this popular and genial railroad man into a new field and away from the head of the lakes, his many friends here could not let him get away without some little token of their appreciation of his goodfellowship qualities. Consequently, when General Agent Martin Adson, who succeeded Mr. Larke in the South Shore offices here, left for Minneapolis last evening, he carried with him an elegant and valuable gold watch purchased with the contributions of Mr. Larke's friends here, and which will be presented today to the man that has just taken up a line of steamships.

Goes to Little Falls.

E. C. Taylor, who represents a big Wheeling, West Virginia, leather firm, was in the city today on a brief business call. Mr. Taylor is the brother of Frank Taylor, formerly the chief clerk of the Spalding hotel in this city, who has recently been associated with Col. C. J. Montfort in the management of the Windsor hotel, in St. Paul. He says that he has a letter from his brother Frank, which states that the latter has just leased "The Antlers," a fine large hotel at Little Falls, Minn., for a year, and would take possession on May 1. Frank Taylor has a wide acquaintance in this city.

A Kicking Runaway.

This afternoon a horse belonging to C. H. Opped ran down Lake avenue from First street on the high jump, and kept up the bucking broncho stunt until he struck Superior street, when, having kicked himself out of the wagon and tapped the ribs of the driver, he stopped. The driver jumped and had a narrow escape from being kicked to death. He was sufficiently recovered to lead the horse up the hill again, and the spectators who had been holding their breath with the prospect of a funeral before them, breathed easier.

SUTTON & McCABE

5 West Superior Street.

We are giving remarkable bargains at our Closing Out Sale and will quote you just a few of the numerous items that will be of interest to you:

SANTA CLAUS SOAP—per box, regular price $3.50; sale price.... **$2.95**

LENOX SOAP—Per box, regular price $3.40; sale price..... **$2.85**

PERFECT SOAP—Per box, regular price $3.40; sale price..... **$2.80**

FLOUR—Our White House brand—regular price $2.25; sale price.... **$1.95**

CANNED TOMATOES—Our Richelieu brand, the finest goods packed—regular price 15c per can; sale price..... **11c**

CANNED CORN—Richelieu brand—regular price 15c a can; sale price..... **11c**

CANNED CORN—Standard brand—per dozen, 70c; per can..... **6c**

CANNED LYE—Lewis brand, regular price 15c a can; sale price..... **10c**

CANNED APPLES—Gallons, regular price 25c per can; sale price..... **20c**

CANNED FRUITS—Fancy California goods, in syrup, regular price 25c a can; sale price..... **12½c**

PRUNES—Fancy California goods—per lb..... **5c**

EVAPORATED PEACHES—per lb..... **7c**

VINEGAR—Best Cider Vinegar—per gallon..... **18c**

Sale will continue all next week.

SUTTON & McCABE

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 11 East Sup. St.

The best cigar made in Duluth is the Tom Reed. Ask for it.

Lindsay's new greenhouses, Lester Park bridge. Pansies 25 to 40c per dozen.

There will be a special matinee for children and ladies at the Sixth Avenue theater Saturday afternoon at 2:30. "East Lynne" will be presented and the prices will be 10 and 20 cents.

Because they were trying to organize a League of Langour on the Bowery last evening, a policeman blashed athwart the glad young lives of four rollicking Irishmen. In police court this morning they gave their names as Jim Mulligan, Jim Dillon, Jim Kelley and Jim Duffie. All were allowed to go under a suspended sentence.

A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. James P. Smith, of 1905 Dingwall street.

There is on exhibition this week only, at the Decker art store, 16 Second avenue west, a fine collection of paintings, the property of G. F. Kaumeyer, late of New York. One of especial interest is a painting never before published, of Abraham Lincoln. It is a copy of an original painting by an artist from Munich and hangs in the state house at Springfield, Ill.

For a delicious smoke ask for the Tom Reed cigars.

C. J. Stewart, undertaker, 226 West First street, successor to J. W. Stewart.

The department of public works has advertised for bids for the construction of the substructure of the approach to the Garfield avenue viaduct. The advertisement calls for bids on stone and concrete and all bids will be opened on May 13.

The board of public works has ordered the renewal of a number of cottages on public thoroughfares on Minnesota Point.

The police department has received a telegram from Bay City, Mich., requesting the Duluth address of John and Ted Shea. The telegram states that their mother died last evening. Up to noon today the two men had not been located.

Roswell H. Palmer has filed his answer to the suit of August Mausolf, brought to recover damages for the alleged taking of improper liberties with the person of the plaintiff's daughter. The answer enters a general denial of the charges. J. L. Washburn and W. D. Bailey are the attorneys.

W. D. Williams, receiver for the Loper & Rumery Lumber company, has petitioned the district court for his discharge. His final account has been allowed, and the funds remaining in his hands, $4202.22, have been paid out to the creditors; giving them a dividend of 15.7 per cent.

Word has been received in probate court that four patients sent from here to the insane asylum at Fergus Falls, have been discharged, as follows: Peter Bargrease, sent up March 7, 1901; Peter Nelson, sent up Jan. 21, 1901; Theodore Gundmunson, sent up Oct. 31, 1900; John A. Jussila, Sept. 27, 1900.

A marriage license has been issued to W. J. Scott and Annie K. Johnson.

The foreign will of Stella Jewell Tinker, of New York, has been filed in the probate court here.

Annual Senior Class Play..

Friday, May 3, at 8 p. m.

Two amusing comedies by John Kendrick Bangs—"The Bicyclers" and "A Proposal Under Difficulties."

High School Assembly Hall. Admission 25c.

PERSONALS.

Carl Riedelsberger, formerly a well known musician of this city, was here for a short time today on his way to Virginia and Eveleth to fill a concert engagement.

Mrs. Philip Schied and daughter arrived in the city yesterday from Ashtabula, Ohio, to visit Capt. Philip Schied, manager of the Union Towing and Wrecking company. The family will probably move here this summer.

Mr. and Mrs. E. N. Bradley have taken up their residence in the Ashtabula terrace.

Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Nester, who have been residing in Ashtabula terrace, will hereafter make their home in Ashland, Wis.

J. A. Scott has returned from Stillwater, where he was called by the serious illness of his father.

E. A. Whitaker, of St. Paul, city ticket agent there of the Omaha road, and formerly of Duluth, is here today.

B. Horovitz, an Ely merchant, was a business caller in the city today.

C. A. Fogg, the Chicago lumberman, arrived in the city this morning and is a guest of the Spalding.

WARM MONTH.

April Broke No Records But Exceeded the Average.

Though lower than last year, April's mean temperature was still several degrees higher than the normal for the month, according to the weather bureau records. The mean for the month was 41 degrees against 45 degrees last year. The average for the month during thirty years is 38 degrees. The highest temperature was 78 degrees April 27 and the lowest was 24 degrees April 17. The greatest daily range was 24 degrees April 9, and the least was 3 degrees April 30. The excess of mean daily temperature was 3 degrees, making 99 degrees since Jan. 1. The excess has been gaining at the rate of 1 degree a day since the beginning of the year. The prevailing winds were from the northeast.

In precipitation the month was well down in the scale. The total was 1.23 inches, as against an average of 2.21. Last year it was still less, only .39 of an inch. The deficiency for the month was .98 of an inch, and the accumulated deficiency since the beginning of the year is 1.59 inches.

BULLS VS. BEARS.

Board of Trade Prepares For Slaughter.

Two baseball nines have been picked from the experts on the board of trade, and the game will be played Saturday afternoon. One nine is picked from the bulls and the other from the bears, and each one has a good list of substitutes to pick from when the regular players are overcome. The list follows:

Bulls.	Position.	Bears.
L. A. Larson	catcher	W. D. Jones
A. M. Prime	pitcher	Thomas Gibson
J. H. Barnes	first base	F. N. Bradley
A. H. Todd	second base	G. Spencer
F. E. Lindahl	third base	G. Robson
W. S. Moore	shortstop	L. R. Robinson
M. L. Jenks	left field	W. Dalrymple
R. D. Haig	center field	P. Paine
T. J. C. Fagg	right field	C. H. Thornton
A. B. Black	substitute	S. H. Jones
L. A. Arbogast	substitute	
		J. P. Hickman
G. S. Barnes	substitute	A. J. Wenzel
Frank Carey	substitute	
		G. A. Tomlinson

The umpires will be G. G. Barnum and Ward Ames, Sr.

"North Coast Limited"

Resumes service on Northern Pacific next Sunday, May 5, at 8:40 a. m. The Pacific express will also be put on, leaving at 7:30 p. m., after all day trains from East and South have arrived. This means two trains daily between Duluth and Portland, both ways.

DIVORCE DAY

Rather Tame, Only Four Separations Being Granted.

The regular divorce matinee in district court took place this morning, but it was rather a dull affair, only four divorces being granted. Two others were granted yesterday afternoon, and there is one case still to come.

N. C. Bately's divorce from Jennie A. Bately came because he forgot his keys one morning. It was his custom to go to work at 7 o'clock each day. One morning in April last he found after he had left the house that he had forgotten his keys, and he went back to get them. He saw suspicious circumstances, and watched. The result was that he got a divorce this morning on the ground of adultery, E. D. Bates, who roomed with the family, being named as co-respondent.

Marie Schumann got a divorce from Frederick B. Schumann on the ground of cruelty and non-support. They live on a farm seventeen miles from Duluth, and they agreed to a division of the property. The plaintiff was awarded the custody of the children.

Emma Nelson was granted a divorce from August W. Nelson on the ground of desertion, and the case of Mary A. Venning against Charles C. Venning was taken under advisement by Judge Dibell. Yesterday afternoon Matti Anderson got a divorce from Elmina A. Anderson and Constance Desotell got a divorce from George Desotell, both on the ground of desertion. Judge Dibell took the case of George R. Van Anken against Lillian Van Anken, and the case of Addie I. Gerhan against Herbert S. Gerham was stricken from the calendar. The case of Anna Moore against George Moore was continued.

HIS FIRST LECTURE.

Opening of Rev. T. K. Thorvilson's Series.

Rev. T. K. Thorvilson, of Eau Claire, Wis., one of the speakers of the Wisconsin Total Abstinence association, gave an interesting lecture last night at the Norwegian Lutheran church, on First avenue east and Third street. He was introduced by Rev. N. B. Thvedt. The speaker dwelt on the fact that the liquor traffic is causing pauperism and filling our jails and poor houses. He said that none can defend the saloon as a good institution, for it provides temptation and opportunity to become drunkards, leads to crime and misery. A Congregationalist church in Boston wanted to care for the poor one winter that not become poor through drink. An investigation was made, but no one was found poor except through excessive drinking, so the church found nothing to do.

"You hear of drinking in prohibition states," he continued, "I will tell you when the government does not provide for the enforcement of a law it will be a dead letter. In some of our prohibition states the law is fairly well enforced to the benefit of home and community. Even those states where it is less enforced it is proved by facts that the consumption of liquor is much less than in other states. No matter how many abstain from intoxicating drinks as long as we have the saloon the weak will fall."

The speaker closed by reading a poem. Beautiful selections were given by Mr. Thorvilson on the violin. This evening he will speak at the Norwegian Lutheran church, Fiftieth avenue west and Wadena street, West Duluth, and tomorrow night at the First Swedish Baptist church on Nineteenth avenue west and First street.

HAD MANY FRIENDS.

William Wilkinson Need Not Have Suicided.

When William T. Wilkinson killed himself yesterday afternoon he was apparently under the impression that his friends were as scarce as money and work. He was mistaken. Having lived here a great many years he had hundreds of friends who would gladly have helped him out of his temporary hard luck had they known his indigent condition.

No arrangements had been made for the funeral up to a late hour this afternoon but it is probable that the Masons or Modern Samaritans will have charge. He belonged to both orders.

It is reported that one of the reasons Wilkinson sought death was that he and his family had been ordered out of their home by the landlord on account of arrears in rent.

NOT CUTE ENOUGH.

Stylish Young Man Gets Into Trouble.

Tylee N. James, a stylish young man from a prominent Texas family, is in custody at police headquarters for stealing a dress suit case. James did a little house prowling yesterday afternoon and took the dress suit case from B. Stahl's room at No. 20 Sixth avenue west. Stahl reported the loss to the police as soon as he discovered it, and Detective Irvine made a tour of the Bowery second-hand stores, looking for the case. While in one, a young man entered and asked for keys with which to open a dress suit case, saying he had lost his key and was anxious to get some valuable papers which were locked up in the case. The detective shadowed him to his boarding-house at 228 West Second street. Later when the young man left the house again, the detective examined his room, and finding a dress suit case took charge of it. He then went out after the thief and the thief returned to the house. He complained to the landlady that his case had been stolen and when she told him to notify the police, he said:

"Oh, they are too slow!" and started down toward the Bowery.

Detective Irvine met him in the middle of the block and placed him under arrest. This afternoon Mr. Stahl recognized the dress suit case as the one stolen from him yesterday.

THE HITCH

Over the Chinese Duties Caused By the Plan of Rockhill.

Washington, May 2.—It is believed here that the hitch which is said to have arisen at Pekin over the proposition to increase the Chinese customs duties to meet the indemnities demanded by the foreign countries is caused by the broaching by Mr. Rockhill of his plan for the abolition of the likin duties as a condition for his acquiescence in the customs increase. The United States government has in the past admitted a readiness to permit the Chinese to increase the customs rates, providing there was no discrimination between the powers. Minister Wu says that the present 5 per cent rate is totally inadequate to provide a sinking fund for a new loan.

DIVIDEND DECLARED.

New York, May 2.—The directors of the Norfolk & Western railroad have declared a dividend of 1 per cent on the common stock, which is the first payment made.

Gentlemen!
QUALITY
When you buy your next cigar, be sure our "Red Box Trade Mark" is on the box it comes in.
WINECKE AND DOERR'S
RED BOX
TRADE MARK MINNEAPOLIS ST. PAUL
GUARANTEES QUALITY
The above trade mark insures the smoker against poor cigars. All good cigars have it on their labels. Ask your dealer for a cigar guaranteed by our trade mark.
TAKE NO OTHER.

TO PREPARE.

Meeting For Fourth of July Celebration This Evening.

Pyrotechnical enthusiasm is expected at a public meeting of representative citizens to be held in the city hall this evening in the interest of the Fourth of July celebration.

The mayor, yesterday afternoon, sent out letters inviting business men to the meeting this evening, at which time plans for the celebration will be talked over.

At present it is proposed to lay the corner stone of the new Carnegie library on Fourth of July morning, which would give occasion for patriotic addresses and a big parade. In the afternoon it is proposed to hold a regatta under the auspices of the Duluth Boat club. In the evening there will probably be fireworks. At present the celebration is merely outlined, but tonight's meeting may do much in the way of perfecting definite plans.

FOUR BILLS.

Grand Jury Reports Indictments Against Four Men.

The grand jury, which met for the first time and organized yesterday morning, this morning turned out a bunch of four indictments as the result of yesterday afternoon's work. The grand jury was still in session today, and was working on cases of persons confined in jail awaiting its attention.

Thomas Kinney was indicted for grand larceny in the first degree, the charge being that on March 20, in Duluth, he stole $60 from the person of John Ervin in the night time.

Olaf M. Burke was indicted for grand larceny in the second degree. The charge is that on April 1, in Duluth, he stole an overcoat from Robert Cumby in the Klondike saloon, at 203 West Superior street.

The same charge is made by the grand jury against John Maguire, the grand jury alleging that on March 27, in Duluth, he stole some cloth worth $9.75 from Nelson & Swanson.

William Cameron is accused of an attempt to commit grand larceny in the first degree. It is alleged that on March 27 he attempted to take $15 from the person of James Ferry in the night time, but was prevented by force.

LOOKS BAD.

Strong Testimony Against Eastman In Grogan Case.

Cambridge, aMss., May 2.—Mrs. Grogan, the aged and milrm mother of Richard H. Grogan, Jr., for whose alleged murder Charles R. Eastman has been on trial here the last nine days, was a witness for the prosecution today. Mrs. Grogan testified that on June 26, Eastman came to the Grogan house. Her son Richard was present, but he went out soon after Eastman came in. Witness did not notice that Richard and Eastman spoke. As Richard passed out Eastman said:

"His days are short." One or two of the girls asked Eastman what he meant by it and Lizzie, the wife of the dead man, told Eastman he must have been drinking. Lizzie and Mrs. Eastman became quite excited and witness heard Eastman say again: "His days are numbered."

MICHIGAN CENTRAL.

Old Directors Re-Elected at Annual Meeting.

Detroit, May 2.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Michigan Central railroad was held here today. The entire board of directors was re-elected as follows:

William K. and Frederick W. Vanderbilt, Chauncey M. Depew, Erwin D. Worcester, Samuel F. Barger and Hamilton McK. Twombley, of New York; Henry B. Ledyard and Ashley Bond, of Detroit; Frederick S. Winston, of Chicago.

President Ledyard announced that no other business was done at the meeting. The election of officers will be held at the board meeting in New York.

VIOLENT ATTACK

Made On the Coal Export Tax By a Liberal Leader.

Harcourt Says It Will Throw the Trade Into Chaos.

Nonsense to Say the Foreigner Would Pay the Tax.

London, May 2.—The full house and galleries had to wait until near 6 o'clock for the beginning of the debate. Sir William Vernon Harcourt (Liberal) led with a severe, almost violent, arraignment of the government. He said the tax would throw the coal trade into chaos and confusion. It recklessly disregarded existing contracts and was a most unbusinesslike way of dealing with a great trade. It was an extraordinary and vexatious piece of bungling. It was nonsense to say the foreigner would pay the tax because he could not do without coal. The government of Italy had answered that plea by taking coal from America instead of this country. The trade of France was equally divided between this country, Germany and Belgium.

The chancellor of the exchequer, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, interrupted Sir William, saying: "We are beating the others."

"Then go on beating the others," said Sir William Vernon Harcourt; "why throw a shilling into the scale against this country?"

Sir William contended that it was class legislation and that the tax would ultimately come out of the miners' wages.

The chancellor of the exchequer admitted that the tax, like every tax, was an obstruction on trade. The real question was, could the export trade in coal bear the tax? It could. English coal was of so good a quality, there was much of it, and it could not be got in any other country. Thus, to a large extent, it was free from competition.

RAILROADS.

Bright Prospects For Settlement of Illinois Central Difficulty.

Chicago, May 2.—Prospects for a peaceful settlement of the differences between the Illinois Central Railroad company and the machinists in its employ, are exceedingly bright today. Business Agent Broderick practically admitted that there will be no strike, that most of the concessions made by the company had been accepted and that the international officers will confer further with the company regarding other points in dispute.

Springfield, Mass., May 2.—All the union freight handlers employed by the Hartford division of the New Haven & Hartford railroad, and all but two or three of those employed by the Boston & Maine railroad, in this city, went out on strike for higher wages today.

DEMANDS GRANTED.

Connecticut Carpenters Get Increase In Pay.

Bridgeport, Conn., May 2.—Twenty-three of the thirty-two firms constituting the Master Carpenters' association today, granted the demand of the journeymen for an increase in pay from 31½ cents to 35 cents an hour.

Bricklayers, plasterers and stonemasons are still out for 45 cents an hour.

TAX BILL KILLED.

The Wisconsin Assembly Refuses to Pass It.

Milwaukee, May 2.—A Journal special from Madison, Wis., says: The assembly today killed the railroad ad valorem tax bill by a vote of 45 to 51.

ALGER-SWIFT.

Detroit, May 2.—Miss Mignonne E. Swift, of this city, and Capt. Frederic M. Alger, son of ex-Secretary of War Russell A. Alger, were married today in the Fort Street Presbyterian church. They will sail for the Mediterranean on Saturday.

Twilight Trains.

There are only two Twilight Limited trains, one south-bound and one north-bound, over "The North-Western Line" between the head of the lakes and the Twin Cities of Minnesota, leaving each starting point after the business of the day is over, arriving at destination at early bedtime. Gentlemen enjoy the comfortable, commodious club smoking room of the observation cars and the 6 o'clock superb dinner in the popular diner. Ladies have all the luxuries of their own home in the large and roomy parlor cars, with their upholstered revolving chairs. Then, again, it saves you sleeping car fare by taking this train, enabling you to reach a comfortable hotel for a night's refreshing sleep, or possibly your own home. The traveling public appreciate the service and the schedule.

Remember the hour of departure—4:30 p. m. daily from the brownstone depot of "The North-Western Line," foot of Fifth averue west.

"North Coast Limited"

Resumes service on Northern Pacific next Sunday, May 5, at 8:40 a. m. It carries a first-class electric lighted Pullman; two lights in each section.

Fast Mail.

Duluth-Superior-Chicago Fast Mail train, over "The North-Western Line," leaves Duluth daily at 5 p. m.

This is the only solid through passenger train between the head of the lakes and Chicago, the only train with a "free" chair car, the only train carrying a dining car.

UNION PACIFIC

Asserted That Harriman Syndicate Still Holds the Control.

Fight Centers Around the Plan of George Gould.

Is Opposed By the Vanderbilt and Pennsylvania Interests.

New York, May 2.—The Commercial Advertiser says: Friends of E. H. Harriman assert with much confidence today that the syndicate, of which he is the head, has not lost control of the Union Pacific railroad. This claim is significant, because persons closely identified with the Harriman syndicate have repeatedly declared within the past three days that they could not tell anything about the situation.

The confidence manifested by Mr. Harriman's friends today is based largely on the opposition that in the competitive buying of last Tuesday the Gould and Harriman interests secured enough of Union Pacific shares to restore their holdings to the majority point.

Discussing the Union Pacific situation, the Mail and Express has the following:

"From the current tremendous market movements in Union Pacific and Atchison stocks—the advances occurring in each today—it became clear that a fight is going on between great money interests over the stabilishment of transcontinental systems.

"It now appears that this fight centers around the plans of George J. Gould and E. H. Harriman to establish a vast network of roads from the Atlantic to the Pacific ocean, and William K. Vanderbilt and the Pennsylvania railroad people, seeing what was up, have made up their minds to frustrate them.

"With the Gould and Harriman people, on the one hand, are said to be Kuhn, Loeb & Co., who are identified with the Union Pacific management, while Mr. Morgan is believed to have lent his influence to the Vanderbilt and Pennsylvania forces.

"The Rockefellers, who are identified with Mr. Gould in the Southwestern deal, are said to have stood aloof from the Union Pacific incident and to have done nothing which could be criticised by Mr. Morgan, with whom they are associated in many affairs."

WAS GOOD BOY.

How Tom Johnson Got His Start In Life.

They tell stories in Louisville about the start which Tom Johnson, recently elected mayor of Cleveland, made here on his road to fortune. He came here at the age of 14 and secured employment as office boy at $2 a week in T. C. Coleman's foundry at First and Main streets. His duties consisted of keeping the office clean, running errands and picking up old scraps that got into other people's way, says the New York Sun.

B. DuPont, who was part owner of the foundry, saw the industrious office boy rush one day into the street, pick up a bit of iron and, returning, throw it on the scrap heap inside. When the boy reentered the office, Mr. DuPont said to him:

"Why did you do that, my son?"

"Why, sir," said Tom, a bit embarrassed, "there was no use wasting it. They can put it in the furnace and use it over again."

"Well, I just think I can use you, young man in the street car business. How would you like to come at $7 a week?"

Young Johnson accepted the $5 raise with alacrity. Mr. DuPont controlled the Fourth avenue and Walnut street lines. One barn was at Eighteenth and Walnut streets and at Fourth avenue and Main street was the drawing station. All the cars of the system had to pass there and it was there that the money was drawn from the big clumsy boxes into which the fares were dropped.

One of the rules of the company was that as each bag of money was drawn, the drawer must carry it into the office, put it into the safe and close the door. To this rule Johnson owed the promotion from office boy.

Mr. DuPont was seldom at the drawing station during the day and in time the drawers grew careless. No one has access to the room but the drawers, and knowing one another to be honest, they formed the habit of carelessly throwing the bags of money on the floor and piling them into the safe in a heap at the end of the day or when they thought Mr. DuPont might be around.

One day the chief drawer was ill and young Johnson, the office boy, was sent by Mr. DuPont from Eighteenth and Walnut streets to Fourth and Main to help out. Johnson read the rules and in drawing the bag of money from the first car, opened the safe, threw in the money and slammed the door.

"What the hades did you do that for?" demanded the bookkeeper.

"The rules say so," answered the subdrawer over his shoulder as he ran down the steps to meet another car.

The same thing was repeated a dozen times. Then the bookkeeper wheeled around and demanded:

"Don't you think I'm honest. Do you think I want to steal any of that damned money?"

"Dunno," answered Johnson, "but the rule says, 'Put the bag in the safe and shut the door,' and that's what I'm going to do whether you like it or not."

The bookkeeper jumped off his stool just as Mr. DuPont stepped in.

"What's all the row about?" he asked.

"This young fool is acting as if he thought I was trying to steal your money," the bookkeeper replied.

"I was just obeying the rule, Mr. DuPont," spoke up young Johnson. "Here it is," and he showed the president of the company the rule.

"Al right, my boy," said Mr. DuPont, "since you have obeyed the rules so well I'll make you chief drawer right now."

Two years later when he was 17, Johnson was superintendent of the road.

DUE TO COLD MUTTON.

Cecil Rhodes, the South African multimillionaire, is known to the general public simply as a grasping, conscienceless money-getter, yet there is another side to his character that occasionally crops to the surface, states a London correspondent. He has a great dislike for cold mutton and declares that it was to escape the necessity of eating it that drove him to becoming a millionaire.

"Ah, Mr. Rhodes," once said a very poetical and romantic young lady to him, "it was some noble or elevating episode or event which first spurred you on to become a millionaire, I expect."

"No, madam, it was not," quietly said Mr. Rhodes; "I owe my millions simply and solely to mutton—cold mutton! When I was a young man I was quite poor, I can assure you. Now, I always had a delicate appetite and an inclination for the good things of life, but, alas! I had not the wherewithal to satisfy my delicate inclinations. Once, when having lunch with my brother, I had what I have always hated, and that is cold mutton! 'Ugh!' I said, 'cold mutton again! Twice this week I have had it! I mean to be a millionaire if only for one thing, and that is to avoid mutton!' Now, madam, you will see that it was no noble sentiment that encouraged me to make my millions; it was simply cold mutton!"

GIRL AND HAWK IN A SCRAP.

Ida Duffy, the 9-year-old daughter of Thoms J. Duffy, of the Palatine Insurance company, of San Francisco, had a desperate battle with a wounded chicken hawk at San Rafael and narrowly escaped with her life, says the Los Angeles Times. Several days ago the bird was given to the child and it has since been kept a prisoner in the yard of the family residence at that place. The other morning the hawk succeeded in making its escape and flew to a nearby tree, where a piece of string attached to its leg became entangled in the branches, again making the bird a prisoner.

The little girl seeing that the hawk was unable to fly away, ran to the tree, and, taking advantage of its spreading limbs, rapidly climbed to a spot many feet above the ground, where the bird swooped at her and buried the talons of both feet in the little girl's face. The child screamed with pain, but pluckily fought the hawk off as again and again it attacked her with beak, talons and wings.

The child's face was terribly scratched and her hands cut in the struggle, but the little heroine clung to the tree and, eventually securing a hold on the bird's legs, prevented it from doing further harm. Slowly and painfully she climbed down the tree and, still clinging to the struggling bird, she brought it with her to the ground and placed it in captivity. Then she ran to the house, where her cut and bleeding face was promptly attended to.

That the child escaped the loss of an eye or a bad fail from the tree was little less than miraculous, as her scratches show that the attack of the chicken hawk was a vicious one. However, none of her wounds is serious, and, with the exception of a few scars, she will be none the worse for her experience.

SKUNK FARMS DO NOT PAY.

A newspaper story of the profits made by raising skunks for their skins is giving officials of the agricultural department no end of trouble. It first bobbed up about a year ago. It set forth that the agricultural department had been studying skunk culture and had found that the beasts were more profitable than a gold mine. As a result of the story the department has received many letters of inquiry.

T. S. Palmer, assistant chief of the biological survey, wants to correct this misapprehension. In a report to Secretary Wilson he says:

"Misled by the statements about the rapid increase of skunks and the high prices paid for their skins many persons seriously considered the experiment of starting skunk farms. For several years a list has been kept of such farms located in various parts of the country, but so far as can be learned most of them have been abandoned.

"Raising fur-bearing animals for profit is not a new idea. The industry, however, has apparently never advanced beyond the experimental stage, except in the case of the farms for raising the Arctic or blue fox established on certain islands of the coast of Alaska.

"Minks and skunks breed rapidly in captivity, but the low price of skins make the profits rather small. Last season the highest market price, for prime black skunk skins from the Northern states averaged about $1.45 each, but white skins sold as low as 15 to 20 cents apiece. Skins that have much white or which are obtained from the Southern states usually bring less than a dollar each, a price that leaves little margin for profit after paying the expenses of raising the animal in captivity."

VAPOR STOVE MAKERS MEET.

Cleveland, May 2.—Representatives of leading gas and gasoline stove manufacturing concerns were in session here today for the purpose of forming a combination of interests. Whilie those attending the meeting were extremely reticent, it is reported that the prospects of the deal being successfully carrid through are excellent at the present time.

Saves Sleeping Car Fare.

For St. Paul, Minneapolis and Stillwater, take the busy man's popular "Twilight Limited" train leaving the brownstone depot Fifth avenue west, Duluth, daily at 4:30 p. m., arriving at destination at early bed time, and save sleeping car fare. Elegant meals in cafe club car and the finest train and most luxurious service. City ticket office, 405 West Superior street.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

"Extremes Meet"

Here, on Neutral Ground.

The young woman who has her eyes open for the latest wrinkles in woman's atrire.

The woman of plain tastes who yet insists on stylish clothes and unexceptional fit, and the woman who wants comfort above all things, all can be suited here!

Do you want an Eton? We can give it to you! Do you think Etons too short and not enough protection against the cool weather? We can give you something with more warmth—Box coats!

Do you want something plain and serviceable, yet stylish? We've several different styles in single or double breasted plain Jackets—of covert, venetian or broadcloth!

Do you want something extremely dressy? If not so serviceable? We can give you many styles in taffeta and "Peau de Soie Etons."

Do you want something way out of the ordinary? We show twelve different styles in "Raglan" coats or "Spring Newmarkets," as some call them, in either the loose or fitted back!

Do You Want a Tailored Suit?

This is our strongest talking point—for we show and sell more Tailored Suits by twice than any other house at the head of the lakes, and no "trash" and where "finest" tailor made suits are offered at $6.98 "worth" $12.50! Much careful choosing is necessary—we handle and sell nothing but what is absolutely reliable in every way—and at prices justify first-class workmanship, materials and style.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

Special Cut Price Sale of Original Paintings.

By G. F. Kaumeyer, Theo. Weber, Caffierri, A. T. Bricher, and others.

These paintings will be sold on Friday and Saturday of this week, at extremely low prices. If you want paintings, don't fail to attend this sale, as the artist goes to Paris soon and must close them out.

G. F. Kaumeyer, ARTIST, at Decker's Art Store. 16 Second Avenue West.

PROTEST BY GUIDES

Against Reroofing of Statuary Hall at the Capitol.

They Claim That Such Action Would Destroy the Echoes.

Is the Most Perfect Whispering Gallery In Existence.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, May 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—It appears that the capitol guides have filed a protest with the architect of the capitol against reroofing Statuary hall, on the ground that such action will destroy the echoes, which are such an important part of their stock in trade. Every one who has been through the capitol is familiar with the "echo stones" in Statuary hall. The hall is probably the most famous as well as the most perfect whispering gallery in existence. To a person standing on a certain stone the voice of another person standing on another certain stone will seem to come from in front when it comes from the rear, to come from behind when it comes from the side, and in fact, to come from almost anywhere except from the place where the speaker is standing. Along the side of the columns supporting the arch the wall and the columns make a sort of groove, so that it acts as a perfect speaking tube, and persons can talk to each other across the hall without anyone in between overhearing them. Of course the stones themselves have nothing to do with the echoes, which are caused by the curvature of the roof.

This hall was formerly occupied by the house of representatives, and it was there that Adams was stricken with death. It is not so very much larger than the supreme court room, formerly occupied by the senate. It has a balcony like a theater, but on a small scale, and is used now for storing books. The hall itself is utilized as a repository for the sculptural monstrosities which states present to the nation.

When the house sat in this chamber, it is said, no one ever noticed the existence of the echoes, but when the desks were cleared out and the tessellated marble floor was put down, the echoes began to be heard. It took a considerable time to hunt out the stones on which to stand in order to obtain the peculiar effect, and it was not until after the corps of capital guides was established that the echoes were definitely located, and even now there may be other effects not known. Care has been taken that the stones shall not be in any way marked, so as to restrict the identification as far as possible to the guides. It is said, however, that the count should begin with the middle stone; one person standing six stones in front, the other should then stand six stones to the rear; with one six stones to the right, and the other should stand six stones to the left; diagonally the count should be increased to eleven stones each way. The center stone is easily recognizable, and many of the others are badly worn by the feet of the thousands of persons who have tested the echoes.

Many tricks have been played in Statuary hall by those with a working knowledge of the echoes. Several years ago it was a favorite amusement of the pages to stand in the corridor leading to the house, and when a person passing through the hall reached the proper stone, a page would drop a coin. The echo made it appear as if the coin was dropped directly in front of the passer-by, and a search for the fallen coin usually resulted.

Last session congress made an appropriation for a new roof for the supreme court chamber and Statuary hall, and the old wooden floors are to be replaced with fire-proof coverings of steel. In order that the acoustic properties of the hall may be maintained as nearly as possible, the most careful measurements have been taken, and an effort will be made to put on the new roof as nearly like the present one as possible. But the alteration of a fraction of an inch will change the echoes, if it does not destroy them altogether, and in spite of the care of the architect and the workmen, it is highly probable the famous echoes will soon be a thing of the past. Should they continue, it is expected they will be reached by stones other than now, and a series of elaborate experiments will be made by the guides. Meantime, however, the guides are making an effort to have the alteration of the roof postponed.

* * *

The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Sun says that public opinion in Washington is becoming pronounced against the setting up of any more statues in the circles and squares of the city. It is generally recognized that this practice is seriously impairing the artistic effect of the beautiful park system of which the people of the capital are so proud and which excites the unbounded admiration of the citizens of the country at large and of foreigners. There is no objection, of course, to the erection of memorials to men famous in civil or military annals, but it is claimed that there are innumerable spots where they can be placed, and with all requisite prominence, without destroying the harmony of the attractive little parks dotting the whole surface of the city's area.

As it is now, if the practice continues there will not be one of these left in which there will not be some enormous bronze horse and man. The last statue put up was that of the late Gen. Logan, in Iowa circle. There is not a larger circle in Washington than this, and it has always been one of the show places. It is in one of the finest neighborhoods of Washington, houses of the better class being built all around its circumference of half a mile.

Radiating from it are those two spacious thoroughfares, Vermont and Rhode Island avenues, and also Thirteenth and P streets. In its center stood a grand fountain, the towering jets of which threw spray far and near, most pleasing to the eye, and in summer causing delightful and refreshing sensations. Shrubbery of fragrance and gorgeous coloring surrounded the fountain. Wide-spreading shade trees covered it all with their cooling embrace. It was really a thing of beauty and a joy not only to those whose homes were clustered about it, but to all visitors.

But congress said the Logan statue was to go up there. The beautiful fountain was taken away, the ax was laid to the trees, and the shrubbery was uprooted and carted off. The voice of lamentation went all around Iowa circle, but it was unheeded. The trees, the shrubbery, the fountain are gone, but they have the statue. As it is double life-size, it stands like a veritable Colossus. It is perched so high in the air that to obtain anything like an adequate view of it one has to go a long distance. The few trees left on the outer rim of the circle are said to interfere with the necessary view, and there is talk of cutting them down also. If this should be done, Iowa circle will become a barren exposure, and the ghost of Gen. Logan will be apt to have undisturbed occupancy.

The Iowa circle people are, however, resolved to make an effort to save what is left. They have recently addressed a most earnest remonstrance against any further destruction to Col. Bingham of the United States army, in charge of public buildings and grounds.

* * *

An alliance between the American negro and the Roman Catholic church was offered last Sunday night as the only possible future ahead of the black man by Jesse Lawson, vice president of the Afro-American council and former United States commissioner to the Atlanta exposition. The address was delivered before the Colored Baptist lyceum and was applauded by an audience of about 1000. Professor Lawson's subject was "The Political Future of the Negro in America."

"The negro today has no ballot," he said. "We can be powerful with ballots in our hands. Let us not surrender our political rights. Congress gives us no consideration. We are not regarded as being an item in national legislation. It is the truth that congress has not adopted one single measure in the interest of the negro since President Grant left the White House. We have been betrayed by the white man.

"Louisiana, North Carolina and other states, where the negro is most numerous, have adopted amendments to their constitutions making us mere animals, without power of expression or intelligence enough to vote. Maryland is following the lead set, and I warn you that it is only a question of time, if this keeps up and we do not do something, when there won't be a state in the Union where the negro is not disfranchised. Let us turn before it is too late. We can yet be masters of the situation if we will but act. We cannot ally with any political party, so let us ally with a strong religious force that we may effect the change.

"As one of the leaders in a local Baptist church, and speaking to an audience of Baptists, I say now that the only great and powerful Catholic church can help us. I think it must be God's will that we effect our salvation through the agency of the Catholic church. The leaders have offered us protection and political rights within the folds of the Catholic church. We are assured our rights as citizens and as human beings, and I see no other way in which we may save ourselves and save our future. Let us take matters into our own hands now and let us act.

"We are about thirty-six years removed from slavery and have had a hand in politics for about a quarter of a century. We were first made welcome by the Republican party, and in our early power we had senators and representatives in congress. The North and South have joined hands and bade the negro farewell. His valedictory has been written. Hilary A. Herbert, a member of Cleveland's cabinet, in a speech made a few weeks ago, stated that the greatest crime of the century was the adoption of the fifteenth amendment to the constitution, which gave to the negro freedom from slavery and the right of suffrage. This is the feeling against us at present. The Democratic and Republican parties have agreed that the negro must go and that he cannot be trusted with the ballot."

* * *

Information comes from New York to Washington to the effect that Italy is still making of the United States a dumping ground for her criminals and paupers. This fact has been forcibly called to the attention of the local authorities by the arrival in New York of three alleged Italian brigands whose depredations made them a scourge to the province in which they were reared. These three men are now in Kansas City, whither they went on some mysterious mission. Warning has been sent by Police Commissioner Murphy of New York to the Kansas City police officials, who now have the Italians under strict police surveillance.

In searching "Little Italy" for a man wanted in Italy for extensive forgeries a headquarters detective learned of the arrival of the three men, whose fame as brigands long preceded them to America. Their countrymen in New York feared them too much to make complaint concerning them to the authorities.

Further investigation developed that when the outlaws concluded to visit the United States they made terms with the local authorities of their provinces, and were assured of immunity from arrest. Then they levied blackmail upon the merchants, who were more than willing to contribute to a "migration" fund. The merchants looked upon it as a good investment to send the robbers to America. As a result, it is said, the three arrived in New York, appearing as well-to-do immigrants. As they were well dressed and had enough money to take them out of the pauper class, they were admitted without question.

Continuing his investigation, Commissioner Murphy found that this is no isolated case. "Italian criminals," said the commissioner, "are pouring into New York on every ship that brings immigrants. It may be that the Italian government has no part in the scheme, but it is still true that the United States is being made a dumping ground, receiving the cast-offs from Italy's prisons and poorhouses."

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

A SHORT MEMORY

Some of Testimony In Buckman Bankruptcy Case.

Referee Finds Offense Punishable Under Bankruptcy Law.

Concealed Property to the Value of $4000.

A few days ago there was filed in the office of the United States court an order of Judge Lochren refusing to discharge Robert Buckman from bankruptcy, the report of Referee H. F. Greene, recommending that this action be taken by the court. Up to this time there has been no further particulars regarding the reason for this action than that Buckman has concealed some of his assets.

The report of the referee, as filed in the United States court, is a decidedly strong one. He finds that Buckman has, with fraudulent intent, concealed books of account; that he has committed an offense punishable by imprisonment under the bankruptcy law, having concealed cash and merchandise valued at $4000; and that he had made false oaths in making his schedules in his bankruptcy application.

A reading of the testimony is interesting and discloses upon the part of Mr. Buckman a wonderfully short memory, a most remarkable forgetfulness of the general affairs of his business. He said that he never kept any books; he could remember nothing about what the average receipts from his business were; he could not remember exactly what he paid for rent, etc.

One matter over which he was cross-examined considerably was a statement which he made of money used personally on a trip which he made to New York. The statement indicated that he spent about $2000. He claimed that he paid $1000 of it to his father to whom he owed some money; that he made his sisters presents of money from time to time while there.

He also claimed that family expenses, sickness, etc., had cost him a large amount of money. He said that at the present time he is running a store in Superior for his wife.

In support of their contention that the property of the bankrupt had been concealed, the creditors presented a statement of his bank account showing deposits and withdrawals.

Another damaging piece of evidence was given by Samuel Loeb, who said that he had been in the store in reference to a matter and that Buckman took from the safe a ledger which he kept and looked up an account in it. Buckman had previously testified that he had kept no books.

J. Zaik, a relative of Buckman, was put on the witness stand and upon examination admitted that he owed Buckman on an account when he failed. At first he did not know just how much the amount was, but finally admitted that it was about $360. Later he admitted that he had given notes to Buckman for the amount. A few weeks after Buckman filed his petition in bankruptcy Zaik paid him $100 on the amount and later paid him the balance in goods and received his notes back, which he tore up.

Buckman kept a clothing store on West Superior street for some time and failed several months ago.

There is, of course, nothing known here as to whether there will be any action taken in the future, but generally such cases are taken before the federal grand jury.

GIVES FIVE THOUSAND.

John D. Rockefeller Donates to St. Luke's Hospital.

John D. Rockefeller has subscribed $5000 toward the erection of the new building which St. Luke's hospital is to occupy, and which is to be located at the corner of Ninth avenue east and First street. The foundation of the building is practically complete and the board hopes to go ahead with the balance of the building as fast as possible. The sum of $5000 is what is still needed to push the work to completion and it is expected that this can be raised before long. Bids for the superstructure will soon be asked for.

IN HIS HONOR.

Entertainment Given For Bishop McGolrick.

Yesterday was the feast of St. James and as such was the name day of Rt. Rev. James McGolrick, bishop of Duluth. Each year the event is observed in some manner. Last evening he was given a congratulatory entertainment at Catholic Association hall by the pupils of St. James school and the Sacred Heart institute. The hall was crowded and a very fine program was given. It consisted of musical numbers, recitations, two one-act plays, etc. The hall was prettily decorated for the occasion.

Bishop McGolrick spoke after the program was given on education and the important part it plays in the life of all people. He also dwelt upon the value of religious training and the part it takes in the development of character, so absolutely essential to good citizenship, as well as to spiritual welfare.

The bishop was presented with several handsome bouquets and gifts from the children.

"North Coast Limited"

Resumes service on Northern Pacific next Sunday, May 5, at 8:40 a. m. It is popularly known as the crack train of the Northwest, and it is just that.

Do You Know

JELLYCON

Makes delicious dessert? No cooking, no baking, only a minute's labor. Delicious flavors — Lemon, Orange, Peach, Strawberry, Raspberry, Wild Cherry (delicious with cold meats.)

RHEUMATISM

My RHEUMATISM CURE is just as certain to cure rheumatism as water is to quench thirst. No matter what part of the body the pain may be in or whether it is acute or chronic, MUNYON'S RHEUMATISM CURE will drive it out in a few hours, and fully cure in a few days.—MUNYON.

Munyon's Dyspepsia Cure will cure any case of indigestion or stomach trouble.

Ninety per cent. of kidney complaints, including the earliest stages of Bright's Disease, can be cured with Munyon's Kidney Cure.

Munyon's Catarrh Cure will cure catarrh of the head, throat and stomach, no matter of how long standing.

Nervous affections and diseases of the heart are controlled and cured by Munyon's Nerve and Heart Cure.

Munyon's Cold Cure will break up any form of cold.

Munyon's Vitalizer restores lost powers to weaken. Price $1.

The **Guide to Health** (free) tells about diseases and their cure. Get it at any drug store. The Cures are all on sale there, mostly at 25 cents a vial.

Munyon, New York and Philadelphia.

MUNYON'S INHALER CURES CATARRH.

IN MICHIGAN.

Powder Mills Soon to Be Established By Ishpeming Men.

Ishpeming—A powder manufacturing company will soon be organized in Ishpeming with a capital of $100,000, the stockholders, leading mining men of the different iron ranges, including W. G. Mather, Dr. Hull, T. F. Cole, Walter Fitch, M. M. Duncan, W. H. Johnston and others. With these men interested the greater part of the powder used in all iron mines of the Lake Superior district will be controlled. The promoters figure on buying the Antheny powder works of this city, and if the deal is consummated the plant will be enlarged as a greater output will be necessary to meet the demands.

Sault Ste. Marie—In effecting an arrest Policeman Jerry Dacy shot at a man named Vincent and wounded him severely in the neck and groin. When first placed under arrest Vincent gouged out the officer's eye and made his escape. Dacy placed his damaged optic in position and started after his man, who was sprinting for liberty. The policeman brought him down with four shots. Vincent is in the hospital, and will recover, in all likelihood.

Calumet—Persons representing a St. Paul concern have been in the city looking up a suitable site for a hotel. It is the intention to erect a large and up-to-date plant.

Owing to the large number of Croatians in the congregation of the Austrian Street St. Joseph's church, it has been decided to have a separate church. Bishop Eis, of Marquette, has thoroughly looked into the matter and it is expected that definite plans will be made in a short time.

Iron Mountain—A temporary suspension of work at the Chapin mine, Iron Mountain, with the exception of the Ludington shaft, was caused Saturday by an accident at the hydraulic works. A rush of water at the falls where the hydraulic plant is located carried away one of the gates and necessitated a temporary shut down of the generators. As this plant furnishes the only means of getting air into a number of the shafts it was necessary to take the men out until the necessary repairs had been completed. The ventilation of the Ludington shaft is accomplished by steam, so it was not effected.

Menominee—Two petitions sent by Menominee people to the state legislature last week are important, and indicate that a reform movement has been started at that city. A petition was sent by mail to the legislature by Mrs. O. M. Saxton bearing the signature of 159 people, asking for the establishment of a reformatory prison for women in that city. The petition was referred to the committee on state affairs. At the same time a petition was sent to the legislature by Waited C. Mansfield, bearing the names of 150 others, in favor of a law prohibiting the manufacture and sale of cigarettes within this state. Both petitions were instigated by members of the Women's Christian Temperance union, and they indicate that that organization is active in promoting reform.

THE DAKOTAS.

Poor Farm Superintendent Accidentally Shoots Himself.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Wahpeton—Henry Bader, superintendent of the county poor farm, one mile south of this city, accidentally shot and killed himself at 1 o'clock Wednesday.

Grand Forks—The body of an infant child was found under the wagon bridge over the English coulee, between this city and the State university grounds. The body was in such a state of decay that nothing could be done. There was not a mark on the clothing, neither was there anything on the box that could lead to the discovery of the child's identity. The child was buried in the box in which it had been found, and it is probable the mystery will never be cleared up.

Jamestown—Judge Glaspell has issued injunctions restraining owners of buildings used for saloon purposes at Carrington from using them. The saloons are all closed and a determined effort is being made to reform the city. In addition to the saloon difficulty a big fight is on for the postmastership of Carrington and the little city is lively.

Grand Forks—Word was received Wednesday of an affair in the town of Angus, about twenty miles northeast on the Minnesota side of the river, in which a blacksmith played the star part against his will. The blacksmith is John Staska, and he has been at Angus for the past twelve or fifteen years, and has acquired some property. For some time past Staska, it is claimed, has been interfering with the farmers in some trouble that arose between them and Joe Cowden, who buys wheat for the Minneapolis and Northern Elevator company, and whom the farmers have been endeavoring to have removed. The farmers gathered at Angus the other evening and seizing Staska, who was walking from his shop to the postoffice, dragged him to a mudhole and threw him in. He was given a thorough soaking in the muddy water, after which he was pelted with mud till he sought refuge in his house.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Vermillion—A Chicago mule driver has had a representative here a few days picking up animals for shipment to the Chicago market. It has been discovered, however, that the Chicago firm is really buying the animals for shipment to South Africa for the use of the British government.

State Superintendent E. E. Collins is in a muss with the Independent school district of Vermillion and has been notified by the school board that he must either pay tuition for his children or take them out of school. Collins formerly lived in the city, but for some time has resided just outside of the limits of the school district. He has continued to send his children to the city schools, however, without paying anything for the privilege.

Canton—Ex-Congressman O. S. Gifford and President Charles E. Judd, of the First National bank of this city, have just returned from Chicago where they secured consessions on freight of the Milwaukee railway company for material for the new buildings for Augustana college and the assembly hall for the Chautauqua association which are to be built at once.

Public Examiner H. N. Cooper has gone to Hot Springs to be present when Arthur Linn turns over the books and accounts of the Soldiers' home to the new commandant, W. V. Lucas.

Mitchell—There has been little cessation in the sale of real estate in Davison county in the past twelve months, nomonth passing by without getting its share of the transfers.

Aberdeen—Russian laborers engaged in digging trenches for the new water mains struck for $2 per day. One of their countrymen took the contract for excavating and filling the ditches when laborers' wages were $1.50 per day. In a short time his men struck for and were granted $1.75 per day, and now they want $2. The contractor says that to grant the increase will break him up in business, and improvements in that direction are at a standstill.

Yankton—Hodge Wilson on his return to Yankton, Saturday, brought with him one of President Van Buren's big silver-bronze medals, which in tarly days it was a custom of the presidents to give to the Indians as an emblem of "peace and friendship" when peace treaties were made. The medal bears date 1837. He picked it up at the Yankton agency and says he heard of a Jefferson medal being at the same agency and a Washington medal at Rosebud. The grandson of a great chief owns the latter and asks $1000 for it. The pale faces look with longing at it, but as yet none have produced the price asked. It would be a valuable relic for the new historical society.

Deadwood—A large mining transfer has been made in the Bear Butte mining district, the sale of the Bullion mine by Dr. H. H. Muggaley to Eastern men having been consummated. It calls for a million and a quarter dollars. The mine is located in the Bear Butte district, about nine miles southeast. The purchasers intend to erect a 500-ton smelter on Bear Butte creek. This deal means much to the districts each of this city, as it is likely a railroad will be built into the camps, which will open up several of the old producers again.

Pan American Exposition.

For above occasion the Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets May 7, 14, 21 and 28 to Buffalo and return for $24.50, good returning six days from date of sale; also, every day for $31.35, good returning sixteen days from date of sale.

For tickets and full information call at city ticket office, 332 West Superior street, or at Union depot.

Change of Time---Double Train Service.

Commencing Sunday, May 5, the Northern Pacific will resume double train service from Duluth to the coast, leaving Duluth 8:40 a. m and 7:30 p. m., arriving 7:55 a. m. and 4:55 p. m. daily. Morning train makes direct connection with famous North Coast limited.

You can rent houses, stores, offices or rooms by means of a Herald want ad.

Busy Underprice Friday.

Freimuth's GREATEST DAYLIGHT STORE.

Mighty May Sale now on.

The First Busy Underprice Friday In May

is the second day of the mighty May Sale. To the usual and regular Under-price Friday bargains are added the wonderful values of the mighty May Sale with the result that your dollar will go twice as far here as elsewhere. Read on about these rare trading chances.

CARPETS at May Sale Prices

65c all-wool Ingrain Carpets, extra heavy, fine colorings and patterns, at--- **48c**

45c Ingrain Carpets, extra heavy Cotton Ingrains—the best assortment at the head of the lakes—May sale price--- **27c**

JACKETS, SKIRTS at May sale prices

$4 Children's Jackets; box and fitted styles with military collars, tastily trimmed in braid, blue, red, tan—price--- **$2.50**

$5 Walking Skirts; light and dark colored Meltons and Cheviots—self and plaid backs with flare and flounce cuts—all sizes—May sale price--- **$3.75**

MUSLINWEAR at May sale prices

40c Marguerite Corset Covers—extra full front—trimmed with lace and embroidery at neck and arms--- **23c**

35c Umbrella Drawers of excellent muslin with cambric ruffles—trimmed with rows of tucks and hemstitching—May sale price--- **21c**

Knit UNDERWEAR at May sale prices

Ladies' 20c Jersey or Swiss ribbed Vests, in either white or ecru—good summer weight, nicely trimmed--- **15c**

Ladies' 13c White Vests; sleeveless, Richelieu ribbed; May sale price--- **8c**

Ladies' 35c Mercerized Cotton Vests, Richelieu ribbed, very neatly trimmed at neck and arms; May sale price--- **25c**

Ladies' 75c fancy colored or white Vests—made of lace lisle or fine mercerized cotton; lace trimmed; May sale price; only--- **50c**

STOCKINGS at May sale prices

15c fast Black Stockings for boys and girls; double knees—very elastic and durable—May sale price--- **8c**

25c Ribbed Hose absolutely fast black, fine or heavy rib, double knees or soles --- **18c**

Ladies' 20c Stockings in tan and fast black—the "Only" dye—very elastic—our May sale price only--- **12½c**

Ladies' 35c Imp't'd Stockings—made of fine Maco or Lisle yarns—black with white soles or tan—Hermsdorf fast black dye--- **25c**

LINENS at May sale prices

9-4 Pepperell Sheeting, full bleached, regular price is never less than 23c, at—per yd--- **17½c**

75c Bleached and Cream Table Damask, 62 and 66 inches wide; pure Irish Linen, worth 75c— **48c**

DRESS GOODS at May sale prices

30c and 25c Fancy Mixed Suitings—36 to 40 inches wide—pleasing color combinations, regular 30c goods, during our great May sale--- **12½c**

75c and 50c Novelty Dress Goods—in both American and imported weaves, and the correct and fashionable spring colors, 40 to 44 inches wide, only--- **29c**

SILKS at May sale prices

50c Foulard Silks—20 in wide—pretty, fancy floral and novel figures on dark and medium grounds in the spring colors—May sale price--- **35c**

$1.00 black guaranteed Taffeta—20 in wide—rich, lustrous Taffeta—equal in wear to the $1.25 silk—May sale price --- **75c**

CHINA--Garden Goods at May sale prices

33c fancy China Plates for fruit or cake—elegantly decorated in assorted patterns—only--- **23c**

75c plain glass Water Bottles, best quality highly polished glass, only --- **49c**

15c 5-ply Hose, a strictly high grade article—May sale price, per foot--- **12½c**

Our 18c Celebrated Red Hose, nothing better sold at the price a foot--- **15c**

Garden Rakes, Malleable Iron—never break—10 teeth--15c 12 teeth 19c 14 teeth--- **23c**

Wooden Hay Rakes, May sale price --- **18c**

DAVENPORT-RANKIN.

London, May 2.—Phyllis Rankin, daughter of McKee Rankin, the American actor, and Harry Davenport, of Edna May's company, a brother of the late Fanny Davenport, were married before the registrar here today.

WHY? IS ELECTRIC LIGHT BEST!

Because it is healthy, clean, pure and brilliant.

HEALTHY— It has no odor. Prof. Thompson states that one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.

CLEAN— It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.

SAFE— As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

CHEAP— By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Commercial Light & Power Co. OFFICES— 215 West Sup. St.

The Woman with $173 for a ..Piano.. SHOULD READ THIS ANNOUNCEMENT.

$173 Piano in stylish case, of good tone—ought to be $225. Best Piano in the market for the price.

$216 Handsome Mahogany or Walnut case — brilliant tone, elastic action—a bargain at $250.

$275 Large, elegant Upright, fancy Mahogany, Walnut or Oak finish; new scale, rich tone.

Easy Terms If Wanted.

Duluth Music Company,

Largest Piano House at the Head of the Lakes. Sole Agents for Steinway and Knabe Pianos. Corner Superior St. and Lake Ave.

TAXPAYERS

(Continued From Page 1.)

the country tapped by the roads would sink back into its pristine state of wildness and desolation, and the roads would lapse into rust and decay. In view of that outlook, the roads said, it was necessary to charge rates that would repay them before the ore deposits were exhausted. This was practically their only excuse for rates that they hardly dared deny were extortionate and unparalleled.

People who are now going to the treasurer's office to pay more than their share of taxes should thank them for that argument. If that is a good argument, then it follows that the state, when the roads no longer have ore to haul, will no longer have ore to tax. Therefore it should tax at a rate that will repay it for the taking away of a vast share of its wealth. All other classes of property are to remain here, and grow in amount and value year by year. This one class is to remain here only until it can be hauled away, contributing nothing to the wealth of the state except the little it leaves in wages. There is every reason why it should be taxed as the railroads would tax the mine owners.

Yet that is not asked. If the mines can be made to pay the same proportion, according to their value, that the other property of the county pays, probably every taxpayer of St. Louis county will be satisfied. Even then it is clear that the mines will be getting the long end of the bargain, but perhaps everybody will be satisfied that they should to that extent. But a condition where they pay one-tenth of the share that other interests pay is an injustice that cries out loudly for reform, and no time should be lost about getting at it.

The remedy is clearly outlined by the laws of the state of Minnesota. It is not necessary to wait until next year's meeting of the board of equalization, especially as there is some question whether, under circumstances that are well known, justice can be obtained even there. The law provides that if an interested taxpayer makes a written complaint under oath to the governor that any class of property is being grossly undervalued for purposes of taxation, it is his duty to appoint a disinterested citizen, not a resident of the county from which the complaint comes, to investigate the matter, and if he finds that the assessments are low, to raise them and turn the new assessments over to the county auditor to place on the books.

Not only for the year in which the investigation is made, but for all years in which the commissioner finds that the property has been so undervalued. That means that when the commissioner finds the rate at which the mines ought to be taxed, they should be called upon not only for the current year's taxes at that rate, but for the difference between what they paid under the low assessments of former years and that they should have been called upon to pay if the assessments had been just. That would run back for six years, and if the mines were properly assessed the amount received in this manner ought to be enough to pay all county expenses for several years to come. It is not enough that the mines should pay their due proportion for the years to come; they should be made to pay the taxes they have escaped for the past years as well.

This month's American Review of Reviews contains an article on the new steel trust and its holdings in the way of mines. In that article there is a statement that on the Mesaba range alone there are in sight 500,000,000 tons of iron ore. The article is written in an authoritative manner, and it bears every evidence of being written by a man who is informed on his subject. There is probably little question that his estimate of the amount of ore on the Mesaba range is as near correct as such an estimate can be. It can be little lower than that, at any rate.

That row of figures may give some idea of the value of the mines. It is hard to figure the value of ore in the ground, unless one is an expert, for the experts, in view of just such things as taxes and assessments, are very careful of their information. But at the rate of 50 cents a ton it would make $250,000,000, and the entire assessments of the mining properties on both ranges amounts to $8,600,000. At the rate of 1½ cents per ton the value of the Mesaba range would be nearly that.

The best information up to date, however, has been the transfer of the Lake Superior Consolidated Iron Mines to the new steel combine at a rate that is equal to a price of about $60,000,000. The mines owned by the Consolidated last year shipped two-fifths of the total shipments from both ranges. On that basis the total value of the two ranges would be $150,000,000, and it is on that basis that The Herald has urged that the mines ought to pay taxes on a basis of at least $75,000,000.

Investigation may result in showing their due proportion to be more than that. It can hardly show it to be less. In the meantime the property owners are going up to the court house to pay taxes on property that is charged up with taxes on a valuation of 50 per cent of its actual value and in same cases more. If the iron properties were being assesed that way, on the present valuation of $8,600,000, it would be possible to buy the entire two ranges for $17,200,000. They could not be bought for $200,000,000.

There is a tendency when property owners go up to pay their taxes for them to swear over their size. If the mines were properly assessed they would be greatly decreased. There should be no swearing over taxes this year, because there is not a man that goes to the treasurer's office and pays taxes that hasn't it within his power to start the move to correct the injustice.

Headache

Biliousness, sour stomach, constipation and all liver ills are cured by

Hood's Pills

The non-irritating cathartic. Price 25 cents of all druggists or by mail of C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

SHOULD BASS BITE?

In That Event What Shall Fishermen Do?

The distinctions to be made between the different kinds of bass are proving very interesting to anglers as they are about to start north, south, east and west for streams and lakes which offer lively sport. The law is rather indefinite as to the kind of bass which may be caught after tomorrow. It says specifically that black, gray or Oswego bass shall not be hooked before June 1. The cropple is held by many to be a species of bass, though it is known as the "strawberry bass." Rock bass are not defined, but are generally conceded to be bass, though many consider them a kind of sun fish. Fishermen want some one to pass legally upon the niceties so that they may keep within the bounds of the law, but in this case ignorance will doubtless be the sweetest kind of bliss. The gray bass, of which the law refers, are the genuine smallmouth bass. The Oswego bass are of the big-mouth family, but both are commonly called black bass. These are the fish which cannot be caught before June 1.

Again, while no person is permitted to sell or have in his possession bass or brook trout pervious to January, 1902, a person is allowed to catch not more than fifty per day.

Game Warden Fullerton has ruled that if a bass swallows a hook during the closed season the angler may keep the fish on, reporting its capture to the warden. He says it is not the sportsman's fault if the fish bites the hook and swallows it. Many fishermen may proceed along this line and make a specialty of bass accidentally caught. If the fish does not swallow the hook, it is to be returned to the water.

Game Warden Fullerton has taken a party to Leech lake to angle for pickerel.

The state fish hatchery is now supplying lakes and streams with millions of small fish and spawn, the winter having been very favorable for the propagation of the young.

Fishermen say that angle worms, in the spring, are a much more effective bait than the fly commonly used in trout fishing.

Up to the last of June the bass will be found along shore among the reeds in the shallow water, where they spawn and bask in the sunshine. Late in the season they glide into the deeper waters after minnows.

AMUSEMENTS.

"THE VILLAGE PARSON."

Tomorrow evening "The Village Parson" will be the attraction at the Lyceum. The play is said to be strongly emotional and full of heart interest. The company is claimed to be one of more than ordinary excellence, and the company carries special scenery to adequately present the five acts of the play.

SIXTH AVENUE THEATER.

This popular playhouse still enjoys a fair amount of prosperity. Last night the North Bros.' company presented that funny comedy, "Our American Cousin." C. C. Chapin and Virginia Goodwin scored hits, as did also Harry Holman and Martyn and Davenport in their specialties. Tonight "Princess Vergie" will be presented, with Baby Hazel in the title role. On Friday night the North Bros. repeat their greatest success, and by far their best play, "Camille." At the Saturday matinee "East Lynne" will be given, for the benefit of ladies and children, and on Saturday night the company will make its farewell appearance in "The Tenderfoot," a border drama.

Missionary Society.

The Woman's Missionary society of the Lester Park M. E. church will meet at the home of Mrs. Albertson, 5507 London road, on Friday, May 3, at 2:30 o'clock. The program is as follows:

Devotional exercises ..... Mrs. Carey, leader.
"Incidents During the Anti-Foreign Movement in China" ..... Mrs. Burbank.
Letter from Miss Wilma Rouse..... Miss Laramer.
Paper—What Is Our Duty?" ..... Mrs. Love.
Recitation ..... Irene Grey.
Piano solo ..... Emma Mueller.
Offertory .....
"Chinese in American Cities"..... Mrs. Powell.
"Some Chinese Oddities"..... Mrs. Pinkerton.
"Chinese in Duluth" ..... Mrs. Holbrook.
Object Lesson ..... Mrs. Chapin.
"The Lord's Prayer"..... .....

Entertained at Cards.

Mrs. Nels Anderson, of 407 East Eighth street, entertained at cards yesterday afternoon. Cinch was played. The head prize was won by Mrs. William Bradley. Mrs. J. Kreager took the second prize. Those present were: Mrs. A. J. Harker, Mrs. G. Kreager, Mrs. F. Krisback, Mrs. B. Kriz, Mrs. A. McCormick, Mrs. A. Wagner, Mrs. J. Plutznisky, Mrs. William Bradley, Mrs. J. Kreager, Mrs. William Franks and Miss Sadie Wagner.

To Meet Saturday.

The May meeting of the Duluth Historical and Scientific association will be held at the high school Saturday evening, and a large attendance is expected. There are a number of new members that have not yet attended a meeting of the association, and they will probably be out in large numbers. The principal business will be to arrange a program for coming meetings, as there are several important and interesting papers under preparation to come in at meetings to be held this summer. The papers in preparation include both the historical and scientific branches of the association's field.

DECIDES ON BRICK

Superior Street to Be Paved With That Material.

Council So Decided Without a Dissenting Vote.

Work Is to Be Done In Quickest Possible Time.

Earth whirls once more round its axis and trundles trippingly along its accustomed orbit. Sun, moon and stars have resumed their original roles. Little hills sing together, and the universe rejoices over its marginal escape from primordial chaos.

Superior street will be paved!

If globe girdling wires, vibrant with great gladness, would flash the joyous tidings to the uttermost parts of the world, Uitlanders would stop to give praise as they outspun along the great trek; the bolomen would chortle cheery chants as they con their first lessons in American citizenship; the ochre ogres of yellowest China would burble blatantly; and the hall of fame would convene in convention extraordinary to accept Whitney Wall's application for membership.

Superior street will be paved with the best quality of vitrified brick, at an estimated cost of $59,155 or about $300 for every 50-foot lot.

The paving problem was solved last evening when thirteen aldermen voted unanimously on a resolution instructing the department of public works to cause the paving of Superior street from Eighth avenue west to Third avenue east. The council ordered the improvement to be made with brick, simply at the request of the petitioning property owners. Had it been left to the decision of the aldermen, sandstone or cedar blocks would have been used. A canvass of the aldermen present, showed the following preferences in the matter of paving:

Barnes, Seventh ward, no choice.
Cromwell, Third ward, first choice, creosote block; second choice, sandstone.
Hayes, Seventh ward, first choice, cedar block; second choice, brick.
Johnson, Fifth ward, first choice, sandstone; second choice, creosote block.
Krumsieg, second ward, first choice, sandstone; second choice, cedar block.
Moore, First ward, first choice, asphalt; second choice, brick.
Neff, Fourth ward, first choice, sandstone; second choice, cedar block.
Olson, Sixth ward, first choice, asphalt; no second choice.
Rothermel, First ward, first choice, sandstone; second choice, brick.
Schaffer, Sixth ward, first choice, cedar block; second choice, creosote block.
Swenson, Eighth ward, first choice, sandstone; no second choice.
Tessman, Third ward, first choice, brick; second choice, asphalt.
Wing, Fifth ward, first choice, cedar block; second choice, brick.

The aldermen favoring cedar block explained that they did so for the simple reason that the material was a fourth of the cost of other materials and no other paving could be guaranteed to last four times as long. They also said that they did not think Superior street was ready for a permanent or expensive pavement, and would prefer seeing a less expensive paving put down until the city is a little older and the leading business street is more definitely established.

The five aldermen expressing a preference for sandstone where all members of the preceding council, which made a more careful study of the various paving materials than the present body has had time to do. Those aldermen examined the sandstone paving in Minneapolis and compared it with asphalt and brick in other cities. They are still of the opinion that it is the ideal paving for Superior street.

Alderman Swenson, of the Eighth ward, said that as a second choice he would prefer Duluth granite where it was practical to use it but did not favor it, even as a second choice for Superior street, on account of the noise.

Alderman Wing, of the Fifth ward, explained that he was in favor of cedar block until the street should be more established, and there would be no more tearing up for water and gas mains and breakages. Brick was his second choice for the reason that it seemed to meet with present demands more than any other paving. He said that the brick paving in Chicago was a rank failure but in Saginaw, Mich, he had inspected a brick paving that had been down for six years and it was one of the finest streets he knew of.

Alderman Moore, said that for an ideal street he would prefer asphalt but did not believe that asphalt was practical for Superior street at this time.

The paving of Superior street with vitrified brick, may begin in about six weeks. Duluth contractors will bid on the work, and a condition of the contract will be that the work is pushed through with all dispatch.

The specifications will call for the brick to be laid on the present cement foundation of Superior street, with certain improvements. The estimated cost of repaving has been itemized as follows:

Removal of cedar block paving..$	822 50
500 cubic yards new cement foundation	2,000 00
22,500 square yards vitrified brick	47,700 00
Resetting 10,000 feet of curb.....	2,500 00
Changing manholes and catch basins	750 00
Engineering and superintendence	5,377 75
	$59,155 25

With the exception of cedar blocks the vitrified brick is the cheapest paving that could be put down. An estimate of the cost of the various pavements mentioned is as follows:

Cedar blocks	$35,000
Vitrified brick	59,155
Sandstone	75,000
Asphalt	82,000

WETMORE'S GELATINE.
Granulated or shredded; 10 cents at all grocers.

BABY'S COLD

s the way to pneumonia—nakes short work of lots of babies.

Scott's emulsion of cod-liver oil relieves it at once; but relief is not cure, you know.

It stops the cough, and gives him a chance to get over the cold; yes, lifts him right out of it.

That's the proper way to say it.

We'll send you a little to try, if you like.
SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl street, New York.

AGAINST IT.

Council Not Disposed to Grant Mrs. Tremblay's License.

Although a majority of the council voted in favor of granting a Bowery saloon license to a woman on Monday night, there has been a reaction of aldermanic sentiment, and it is practically certain now that the license will have to be in the name of the woman's husband.

It was the intention last evening to move a reconsideration of Monday night's vote which did not carry a sufficient majority to grant the license. Those back of the license confidently counted on the support of two aldermen who were absent on Monday evening. These aldermen, however, were against the license and the reconsideration was abandoned.

Alderman Barnes said that he understood that the application would be made in the name of a man, and in the council, last evening he offered a motion by which the council would express itself as willing to grant the license to any responsible person. Ostensibly, the object, was to give permission to open the saloon at once. An application for this license presented today, cannot be acted on by the council until two weeks from next Monday.

President Cromwell ruled that Mr. Barnes' motion was out of order, as the council would be passing on an application that had not been made.

Mr. Barnes, appealed from the decision of the presiding officer, but the ruling was sustained by a vote of 6 to 6.

The statement in the morning's paper that "Alderman Cromwell had the pleasure of sustaining his decision by his own vote" is incorrect as Mr. Cromwell did not vote on the question of appeal.

A Balloon Ascensionist Killed

News comes to us of a balloon ascensionist who was killed while making one of his daring trips. His hands slipped from the trapeze, and the horror-stricken crowd saw a sight they will not soon forget. Life is too valuable to trifle with in fool-hardy adventures. It is best to employ ourselves in peaceful pursuits, where we may be secure. Then if we take care of our health we can live to a good old age. The best means of promoting health is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. This medicine aids digestion, regulates the bowels and cures dyspepsia, indigestion, flatulency and insomnia. It will also prevent malaria, fever and ague, which is prevalent at this time of the year. Be sure to try it.

NELSON'S DAY.

Duluth Man Makes a Great Record at Shooting.

John Nelson did some very remarkable shooting at the Central Gun club yesterday afternoon, breaking 49 birds out of a possible 50 in the diamond badge event, and 19 out of a possible 20 in practice shoot. The championship badge was awarded Mr. Nelson and next Sunday afternoon he will be called on to defend it against H. W. Spratley, of St. Paul, who held it a short time ago by breaking 50 straight. If both men are in good form, this match should be of exceptional interest.

Thomas Storey also did some great work, breaking 47 out of a possible 50 for the diamond badge while Farrington of this city and John Fulton, of West Superior were tied for third position with 45 birds each.

POOR FARM.

Two Members of Poor Board Make a Visit.

Capt. John Pengilly and John Jenswold, Jr., of the new poor board, visited the poor farm for the first time yesterday morning, and in the afternoon a short meeting was held before Capt. Pengilly took the afternoon train for his home. Another meeting will be held Saturday evening when a full report will be made and many of the cases where the county is extending aid will be scrutinized. The members of the board are pleased with the poor farm and poor house, and they came back full of plans for making it more valuable and nearer self supporting. Hereafter all supplies will be open to competition, and an attempt will be made to buy at the lowest figures. Some occupants of the poor farm were found who have relatives who could support them. Such a condition will not be tolerated by the board. No aid will be furnished without thorough investigation of the merits of the application.

GIVE RELIEF.

Rains Check Forest Fires Which Threaten Timber.

The rains of the past few years have checked the forest fires not far from the city that threatened to destroy a large quantity of pine. The fires have not been running in Minnesota timber, but in the pine regions of Northern Wisconsin and along the lines of railroads that come to the head of the lake. As it is there has been a great destruction of pine, and the apprehension felt last Saturday by many of those living in the woods, and those having timber interests in the district, recalled somewhat the anxiety that has existed during previous disasterous forest fires. Near Mellen, Wis., where there are large quantities of hemlock logs piled along the railroad tracks, a passenger train passed through between sheets of flames, the logs having caught fire and burned fiercely for hours. Shortly after the train passed the rails became so heated that another train could not have gone through. Much damage was done all along this region, not alone at Mellen but at Iron River and along the Omaha, where thousands of feet of logs were destroyed by fire. Near Iron River, Wis., is a little station called Norway, and here the fire was so aggressive that the residents had to turn out and fight the flames desperately to save the village from being wiped off the map. At Saxon, another little lumber station, a large quantity of kiln wood, together with several freight cars belonging to the Northwestern Railway company, went up in smoke. Damage by fire occurred at Park Falls, and from the reports that have come in from all the little towns and settlements in the district it is evident that the effect of the fire was much more widespread than was at first supposed. The wet weather has proved a check to the fires everywhere, and the reports show that the conflagrations have been subdued everywhere in the district. Last spring the woods were much dryer than at the present time, but there were luckily no fires started. The wet season did not come until late in the summer.

ROCKEFELLER'S IDEA.

Likes to Compel Men to Give Money.

New York, May 2.—John D. Rockefeller told an audience how he had learned to read men and learned how to influence them at the church door when he was a boy. He explained that clause in so many of his large gifts requiring that a sum equal to his gift shall be obtained from other persons. He said that the man who made other men give was one of the most useful men of the community.

He told that in a generation he had, through the business which he established, paid to labor $700,000,000, which is equivalent to nearly $10 to every resident of the United States.

He was speaking to the Young Men's Bible class of the Fifth Avenue Baptist church, of which his son, John D. Rockefeller, Jr., is leader.

"Nothing pleased me better than to make a man give money who just wanted to hang on to it," he said.

LIKE A THIEF IN THE NIGHT.

BRIGHT'S DISEASE OF THE KIDNEYS claims no symptoms of its own, with the exception of albumen in the urine. Kidney Disease is the forerunner of Bright's Disease, but there is no general line of demarkation where Kidney Disease leaves off and Bright's Disease begins.

Don't take any chances. Beware of the coils of this monster disease. This class of disease can never be cured with ordinary remedies, even defying skillful specialists.

Of late well-known physicians have obtained wonderful cures in the treatment of this disease, by the use of a small chocolate-coated tablet, known as MULL'S PIONEER KIDNEY CURE. It is compounded specially to drive the cause of this disease from the system. Mull's Pioneer Cure is purely vegetable, harmless to the most delicate organism, but unrivalled in strength and excellence for curing these diseases.

It has cured when everything else failed. Mull's Pioneer Kidney Cure can hereafter be had from any up-to-date druggist at 25c for a trial size, or $1.00 for a large size, the latter containing a dollar draft as a guarantee. The Lightning Medicine Co., of Rock Island, Ill., will mail you a free sample and a treatise on Kidney and Bright's disease if you like.

Mull's Lightning Pain Killer relieves life of one great burden, PAIN. Rub it on or drink it. 25c.

BASEBALL.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At St. Louis—Cincinnati, 7; St. Louis, 2.
At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 9; New York, 1.
At Pittsburg—Chicago, 8; Pittsburg, 3.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 14; Boston, 1.
At Washington—Baltimore, 6; Washington, 4.
At Cleveland—Cleveland, 6; Milwaukee, 3.
At Chicago—Chicago, 19; Detroit, 9.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Cincinnati	8	5	3	.625
Brooklyn	7	4	3	.571
St. Louis	9	5	4	.556
Philadelphia	9	5	4	.556
Boston	6	3	3	.500
Pittsburg	7	3	4	.429
Chicago	10	4	6	.400
New York	6	2	4	.333

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Detroit	7	6	1	.857
Washington	5	4	1	.800
Baltimore	5	3	2	.600
Chicago	5	7	2	.583
Cleveland	7	3	4	.427
Philadelphia	5	2	3	.400
Boston	6	1	4	.200
Milwaukee	7	1	6	.125

BLIGHTED AFFECTIONS.

Wisconsin Woodsman Has Less Money Now.

Chicago, May 2.—For seven years Philip Baumgartner toiled and saved in the pineries of Wisconsin, then he came to Chicago to secure a wife. He will return to the pine lands tomorrow. The $765 that he accumulated by saving pennies has flown, and with it went the girl he was about to marry.

Baumgartner allowed his affections to enter on a "poor orphan," who answered his matrimonial advertisement. The girl even accompanied Baumgartner to the county building to secure a marriage license. Then, securing his money on a pretext of buying furniture with it, she fled.

"I shall never marry now," said Baumgartner. "I shall go back to the woods and pines. This is no place for me."

EXHIBITION OPENED.

Glasgow, May 2.—The duke and duchess of Fife opened the Glasgow exhibition this afternoon. The weather was fine and the town was beautifully decorated for the occasion.

Fashions.

The new publication for women — May numbers now being distributed free. Call at the Dress Goods Department.

PANTON & WHITE THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE DULUTH, MINN.

Pleating.

We do all kinds of Pinking and pleating—we guarantee satisfaction. Our charges are very reasonable.

Bargain Friday

THE goods advertised at the Glass Block on *Bargain Fridays* are worthy, trusty, seasonable—they are carefully selected from our various departments which comprise the most ample stocks in the city—priced in every instance below or near to cost. BARGAIN FRIDAY is just what the name implies, a day of matchless bargains, inviting the careful patronage of the frugal housewife, and worthy of even greater interest than it is now attracting. The list for tomorrow is the best yet.

Shoes.

Boys' and youths' shoes—are made from box calf and vici kid—genuine and thoroughly reliable—double or single soles—trustworthy shoes for the active lad—sizes to 5½—regular value $1.75—on sale here *Bargain Friday* only at $1.23

Children's Spring Heel Shoes—sizes to 11—in fine kid and hand turned—plain or fancy designs—85c and $1.00 shoes—sold *Bargain Friday* only at 59c

Muslins, towelings.

Muslins—36-inch Unbleached Muslin a bargain that you'll never find elsewhere and one which will not be repeated here often —*Bargain Friday* only at 3½c

Bleached Cotton Toweling—twilled and huck weave—selling *Bargain Friday* at 3c

Skirts, corsets—second floor.

Crash Skirts, $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50 ones—these are beautiful skirts and are made full width, with deep hem—some braid trimmed—positively only one to a customer—a phenomenal bargain—for *Bargain Friday* only—each 47c

Summer Corsets—100 placed on sale in the new straight front effect—made of good strong net—fancy trimmed—value 85c —*Bargain Friday* only at 49c

Women's Gingham Aprons—large size, 25c kind—*Bargain Friday* only at 14c

Wall papers.

The grand sale of last Saturday was unprecedented—something unheard of in Duluth. The rush for bargains was astonishing—we found it difficult to manage the vast stream that constantly poured in and were working for three days filling the orders, and again we "*stood the test.*" We again open the department for another *Gigantic Slaughtering Sale* Friday and Saturday—

A beautiful bed room floral paper in four different colorings—made to sell at 8c and 10c per roll—for two days, as long as they last, per single roll 4c

Hosiery and underwear.

Men's Albert twill Overshirts, fast color, splendidly made—full size—desirable goods—value 75c—*Bargain Friday* only at 49c

Men's black seamless knit half Hose—fast black—best 10c value—*Bargain Friday* only 7½c

Ladies' fine Swiss rib summer bodies, white, ecru, pink, blue and lavender—*Bargain Friday* only at 12½c

Wash goods.

36-inch Percales, Corded Zephyrs, Madras, Cotton Foulards, in pretty designs and excellent colors—worth 12½c—*Bargain Friday* only 6c

Dress goods.

36-inch Printed Cashmeres, in Scotch Plaids—our regular 29c line on sale *Bargain Friday* at only 19c

Handkerchiefs.

125 dozen ladies' embroidered Handkerchiefs—scalloped and lace trimmed—worth 15c, 20c, 25c,—*Bargain Friday* only 2 for 25c—each 12½c

Umbrellas.

Did you ever hear of Umbrellas sold at 29c each? These are good Umbrellas—26-in. size—good for everyday or school use—steel rods; considered good bargains by high-priced houses at 50c—*Bargain Friday* only 29c

Flowers.

1000 bunches of roses and assorted flowers—formerly sold at 95c per bunch—*Bargain Friday* only per bunch 29c

Hardware and crockery.

Basement—Whitewash Brushes—7-inch hardwood backs—specials—*Bargain Friday* only, each 15c

Glass Fruits, regular size, made of pressed glass—*Bargain Friday* only, each 1½c

GRAIN-O THE PURE GRAIN COFFEE

Grain-O is not a stimulant, like coffee. It is a tonic and its effects are permanent.

A successful substitute for coffee, because it has the coffee flavor that everybody likes.

Lots of coffee substitutes in the market, but only one food drink—Grain-O.

All grocers; 15c. and 25c.

LUMBER, SASH, DOORS, MOULDINGS, MAPLE FLOORING, HARDWOOD, SCREENS. SCOTT-GRAFF LUMBER CO. 24 AVE W. & MICHIGAN ST.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine. SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., Pa.

THE EVENING HERALD.

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Per year	$1.00
Six months	.50
Three months	.25

Largest Circulation in Duluth.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), May 2.—Light rains fell over Lake Superior, Northern Michigan, Huron and Erie, and the states of New York, Washington, Oregon, Nevada and California, with Thunderstorms over portions of Lake Superior during last night. Very warm weather prevails in the Ohio and Upper Mississippi valleys and fair weather is the rule in the Red River, Missouri, Mississippi and Ohio valleys, Central West and Southern states. The barometer is high over Manitoba, Gulf of Mexico and Pacific coast states, and low over Lake Huron and districts north from Colorado. The winds continue rather variable as regards Lake Superior and southerly elsewhere in the lake region.

Maximum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	80	Miles City	62
Bismarck	70	Milwaukee	58
Boston	56	Minnedosa	56
Buffalo	60	Modena	62
Charleston	90	Moorhead	64
Chicago	84	New Orleans	92
Cincinnati	86	New York	62
Davenport	88	North Platte	88
Denver	82	Oklahoma	84
Detroit	66	Omaha	80
Dodge City	94	Pittsburg	80
Duluth	44	Port Arthur	54
El Paso	88	Portland	62
Escanaba	52	Prince Albert	72
Galveston	84	Qu'Appelle	76
Green Bay	66	Rapid City	88
Havre	82	San Francisco	56
Helena	74	Santa Fe	90
Houghton	72	Shreveport	90
Huron	90	Spokane	62
Jacksonville	84	St. Louis	88
Kamloops	68	St. Paul	70
Kansas City	86	Sault Ste. Marie	58
Knoxville	86	Swift Current	74
La Crosse	88	Washington	82
Lander	80	Williston	58
Los Angeles	62	Winnemucca	60
Marquette	64	Winnipeg	80
Memphis	92		

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Partly cloudy tonight and Friday with possibly local showers. Fresh to brisk northeasterly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON, Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, May 2.—Forecasts: For Wisconsin and Minnesota—Generally fair tonight and Friday.

North and South Dakota—Generally fair tonight and Friday, except showers Friday in Eastern South Dakota.

Lake Superior—Fresh to brisk northerly winds. Showers tonight and probably Friday.

Lake Huron—Fresh to brisk north to west winds. Fair, except showers over north portion.

Lake Superior—Fresh to brisk variable winds. Generally fair.

The President's Words of Caution.

According to the correspondent of the Washington Star, who is accompanying President McKinley and his party on their trip, the president sees trouble ahead. The correspondent says: "The president is cautiously advising people to prepare for a rainy day. His speech at Roanoke was not extemporaneous. He looks into the future and carefully advises that too much trust should not be placed in the interrupted continuance of the splendid conditions which now bless the country. The president has thought the matter over, and his advice is not given without long and serious thought. He cannot see, it may be stated, any outward indications now for an early interruption of prosperity so far as our interior affairs are concerned. Looking across the Atlantic ocean, however, he sees a disturbance in commercial and trade conditions that may presage an attempt on the part of the old world to wrest away our growing supremacy in trade." Possibly there are strange signs apparent in the business world, but with conservative management and strict attention to its own business the United States will not only pull through but will come out at the top in any attempt to wrest supremacy from this side of the ocean.

Is Death-Bed Repentance Immoral?

Not long ago Rev. Dr. Harcourt, of Reading, Pa., created quite a sensation by taking the position that clergymen should never be admitted to the sick room, especially of a dying man. He preached a sermon last Sunday that was a sequel to a great extent, to his recent utterances. His subject was: "Death-bed repentance an immortal doctrine; a spiritual swindle, turning honest living aside and giving the prize to the gamblers, who risk their all on the last throw of the dice." He contended that the time to repent is now and not to wait until the sinner is tossing in agony on a bed of pain when under such conditions, repentance is practically wrenched from the sufferer. In the course of his sermon Dr. Harcourt said: "It is an awful blunder, my hearers, to think for a moment that religion is for the dying bed and the hour and article of death; a thing only to be secured as the distracted seaman secures a life preserver, when his vessel is going to pieces in the storm. No! No! Religion does not mean that! It is for life and life's work; for life's trials and necessities." In concluding he said: "So help me God! May my tongue cleave to the roof of my mouth if I ever attempt to utter a word that would lead men to postpone the work of life to the death-bed! And may my hand be palsied, if I ever attempt to write anything that would lead men to put off preparation for the future until the hour and article of death!" The theory of Dr. Harcourt may be all right, but the fact remains that the passing away of many a man has been made easier by the thought and act of repentance, and for that reason, though perhaps early repentance is preferable, if one man is made happy by his death-bed repentance, it should not be opposed, especially by a minister of the gospel.

The Growth of Switzerland,

The census of the Swiss nation, which was taken last December shows that Switzerland is growing fast in numbers and in strength, and that its cities are beginning to leap ahead in size and power like the industrial centers of Europe. The last preceding enumeration was made in 1888. Then the total population was 2,917,754. Now it is found to be 3,312,551. The gain in twelve years was 394,797. In the eight years before, between 1889 and 1888, it was only 71,638, and between 1870 and 1880 the increase was 176,964. It will be seen that the growth of the Swiss nation in the last twelve years far exceeds the gains of the eight years before 1888. For the last twelve years the annual increase has been about 32,900, or the equivalent of more than 13 per cent in ten years, which is probably as high a rate of increase as the United States would have shown in the last decade, without the help of immigration. Such a growth, of course, implies much activity in the cities which are the chief workshops of the Swiss people. So it is not surprising to learn that Geneva has passed the 100,000 limit and now boasts 104,044 inhabitants, or that Basle has reached the size of Syracuse, N. Y.

A BRICK PAVEMENT.

At last there is a good prospect that Superior street will be repaved this year. The action taken by the council last night in ordering the board of public works to proceed with the improvement practically settles the question. Bids will be called for at once, and the work of paving the street may be started within six weeks, unless some at present unforeseen obstacle arises to delay matters.

The pavement decided upon is vitrified brick. For reasons previously stated and which it is not necessary to repeat now, inasmuch as this feature has been definitely settled, The Herald would have preferred sheet asphalt. With brick as its second choice, it can feel fairly well satisfied with the decision of the property owners and glad that the selection of pavement was not left to the council, inasmuch as a canvass of the views of the aldermen shows that a majority would have voted in favor of sandstone or cedar blocks. The reports in regard to vitrified brick pavements in other cities are very satisfactory and lead to the belief that the new pavement on Superior street, from Eighth avenue west to Third avenue east, will be a great and lasting improvement. Next year, it is possible that the pavement will be extended eastward to Twenty-second avenue, and the property owners at the West End may also be encouraged by the increased prosperity of the city to ask for a pavement westward from Eighth avenue.

THE HUMAN FACTOR.

The latest article of a series published in the London Times on the progress of American engineering explains the cause of American superiority as lying in what the writer calls "the human factor." In Great Britain, he says, the young man is repressed; in the United States he is encouraged. The result is that the American employer has the advantage of energy and new ideas to a much greater extent than his British competitor. Furthermore, he believes the American is much more apt than the Englishman to associate his heads of departments with him in the business. This gives them a greater interest in their work than they would have as mere employes.

It is the practice in England, the Times writer says, to pay young graduates of technical schools wages far below the actual value of their services. One instance which he cites is that of an accomplished technical graduate who entered the drafting office of a large English firm at a salary of $2.50 a week. The concern wanted to bid on work involving a new branch of engineering and the graduate was the only man in the office competent to prepare plans and estimates. The contract, a large one, was secured and several months later the draughtsman's wages were raised a few shillings only. It would have cost the firm several hundred dollars, the writer says, to have had the estimates made outside its office. Such a policy as this, in his opinion, has discouraged young Englishmen from securing technical training, and has sent many British technical school graduates to the United States.

A deep impression has evidently been made upon the London paper's writer by the case of Mr. Carnegie, who took his heads of departments into the business and thus gave them a personal interest in their work that resulted beneficially to himself. He believes that British manufacturers have failed to make the most of their employes. "If American steel works are better equipped than our own," he says, "if American machine tools are more ingenious; if American electrical plant is commanding even our own market; to whatever we turn we find it is the human factor—character—that commands the situation." Englishmen, he continues, have thought themselves secure and have relaxed their vigilance. They have kept back young men until their best energies are gone and they have tried to keep all labor at an average of the lowest level. In America young men are encouraged and are given whatever place their ability entitles them to. This neglect of the human factor, the Times writer finds, has led to the invasion of the British market by American engineering products, and he warns the British manufacturers that they must change their methods or fall behind in the race for business.

THE DEGREE CONTROVERSY.

Despite the protest of some of the alumni, the overseers of Harvard university have decided to confer the honorary degree of LL.D. upon President McKinley when he attends the commencement exercises next month. The decision will meet with very general approval. The protest of certain alumni of the university, who do not agree with the president in regard to matters of political policy, was an exhibition of very bad taste on their part. The conferring of this honorary degree does not in any way commit the university to approval of the policy of the administration in relation to our new island possessions—the question upon which these alumni differ from the president—nor would the failure of the overseers to have bestowed the honor have been properly considered a disapproval of that policy.

Nor could it be consistently urged that the honorary degree of Harvard university should not be given in recognition of political preferment, because it was bestowed upon other presidents and was tendered to President Cleveland, who declined it. One who possesses the qualities of statesmanship that have elevated him to the highest office within the gift of the American people may be regarded as entitled to the honorary degree which Harvard is to bestow.

THE BABCOCK IDEA.

It is not surprising to find a few Republican trust organs endeavoring to ridicule Congressman Babcock's efforts to remove the tariff from steel and other trust-controlled articles. But the Wisconsin congressman can afford to laugh at these puny attempts to injure him, in view of the fact that Republican sentiment in favor of the Babcock idea is rapidly gaining ground. Influential Republican newspapers in Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Iawa, Wisconsin, Minnesota, the Dakotas, Kansas and Nebraska, to say nothing of Democratic newspapers in the Atlantic coast states of the South, have discussed the Babcock bill in a most serious way, and not one, thus far, has condemned it. The large majority has endorsed it unqualifiedly. It has remained for a few jimcrow organs that fawn upon the trust magnates, with a hope of getting a few crumbs from their masters' table, to throw mud at a Republican leader who plainly sees that his party must get on the right side of this important question or go down to defeat.

A Washington correspondent reports that Republicans from the states above mentioned who have been called to Washington this spring on public or private business, when asked about the Babcock bill, have uniformly replied that it seemed to be a favorite in their several localities. Mr. Babcock himself has received many hundreds of clippings from Republican newspapers in all parts of the country, nine out of every ten of which are friendly in tone, and in addition to this he has received hundreds of letters, many of them from men of whom he never had heard before, endorsing his position and wishing him success. Many of the writers of these letters are politicians, and in their several homes are officially connected with the Republican organization in some way or other. Some of the writers are distinguished publicists, most of whom are from the East, who tell him that in their judgment the time is now at hand when the Republican party, if it is to remain in control of the government, must adopt the Babcock idea. "In no other way," says one of these letters, "can the principle of protection be maintained."

Yet the Babcock idea may not be adopted by the Republican majority in congress. The trusts are strongly entrenched in that body. They own many of the congressmen, body and soul. It is significant that last spring, when the Babcock bill was introduced, every Republican member of the ways and means committee, except Mr. Babcock himself, expressed opposition to the idea, and some of the little statesmen of the Tawney size grew cynical when referring to it. But there may be a change in the sentiment of some of these committeemen when congress meets next December, because the Babcock bill is certain to grow in popular favor.

The Japanese people, with their characteristic courtesy and grace, says the Washington Times, are preparing to commemorate the landing of Commodore Perry on their soil in 1853 by the erection of a monument on the spot where he debarked, the town of Kurihama. They recognize in his advent the beginning of an epoch of national prosperity and grandeur. From it dates their entrance into the ways of the west, and the growth of their civilization, and they are grateful. Among all the peoples of the world, the Japanese are more likely than any other to do the nice thing, in a timely and courteous way.

It would seem that marriage is considered a luxury among a large proportion of the people of Porto Rico. The latest official statistics show the number of illegitimate births there is about equal to that of legitimate births, the figures for the month being 845 legitimate and 633 illegitimate. This is in a population of 953,947. In some months the number of illegitimate births has exceeded the number of legitimate children born. China might be abandoned for a while, and a little missionary work done in our new possessions.

The Portland Telegram thinks the only objection to sending Gen. Corbin to represent the United States at the coronation of King Edward VII is that it would be discourteous to send a man so much greater than any king, sovereign, president or potentate on earth. How small Edward would look in the presence of the great Corbin!

In Great Britain they are rejoicing over the vital statistics. The births are 29.3 per thousand, while the deaths are only 18.3. The marriage rate is also higher than it has been since 1875. The average age at marriage has risen, however, to 28 for the man and 26 for the woman. This is regarded as a distinct advantage.

In digging for the foundation of a big building in New York the workmen encountered a subterranean river, and a smart man of Gotham is said to be planning to utilize it for navigation purposes in connection with the rapid transit systems of the city.

Aguinaldo and President Kruger had movable capitals, but they did not compare with that of President McKinley. Furthermore they failed to come back to the starting point.

In a Buffalo newspaper the other day an advertisement for 100 mules for the Pan-American grounds appeared under the heading "Female Help Wanted." Well, mules are stubborn things.

The stove trust was formed in an opportune time. No one will think of the pesky things till fall, and then purchasers will have forgotten what caused the increase in price.

Young Phillips has a corner in May corn and oats, but it seems rather early to say that the corner has been a success. He must get out of the corner first.

With unfailing regularity the reports from Gen. Kitchener tell of the capture of Boers, ammunition and supplies. And still the war goes on.

Old Vesuvius made an excellent bluff the other day and drew hundreds of tourists to Naples. Now the mean old crater fails to erupt.

And now Detroit complains because there are baby lizards in its drinking water. What more do the Detroiters want for their money?

A Boston man has lost seven umbrellas since April 1. The funny part of it is he bought them all—at least, he says so.

An almanac 224 years old has been discovered in Boston. It would prove a gold mine for a minstrel "end man."

An Illinois man is to be appointed collector of customs for Alaska. Why not select a resident of Alaska?

With the retirement of the coal man, the ice man has advanced to the center of the stage.

A poet trust is the latest combination proposed at Chicago. A little trust would be welcomed by most poets.

An anti-dueling league has been formed in Paris. But why oppose a harmless amusement?

TRIFLES LIGHT AS AIR.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "Baxter says he caught you carrying around the umbrella that he lost two months ago."

"Yes, and the meanest part of it is that I had been fool enough to go and have it repaired."

Pittsburg Chronicle: "Is your geography an up-to-date work?" we asked the agent, telling him that many recent changes had made old geographies valueless. "It was issued just after breakfast this morning, sir," he protested, "immediately after receiving the latest news from China."

Chicago Tribune: "I am sorry, sir," said the surgeon, "but we shall have to perform an operation."

"I know you're not sorry, doctor," said the man with the appendicitis. "You are glad. And now that we understand each other, doctor, you can go ahead."

Detroit Free Press: Observer—You don't sweat much at your work?

Laborer—I guess not; a dollar a day ain't sweatin' wages.

Detroit Journal: "The Scot says ay, for yes," observed Mordaunt. "Singular, is it not?"

I confessed that it was, suspecting nothing.

"But the Frenchman says oui. Is that singular or plural?"

I saw now that I was being betrayed, and, throwing myself upon him, I bore him to the earth.

Chicago Post: Ascum—I understand your minister is devoting his attention to the higher criticism.

Churchman—Well, he has been complaining that his salary's too small, if that's what you mean by "hire criticism."

Philadelphia Press: People will not understand that I have my moments of grief, too," complained Lowe Comedy. "It's most annoying to have folks laugh at you when you mean to be serious."

"I should think," replied Hi Tragedy, "that you'd find it more annoying to have them not laugh at you when you mean to be funny."

On Her Account.

On her account they left the land
Where rich papa's coal factories stand,
And, 'mid the Old World's classic show,
Where rank is high, if funds are low,
She fought the fight mamma had planned,
At that strategic dame's command
She led her trumps for court cards, and
At length kind Fortune did bestow
On her a Count.
And so she's titled, great and grand;
Mamma is proud, the Count is bland;
All three are pleased, but this we know:
Most pleased are those he chanced to owe.
For now he draws with lavish hand
On her account.
—JOE LINCOLN, in the Century.

The Strawberry Appetite.

Boston Herald: The fate of Cashier Lewis, who has wrecked the bank at Vergennes, Vt., is another example of the distress that is almost certain to overtake a man with a strawberry appetite and a prune salary.

Getting to the Front.

This world is but a fleeting show.
The modest may be wise;
But they're not in the performance
With the men who advertise.
—Washington Star.

Keep Your Eyes Open.

New York Times: The volume of business done in Wall street is unprecedented. There are no premonitions of panic to be discovered even by those who would be most gratified to find them. The relation which quotations bear to intrinsic values is a matter of judgment, but probably it is closer than we are accustomed to see it during the seasons of great speculative activity and general confidence. Most lines of business are active and profitable; manufacturers are behind with their orders, consumption is steadily absorbing stocks, the promise of the harvests is so far satisfactory and the outlook for the immediate future is full of encouragement. At the same time the part of prudence is to keep one eye on the boom and the other on the sail.

Capt. Carter and His Pull.

Philadelphia Record: The continued possession, the safe concealment, of over a half million of public plunder has enabled ex-Capt. Carter (now a convict in Leavanworth penitentiary) to keep up a pretense of fighting for personal freedom from the galling ayves and circumvallating stone walls. His press agent in the far West announces that the ex-captain will sue Solicitor Richards for slander, because, forsooth, that blunt-spoken official of the department of justice, went so far as to set down minutely in a supreme court brief the extent of Carter's achievement in grand larceny. There is one way, and only one, in which the Carterian habit of colossal bluff might be useful to this rare jailbird. Let him bluff his civilian co-partners in crime into standing trial at Savannah on indictments found against them more than a year and a half ago. When he should have thus relieved civil justice from a reproach the restless victim of court-martial might consistently face the future, although still unable to buy or bluff his way out of jail.

Prodigal For Royalty.

St. Louis Republic: Though the British government is $20,000,000 behind, the English mind is so constituted that pride is felt in reports of the tour of the duke and duchess of York, who are spending $813,500 "doing" the colonies.

The Fleeced Rarely Squeal.

Washington Post: Stories of big profits in Wall street tend to make the ordinary individual very much dissatisfied with his lot. But he should bear in mind that the losers are usually heard from through the proceedings in bankruptcy.

The Game In the East.

Washington Post: Count von Waldersee has managed to bump into another unpleasant situation which Gen. Chaffee will doubtless manage to field gracefully.

DAILY STORY.

UP STREAM AND DOWN

BY GEORGE K. STILES.

(Copyright, 1901, William R. Miller.)

"I quite understand how you must feel," he told her, as he pulled a sluggish stroke and headed the boat down the river. "To any young girl of strong intelligence the plane upon which men place women is intolerable."

The girl glanced at him from under the dainty parasol. "Exactly so," she said, but none the less it surprised her that any man held such sentiments. "You see," she continued, "a woman who feels and thinks as I do has the right to demand that a man should treat her precisely as he does his male friends. What right has he to consider me as an inferior creature to be treated as of another plane of thought and life?"

"Your views are mine," he said, without moving a muscle of his face, "but is marriage to be forbidden?" Wildon asked.

Marjorie gave a little cry of contempt. "It is archaic, my dear; positively archaic," and the man shuddered as he remembered that this whim of hers reared between him and his desire; and a whim is more to be feared with a woman than a principle, for it is more elusive.

"But tell me," he pleaded, not venturing to mention love after such a stern repulse, "what do you intend by this equality of men and women?"

"Don't you comprehend?" she demanded. "Oh! the stupidity of these our hereditary lords; it is really shameful. Why," she condescended gracefully, "treat me as an equal, like you do your law partner, for instance."

"Ah!" he murmured, and a ghost of a smile touched his lips and eyes; but he set his muscles and held a straight countenance. "The same as I treat aBrton; well, I could do that."

"Oh!" she cried, letting her parasol slip in order to clasp her hands, "that would be glorious; I could never get any man to do so before, but somehow I thought that you might."

She let her wide eyes linger on his in a way which almost made him regret the sudden determination which had seized upon him; but presently she recalled that this sort of thing had no place in the behavior of the new school of equalization, and she removed her eyes from his, resuming her old air of manly indifference, as she accepted silently the parasol, which, with quick courtesy, he had rescued from a ruinous immersion.

"Well," the girl asked, noting a peculiar change in the manner he was regarding her.

"Well," he answered, "I must say that of all the men I know you have the least manners."

She sat regarding him with such speechless horror that it required an effort to continue, but he did so. "I take the trouble to catch your infernal parasol, and you don't even have the decency to say, 'thank you,'" and he snorted disdainfully.

"Really, Mr. Wildon," the girl commenced haughtily, as she drew so much to one side that the frail craft tilted ominously.

"Keep still there, for heaven's sake," he commanded; "you'll have us in the water in a moment."

She moved back at once, for the danger

of her position was forced upon her, and she dropped into a somber thinking, which he did not exert himself to interrupt.

"Well," the girl burst forth at last, "if you think that is the proper way to treat a woman—"

"I beg your pardon," he broke in rapidly and with a curious return of his former courtesy, "not a woman, but a man and an equal; in fact, just as I would treat Barton; and a great deal better," he finished to himself, "if it had been Bart, I'd thrown him in the river for an unconscionable ass."

Now the bird rallied, for she was game, and it took more than the first touch of the curb to conquer her.

"I understand," she said with a short laugh, which was void of any mirth; "you see," she continued, "it was so sudden, and the first time, too."

He nodded and pulled out his watch, noting the time carefully; and this was the first occasion she had ever seen a man venture such a faux pas.

"Time to turn back," he announced; but she resisted.

"It is the most beautiful part of the day," she declared.

"We'll match for it," he said, "Bart and I always do," and she submitted, but with a poor grace.

As it happened, she lost, and he headed the boat up stream and toward the hotel. "It's your spell at the oars," he told her, putting them in the astounded girl's hands. "Bart always pulls one way or t' other; and you continually proclaim yourself a good oar. Now let's see what you can do."

It was either row, or confess the total wrongness of her dearly loved plan of equality; but in her heart the girl hated the fashion of being treated like Barton.

"Poor Barton!" she thought grimly.

There were five miles of steady pulling, and as Wildon settled himself comfortably and watched the steadily receding bank, he wondered how long she could stand the pressure.

"Have a weed?" he asked; but she answered courtly "Don't smoke." "All right, thought not," he said, and resumed his silent watch of the girl's exquisite face.

Presently she caught a crab and unshipped her bow oar, and although she struggled to get it back in place, she was too tired; so with a quick movement she dropped the oar, which floated down stream with the swift tide.

Then the girl dropped her head in her heated hands, while the unconquerable tears crept slowly through. Away went Wildon's cigar, and with a tense cry of pain he knelt beside her, and she was in his arms.

"Don't, for God's sake, don't cry that way," he begged her, while the strange tears of men welled thickly into his eyes. "It was only a joke; such a cursed, cruel joke, as I know now. But you would insist and this equality thing seemed to stand between our love; and you could not help but know that I love you, and wish to make a name worthy to offer to you; and to worship you, if you will only let me. Do you think there is a man living for whom I would do this; the very idea is absurd; but won't you let me do this for you?" and the pleading submission in his voice contrasted wonderfully with his recent utterances.

Then as she dried her damp cheeks by degrees upon his rough jacket, she murmured, "Yes," and while he laboriously sculled the rowboat the rest of the way, she laid comfogtably on his peajacket and shuddered as she remembered how awful it was to have been treated by one man as his equal.

THE TRAILING ARBUTUS.

Oh, the days, the arbutus days!
They come from heaven on high;
They wrap the world in brooding haze,
They marry earth and sky.

What lures me onward o'er the hills,
Or down the beaten trail?
Vague murmuring all the valley fills,
And yonder shouts the quail.

Like mother bird upon her nest
The day broods o'er the earth;
Fresh hope and life fills every breast;
I share the spring's new birth.

Awake! Arise! and April wise
Seek out a forest side,
Where under wreaths of withered leaves
The shy sweet flowers hide.

* * * * * * *

The bloodroot's face, with saintly grace,
Stars all the unkempt way;
Upon the rocks, in dancing flocks,
Corydalis is gay.

The hemlock trees hum in the breeze,
The swallows on the wing;
In forest aisles are genial smiles
That greet thy blossoming.

Again the sun is over all,
Again the robin's evening call
Or early morning lay;
I hear the stir upon the farms,
I see the earth with open arms,
I feel the breath of May.
—JOHN BURROUGHS, in Atlantic Monthly for April.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: A kiss on a pretty woman's mouth is worth fifty on a green billiard table.

We are indebted to women for men, to God for women, and for purity to little children.

It's a funny thing that the lower-necked a woman's dress is, the higher her own neck comes above the top.

A woman's idea of an argument is to claim that civilized women are superior to savages because they wear corsets.

When one tabby cat spits at another it is saying how nice she looks this morning. When a tom-cat spits it is swearing.

Even a man who would come back from the grave to get even with anybody couldn't keep up a diary to save his life.

A wise man isn't the one that knows most, but he is the one that knows enough to make other people think he does.

A woman feels most like a martyr when she wants to cry and can't; a man feels most like one when he has to smile and doesn't want to.

Good Word For Richard.

Philadelphia Record: A great deal of water will run under the bridges before 1906, but at present there can be no doubt that there are combined in Richard Olney some strong elements of availability and success as a Democratic presidential candidate.

The Price That Staggers.

Boston Globe: The Boers are without a ship upon the seas, without a cent of credit among the bankers of the world and deprived of every productive industry, and yet are they not fulfilling the threat they made when they said their conqueror must pay a price that would stagger humanity—aye, and sober it as well?

Psychology In Law.

Chicago Chronicle: Psychology has established itself as a vital force in law. The Omaha court trying the Cudahy kidnaping case rules that the father's fear of the blindness of his son operated like physical stress to induce him to give up his money to the kidnapers. The point, if sustained on appeal, will be available against successful blackmailers.

Woman's Posture In the Saddle.

New York Evening Post: It is to be hoped that the managers of the Brooklyn Riding and Driving club will not adhere to their reported decision to prohibit the appearance of women riding astride at their coming horse show. Not one word can be said in defense of the present seat, to which custom and prejudice have so long condemned women, nor could a horseman of standing be found to favor it except on the ground of conventionality. That the sidesaddle is a menace to health many doctors of experience will testify, curvature of the spine being one of the familiar results from long sitting in this cramped and utterly unnatural position.

One Substantial Gain.

San Francisco Call: The prolonged resistance of the Boers may not yet have discouraged Kitchener, but it has reduced Poet Laureate Austin to silence, and that is something for which the world owes thanks.

JUDGES MAY RESIGN.

If the President Pardons Alexander McKenzie.

Washington, May 2.—Attorney General Knox has practically decided to send the papers in the McKenzie case to the president by mail instead of giving him a brief statement by wire. If this is done, no action can be taken by the president until next week. The president will be at El Paso, Texas, Sunday, and if the present program is carried out, the papers will be sent there, so that they may be considered Monday or any day after that time.

There is much speculation at the department of justice about the probable course to be taken by the judges of the federal court of appeals if the resident pardons McKenzie. There is no doubt that the judges will regard the pardon as a direct slap at them.

One official said he would not be surprised if Judge Ross, one of the triumvirate, were to resign if the pardon is granted. He says he has no direct intimation from Judge Ross, but he has his guess upon his knowledge of the man. Whether or not other judges would also resign is not known, but it would not surprise officials here if all were to step from under after being reversed by the president in what they regard as their peculiar field of judicial administration.

It is supposed that the president has knowledge of the way the judges feel, and is therefore somewhat embarrassed, for it is conceded that he is anxious to grant the request for the pardon. No matter what his personal wishes, however, he would probably hesitate before exercising his prerogative in a way to stir up a sensation, such as would inevitably follow one or three judicial resignations.

It is not possible to get any definite information regarding what the attorney general will recommend to the president, but McKenzie's friends are saying today, on what they say is good authority, that Mr. Knox will recommend that the twelve months for which McKenzie was sentenced, be commuted to the three months he has already served. This would be tantamount to a straight pardon, for it would mean release at once.

Read the directions on the package and see if you are getting all the help from GOLD DUST that you can have. It is better than ammonia and soda and much easier to use. House work is hard work without GOLD DUST.

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Chicago New York Philadelphia St. Louis Boston Montreal

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AMUSEMENTS.

6th Avenue Theater.
McKENNY & CO., Managers.

LAST TIMES OF THE
North Bros. Superb Company

Tonight.....PRINCESS VERGIE
Friday Night.....CAMILLE
Saturday Matinee.....EAST LYNNE
Saturday Night.....THE TENDERFOOT
Popular prices—10c, 20c, 30c. Matinee—10c, 20c
All hill street cars pass this theater.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.

FRIDAY, MAY 3.
THE
Village Parson

A play of intense interest; a brilliant domestic story well told; genuine comedy skillfully interwoven; presented by a company of capability; elaborate special scenery for each act; production complete in detail; the most natural play of the age. Prices: Dress Circle, $1; Parquet, 75c; Family Circle and Balcony, 50c.

MRS. LOUIS THORSEN

Bad Case of Cancer of the Stomach.

CURED WITH CASCARINE.

Alexandria, Minn., May 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—An interesting case has recently developed in that of Mrs. Louis P. Thorsen, who lives at Nelson, this county. Mrs. Thorsen had been suffering for several years from that terrile affliction, cancer of the stomach. She had tried all kinds of remedies, different doctors and different systems of medicine. As a last resort she consulted a prominent specialist who prescribed Cascarine in her case. She began taking it at once and in a very short time noticed a great relief and a fewmonths' treatment has effected in her a permanent and lasting cure. Cascarine is a great laxative tonic, made from roots, hedbs and berries, nature's true remedies. It is purely vegetable and does not interfere with the most delicate stomach. It cures catarrh of the kidneys, catarrh of the stomach, catarrh of the liver, catarrh of the bowels and all stomach troubles. If your limbs ache, if you feel depressed, have a headache, a disgust for food, or if your stomach feels sore, if you feel like vomiting, it is your liver that is out of order and you need a tonic. Cascarine as a curative agent has no equal. It acts as a stimulant, increases the flow of bile and helps the liver to perform its functions. Clears your complexion and makes one feel fresh and new. If you are in need of such treatment, buy it at your drug store, price 50 cents, for one month's treatment. Rea Bros. & Co., manufacturing chemists, will mail you a free book on diseases of the stomach, liver and bowels, and one week's sample treatment for 10 cents to cover postage.

SCHLITZ

All over the world Schlitz beer is known and is the standard. In Vladivostock, Pretoria, Shanghai, Singapore, Bombay, Cairo and Constantinople it is the beer of civilization.

Schlitz beer has won the world's markets by its reputation for purity, maintained for half a century. Wherever white men live Schlitz beer is acknowledged the pure beer. Our pledge to you and our pledge to all nations is that never will a bottle of Schlitz beer go out until we have insured its purity; never a bottle insufficiently aged.

Schlitz beer, wherever you find it, is healthful; it is

WORLD-FAMOUS

and has made Milwaukee famous

'Phone 358, Schlitz, 38-40 Railroad Avenue, Duluth.

Have your Carpets cleaned at Bayha's

Carpet Cleaning Works—most reliable at the head of the lakes. All kinds of carpets cleaned for three cents per yard. No charge for calling for them. Office—Bayha & Co.'s Furniture Store, 24—26 East Superior Street.

"A HANDFUL OF DIRT MAY BE A HOUSEFUL OF SHAME." CLEAN HOUSE WITH

SAPOLIO

OPTOMETRY.

New Board Organizes For Active Business.

St. Paul, May 2.—After Nov. 1 "Wild cat" and "Fly by night" opticians will do a precarious business in Minnesota. All persons who claim to understand and practice the art of fitting glasses will be required to secure certificates of registration.

The new board, created by the Swenington bill, organized today. It is called the "Minnesota state board of examiners of optometry." Alex Swenigson, of Moorhead, was elected president of the board, and C. A. Snell, of Minneapolis, secretary.

All persons who are now engaged in practice are entitled to a certificate of registration, on the payment of $3, and will hereafter pay annual dues of $2. All persons entering on the practice of optometry hereafter will have to be examined by the board, and if they pass will pay a $15 fee before being allowed to do business.

Licensed physicians are exempted from the operation of the law, which also does not try to reach "peddlers" who sell spectacles or eyeglasses "without attempt to traffic upon assumed skill in adapting them to the eye."

TWAIN'S ANSWER.

To Criticism of Rev. Dr. Wayland Spaulding.

New York, May 2.—Mark Twain is not greatly perturbed at the attack recently made on him by Rev. Dr. Wayland Spaulding, who called him low-born and ill-bred. The humorist was a guest last night of the Brooklyn Clerical union, and among other things said:

"The Rev. Dr.—oh, I won't mention his name—has just called me low-born and ill-bred. I don't mind that so much. Shakespeare was low-born, too; and there was Adam—I believe he was born out in the woods. But I'm glad the doctor didn't say it about Adam. When such a thing is said about the head of the family it hurts.

"Anyhow, I think I would prefer to be low-born—in a republic—like the rest. If I had been born on the other side, why then I would have liked to be born a duke, as I suppose the Rev. Dr.—I won't mention his name—would have been if he had been born there."

GREAT BELL FELL.

Pastor Calls It a Message From the Lord.

Syracuse, N. Y., May 2.—"It was a message from God," said Rev. F. J. Salmon when the big bell of the Emanuel Baptist church crashed down from the belfry. The accident occurred during the revival services that are being held there. The members have been considering the project of building a new church.

The falling of the bell, according to the minister, showed the decision of God about the matter, and he thinks there should be no delay in building the new edifice.

The bell fell from the belfry to the ground floor and did not break. No one was hurt. It is probable that the new church will be built.

Imitations have been many. Thoughtful people have learned that true merit comes only with the genuine Rocky Mountain Tea made by Madison Medicine Co. 35c. Ask your druggist.

DAUGHTER ELOPED

With Millionaire Student In Her Father's School.

Boston, May 2.—Professor Charles A. Pitkin of Thayer academy, South Braintree, Monday, profited to the extent of a millionaire son-in-law, the same coming to him through the elopement of his beautiful daughter, Caroline W., with one of his students, greatbig, blonde Jordan L. Mott, of New York, a scion and the third of the iron family of that name. The elopement terminated at the Park Street church, where the knot was tied by Rev. John Lindsay Withrow, of that parish. Young Mott was one of the ushers at the Vanderbilt-Fair wedding a short time ago.

REMARKABLE CURE.

Threw Away His Crutches and Invalid Chair.

Belding, Mich., May 2.—The people of this city are mystified by the remarkable cure of Arthur Fitzjohn, aged 20 years, who has been crippled ever since his 6th birthday and obliged to use crutches and a wheel chair, his limbs, from the hips down, being almost useless. Recently he attended a Free Methodist meeting here and experienced religion. He went to the altar and upon arising stated that he had received free and full pardon. The following day he threw away his crutches and discarded his street invalid chair, which the citizens presented to him three years ago. He is now walking the streets.

REPUDIATION OF KYLE.

May Result In South Dakota Senator's Defeat.

Washington, May 2.—The repudiation of Senator Kyle, of South Dakota, probably means the retirement of that statesman at the end of his present term.

If President McKinley had recognized him to the extent of appointing his candidate for iternal revenue collector, Kyle would have been a hard candidate to defeat for the senatorship, but in turning him down the president made his defeat practically certain.

The rebuke was an extremely bitter dose for Kyle to swallow, in view of the policy of the president to appoint Democrats to federal offices in the South. He is of the opinion that his return to the Republican party two years ago wiped out his old record, and that the president was guilty of ingratitude in turning him down. Kyle may turn to his ancient enemy, Pettigrew, and in a spirit of revenge, aid him to defeat Representative Burke for the senate.

SERIES OF FATALITIES.

Boy Drowned By a Big Fish at St. Louis.

St. Louis, May 2.—In attempting to drag in a large fish with his net at the mouth of Cahokia creek, in East St. Louis, Freddie Schoeffer, 12 years old, was pulled from a trestle into the water and was drowned. His body has not yet been recovered.

Oct. 16, 1900, Frank Schoeffer, the boy's father, an employe of the Tudor Iron works, was killed on an Illinois Central engine on Bond avenue, as he was returning home from work. Two months before Mrs. Schoeffer, Freddie's mother, died suddenly, presumably of heart disease, and his grandmother is expected to die.

A New Comer Expected

Waiting.

It will bring joy and comfort, especially if its birth is made easy to the mother.

Children born under painful circumstances or surroundings before or during accouchement are rarely strong, hearty and healthy.

Parents and relatives should recommend a trial of *"Mother's Friend"* for external use. It is a simple and effective liniment, relieving all pain by relaxing the muscles. There is nothing like it in the world.

Sold by all Druggists, or sent by express paid on receipt of price, $1 per bottle. THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Every woman should send for a little book we publish on "Motherhood." It is free.

HUNGER IS APPEASED

Demand For Iron and Steel Has Fallen Off Considerably.

Rumors of Some Canadian Business Having Gone to Germany.

Generally Speaking Export Trade Is Very Dull at Present.

New York, May 2.—Discussing the condition of the iron and steel trade, the Iron Age says: The buying hunger is appeased, and in many directions the tonnage of new orders has fallen off considerably as it could not otherwise be after so prolonged and heavy a purchasing movement. Pittsburg reports further sales of basic pig iron, and it is intimated that the leading interest will soon take quantities of Bessemer pig for the second half, for which little has been done so far. Apparently there is also a reserve buying power in forge irons.

On the other hand, Cincinnati reports at least one round transaction in Southern pig iron, on the basis of $11.25 for No. 2 at Birmingham, against $11.75, which has recently ruled. Eastern Pennsylvania, too, displays some irregularity in prices of foundry iron. The steel market is quiet and $24 for billets is the basis of the moderate business which is going. The steel rail mills have taken a heavy tonnage, all the buyers having been given an opportunity to put in their orders before the advance. Some of the mills have been forced to turn away orders in considerable quantity because of their inability to roll the rails in time. The explanation which is made in the trade of recent advance in rails is that the mills want to clinch what work they have on their books and want to prevent cancellations later on.

Rumors are afloat that a German mill has taken an order for 7000 tons for a Canadian road and figuring is now being done on another 10,000-ton lot. It appears, too, that some South American business may go to Europe. It is noteworthy that the European makers seem at last to have become convinced that our strong position here is not a mere sham, but is based on an enormous consumption. The Germans have stiffened considerably of late and are naming prices in the English market which are turning the business to the British works. The report that a leading interest has placed 20,000 tons of ship plates in Belfast lacks confirmation here. Some weeks since such a transaction was reported from England.

Generally speaking, the export trade is very dull. It has practically ceased in pig iron, steel billets and bars and other lines, although it does continue with gratifying persistence in structural material. In the latter the rush of work is over for the present, but it has left the shops crowded with work for many months to come.

One of the great yards in Delaware is reported to have taken some important business lately and is now inquiring for the material. The Eastern bar iron manufacturers had another conference last week. While nothing that is definite has been yet done, the impression seems to prevail that the makers will ultimately agree upon some equitable basis.

The sheet trade throughout the country is still under very heavy pressure and does not appear to be gaining as yet on the accumulated orders.

NO CHRISTMAS BOXES.

Soldier In Philippines Says Goods Were Stolen.

Pittsburg, May 2.—Pittsburg last fall took great pride and pleasure in sending boxes to the soldiers in the Philippines, and Uncle Sam added to the good feeling by promising to deliver the boxes to the boys on Christmas time. A member of Company B, Twenty-third infantry, writes, under the date of March 8, to the Dispatch from Iligan, Mindanao, Philippine islands, to say that many of the boxes were never delivered; that others were rifled by some one, and that the commissary department has failed for a month and more at a time to provide onions and potatoes, to which the soldiers claim they are entitled. This soldier says in his letter:

"We not only got no extras of any kind at Christmas, but boxes that were sent to some of the soldiers by their friends never reached them, and those who were lucky enough to get the boxes found that a greater part of the contents were missing. Whose fault this was I do not know, but if the officers charged with this duty would do it themselves instead of leaving it to thieving help every soldier here would bless them. I sat down to hardtack on Christmas day.

"We have had no potatoes or onions for five weeks. A lot of ministers and women belonging to the W. C. T. U., by doing away with the army canteen, have taken from us what little chance a soldier had of buying extras for the mess. The only people they helped by doing away with the canteen were the liquor dealers, who have places about the army posts."

MARSHALL'S CHANCES.

Regarded as Leading Candidate For Grain Inspector.

St. Paul, May 2.—L. D. Marshall is the leading candidate for chief grain inspector, and his appointment is likely to be announced by the commission in a day or two. Mr. Marshall is an old grain man, and is now in the employ of the St. Anthony and Dakota Elevator company as a traveling inspector. His headquarters are in Minneapolis, but his residence is at Crookston. He has never been prominent in politics. Should he be appointed, he will not displace E. S. Reishus until the close of the crop year about Aug 1.

Marshall's chief competitor is G. F. Moulton of Minneapolis, another old grain man, a former inspector and a Republican worker.

WILL JOIN IN TRIBUTE.

New York, May 2.—The London bar will rally in force at the coming dinner of the Hardwick society given in honor of Maitre Labori, in Holborn restaurant, says the Tribune's London correspondent. Nearly all the leaders of the English bench and bar will join in this tribute of respect to a great French advocate.

The man who can hardly crawl, and has just strength to get through a day's work, has no strength left for family life. He wants to be quiet; to be alone, out of sight and sound of everybody.

What a difference between such a man and the healthy, hearty man, who romps with his children and rides his laughing baby to "Banbury Cross."

What makes the difference? Usually disease of the stomach, involving the entire digestive and nutritive system.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. When these diseases are cured the hindrance to the proper nourishment of the body is removed and strength comes back again.

"I am happy to say I am getting to feel fine," writes Mr. A. J. Vauderwater, of 873 West Division Street, Chicago, Ill. "In all I have taken six bottles of 'Golden Medical Discovery' and four or five vials of the little 'Pellets.' They have done me worlds of good. These medicines have brought the great change in me from a slow mope of a man that could hardly crawl, tired and sick all the time, and could do no work. Now I can work, sleep, eat, and feel fine, and that tired feeling is all going away. I am very thankful that I wrote to Dr. Pierce. His 'Golden Medical Discovery' and his little liver 'Pellets' have almost made a new man of me. I feel young as I did at thirty years. No other doctor for me, only Dr. Pierce."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, in paper covers, is sent *free* on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

MAY FIGHT.

Gates on Brink of War With the Morgan Interests.

New York, May 2.—John W. Gates has been the center of interest in the local steel situation. Mr. Gates is said to be on the brink of war with the Rockefeller-Morgan syndicate, which recently brought the American Steel and Wire company, Mr. Gates' pet industrial scheme, into the United States Steel corporation. There have been whispers of friction between Mr. Gates and the Morgan interests for a number of weeks, but only in the past few days has there been rumor of a definite break between them.

The effort of the United States Steel corporation backers to wipe Mr. Gates off the industrial map is said to be the prime motive for his hostility. A perusal of the recently announced committees of the United States Steel corporation fails to disclose the name of John W. Gates. This omission is said to have been an unpleasant surprise to the wire magnate, who expected recognition of some sort from the syndicate. A further effort to reduce Mrs. Gates' importance in the industrial world will be made this week it is said at a meeting of the American Steel and Wire company, when the Morgan crowd will see that Mr. Gates is either retired or relegated to a less conspicuous position. The number of steel and wire company directors will be reduced in accordance with the established policy of the new corporation. Mr. Gates refuses to discuss his rumored troubles with the Morgan people. When asked at the Waldorf-Astoria whether or not he would resign as chairman of the steel and wire company, he said: "You had better ask Mr. Schwab about that."

President Schwab said that the steel and wire meeting had been adjourned, and he did not know what would be done. He refused to affirm or deny the report of friction with Mr. Gates. The latter, it may be remarked, is by no means a back number, even in these days of Morgan prosperity. Any attempt to crowd him out of the steel and wire board will precipitate a very lively battle, according to friends of the Chicago speculator. His reputation as a fighter is well established in Wall street, and there can be found men who aver Mr. Gates will make steel extremely interesting for Mr. Morgan and his clique if their present tactics are pursued.

TOUR OF THE WORLD.

President's Plans For Close of His Term.

Wheeling, W. Va., May 2.—Capt. Blackburn B. Dovener, congressman from the first West Virginia district, who with Senators Elkins and Scott, enjoys the confidence of President McKinley and his advisers to an unusual degree, is quoted in a special telegram from Washington as saying that the president has plans on foot for a tour of the world at the close of his term.

The tour of the world will begin in the summer of 1905 and will cover the civilized globe. It is to be undertaken to gratify Mr. McKinley's desire to see the world and to spread the greatness of the American nation.

The president then hopes to settle down as his party's adviser and not as a silent ex-president.

BANKER BURCH DEAD.

Dubuque, Iowa, May 2.—George B. Burch, one of the best known men in the Mississippi valley, president of the Second National bank, died this morning, aged 65 years.

OLD OFFICERS ELECTED.

Detroit, May 2.—The annual election of the Pere Marquette railroad was held in President Heald's office here yesterday for the purpose of electing directors of the road. The old board of directors was re-elected. No other business of importance was transacted.

DAY'S WORK ESTABLISHED.

Detroit, May 2.—As a result of a conference between President C. M. Heald of the Pere Marquette system, and M. M. Dolpain, grand chief of the railroad telegraphers of America, here yesterday the telegraphers of the Pere Marquette system who have been working anywhere from ten to sixteen hours a day will have an established work day of twelve hours.

Dr. Lyon's PERFECT Tooth Powder

AN ELEGANT TOILET LUXURY.

Used by people of refinement for over a quarter of a century.

THIEVES CAUGHT

Principal In American Express Robbery at Paris Nabbed.

Born In Chicago But Worked as a Barber In France.

Had a Fine Outfit of Burglars' Tools When Taken.

Paris, May 2.—The principal author of the robbery of the American Express company's office in Paris, on the night of April 26, when three masked burglars escaped with 33,000 francs, has been arrested. His name is George Miler or Miller and he was born in Chicago. For some time he has lived in Paris under the name of James Samuel, being employed in a barber shop. When arrested he was found in possession of a part of the stolen funds, a number of dynamite cartridges and a set of burglar tools.

It appears that the detection of the thieves was due to almost pure chance. Some days before the burglary the detectives, who are ever on the lookout in the streets for suspicious characters noticed the men of English appearance, whose behavior was very mysterious. These persons entered banks without doing any business and inspected buildings. It was thought that they were planning a burglary.

On the day preceding the robbery of the American Express office they were seen just outside. One of the thieves purchased some thick cord at a grocery store, and when a sample of this was afterward identified as identical with that used in binding the caretaker, there was no longer any doubt as to the identity of the burglars. The detectives had maintained a careful watch at the railway stations for persons who might be connected with the robbery, and their patience was rewarded yesterday morning at the Gare Du Nord, where they apprehended Miler, who was about to take a train connecting with a line of steamers. Miler was the bearer of a large number of the stolen checks, and the sum of 6000 francs enclosed in a box inside a leather hand bag. He had also in this bag dynamite cartridges, jimmies, a metal saw and drills of the finest steel, bearing the name of a New York maker. Miler, who is a man of medium height and muscular, with blue eyes and a light mustache, was immediately taken to the police headquarters, where he was questioned by M. Leydt, the examining magistrate, with the aid of Inspector Houiller, acting as interpreter, as Miler does not speak French. He said he was 40 years of age and was born in Chicago, but had lived at a hotel at 42 Rue de Rivoli under an assumed name, following the trade of barber. He then made a full confession, admitting that he had accomplices, but affirming that the American colored boy, who was acting as watchman, was innocent. The prisoner showed a disposition to indicate the manner by which the express offices were entered and to give details as to the opening of the safe, when he was stopped by an observation of the magistrate to the effect that he had a right to refuse these explanations when his counsel was not present. Miler has selected to defend him M. Paul de Fallois, a well known advocate, who understands English.

Another of the thieves, "Tom" Edwards, has been arrested at Amiens, his baggage being seized at the railway station. It is believed that other arrests are imminent.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Albert C. Case has been chosen to succeed John E. Searles, resigned, as president of the American Cotton company, and assumed the duties of the position. Mr. Case has been for years the credit manager of the Carnegie Steel company, and one of the partners.

Governor Dietrich, of Nebraska, resigned Wednesday and was succeeded by Ezra P. Savage. The resignation was sent to the secretary of state and immediately accepted. Governor Savage then took his seat and his first official act was the signing of the senatorial commission for Senator Dietrich.

All heat records for May weather during the last thirty years were broken at St. Paul, Wednesday. Unofficial thermometers registered as high as 92 degrees in the shade, while the government instrument, many feet above the sizzling asphalt streets, reached 90. The heated spell has now continued for almost a week, increasing in intensity each day.

A dispatch received from Gen. MacArthur at Manilla, states that the hospital reports show 2586 sick in the hospitals in the Philippines and 613 sick in quarters. This, 5.586 per cent, is a less percentage of sick than has been shown at any time since the United States troops were sent to the islands.

At a session of the city council of Logansport, Ind., last night, a resolution was passed demanding the resignation of Mayor George P. McKee, who is charged in the resolution with being an excessive user of intoxicating liquors, the resignation to take effect at once. Mayor McKee is a Republican, and has held the office two terms.

President Uhler, of the Marine Engineers' association, announced that J. J. Corrigan, one of the most prominent inland vessel owners on the lakes and chairman of the executive committee of the Lake Carriers' association, has agreed to pay the wage scale of the engineers. The men employed on Mr. Corrigan's boats will resume work at once.

CABLE FLASHES.

The constitutional committee of the riksdag has determined to report Gerhard Dryssen, the minister of marine, for lack of fitness and conscientiousness in punishing Rear Admiral Hagg for a supposed fault.

May Day passed off quietly at Berlin. Three hundred and eighty-five thousand persons attended the various Socialist and trades union meetings and at all of these resolutions were adopted in favor of the 8-hour day and the right of union.

A representative of the government has informed the reichstag committee on petitions that Germany had demanded £5000 from Great Britain on account of certain Transvaal expulsions and that Great Britain had refused the demand on the ground that she did not wish to establish a precedent, but was investigating the whole subject.

At a meeting of the British Empire league Wednesday, it was disclosed that the colonial office has been in correspondence with the government of Canada in regard to including Canada in the title of King Edward. The result of the negotiations will not be made known until the correspondence is published.

It is persistently reported at Pekin that there has been fresh fighting between the Russians and the Chinese in Manchuria. No great credence is placed in such rumors, however, as it is believed they are circulated to show the necessity for an increase in the military strength of Russia.

Friday Snaps!

We realize the fact that Friday is an off day for shopping. That is the cause responsible for these very low prices. We are able to give better service Friday than any other day in the week. You will find it profitable to visit us Friday.

5c—**Talcum Powder, full size box with a sprinkler top,** generally sold for 10c a box, for Friday the price is only 5c

5c—**Embroidery Remnants, in widths from two** to six inches—were bargains at 8c a yard, Friday a yard 5c

5c—**Ribbons, a handsome line of striped and brocaded** hair ribbons, 1901 colorings, regularly 10c a yard, Friday a yard 5c

50c—**Men's Colored Negligee Shirts, collars** and cuffs attached, you'll pay 75c Saturday, Friday only 50c

4½c—**36-inch soft bleached Muslin—is not** starched—is cheap at 7c—Friday 10 yards to a customer at a yard 4½c

4½c—**A line of Standard Brands Apron** Ginghams—large and small checks—10 yards to a customer Friday at a yard 4½c

3½c—**18 inch Cotton Toweling—twilled—** white—a bargain at 5c a yard - 10 yards to a customer Friday at a yard 3½c

11c—**Unbleached Sheeting—a fine soft kind—you** will search far and wide and not duplicate this snap—10 yards to a customer Friday at a yard 11c

HENDREN & TALLANT CO

117-119 W. Superior St. The New Store Metropolitan Block.

Moving and Storage

THE OLD RELIABLE

Duluth Van Co

'Phone 492—Old
'Phone 767—Zenith

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VIM VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN

Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhoea, Pain in Back, Evil Desires, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Semen, Varicocele, or Constipation, Stops Quickness of Discharge, Stops Nervous Twitchings of Eyelids. Effects are lumediate. Impart vigor and potency to every function. Small; get despondent, a cure is at hand, Restores small, undeveloped organs. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. $2 a box, 6 for $10 by mail. A written guarantee, to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. Address, Bishop Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal.

50 CENTS

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

BEN FRANKLIN RYE.

Finest whiskey ever produced.

"My Office"

Room D, Torrey Bldg.

Wm. McCullough

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, April 24th, 1901.

In the matter of the estate of Dexter Tower, deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of the executors of the estate of Dexter Tower, deceased, representing among other things that they have fully administered said estate and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of such administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard by this court on Monday, the 20th day of May, A. D. 1901, at two o'clock p. m., at the office of the probate judge at the court house in Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., the 24th day of April, A. D. 1901.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, April-25-May-2-9-1901.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.

Sold in Duluth at

The Ideal Beer Hall.

BIG G

CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days. Acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Disease, and all effects of self-abuse or excesses and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advice free. Address 269 Dearborn St. Royal Medicine Co., CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale by Max Wirth and S. F. Boyce, druggists, Duluth, Minn.

NOTICE OF
FORFEITED TAX SALE
Under Chapter 319, Laws of 1901.

Whereas, Pursuant to a real estate tax judgment of the district court in the county of St. Louis, entered the twenty-first day of March, A. D. 1900, in proceedings for the enforcement for the payment of taxes which became delinquent in the year 1897 and any prior year or years and not satisfied by payment, redemption, or sale of the real estate to actual purchasers, pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 322 of the general laws of Minnesota of the year 1899, the lands hereinafter described were offered for sale by the county auditor of said county at his office immediately following the delinquent tax sale in May, A. D. 1900, pursuant to notice of sale made and published as provided by said Chapter 322, general laws of 1899, and were bid in for the state of Minnesota at said sale;

"* * * Any owner or interested person may redeem any tract or parcel of such real estate by paying into the county treasury fifty per cent of the amount of the judgment obtained pursuant to Chapter 322, general laws 1899, together with all taxes subsequent to said judgment or subsequent to the last year's taxes in said judgment, and all penalties, costs and interests thereon. * * *"

Now therefore, Pursuant to Chapter 319 of the general laws of Minnesota for the year 1901, approved April 12, 1901, entitled "An act to provide for the disposition of real estate bid in for the state of Minnesota at the forfeited tax sale held in pursuance of Chapter 322, general laws of 1899," and pursuant to said tax judgment above described, I shall, on the ninth day of September, A. D. 1901, being the second Monday in said September, 1901, at ten (10) o'clock in the forenoon of said day at my office in the court house in the city of Duluth, county of St. Louis, Minnesota, sell at public vendue the lands bid in for the state of Minnesota, pursuant to the tax judgment above described, which shall not have been redeemed previous to the first day of September, A. D. 1901, as provided in said Chapter 319, general laws of 1901.

After sale to an actual purchaser, the owner or interested party can redeem only upon payment of the full amount of the judgment obtained under Chapter 322, general laws of 1899, with interest and costs. Sale is absolute after "notice of expiration" has been given as provided in Section 1654, general statutes 1894.

The following is a description of said lands so to be sold, together with the names of the owners thereof, as shown by the said judgment above described, the year or years for which said taxes are delinquent and the amount of the said judgment entered against each tract under said Chapter 322, general laws of 1899.

Witness my hand and seal of office at Duluth, county and state aforesaid, this 23rd day of April, 1901.

(Seal of the Auditor, St. Louis County.)

O. HALDEN,
Auditor, St. Louis County, Minnesota.

Name of Owner as Shown by Judgment.	Description of Property.	Lt.	Blk.	Year or Years for Which Taxes are Delinquent.	Amount of Judgment Entered Under Chapter 322, General Laws 1899. Dollars cts
CITY OF DULUTH—DULUTH PROPER, SECOND DIVISION.					
Shephard Frost, south 37 49-100 ft of north 107 48-100 ft		244	20	1890 to 1895 inc	114 94
Emma Stephens, n½ of north 50 feet except 20 feet for alley		117	63	1892 to 1895 inc	89 09
A. B. Heaberly		439	15½	1893	69
Gustafson and Runquist		356	166	1892 to 1895 inc	2 22
J. F. Appleby		356	174	1894 and 1895 to 1895 inc	3 17
Lindner and Dunnell		325	175	1894 and 1895	5 79
DULUTH PROPER, THIRD DIVISION.					
Duluth Improvement Co., all that portion of lot eleven (11) of block D, Duluth Proper, Third division, lying southerly of a line described as follows: Commencing at a point on the westerly line of Sixth avenue west, which point is distant seventy-eight (78) ft. southeasterly from the intersection of said westerly line of Sixth avenue west and southerly line of Michigan street, thence westerly at right angles to said westerly line of Sixth avenue west seventy-three (73) ft to a point; thence in a southwesterly direction at an angle if degrees and 7 minutes to last mentioned line until it intersects the west line of said lot eleven (11) of Block D. (All that portion of said lot lying south of above described lines exempt				1890 to 1895 inc	727 90
FLEISHER & CREMER'S REARRANGEMENT OF BLOCK 56—DULUTH PROPER, THIRD DIVISION.					
Emma and Agnes Cremer, north twelve (12) ft of south 91 ft		6	1	1893 to 1895 inc	5 86
Fleisher and Cremer, north twelve (12) ft of south 91 ft		7	1	1892 to 1895 inc	7 98
Fleisher and Cremer, north twelve (12) ft of south 91 ft		8	1	1892 to 1895 inc	9 44
DULUTH PROPER, THIRD DIVISION					
Margaret Ebener		191	104	1889 to 1895 inc	109 35
Margaret Ebener		186	104	1889 to 1895 inc	22 85
Margaret Ebener		188	104	1889 to 1895 inc	9 05
E. M. Croft, except that part lying within ten (10) ft of east line of Piedmont avenue		45	166½	1894 and 1895	10 62
E. M. Croft, except that part lying within 10 ft of west line of Piedmont avenue		45	167	1894 and 1895	58 94
G. Root and Margaret Annick, undivided ½ west 33 ft		43	184	1895	3 16
W. W. Clayton		53	185	1889 to 1895 inc	74 49
Louis M. Beasley		65	187	1889 to 1895 inc	58 04
Louis M. Beasley		67	187	1889 to 1895 inc	66 44
W. W. Clayton		74	190	1889 to 1895 inc	50 09
W. W. Clayton		75	190	1889 to 1895 inc	27 77
W. W. Clayton		76	190	1892 to 1895 inc	70 32
Unknown		76	190	1892 to 1895 inc	48 23
W. W. Spalding		53	191	1892 to 1895 inc	46 43
W. W. Spalding		55	191	1892 to 1895 inc	48 55
W. W. Spalding		50	191	1892 to 1895 inc	41 59
W. W. Spalding		52	191	1892 to 1895 inc	37 61
W. W. Spalding		54	191	1892 to 1895 inc	40 26
W. W. Spalding		58	191	1892 to 1895 inc	16 01
Margaret Ebener		43	194	1889 to 1895 inc	8 07
Unknown		All	196	1890 to 1895 inc	51 15
Ruth A. Ingalls		51	198	1891 to 1895 inc	3 83
Unknown		52	200	1892 to 1895 inc	1 77
Unknown		54	200	1892 to 1895 inc	
AUDITOR'S REARRANGEMENT OF A PART OF PORTLAND DIVISION OF DULUTH.					
M. J. Evans		7	147½	1892 to 1895 inc	9,05
RAY'S ANNEX TO PORTLAND.					
R. C. Ray		11	153	1895	3 78
ENDION DIVISION OF DULUTH.					
S. B. Holebird		1	A	1890-1892 to 1895 inc	4 27
H. H. Hearne		11	1	1893 to 1895 inc	17 94
HARRISON'S DIVISION OF DULUTH.					
M. B. Harrison		5	20	1894 and 1895	44 53
M. B. Harrison		6	20	1894 and 1895	44 53
M. B. Harrison		7	20	1894 and 1895	44 53
M. B. Harrison		5	22	1894 and 1895	39 38
RICE'S POINT.					
Rice's Point Presbyterian church		100	58	1892	12 96
Giles Gilbert		402	109	1886 to 1890 inc	42 97
Giles Gilbert		404	109	1886 to 1890 inc	42 97
Giles Gilbert		406	109	1886 to 1890 inc	42 97
Giles Gilbert		408	109	1886 to 1890 inc	42 97
Giles Gilbert		410	109	1886 to 1890 inc	42 97
Giles Gilbert		412	109	1886 to 1890 inc	42 92
Giles Gilbert		414	109	1886 to 1890 inc	42 96
Giles Gilbert		416	109	1886 to 1890 inc	42 97
Giles Gilbert		418	109	1886 to 1890 inc	42 97
Giles Gilbert		420	109	1886 to 1890 inc	42 92
Giles Gilbert		401	128	1886 to 1890 inc	39 58
Giles Gilbert		403	128	1886 to 1890 inc	39 53
Giles Gilbert		405	128	1886 to 1890 inc	39 53
Giles Gilbert		407	128	1886 to 1890 inc	39 53
Giles Gilbert		409	128	1886 to 1890 inc	39 58
Giles Gilbert		411	128	1886 to 1890 inc	39 58
Giles Gilbert		413	128	1886 to 1890 inc	39 57
Giles Gilbert		415	128	1886 to 1890 inc	39 57
Giles Gilbert		417	128	1886 to 1890 inc	39 58
Giles Gilbert		419	128	1886 to 1890 inc	39 58
Giles Gilbert		421	128	1886 to 1890 inc	39 58
Giles Gilbert		423	128	1886 to 1890 inc	39 58
Giles Gilbert		425	128	1886 to 1890 inc	39 55
Giles Gilbert		427	128	1886 to 1890 inc	39 55
Giles Gilbert		429	128	1886 to 1890 inc	39 58
Western Land association		401	89	1888 to 1890 inc	26 15
Western Land association		403	89	1888 to 1890 inc	26 09
UPPER DULUTH, ST. LOUIS AVENUE.					
Paul Sorenson et al, und ½		79		1892 to 1895 inc	19 74
James M. McLennan		196		1891 1895 inc	59 29
James M. McLennan, und ½		198		1894 and 1895	9 29
James M. McLennan, und ½		200		1891 and 1895	9 87
Unknown		246		1887 to 1895 inc	100 93
Unknown		248		1887 to 1895 inc	100 96
LOWER DULUTH, LAKE AVENUE.					
W. A. Thompson		100		1892 to 1895 inc	26 16
LOWER DULUTH, ST. LOUIS AVENUE.					
N. F. Hugo		21		1888 to 1895 inc	70 39
H. R. Spencer		69		1890 to 1895 inc	60 78
T. F. McGowan		107		1894 and 1895	15 47
Unknown		155		1892 to 1895 inc	30 49
W. Parsons		157		1892 to 1895 inc	35 52
W. Parsons		159		1892 to 1895 inc	37 16
Mannheim & Jefferson		163		1891 to 1895 inc	23 35
Unknown		211		1892 to 1895 inc	32 19
W. Parsons		248		1889 to 1895 inc	42 15
McNair and McCarthy		262		1889, 1890, 1892, 1893, 1894 and 1895	64 29
McNair and McCarthy		264		1889 to 1895 inc	72 25
Unknown		275		1892 to 1895 inc	22 65
Unknown		277		1893 to 1895 inc	22 64
A. N. Selp		312		1892 to 1895 inc	46 46
J. J. Hibbard and F. A. Patrick		315		1891 to 1895 inc	25 70
Unknown		358		1891 to 1895 inc	55 31
N. F. Hugo, und ½		362		1890 to 1895 inc	63 67
Mannheim and Jefferson, und ½		364		1891 to 1895 inc	28 11
Denfeld and Stewart, und ½		378		1894 and 1895	9 17
M. S. Stewart, und ½		378		1894 and 1895	9 26
Mary B. Lee		380		1893 to 1895 inc	23 29
EAST DULUTH					
East Duluth company		9	69	1891 to 1895 inc	53 28
East Duluth company		1	70	1891 to 1895 inc	33 12
East Duluth company		2	70	1891 to 1895 inc	24 89
East Duluth company		3	70	1891 to 1895 inc	10 38
East Duluth company		4	70	1891 to 1895 inc	10 28
East Duluth company		5	70	1891 to 1895 inc	5 44
LONG VIEW ADDITION TO DULUTH.					
William H. Sheldon		6	3	1895	1 14
Henry R. Wooster		2	7	1894 and 1895	3 99
WOOSTER DIVISION OF DULUTH.					
William H. Seldon		8	1	1894 and 1895	1 34

Name of Owner as Shown by Judgment.	Description of Property.	Lt.	Blk.	Year or Years for Which Taxes are Delinquent.	Amount of Judgment Entered Under Chapter 322, General Laws 1899. Dollars cts
CITY OF DULUTH—CONTINUED. SPALDING ADDITION TO CITY OF DULUTH.					
Dahl and Wohlin, und ¼		1	4	1895	22
Dahl and Wohlin, und ¼		2	4	1895	33
Dahl and Wohlin, un ¼		3	4	1895	72
Dahl and Wohlin, un ¼		4	4	1895	83
Dahl and Wohlin, und ¼		5	4	1895	1 00
F. Gabrielson		24	4	1893 to 1895 inc	4 53
F. Gabrielson		25	4	1893 to 1895 inc	2 99
F. Grabrielson		26	4	1893 to 1895 inc	1 45
HARRISON'S BROOKDALE DIVISION OF DULUTH.					
M. B. Harrison		1	28	1891 to 1895 inc	37 22
M. Bergquist		19	29	1890 to 1895 inc	86 97
M. Bergquist		20	29	1890 to 1895 inc	65 09
M. B. Harrison		1	52	1891 to 1895 inc	9 43
M. B. Harrison		2	52	1891 to 1895 inc	18 70
DULUTH HEIGHTS, THIRD DIVISION.					
N. L. Upham, fractional		10	4	1894 and 1895	63
N. L. Upham		27	4	1894 and 1895	4 88
CLOUGH'S ADDITION TO DULUTH.					
James Oliver		11	8	1894	3 68
James Oliver		12	8	1894	3 65
James Oliver		13	8	1894	3 68
James Oliver		14	8	1894	3 65
LAKE VIEW DIVISION OF DULUTH.					
Unknown		All	35	1890, '92, '93, '94 and '95	10 22
L. N. Willcuts, all of lots 1, 2, 3 and 4, Block 42, except that part lying south and east of a line running from a point in the west line of lot 1 60 feet north of northerly line of Thirteenth street, to a point on the east line of lot 4, 17 feet north of northerly line of Thirteenth street				1895	22 84
MERCHANTS PARK DIVISION OF DULUTH.					
S. L. Merchant		5	1	1892 to 1895 inc	6 65
S. L. Merchant		6	1	1892 to 1895 inc	4 25
S. L. Merchant		7	1	1892 to 1895 inc	1 88
H. W. Merchant		29	1	1892, 1894 and 1895 inc	1 37
Sarah E. Walcott		12	2	1895	43
S. L. Merchant		15	3	1892 to 1895 inc	1 06
S. L. Merchant		24	3	1892 to 1895 inc	4 26
S. L. Merchant		25	3	1892 to 1895 inc	1 88
S. L. Merchant		17	11	1892 to 1895 inc	6 65
S. L. Merchant		18	11	1892 to 1895 inc	4 27
S. L. Merchant		19	11	1892 to 1895 inc	1 88
S. L. Merchant		11	14	1892 to 1895 inc	1 06
S. L. Merchant		29	14	1892 to 1895 inc	1 06
S. L. Merchant		30	14	1892 to 1895 in	1 87
S. L. Merchant		31	14	1892 to 1895 inc	4 27
S. L. Merchant		32	14	1892 to 1895 inc	6 85
COFFIN, WARNER & JONES' ADDITION TO DULUTH.					
W. F. Homes et al		All	1	1892 to 1895 inc	1 88
W. F. Homes et al		8	2	1892 to 1895 inc	5 58
W. F. Homes et al		9	2	1892 to 1895 inc	5 17
W. F. Homes et al		10	2	1892 to 1895 inc	4 28
W. F. Homes et al		11	2	1892 to 1895 inc	3 52
W. F. Homes et al		12	2	1892 to 1895 inc	2 63
W. F. Homes et al		13	2	1892 to 1895 inc	1 88
W. F. Homes et al		14	2	1892 to 1895 inc	1 86
W. F. Homes et al		25	2	1892 to 1895 inc	6 05
W. F. Homes et al		26	2	1892 to 1895 inc	6 06
W. F. Homes et al		27	2	1892 to 1895 inc	6 06
W. F. Homes et al		28	2	1892 to 1895 inc	6 06
W. F. Homes et al		29	2	1892 to 1895 inc	6 05
W. F. Homes et al		30	2	1892 to 1895 inc	5 99
W. F. Homes et al		1	4	1892 to 1895 inc	1 88
W. F. Homes et al		2	4	1892 to 1895 inc	1 86
W. F. Homes et al		5	4	1892 to 1895 inc	4 89
W. F. Homes et al		8	5	1892 to 1895 inc	5 91
W. F. Homes et al		9	5	1892 to 1895 inc	5 17
W. F. Homes et al		10	5	1892 to 1895 inc	4 28
W. F. Homes et al		11	5	1892 to 1895 inc	3 52
W. F. Homes et al		12	5	1892 to 1895 inc	2 63
W. F. Homes et al		13	5	1892 to 1895 inc	1 88
W. F. Homes et al		14	5	1892 to 1895 inc	1 86
W. F. Homes et al		15	5	1892 to 1895 inc	5 91
W. F. Homes et al		16	5	1892 to 1895 inc	6 80
W. F. Homes et al		17	5	1892 to 1895 inc	6 79
W. F. Homes et al		18	5	1892 to 1895 inc	6 80
W. F. Homes et al		19	5	1892 to 1895 inc	6 79
W. F. Homes et al		20	5	1892 to 1895 inc	6 80
W. F. Homes et al		21	5	1892 to 1895 inc	6 79
W. F. Homes et al		22	5	1892 to 1895 inc	6 80
W. F. Homes et al		23	5	1892 to 1895 inc	6 79
W. F. Homes et al		24	5	1892 to 1895 inc	6 80
W. F. Homes et al		25	5	1892 to 1895 inc	6 79
W. F. Homes et al		26	5	1892 to 1895 inc	6 78
W. F. Homes et al		27	5	1892 to 1895 inc	6 80
W. F. Homes et al		28	5	1892 to 1895 inc	6 79
W. F. Homes et al		29	5	1892 to 1895 inc	6 53
W. F. Homes et al		1	6	1892 to 1895 inc	6 78
W. F. Homes et al		2	6	1892 to 1895 inc	6 66
W. F. Homes et al		3	6	1892 to 1895 inc	5 99
W. F. Homes et al		4	6	1892 to 1895 inc	5 98
W. F. Homes et al		5	6	1892 to 1895 inc	5 98
W. F. Homes et al		6	6	1892 to 1895 inc	5 99
W. F. Homes et al		7	6	1892 to 1895 inc	5 99
W. F. Homes et al		8	6	1892 to 1895 inc	5 98
W. F. Homes et al		9	6	1892 to 1895 inc	5 98
W. F. Homes et al		10	6	1892 to 1895 inc	5 99
W. F. Homes et al		11	6	1892 to 1895 inc	5 99
W. F. Homes et al		12	6	1892 to 1895 inc	6 01
W. F. Homes et al		13	6	1892 to 1895 inc	6 79
W. F. Homes et al		14	6	1892 to 1895 inc	6 80
W. F. Homes et al		15	6	1892 to 1895 inc	6 79
W. F. Homes et al		16	6	1892 to 1895 inc	6 79
W. F. Homes et al		17	6	1892 to 1895 inc	6 06
W. F. Homes et al		12	7	1892 to 1895 inc	6 06
W. F. Homes et al		13	7	1892 to 1895 inc	6 05
W. F. Homes et al		14	7	1892 to 1895 inc	6 05
W. F. Homes et al		15	7	1892 to 1895 inc	6 05
W. F. Homes et al		16	7	1892 to 1895 inc	6 07
W. F. Homes et al		17	7	1892 to 1895 inc	6 06
W. F. Homes et al		18	7	1892 to 1895 inc	6 06
W. F. Homes et al		19	7	1892 to 1895 inc	6 05
W. F. Homes, et al		20	7	1892 to 1895 inc	6 07
W. F. Homes, et al		8	8	1892 to 1895 inc	6 79
W. F. Homes, et al		7	8	1892 to 1895 inc	5 15
W. F. Homes, et al		8	8	1892 to 1895 inc	4 27
W. F. Homes, et al		9	8	1892 to 1895 inc	2 52
W. F. Homes, et al		10	8	1892 to 1895 inc	2 63
W. F. Homes, et al		11	8	1892 to 1895 inc	1 88
W. F. Homes, et al		17	9	1892 to 1895 inc	6 79
W. F. Homes, et al		18	9	1892 to 1895 inc	6 60
W. F. Homes, et al		19	9	1892 to 1895 inc	5 98
W. F. Homes, et al		20	9	1892 to 1895 inc	5 98
W. F. Homes, et al		21	9	1892 to 1895 inc	5 98
W. F. Homes, et al		22	9	1892 to 1895 inc	5 99
W. F. Homes, et al		24	9	1892 to 1895 inc	6 19
W. F. Homes, et al		25	9	1892 to 1895 inc	6 01
W. F. Homes, et al		26	9	1892 to 1895 inc	5 99
W. F. Homes, et al		27	9	1892 to 1895 inc	6 00
W. F. Homes, et al		28	9	1892 to 1895 inc	5 99
W. F. Homes, et al		29	9	1892 to 1895 inc	6 00
W. F. Homes, et al		30	9	1892 to 1895 inc	5 98
W. F. Homes, et al		31	9	1892 to 1895 inc	5 99
W. F. Homes, et al		32	9	1892 to 1895 inc	6 76
W. F. Homes, et al		1	10	1892 to 1895 inc	6 74
W. F. Homes, et al		2	10	1892 to 1895 inc	6 00
W. F. Homes, et al		3	10	1892 to 1895 inc	6 00
W. F. Homes, et al		4	10	1892 to 1895 inc	6 00
W. F. Homes, et al		5	10	1892 to 1895 inc	5 99
W. F. Homes, et al		6	10	1892 to 1895 inc	6 00
W. F. Homes, et al		7	10	1892 to 1895 inc	6 00
W. F. Homes, et al		8	10	1892 to 1895 inc	6 00
W. F. Homes, et al		9	10	1892 to 1895 inc	6 01
W. F. Homes et al		10	10	1892 to 1895 inc	6 02
W. F. Homes et al		11	10	1892 to 1895 inc	6 02
W. F. Homes et al		12	10	1892 to 1895 inc	6 03
W. F. Homes et al		13	10	1892 to 1895 inc	6 03
W. F. Homes et al		14	10	1892 to 1895 inc	6 04
W. F. Homes et al		15	10	1892 to 1895 inc	6 04
W. F. Homes et al		16	10	1892 to 1895 inc	6 79
W. F. Homes et al		17	11	1892 to 1895 inc	7 90
W. F. Homes et al		18	11	1892 to 1895 inc	6 79
W. F. Homes et al		19	11	1892 to 1895 inc	6 79
W. F. Homes et al		20	11	1892 to 1895 inc	6 78
W. F. Homes et al		21	11	1892 to 1895 inc	6 80
W. F. Homes et al		22	11	1892 to 1895 inc	6 80
W. F. Homes et al		23	11	1892 to 1895 inc	6 80
W. F. Homes et al		24	11	1892 to 1895 inc	6 80
W. F. Homes et al		25	11	1892 to 1895 inc	6 79
W. F. Homes et al		26	11	1892 to 1895 inc	6 80
W. F. Homes et al		27	11	1892 to 1895 inc	6 79
W. F. Homes et al		28	11	1892 to 1895 inc	6 80
W. F. Homes et al		29	11	1892 to 1895 inc	6 80
W. F. Homes et al		30	11	1892 to 1895 inc	6 79
W. F. Homes et al		31	11	1892 to 1895 inc	6 80
W. F. Homes et al		32	11	1892 to 1895 inc	7 53
W. F. Homes et al		1	12	1892 to 1895 inc	7 98
W. F. Homes et al		2	12	1892 to 1895 inc	6 80
W. F. Homes et al		3	12	1892 to 1895 inc	6 79
W. F. Homes et al		4	12	1892 to 1895 inc	6 80
W. F. Homes et al		5	12	1892 to 1895 inc	5 89
W. F. Homes et al		6	12	1892 to 1895 inc	4 87
W. F. Homes et al		7	12	1892 to 1895 inc	4 20
W. F. Homes et al		8	12	1892 to 1895 inc	3 97
W. F. Homes et al		9	12	1892 to 1895 inc	2 63
W. F. Homes et al		10	12	1892 to 1895 inc	1 88
W. F. Homes et al		1	13	1892 to 1895 inc	2 63
W. F. Homes et al		2	13	1892 to 1895 inc	1 88
W. F. Homes et al		28	14	1892 to 1895 inc	6 79
W. F. Homes et al		29	14	1892 to 1895 inc	6 80
W. F. Homes et al		30	14	1892 to 1895 inc	6 79
W. F. Homes et al		31	14	1892 to 1895 inc	6 80
W. F. Homes et al		1	15	1892 to 1895 inc	6 04
W. F. Homes et al		2	15	1892 to 1895 inc	6 09
W. F. Homes et al		3	15	1892 to 1895 inc	6 00
W. F. Homes et al		4	15	1892 to 1895 inc	5 99
W. F. Homes et al		5	15	1892 to 1895 inc	5 98
W. F. Homes et al		6	15	1892 to 1895 inc	5 99
W. F. Homes et al		7	15	1892 to 1895 inc	5 99
W. F. Homes et al		8	15	1892 to 1895 inc	5 98
W. F. Homes et al		9	15	1892 to 1895 inc	5 99
W. F. Homes et al		10	15	1892 to 1895 inc	5 99
W. F. Homes et al		11	15	1892 to 1895 inc	5 99
W. F. Homes et al		12	15	1892 to 1895 inc	5 99
W. F. Homes et al		13	15	1892 to 1895 inc	5 99
W. F. Homes et al		14	15	1892 to 1895 inc	6 02
W. F. Homes et al		15	15	1892 to 1895 inc	6 02
W. F. Homes et al		16	15	1892 to 1895 inc	6 55
W. F. Homes et al		1	16	1892 to 1895 inc	1 10
W. F. Homes et al		1	16	1892 to 1895 inc	1 88
W. F. Homes et al		2	16	1892 to 1895 inc	2 63
W. F. Homes et al		3	16	1892 to 1895 inc	3 49
W. F. Homes et al		4	16	1892 to 1895 inc	4 26
W. F. Homes et al		5	16	1892 to 1895 inc	6 78
W. F. Homes et al		17	16	1892 to 1895 inc	6 00
W. F. Homes et al		18	16	1892 to 1895 inc	5 97
W. F. Homes et al		19	16	1892 to 1895 inc	5 99
W. F. Homes et al		20	16	1892 to 1895 inc	
W. F. Homes et al		21	16	1892 to 1895 inc	4 82
W. F. Homes et al		22	16	1892 to 1895 inc	4 28
W. F. Homes et al		23	16	1892 to 1895 inc	3 49
W. F. Homes et al		24	16	1892 to 1895 inc	2 63
W. F. Homes et al		25	16	1892 to 1895 inc	1 87

Name of Owner as Shown by Judgment.	Description of Property.	Lt.	Blk.	Year or Years for Which Taxes are Delinquent.	Amount of Judgment Entered Under Chapter 322, General Laws 1899. Dollars cts
CITY OF DULUTH—CONTINUED. COFFIN, WARNER & JONES' ADDITION TO DULUTH—CONTINUED.					
W. F. Holmes et al		26	16	1892 to 1895 inc	1 06
W. F. Homes et al		All	17	1892 to 1895 inc	1 87
W. F. Homes et al		6	18	1892 to 1895 inc	5 91
W. F. Homes et al		7	18	1892 to 1895 inc	5 91
W. F. Homes et al		8	18	1892 to 1895 inc	5 90
W. F. Homes et al		9	18	1892 to 1895 inc	5 91
W. F. Homes et al		10	18	1892 to 1895 inc	5 90
W. F. Homes et al		11	18	1892 to 1895 inc	5 91
W. F. Homes et al		12	18	1892 to 1895 inc	5 95
W. F. Homes et al		13	18	1892 to 1895 inc	5 99
W. F. Homes et al		14	18	1892 to 1895 inc	5 90
W. F. Homes et al		15	18	1892 to 1895 inc	5 91
W. F. Homes et al		16	18	1892 to 1895 inc	6 78
W. F. Homes et al		17	18	1892 to 1895 inc	6 78
W. F. Homes et al		18	18	1892 to 1895 inc	6 09
W. F. Homes et al		19	18	1892 to 1895 inc	5 94
W. F. Homes et al		20	18	1892 to 1895 inc	5 95
W. F. Homes et al		21	18	1892 to 1895 inc	5 95
W. F. Homes et al		3	19	1892 to 1895 inc	4 26
W. F. Homes et al		4	19	1892 to 1895 inc	3 41
W. F. Homes et al		5	19	1892 to 1895 inc	2 61
W. F. Homes et al		6	19	1892 to 1895 inc	1 88
W. F. Homes et al		7	19	1892 to 1895 inc	1 86
W. F. Homes et al		8	19	1892 to 1895 inc	1 61
FREDONIA ADDITION TO DULUTH.					
Della F. Pusey		3	A	1893 to 1895 inc	84
Della F. Pusey		4	A	1893 to 1895 inc	85
Della F. Pusey		5	A	1893 to 1895 inc	75
Della F. Pusey		6	A	1893 to 1895 inc	86
Della F. Pusey		7	A	1893 to 1895 inc	4
Della F. Pusey		12	B	1893 to 1895 inc	84
Della F. Pusey		13	B	1893 to 1895 inc	85
Della F. Pusey		14	B	1895 to 1895 inc	84
Della F. Pusey		15	B	1893 to 1895 inc	76
Della F. Pusey		22	B	1893 to 1895 inc	84
Della F. Pusey		23	B	1893 to 1895 inc	85
Della F. Pusey		24	B	1893 to 1895 inc	84
Della F. Pusey		25	B	1893 to 1895 inc	75
Della F. Pusey		26	B	1893 to 1895 inc	
CLIFTON HEIGHTS, FIRST DIVISION.					
Henry A. Longneck		13	17	1892 to 1895 inc	2 19
Henry A. Longneck		14	17	1892 to 1895 inc	2 39
Henry A. Longneck		15	17	1892 to 1895 inc	2 27
Henry A. Longneck		16	17	1892 to 1895 inc	2 27
W. D. Shingler	

Name of Owner as Shown by Judgment.	Description of Property.	Lt.	Blk.	Year or Years for Which Taxes are Delinquent.	Amount of Judgment Entered Under Chapter 322, General Laws 1899. Dollars cts
CITY OF DULUTH—CONTINUED. KENWOOD PARK ADDITION TO DULUTH—CONTINUED.					
N. F. Griswold		7	23	1892 to 1895 inc	6 85
N. F. Griswold		8	23	1892 to 1895 inc	6 88
N. F. Griswold		9	23	1892 to 1895 inc	6 85
N. F. Griswold		1	25	1892 to 1895 inc	6 85
N. F. Griswold		2	25	1892 to 1895 inc	6 88
N. F. Griswold		3	25	1892 to 1895 inc	6 87
N. F. Griswold		4	25	1892 to 1895 inc	6 81
N. F. Griswold		5	25	1892 to 1895 inc	6 99
N. F. Griswold		6	25	1892 to 1895 inc	6 85
N. F. Griswold		7	25	1892 to 1895 inc	6 87
N. F. Griswold		8	25	1892 to 1895 inc	6 85
N. F. Griswold		9	25	1892 to 1895 inc	6 84
N. F. Griswold		10	28	1892 to 1895 inc	6 80
N. F. Griswold		11	28	1892 to 1895 inc	6 86
N. F. Griswold		12	28	1892 to 1895 inc	6 85
N. F. Griswold		13	28	1892 to 1895 inc	6 87
N. F. Griswold		14	28	1892 to 1895 inc	6 86
N. F. Griswold		15	28	1892 to 1895 inc	6 98
N. F. Griswold		16	28	1892 to 1895 inc	6 86
N. F. Griswold		17	28	1892 to 1895 inc	6 85
N. F. Griswold		18	28	1892 to 1895 inc	10 76
ARLINGTON PLACE ADDITION TO DULUTH.					
S. G. Wilkins		7	5	1894	93
S. G. Wilkins		8	5	1894	93
James Farris		14	5	1892	1 30
James Farris		15	5	1895	1 35
A. M. Lee		18	5	1896	83
E. Blodgett, und ½		13	6	1891	76
E. Blodgett und ½		14	6	1891	77
E. Blodgett, und ½		15	6	1891	77
Smith and Backus, und ½		17	6	1891	1 27
J. A. Fruger		17	6	1891 to 1895 inc	76
J. A. Fruger		29	7	1895	77
J. A. Fruger		30	7	1895	77
Alma Tildin		6	8	1892 to 1895 inc	3 83
A. F. C. Cremer		41	8	1895	77
A. F. C. Cremer		42	8	1895	76
A. F. C. Cremer		43	8	1895	77
A. F. C. Cremer		44	8	1895	77
A. F. C. Cremer		45	8	1895	73
A. F. C. Cremer		46	8	1895	72
A. F. C. Cremer		47	8	1895	72
A. F. C. Cremer		48	8	1895	77
KENSINGTON PLACE ADDITION TO DULUTH.					
B. F. Mackintosh		31	2	1894 and 1895	1 03
B. F. Mackintosh		32	2	1894 and 1895	1 03
B. F. Mackintosh		33	2	1894 and 1895	93
B. F. Mackintosh		34	2	1894 and 1895	93
I. V. Bardon		31	3	1892 to 1895 inc	2 80
I. V. Bardon		32	3	1892 to 1895 inc	2 84
Emma H. Stewart		35	3	1895	62
Emma H. Stewart		36	3	1895	62
Emma H. Stewart		37	3	1895	62
Emma H. Stewart		38	3	1895	62
Sally E. Anderson		41	3	1895	62
Sally E. Anderson		42	3	1895	62
John F. Jones		7	4	1892 to 1895 inc	2 91
John F. Jones		8	4	1892 to 1895 inc	2 93
John F. Jones		9	4	1892 to 1895 inc	2 93
John F. Jones		10	4	1892 to 1895 inc	2 93
John F. Jones		11	4	1892 to 1895 inc	2 93
John F. Jones		12	4	1892 to 1895 inc	2 93
S. G. Wilkins		21	4	1894	60
S. G. Wilkins		22	4	1894	60
S. G. Wilkins		23	4	1894	60
S. G. Wilkins		24	4	1894	60
Andrew Morland		34	4	1892	1 18
E. H. Sparkman		1	5	1894	66
E. H. Sparkman		2	5	1894	66
E. H. Sparkman		3	5	1894	66
E. H. Sparkman		4	5	1894	66
J. A. Fruger		37	5	1895	58
J. A. Fruger		38	5	1895	62
Emma H. Stewart		25	6	1895	58
Emma H. Stewart		26	6	1895	58
Emma H. Stewart		27	6	1895	58
Emma H. Stewart		28	6	1895	58
E. Blodgett		35	7	1892 to 1895 inc	2 83
E. Blodgett		36	7	1892 to 1895 inc	2 84
RICHARD CULLEN'S ADDITION TO DULUTH.					
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		1	1	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		2	1	1890 to 1895 inc	1 07
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		3	1	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		4	1	1890 to 1895 inc	1 05
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		5	1	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		6	1	1890 to 1895 inc	1 08
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		7	1	1890 to 1895 inc	1 05
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		8	1	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		9	1	1890 to 1895 inc	1 06
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		10	1	1890 to 1895 inc	1 07
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		11	1	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		12	1	1890 to 1895 inc	1 08
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		1	2	1890 to 1895 inc	1 05
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		2	2	1890 to 1895 inc	1 07
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		3	2	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		4	2	1890 to 1895 inc	1 03
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		5	2	1890 to 1895 inc	1 06
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		6	2	1890 to 1895 inc	1 08
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		7	2	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		8	2	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		9	2	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		10	2	1890 to 1895 inc	1 07
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		11	2	1890 to 1895 inc	1 05
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		12	2	1890 to 1895 inc	1 03
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		1	3	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		2	3	1890 to 1895 inc	1 08
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		3	3	1890 to 1895 inc	1 05
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		4	3	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		5	3	1890 to 1895 inc	1 07
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		6	3	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		7	3	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		8	3	1890 to 1895 inc	1 08
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		9	3	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		10	3	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		11	3	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		12	3	1890 to 1895 inc	1 03
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		1	4	1890 to 1895 inc	1 07
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		2	4	1890 to 1895 inc	1 06
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		3	4	1890 to 1895 inc	1 09
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		4	4	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		5	4	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		6	4	1890 to 1895 inc	1 07
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		7	4	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		8	4	1890 to 1895 inc	1 05
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		1	5	1890 to 1895 inc	1 08
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		2	5	1890 to 1895 inc	1 05
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		3	5	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		4	5	1890 to 1895 inc	1 06
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		5	5	1890 to 1895 inc	1 07
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		6	5	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		7	5	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		8	5	1890 to 1895 inc	1 05
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		9	5	1890 to 1895 inc	1 08
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		10	5	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		11	5	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		12	5	1890 to 1895 inc	1 02
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		1	6	1890 to 1895 inc	1 05
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		2	6	1890 to 1895 inc	1 08
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		3	6	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		4	6	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		5	6	1890 to 1895 inc	1 03
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		6	6	1890 to 1895 inc	1 07
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		7	6	1890 to 1895 inc	1 08
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		8	6	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		9	6	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		10	6	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		11	6	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		12	6	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		1	7	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		2	7	1890 to 1895 inc	1 07
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		3	7	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		4	7	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		5	7	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		6	7	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		7	7	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		8	7	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		9	7	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		10	7	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		11	7	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		12	7	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		1	8	1890 to 1895 inc	1 08
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		2	8	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		3	8	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		4	8	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		5	8	1890 to 1895 inc	1 07
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		6	8	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		7	8	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		8	8	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		9	8	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		10	8	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		11	8	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		12	8	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		1	9	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		2	9	1890 to 1895 inc	1 07
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		3	9	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		4	9	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		5	9	1890 to 1895 inc	1 05
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		6	9	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		7	9	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		8	9	1890 to 1895 inc	1 03
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		9	9	1890 to 1895 inc	1 06
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		10	9	1890 to 1895 inc	1 07
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		11	9	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		12	9	1890 to 1895 inc	1 08
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		1	10	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		2	10	1890 to 1895 inc	1 07
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		3	10	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		4	10	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		5	10	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		6	10	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		7	10	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		8	10	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		9	10	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		10	10	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		11	10	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		12	10	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		1	11	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		2	11	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		3	11	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		4	11	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		5	11	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		6	11	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		7	11	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		8	11	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		9	11	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		10	11	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		11	11	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		12	11	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		1	12	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		2	12	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		3	12	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		4	12	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		5	12	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		6	12	1890 to 1895 inc	1 08
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		7	12	1890 to 1895 inc	1 05
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		8	12	1890 to 1895 inc	1 02
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		1	13	1890 to 1895 inc	1 05
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		2	13	1890 to 1895 inc	1 08
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		3	13	1890 to 1895 inc	1 06
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		4	13	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		5	13	1890 to 1895 inc	1 05
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		6	13	1890 to 1895 inc	1 08
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		7	13	1890 to 1895 inc	1 07
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		8	13	1890 to 1895 inc	1 05
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		9	13	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		10	13	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		11	13	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		12	13	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		1	20	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 415		2	20	1890 to 1895 inc	1 07
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		3	20	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		4	20	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		5	20	1890 to 1895 inc	1 05
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		6	20	1890 to 1895 inc	1 08
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		7	20	1890 to 1895 inc	1 06
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		8	20	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		9	20	1890 to 1895 inc	1 05
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		10	20	1890 to 1895 inc	1 08
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		11	20	1890 to 1895 inc	1 07
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		12	20	1890 to 1895 inc	1 05
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		1	21	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		2	21	1890 to 1895 inc	1 07
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		3	21	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		4	21	1890 to 1895 inc	1 05
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		5	21	1890 to 1895 inc	1 08
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		6	21	1890 to 1895 inc	1 05
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		7	21	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		8	21	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		9	21	1890 to 1895 inc	1 08
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		10	21	1890 to 1895 inc	1 08
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		11	21	1890 to 1895 inc	1 05
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		12	21	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		1	22	1890 to 1895 inc	1 05
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		2	22	1890 to 1895 inc	1 08
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		3	22	1890 to 1895 inc	1 06
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		4	22	1890 to 1895 inc	1 03
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		5	22	1890 to 1895 inc	1 07
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		6	22	1890 to 1895 inc	1 08
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		7	22	1890 to 1895 inc	1 05
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		8	22	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		9	22	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		10	22	1890 to 1895 inc	1 07
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		11	22	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		12	22	1890 to 1895 inc	1 05
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		1	23	1890 to 1895 inc	1 05
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		2	23	1890 to 1895 inc	1 08
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		3	23	1890 to 1895 inc	1 05
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		4	23	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		5	23	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		6	23	1890 to 1895 inc	1 08
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		7	23	1890 to 1895 inc	1 06
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		8	23	1890 to 1895 inc	1 01
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		9	23	1890 to 1895 inc	1 06
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		10	23	1890 to 1895 inc	1 07
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		11	23	1890 to 1895 inc	1 07
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		12	23	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		1	24	1890 to 1895 inc	1 06
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		2	24	1890 to 1895 inc	1 07
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		3	24	1890 to 1895 inc	1 08
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		4	24	1890 to 1895 inc	1 05
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		5	24	1890 to 1895 inc	1 05
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		6	24	1890 to 1895 inc	1 06
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		7	24	1890 to 1895 inc	1 05
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		8	24	1890 to 1895 inc	1 05
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		9	24	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		10	24	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		11	24	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		12	24	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		1	25	1890, 1892 to 1895 inc	1 01
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		2	25	1890, 1892 to 1895 inc	1 01
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		3	25	1890, 1892 to 1895 inc	1 01
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		4	25	1892 to 1895 inc	99
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		5	25	1890 to 1895 inc	1 07
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		6	25	1890 to 1895 inc	1 05
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		7	25	1890 to 1895 inc	1 03
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		8	25	1890 to 1895 inc	1 06
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		1	26	1890 to 1895 inc	1 07
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		2	26	1890 to 1895 inc	1 03
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		3	26	1890 to 1895 inc	1 06
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		4	26	1890 to 1895 inc	1 06
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		5	26	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		6	26	1890 to 1895 inc	1 05
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		7	26	1890 to 1895 inc	1 09
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		8	26	1890 to 1895 inc	1 02
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		9	26	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		10	26	1890 to 1895 inc	1 07
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		11	26	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		12	26	1890 to 1895 inc	1 05
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		1	27	1890 to 1895 inc	1 03
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		2	27	1890 to 1895 inc	1 08
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		3	27	1890 to 1895 inc	1 05
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		4	27	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		5	27	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		6	27	1890 to 1895 inc	1 07
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		7	27	1890 to 1895 inc	1 05
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		8	27	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		9	27	1890 to 1895 inc	1 05
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		10	27	1890 to 1895 inc	1 08
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		11	27	1890 to 1895 inc	1 06
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		12	27	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		1	28	1890 to 1895 inc	1 05
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		2	28	1890 to 1895 inc	1 08
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		3	28	1890 to 1895 inc	1 07
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		4	28	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		5	28	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		6	28	1890 to 1895 inc	1 07
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		7	28	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		8	28	1890 to 1895 inc	1 05
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		9	28	1890 to 1895 inc	1 05
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		10	28	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		11	28	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		12	28	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		1	29	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		2	29	1890 to 1895 inc	1 07
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		3	29	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		4	29	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		5	29	1890 to 1895 inc	1 05
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		6	29	1890 to 1895 inc	1 06
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		7	29	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		8	29	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		9	29	1890 to 1895 inc	1 05
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		10	29	1890 to 1895 inc	1 08
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		11	29	1890 to 1895 inc	1 07
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		12	29	1890 to 1895 inc	1 05
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		1	30	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		2	30	1890 to 1895 inc	1 07
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		3	30	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		4	30	1890 to 1895 inc	1 05
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		5	30	1890 to 1895 inc	1 08
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		6	30	1890 to 1895 inc	1 05
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		7	30	1890 to 1895 inc	1 05
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		8	30	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		9	30	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		10	30	1890 to 1895 inc	1 07
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		11	30	1890 to 1895 inc	1 05
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		12	30	1890 to 1895 inc	1 06
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		1	31	1890 to 1895 inc	1 07
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		2	31	1890 to 1895 inc	1 08
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		3	31	1890 to 1895 inc	1 07
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		4	31	1890 to 1895 inc	1 03
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		5	31	1890 to 1895 inc	1 06
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		6	31	1890 to 1895 inc	1 08
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		7	31	1890 to 1895 inc	1 07
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5		8	31	1890 to 1895 inc	1 04
Richard Cullen et al, und 4-5

Name of Owner as Shown by Judgment.	Description of Property.	Lt.	Blk.	Year or Years for Which Taxes are Delinquent.	Amount of Judgment Entered Under Chapter 322, General Laws 1899. Dollars cts
CITY OF DULUTH—CONTINUED. MURRAY HILL ADDITION TO DULUTH—CONTINUED.					
Louisa B. Smith		13	11	1890 to 1895 inc	2 48
Louisa B. Smith		14	11	1890 to 1895 inc	2 44
Louisa B. Smith		15	11	1890 to 1895 inc	2 45
Louisa B. Smith		16	11	1890 to 1895 inc	2 40
Louisa B. Smith		17	11	1890 to 1895 inc	2 45
Louisa B. Smith		18	11	1890 to 1895 inc	2 56
Louisa B. Smith		19	11	1890 to 1895 inc	2 55
Louisa B. Smith		20	11	1890 to 1895 inc	2 56
Louisa B. Smith		21	11	1890 to 1895 inc	2 50
Louisa B. Smith		22	11	1890 to 1895 inc	2 55
Louisa B. Smith		23	11	1890 to 1895 inc	2 55
Louisa B. Smith		24	11	1890 to 1895 inc	2 50
Louisa B. Smith		1	12	1890 to 1895 inc	2 55
Louisa B. Smith		2	12	1890 to 1895 inc	2 56
Louisa B. Smith		3	12	1890 to 1895 inc	2 55
Louisa B. Smith		4	12	1890 to 1895 inc	2 55
Louisa B. Smith		5	12	1890 to 1895 inc	2 51
Louisa B. Smith		6	12	1890 to 1895 inc	2 56
Louisa B. Smith		7	12	1890 to 1895 inc	2 50
Louisa B. Smith		8	12	1890 to 1895 inc	2 45
Louisa B. Smith		9	12	1890 to 1895 inc	2 44
Louisa B. Smith		10	12	1890 to 1895 inc	1 64
Louisa B. Smith		11	12	1890 to 1895 inc	2 48
Louisa B. Smith		12	12	1890 to 1895 inc	2 49
Louisa B. Smith		13	12	1890 to 1895 inc	2 49
Louisa B. Smith		14	12	1890 to 1895 inc	2 54
Louisa B. Smith		15	12	1890 to 1895 inc	2 54
Louisa B. Smith		16	12	1890 to 1895 inc	2 54
Louisa B. Smith		17	12	1890 to 1895 inc	2 54
Louisa B. Smith		18	12	1890 to 1895 inc	2 54
Louisa B. Smith		19	12	1890 to 1895 inc	2 50
Louisa B. Smith		20	12	1890 to 1895 inc	2 54
Louisa B. Smith		21	12	1890 to 1895 inc	2 54
Louisa B. Smith		22	12	1890 to 1895 inc	1 45
Louisa B. Smith		1	13	1890 to 1895 inc	2 56
Louisa B. Smith		2	13	1890 to 1895 inc	2 55
Louisa B. Smith		3	13	1890 to 1895 inc	2 54
Louisa B. Smith		4	13	1890 to 1895 inc	2 54
Louisa B. Smith		5	13	1890 to 1895 inc	2 54
Louisa B. Smith		6	13	1890 to 1895 inc	2 46
Louisa B. Smith		7	13	1890 to 1895 inc	2 49
Louisa B. Smith		8	13	1890 to 1895 inc	2 48
Louisa B. Smith		9	13	1890 to 1895 inc	2 49
Louisa B. Smith		10	13	1890 to 1895 inc	2 48
Louisa B. Smith		11	13	1890 to 1895 inc	2 45
Louisa B. Smith		12	13	1890 to 1895 inc	2 54
Louisa B. Smith		13	13	1890 to 1895 inc	2 54
Louisa B. Smith		14	13	1890 to 1895 inc	2 49
Louisa B. Smith		15	13	1890 to 1895 inc	2 54
Louisa B. Smith		16	13	1890 to 1895 inc	2 55
Louisa B. Smith		17	13	1890 to 1895 inc	2 54
Louisa B. Smith		18	13	1890 to 1895 inc	2 48
Louisa B. Smith		19	13	1890 to 1895 inc	2 54
Louisa B. Smith		20	13	1890 to 1895 inc	2 54
Emma C. Miller		1	14	1890 to 1895 inc	2 55
Louisa B. Smith		2	14	1890 to 1895 inc	2 55
Louisa B. Smith		3	14	1890 to 1895 inc	2 54
Louisa B. Smith		4	14	1890 to 1895 inc	2 51
Louisa B. Smith		5	14	1890 to 1895 inc	2 54
Louisa B. Smith		6	14	1890 to 1895 inc	2 48
Louisa B. Smith		7	14	1890 to 1895 inc	2 45
Louisa B. Smith		8	14	1890 to 1895 inc	2 48
Louisa B. Smith		9	14	1890 to 1895 inc	2 49
Louisa B. Smith		10	14	1890 to 1895 inc	2 49
Louisa B. Smith		11	14	1890 to 1895 inc	2 49
Louisa B. Smith		12	14	1890 to 1895 inc	2 70
Louisa B. Smith		13	14	1890 to 1895 inc	2 54
Louisa B. Smith		14	14	1890 to 1895 inc	2 54
Louisa B. Smith		15	14	1890 to 1895 inc	2 50
Louisa B. Smith		16	14	1890 to 1895 inc	2 54
Louisa B. Smith		17	14	1890 to 1895 inc	2 54
Louisa B. Smith		18	14	1890 to 1895 inc	2 48
Louisa B. Smith		19	14	1890 to 1895 inc	2 49
Louisa B. Smith		20	14	1890 to 1895 inc	2 50
Louisa B. Smith		21	14	1890 to 1895 inc	2 55
Louisa B. Smith		22	14	1890 to 1895 inc	2 55
Louisa B. Smith		23	14	1890 to 1895 inc	2 54
Louisa B. Smith		24	14	1890 to 1895 inc	2 54
Louisa B. Smith		1	15	1890 to 1895 inc	2 41
Louisa B. Smith		2	15	1890 to 1895 inc	2 49
Louisa B. Smith		3	15	1890 to 1895 inc	2 48
Louisa B. Smith		4	15	1890 to 1895 inc	2 50
Louisa B. Smith		5	15	1890 to 1895 inc	2 50
Louisa B. Smith		6	15	1890 to 1895 inc	2 48
Louisa B. Smith		7	15	1890 to 1895 inc	2 45
Louisa B. Smith		8	15	1890 to 1895 inc	2 54
Louisa B. Smith		9	15	1890 to 1895 inc	2 54
Louisa B. Smith		10	15	1890 to 1895 inc	2 54
Louisa B. Smith		11	15	1890 to 1895 inc	2 50
Louisa B. Smith		12	15	1890 to 1895 inc	2 54
Edward Malone		13	15	1890 to 1895 inc	2 54
Edward Malone		14	15	1890 to 1895 inc	2 54
Edward Malone		15	15	1890 to 1895 inc	2 50
Edward Malone		16	15	1890 to 1895 inc	2 55
Edward Malone		17	15	1890 to 1895 inc	2 55
Edward Malone		18	15	1890 to 1895 inc	2 55
Edward Malone		19	15	1890 to 1895 inc	2 55
Edward Malone		20	15	1890 to 1895 inc	2 51
Edward Malone		21	15	1890 to 1895 inc	2 54
Edward Malone		22	15	1890 to 1895 inc	1 41
Edward Malone		23	15	1890 to 1895 inc	2 50
Edward Malone		24	15	1890 to 1895 inc	2 48
Louisa B. Smith		1	16	1890 to 1895 inc	2 49
Louisa B. Smith		2	16	1890 to 1895 inc	2 49
Louisa B. Smith		3	16	1890 to 1895 inc	2 45
Louisa B. Smith		4	16	1890 to 1895 inc	2 54
Louisa B. Smith		5	16	1890 to 1895 inc	2 54
Louisa B. Smith		6	16	1890 to 1895 inc	2 54
Louisa B. Smith		7	16	1890 to 1895 inc	2 50
Louisa B. Smith		8	16	1890 to 1895 inc	2 54
Louisa B. Smith		9	16	1890 to 1895 inc	2 54
Louisa B. Smith		10	16	1890 to 1895 inc	2 55
Louisa B. Smith		11	16	1890 to 1895 inc	2 50
Louisa B. Smith		12	16	1890 to 1895 inc	2 54
Louisa B. Smith		13	16	1890 to 1895 inc	2 55
Louisa B. Smith		14	16	1890 to 1895 inc	2 55
Louisa B. Smith		15	16	1890 to 1895 inc	2 54
Louisa B. Smith		16	16	1890 to 1895 inc	2 54
Louisa B. Smith		17	16	1890 to 1895 inc	2 54
Louisa B. Smith		18	16	1890 to 1895 inc	2 41
Louisa B. Smith		19	16	1890 to 1895 inc	2 49
Louisa B. Smith		20	16	1890 to 1895 inc	2 48
Louisa B. Smith		21	16	1890 to 1895 inc	2 50
Louisa B. Smith		22	16	1890 to 1895 inc	2 41
Louisa B. Smith		23	16	1890 to 1895 inc	2 49
Louisa B. Smith		24	16	1890 to 1895 inc	2 54
Louisa B. Smith		6	17	1890 to 1895 inc	2 54
James S. Miller		1	18	1890 to 1895 inc	2 53
Louisa B. Smith		2	18	1890 to 1895 inc	2 41
Louisa B. Smith		3	18	1890 to 1895 inc	2 49
Louisa B. Smith		4	18	1890 to 1895 inc	2 48
Louisa B. Smith		5	18	1890 to 1895 inc	2 49
Louisa B. Smith		6	18	1890 to 1895 inc	2 46
Louisa B. Smith		7	18	1890 to 1895 inc	2 48
Louisa B. Smith		8	18	1890 to 1895 inc	2 54
Louisa B. Smith		9	18	1890 to 1895 inc	2 54
Louisa B. Smith		10	18	1890 to 1895 inc	2 50
Louisa B. Smith		11	18	1890 to 1895 inc	2 54
Louisa B. Smith		12	18	1890 to 1895 inc	2 54
Louisa B. Smith		1	19	1890 to 1895 inc	2 21
Louisa B. Smith		2	19	1890 to 1895 inc	2 21
Louisa B. Smith		3	19	1890 to 1895 inc	2 21
Louisa B. Smith		4	19	1890 to 1895 inc	2 21
Louisa B. Smith		5	19	1890 to 1895 inc	2 28
Louisa B. Smith		6	19	1890 to 1895 inc	2 22
Louisa B. Smith		7	19	1890 to 1895 inc	2 22
Louisa B. Smith		8	19	1890 to 1895 inc	2 22
Louisa B. Smith		9	19	1890 to 1895 inc	2 22
Louisa B. Smith		10	19	1890 to 1895 inc	2 19
Louisa B. Smith		11	19	1890 to 1895 inc	2 16
Louisa B. Smith		12	19	1890 to 1895 inc	2 55
Louisa B. Smith		3	20	1890 to 1895 inc	2 54
Louisa B. Smith		4	20	1890 to 1895 inc	2 54
Louisa B. Smith		5	20	1890 to 1895 inc	2 54
Louisa B. Smith		6	20	1890 to 1895 inc	2 50
Louisa B. Smith		7	20	1890 to 1895 inc	2 55
Louisa B. Smith		8	20	1890 to 1895 inc	2 55
Louisa B. Smith		9	20	1890 to 1895 inc	2 53
Louisa B. Smith		10	20	1890 to 1895 inc	2 54
GROVE HILL PARK ADDITION TO DULUTH.					
Andrew Sundward, all except that part beg. at southwest corner of lot 1; thence east 50 feet to west line of lot 2; thence north along west line of lot 2, 97 44-100 feet; thence southwest to west line of said lot; thence south 44 12-100 feet to beginning		1	2	1893 to 1895 inc	5 25
Motor Line Imp. Co		6	4	1894 and 1895 inc	3 97
SUMMIT PARK DIVISION OF DULUTH.					
John Willard		6	2	1891 to 1895 inc	11 17
John Willard		7	2	1894 to 1895 inc	4 03
John Willard		15	3	1892 to 1895 inc	4 27
RE-ARRANGEMENT OF PART OF SUMMIT PARK DIVISION OF DULUTH.					
John A. Willard, west ½		21	2	1893 to 1895 inc	12 56
LONDON ADDITION TO DULUTH.					
J. N. Pearson		5	36	1895	25 29
J. N. Pearson		6	36	1895	31 61
Margaret Logie, lot 10 and that part south of railway right-of way of			11	65 1894 and 1895	28 90
G. B. Sargent, except R. R. right-of-way		12	70	1892 to 1895 inc	1 95
J. E. Carey, except R. R. right-of-way		12	93	1892 to 1895 inc	2 41
G. B. Sargent, except R. R. right-of-way		12	117	1892 to 1895 inc	5 41
G. B. Sargent, except R. R. right-of-way		13	117	1892 to 1895 inc	33 43
ALTERED PLAT OF LONDON PARK ADDITION TO DULUTH.					
Clinton Markell		14	10	1892 to 1895 inc	13 59
Clinton Markell		15	10	1892 to 1895 inc	13 59
Clinton Markell		16	10	1892 to 1895 inc	13 59
Clinton Markell		1	13	1892 and 1893	21 97
Clinton Markell		2	13	1892 and 1893	19 67
Clinton Markell		3	13	1892 and 1893	13 06
Clinton Markell		4	13	1892 and 1893	12 75
CROSLEY PARK ADDITION TO DULUTH.					
Hellen Maxfield		1246	92	1893 to 1895 inc	7 25
Hellen Maxfield		1247	92	1893 to 1895 inc	7 17
A. S. Wilson		1313	97	1892 to 1895 inc	8 77
Mrs. J. Barnes		1328	98	1892 to 1895 inc	8 67
Clara G. Brown		1498	109	1892, 1893 and 1895	6 47
M. Beatty		1606	116	1895	1 43
M. Beatty		1607	116	1895	1 07
John R. Grachowski		1850	132	1895	99
John R. Grachowski		1851	132	1895	1 15
Joseph Schlesky		1982	140	1895	97
Joseph Schlesky		1983	140	1895	93
Anna Friberg		1988	141	1894	97
Miss Clara Brown		2021	144	1892 to 1895 inc	5 38
Miss Clara Brown		2022	144	1892 to 1895 inc	5 43
Miss Clara Brown		2023	144	1892 to 1895 inc	5 56
Miss Clara Brown		2024	144	1892 to 1895 inc	5 45
Miss Clara Brown		2025	144	1892 to 1895 inc	5 40
Fanny Epstein		2032	144	1892 to 1895 inc	5 93

Name of Owner as Shown by Judgment.	Description of Property.	Lt.	Blk.	Year or Years for Which Taxes are Delinquent.	Amount of Judgment Entered Under Chapter 322, General Laws 1899. Dollars cts
CITY OF DULUTH—CONTINUED. CROSLEY PARK ADDITION TO DULUTH—CONTINUED.					
Fanny Epstein		2033	144	1892 to 1895 inc	6 05
D. Swenson		2073	147	1891 to 1895 inc	7 49
Olof Anderson		2079	147	1895	3 89
Tony Menush		2149	151	1893 to 1895 inc	2 71
L. B. Newport		2163	152	1890 to 1895 inc	9 91
The Crosley Park Land co		2168	153	1890 to 1895 inc	9 15
The Crosley Park Land Co		2169	153	1890 to 1895 inc	9 93
The Crosley Park Land Co		2170	153	1893	1 56
James D. McGhie		2179	154	1893 to 1895 inc	2 80
PLAT OF WEST DULUTH, FOURTH DIVISION.					
West Duluth Land Company, except Railroad right-of-way		6	98	1892 to 1895 inc	345 83
Duluth Short Line Railroad Company		4	282	1892 to 1895 inc	195 36
Duluth Short Line Railroad Company		5	282	1892 to 1895 inc	195 36
Duluth Transfer Ry. Co		6	282	1892 to 1895 inc	303 26
Duluth Transfer Ry. Co		4	286	1890 and 1891	13 76
Duluth Transfer Ry. Co		5	286	1890 and 1891	13 76
WEST DULUTH, FIFTH DIVISION.					
Hoyt and McMinn, north 10 feet of westerly 25 feet		14	166	1893 to 1895 inc	9 12
WEST DULUTH, SIXTH DIVISION.					
B. H. Wisdom, except R. R. right-of-way		10	3	1893 to 1895 inc	1 04
B. H. Wisdom, except R. R. right-of-way		4	5	1893 to 1895 inc	3 91
B. H. Wisdom, except R. R. right-of-way		1	6	1893 to 1895 inc	251 21
B. H. Wisdom, except R. R. right-of-way, street improvement only		2	6	1893 to 1895 inc	173 74
B. H. Wisdom, except R. R. right-of-way		1	7	1893 to 1895 inc	89 75
B. H. Wisdom, except R. R. right-of-way		2	7	1893 to 1895 inc	41 40
B. H. Wisdom, except R. R. right-of-way		3	7	1893 to 1895 inc	22 67
B. H. Wisdom, except R. R. right-of-way		1	33	1893 to 1895 inc	1 04
HAZELWOOD ADDITION TO ONEOTA.					
W. D. Gibson		1	6	1891 to 1895 inc	82 14
W. D. Gibson		2	6	1891 to 1895 inc	103 91
W. D. Gibson		all	10	1891 to 1895 inc	192 95
MAP OF HALL'S ADDITION TO ONEOTA.					
Unknown		all	1	1891 to 1895 inc	14 75
ONEOTA.					
West Duluth Land company		10	11	1892 to 1895 inc	6 05
West Duluth Land company		11	11	1892 to 1895 inc	15 51
West Duluth Land company		12	11	1892 to 1895 inc	23 46
West Duluth Land company, street improvement only		9	16	1893	27 42
Iron Bay works, street imp only		19	16	1893	27 42
Iron Bay works, street imp. only		13	16	1890, 1892 to 1895 inc	113 75
Iron Bay works, street imp. only		14	16	1892 to 1895 inc	123 95
HARRINGTON'S ADDITION TO DULUTH.					
A. Harrington et al und ¾		1	2	1892 to 1895 inc	45 63
A. Harrington et al, und ¾		2	2	1892 to 1895 inc	39 83
A. Harrington et al, und ¾		3	2	1892 to 1895 inc	17 53
A. Harrington et al, und ¾		4	2	1892 to 1895 inc	11 83
A. Harrington et al, und ¾		5	2	1892 to 1895 inc	7 24
A. Harrington et al, und ¾		6	2	1892 to 1895 inc	4 69
A. Harrington, und ¾		7	3	1893 to 1895 inc	17 83
A. Harrington, und ¾		8	3	1890 to 1895 inc	33 49
A. Harrington, und ¾		9	3	1890 to 1895 inc	24 68
A. Harrington, und ¾		10	3	1890 to 1895 inc	18 43
A. Harrington, und ¾		3	4	1893 to 1895 inc	201 59
A. Harrington, und ¾		4	4	1892 to 1895 inc	120 70
A. Harrington		7	4	1892 to 1895 inc	106 74
A. Harrington		8	4	1892 to 1895 inc	75 68
A. Harrington		9	4	1892 to 1895 inc	53 83
Charles R. Haines, und ¾		10	5	1892 to 1895 inc	99 70
Charles R. Haines, und ¾		11	5	1892 to 1895 inc	76 12
Charles R. Haines, und ¾		12	5	1892 to 1895 inc	55 87
Charles R. Haines, und ¾		13	5	1892 to 1895 inc	41 65
A. Harrington, und ¾		5	11	1890 to 1893 inc and 1895	29 26
A. Harrington, und ¾		6	11	1890 to 1893 inc and 1895	25 72
L. T. Merritt		8	12	1890 to 1895 inc	228 93
L. T. Merritt		9	12	1890 to 1895 inc	208 33
A. Harrington, und ¾		10	12	1890 to 1895 inc	70 15
A. Harrington, street improvement only, lot 11 and			12	1890	52 58
J. Caulking			11	1890 to 1895 inc	462 43
A. Harrington, und ½		12	17	1890 to 1895 inc	195 23
A. Harrington, und ¾		13	17	1890 to 1895 inc	226 30
A. Harrington, und ¾		14	17	1890 to 1895 inc	200 32
A. Harrington, und ¾		15	17	1890 to 1895 inc	133 24
A. Harrington, und ¾		16	17	1890 to 1895 inc	144 19
MERRITT'S ADDITION TO DULUTH.					
L. Merritt		17	5	1892 to 1895 inc	10 10
RE-SURVEY OF MURRAY & HOWE'S ADDITION TO DULUTH.					
Anna M. Colby		17	6	1893 to 1895 inc	109 08
CHANDLER PARK ADDITION TO DULUTH.					
E. Totman		6	4	1893 to 1895 inc	47 26
E. Totman		7	4	1893 to 1895 inc	26 14
E. Totman		8	4	1893 to 1895 inc	27 03
E. Totman		9	4	1893 to 1895 inc	17 95
E. Totman		10	4	1893 to 1895 inc	12 63
E. Totman		1	9	1893 to 1895 inc	6 09
Joel Colby		13	9	1895	59 90
Joel Colby		14	9	1895	69 51
Joel Colby		15	9	1895	86 29
Joel Colby		16	9	1895	135 09
E. Totman		23	9	1894 and 1895	1 03
E. Totman		24	9	1894 and 1895	4 03
E. Totman		25	9	1894 and 1895	11 10
E. Totman		26	9	1894 and 1895	25 17
E. Totman		27	9	1894 and 1895	48 53
E. Totman		28	9	1894 and 1895	63 45
E. Totman		5	11	1894 and 1895	4 03
E. Totman		6	11	1894 and 1895	5 93
E. Totman		27	11	1894 and 1895	2 13
E. Totman		28	11	1894 and 1895	5 93
E. Totman		29	11	1894 and 1895	9 63
E. Totman		2	12	1894 and 1895	4 03
E. Totman		12	13	1894 and 1895	5 89
E. Totman		13	13	1894 and 1895	4 03
E. Totman		14	13	1894 and 1895	2 03
E. Totman		15	13	1894 and 1895	1 03
E. Totman		17	13	1894 and 1895	15 27
E. Totman		19	15	1893 to 1895 inc	6 23
E. Totman		22	15	1893 to 1895 inc	3 27
HUNTER AND MARKELL'S GRASSY POINT ADDITION TO DULUTH.					
Phillip Smith, frac		21	8	1890 to 1895 inc	285 70
Unknown, St. imp. only		11	9	1891 and 1892	53 46
Unknown, St. imp. only		12	9	1891 and 1892	16 18
Unknown, St. imp. only		13	9	1894 and 1895	11 38
Hunter and Markell		1	18	1895	1 15
Hunter and Markell		3	18	1895	5 13
Hunter and Markell		4	18	1895	3 85
Hunter and Markell		5	18	1895	5 29
Hunter and Markell		6	18	1895	5 29
Hunter and Markell		7	18	1895	5 29
Hunter and Markell		8	18	1895	5 29
Hunter and Markell, except R. R. R't		26	22	1892 to 1895 inc	6 63
Hunter and Markell, except R. R. R't		15	23	1892 to 1895 inc	8 69
Hunter and Markell, except R. R. R't		16	23	1892 to 1895 inc	10 18
Hunter and Markell, except R. R. R't		9	24	1892 to 1895 inc	5 44
Hunter and Markell, except R. R. R't		10	24	1892 to 1895 inc	7 03
Hunter and Markell, except R. R. R't		12	24	1894 and 1895	8 61
Hunter and Markell		17	24	1888 to 1895 inc	21 51
S. Prescott		10	25	1892 to 1895 inc	25 97
S. L. Smith		18	26	1894 and 1895	11 55
S. L. Smith		19	26	1894 and 1895	168 74
D. Prescott		1	28	1892 to 1895 inc	6 05
E. Prescott		4	28	1892 to 1895 inc	4 77
D. Prescott		7	28	1892 to 1895 inc	4 79
D. Prescott		8	28	1892 to 1895 inc	4 78
D. Prescott		10	28	1892 to 1895 inc	4 79
D. Prescott		13	28	1892 to 1895 inc	4 86
A. Swenson		21	39	1892 to 1895 inc	25 52
STEWART'S ADDITION TO WEST DULUTH.					
C. Henton		5	4	1895	2 37
J. Vincent		6	4	1892 to 1895 inc	4 36
W. A. and G. T. McCoy		7	4	1894 and 1895	4 96
M. Stewart, Jr		10	5	1894 to 1895 inc	13 99
M. Stewart, Jr		11	5	1889 to 1895 inc	13 99
H. W. Thompson		17	6	1892 to 1895 inc	9 93
H. W. Thompson		18	6	1892 to 1895 inc	9 92
George Wetherly		19	6	1893 to 1895 inc	7 35
George Wetherly		20	6	1893 to 1895 inc	7 34
O'Brien and Knowlton, und ½		21	6	1891 to 1895 inc	6 48
O'Brien and Knowlton, und ½		22	6	1891 to 1895 inc	6 48
Pat Coughlin		17	7	1892 to 1895 inc	11 48
A. W. Bradley		18	7	1892 to 1895 inc	11 54
O'Brien and Knowlton, und ½		19	7	1891 to 1895 inc	7 18
O'Brien and Knowlton, und ½		20	7	1891 to 1895 inc	7 25
O'Brien and Knowlton, und ½		21	7	1891 to 1895 inc	7 26
O'Brien and Knowlton, und ½		22	7	1891 to 1895 inc	7 24
Ebbie C. Pierce		16	8	1893 to 1895 inc	8 15
A. Michaud		19	8	1894 and 1895	5 38
A. Michaud		20	8	1894 and 1895	5 38
James McGhee		21	8	1892 to 1895 inc	11 17
James McGhee		22	8	1892 to 1895 inc	11 24
Bell T. Moer		23	8	1893 to 1895 inc	8 47
Bell T. Moer		24	8	1893 to 1895 inc	10 42
Edgar F. Swift		13	9	1894 and 1895	8 59
Edgar F. Swift		14	9	1894 and 1895	8 52
C. M. Stewart		15	9	1895	3 46
K. O. Balstad		21	9	1892 to 1895 inc	15 05
K. O. Balstad		22	9	1892 to 1895 inc	15 11
O'Brien and Knowlton, und ½		9	10	1891 to 1895 inc	8 27
O'Brien and Knowlton, und ½		10	10	1891 and 1893 to 1895 inc	6 26
O'Brien and Knowlton, und ½		11	10	1891 to 1895 inc	8 27
O'Brien and Knowlton, und ½		12	10	1891 to 1895 inc	9 93
M. Stewart, Jr		13	10	1895	2 55
M. Stewart, Jr		14	10	1895	2 55
David Daws		17	10	1895	3 50
David Daws		18	10	1895	3 46
M. Stewart, Jr		1	11	1894	3 41
M. Stewart, Jr		2	11	1894	2 92
M. Stewart, Jr		3	11	1894	2 92
M. Stewart, Jr		4	11	1894	2 92
M. Stewart, Jr		5	11	1893 to 1895 inc	9 48
Peris Day		6	11	1891 to 1895 inc	21 66
Louis Johnson		13	11	1891 to 1895 inc	18 62
Louis Johnson		14	11	1891 to 1895 inc	9 06
O'Brien and Knowlton, und ½		15	11	1891 to 1895 inc	9 09
O'Brien and Knowlton, und ½		16	11	1891 to 1895 inc	9 04
O'Brien and Knowlton, und ½		17	11	1891 to 1895 inc	9 07
O'Brien and Knowlton, und ½		18	11	1891 to 1895 inc	9 07
O'Brien and Knowlton, und ½		19	11	1891 to 1895 inc	9 04
O'Brien and Knowlton, und ½		20	11	1891 to 1895 inc	9 07
O'Brien and Knowlton, und ½		21	11	1891 to 1895 inc	9 05
O'Brien and Knowlton, und ½		22	11	1891 to 1895 inc	9 08
A. Cameron		4	12	1894 and 1895	5 28
M. Stewart, Jr		5	12	1890 to 1895 inc	18 35
M. Stewart, Jr		6	12	1896 to 1895 inc	18 37
S. T. Moles		8	12	1892 to 1895 inc	15 14
S. T. Moles		9	12	1892 to 1895 inc	15 05
O'Brien and Knowlton, und ½		1	13	1891 to 1895 inc	11 66

Name of Owner as Shown by Judgment.	Description of Property.	Lt.	Blk.	Year or Years for Which Taxes are Delinquent.	Amount of Judgment Entered Under Chapter 322, General Laws 1899. Dollars cts
CITY OF DULUTH—CONTINUED. STEWART'S ADDITION TO DULUTH—CONTINUED.					
O'Brien and Knowlton, und ½		2	13	1891 to 1895 inc

Name of Owner as Shown by Judgment.	Description of Property.	Lt.	Blk.	Year or Years for Which Taxes are Delinquent.	Amount of Judgment Entered Under Chapter 222, General Laws 1899. Dollars cts
CITY OF DULUTH—CONTINUED.					
KIMBERELY & STRYKER'S ADDITION TO DULUTH—CONTINUED.					
Ry. right-of-way		5	21	1894 and 1895	1 98
Duluth Loan and Inv. Co., that part lying north of D., M. & N. Ry. right-of-way		6	21	1894 and 1-895	2 00
Ole Whiseth et al, und ½		6	28	1895	3 49
L. H. Mosher		7	34	1895	1 08
John Watson		12	36	1894 and 1895	1 98
John J. Greenwood		6	37	1894 and 1895	1 98
John J. Greenwood		4	39	1893 to 1895 inc	21 11
John Greenwood		5	39	1893 to 1895 inc	21 23
John Greenwood		6	39	1893 to 1895 inc	21 11
DODGE'S ADDITION TO DULUTH.					
Chas. Renmark		8	30	1891 to 1895 inc	6 73
MACFARLANE'S GRASSY POINT ADDITION TO DULUTH.					
A. R. Macfarlane, except R. R. right-of-way		4	18	1890, 1892 to 1895 inc	15 56
A. R. Macfarlane, that part lying east and west of R. R. right-of-way		5	18	1890, 1892 to 1895 inc	13 55
A. R. Macfarlane, except R. R. right-of-way		6	18	1890, 1892 to 1895 inc	14 75
A. R. Macfarlane, except R. R. right-of-way		9	19	1894 and 1895	18 27
A. R. Macfarlane, except R. R. right-of-way		10	19	1894 and 1895	11 55
A. R. Macfarlane, that part lying east and west of R. R. right-of-way		11	19	1894 and 1895	7 78
A. R. Macfarlane, except R. R. right-of-way		12	19	1894 and 1895	7 77
A. R. Macfarlane, except R. R. right-of-way		13	19	1894 and 1895	11 55
A. R. Macfarlane, except R. R. right-of-way		14	19	1894 and 1895	18 27
BAYVIEW ADDITION TO DULUTH, No. 1.					
James Dodd		9	1	1892 to 1895 inc	6 48
James Dodd		10	1	1892 to 1895 inc	6 30
James Dodd		11	1	1892 to 1895 inc	6 48
James Dodd		9	6	1892 to 1895 inc	11 25
H. H. Myers		10	6	1892 to 1895 inc	11 25
H. H. Myers		12	10	1895	2 68
National Inv. Co.		13	10	1895	2 43
National Inv. Co.		14	10	1895	2 38
C. and N. J. Arnold		6	15	1892 to 1895 inc	11 17
D. Prescott		10	15	1892 to 1895 inc	7 76
Bayview Land Co.		10	16	1894 and 1895	1 43
H. H. Myers		14	17	1894 and 1895	2 34
David Phillips		16	17	1893 to 1895 inc	5 64
R. Mars		16	17	1893 to 1895 inc	7 29
Bayview Land Co.		3	18	1893 to 1895 inc	7 29
Bayview Land Co.		4	18	1893 to 1895 inc	7 29
E. C. Prescott		13	18	1892 to 1895 inc	10 61
Bayview Land Co		14	18	1893 to 1895 inc	7 19
Bayview Land Co., fmc		15	18	1892 to 1895 inc	6 68
H. H. Myers		1	19	1891 to 1895 inc	15 99
Charles Erickson		13	25	1895	17 28
Bayview Land Co.		1	27	1893 to 1895 inc	3 20
Bayview Land Co.		4	27	1893 to 1895 inc	3 21
Bayview Land Co.		5	27	1893 to 1895 inc	6 27
Bay View Land Co.		6	27	1893 to 1895 inc	6 27
D. Prescott		14	27	1892 to 1895 inc	11 23
L. B. Prescott		4	28	1892 to 1895 inc	4 35
David Erickson		2	29	1893 to 1895 inc	3 94
David Erickson		3	29	1893 to 1895 inc	2 74
Bayview Land Co		10	29	1893 to 1895 inc	176 60
R. Trumbull		1	30	1892 to 1895 inc	4 49
Thomas McMaster		4	33	1891 to 1895 inc	1 23
E. C. Prescott		5	33	1892 to 1895 inc	12 48
D. Prescott		7	33	1892 to 1895 inc	1 23
Mary A. Ferry		3	34	1895	9 16
E. C. Prescott		4	34	1892 to 1895 inc	1 91
Bayview Land Co		5	35	1893 to 1895 inc	1 91
Bayview Land Co.		6	35	1893 to 1895 inc	1 89
HUNTER'S GRASSY POINT ADDITION TO DULUTH, SECOND DIVISION.					
Grassy Point Land Co		1	3	1892 to 1895 inc	16 00
Grassy Point Land Co		3	3	1892, 1893 and 1895	16 38
Grassy Point Land Co		8	3	1892 to 1895 inc	11 56
Grassy Point Land Co		9	3	1892 to 1895 inc	10 63
Grassy Point Land Co		10	3	1892 to 1895 inc	9 68
Grassy Point Land Co.		11	3	1892 to 1895 inc	21 57
Grassy Point Land Co., out lot		C	3	1889 to 1895 inc	123 30
Emma Miller		2	14	1893 to 1895 inc	
WEST END ADDITION TO DULUTH.					
McDougall and McPhail		13	11	1892 to 1895 inc	138 54
BELLEVUE PARK ADDITION TO DULUTH.					
N. Bielfield et al		15	14	1892 to 1895 inc	19 35
N. Bielfield et al		16	14	1892 to 1895 inc	15 83
N. Bielfield et al, except R. R. right-of-way		10	15	1893 to 1895 inc	12 57
N. Bielfield et al, except R. R. right-of-way		11	15	1893 to 1895 inc	10 93
N. Bielfield et al, except R. R. right-of-way		12	15	1893 to 1895 inc	8 93
N. Bielfield et al, except R. R. right-of-way		13	15	1893 to 1895 inc	8 34
N. Bielfield et al, except R. R. right-of-way		14	15	1893 to 1895 inc	5 70
N. Bielfield et al, except R. R. right-of-way		15	15	1893 to 1895 inc	3 64
F. A. Olmstead, except R. R. right-of-way		18	15	1894 and 1895	39
F. A. Olmstead, except R. R. right-of-way		19	15	1894 and 1895	85
N. Bielfield et al		1	16	1892 to 1896 inc	21 50
N. Bielfield et al		2	16	1892 to 1896 inc	27 47
N. Bielfield et al		3	16	1892 to 1896 inc	27 50
N. Bielfield et al		4	16	1892 to 1895 inc	27 50
N. Bielfield et al		5	16	1892 to 1895 inc	27 50
N. Bielfield et al		6	16	1892 to 1895 inc	27 83
N. Bielfield et al		7	16	1892 to 1895 inc	27 83
N. Bielfield et al		6	17	1894 and 1895	1 37
W. E. Wright, und 11-32		7	17	1894 and 1895	1 65
W. E. Wright, und 11-32		8	17	1894 and 1895	1 93
W. E. Wright, und 11-32		9	17	1894 and 1895	2 22
W. E. Wright, und 11-32		10	17	1894 and 1895	2 22
W. E. Wright, und 11-32		11	17	1894 and 1895	2 22
W. E. Wright, und 11-32		12	17	1894 and 1895	2 22
W. E. Wright, und 11-32		13	17	1894 and 1895	2 22
W. E. Wright, und 11-32		14	17	1894 and 1895	2 45
LLOYD'S DIVISION OF WEST DULUTH.					
James M. Lloyd, except R. R. right-of-way		3	21	1893 and 1895	3 77
Anna G. Hutchinson, that part lying south of the D., M. & N. R. R. right-of-way		1	22	1893 to 1895 inc	12 27
Anna G. Hutchinson, that part lying south of the D., M. & N. R. R. right-of-way		2	22	1893 to 1895 inc	11 03
Anna G. Hutchinson		3	22	1893 to 1895 inc	11 24
Anna G. Hutchinson		4	22	1893 to 1895 inc	11 94
Anna G. Hutchinson		5	22	1893 to 1895 inc	12 45
Anna G. Hutchinson		6	22	1893 to 1895 inc	14 23
Anna G. Hutchinson		7	22	1893 to 1895 inc	14 95
A. Murphy		9	22	1892 to 1895 inc	23 44
A. Murphy		10	22	1892 to 1895 inc	24 95
A. Murphy		11	22	1892 to 1895 inc	25 66
A. Murphy		12	22	1892 to 1895 inc	31 48
MINNEWEKAN ADDITION TO DULUTH, No. 1.					
Unknown			4	1888 to 1892 inc	1 86
W. A. Pryor et al		4	6	1890 to 1895 inc	14 31
C. M. Finley et al, und ½		9	8	1892 to 1895 inc	8 16
C. M. Finley et al, und ½		10	8	1892 to 1895 inc	8 16
L. Zillmann		2	20	1890 to 1895 inc	14 11
Cora M. Finley		3	20	1892 to 1895 inc	7 87
Cora M. Finley		4	20	1892 to 1895 inc	7 97
BAYVIEW ADDITION TO DULUTH NO. 2					
P. Corle		15	49	1892 to 1895 inc	8 49
Katie Shilling		13	56	1895	1 50
Bayview Land company		4	64	1894 and 1895	2 42
MINERAL ADDITION TO WEST DULUTH.					
W. E. Murphy et al		9	1	1892	62
Duncan McKinley		17	1	1894 and 1895	1 35
Duncan McKinley		18	1	1894 and 1895	1 35
Duncan McKinley		19	1	1894 and 1895	1 20
Duncan McKinley		20	1	1894 and 1895	1 35
Duncan McKinley		21	1	1894 and 1895	1 35
Duncan McKinley		22	1	1894 and 1895	1 93
Duncan McKinley		23	1	1894 and 1895	1 20
Duncan McKinley		24	1	1894 and 1895	1 28
C. E. Cash		25	1	1894 and 1895	2 33
C. E. Cash		26	1	1894 and 1895	2 36
William McKinley		9	4	1894 and 1895	1 35
William McKinley		10	4	1894 and 1895	1 26
William McKinley		11	4	1894 and 1895	1 28
William McKinley		12	4	1894 and 1895	1 75
William McKinley		13	4	1894 and 1895	1 26
William McKinley		14	4	1894 and 1895	1 28
William McKinley		15	4	1894 and 1895	1 35
William McKinley		19	4	1894 and 1895	1 26
William McKinley		20	4	1894 and 1895	1 29
William McKinley		21	4	1894 and 1895	1 35
William McKinley		22	4	1894 and 1895	1 26
A. G. McKinley		1	5	1892 to 1895 inc	3 10
A. G. McKinley		2	5	1892 to 1895 inc	3 09
A. G. McKinley		3	5	1892 to 1895 inc	3 08
William McKinley		4	5	1894 and 1895	2 28
William McKinley		5	5	1894 and 1895	2 26
William McKinley		6	5	1894 and 1895	2 20
William McKinley		7	5	1894 and 1895	2 28
William McKinley		8	5	1894 and 1895	2 28
Missabe Land company		10	5	1894 and 1895	2 28
Missabe Land company		11	5	1894 and 1895	2 21
Missabe Land company		12	5	1894 and 1895	2 28
Missaba Land Co		13	5	1894 and 1895	2 28
Missaba Land Co		14	5	1894 and 1895	2 28
Missaba Land Co		15	5	1894 and 1895	2 28
Missaba Land Co		16	5	1894 and 1895	2 28
Missaba Land Co		17	5	1894 and 1895	2 28
Missaba Land Co		18	5	1894 and 1895	2 28
Missaba Land Co		19	5	1894 and 1895	2 28
Missaba Land Co		20	5	1894 and 1895	2 26
Missaba Land Co		21	5	1894 and 1895	2 26
Missaba Land Co		22	5	1894 and 1895	2 21
Missaba Land Co		23	5	1894 and 1895	2 26
Missaba Land Co		24	5	1894 and 1895	2 28
James McKinley		25	5	1892 to 1895 inc	3 14
James McKinley		26	5	1892 to 1895 inc	3 15
James McKinley		27	5	1892 to 1895 inc	3 14
William McKinley		28	5	1892 to 1895 inc	1 06
William McKinley		29	5	1892 to 1895 inc	3 15
William McKinley		30	5	1892 to 1895 inc	3 15
William McKinley		31	5	1892 to 1895 inc	3 07
William McKinley		32	5	1892 to 1895 inc	3 14
James McKinley		1	6	1892 to 1895 inc	3 28
James McKinley		2	6	1892 to 1895 inc	3 28
John McMillan		3	7	1894 and 1895	2 26
John McMillan		4	7	1894 and 1895	2 27
John McMillan		5	7	1894 and 1895	2 22
John McMillan		6	7	1894 and 1895	2 28
John McMillan		7	7	1894 and 1895	1 89
A. L. McKinley		1	8	1894	1 85
A. L. McKinley		2	8	1894	1 85
James McKinley		3	8	1892 to 1895 inc	4 49

Name of Owner as Shown by Judgment.	Description of Property.	Lt.	Blk.	Year or Years for Which Taxes are Delinquent.	Amount of Judgment Entered Under Chapter 222, General Laws 1899. Dollars cts
CITY OF DULUTH—CONTINUED.					
MINERAL ADDITION TO DULUTH—CONTINUED.					
J. McMesure		4	8	1891, 1893 to 1895 inc	4 63
Nels Anderson		17	8	1891 and 1893 to 1895 inc	4 84
Missaba Land Co		21	8	1894 and 1895	3 41
Missaba Land Co		22	8	1894 and 1895	3 41
Missaba Land Co		23	8	1894 and 1895	3 41
Missaba Land Co		24	8	1894 and 1895	3 41
Missaba Land Co		25	8	1894 and 1895	3 41
Missaba Land Co		26	8	1894 and 1895	3 41
Missaba Land Co		27	8	1894 and 1895	3 41
Missaba Land Co		28	8	1894 and 1895	3 41
Missaba Land Co		29	8	1894 and 1895	3 41
Missaba Land Co		30	8	1894 and 1895	3 42
Missaba Land Co		31	8	1893 to 1895 inc	3 90
William McKinley		32	8	1893 to 1895 inc	3 94
William McKinley		20	10	1895	74
Joseph Christian		22	10	1894	77
Missaba Land Co		23	10	1894 and 1895	1 23
Missaba Land Co		24	10	1894 and 1895	1 35
Missaba Land Co		25	10	1894 and 1895	1 27
Missaba Land Co		2	11	1892	82
Missaba Land Co		3	11	1892	82
Missaba Land Co		4	11	1892	80
SPIRIT LAKE ADDITION TO DULUTH.					
Anna Keen		8	4	1890 to 1895 inc	8 44
Anna Keen		18	4	1890 to 1895 inc	10 19
H. Clark		5	10	1891 to 1895 inc	3 69
H. Clark		6	10	1891 to 1895 inc	3 68
H. Clark		9	10	1891 to 1895 inc	3 68
H. Clark		11	10	1894	1 27
IRONTON, THIRD DIVISION.					
William A. Pryor		7	1	1894 and 1895	1 67
IRONTON, SECOND DIVISION.					
Ironton Land company		2	5	1894 and 1895	1 99
Ironton Land company		8	6	1895	1 08
PARK VIEW DIVISION OF DULUTH.					
H. F. Totman, lots 5 and		6	1	1895	2 32
H. F. Totman		13	1	1895	1 28
H. F. Totman		14	1	1895	1 28
H. F. Totman		19	1	1895	1 28
H. F. Totman		20	1	1895	1 28
H. F. Totman		1	2	1894 and 1895	2 42
George S. Ostrom		2	2	1894 and 1895	2 41
George S. Ostrom		3	2	1895	1 28
H. F. Totman		4	2	1895	1 28
H. F. Totman		5	2	1895	1 28
H. F. Totman		6	2	1895	1 28
H. F. Totman		9	2	1895	1 28
H. F. Totman		10	2	1895	1 28
H. F. Totman		13	2	1895	1 28
H. F. Martin		14	2	1895	1 28
H. F. Totman		17	2	1895	1 28
H. F. Totman		18	2	1895	1 28
H. F. Totman		5	3	1895	1 28
H. F. Totman		6	3	1895	1 28
H. F. Totman		7	3	1895	1 28
H. F. Totman		8	3	1895	1 28
H. F. Totman		9	3	1894 and 1895	2 41
H. F. Totman		10	3	1894 and 1895	2 43
H. F. Totman		10	3	1894 and 1895	2 41
H. F. Totman		11	3	1894 and 1895	2 41
George S. Ostrom		14	3	1894 and 1895	2 47
George S. Ostrom		15	3	1894 and 1895	2 48
W. H. Martin		1	4	1894 and 1895	2 48
W. B. Martin		2	4	1894 and 1895	1 32
H. F. Totman		5	4	1895	1 32
H. F. Totman		6	4	1895	1 32
H. F. Totman		7	4	1895	1 32
H. F. Totman		8	4	1895	1 32
Geo. S. Ostrom		9	4	1894 and 1895	2 49
Geo. S. Ostrom		10	4	1894 and 1895	2 49
Geo. S. Ostrom		13	4	1894 and 1895	3 48
Geo. S. Ostrom		14	4	1894 and 1895	1 31
H. F. Totman		15	4	1895	1 32
H. F. Totman		16	4	1895	1 32
H. F. Totman		1	5	1895	1 32
H. F. Totman		2	5	1895	1 32
H. F. Totman		5	5	1895	1 32
H. F. Totman		6	5	1895	1 32
H. F. Totman		7	5	1895	1 32
H. F. Totman		8	5	1895	1 32
Geo. S. Ostrom		9	5	1894 and 1895	2 49
Geo. S. Ostrom		10	5	1894 and 1895	2 49
Geo. S. Ostrom		11	5	1894 and 1895	2 49
Geo. S. Ostrom		12	5	1894 and 1895	1 32
H. F. Totman		1	6	1895	1 32
H. F. Totman		2	6	1894 and 1895	2 49
Geo. S. Ostrom		5	6	1894 and 1895	2 49
Geo. S. Ostrom		6	6	1894 and 1895	2 49
Geo. S. Ostrom		7	6	1894 and 1895	2 49
Geo. S. Ostrom		8	6	1894 and 1895	1 32
H. F. Totman		11	6	1895	1 32
H. F. Totman		12	6	1895	1 32
H. F. Totman		13	6	1895	1 32
H. F. Totman		14	6	1895	1 32
H. F. Totman		1	7	1895	1 32
H. F. Totman		2	7	1895	1 32
Geo. S. Ostrom		3	7	1894 and 1895	2 49
Geo. S. Ostrom		4	7	1894 and 1895	2 49
Geo. S. Ostrom		5	7	1894 and 1895	2 49
Geo. S. Ostrom		6	7	1894 and 1895	2 48
Geo. S. Ostrom				1891 and 1895	1 32
H. F. Totman		1	8	1895	1 32
H. F. Totman		2	8	1895	1 32
H. F. Totman		3	8	1895	1 32
H. F. Totman		4	8	1895	1 32
H. F. Totman		5	8	1895	1 32
H. F. Totman		6	8	1895	1 32
NEW DULUTH, FIRST, DIVISION.					
F. Dole		25	54	1895	1 23
FOND DU LAC, FIRST STREET.					
J. H. Brigham		59		1890 to 1895 inc	4 43
W. A. Cant		61		1893 to 1895 inc	3 62
J. H. Brigham		65		1891 to 1895 inc	3 26
A. M. Kilgore		126		1891 to 1895 inc	7 31
A. M. Kilgore		130		1891 to 1895 inc	7 32
M. Douglas, und ½		133		1890 to 1895 inc	3 84
M. Douglas, und ½		134		1891 to 1895 inc	3 78
M. Douglas, und ½		135		1891 to 1895 inc	3 77
M. Douglas, und ½		136		1891 to 1895 inc	3 93
M. Douglas, und ½		141		1890 to 1895 inc	3 90
M. Douglas et al, und ½		142		1890 to 1895 inc	3 91
N. F. Hugo		145		1890 to 1895 inc	7 67
N. F. Hugo		147		1890 to 1895 inc	6 55
N. F. Hugo		148		1890 to 1895 inc	6 55
N. F. Hugo		149		1890 to 1895 inc	3 25
M. Douglas et al, und ½		151		1890 to 1895 inc	3 35
M. Douglas et al, und ½		153		1890 to 1895 inc	3 35
M. Douglas et al, und ½		154		1890 to 1895 inc	3 35
M. Douglas et al, und ½		155		1890 to 1895 inc	3 32
M. Douglas et al, und ½		156		1890 to 1895 inc	3 32
M. Douglas et al, und ½		158		1890 to 1895 inc	3 32
M. Douglas et al, und ½		159		1890 to 1895 inc	3 32
M. Douglas et al, und ½		162		1890 to 1895 inc	3 32
M. Douglas et al, und ½		163		1890 to 1895 inc	3 32
M. Douglas et al, und ½		164		1890 to 1895 inc	3 32
J. H. Brigham		165		1890 to 1895 inc	2 92
J. H. Brigham		167		1890 to 1895 inc	2 91
J. H. Brigham		169		1890 to 1895 inc	6 45
M. Douglas et al		171		1890 to 1895 inc	6 47
M. Douglas et al		172		1890 to 1895 inc	6 45
M. Douglas et al		173		1890 to 1895 inc	6 45
M. Douglas et al		174		1890 to 1895 inc	6 47
M. Douglas et al		175		1890 to 1895 inc	6 47
Unknown		176		1890 to 1895 inc	2 94
J. H. Brigham		177		1890 to 1895 inc	6 56
A. M. Kilgore		178		1890 to 1895 inc	2 93
J. H. Brigham		179		1890 to 1895 inc	6 55
A. M. Kilgore		180		1890 to 1895 inc	8 89
Unknown		181		1887 to 1890 inc, 1892 to 1895 inc	5 56
M. Douglas et al		182		1890, 1892 to 1895 inc	8 82
Unknown		183		1887 to 1890 inc, 1892 to 1895 inc	5 84
M. Douglas et al		184		1890, 1892 to 1895 inc	6 03
A. M. Kilgore		185		1890, 1892 to 1895 inc	3 11
M. Douglas et al, und ½		186		1890, 1892 to 1895 inc	
FOND DU LAC, SECOND STREET.					
M. Douglas et al, und ½		126		1890 to 1895 inc	3 93
M. Douglas et al, und ½		127		1894	76
M. Douglas et al, und ½		128		1890 to 1895 inc	3 93
M. Douglas et al, und ½		129		1894	76
M. Douglas et al, und ½		130		1891 to 1895 inc	3 79
M. Douglas et al, und ½		137		1891 to 1895 inc	3 79
M. Douglas et al, und ½		138		1890 to 1895 inc	3 92
M. Douglas et al, und ½		139		1891 to 1895 inc	3 79
M. Douglas et al, und ½		140		1890 to 1895 inc	3 92
M. Douglas et al, und ½		142		1890 to 1895 inc	3 92
M. Douglas et al, und ½		143		1890 to 1895 inc	3 92
M. Douglas et al, und ½		144		1890 to 1895 inc	3 99
M. Douglas et al, und ½		151		1890 to 1895 inc	3 78
M. Douglas et al, und ½		152		1890 to 1895 inc	3 99
M. Douglas et al, und ½		153		1890 to 1895 inc	3 82
M. Douglas et al, und ½		154		1891 to 1895 inc	3 90
M. Douglas et al, und ½		155		1890 to 1895 inc	5 98
D. Ogilvie		156		1894 and 1895	5 98
D. Ogilvie		157		1894 and 1895	7 70
A. M. Kilgore		158		1891 to 1895 inc	5 98
D. Ogilvie		159		1894 and 1895	3 90
M. Douglas et al, und ½		161		1890 to 1895 inc	3 38
M. Douglas et al, und ½		162		1893 to 1895 inc	3 90
M. Douglas et al, und ½		163		1890 to 1895 inc	3 43
M. Douglas et al, und ½		164		1893 to 1895 inc	3 90
M. Douglas et al, und ½		177		1890 to 1895 inc	3 90
M. Douglas et al, und ½		178		1890 to 1895 inc	3 90
M. Douglas et al, und ½		179		1890 to 1895 inc	3 90
M. Douglas et al, und ½		180		1890 to 1895 inc	6 97
M. Douglas et al, und ½		181		1890, 1892 to 1895 inc	6 97
M. Douglas et al, und ½		182		1890, 1892 to 1895 inc	7 03
M. Douglas et al, und ½		183		1890, 1892 to 1895 inc	7 03
M. Douglas et al, und ½		184		1890, 1892 to 1895 inc	
FOND DU LAC, THIRD STREET.					
Unknown		152		1893 to 1895 inc	5 70
Unknown		156		1890 to 1895 inc	6 76
D. M. Merritt et al, und ½ of und ¾		165		1894 and 1895	1 21
M. Douglas et al, und ½		168		1892 to 1895 inc	5 94
M. Douglas et al, und ½		170		1892 to 1895 inc	5 90
M. Douglas et al, und ½		171		1892 to 1895 inc	5 90
M. Douglas et al, und ½		179		1892 to 1895 inc	6 45
M. Douglas et al, und ½		180		1892 to 1895 inc	6 46
FOND DU LAC, FOURTH STREET.					
M. Douglas, und ½		48		1890 to 1895 inc	2 91
M. Douglas, und ½		148		1890 to 1895 inc	4 14
M. Douglas, und ½		150		1891 to 1895 inc	3 98
M. Boelng		156		1889 to 1895 inc	8 76
M. Douglas, und ½		158		1890 to 1895 inc	4 12
M. Boelng		160		1889 to 1895 inc	10 14
M. Boelng		162		1889 to 1895 inc	10 15
M. Boelng		164		1889 to 1895 inc	7 41
Unknown		182		1887 to 1890 inc 1892 to 1895 inc	9 84
Unknown		184		1889 to 1890 inc 1892 to 1895 inc	6 98
Unknown		186		1888, 1889 1890 to 1895 inc	5 10
FOND DU LAC, FIFTH STREET.					
A. M Kilgore		3		1890 to 1895 inc	4 59
Unknown		5		1892 to 1895	3 84
Unknown		7		1892 to 1895 inc	3 85
Unknown		9		1892 to 1895 inc	3 84
Unknown				1892 to 1895 inc	3 92
Cora E. Pressnell		11		1890 to 1895 inc	4 59
M. Douglas, und ½		13		1890 to 1895 inc	2 36
M. Douglas, und ½		17		1890 to 1895 inc	2 36
		18		1890 to 1895 inc	2 36

Name of Owner as Shown by Judgment.	Description of Property.	Lt.	Blk.	Year or Years for Which Taxes are Delinquent.	Amount of Judgment Entered Under Chapter 222, General Laws 1899. Dollars cts
CITY OF DULUTH—CONTINUED.					
FOND DU LAC—CONTINUED.					
FIFTH STREET—CONTINUED.					
M. Douglas, und ½			19	1890 to 1895 inc	2 36
M. Douglas, und ½			23	1890 to 1895 inc	2 32
M. Douglas et al, und ½			32	1890 to 1895 inc	2 37
M. Douglas et al, und ½			33	1890 to 1895 inc	2 38
M. Douglas et al, und ½			35	1890 to 1895 inc	2 25
M. Douglas, und ½			45	1890 to 1895 inc	2 35
M. Douglas, und ½			46	1890 to 1895 inc	2 34
M. Douglas, und ½			47	1890 to 1895 inc	2 36
M. Douglas, und ½			48	1890 to 1895 inc	1 92
M. Douglas et al, und ½			50	1893 to 1895 inc	1 96
M. Douglas et al, und ½			58	1893 to 1895 inc	3 22
M. Douglas et al, und ½			167	1890 to 1895 inc	2 50
Edward G. Howe, und ½			178	1894 and 1895	2 50
M. Douglas et al			184	1890, 1892 to 1895 inc	5 76
M. Douglas et al			186	1890, 1892 to 1895 inc	5 76
FOND DU LAC, SIXTH STREET.					
Unknown			1	1893 to 1895

Name of Owner as Shown by Judgment.	Description of Property.	Lt.	Blk.	Year or Years for Which Taxes are Delinquent.	Amount of Judgment Entered Under Chapter 322, General Laws 1899. Dollars cts
CITY OF DULUTH—CONTINUED. FOND DU LAC—CONTINUED. CASS STREET—CONTINUED.					
M. Douglas et al		127		1890 and 1895 inc	7 28
M. Douglas et al,		128		1890 to 1895 inc	7 26
M. Douglas et al		129		1890 to 1895 inc	7 28
M. Douglas et al		130		1890 to 1895 inc	7 27
A. M. Kilgore		132		1890 to 1895 inc	13 64
D. Ogilvie		134		1894 and 1895	4 88
M. Douglas, und ½		137		1890 to 1895 inc	6 91
M. Douglas, und ½		138		1890 to 1895 inc	6 91
M. Douglas, und ½		139		1890 to 1895 inc	6 91
M. Douglas, und ½		140		1890 to 1895 inc	6 91
W. A. Cant		146		1894 and 1895	75
W. A. Cant		148		1894 and 1895	75
A. M. Kilgore		150		1894 and 1895	4 79
D. Ogilvie		151		1894 and 1895	4 88
M. Douglas		152		1892 to 1895 inc	12 73
M. Douglas		153		1892 and 1895 inc	12 73
M. Douglas		154		1892 to 1895 inc	12 73
J. H. Brigham		155		1892 and 1895 inc	8 61
A. M. Kilgore		157		1890 to 1895 inc	12 67
A. M. Kilgore		159		1892 to 1895 inc	12 65
M. Douglas et al		166		1892 to 1895 inc	12 65
M. Douglas et al		168		1892 to 1895 inc	12 65
M. Douglas et al		170		1892 to 1895 inc	12 65
A. M. Kilgore		172		1892 to 1895 inc	10 77
M. Douglas et al		177		1892 to 1895 inc	8 89
M. Douglas et al		178		1892 to 1895 inc	8 82
M. Douglas et al		179		1892 to 1895 inc	8 84
M. Douglas et al		180		1892 to 1895 inc	8 81
M. Douglas et al		181		1890 and 1892 to 1895 inc	9 11
M. Douglas et al		182		1890 and 1892 to 1895 inc	9 11
M. Douglas et al		183		1890 and 1892 to 1895 inc	9 11
M. Douglas et al		184		1890 and 1892 to 1895 inc	9 11
M. Douglas et al		185		1890 and 1892 to 1895 inc	9 11
M. Douglas et al		186		1890 and 1892 to 1895 inc	9 10
FOND DU LAC, HURON STREET.					
A. M. Douglas et al, und ½		122		1890 to 1895 inc	5 49
M. Douglas et al		123		1890 to 1895 inc	10 72
M. Douglas et al		124		1890 to 1895 inc	10 73
M. Douglas et al		125		1890 to 1895 inc	9 25
M. Douglas et al		126		1894 and 1895	1 26
M. Douglas et al		127		1890 to 1895 inc	9 22
D. Ogilvie		128		1894 and 1895	5 58
A. M. Kilgore		129		1890 to 1895 inc	9 25
W. A. Cant		130		1894 and 1895	75
M. Douglas et al		131		1890 to 1895 inc	8 05
J. H. Brigham		132		1892 to 1895 inc	7 24
M. Douglas et al		133		1890 to 1895 inc	8 04
M. Douglas et al		134		1891 to 1895 inc	7 78
D. Ogilvie		135		1895	2 12
M. Douglas et al		136		1890 to 1895 inc	8 05
M. Douglas et al		141		1890 to 1895 inc	7 99
M. Douglas et al		143		1890 to 1895 inc	7 97
M. Douglas et al		144		1890 to 1895 inc	8 00
S. F. White et al		146		1892 to 1895 inc	6 62
D. Ogilvie		148		1892 to 1895 inc	6 62
Cooley and Johnson		149		1890 to 1895 inc	3 42
S. F. White et al		150		1892 to 1895 inc	6 63
M. Douglas et al		151		1890 to 1895 inc	7 45
M. Douglas et al		152		1890 to 1895 inc	7 44
M. Douglas et al		153		1890 to 1895 inc	7 45
M. Douglas et al		154		1890 to 1895 inc	7 45
M. Douglas et al		155		1890 to 1895 inc	7 45
M. Douglas et al		156		1890 to 1895 inc	7 45
W. A. Cant		157		1893 to 1895 inc	2 00
Fred B. Wilder		158		1894 and 1895	4 81
A. M. Kilgore		159		1890 to 1895 inc	6 60
Fred Wilder		160		1894 and 1895	4 79
M. Douglas et al		161		1890 to 1895 inc	7 36
M. Douglas et al		162		1890 to 1895 inc	7 36
M. Douglas et al		163		1890 to 1895 inc	7 36
M. Douglas et al		164		1890 to 1895 inc	7 36
M. Douglas et al		172		1890 to 1895 inc	11 83
M. Douglas et al		173		1890 to 1895 inc	11 83
M. Douglas et al		174		1890 to 1895 inc	11 83
M. Douglas et al		175		1890 to 1895 inc	11 83
M. Douglas et al, und ½		176		1890 to 1895 inc	6 04
A. M. Kilgore		177		1890 to 1895 inc	11 87
David Ogilvie		178		1893 to 1895 inc	8 33
David Ogilvie		179		1894 and 1895	3 07
David Ogilvie		180		1893 to 1895 inc	8 40
Unknown		181		1890 and 1892 to 1895 inc	11 32
Unknown		182		1890 and 1892 to 1895	11 31
Unknown		183		1890 and 1892 to 1895 inc	11 32
Unknown		184		1890 and 1892 to 1895 inc	11 32
Unknown		185		1890 and 1892 to 1895	11 39
FOND DU LAC, ERIE STREET.					
M. Douglas et a, und ½		106		1890 to 1895 inc	5 47
M. Douglas et al, und ½		108		1890 to 1895 inc	5 47
A. M. Kilgore, und ½		110		1890 to 1895 inc	5 47
M. Douglas et al, und ½		118		1891 to 1895 inc	5 36
M. Douglas et al, und ½		120		1890 to 1895 inc	5 15
M. Douglas et al, und ½		122		1890 to 1895 inc	5 14
E. C. Howe, und ½		123		1894 and 1895	1 68
Unknown		132		1891 to 1895 inc	4 54
M. Douglas et al		134		1890 to 1895 inc	7 13
D. Ogilvie		137		1893 to 1895 inc	5 28
D. Ogilvie		139		1893 to 1895 inc	5 28
D. Ogilvie		140		1894 and 1895	3 07
Charles Gasper		141		1893 to 1895 inc	4 69
M. Douglas et al		142		1890 to 1895 inc	6 23
M. Douglas et al		143		1890 to 1895 inc	6 25
M. Douglas et al		144		1890 to 1895 inc	6 24
Charles Gasper		145		1890 to 1895 inc	6 35
M. Douglas et al		151		1890 to 1895 inc	6 31
M. Douglas et al		152		1890 to 1895 inc	6 27
M. Douglas et al		153		1890 to 1895 inc	6 30
M. Douglas et al		154		1890 to 1895 inc	6 35
M. Douglas et al		155		1890 to 1895 inc	6 30
M. Douglas et al		156		1890 to 1895 inc	6 33
David Ogilvie		157		1893 to 1895 inc	4 74
Charles Gasper		159		1890 to 1895 inc	6 44
A. M. Kilgore		160		1890 and 1892 to 1895 inc	9 01
D. Ogilvie		161		1895	1 40
M. Douglas et al		162		1892 to 1895 inc	4 54
M. Douglas et al		163		1890 to 1895 inc	5 45
M. Douglas et al		164		1890 to 1895 inc	5 45
W. A. Cant		165		1893 to 1895 inc	1 81
A. M. Kilgore		166		1890 to 1895 inc	5 56
A. M. Kilgore		167		1890 to 1895 inc	5 55
A. M. Kilgore		168		1890 to 1895 inc	5 56
W. A. Cant		169		1893 to 1895 inc	1 81
A. M. Kilgore		170		1890 to 1895 inc	5 63
M. Douglas et al, und ½		171		1890 to 1895 inc	2 89
M. Douglas et al		173		1890 to 1895 inc	5 55
M. Douglas et al, und ½		173		1890 to 1895 inc	2 99
A. M. Kilgore		174		1890 to 1895 inc	5 57
M. Douglas et al		175		1890 to 1895 inc	2 99
M. Douglas et al, und ½		176		1890 to 1895 inc	2 99
David Ogilvie		177		1893 to 1895 inc	4 23
David Ogilvie		179		1893 to 1895 inc	4 23
Unknown		180		1895 to 1895 inc	11 85
M. Douglas		181		1890 and 1892 to 1895 inc	11 30
D. Ogilvie		182		1894 and 1895	3 07
M. Douglas et al		183		1890 and 1892 to 1895 inc	11 30
M. Douglas et al		184		1890 and 1892 to 1895 inc	11 30
M. Douglas et al		185		1890 and 1892 to 1895 inc	11 30
M. Douglas et al		186		1890 and 1892 to 1895 inc	11 30
FOND DU LAC, PEMBINA STREET.					
M. Douglas et al, und ½		113		1890 to 1895 inc	4 78
A. C. Otis et al, und ½		118		1890 to 1895 inc	4 78
D. Ogilvie		124		1894 to 1-896 inc	4 57
A. M. Kilgore		125		1890 to 1895 inc	6 05
A. M. Kilgore		126		1892 to 1895 inc	6 70
M. Douglas et al, und ½		127		1890 to 1895 inc	4 44
M. Douglas, und ½		129		1890 to 1895 inc	4 44
D. Ogilvie		131		1894 and 1895	3 17
A. M. Kilgore		132		1890 to 1895 inc	7 13
A. M. Kilgore		134		1890 to 1895 inc	7 13
Unknown		135		1887 to 1895 inc	8 74
A. M. Kilgore		136		1890 to 1895 inc	6 13
M. Douglas et al, und ½		137		1890 to 1895 inc	3 64
M. Douglas et al, und ½		138		1890 to 1895 inc	3 68
M. Douglas et al, und ½		139		1890 to 1895 inc	3 68
M. Douglas et al, und ½		140		1890 to 1895 inc	3 68
M. Douglas et al, und ½		141		1890 to 1895 inc	3 67
M. Douglas et al, und ½		142		1890 to 1895 inc	3 64
M. Douglas et al, und ½		143		1890 to 1895 inc	3 64
Unknown		144		1892 to 1895 inc	6 20
J. H. Brigham		145		1890 to 1895 inc	4 82
J. H. Brigham		147		1894 and 1895	75
J. H. Brigham		149		1892 to 1895 inc	6 21
A. M. Kilgore		150		1890 to 1895 inc	4 79
J. H. Brigham		151		1890 to 1895 inc	4 81
M. Douglas		152		1892 to 1895 inc	6 30
M. Douglas		154		1892 to 1895 inc	6 28
M. Douglas		156		1892 to 1895 inc	6 31
M. R. Durfie		156		1892 to 1895 inc	6 28
A. M. Kilgore		158		1892 to 1895 inc	6 29
A. M. Kilgore		159		1893 to 1895 inc	7 53
A. M. Kilgore		160		1892 to 1895 inc	6 29
M. Douglas et al, und ½		161		1892 to 1895 inc	3 36
A. C. Otis		162		1890 to 1895 inc	6 24
M. Douglas et al, und ½		163		1892 to 1895 inc	2 81
J. H. Brigham		164		1890 to 1895 inc	6 23
M. Douglas et al, und ½		166		1890 to 1895 inc	2 12
M. Douglas et al, und ½		171		1892 to 1895 inc	2 83
M. Douglas et al, und ½		172		1892 to 1895 inc	2 87
M. Douglas et al, und ½		173		1890 to 1895 inc	3 28
M. Douglas		174		1890 to 1895 inc	6 34
M. Douglas et al, und ½		175		1890 to 1895 inc	3 30
M. Douglas et al, und ½		176		1890 to 1895 inc	3 29
A. M. Kilgore		181		1890 and 1892 to 1895 inc	5 89
Unknown		182		1890 and 1892 to 1895 inc	11 30
Unknown		184		1890 and 1892 to 1895 inc	11 39
Unknown		186		1890 and 1892 to 1895 inc	11 29
FOND DU LAC, ONTARIO STREET.					
M. Douglas et al, und ½		125		1890 to 1895 inc	4 79
M. Douglas et al, und ½		126		1890 to 1895 inc	4 79
M. Douglas et al		128		1890 to 1895 inc	9 32
M. Douglas et al, und ½		130		1890 to 1895 inc	4 79
Unknown		132		1887 to 1895 inc	10 22
Unknown		134		1887 to 1895 inc	10 23
Unknown		136		1887 to 1895 inc	10 26
M. Douglas et al, und ½		137		1890 to 1895 inc	4 44
M. Douglas et al, und ½		138		1890 to 1895 inc	4 44
M. Douglas et al, und ½		139		1890 to 1895 inc	4 44
M. Douglas et al, und ½		140		1890 to 1895 inc	4 44
M. Douglas et al, und ½		141		1890 to 1895 inc	4 44
M. Douglas etal, und ½		142		1890 to 1895 inc	4 44
M. Douglas et al, und ½		143		1890 to 1895 inc	4 44
M. Douglas et al, und ½		144		1890 to 1895 inc	4 44
M. Douglas et al, und ½		145		1890 to 1895 inc	4 44
D. Ogilvie, und ½		146		1894 and 1895	2 46
N. F. Hugo		148		1893 to 1895 inc	6 62
David Ogilvie		158		1893 to 1895 inc	5 48
David Ogilvie		160		1895	1 42
David Ogilvie		161		1894 and 1895	4 58
M. Douglas et al, und ½		162		1890 to 1895 inc	4 00
M. Douglas et al, und ½		164		1890 to 1895 inc	2 30
M. Douglas et al		171		1892 to 1895 inc	5 39
M. Douglas et al, und ½		172		1890 to 1895 inc	2 90
M. Douglas et al, und ½		174		1890 to 1895 inc	2 90
M. Douglas et al, und ½		176		1894	1 09
S. F. White		182		1892 to 1895 inc	4 64
Unknown		184		1890 and 1892 to 1895 inc	5 62
Unknown		186		1890 and 1892 to 1895 inc	5 62
FOND DU LAC, WINNIPEG STREET.					
M. Douglas et al und ½		146		1890 to 1895 inc	4 39
M. R. Durfie		155		1892 to 1895 inc	6 93
M. Douglas et al		157		1892 to 1895 inc	6 93
M. Douglas et al		158		1890 to 1895 inc	7 74

Name of Owner as Shown by Judgment.	Description of Property.	Lt.	Blk.	Year or Years for Which Taxes are Delinquent.	Amount of Judgment Entered Under Chapter 322, General Laws 1899. Dollars cts
CITY OF DULUTH—CONTINUED. FOND DU LAC, WATER STREET.					
M. Douglas et al, und ½		25		1893 to 1895 inc	4 12
M. Douglas et al, und ½		26		1893 to 1895 inc	4 12
M. Douglas et al, und ¼		27		1894 and 1895	68
M. Douglas et al, und ¾		28		1894 and 1895	68
EAST FOND DU LAC.					
H. Hulett		14	13	1891 to 1895 inc	5 11
CITY OF ELY. PLAT OF PIONEER AND ZENITH ADDITION TO ELY.					
Hartman and Mellett		1	6	1888 to 1895 inc	21 83
Hartman and Mellett		2	6	1888 to 1895 inc	19 68
Hartman and Mellett		3	6	1888 to 1895 inc	19 66
Hartman and Mellett		4	6	1888 to 1895 inc	19 66
Hartman and Mellett		5	6	1888 to 1895 inc	19 67
Hartman and Mellett		6	6	1888 to 1895 inc	19 79
Hartman and Mellett		7	6	1888 to 1895 inc	19 82
Hartman and Mellett		8	6	1888 to 1895 inc	19 81
Geo. McAnnis		9	6	1888 to 1895 inc	19 76
William Butchart		10	6	1888 to 1895 inc	19 83
William Butchart		11	6	1888 to 1895 inc	19 65
Hartman and Mellett		12	6	1888 to 1895 inc	19 64
Hartman and Mellett		13	6	1888 to 1895 inc	19 68
Hartman and Mellett		14	6	1888 to 1895 inc	19 66
Wm. Harrington		15	6	1888 to 1895 inc	19 67
Wm. Harrington		16	6	1888 to 1895 inc	21 82
Hartman and Mellett		17	6	1888 to 1895 inc	21 82
Hartman and Mellett		18	6	1888 to 1895 inc	19 68
Hartman and Mellett		19	6	1888 to 1895 inc	19 64
Hartman and Mellett		20	6	1888 to 1895 inc	19 65
Hartman and Mellett		21	6	1888 to 1895 inc	19 68
Hartman and Mellett		22	6	1888 to 1895 inc	19 66
Hartman and Mellett		23	6	1888 to 1895 inc	19 66
Hartman and Mellett		24	6	1888 to 1895 inc	19 66
Hartman and Mellett		25	6	1888 to 1895 inc	19 66
Hartman and Mellett		26	6	1888 to 1895 inc	19 81
Hartman and Mellett		27	6	1888 to 1895 inc	19 80
Hartman and Mellett		28	6	1888 to 1895 inc	21 94
Hartman and Mellett		1	7	1888 to 1895 inc	21 93
Hartman and Mellett		2	7	1888 to 1895 inc	19 79
Hartman and Mellett		3	7	1888 to 1895 inc	19 65
Hartman and Mellett		4	7	1888 to 1895 inc	19 64
Hartman and Mellett		5	7	1888 to 1895 inc	19 75
Hartman and Mellett		6	7	1888 to 1895 inc	19 66
Hartman and Mellett		7	7	1888 to 1895 inc	19 66
Hartman and Mellett		8	7	1888 to 1895 inc	19 66
Hartman and Mellett		9	7	1888 to 1895 inc	19 66
Hartman and Mellett		10	7	1888 to 1895 inc	19 66
Hartman and Mellett		11	7	1888 to 1895 inc	19 66
Hartman and Mellett		12	7	1888 to 1895 inc	19 66
Hartman and Mellett		13	7	1888 to 1895 inc	19 66
Andrew Olson		14	7	1888 to 1895 inc	19 63
Hartman and Mellett		15	7	1888 to 1895 inc	19 65
Hartman and Mellett		16	7	1888 to 1895 inc	21 80
Hartman and Mellett		17	7	1888 to 1895 inc	21 83
Hartman and Mellett		18	7	1888 to 1895 inc	19 80
Hartman and Mellett		19	7	1888 to 1895 inc	19 81
Hartman and Mellett		20	7	1888 to 1895 inc	19 81
Hartman and Mellett		21	7	1888 to 1895 inc	19 81
Hartman and Mellett		22	7	1888 to 1895 inc	19 81
Hartman and Mellett		23	7	1888 to 1895 inc	19 81
Hartman and Mellett		24	7	1888 to 1895 inc	19 81
Hartman and Mellett		25	7	1888 to 1895 inc	19 81
Hartman and Mellett		26	7	1888 to 1895 inc	19 81
Hartman and Mellett		27	7	1888 to 1895 inc	19 81
Hartman and Mellett		28	7	1888 to 1895 inc	20 82
Andrew Olson		1	8	1888 to 1895 inc	20 82
Hartman and Mellett		2	8	1888 to 1895 inc	19 66
Hartman and Mellett		3	8	1888 to 1895 inc	19 66
Hartman and Mellett		4	8	1888 to 1895 inc	19 66
Hartman and Mellett		5	8	1888 to 1895 inc	19 66
Hartman and Mellett		6	8	1888 to 1895 inc	19 67
Hartman and Mellett		7	8	1888 to 1895 inc	19 64
Hartman and Mellett		8	8	1888 to 1895 inc	19 64
Hartman and Mellett		9	8	1888 to 1895 inc	19 64
Hartman and Mellett		10	8	1888 to 1895 inc	19 80
Hartman and Mellett		11	8	1888 to 1895 inc	19 80
Hartman and Mellett		12	8	1888 to 1895 inc	19 80
Hartman and Mellett		13	8	1888 to 1895 inc	19 77
Hartman and Mellett		14	8	1888 to 1895 inc	19 80
Hartman and Mellett		15	8	1888 to 1895 inc	19 66
Archila Columbe		16	8	1888 to 1895 inc	21 79
Archilla Columbe		17	8	1888 to 1895 inc	21 84
Archilla Columbe		18	8	1888 to 1895 inc	19 66
Archilla Columbe		19	8	1888 to 1895 inc	19 66
Archilla Columbe		20	8	1888 to 1895 inc	19 66
Archilla Columbe		21	8	1888 to 1895 inc	19 66
Archilla Columbe		22	8	1888 to 1895 inc	19 66
Archilla Columba		23	8	1888 to 1895 inc	19 68
Archilla Columbe		24	8	1888 to 1895 inc	19 65
Archilla Columbe		25	8	1888 to 1895 inc	19 65
Archilla Columbe		26	8	1888 to 1895 inc	19 68
Archilla Columbe		27	8	1888 to 1895 inc	19 65
Archilla Columbe		28	8	1888 to 1895 inc	19 65
Archilla Columbe		29	8	1888 to 1895 inc	19 66
Archilla Columbe		30	8	1888 to 1895 inc	19 81
Archilla Columbe		31	8	1888 to 1895 inc	19 79
Archilla Columbe		32	8	1888 to 1895 inc	21 95
Hartman and Mellett		3	9	1888 to 1895 inc	19 65
Hartman and Mellett		4	9	1888 to 1895 inc	19 65
Hartman and Mellett		5	9	1888 to 1895 inc	19 68
Hartman and Mellett		6	9	1888 to 1895 inc	19 65
Hartman and Mellett		7	9	1888 to 1895 inc	19 67
Hartman and Mellett		8	9	1888 to 1895 inc	19 65
Hartman and Mellett		9	9	1888 to 1895 inc	19 66
Hartman and Mellett		10	9	1888 to 1895 inc	19 67
Hartman and Mellett		11	9	1888 to 1895 inc	19 65
Hartman and Mellett		12	9	1888 to 1895 inc	19 68
Hartman and Mellett		13	9	1888 to 1895 inc	19 64
E. G. Johnson et al		16	9	1888 to 1895 inc	21 80
Hartman and Mellett		17	9	1888 to 1895 inc	21 82
Hartman and Mellett		18	9	1888 to 1895 inc	19 80
Hartman and Mellett		19	9	1888 to 1895 inc	19 81
Hartman and Mellett		20	9	1888 to 1895 inc	19 79
Hartman and Mellett		21	9	1888 to 1895 inc	19 76
Hartman and Mellett		22	9	1888 to 1895 inc	19 79
Hartman and Mellett		23	9	1888 to 1895 inc	19 65
Hartman and Mallett		24	9	1888 to 1895 inc	19 64
Hartman and Mellett		25	9	1888 to 1895 inc	19 67
Hartman and Mellett		26	9	1888 to 1895 inc	19 65
Hartman and Mellett		27	9	1888 to 1895 inc	19 68
Hartman and Mellett		28	9	1888 to 1895 inc	19 66
Hartman and Mellett		29	9	1888 to 1895 inc	19 66
Hartman and Mellett		30	9	1888 to 1895 inc	19 66
E. G. Johnson et al		31	9	1888 to 1895 inc	19 67
E. G. Johnson et al		32	9	1888 to 1895 inc	21 82
E. G. Johnson et al		1	10	1888 to 1895 inc	21 81
E. G. Johnson et al		2	10	1888 to 1895 inc	19 68
Hartman and Mellett		3	10	1888 to 1895 inc	19 66
Hartman and Mellett		4	10	1888 to 1895 inc	19 66
Hartman and Mellett		5	10	1888 to 1895 inc	19 66
Hartman and Mellett		6	10	1888 to 1895 inc	19 73
Hartman and Mellett		7	10	1888 to 1895 inc	19 80
Hartman and Mellett		8	10	1888 to 1895 inc	19 80
Hartman and Mellett		9	10	1888 to 1895 inc	19 78
Hartman and Mellett		10	10	1888 to 1895 inc	19 80
Hartman and Mellett		11	10	1888 to 1895 inc	19 66
Hartman and Mellett		12	10	1888 to 1895 inc	19 64
Hartman and Mellett		13	10	1888 to 1895 inc	19 68
Hartman and Mellett		14	10	1888 to 1895 inc	19 67
Hartman and Mellett		15	10	1888 to 1895 inc	19 67
Hartman and Mellett		26	10	1888 to 1895 inc	19 79
Hartman and Mellett		27	10	1888 to 1895 inc	19 82
Hartman and Mellett		28	10	1888 to 1895 inc	19 80
Hartman and Mellett		29	10	1888 to 1895 inc	19 77
Hartman and Mellett		30	10	1888 to 1895 inc	19 81
Hartman and Mellett		31	10	1888 to 1895 inc	19 66
Hartman and Mellett		32	10	1888 to 1895 inc	21 79
Hartman and Mellett		1	11	1888 to 1895 inc	21 83
Hartman and Mellett		2	11	1888 to 1895 inc	19 64
Hartman and Mellett		3	11	1888 to 1895 inc	19 66
Hartman and Mellett		4	11	1888 to 1895 inc	19 66
Hartman and Mellett		5	11	1888 to 1895 inc	19 95
Hartman and Mellett		6	11	1888 to 1895 inc	19 67
Hartman and Mellett		7	11	1888 to 1895 inc	19 67
Hartman and Mellett		8	11	1888 to 1895 inc	19 65
Hartman and Mellett		9	11	1888 to 1895 inc	19 65
Hartman and Mellett		10	11	1888 to 1895 inc	19 67
Hartman and Mellett		11	11	1888 to 1895 inc	19 66
Hartman and Mellett		12	11	1888 to 1895 inc	19 64
Hartman and Mellett		13	11	1888 to 1895 inc	19 64
Hartman and Mellett		14	11	1888 to 1895 inc	19 59
Hartman and Mellett		15	11	1888 to 1895 inc	19 79
Hartman and Mellett		16	11	1888 to 1895 inc	21 95
Hartman and Mellett		17	11	1888 to 1895 inc	21 95
Hartman and Mellett		18	11	1888 to 1895 inc	19 82
Hartman and Mellett		19	11	1888 to 1895 inc	19 65
Hartman and Mellett		20	11	1888 to 1895 inc	19 64
Hartman and Mellett		21	11	1888 to 1895 inc	19 68
Hartman and Mellett		22	11	1888 to 1895 inc	19 66
Hartman and Mellett		23	11	1888 to 1895 inc	19 67
Hartman and Mellett		24	11	1888 to 1895 inc	19 65
Hartman and Mellett		25	11	1888 to 1895 inc	19 65
Hartman and Mellett		26	11	1888 to 1895 inc	19 68
Hartman and Mellett		27	11	1888 to 1895 inc	19 67
Hartman and Mellett		28	11	1888 to 1895 inc	19 67
Hartman and Mellett		29	11	1888 to 1895 inc	19 65
Hartman and Mellett		30	11	1888 to 1895 inc	19 67
Hartman and Mellett		31	11	1888 to 1895 inc	19 66
Hartman and Mellett		32	11	1888 to 1895 inc	21 80
Hratman and Mellett		1	12	1888 to 1895 inc	21 83
Hartman and Mellett		2	12	1888 to 1895 inc	19 80
Hartman and Mellett		3	12	1888 to 1895 inc	19 78
Hartman and Mellett		4	12	1888 to 1895 inc	19 77
Hartman and Mellett		5	12	1888 to 1895 inc	19 79
Hartman and Mellett		6	12	1888 to 1895 inc	19 83
Hartman and Mellett		7	12	1888 to 1895 inc	19 65
Hartman and Mellett		8	12	1888 to 1895 inc	19 64
Hartman and Mellett		9	12	1888 to 1895 inc	19 68
Hartman and Mellett		10	12	1888 to 1895 inc	19 67
Hratman and Mellett		11	12	1888 to 1895 inc	19 66
Hartman and Mellett		12	12	1888 to 1895 inc	19 65
Hartman and Mellett		13	12	1888 to 1895 inc	19 66
Hartman and Mellett		14	12	1888 to 1895 inc	19 67
Hartman and Mellett		15	12	1888 to 1895 inc	21 81
Hartman and Mellett		16	12	1888 to 1895 inc	21 81
Hartman and Mellett		17	12	1888 to 1895 inc	19 67
Hartman and Mellett		18	12	1888 to 1895 inc	19 66
Hartman and Mellett		19	12	1888 to 1895 inc	19 66
Hartman and Mellett		20	12	1888 to 1895 inc	19 65
Hartman and Mellett		21	12	1888 to 1895 inc	19 67
Hartman and Mellett		22	12	1888 to 1895 inc	19 81
Hartman and

Name of Owner as Shown by Judgment.	Description of Property.	Lt.	Blk.	Year or Years for Which Taxes are Delinquent.	Amount of Judgment Entered Under Chapter 322, General Laws 1899. Dollars cts
CITY OF DULUTH—CONTINUED. FORREST PARK ADDITION TO DULUTH—CONTINUED.					
Geo. H. Dodge		7	10	1891 to 1895 inc	81
Geo. H. Dodge		8	10	1891 to 1895 inc	82
Geo. H. Dodge		9	10	1891 to 1895 inc	80
Geo. H. Dodge		10	10	1891 to 1895 inc	84
Geo. H. Dodge		11	10	1891 to 1895 inc	82
Geo. H. Dodge		12	10	1891 to 1895 inc	83
Geo. H. Dodge		1	11	1891 to 1895 inc	82
Geo. H. Dodge		2	11	1891 to 1895 inc	84
Geo. H. Dodge		3	11	1891 to 1895 inc	85
Geo. H. Dodge		4	11	1891 to 1895 inc	83
Geo. H. Dodge		5	11	1891 to 1895 inc	84
Geo. H. Dodge		6	11	1891 to 1895 inc	82
Geo. H. Dodge		7	11	1891 to 1895 inc	84
Geo. H. Dodge		8	11	1891 to 1895 inc	83
Geo. H. Dodge		9	11	1891 to 1895 inc	83
Geo. H. Dodge		10	11	1891 to 1895 inc	80
Geo. H. Dodge		11	11	1891 to 1895 inc	83
Geo. H. Dodge		12	11	1891 to 1895 inc	80
Geo. H. Dodge		1	12	1891 to 1895 inc	82
Geo. H. Dodge		2	12	1891 to 1895 inc	84
Geo. H. Dodge		3	12	1891 to 1895 inc	80
Geo. H. Dodge		4	12	1891 to 1895 inc	82
Geo. H. Dodge		5	12	1891 to 1895 inc	80
Geo. H. Dodge		6	12	1891 to 1895 inc	84
Geo. H. Dodge		7	12	1891 to 1895 inc	84
Geo. H. Dodge		1	13	1891 to 1895 inc	83
Geo. H. Dodge		2	13	1891 to 1895 inc	84
Geo. H. Dodge		3	13	1891 to 1895 inc	82
Geo. H. Dodge		4	13	1891 to 1895 inc	84
Geo. H. Dodge		5	13	1891 to 1895 inc	82
Geo. H. Dodge		6	13	1891 to 1895 inc	84
Geo. H. Dodge		7	13	1891 to 1895 inc	84
Geo. H. Dodge		1	14	1891 to 1895 inc	82
Geo. H. Dodge		2	14	1891 to 1895 inc	84
Geo. H. Dodge		3	14	1891 to 1895 inc	82
Geo. H. Dodge		4	14	1891 to 1895 inc	80
Geo. H. Dodge		5	14	1891 to 1895 inc	82
Geo. H. Dodge		6	14	1891 to 1895 inc	80
Geo. H. Dodge		7	14	1891 to 1895 inc	82
Geo. H. Dodge		8	14	1891 to 1895 inc	80
Geo. H. Dodge		9	14	1891 to 1895 inc	84
Geo. H. Dodge		10	14	1891 to 1895 inc	81
Geo. H. Dodge		11	14	1891 to 1895 inc	84
Geo. H. Dodge		12	14	1891 to 1895 inc	82
Geo. H. Dodge		1	15	1891 to 1895 inc	85
Geo. H. Dodge		2	15	1891 to 1895 inc	83
Geo. H. Dodge		3	15	1891 to 1895 inc	83
Geo. H. Dodge		4	15	1891 to 1895 inc	84
Geo. H. Dodge		5	15	1891 to 1895 inc	82
Geo. H. Dodge		6	15	1891 to 1895 inc	84
Geo. H. Dodge		7	15	1891 to 1895 inc	82
Geo. H. Dodge		8	15	1891 to 1895 inc	84
Geo. H. Dodge		9	15	1891 to 1895 inc	82
Geo. H. Dodge		10	15	1891 to 1895 inc	82
Geo. H. Dodge		11	15	1891 to 1895 inc	84
Geo. H. Dodge		12	15	1891 to 1895 inc	82
Geo. H. Dodge		1	16	1891 to 1895 inc	82
Geo. H. Dodge		2	16	1891 to 1895 inc	80
Geo. H. Dodge		3	16	1891 to 1895 inc	84
Geo. H. Dodge		4	16	1891 to 1895 inc	82
Geo. H. Dodge		5	16	1891 to 1895 inc	80
Geo. H. Dodge		6	16	1891 to 1895 inc	82
George H. Dodge		7	16	1891 to 1895 inc	81
George H. Dodge		8	16	1891 to 1895 inc	82
George H. Dodge		9	16	1891 to 1895 inc	83
George H. Dodge		10	16	1891 to 1895 inc	85
George H. Dodge		11	16	1891 to 1895 inc	83
George H. Dodge		12	16	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		1	17	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		2	17	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		3	17	1891 to 1895 inc	82
George H. Dodge		4	17	1891 to 1895 inc	82
George H. Dodge		5	17	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		6	17	1891 to 1895 inc	83
George H. Dodge		7	17	1891 to 1895 inc	83
George H. Dodge		8	17	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		9	17	1891 to 1895 inc	80
George H. Dodge		10	17	1891 to 1895 inc	82
George H. Dodge		11	17	1891 to 1895 inc	82
George H. Dodge		12	17	1891 to 1895 inc	82
George H. Dodge		1	18	1891 to 1895 inc	80
George H. Dodge		2	18	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		3	18	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		4	18	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		5	18	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		6	18	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		7	18	1891 to 1895 inc	82
George H. Dodge		8	18	1891 to 1895 inc	82
George H. Dodge		9	18	1891 to 1895 inc	83
George H. Dodge		10	18	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		11	18	1891 to 1895 inc	82
George H. Dodge		12	18	1891 to 1895 inc	82
George H. Dodge		1	19	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		2	19	1891 to 1895 inc	82
George H. Dodge		3	19	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		4	19	1891 to 1895 inc	80
George H. Dodge		5	19	1891 to 1895 inc	83
George H. Dodge		6	19	1891 to 1895 inc	80
George H. Dodge		7	19	1891 to 1895 inc	80
George H. Dodge		8	19	1891 to 1895 inc	82
George H. Dodge		9	19	1891 to 1895 inc	80
George H. Dodge		10	19	1891 to 1895 inc	82
George H. Dodge		11	19	1891 to 1895 inc	80
George H. Dodge		12	19	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		1	20	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		2	20	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		3	20	1891 to 1895 inc	82
George H. Dodge		4	20	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		5	20	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		6	20	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		7	20	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		8	20	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		9	20	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		10	20	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		11	20	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		12	20	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		1	21	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		2	21	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		3	21	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		4	21	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		5	21	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		6	21	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		7	21	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		8	21	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		9	21	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		10	21	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		11	21	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		12	21	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		1	22	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		2	22	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		3	22	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		4	22	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		5	22	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		6	22	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		7	22	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		8	22	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		9	22	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		10	22	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		11	22	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		12	22	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		1	23	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		2	23	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		3	23	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		4	23	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		5	23	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		6	23	1891 to 1895 inc	80
George H. Dodge		7	23	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		8	23	1891 to 1895 inc	86
George H. Dodge		9	23	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		10	23	1891 to 1895 inc	87
George H. Dodge		11	23	1891 to 1895 inc	83
George H. Dodge		12	23	1891 to 1895 inc	86
George H. Dodge		1	24	1891 to 1895 inc	85
George H. Dodge		2	24	1891 to 1895 inc	86
George H. Dodge		3	24	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		4	24	1891 to 1895 inc	88
George H. Dodge		5	24	1891 to 1895 inc	87
George H. Dodge		6	24	1891 to 1895 inc	99
George H. Dodge		7	24	1891 to 1895 inc	86
George H. Dodge		8	24	1891 to 1895 inc	88
George H. Dodge		9	24	1891 to 1895 inc	85
George H. Dodge		10	24	1891 to 1895 inc	89
George H. Dodge		11	24	1891 to 1895 inc	87
George H. Dodge		12	24	1891 to 1895 inc	89
George H. Dodge		1	25	1891 to 1895 inc	86
George H. Dodge		2	25	1891 to 1895 inc	89
George H. Dodge		3	25	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		4	25	1891 to 1895 inc	86
George H. Dodge		5	25	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		6	25	1891 to 1895 inc	87
George H. Dodge		7	25	1891 to 1895 inc	86
George H. Dodge		8	25	1891 to 1895 inc	86
George H. Dodge		9	25	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		10	25	1891 to 1895 inc	89
George H. Dodge		11	25	1891 to 1895 inc	86
George H. Dodge		12	25	1891 to 1895 inc	87
George H. Dodge		1	26	1891 to 1895 inc	88
George H. Dodge		2	26	1891 to 1895 inc	89
George H. Dodge		3	26	1891 to 1895 inc	88
George H. Dodge		4	26	1891 to 1895 inc	88
George H. Dodge		5	26	1891 to 1895 inc	85
George H. Dodge		6	26	1891 to 1895 inc	89
George H. Dodge		7	26	1891 to 1895 inc	87
George H. Dodge		8	26	1891 to 1895 inc	90
George H. Dodge		9	26	1891 to 1895 inc	87
George H. Dodge		10	26	1891 to 1895 inc	90
George H. Dodge		11	26	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		12	26	1891 to 1895 inc	87
George H. Dodge		1	27	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		2	27	1891 to 1895 inc	85
George H. Dodge		3	27	1891 to 1895 inc	87
George H. Dodge		4	27	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		5	27	1891 to 1895 inc	87
George H. Dodge		6	27	1891 to 1895 inc	87
George H. Dodge		7	27	1891 to 1895 inc	87
George H. Dodge		8	27	1891 to 1895 inc	88
George H. Dodge		9	27	1891 to 1895 inc	88
George H. Dodge		10	27	1891 to 1895 inc	83
George H. Dodge		11	27	1891 to 1895 inc	87
George H. Dodge		12	27	1891 to 1895 inc	89
George H. Dodge		1	28	1891 to 1895 inc	89
George H. Dodge		2	28	1891 to 1895 inc	87
George H. Dodge		3	28	1891 to 1895 inc	88
George H. Dodge		4	28	1891 to 1895 inc	88
George H. Dodge		5	28	1891 to 1895 inc	87
George H. Dodge		6	28	1891 to 1895 inc	87
George H. Dodge		7	28	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		1	29	1891 to 1895 inc	86
George H. Dodge		2	29	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		3	29	1891 to 1895 inc	87
George H. Dodge		4	29	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		5	29	1891 to 1895 inc	85
George H. Dodge		6	29	1891 to 1895 inc	86
George H. Dodge		7	29	1891 to 1895 inc	89
George H. Dodge		1	30	1891 to 1895 inc	88
George H. Dodge		2	30	1891 to 1895 inc	86
George H. Dodge		3	30	1891 to 1895 inc	89
George H. Dodge		4	30	1891 to 1895 inc	86
George H. Dodge		5	30	1891 to 1895 inc	87
George H. Dodge		6	30	1891 to 1895 inc	86
George H. Dodge		7	30	1891 to 1895 inc	89
George H. Dodge		8	30	1891 to 1895 inc	87
George H. Dodge		9	30	1891 to 1895 inc	89
George H. Dodge		10	30	1891 to 1895 inc	87
George H. Dodge		11	30	1891 to 1895 inc	90
George H. Dodge		12	30	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		1	31	1891 to 1895 inc	86
George H. Dodge		2	31	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		3	31	1891 to 1895 inc	87
George H. Dodge		4	31	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		5	31	1891 to 1895 inc	84

Name of Owner as Shown by Judgment.	Description of Property.	Lt.	Blk.	Year or Years for Which Taxes are Delinquent.	Amount of Judgment Entered Under Chapter 322, General Laws 1899. Dollars cts
CITY OF DULUTH—CONTINUED. FORREST PARK ADDITION TO DULUTH—CONTINUED.					
George H. Dodge		6	31	1891 to 1895 inc	86
George H. Dodge		7	31	1891 to 1895 inc	84
George H. Dodge		8	31	1891 to 1895 inc	89
George H. Dodge		9	31	1891 to 1895 inc	83
George H. Dodge		10	31	1891 to 1895 inc	87
George H. Dodge		11	31	1891 to 1895 inc	86
George H. Dodge		12	31	1891 to 1895 inc	89
George H. Dodge		1	32	1891 to 1895 inc	87
George H. Dodge		2	32	1891 to 1895 inc	89
George H. Dodge		3	32	1891 to 1895 inc	86
George H. Dodge		4	32	1891 to 1895 inc	89
George H. Dodge		5	32	1891 to 1895 inc	86
George H. Dodge		6	32	1891 to 1895 inc	89
George H. Dodge		7	32	1891 to 1895 inc	87
George H. Dodge		8	32	1891 to 1895 inc	88
George H. Dodge		9	32	1891 to 1895 inc	85
George H. Dodge		10	32	1891 to 1895 inc	88
George H. Dodge		11	32	1891 to 1895 inc	86
George H. Dodge		12	32	1891 to 1895 inc	89

	Section.	Township.	Range.	Acres.	100ths.		
UNORGANIZED TOWN—TOWNSHIP SIXTY, RANGE FIFTEEN.							
Louis Murray et al, sw¼	2	60	15	160		1887 to 1895 inc	204 93
Peter Gennelle, lots 2 and 3	2	60	15	115.12		1888 to 1895 inc	166 91
Peter Gennelle, lot 1	5	60	15	54.99		1888 to 1895 inc	78 81
Agnes McEachen, n½ of ne¼	11	60	15	80		1888 to 1895 inc	109 89
TOWNSHIP SIXTY, RANGE SIXTEEN							
Charles N. Kaufman, nw¼ of sw¼	11	60	16	40		1894 and 1895	28 30
TOWNSHIP SIXTY-TWO, RANGE SIXTEEN.							
Thomas N. Crerens, sw¼ of ne¼ and ne¼ of sw¼	7	62	16	80		1887 to 1895 inc	105 99
Thomas N. Crerens, lot 7	7	62	16	16.25		1887 to 1895 inc	21 44
Thomas N. Crerens, lot 8	7	62	16	47		1888 to 1895 inc	62 15
H. M. Myles, lots 4 and 6	8	62	16	89.50		1888 to 1895 inc	105 93
TOWNSHIP SIXTY-THREE, RANGE SEVENTEEN.							
J. T. Kelley, lots 1 and 2	12	63	17	97.75		1887 to 1895 inc	55 59
H. C. Hobnack, lot 1	13	63	17	17.50		1892 to 1895 inc	11 09
C. DeAutremont, Jr., lots 4 and 5	14	63	17	52.96		1892 to 1895 inc	9 69
C. DeAutremont, Jr, lot 2	15	63	17	38		1892 to 1895 inc	7 03
Aaron Palmer, sw¼ of ne¼ and n½ of se¼	15	63	17	120		1892 to 1895 inc	23 90
Kitty Pryor, lots 1 and 2	18	63	17	56.75		1888 to 1895 inc	23 36
Arne Haug et al, se¼ of se¼	18	63	17	40		1889 to 1895 inc	28 12
Arne Haug et al, se¼ of sw¼	18	63	17	40		1889 to 1895 inc	13 62
Henry Vitch, w½ of ne¼	25	63	17	80		1887 to 1895 inc	40 90
Henry Vitch, lots 2 and 3	25	63	17	71		1887 to 1895 inc	36 50
Robert Esdale, lot 5	25	63	17	37.75		1887 to 1895 inc	19 35
Robert Esdale, lot 10	26	63	17	32.50		1887 to 1895 inc	16 79
Michels Dimmonds, lot 3	28	63	17	38		1889 to 1895 inc	10 46
Michels Dimmonds, lot 5	29	63	17	35.50		1889 to 1895 inc	9 34
Austin Helmer, lots 2, 4, 5 and 6	30	63	17	165.25		1888 to 1895 inc	66 53
John F. Rodi, s½ of se¼ section 31, township 63, range 17, 80 acres, taxes 1892 to 1895 inc.; and nw ¼ of se¼, section 31, township 63, range 17, 40 acres, taxes 1888 to 1895 inc; and ne¼ of sw¼	31	63	17	40		1892 to 1895 inc	61 82
Wm. H. Henry, s½ of se¼ section 32, township 63, range 17, 80 acres, taxes 1892 to 1895 inc.; and lot 7	32	63	17	44.75		1887 to 1895 inc	78 92
David Schook, lot 4	34	63	17	50.75		1888 to 1895 inc	24 62
Whiteside and Robinson, lots 9, 10 and 11	35	63	17	85		1889 to 1895 inc	23 14
Robert Esdale, ne¼ of ne¼ section 35, township 63, range 17, 40 acres, taxes 1892 to 1895 inc.; and lot 1	35	63	17	48.75		1887 to 1895 inc	45 67
TOWNSHIP SIXTY-THREE, RANGE EIGHTEEN.							
Iver O. Buriel, lot 5	1	63	18	51.75		1890 to 1895 inc	22 71
Iver O. Buriel, lot 6	2	63	18	56.50		1890 to 1895 inc	23 30
D. S Blanchard, lot 6	10	63	18	21.50		1888 to 1895 inc	9 09
James Beatty, lots 6 and 7	13	63	18	48		1892 to 1895 inc	17 35
TOWNSHIP SIXTY-NINE, RANGE NINETEEN.							
A. P. Swanson, lot 8	21	69	19	60.25		1887 to 1895 inc	48 03
A. P. Swanson, lot 3	22	69	19	41		1887 to 1895 inc	33 88
Patrick McManus, se¼ of ne¼ section 27, township 69, range 19, 40 acres and lots 1 and 10, section 27, township 69, range 19, 44.50 acres and lots 9 and 11	27	69	19	65.50		1887 to 1895 inc	108 50
TOWNSHIP SIXTY-FOUR, RANGE TWENTY.							
W. C. Winton, s½ of se¼	20	64	20	80		1892 to 1895 inc	28 37
Isaac Stones, ne¼ of se¼	28	64	20	40		1892 to 1895 inc	9 83
Burt Wilmot, nw¼ of nw¼	35	64	20	40		1892 to 1895 inc	11 10
TOWNSHIP SEVENTY-ONE RANGE TWENTY-ONE.							
Etta J. Cross, lot 1	13	71	21	4.75		1895	4 01
John H. Hill, lot 5	30	71	21	39		1895	1 50

	Lt.	Blk.		
VILLAGE OF IRON JUNCTION—IRON JUNCTION.				
W. D. Ellsworth	1	1	1894 and 1895	14 62
J. R. Minnehan	2	1	1895	79
Chas. W. Tayolr	3	1	1894 and 1895	1 49
J. R. Minnehan	4	1	1894 and 1895	1 49
J. R. Minnehan	5	1	1894 and 1895	2 75
E. S. Dodd	6	1	1895	2 23
McKeho	7	1	1894 and 1895	12 78
J. R. Minnehan	8	1	1894 and 1895	2 75
J. R. Minnehan	9	1	1894 and 1895	3 41
J. R. Minnehan	10	1	1894 and 1895	5 25
J. O. Nestor	11	1	1894 and 1895	7 74
J. R. Minnehan	1	2	1894 and 1895	1 48
J. R. Minnehan	2	2	1894 and 1895	1 48
J. R. Minnehan	3	2	1894 and 1895	1 48
J. R. Minnehan	4	2	1894 and 1895	1 49
J. R. Minnehan	5	2	1894 and 1895	1 49
J. R. Minnehan	6	2	1894 and 1895	1 49
J. R. Minnehan	7	2	1894 and 1895	1 49
J. R. Minnehan	8	2	1894 and 1895	1 49
J. R. Minnehan	9	2	1894 and 1895	1 49
J. R. Minnehan	10	2	1894 and 1895	1 49
J. R. Minnehan	11	2	1894 and 1895	2 11
August F. Priest	12	2	1894 and 1895	2 11
J. R. Minnehan	1	3	1894 and 1895	1 50
J. R. Minnehan	2	3	1894 and 1895	1 55
J. R. Minnehan	3	3	1894 and 1895	1 49
J. R. Minnehan	4	3	1894 and 1895	1 49
J. R. Minnehan	5	3	1894 and 1895	1 50
J. R. Minnehan	6	3	1894 and 1895	1 49
J. R. Minnehan	7	3	1894 and 1895	1 49
J. R. Minnehan	8	3	1894 and 1895	1 49
J. R. Minnehan	9	3	1894 and 1895	1 49
J. R. Minnehan	10	3	1894 and 1895	1 18
J. R. Minnehan	11	3	1894 and 1895	1 18
J. R. Minnehan	12	3	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan	13	3	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan	14	3	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan	15	3	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan	16	3	1894 and 1895	1 17
J. R. Minnehan	1	4	1894 and 1895	1 17
J. R. Minnehan	2	4	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan	3	4	1894 and 1895	88
J. R. Minnehan	4	4	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan	5	4	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan	6	4	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan	7	4	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan	8	4	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan	9	4	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan	10	4	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan	11	4	1894 and 1895	85
J. R. Minnehan	12	4	1894 and 1895	88
J. R. Minnehan	13	4	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan	14	4	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan	15	4	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan	16	4	1894 and 1895	1 20
J. R. Minnehan	1	5	1894 and 1895	1 50
J. R. Minnehan	2	5	1894 and 1895	87
J. R. Minnehan	3	5	1894 and 1895	88
J. R. Minnehan	4	5	1894 and 1895	87
J. R. Minnehan	5	5	1894 and 1895	88
J. R. Minnehan	6	5	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan	7	5	1894 and 1895	85
J. R. Minnehan	8	5	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan	9	5	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan	10	5	1894 and 1895	85
J. R. Minnehan	11	5	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan	12	5	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan	13	5	1894 and 1895	83
J. R. Minnehan	14	5	1894 and 1895	87
J. R. Minnehan	15	5	1894 and 1895	87
J. R. Minnehan	16	5	1894 and 1895	1 20
J. R. Minnehan	1	6	1894 and 1895	1 20
J. R. Minnehan	2	6	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan	3	6	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan	4	6	1894 and 1895	88
J. R. Minnehan	5	6	1894 and 1895	88
J. R. Minnehan	6	6	1894 and 1895	88
J. R. Minnehan	7	6	1894 and 1895	88
J. R. Minnehan	8	6	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan	9	6	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan	10	6	1894 and 1895	88
J. R. Minnehan	11	6	1894 and 1895	87
J. R. Minnehan	12	6	1894 and 1895	88
J. R. Minnehan	13	6	1894 and 1895	88
J. R. Minnehan	14	6	1894 and 1895	87
J. R. Minnehan	15	6	1894 and 1895	1 20
J. R. Minnehan	16	6	1894 and 1895	1 20
J. R. Minnehan	1	7	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan	2	7	1894 and 1895	85
J. R. Minnehan	3	7	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan	4	7	1894 and 1895	85
J. R. Minnehan	5	7	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan	6	7	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan	7	7	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan	8	7	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan	9	7	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan	10	7	1894 and 1895	88
J. R. Minnehan	11	7	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan	12	7	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan	13	7	1894 and 1895	88
J. R. Minnehan	14	7	1894 and 1895	88

Name of Owner as Shown by Judgment.	Description of Property.	Lt.	Blk.	Year or Years for Which Taxes are Delinquent.	Amount of Judgment Entered Under Chapter 322, General Laws 1899. Dollars cts
VILLAGE OF IRON JUNCTION—CONTINUED. IRON JUNCTION—CONTINUED.					
J. R. Minnehan		15	7	1894 and 1895	85
J. R. Minnehan		16	7	1894 and 1895	1 20
J. R. Minn

Name of Owner as Shown by Judgment.	Description of Property.	Lt.	Blk.	Year or Years for Which Taxes are Delinquent.	Amount of Judgment Entered Under Chapter 322, General Laws 1899. Dollars cts
VILLAGE OF IRON JUNCTION —CONTINUED. IRON JUNCTION—CONTINUED.					
J. R. Minnehan		12	24	1894 and 1895	85
J. R. Minnehan		13	24	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		14	24	1894 and 1895	85
J. R. Minnehan		15	24	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		16	24	1894 and 1895	1 50
J. R. Minnehan		16	24	1894 and 1895	1 50
J. R. Minnehan		1	25	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		2	25	1894 and 1895	85
J. R. Minnehan		3	25	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		4	25	1894 and 1895	85
J. R. Minnehan		5	25	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		6	25	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		7	25	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		8	25	1894 and 1895	88
J. R. Minnehan		9	25	1894 and 1895	87
J. R. Minnehan		10	25	1894 and 1895	88
J. R. Minnehan		11	25	1894 and 1895	87
J. R. Minnehan		12	25	1894 and 1895	87
J. R. Minnehan		13	25	1894 and 1895	88
J. R. Minnehan		14	25	1894 and 1895	87
J. R. Minnehan		15	25	1894 and 1895	88
J. R. Minnehan		16	25	1894 and 1895	1 50
J. R. Minnehan		16	25	1894 and 1895	1 50
J. R. Minnehan		1	26	1894 and 1895	85
J. R. Minnehan		2	26	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		3	26	1894 and 1895	85
J. R. Minnehan		4	26	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		5	26	1894 and 1895	85
J. R. Minnehan		6	26	1894 and 1895	85
J. R. Minnehan		7	26	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		8	26	1894 and 1895	85
J. R. Minnehan		9	26	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		10	26	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		11	26	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		12	26	1894 and 1895	88
J. R. Minnehan		13	26	1894 and 1895	87
J. R. Minnehan		14	26	1894 and 1895	88
J. R. Minnehan		15	26	1894 and 1895	1 50
J. R. Minnehan		16	26	1894 and 1895	1 50
J. R. Minnehan		1	27	1894 and 1895	85
J. R. Minnehan		2	27	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		3	27	1894 and 1895	85
J. R. Minnehan		4	27	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		5	27	1894 and 1895	85
J. R. Minnehan		6	27	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		7	27	1894 and 1895	85
J. R. Minnehan		8	27	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		9	27	1894 and 1895	85
J. R. Minnehan		10	27	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		11	27	1894 and 1895	88
J. R. Minnehan		12	27	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		13	27	1894 and 1895	88
J. R. Minnehan		14	27	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		15	27	1894 and 1895	88
J. R. Minnehan		16	27	1894 and 1895	1 50
J. R. Minnehan		16	27	1894 and 1895	1 50
J. R. Minnehan		1	28	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		2	28	1894 and 1895	85
J. R. Minnehan		3	28	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		4	28	1894 and 1895	85
J. R. Minnehan		5	28	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		6	28	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		7	28	1894 and 1895	87
J. R. Minnehan		8	28	1894 and 1895	88
J. R. Minnehan		9	28	1894 and 1895	87
J. R. Minnehan		10	28	1894 and 1895	87
J. R. Minnehan		11	28	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		12	28	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		13	28	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		14	28	1894 and 1895	85
J. R. Minnehan		15	28	1894 and 1895	85
J. R. Minnehan		16	28	1894 and 1895	1 50
J. R. Minnehan		16	28	1894 and 1895	1 50
J. R. Minnehan		1	29	1894 and 1895	85
J. R. Minnehan		2	29	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		3	29	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		4	29	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		5	29	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		6	29	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		7	29	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		8	29	1894 and 1895	88
J. R. Minnehan		9	29	1894 and 1895	1 18
J. R. Minnehan, frac.		9	29	1894 and 1895	87
J. R. Minnehan, frac		1	30	1894 and 1895	2 11
J. R. Minnehan		2	30	1894 and 1895	2 11
J. R. Minnehan		3	30	1894 and 1895	2 11
J. R. Minnehan		4	30	1894 and 1895	2 11
J. R. Minnehan		5	30	1894 and 1895	2 11
J. R. Minnehan		6	30	1894 and 1895	2 11
J. R. Minnehan		7	30	1894 and 1895	2 11
J. R. Minnehan		8	30	1894 and 1895	2 12
J. R. Minnehan		9	30	1894 and 1895	2 12
J. R. Minnehan		10	30	1894 and 1895	2 12
J. R. Minnehan		11	30	1894 and 1895	2 11
J. R. Minnehan		11	30	1894 and 1895	1 50
J. R. Minnehan, frac		12	30	1894 and 1895	1 49
J. R. Minnehan		1	31	1894 and 1895	85
J. R. Minnehan		2	31	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		3	31	1894 and 1895	85
J. R. Minnehan		4	31	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		5	31	1894 and 1895	85
J. R. Minnehan		6	31	1894 and 1895	1 49
J. R. Minnehan, frac.		6	31	1894 and 1895	1 49
J. R. Minnehan		1	32	1894 and 1895	85
J. R. Minnehan		2	32	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		3	32	1894 and 1895	85
J. R. Minnehan		4	32	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		5	32	1894 and 1895	87
J. R. Minnehan		6	32	1894 and 1895	88
J. R. Minnehan		7	32	1894 and 1895	87
J. R. Minnehan		8	32	1894 and 1895	87
J. R. Minnehan		9	32	1894 and 1895	88
J. R. Minnehan		10	32	1894 and 1895	87
J. R. Minnehan		11	32	1894 and 1895	87
J. R. Minnehan		12	32	1894 and 1895	87
J. R. Minnehan		13	32	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		14	32	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		15	32	1894 and 1895	88
J. R. Minnehan		16	32	1894 and 1895	1 50
J. R. Minnehan		16	32	1894 and 1895	1 50
J. R. Minnehan		1	33	1894 and 1895	88
J. R. Minnehan		2	33	1894 and 1895	87
J. R. Minnehan		3	33	1894 and 1895	87
J. R. Minnehan		4	33	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		5	33	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		6	33	1894 and 1895	87
J. R. Minnehan		7	33	1894 and 1895	85
J. R. Minnehan		8	33	1894 and 1895	85
J. R. Minnehan		9	33	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		10	33	1894 and 1895	85
J. R. Minnehan		11	33	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		12	33	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		13	33	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		14	33	1894 and 1895	85
J. R. Minnehan		15	33	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		16	33	1894 and 1895	1 50
J. R. Minnehan		16	33	1894 and 1895	1 50
J. R. Minnehan		1	34	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		2	34	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		3	34	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		4	34	1894 and 1895	88
J. R. Minnehan		5	34	1894 and 1895	87
J. R. Minnehan		6	34	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		7	34	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		8	34	1894 and 1895	88
J. R. Minnehan		9	34	1894 and 1895	87
J. R. Minnehan		10	34	1894 and 1895	87
J. R. Minnehan		11	34	1894 and 1895	85
J. R. Minnehan		12	34	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		13	34	1894 and 1895	88
J. R. Minnehan		14	34	1894 and 1895	88
J. R. Minnehan		15	34	1894 and 1895	1 50
J. R. Minnehan		16	34	1894 and 1895	1 50
J. R. Minnehan		1	35	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		2	35	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		3	35	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		4	35	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		5	35	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		6	35	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		7	35	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		8	35	1894 and 1895	88
J. R. Minnehan		9	35	1894 and 1895	88
J. R. Minnehan		10	35	1894 and 1895	87
J. R. Minnehan		11	35	1894 and 1895	87
J. R. Minnehan		12	35	1894 and 1895	87
J. R. Minnehan		13	35	1894 and 1895	87
J. R. Minnehan		14	35	1894 and 1895	87
J. R. Minnehan		15	35	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		16	35	1894 and 1895	1 50
J. R. Minnehan		16	35	1894 and 1895	1 50
J. R. Minnehan		1	36	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		2	36	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		3	36	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		4	36	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		5	36	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		6	36	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		7	36	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		8	36	1894 and 1895	85
J. R. Minnehan		9	36	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		10	36	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		11	36	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		12	36	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		13	36	1894 and 1895	88
J. R. Minnehan		14	36	1894 and 1895	87
J. R. Minnehan		15	36	1894 and 1895	88
J. R. Minnehan		16	36	1894 and 1895	1 50
J. R. Minnehan		16	36	1894 and 1895	1 50
J. R. Minnehan		1	37	1894 and 1895	87
J. R. Minnehan		2	37	1894 and 1895	87
J. R. Minnehan		3	37	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		4	37	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		5	37	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		6	37	1894 and 1895	85
J. R. Minnehan		7	37	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		8	37	1894 and 1895	85
J. R. Minnehan		9	37	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		10	37	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		11	37	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		12	37	1894 and 1895	85
J. R. Minnehan		13	37	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		14	37	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		15	37	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		16	37	1894 and 1895	1 50
J. R. Minnehan		16	37	1894 and 1895	1 50
J. R. Minnehan		1	38	1894 and 1895	88
J. R. Minnehan		2	38	1894 and 1895	88
J. R. Minnehan		3	38	1894 and 1895	88
J. R. Minnehan		4	38	1894 and 1895	87
J. R. Minnehan		5	38	1894 and 1895	88
J. R. Minnehan		6	38	1894 and 1895	88
M. C. Keogh		7	38	1894 and 1895	85
M. C. Keogh		8	38	1894 and 1895	19 02
J. R. Minnehan		1	39	1894 and 1895	88
J. R. Minnehan		2	39	1894 and 1895	88
J. R. Minnehan		3	39	1894 and 1895	85
J. R. Minnehan		4	39	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		5	39	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		6	39	1894 and 1895	85
J. R. Minnehan		7	39	1894 and 1895	94
J. R. Minnehan		8	39	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		9	39	1894 and 1895	85
J. R. Minnehan		10	39	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		11	39	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		12	39	1894 and 1895	85
J. R. Minnehan		13	39	1894 and 1895	88
J. R. Minnehan		14	39	1894 and 1895	87
J. R. Minnehan		15	39	1894 and 1895	1 50
J. R. Minnehan		16	39	1894 and 1895	1 50
J. R. Minnehan		1	40	1894 and 1895	88
J. R. Minnehan		2	40	1894 and 1895	87
J. R. Minnehan		3	40	1894 and 1895	87
J. R. Minnehan		4	40	1894 and 1895	87
J. R. Minnehan		5	40	1894 and 1895	87
J. R. Minnehan		6	40	1894 and 1895	87
J. R. Minnehan		7	40	1894 and 1895	85
J. R. Minnehan		8	40	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		9	40	1894 and 1895	85

Name of Owner as Shown by Judgment.	Description of Property.	Lt.	Blk.	Year or Years for Which Taxes are Delinquent.	Amount of Judgment Entered Under Chapter 322, General Laws 1899. Dollars cts
VILLAGE OF IRON JUNCTION —CONTINUED. IRON JUNCTION—CONTINUED.					
J. R. Minnehan		10	40	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		11	40	1894 and 1895	85
J. R. Minnehan		12	40	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		13	40	1894 and 1895	85
J. R. Minnehan		14	40	1894 and 1895	1 50
J. R. Minnehan, frac		1	41	1894 and 1895	1 50
J. R. Minnehan		2	41	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan		3	41	1894 and 1895	82
J. R. Minnehan, frac		4	41	1894 and 1895	87
J. R. Minnehan, frac		5	41	1894 and 1895	87
J. R. Minnehan, frac		6	41	1894 and 1895	87
J. R. Minnehan, frac		7	41	1894 and 1895	87
J. R. Minnehan, frac		8	41	1894 and 1895	87
J. R. Minnehan, frac		9	41	1894 and 1895	87
J. R. Minnehan, frac		10	41	1894 and 1895	88
J. R. Minnehan, frac		11	41	1894 and 1895	88
J. R. Minnehan, frac		12	41	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan, frac		13	41	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan, frac		14	41	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan, frac		15	41	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan, frac		16	41	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan, frac		17	41	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan, frac		18	41	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan, frac		19	41	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan, frac		20	41	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan, frac		1	42	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan, frac		2	42	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan, frac		3	42	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan, frac		4	42	1894 and 1895	88
J. R. Minnehan, frac		5	42	1894 and 1895	87
J. R. Minnehan, frac		6	42	1894 and 1895	88
J. R. Minnehan, frac		7	42	1894 and 1895	85
J. R. Minnehan, frac		8	42	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan, frac		9	42	1894 and 1895	85
J. R. Minnehan, frac		10	42	1894 and 1895	86
J. R. Minnehan, frac		11	42	1894 and 1895	1 18
J. R. Minnehan, frac		12	42	1894 and 1895	1 18
J. R. Minnehan, frac		1	43	1894 and 1895	1 51
J. R. Minnehan, frac		2	43	1894 and 1895	1 51
J. R. Minnehan		3	43	1894 and 1895	1 51
J. R. Minnehan		4	43	1894 and 1895	1 51
J. R. Minnehan		6	43	1894 and 1895	2 09
J. R. Minnehan		7	43	1894 and 1895	2 11
J. R. Minnehan, frac		1	44	1894 and 1895	1 18
J. R. Minnehan		2	44	1894 and 1895	2 11
J. R. Minnehan		3	44	1894 and 1895	2 11
J. R. Minnehan		4	44	1894 and 1895	2 10
J. R. Minnehan		5	44	1894 and 1895	2 11
J. R. Minnehan		6	44	1894 and 1895	2 11
J. R. Minnehan		7	44	1894 and 1895	2 11
J. R. Minnehan		8	44	1894 and 1895	2 11
J. R. Minnehan		9	44	1894 and 1895	2 75
VILLAGE OF IRON JUNCTION —RYAN JUNCTION.					
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		6	1	1894 and 1895	1 50
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		7	1	1894 and 1895	1 50
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		8	1	1894 and 1895	1 50
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		9	1	1894 and 1895	1 50
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		2	2	1894 and 1895	1 50
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		3	2	1894 and 1895	1 50
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		4	2	1894 and 1895	1 50
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		5	2	1894 and 1895	1 50
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		6	2	1894 and 1895	1 50
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		7	2	1894 and 1895	1 49
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		8	2	1894 and 1895	1 49
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		All	2	1894 and 1895	2 10
F. D. Davis			2	1895	2 97
August Hart			5	1894 and 1895	6 59
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		6	4	1894 and 1895	5 87
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		7	4	1894 and 1895	5 87
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		8	4	1894 and 1895	5 15
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		9	4	1894 and 1895	5 15
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		10	4	1894 and 1895	3 98
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		11	4	1894 and 1895	1 49
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		13	4	1894 and 1895	1 49
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		15	4	1894 and 1895	1 49
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		16	4	1894 and 1895	1 50
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		17	4	1894 and 1895	1 50
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		18	4	1894 and 1895	1 47
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		19	4	1894 and 1895	1 47
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		20	4	1894 and 1895	1 50
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		21	4	1894 and 1895	1 48
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		22	4	1894 and 1895	1 48
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		23	4	1894 and 1895	1 50
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		24	4	1894 and 1895	1 50
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		25	4	1894 and 1895	1 50
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		27	4	1894 and 1895	1 50
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		28	4	1894 and 1895	88
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		29	4	1894 and 1895	88
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		30	4	1894 and 1895	87
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		31	4	1894 and 1895	86
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		32	4	1894 and 1895	86
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		34	4	1894 and 1895	86
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		35	4	1894 and 1895	86
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		36	4	1894 and 1895	86
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		37	4	1894 and 1895	86
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan, frac.		1	5	1894 and 1895	3 37
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		2	5	1894 and 1895	2 75
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		3	5	1894 and 1895	2 75
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		4	5	1894 and 1895	2 11
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		5	5	1894 and 1895	2 11
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		6	5	1894 and 1895	2 11
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		7	5	1894 and 1895	2 11
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		8	5	1894 and 1895	2 11
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		9	5	1894 and 1895	2 11
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		10	5	1894 and 1895	1 50
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		11	5	1894 and 1895	1 50
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		12	5	1894 and 1895	88
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		13	5	1894 and 1895	88
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		14	5	1894 and 1895	88
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		15	5	1894 and 1895	88
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		16	5	1894 and 1895	88
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		17	5	1894 and 1895	88
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		18	5	1894 and 1895	88
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		19	5	1894 and 1895	88
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		20	5	1894 and 1895	88
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		21	5	1894 and 1895	85
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		22	5	1894 and 1895	85
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		23	5	1894 and 1895	85
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		24	5	1894 and 1895	85
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		25	5	1894 and 1895	85
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		26	5	1894 and 1895	87
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		27	5	1894 and 1895	88
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		28	5	1894 and 1895	88
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		29	5	1894 and 1895	88
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		30	5	1894 and 1895	88
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		31	5	1894 and 1895	88
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan, frac.		1	6	1894 and 1895	2 10
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		2	6	1894 and 1895	2 10
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		3	6	1894 and 1895	2 10
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		4	6	1894 and 1895	1 50
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		5	6	1894 and 1895	1 50
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		6	6	1894 and 1895	1 50
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		7	6	1894 and 1895	1 50
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		8	6	1894 and 1895	1 50
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		9	6	1894 and 1895	1 49
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan, frac.		10	6	1894 and 1895	1 17
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		11	6	1894 and 1895	1 18
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		12	6	1894 and 1895	85
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		13	6	1894 and 1895	85
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		14	6	1894 and 1895	85
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		15	6	1894 and 1895	85
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		16	6	1894 and 1895	88
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		17	6	1894 and 1895	88
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		18	6	1894 and 1895	88
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		19	6	1894 and 1895	88
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		20	6	1894 and 1895	86
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		21	6	1894 and 1895	86
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		22	6	1894 and 1895	86
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		23	6	1894 and 1895	86
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		24	6	1894 and 1895	86
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		25	6	1894 and 1895	86
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan, frac.		1	7	1894 and 1895	2 13
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		2	7	1894 and 1895	2 13
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		3	7	1894 and 1895	2 11
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan, frac.		4	7	1894 and 1895	2 11
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan, frac.		5	7	1894 and 1895	85
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan, frac.		6	7	1894 and 1895	85
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		7	7	1894 and 1895	85
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		8	7	1894 and 1895	87
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		9	7	1894 and 1895	87
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		10	7	1894 and 1895	87
N. B. Thayer and S. Ryan		11	7	1894 and 1895	87

EXPLANATORY.

Explanations of abbreviations: S. south, n. north, e. east, w. west, ne. northeast, se. southeast, nw. northwest, sw. southwest, nly. northerly, sly. southerly, wly. westerly, ely. easterly, sely. southeasterly, nely. northeasterly, swly. southwesterly, nwly. northwesterly, deg. degree, min. minute, do ditto, th. thence, sub. div. sub-division, com'g commencing, ft. feet, und. undivided, beg. beginning, cor. corner, st. street, sts. streets, ave. avenue, sec. section, t. township, r. range, lks. links, chs. chains, dolls. dollars, cts. cents, ¼ one-quarter, ½ one-half, int. interest, blk. block, ex. except, mld. middle.

I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct copy of the list of real estate bid in for the state of Minnesota under Chapter 322 General Laws of 1899, according to the records on file in this office.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., April 23rd, 1901.

O. HALDEN,
County Auditor, St. Louis County.

(Seal.)
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 1st day of May, 1901.

CHARLES L. RAKOWSKY,
Notary Public, St. Louis County, Minnesota.

APRIL STATEMENT.

Treasury Surplus of Nearly Six Million Dollars.

Washington, May 2.—The monthly comparative statement of the government receipts and expenditures shows that during April, 1901, the total receipts were $47,767,851 and the disbursements $41,968,245, leaving a surplus for the month of $5,800,000.

The receipts from the several sources of revenue were as follows:

Customs, $19,131,718, increase as compared with the corresponding month last year, $400,000; internal revenue, $26,022,311, increase $2,420,000; miscell

MARKET STRONG

Wheat Started Out at Advance and Moderately Active.

Cables Were Steady and Weather Hot and Dry.

Corn Bid Up to Fifty-Four Cents By Chicago Shorts.

Duluth Baord of Trade, May 2.—Wheat opened at an advance today and while the market was not active so far as trading was concerned the price held rather steady and closed at a good advance. The Liverpool market was strong, closing unchanged to ½d higher and this gave the market its early strength. Added to this strengthening influence were reports of dry hot weather in the winter wheat region. The market also felt the sympathy of the big huge in corn and oats. There was little or no export business at the seaboard as far as reported. Chicago reported a charter of 40,000 bus of wheat for immediate loading to Buffalo made yesterday at 2½c. Country elevator stocks of wheat on May 1 were 2,566,000 bus, the decrease during April being 2,-235,000 bus. The Price Current this week says:

"The wheat crop maintains a good promise, conditions practically the same as a month ago. There are declines in Texas, Oklahoma, Kansas and California, improvement in Tennessee, Ohio valley, Pennsylvania and New York."

Primary receipts of wheat were 341,000 bus, last year 570,000 bus. Shipments 376,000 bus, last year 210,000. Clearances of wheat and flour were 237,000 bus. Sales of wheat yesterday at the seaboard to exporters aggregated 120,000 bus.

Receipts at Duluth and Minneapolis, 247 cars, against 215 last week and 439 last year. Chicago receipts, 54 cars, 1 of contract grade.

Trading in futures was fairly active on the Duluth board up to 11 o'clock but there was practically nothing after that. May wheat opened ½c up at 71½c, sold up to 74⅝c at 10:11, reacted to 74⅜c at 10:16, there being no sales after that until the close which was at 75c sellers. This was an advance of ⅝c. Chicago advanced ⅞-⅝c and Minneapolis ⅝c.

Cash sales were very light aggregating only 166 bus at May price.

Corn in Duluth was bid up 1½c at the close, the big advance in Chicago prompting the higher price here. The excitement in Chicago was intense and the shorts were given a lively squeeze. The May option closed yesterday at 49¾c and opened this morning at 50½c but that was the lowest price of the day. Phillips had given the shorts a chance to come in at the yesterday and a large number did so but some were left. Those who did not take advantage of the opportunity given them then tried to buy today and found that they could get very little. They bid higher and higher only to find none for sale and finally ran the price to 53c which is the highest price since August, 1894 when the market touched 57c. A reaction followed and the close was easier at 52¼c, an advance of 1c net. Phillips is conceded to have the market in his absolute control and if he can get out of the cash wheat which he has been forced to take will have a big winning. It is getting out of the cash after the corner has been closed that has generally broken every man who has tried to manipulate a corner. Phillips appears to have that feature of his corner well taken care of so far as can be seen. Along this line the following gossip from Chicago is of interest:

"Phillips has completed all his arrangements for moving and marketing his cash corn and oats. These stocks are to be handled by leading cash corn concerns here. Slaughter and Seaverns are to market the corn for him and McReynolds will market the oats. Phillips was offering his corn yesterday at the July price in store here, the buyers to guarantee the shipment. These prices are a slight concession from the May figures. The rapidity with which the corn is marketed will undoubtedly depend a good deal upon the conduct of the July future. There is now a large interest in this latter month. The buying side is becoming more popular with outsiders. The bear effort is not quite so persistent. Phillips can afford to market his cash corn on the July basis, because it costs him less than the current July price. The May was under 49c in February and Phillips was long then. He has made the claim that he could market it all on the basis of 45c and still make 30c a bus on his cash and bull operators as a rule expect the corpse, by which they denominate their cash grain holdings to usually cost them a good deal of money. If it should turn out in this case that Phillips could make money out of his cash grain, as well as out of his futures, he would set a new mark for the trade."

The July option was also active although considerably less so than May. It opened a shade higher than the close at 48c and sold up to 47¾c. The close was at 47c, an advance of 1¼-1½c. Primary receipts of corn were 320,000 bus, last year 369,000 bus. Shipments 452,000 bus, last year 474,000 bus. Clearances were 320,000 bus. At the seaboard yesterday exporters bought 96,000 bus.

The advance in oats was not quite so sensational but very lively nevertheless and again the shorts seemed to be panicky. The opening was 1-1⅝c up at 29c. It sold up to 29⅝c and closed at that point an advance of 1¾-1⅝c. Duluth oats advanced 1½c.

Rye also took a sharp bulge and in Duluth advanced 1c. Flax alone was weak, May and cash flax closing 1½c off, September 2c off.

The following are the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 71c; to arrive, 77c; May, 77c; September, 74c. No. 1 northern, cash, 75c; to arrive, 75c; May, 75c; September, 73c; July, 76¾c. No. 2 northern, 71¾c. No. 3 spring, 67¼c. Oats, 27¾-27½c. Rye, cash, 52¾c. Flax, cash, $1.73½; to arrive, $1.73½; May, $1.73½; September, $1.26; September Northwestern, $1.28; October, $1.25. Corn, 44½c; May, 44¾c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 34; corn, 3; oats, 3; barley, 1; flax, 1. Receipts—Wheat, 14,-624 bus; corn, 9016 bus; oats, 8838 bus; rye, 1366 bus; flax, 2821 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 11,191 bus.

SALES THURSDAY.

No. 1 northern, 100 bus	$0.74¾
No. 1 northern, 250 bus	74½
No. 1 northern, 1 car	74¼
No. 2 northern, 1 car	72½
Flax, 3500 bus, May	1.74
Flax, 3500 bus, October	1.25

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Local Stocks, etc.—	Par.	Per Share. Asked.	Bid.
First National bank	100	170	160
Am. Exchange bank	100	130	123
First Nat. Bk., Superior	100		96
N.W. Nat. Bk., Superior	100		...
Bank of Commerce	100	80	...
Parry Sound Copper	1	.37½	...
Calumet-Ariz. Copper	10	30	...
L. S. Con. Iron Mines			182
Brotherton Oil Co.	25	4.25	...
Pen. Iron and Steel	100		40
Gt. Western Iron	100		10
Gt. Northern Iron	100		10
Shaw Iron	100		10
Zenith Oil Co.		.12½	...
Minnesota Oil Co.	100	.25	...
Leithhead Drug Co.	100	101	60
Great Lakes Towing Co	100		...
Am. Shipbuilding Co.	100	122	...
Con. El. Co. 1st pfd.	100	...	90
Con. El. Co., 2nd pfd.	100	...	80
Con. El. Co., com.	100	...	30
County orders			Par

United States bonds bought and sold.

We also deal in Real Estate, Commercial Paper, Mortgages, Loans and act as agents for non-resident property owners and investors. Correspondence invited.

Wanted—10,000 shares stock Ramona Oil Co.; will pay highest market price.
J. J. McAULIFFE,
No. 316 Palladio Building.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Corn Jumped High at the Opening Hour.

Chicago, May 2.—An advance of 4½c in the price of May corn was the feature on change during the first hour today. This option opened ½c to 1½c higher at 50@51c and was bid by frightened shorts to 54c. Phillips, who is credited with having cornered the market, sold but little. July opened 4@4¾c higher at 46c, sold to 46¾c and sold to 46⅝c in sympathy with the advance in May. In this option also actual transactions were small. Receipts were 218 cars, 15 of contract grade.

May later advanced to 55c. It closed 4c over yesterday at 53½c. July closed 1¼c higher at 47@48c.

Trade in wheat was moderately active. July opened ¼c higher at 73½c to 73⅝c, on steady cables and dry, hot weather, and sold to 74¼@¾c in sympathy with corn and oats. Local receipts, 247 cars, 1 of contract grade, while Minneapolis and Duluth reported 247 cars against 215 last week and 439 a year ago.

July wheat worked back to 73¾@¾c, rallied to 74@¾c and closed firm ½@⅝c higher at 73½c.

As in corn, the belief that the market for May oats had been cornered led to an attempt to cover short lines, disclosing a market almost bare of offers. May opened ½c higher at 28⅜c and established a new high price mark by advancing to 29⅛c. July opened ¼@⅜c higher at 2[illegible]c and sold to 27c. Receipts were 176 cars.

In provisions there was a fair investment demand for July pork, while July lard and ribs were rather freely offered. A strong hog market was influential in supporting prices. July pork opened unchanged at $15.60 and advanced to $15.80. July lard opened unchanged to 2½c higher at $8.07½@8.10, and July ribs a shade lower at $8.00.

Close, wheat, 73¼-⅝c; June, 73⅝c; July, 73⅝c. Corn, May, 53½c; July, 47¾@¼c. Oats, May, 29⅝c; July, 27c. Pork, May, $15.15; July, $15.22½; September, $15.05. Lard, May, $8.12½; July, $8.05; September, $8.05. Ribs, May, $8.22½; July, $8.00; September, $7.95. Flax, cash, Northwestern, $1.68; No. 1, $1.68; May, $1.68; September, $1.25@1.30. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 73@74c; No. 3 red, 72¼@74½c; No. 2 hard winter, 75@76c; No. 3 hard winter, 73¾@74½c; No. 1 northern spring, 74@75½c; No. 2 northern spring, 74@75½c; No. 3 spring, 72@74c. Corn, No. 2, 54c; No. 3, 44½@49c. Oats, No. 2, 28½c; No. 3, 28¼c. Rye, May, 53c; July, 52½c. Barley, cash, 38@57c. Timothy, September, $3.25@3.30.

SOUTH DAKOTA REPORT.

Condition of Crops In That State.

The crop report for the section of South Dakota for the week ending last Monday is as follows:

The temperature averaged considerably above the normal, with some quite warm afternoons and some comparatively warm nights. What rain occurred was mostly in the form of night showers, the latter part of the week. There was about the average amount of sunshine, and considerable brisk to high wind; and on Friday, April 26, a southerly gale prevailed over the eastern portion of the state which in localities uncovered some grain on light soil by removing the loose top earth previously dried out by the wind, and necessitated some reseeding. The principal rains of the week followed this gale.

The warm weather stimulated all vegetation to good growth, especially grass, and wheat, oats and barley, except the latest sown, have germinated evenly, made healthy growth, and a good stand generally is indicated. In some Missouri valley and extreme southeastern localities it appears that more rain is needed for germination of seed.

While there are some scattered fields in the northeastern portion of the state too wet for good work, general rain would be beneficial elsewhere, except possibly the extreme west portion, as the high southerly winds have absorbed much moisture from the surface soil.

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. July.	Corn. July.	Pork. July.
Open	26½	49@49½	$15.00
High	27	47¾	$15.27
Low	26½	46	$15.00
Close	27	47-½	$15.22

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, May 2.—Close: Wheat, cash, 74½c; May, 74½c; July, 75¾c; on track, No. 1 hard, 76¾c; No. 1 northern, 74¾c; No. 2 northern, 71¾@72¾c.

WEARE'S REPORT.

Chicago, May 2.—Wheat has had two characteristics, firmness and smallness of trade. Offerings did not amount to anything except on extreme advances. There were very small offerings of May and some demand by shorts. Sentiment, borrowed from Wall street indirectly, and from corn and oats directly, are having a very noticeable effect on the wheat market and taking the nearby position into consideration there are several factors warranting present firmness. Acknowledging stocks on passage and in the visible supply are adequate, there is a general feeling that the invisible supply would not stand any very marked demand and Northwestern country elevator stocks show a decrease of 2,300,000 bus for the month of April, and are now down to 2,-500,000 bus, a very light supply with the new crop of spring wheat just being seeded. Receipts are less than they were last year, the weather is hot and dry and this causes some nervousness. Clearances were good, 737,000 bus. The new crop is full of excellent promise. This is taking a general view of it. German crop advices continue disappointing. Local sentiment of the best kind is bullish on wheat and there are possibilities on that side as sentiment is often very much more effective than fact. It is an item anyway, we don't care to fight.

Prices ruling for corn futures at the close are significant of the strength of this market. Phillips did not aid materially in making these prices. There has been very large buying of July by commission houses; shorts made the price on May corn. Receipts were 218 with 275 estimated for tomorrow. The weather was favorable. Western offerings small. No cash demand. Higher cables and advices from Argentine of reduction in their surplus corn to the sensational extent of 50 per cent. While corn is a fancy article and well worth the price, it's a dangerous market.

There has been a first rate market in oats today. A good big trade and July in very general exchange. The demand for May oats has been from shorts. The oat position is most emphatically strong even as far as the old crop is concerned, for in our judgment while allowing no scarcity of oats as they have been much more generally shipped out, and there is a good demand there is a better demand ahead of them; the crop is getting a late start. We feel all this in regard to July oats. We do not care to express any opinion on May. Clearances 215 are estimated for tomorrow. Clearances 121,000 bus.

Just when everybody has been saying provisions were dead and there was nothing in them somebody sold 5000 barrels of July pork. Look at the high and low for the day and you will see how hard it was to buy. Lard and ribs have ruled steady. We feel like selling July property on weak spots and September right where it is for a long pull. The general public is getting used to these prices for provisions and familiarity will breed activity. There is a little English selling. Liverpool prices were unchanged. Friday's estimate, 25,000 hogs.

WEARE COMMISSION COMPANY.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Curb, July wheat, 75¼c.
Puts, July wheat, 75¼c bid.
Calls, July wheat, 75¾c bid to 75⅞c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

May—	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
Open	73½	73½	73@73⅛	80¾-⅞
High	74¼	74¼-⅜	73¾	81⅛
Low	73½	73⅝	73	80¾-⅞
Close	74¼	74¼	73½-⅝	81⅛
July—				
Open	75½B	74⅝	73½	79¾-½
High	76⅛	75	74-⅛	80
Low	75½B	74	73½	79¾-½
Close	76⅛	75¼	73⅞	79⅝

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, May 2.—Close, wheat, May, 81⅜c; July, 79⅝c. Corn, May, 54⅜c; July, 52¾c.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, May 2.—Cattle, receipts, 13,000. Slow. Good to prime steers, $4.95@5.90; poor to medium, $3.90@4.90; stockers and feeders, $3.00@4.90; cows and heifers, $2.65@4.80; canners, $2.00@2.60; calves, $4.00@5.00. Texas steers, $3.50@5.40. Hogs, receipts, 20,000; tomorrow, 18,000; left over, 3150. Five to 10c higher. Mixed and butchers, $5.00@5.30; good to choice heavy, $5.20@5.45; light, $5.35@5.52½; bulk of sales, $5.25@5.37½. Sheep, receipts, 13,000. Slow. Sheep, $4.10@4.65; lambs, $4.35@6.25. Receipts—Cattle, 19,057; hogs, 29,707; sheep, 19,004. Shipments—Cattle, 3712; hogs, 5757; sheep, 2662.

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., 75th meridian time, Thursday, May 2:

STATIONS.	State of Weather.	Temp'ture. *Maximum.	*Minimum.	Rainfall.
Alexandria	Clear	86	52	.0
Campbell	Clear	90	58	.0
Crookston	Clear	84	50	.0
Detroit City	Clear	90	54	.0
Grand Meadow	Clear	88	58	.0
Montevideo	Clear	94	54	.0
Minneapolis	Clear	88	56	.0
New Ulm	Clear	92	64	.0
Winnebago City	Clear	92	60	.0
Worthington	Clear	92	62	.0
Devil's Lake	Clear	90	44	.0
Langdon	Clear	86	54	.0
Larimore	Clear	84	48	.0
Lisbon	Clear	90	52	.0
Pembina	Clear	88	58	.0
Milbank	Clear	92	58	.0
Mitchell	Clear	90	56	.0
Redfield	Clear	90	56	.0
Bismarck	Clear	90	48	T
Duluth	Pt. Cldy	44	38	T
Huron	Clear	90	56	.0
La Crosse	Clear	88	68	.0
Moorhead	Clear	96	54	.0
St. Paul	Clear	90	64	.0
Winnipeg	Clear	80	40	.0

DISTRICT AVERAGES.

CENTRAL STATION.	Number Stations Reporting.	Temp'ture. *Maximum.	*Minimum.	Rainfall.
Chicago	24	84	58	T
Columbus, O.	17	80	56	.01
Des Moines	14	86	58	0
Indianapolis	10	86	58	0
Kansas City	20	86	58	0
Louisville	17	88	56	0
Minneapolis	18	88	54	0
Omaha	14	86	58	0
St. Louis	13	88	60	0

REMARKS.

Generally dry and warm weather prevails.
H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

T indicates inappreciable rainfall.
*Minimum temperature for yesterday.
**Maximum, for twenty-four hours ending 8 a. m., 75th meridian time.
Note—The average maximum and minimum temperatures and the average rainfall are made up at each center from the actual number of reports received. The "state of weather" is that prevailing at time of observation.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.			
Creamery, fresh prints	22	@	23
Creamery, storage tubs	18	@	19
Dairies, fancy	16	@	17
Dairy, fair	14	@	15
Packing stock	11	@	12
EGGS.			
Fresh	13½		
CHEESE.			
Twins, full cream, new	12½	@	13
Twins, full cream	12½	@	12
Full cream, Young America	14		
Swiss Cheese, No. 1	14	@	14½
Brick cheese, No. 1	12½	@	13
Limburger, full cr'm, choice	13		
Primos	8	@	6½
HONEY.			
Fancy white clover	19	@	20
Fancy white clover in jars strained, per lb	12½	@	13
Golden rod	15	@	17
Dark honey	13	@	14
Buckwheat, dark	13	@	14
MAPLE SUGAR.			
Vermont, per lb	12		
Ohio, per lb	11		
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10		
PEAS AND BEANS.			
Fancy navy, per bus	2 25	@	2 40
Medium, hand-picked, bus	2 00	@	2 15
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90	@	2 10
Green and yellow peas	1 40		
NUTS.			
Filberts, per lb	13	@	14
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	14		
Cocoanuts, per doz	75		
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17		
Brazils, per lb	14		
Pecans, per lb	12		
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7	@	8
FRUITS			
Strawberries, Louisiana (pints)	2 25	@	2 50
Apples, eating	4 50	@	5 00
Apples, cooking, per bbl	3 50	@	4 25
Apples, California, per box	1 50	@	1 75
California lemons	3 00	@	3 25
Bananas	1 75	@	2 25
Messina lemons, per box	3 50	@	3 75
Dates, Ford, per box	1 25	@	1 35
Dates, Hallowe'en, 6-lb box	3 50	@	3 60
Dates, Hallowe'en, 1-lb box	7	@	7¼
California navel Oranges	2 75	@	3 00
Seedling oranges	2 25	@	2 50
Cranberries, per box	2 25	@	2 40
OLD VEGETABLES.			
Turnips, rutabagas	35	@	40
Turnips, white	30	@	40
Garlic, per lb	10		
Beets	50	@	60
Potatoes, per bus	44	@	45
Cabbage, 100 lbs	1 75	@	2 00
Jersey sweet potatoes	4 50	@	4 75
Illinois Jersey sweet potatoes	3 00	@	4 00
FRESH VEGETABLES.			
New Florida celery, bunch	1 00	@	1 25
Mushrooms	45		
Lettuce, per box	75	@	1 20
Green onions, per dozen	20		
Green onions, per box	2 00	@	2 50
Green peas, per bus	2 50		
Shallots, per doz	65		
Pie plant, per box	1 25		
Cucumbers, Southern	1 40		
Cucumbers, hot house	1 75		
Spinach, per box	75	@	85
Radishes, round, per doz	85	@	1 00
Radishes, long, per doz	30	@	35
Asparagus, California, bunch	42		
Asparagus, green, per doz	2 25	@	2 40
Pineapple, per doz	3 75		
Tomatoes, per basket	75		
Egg plant, per doz	1 50		
Beets, per doz bunches	90		
Carrots, per doz bunches	75		
Turnips, per doz bunches	90		
Mint, per bunch	20		
CIDER.			
Common juice, ½ bbl	2 50	@	2 75
Russet apple, ½ bbl	3 00	@	3 25
Russet apple, per bbl	5 25	@	5 50
Fruit juices, ½ bbl	3 50	@	3 75
POPCORN.			
Rice corn, shelled	3½	@	4
Choice, per lb	3	@	3½
LIVE POULTRY.			
Chickens	11	@	12
Turkeys	10	@	11
Ducks	10	@	11
Geese	11	@	12
	10	@	11
MEATS.			
Mutton	8½	@	9
Lamb	9	@	9½
Veal, good	9		
Veal, fancy	9½		
Beef, dressed	6½	@	7½
Hogs	5		
Pork loins	9½		
BRAN AND SHORTS			
Bran, 100 lbs, sacks inc	16 00		
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc	15 50		
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc	16 00		
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc	15 50		
GRAIN, HAY AND FEED.			
Corn, car lots, sacked	44		
Oats, car lots, sacked	31		
Hay, upland	14 50		
Hay, timothy	16 50		
Feed, No. 1	17 50		
Feed, No. 2	18 00		

IN NEW YORK.

New York, May 2.—Butter, receipts, 4757 packages. Steady. Creamery, 15@19¼c; factory, 14@13½c. Cheese, receipts, 1804 packages. Fancy large colored, 10¼c; fancy large white, 10¼@10½c; fancy small colored, 11@12c; fancy small white, 11@12c. Eggs, receipts, 11,770 packages. Firm. Western regulatr packed, 12½@13c; storage Western, 13¾@14c. Southern, 11@12c.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, May 2.—Butter, weak; creamery, 14@15c; dairy, 13@15½c. Cheese, firm; twins, 9½@10c; young Americas, 10½@10¾c; cheddars, 9¾@10c; daisies, 10c. Poultry, dull; chickens, 8½@9½c; turkeys, 8@10c. Eggs, cases returned, 11½c.

REED TRIAL.

Believed That the Court Will Find Him Guilty.

Manilla, May 2.—The evidence for the defense in the trial of Capt. James C. Reed, ex-depot commissary at Manilla, charged with soliciting and receiving bribes and other official misconduct, was submitted today. It is generally believed the court will find Reed guilty.

It is again reported that Callais will shortly surrender.

The remnants of Tinio's army are surrendering.

Batangas, Province of Batangas, Philippines, May 2.—Felix Roxas, editor of the Democracia, a daily organ of the Federalists, has been appointed governor of Batangas. Lieut. R. B. Blanchard of the Thirty-eighth volunteer Infantry, was appointed treasurer.

SCHEME RATIFIED.

Plan of Manitoba Government to Control Rates.

Ottawa, May 2.—The scheme by which the Manitoba government hopes to control passenger and freight rates within the province has been ratified by the Dominion railroad committee. The provincial government will lease that portion of the Northern Pacific railroad lying within the province for a term of 999 years. It will be turned over to Mackenzie & Mann, of Toronto, for management, the government fixing all freight rates and reducing passenger rates to 3 cents a mile. In return the government guarantees the interest on 30-year bonds at 4 per cent.

AN EMBEZZLER.

Town Treasurer's Clerk Held For Hearing.

Boston, May 2.—Roland A. Swan, formerly clerk in the office of the Arlington town treasurer, who was arrested yesterday in connection with the recent robbery of the treasurer's office, appeared in the Cambridge district court today, charged with embezzling $5000 from the town funds and also with larceny of two checks and four books. The hearing of the charge was set for Friday, May 10, and in default of $10,000 bonds, Swan was committed to the house of correction.

MANY CLAIMS FILED.

Evanston, Wyo., May 2.—Placer claims in the new Wyoming oil fields are being filed at the rate of 100 a day. The field covers nearly all of the southern part of Uintah county from the north branch of the Muddy river to the Uintah range of mountains.

MADE GOVERNOR OF BERLIN.

Berlin, May 2.—Gen. Von Hahnke, until recently chief of the emperor's military cabinet, has been appointed governor of Berlin. He is succeeded in the cabinet by Gen. Hurlsen Von Haesler, as previously cabled to the Associated Press.

MINERS ON STRIKE.

Madrid, Spain, May 2.—A thousand men are out on strike at the Aguilas mines. The company has refused the men's proposals and there has been serious disturbance. Some of the miners fired on the police guarding property and the gendarmes charged the crowd, killing one man and wounding several others.

BULGE IN ATCHISON

Movement Wild and Price Advanced With Wide Strides.

A Rise of Nearly Twelve Points From Wednesday's Close.

Belief That Road Goes Into a Transcontinental Project.

New York, May 2.—Sensational interest in the stock market today shifted the recent favorites to Atchison, although very active interest continued in Union Pacific. The erratic movement of the latter stock and its tendency to reaction prompted the speculators to turn to some new field. Atchison was strong from the opening and held firm during the early reactionary period, and the general market became decidedly weak. About the middle of the session the movement became wild in much the same way as that of Union Pacific yesterday and Atchison was forced up by wide strides and by the taking of long strings of 1000 share lots up to 6000 share lots to about 88, a rise of nearly 12 points over last night. There was no news to account for the rise, but buyers of the stocks professed belief that the road was to be included in a transcontinental project to offset the Burlington deal. The rest of the market was comparatively quiet today, owing to the confusion of speculative sentiment caused by the erratic price movement, and in part also by the state of uncertainty in which many members of the exchange find themselves from the active efforts of the last few days.

New York, May 2.—The market was very much unsettled and feverish at the opening. The international stocks showed the effect of the lower prices in London this morning. Northern Pacific and the Trunk lines were especially affected, and United States Steel stocks were under some pressure, but Atchison, Denver & Rio Grande preferred, St. Paul and Western Union showed very aggressive strength. The opening sales of Union Pacific were of 15,000 shares at 130 down to 129¾, compared with 129⅞ at the close last night, but very aggressive support appeared and carried the stock almost immediately up to 132¾. The loss in Northern Pacific was 1½ and New York Central, after opening up a point, dropped 2. St. Paul sold at 173 to 173½, compared with 172¾ last night. Western Union rose an extreme 2⅝ and Atchison sold at 77½ to 78, compared with 76¼ last night on the sale of 2000 shares. Denver & Rio Grande preferred, rose buoyantly 3½ on denial of an injunction against the taking over of Rio Grande Western. Rubber goods sold at 36½ to 38, compared with 35 last night on the transfer of 2000 shares.

Trading was nervous and excited and prices moved in a bewildering manner. Gains were lost and losses were recovered frequently. The variation running to a point or more in the most active stocks. A strong undertone of strength prevailed despite the feverishness and many of the less prominent railroads and specialties rose from 1 to 2 points. Union Pacific fell back to 120, while Atchison got up to 79. They fluctuated frequently and there was no consistent tendency perceptible among the active stocks. Pennsylvania dropped 2 points under last night, St. Paul 1¾ and the United States Steel stocks fell back about a point each, while Northern Pacific rallied 2 points from the opening low level.

The market became more distinctly reactionary during the second hour, when a contest for market leadership developed between Union Pacific and Atchison. The buoyancy of the latter failed to overcome the depressing influence of the former, which dropped to 127, which is 5½ below the best. Declines from the best reached for New York Central 5; Illinois Central and General Electric 3½; St. Paul 3; Atchison 2⅝; Lackawanna, Delaware & Hudson, Northern Pacific and Rock Island 2¼ to 2⅝. United States Steel 1⅝, and preferred 1½. Atchison rose strongly through these declines 6⅞ to 83, on very large buying. The only other stocks to show notable strength were Rubber, Biscuit, which rose 4¼, the Rubber stocks 2¾ for common and 4 for the preferred, International Power 2¾ and Mexican Central 1¼. Before Union Pacific rallied 2⅜, New York Central 2⅞, St. Paul 1½, but the rallies did not hold and prices continued to break here and there. Bonds were irregular.

A sudden demand developed for Norfolk & Western and Chesapeake & Ohio in the last hour on the declaration of a dividend on the former stock. Chesapeake & Ohio rose an extreme 3⅝ and Norfolk & Western 3¼. There were rallies also of 2 in St. Paul and 2¼ in Atchison. The general market continued feverish and unsettled without any general tendency to advance. Union Pacific fell back 4⅜ from the top. Prices of a number of stocks touched the lowest in the last hour, notwithstanding the renewed advance in Atchison. The closing was active and generally easy.

Stock	Open	High	Low	Close
Am. Sugar Trust	148½	148⅞	146½	146⅞
Am. Copper	123½	124	121½	121⅞
Am. Tobacco	128¾	129	127½	128
Atchison, com	77½	87¾	77½	81
Atchison, pfd	103½	106½	103¾	103¾
Brooklyn Transit	89¾	87¾	85½	85½
C., M. & St. P.	173	176¾	170¾	175
C., B. & Q.	199	199	198¾	198¾
Erie	42	42¾	40¾	40¾
U. S. Steel, com	54¼	54½	52¾	53¼
U. S. Steel, pfd	103¾	103½	129	100¼
Manhattan	108½	111⅞	108¼	109½
L. & N.	110¾	110¾	108⅞	108⅞
Manhattan	128½	129	127¾	128
Missouri Pacific	109⅝	110	108½	109⅝
Nor. Pacific, com	114½	116⅝	113⅜	114½
Nor. Pacific, pfd	101	101½	101	101¼
People's Gas	117⅝	119¾	117¼	117⅜
Rock Island	163	165½	161½	163½
Southern Pacific	57⅛	57⅞	56¼	56¾
Tenn. & C. I.	65½	65½	65	65¼
U. S. Leather, com	16	16⅜	14⅞	14⅞
Union Pacific, pfd	96⅝	98¾	96	96¾
Union Pacific, com	129½	133	127	128½
Western Union	93¼	99	96⅝	96⅝
Southern Ry., com	33¾	33⅞	32¼	32¾
Southern Ry., pfd	87½	88	86	86⅞
Great Northern	190¾	191½	188½	188½
Wisconsin Central	23½	23⅝	22⅞	22¾

HIGH PRICE.

New York Stock Exchange Sells For $70,000.

New York, May 2.—The sale of a seat is recorded on the New York stock exchange for $70,000, compared with the previous highest authentic record of $66,000.

BRITISH CONSOLS.

London, May 2.—Consols for money, 94½; for the account, 94¾.

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, May 2.—Clearings, $34,664,088; balances, $1,965,645; foreign exchange $4.85½@4.89; New York exchange, par.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, May 2.—Money on call nominally 4@6 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 5¾@6½ per cent; sterling exchange steady with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.88 for demand and at $4.84½ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.85½@4.86 and $4.89; commercial bills, $4.84½@4.84¾. Silver certificates nominally, 60c; bar silver, 59½c; Mexican dollars, 48½c. Government bonds weak. Refunding 2s registered and coupon, $1.06¾; 3s registered and coupon, $1.10; new 4s registered and coupon, $1.38⅝; old 4s registered, $1.13⅝; coupon, $1.13½; 5s registered and coupon, $1.19.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Arthur R. Jones & Co., Spalding hotel:

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	17¼	17¾
Allouez	2½	3½
Anaconda	50½	51
Arcadian	20¼	21
Amalgamated	121¾	.....
Arnold	3½	4
Ashbed	25	50
Atlantic	34	35
Baltic	51⅝	52
Bingham	25¾	26
Boston & Montana	442	445
Butte & Boston	114	115
Calumet & Hecla	835	840
Centennial	33½	33¾
Centennial Eureka	33¾	34
Copper Range	.....	62½
Cochita	7½	8
Dominion Coal	36½	37
Elm River	5	5¼
Franklin	19¼	19¾
Isle Royale	55	55¼
Mass	19¾	19¾

The Saturday Herald IS THE SUNDAY PAPER IN THE IRON RANGE TOWNS.....

REMEMBER THIS IN PLANNING YOUR ADVERTISING.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR RENT!

Flat in Bellevue Terrace, new building, location central; five rooms and bath; hot and cold water; gas and electric light.

N. J. UPHAM CO.
400 Burrows Building.
Money to Loan at Low Rates.

TANKS OF OXYGEN

Russian Consul at Chicago to Entertain In a Novel Manner.

Will Give an Oxygen Party For the "Best People."

One of Jules Verne's Situations With Modern Variations.

Chicago, May 2.—Baron Albert A. Schlippenbach, the Russian consul in Chicago, has some tanks and the tanks are full of air—not hot air, but real pure oxygen.

The baron and his oxygen will be at home to North Side friends—society folk—some night next week in his apartments in the Charlevoix, at Rush and Ohio streets.

The guests at the baron's oxygen party will include only those who know what Mrs. Potter Palmer's ballroom looks like.

This means those who will meet at the tanks are exclusively "our best people," ready to "go against" the parlor fresh-air games.

Will they have a tank apiece—the big tank for the depressed and gloomy, the medium size tank for the one who has his bad quarter of an hour, and a wee little tank for the girl who thinks she is already "quite too giddy?"

The baron hasn't told.

"I went to an oxygen party in New York the other night," the baron explains. "It was beautiful, and I wanted one of my own right off."

His friends across the street at the Virginia hotel say: "Schlippenbach is home a week earlier than he had planned—that oxygen kept him moving."

Of course the baron isn't the only one who ever thought of doing lively things with oxygen. Jules Verne has the idea in "Doctor Ox." But the baron says: "Chicago doesn't need to be aroused; that's not the object. I just want a good time for my friends."

There are some, however, who recall what Dr. Ox, in his experiment, encountered. It was something like this:

"I was weary of the cold-bloodedness at my receptions; my guests were midway between sponges and coral excrescences! Now they are disputing and irritating, by voice and gesture. They are already metamorphosed, morally and physically, and it has only just begun. Wait until they get a big dose."

But that was Dr. Ox—Baron Schlippenbach has no motive, simply entertainment, and those who think they will be invited meet in the drive and say:

"Shall we have the oxygen, I wonder, before or after supper? Will the caviar become lobsters, the olives watermelons, and the cigarettes a house on fire? Will the quail grow into turkeys, and will every palm be a weeping willow? Will each wife know her own husband, and will every man know the first name of the woman he has sworn to love, and cherish? Will she be there at all?"

Then they pause and think again of Dr. Ox, who declares "One who lives in air saturated with oxygen grows excited, frantic, burns."

They whisper, "How diverting!—but we'll go home early, certainly." The party will be so select that nobody hints at a rag-time finish—there will be, they say, simply a decorously formal "so-glad-we-were-here-good night"—"awfully interested in science, you know."

And as Baron Schlippenbach is one of the most successful hosts in Chicago, his parties are sure to be imitated in the tank-loving homes—it is rumored the habit may drift out to the country clubs this season, and one man who pays Onwentsia club dues is writing 2000 words on "Oxygen vs. Highball; or, How to Win at Golf."

When seen yesterday he asked "Why not?" Then he began to talk about something else Dr. Ox had said, showing how animated you might become on a dose or two. He quoted passages about feet being agitated by increasing frenzy, faces becoming purple as Silenus, eyes shining like carbuncles.

"Of course, that's neither country club nor Schlippenbach," he concluded.

"An oxygen party would be a serious thing," said Dr. Effie Lobdell, "and if any one has cerebral trouble he'd better stay at home.

"Too much pure air might be a shock to most of us." came from Dr. Frances Dickinson. "In our early school days we all saw the mouse who couldn't stand the oxygen pace; but he was lively for a while, and I suppose there was compensation in that. However, if people are seeking intoxication they'd better take champagne. Some sort of rest then would be bound to ensue."

"North Coast Limited"

Resumes service on Northern Pacific next Sunday, May 5, at 8:40 a. m. It carries new, up-to-date, large, strong, roomy day coaches; the seats are particularly easy and restful.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

BARGAINS IN HOUSES

$3500 WILL BUY AN EIGHT-room house on Nineteenth avenue east, near Superior street with stone foundation, furnace heat, bath, sewer and water; hardwood floors in most of the down-stairs rooms, and in good repair; terms easy; cost $5000 to build.

* * *

$7500 FOR A COMFORTABLE 9-room house on East Superior street, west of Fourteenth avenue east. Is in good repair; has furnace, bath, sewer and water. A good stable on lot; size of lot 62½x140 to alley.

* * *

$2000 A NEAT EIGHT-ROOM house on East Third street, near Thirteenth avenue east, furnace heat, bath, sewer and water; nice location and a bargain.

* * *

We have others and we also have some extra fine bargains in building lots. Now is the time to buy. For anything in the Real Estate line call on

Julius D. Howard & Co.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance.
216 West Superior Street.

$6000 Corner Michigan street and Eleventh avenue west.
$4500 Lot in Armory block on First street.
$4500 Brick store, No. 224 East Superior street.
$1350 100x140 feet corner, first-class residence location in Endion.

86 houses in all parts of the city.
2 stores and two houses in West Duluth for rent.
Make us an offer on lot 1, block 44, Endion.
Money to loan, any amount, on residence property.

Interstate Land and Investment Co.
605 Palladio Building.

$1000 Takes 50 feet on East Second near 19th avenue east. Snap!
$1250 Takes 50 feet on East First, near 21st avenue; fine location.

A. C. VOLK & CO.,
202 Palladio Bldg.

A BARGAIN.

$7500 Will purchase 12-room house on Second street, between First avenue west and Lake avenue. Lot 75x140 feet; near High School and Public Library—Lot alone is worth more than price asked. House cost $5000.

PRESTON, 309 Palladio Building.

It is surprising how liberal house owners are with tenants at West Duluth and how any profits can be made after paying taxes, insurance and repairs. We do not quote lower prices than other owners, but we have the following for rent, near to school, church and cars, and where the mail is handed in at the door, which the people who are being robbed in the other parts of the city can avail themselves of:

A 10 room house with city water—
40 cents a day.

8-room house, city water—
33⅓ cents a day.

A 7-room house, city water—
30 cents a day.

A 6-room house, city water—
26⅔ cents a day.

A 6-room house, city water—
33⅓ cents a day.

Leases are made payable by the month.

Chan. Smith,
2 First Ave. W., Hunter Blk.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

For Improvement!

40 feet on south side Michigan Street, between Lake Avenue and First Ave. West.
50 feet on south Michigan St. between Second and Third Avenues West.
Owner will build to suit tenant.

G. G. Dickerman & Co.
Trust Building.

For Rent.

206 West Michigan Street. Best commission house in the city. Two stories and basement. Ice boxes, banana rooms, etc. Electric elevator. Will put in cement floor.

R. B. Knox & Co
1 Exchange Bldg.

For Rent
Park Point Cottages.

A number of 4-room new Cottages with porches in desirable locations for rent for the season. Call on

O. C. Hartman & Co.
210 Exchange Building.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

$1500 8-room house, city water, fine condition; Piedmont ave., near Fourth street.
$3750—strictly modern 9-room house, centrally located; this is a bargain.
Four choice corners at 23th ave. west.
$450—Lots fronting Lincoln Park, on 26th avenue west, near 3rd street.

T. G. VAUGHAN, 401 Lonsdale Building.

FREE FARMS.

160 acres of the choicest farming lands in the world free. Cheap excursions will leave Duluth for all points of Western Canada on Tuesdays and Thursdays. Very cheap rates for settlers. For particulars apply to

J. H. M. PARKER,
Canadian Government Agent.
530 Manhattan Building, Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE.

25-foot lot 20th Avenue W. and First St..... **$900**
Two well located corner lots W. Duluth—each.. **$400**

Pulford, How & Co.
100 Trust Building.

Auction Sale.

The building committee of the Congregation Adas Izarel will sell at Public Auction Tuesday, May 7, at 10 a. m., the nine-room house, which has all modern improvements—hot-air furnace, gas fixtures, etc.—at No. 230 Third Avenue East, corner Third street. Purchaser will be given reasonable time to move house from grounds. Condition of sale, 50 per cent. down, balance at time of removing building.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows' building. Best work. Moderate prices.

MEDICAL.

MEN NERVE BEANS quickly cure Nervousness, all results of abuse, failing manhood, drains, losses. Married men and men intending to marry should take a box; astonishing results; small weak parts and lost power restored. $1.00 at S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, druggists, Duluth

MEN NO CURE, NO PAY. If you have small, weak organs, lost power or weakening drains, our Vacuum Organ Developer will restore you without drugs or electricity; 75,000 in use; not one failure; not one returned; no C. O. D. fraud; write for free particulars sent sealed in plain envelope. LOCAL APPLIANCE CO., 115 Thorpe Blk., Indianapolis, Ind.

ATTORNEY.

S. D. ALLEN, ATTORNEY. 711-712 Palladio building.

CLERICAL COUNCIL.

Important Session Being Held at Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, May 2.—The clerical council of the Union for the Maintenance and Defense of the Catholic Faith met here today in semi-annual session. The Rev. William Hannelon, of Elmira, vice president of the union, occupied the chair.

After organizing, the Rev. Arthur Ritchie, of New York, the secretary and treasurer, made his semi-annual report, and the several committees gave an outline of their work during the past six months. The committee on ceremonials did not present any definite plans for the adoption of a uniform practice of ceremonies throughout all high churches of the Episcopal faith. The question was discussed at length, but no conclusion was arrived at.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR RENT.

No. 204 West Michigan street; cold storage room; best location on the street.
Seven-room, strictly modern, steam-heated flat; central location and strictly first class.
Large Superior street store; brick building.

C. P. CRAIG & CO., Herald Building

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—FIRST CLASS BOARDING house doing good business. Modern. M 27, Herald.

WANTED TO SELL—A LODGING house and business. If interested address K 11, Herald.

FOR SALE—FURNITURE FOR A 5-room flat. For particulars address 127 First avenue west.

FOR SALE—RESTAURANT. 346 LAKE avenue south. O. Ramsey.

FOR SALE—GOOD COW, NEW MILCH, May 10. Hans Olson, 102 Sixty-sixth avenue south, West Duluth.

FOR SALE—TWENTY THOUSAND brick, $5 per 1000. T. Downie, 2012 West First street.

FOR SALE—LARGE OAK SIDEBOARD, rugs, carpets, dining table, refrigerator, sewing machine, curtains, draperies, lady's bicycle. 30 Twelfth avenue east.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, ON EASY TERMS, one first-class high top Estey organ, also bedstead, commode and small gasoline stove. No. 1 Monger terrace.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—FRESH milch cows. A carload will arrive May 4. Johnson & Co., 502 Exeter street, Thirtieth avenue west.

FOR SALE—EGGS FOR HATCHING, from 50 cents to $2 per sitting. G. Hood Thompson, Glen Avon Poultry Yards, Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE—SEED POTATOES—A FEW bushels of Sir Williams and Carman No. 1. G. Hood Thompson, Glen Avon, Duluth.

FOP SALE—CARLOAD FRESH MILCH cows will arrive April 28. Twenty-first avenue east and South street. J. Johnson & Co.

FOR SALE—FRESH MILCH COWS always on hand, and highest price paid for beef cattle. Evan Johnson, 2608 Helm street.

$1250 HOUSE AND LOT ON LAKE AVENUE, near Fifth street. 515 Palladio building.

FOR SALE—S. KANER HAS JUST ARrived with a carload of fresh milch cows. 1122 East Fourth street.

FOR SALE—COTTAGE ON PARK Point. Address S. S. Herald.

HORSES HORSES

Barrett & Zimmerman have at their stables, opposite the Post-office, Duluth, from 300 to 400 head horses constantly on hand.
Private sales daily. Part time given if desired.

TYPEWRITERS.

FOR SALE—REMINGTON AND SMITH typewriters from $25 up. Write for samples. M. J. Doherty, 155 Washington street, Chicago, Ill.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.
PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 8:00. Next meeting, May 6, 1901. Work, First degree. H. Nesbitt, W. M.; F. H. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting May 13, 1901. Work, Third degree. Burr Porter, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20 R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evening of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting May 8, 1901. Work. James Kelly, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8:00 p. m. Next conclave May 30, 1901. Work, Red Cross and Templar degrees. Thomas J. Davis, E. C.; Alfred Lericheux, recorder.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, SITTING BULL TRIBE, NO. 25, WEST Duluth, meets first four Thursdays of the month at Great Eastern hall. W. S. McCullum, Sachem; W. E. Day, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, We-ke-me-wup tribe, No. 17, meets every Monday evening in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. C. C. Evans, Sachem; N. J. Orr, Chief of Records.

M. W. A.
MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. Robert Rankin, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES.—Duluth tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. Charles J. Hector, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at 118 West Superior street. Social entertainment and refreshments, April 23. G. H. Prudden, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.
ZENITH CITY LODGE, NO. 169, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening, at 8 p. m., in Columbus hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Work in the Second degree April 16. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. W. A. Rehder, N. G.; D. J. Dewar, secretary.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS.—Court Eastern Star, No. 86, meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. Harry Milnes, chief ranger, city hall. James Herrell, treasurer, Union depot.

U. C. T.
ZENITH, NO. 40, DULUTH, MINN.—Regular meetings fourth Saturday night of each month, Elks' hall, Superior street. W. N. Donaldson, S. C.; C. W. Sutton, secretary and treasurer.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST with housework. 1215 East First street.

WANTED—WOMAN TO CLEAN HOUSE by the day. 2016 East Superior street.

WANTED—CARPET SEWER AND saleslady in drapery department. Apply to A. Jeffery, The New Store.

AFTER WASHING HANDS, BEFORE quite dry apply Satin-Skin Cream. Note how quickly absorbed, how satiny soft it renders them. 25c. Leading stores.

WANTED — CHAMBERMAID, DISH washer and laundry girl. 122 East First street.

WANTED — SEWING GIRLS, AT ONCE Excelsior Shirt factory, 120 West Michigan street.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED MATTress maker. Apply 104 Providence building.

WANTED—WOMAN TO DO CLEANING and scrubbing. Tremont hotel.

AT NIGHT AND MORNING MASSAGE those wrinkles around your eyes with Satin-Skin Cream. It nourishes them away. Cost 25c. Leading stores.

WANTED—AT ONCE, SIX GIRL DISHwashers. Apply to Stewart, Spalding hotel.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 522 Fourth avenue west.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED SEWING girl. Mme. Ferrier, 304 McDonald building.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1431 East First street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 525 West Third street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Must be good cook. Good wages. 2016 East Second.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, small family. Call 119 East Fifth.

WANTED—GIRL ABOUT 16 TO HELP at housework. 410 Twelfth avenue east.

WANTED — SEWING GIRL AND ONE apprentice. Mrs. J. A. Clarey, 22 West Fifth street.

WANTED — CHAMBERMAID AND dish washer. The Midland hotel.

WANTED AT ONCE—EXPERIENCED laundry girl. Apply Housekeeper, Spalding hotel.

WANTED—A SWEDE GIRL AT ONCE. Call 508 West Third street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 112 East Third street.

WANTED—GOOD NURSE GIRL. 1206 East Second.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework. 1422 East Second street, Mrs. M. A. Dunning.

WANTED — GOOD, STRONG GIRL FOR general housework. No washing; good wages. Mrs. A. R. Macfarlane, Glen Avon, Duluth.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN TO DRIVE baggage wagon; must be well acquainted with city. No other need apply. 212 West Superior street.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN TO WORK IN carpet department; one who has sold goods. Apply to A. Jeffery, The New Store.

WANTED — BOY WHO HAS HAD EXperience as press feeder to learn printing business. X Ray Printing company, West Duluth.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade, only two more weeks of our special offer of scholarship, board and tools. No limit to time. $12 weekly paid graduates. Write for particulars today. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED—SIX CIGARMAKERS AND one experienced stripper. 18 West First street, Culver & Co.

GOOD SALARIES—Earn good wages while learning electrical engineering. How? Call on or address C. S. Cable, representative International Correspondence Schools, 206 New Jersey Building., Duluth, open evenings.

WANTED—AGENTS.

LADY OR GENTLEMEN AGENTS TO sell household goods on easy payments. No capital required. Gately Supply company, 8 East Superior street.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

TAILOR WANTS SITUATION TO make pants and do repairing. Can do cutting. K 10, Herald.

EXPERIENCED GIRL, WITH BEST OF disposition, would like a place in a private family where she does not have to sleep up in the attic. Newly married people preferred. Please state wages and number in family. Address K 9, Herald.

YOUNG WOMAN WOULD LIKE FURnished rooms to take care of; want to go home nights. Address N. M., Normanna hall, flat 5, city.

WANTED—BY THREE GIRLS, WORK in a steam laundry. Address N. M., Normanna hall, flat 5, city.

WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY, POSition as governess. Best of references given. K 8, Herald.

WANTED — POSITION BY MAN WHO has had nine years' experience as buyer and manager of a $30,000 stock of dry goods, clothing, shoes, etc. A 1 references.

YOUNG GIRL WOULD LIKE WORK IN private family. Address K 5, Herald.

YOUNG GIRL WOULD LIKE WORK IN laundry. Address K 4, Herald.

LADY WOULD LIKE ROOMS TO TAKE care of or any kind of work by the day. M 76, Herald.

A YOUNG MAN WOULD LIKE A SITuation taking care of horses in private family. Address F 96, Herald.

LADY STENOGRAPHER WANTS POsition. Has had experience. Address M 79, Herald.

HOUSECLEANING, SCRUBBING, OR stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 23 First avenue east. Work guaranteed.

ACCOUNTANT.

BOOKS OPENED AND CLOSED. ACcounts adjusted. Expert work a specialty. Would consider a permanency. References. F 99, Herald.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—6-ROOM HOUSE, FURnished, with modern improvements; desirable location. Address T 2, Herald.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE, ALL modern improvements, desirable location, East End. Moderate rent for about four months. Address M 8, Herald.

FOR RENT—STRICTLY MODERN NINE room house three blocks from postoffice. Myers' Bros., 205 Lyceum.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—LARGE FURNISHED front room, 209 West Third street.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOMS UPSTAIRS, all conveniences. Apply 831 East Third street, city.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM, modern conveniences; private family. 211 West Fifth street.

FOR RENT—THREE NICE ROOMS. 21 Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT—PLEASANT FURNISHED room, electric light; use of parlor; one block west of postoffice; very central. Address A. P., Herald.

WANTED—RESPECTABLE GENTLEman roomer. Bath privileges; moderate rent. Address M 30, Herald.

FOR RENT—FRONT ROOM AND ALcove. 210 East Third street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED FRONT parlor; house with modern conveniences. 320 East Second street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS, central. 206 Fifth avenue west.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—PARTLY FURNISHED 5-room flat in Buffalo flats for the summer. 203 Board of Trade building.

FOR RENT—TWO NEW 5-ROOM FLATS Call 508 West Third street. Small family.

FOR RENT—MAY 1, FLAT 2, BUFFAlo flats. F. C. Smith, 205 Palladio building.

FINE FIVE-ROOM MODERN BRICK flat. No children. Volk, Palladio building.

STORE FOR RENT.

PART OF STORE FOR RENT, $10 PER month. 714 West Superior street.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED TO RENT—A MODERN nine or ten-room residence in eastern section of city. Address, stating terms, D. D. Gaillard, captain corps of engineers, Providence building.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN WITH first class references, place to board in private family. B 22, Herald.

BOARD OFFERED.

FURNISHED ROOM AND BOARD suitable for two. 228 Second avenue west, corner Third street.

FIRST CLASS BOARD AND ROOMS, with all modern conveniences. 318 West Second street.

ROOMS AND BOARD, 120 FIRST AVEnue west; very central.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOple holding responsible positions; also on diamonds, pianos, furniture, live stock and all kinds of personal property. Easy payments. Confidential. Western Loan Co., 521 Manhattan Bldg., Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. We buy consolidated stock. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmonds, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., 324 W. Sup. street. Established 1893.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

LOANS.

$1500 TO LOAN ON IMPROVED PROPerty. M 28, Herald.

CARPET CLEANING WORKS.

THE DULUTH-SUPERIOR STEAM carpet cleaning and rug works, 1522 West Michigan street. Telephone 532.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

MANDOLIN, GUITAR, VIOLIN, BANJO. Prof. J. L. Robinson, over Big Duluth. Mandolin orchestra for all occasions.

LOST.

CHAMPION IRON COMPANY BOOKS burned. Stockholders send date, number of certificates and number of shares held by you to W. Van Brunt, 8 Exchange building.

CHIMNEY SWEEP.

CHIMNEY AND FURNACE CLEANING storm windows taken off. W. Simpson. Zenith Tele. 738; office 119 W. First St.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—TWO OR THREE GOOD second hand lumber wagons with three inch tires. American Lumber company, West Superior, Wis.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 328 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

BREINHOLM, FEMALE COMPLAINTS. Private hospital, 11 Nineteenth Ave. W.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR

ALBERT L. PRESTON, ACCOUNTANT and auditor; originator of business systems. 309 Palladio building.

RAILROAD WATCHES.

REPAIRED AND ADJUSTED. HARRIS & Esterly, 406 West Superior street.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

WATCH REPAIRING.

HARRIS-ESTERLY, 406 W. SUP. ST.

A SPECIALTY. M. HENRICKSEN, expert watchmaker, 334 W. Sup. St.

POPULAR MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC, 2000 COPIES, 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

PIANO TUNING.

FIRST CLASS WORK. C. A. GREGORY, piano tuner. Zenith telephone 606.

HERBAQUEEN'S SPECIFIC.

REMEDIES FOR ANY BLOOD POISONing trouble. 319 First avenue east.

GASOLINE AND STOVES.

BUY YOUR GASOLINE AND STOVES at 211 E. Sup. St. and have your stoves kept in order free of charge. 'Phone 680.

CARPET CLEANING.

GOOD CURE FOR SMALLPOX—HAVE your carpets cleaned and feathers renovated. Also have your old carpets made into rugs. First-class upholstering done. Superior Rug company, C. F. Forsell, manager. 'Phone 949, 217 East Superior street.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL.

IMPORT of 1900, 75c a bottle; $1 express prepaid. C. J. Tufte, Druggist, Duluth.

PILES AND RUPTURE.

PERMANENT CURE GUARANTEED, without cutting. Duluth references. Illustrated circular. 1065 West Michigan. Hours 1 to 4.

STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

WHITE LINE TRANSPORTATION CO.
Isle Royale and Apostle Islands Routes
STR. MABEL BRADSHAW
Leaves Slinger's dock Mondays and Thursdays at 9 a. m. for Two Harbors, Grand Marais, Isle Royale, Port Arthur and intermediate points.
STR. BON VOYAGE
Leaves Slinger's dock Mondays and Thursdays at 8 p. m. for Bayfield, Ontonagon, Hancock and Houghton.
JOHN FLYNN, Agt., W. H. SINGER, Mgr.,
Lyceum Bldg. Lake Ave. and Canal.

STEAMSHIPS.

DOMINION LINE
Record Voyage 6 Days, 7 Hours, 22 Minutes.
BOSTON to LIVERPOOL via QUEENSTOWN
Commonwealth, twin screw, 13000 tons, May 8
New England, twin screw, 11600 tons, May 22
PORTLAND to LIVERPOOL via Queenstown
Cambroman....May 4 Dominion..... June 1
Vancouver.....May 18 Cambronan..... June 8
T. H. LARKE, Gen. N. W. Agent. 127 So. 3rd St. Guaranty Bldg., Minneapolis, Minn.

Railroad Time Tables.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv..Duluth..Ar	p.m.	3:40
8:15 a.m.	Ar..Proctor..Lv	p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m.	Ar..Iron Jctn..Lv	p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar...Wolf...Lv	p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar..Virginia..Lv	p.m.	12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar..Eveleth..Lv	p.m.	12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar...Sparta...Lv	p.m.	12:24
11:20 a.m.	Ar..Biwabik..Lv	p.m.	12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar..Mtn. Iron..Lv	p.m.	12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar..Hibbing..Lv	p.m.	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

8 18 pm	Lv.....Duluth.....Ar	12 00 m
7 18 pm	Ar.....Virginia.....Lv	7:35 am
7 40 pm	Ar.....Eveleth.....Lv	7:38 am
7 50 pm	Ar.....Ely.....Lv	7:10 am

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave	DULUTH.	Arrive
†1 25 pm	ST. PAUL	†2 55 pm
11 10 pm	AND MINNEAPOLIS	*5 30 am
*Daily	†Daily Except Sunday.	
*7 55 am	Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana & Coast Points.	*6 43 pm
3 00 pm	Swan River, Hibbing, Int. Points	†11 58 am

Sleeper for 11:10 p. m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9 p.m. J. C. MOONEY, Nor. Pass Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**9 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**4 00 pm
*4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 59 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oskosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL.	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RY.

Leave—		Arrive—
*4 00 pm	Ashland and Fast	* 11 15 am
*7 30 pm	Minn & Dakota Express	* 7 10 am
*11 10 pm	Pacific Express	* 7 00 pm
"DULUTH SHORT LINE"		
†9 00 am	St. Paul	*6 45 am
* 1 55 pm	and	†2 10 pm
*11 10 pm	Minneapolis.	*7 00 pm

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway.
426 Spalding Hotel Block. Union Depot.

Leave		Arrive
**5 45 pm	**Ex. Saturday. *Ex. Sunday.	*9 50 am
*7 25 am	BOSTON LIMITED EXPRESS.	*8 00 pm

TWELVE PAGES.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

NINETEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. FRIDAY, MAY 3, 1901. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY. TWELVE PAGES.

IF *there is any question about this being the best profitable place at the Head of the Great Lakes to buy Clothing, here are some facts that settles it beyond the possibility of a doubt.*

Store Open Saturday Night Until 11 o'clock.

THE BIG DULUTH

Store Open Saturday Night Until 11 o'clock.

For tomorrow, Saturday, your choice of any Spring Overcoat in the house $9.75

Genuine Spring Overcoats at $15, $18, 20 for $9.75.

All were bought early in the season for our regular stock, and cost us more than we ask for them now. Every garment in the lot is new—made for the present season. The styles are absolutely correct. The fabrics, trimmings and tailorings are first-class. The assortment contains: Covert Cloths, Oxford Mixed and Tan shades—lined with Silk. Can't be duplicated for less than $20. Tan Whipcords and Herringbone Coverts, the latter having plain or velvet collars—splendid $15 values. Vicuna and Oxford Mixed Unfinished Worsteds—retail regularly at $18. Black Unfinished Worsteds and Thibets; rich, fine and dressy fabrics, and tailored to a nicety; the least price for them this season has been $20. Oxford Grays, full back, broad-shouldered garments, with Princess lining in the body and Silk in the sleeves. Four styles—with or without velvet collars. The best $15 Coats in the market. Cambridge Gray Cheviots, sleeves lined with Silk, Princess body lining, a very fair price for this Coat is $15. Take your choice of all the above for $9.75—but come early; others will want them, too. All sizes in "regulars" and "stouts."

For Tomorrow, Saturday, *Your choice of all $8 and $10 Spring Overcoats for* **$6.75**

Boys' Clothing that Pleases.

To find any mother or boy who could not be suited from our superb Clothing stock would indeed be a novelty. It is the best that can be made, better than can be bought elsewhere, and as we said before, the prices are moderate.

At $2.95, $3.95, $4.95 Boys' Vestee Suits

Of excellent fabrics, such as Serges, Cheviots, etc., neatly trimmed with black Soutache, seams all taped to prevent pulling. Color fully guaranteed. Sizes 3 to 10 years.

At $2.95, $3.50, $4.95—Boys' Sailor Suits—

For ages 2 to 10; Blue and Brown Serges, trimmed with Black, White and Red Soutache Braiding; blouse cut loose, regular sailor style.

At $2.45, $2.95, $3.95, $4.95—Boys Double-Breasted Suits.

A grand assortment to choose from. They are plain and fancy effects and cannot be equaled for quality, style or workmanship. Other Suits as high as $12. Sizes 7 to 17 years.

At $10.00—Young Men's Suits—

Of Black Clay Worsteds, Blue and Black Serges and Gray Cheviots in Plaids, Checks and Stripes. Coats either single or double-breasted and are made with those stylish broad shoulders. Trousers are cut after the correct fashion. A merchant tailor could not duplicate one of these Suits for Twice our price. Sizes 15 to 19 years; $18 is the highest priced Suit we have for your men.

Top Coats—

For little fellows and young men, made in the latest style and of the most fashionable fabrics—at *$4.95, $5.95 and $6.50*

Furnishing Goods Dept

There's a Whole Lot of Things In Furnishings for Saturday....

We'd like to talk about, if we had time to write, and you had time to read. But if we strike one want, when you come to satisfy it, you are sure to see other necessary articles, so we mention, as probably needed this week:

NEGLIGEE SHIRTS—

"Never seen their equal," said a pleased customer yesterday. Begin at 50c and touch the piles at 75c, $1, $1.25, $1.50, $2.00 and $2.50. A regular New York Shirt Store, brimming over with exclusive newness.

NEW NECKWEAR—

Flowing-End Silk, Four-in-Hands, for Negligee wear, Bat Wing Bows, Silk Strings and Washable Ties, in every new fad, 10c to $1.00.

THIN UNDERWEAR—

In variety; splendid Balbriggan at 50c; lightest all-wool at 75c, $1.00, $1.50. Your size is here.

Belts for everybody, 25c to $1.00. Sweaters and Bicycle Hose, Summer Suspenders, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Collars, Jewelry.

Hat Dept...

Our Leaders—

The Zenith Hat at ..$2.50
The W.&M. Hat at $3.00
The Gordon Hat at ..$3.00
The Guyer Hat at....$4.00
Stitson Hats at $4.00
W.&M. Special at .$5.00

Spring Fedoras for Saturday *98c.* *$1.25, $1.50 and $2.00.* Worth double.

This is Straw Hat Season and the Straw Hat You Want Is Here— There isn't a head for which we haven't a Straw Hat—every one this season's make. Straw Hats for Baby, Child, Girl, Boy, Young Man and Gentleman. Plain, rough, smooth and fancy braids, soft brims and hard brims. Prices that please, and the comforting assurance that when you buy here you're getting the latest fashions.

The Bostonian Shoe

A $5.00 Shoe for $3.50.

The time has passed when it is necessary to pay $5, $6, $7 or more for a pair of Shoes—if you buy the Bostonian. We give you everything that can be put into a pair of Shoes to make them good, and handsomer and comfortable and durable, at a price that has never before been thought possible. Other kinds of men's good Shoes at—

$1.50, $2, $2.50 and $3.00

Boys' and Children's Shoes at one-third less than you will pay elsewhere.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters. THE BIG DULUTH 125 and 127 West Superior St.

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

AGONIZING

Little Girl Starved In a Badger's Hole.

Subsisted on Grass Five Days and Nights.

Prosser, Wash., May 3.—With her hands and mouth stained with green from the grass and flowers she had eaten in her desperate hunger, and with her features drawn in the dying agony of thirst, the body of the 5-year-old daughter of W. B. Mathews, former county commissioner, who lost her way on the dreary wastes of Horse Heaven plains nearly a week ago, has been found by searchers. The child, in her agony, had crawled into a badger hole, where she was found. From the appearance of the body, the child had been dead about thirty-six hours, so for five days and nights she had been without food and water.

TONS OF ROAST BEEF

Fire In the Armour Beef House Did Great Damage ---Firemen Overcome By Ammonia From a Bursting Pipe.

Chicago, May 3.—Armour & Co.'s beef house, one of the largest buildings at the stock yards, caught fire at 6:30 o'clock today and was damaged by flames and water to the value of $100,000.

On the fourth floor, awaiting slaughter, were 1600 head of live cattle, which were rescued with great difficulty. The building is a five-story brick, and extends nearly a block.

The building also contained 4600 carcasses of dressed beef. A single alarm was turned in at first, but the fire made such rapid headway that this was followed by a general alarm.

Soon after a special call for additional engines was sent in, and after an hour and a half of desperate work the firemen succeeded in conquering the flames. One hundred men, under the direction of Chief Sweenie, were at work on the third and fourth floor when a large ammonia pipe burst, and the stifling odor which arose drove the men from their posts to the open air. Many were half blinded by the gas and escaped with difficulty.

MOREY SERIOUSLY HURT

Member of Board of Control From Winona Fell Down Capitol Stairs and Received Injuries Which May Prove Fatal.

St. Paul, May 3.—C. A. Morey, of Winona, a member of the board of control, is at St. Joseph's hospital with serious, possibly fatal, injuries. They are the result of a fall. He fell down the stairway leading from the senate chamber to the third floor of the capitol. He struck on his neck and the back of his head, sustaining injuries which are very serious. He was taken to St. Joseph's hospital. The physicians have as yet been unable to determine the extent of the injuries. Mr. Morey is in a semi-conscious condition, and is suffering intense pain.

MINERS NOT UNANIMOUS

Meetings In the British Coal Districts Show That Wise Counsel Is Likely to Prevail at the Collieries.

London, May 2.—There were scores of meetings today in the coal districts and there was evidence of the intense interest felt by the miners and owners. But, the results of the conferences show, the miners are by no means so unanimous as expected in supporting a general strike. Chairman Briggs, of the joint conciliation board of the Yorkshire miners, has issued a manifesto to the men to the effect that, although he is strongly opposed to the impost, he considers it most unwise to take such a grave step as stopping the collieries. Several miners' councils have issued similar advices to the men.

BODY OF FATHER FOUND

Remains of William Rosenfield, Who Murdered His Four Children, Are Discovered Near Where Son Was Found.

St. Paul, May 3.—The body of William Rosenfield, who disappeared last week with his four children, was found in the river today, near where the body of his oldest boy was taken out of the river yesterday. The search for the bodies of the other three children continues actively.

STRIKE SOON.

Illinois Central Machinists to Be Called Out Before Tuesday.

Chicago, May 3.—An officer of Chicago lodge, International Association of Machinists, said today a strike of Illinois Central railroad machinists probably will be called before next Tuesday, owing to the attitude of the company on the demand for shorter hours. Business Agent Rodgers, who is also an officer of the grand lodge, has been given full authority to act. Machinists employed in all divisions of the system held meetings last night, and it is said all have declared in favor of a strike.

TENDERS FOR RAILS.

Sydney, N. S. W., May 3.—The government is inviting tenders for 100,000 tons of rails within four years. This involves the establishing of works in New South Wales.

NOT GUILTY

Was the Plea of Lawyer Patrick and His Associates.

New York, May 3.—Albert T. Patrick, David Short and Morris Meyers were arraigned before Recorder Goff today to plead to indictments for forgery and Patrick to an indictment for the murder of the late Texas millionaire, William Rice. The defendants pleaded "not guilty," pending the argument of demurrers against the indictments. The demurrers will be argued next week.

Robert Moore, counsel for defendants, then made a motion to dismiss the forgery indictments, declaring that the indictments stated that the crime was committed in September, 1901, a date which had not yet arrived, and that this made the papers faulty. Assistant District Attorney Garvin said the grand jury had remedied the defect referred to. The recorder thereupon refused to dismiss the indictments.

CONTRACT INVALID

Claim of Grain Company Against Chicago Board of Trade.

Is a Violation of the Interstate Act of Missouri.

Claim That Board of Trade Is a Bucket Shop.

Kansas City, May 3.—The Christie Grain and Stock company today filed an answer to the suit brought by the Chicago board of trade to restrain the company from using the complainant's quotations, on the ground that it is a bucket shop. The defendant alleged that the board of trade does a similar business to that of the bucket shop, and asks the court to so find; it also prays to declare void the contract between the board of trade and the telegraph companies by which the telegraph companies are given the exclusive right to send quotations to such persons as the board of trade shall dictate, the defendant making the claim that the quotations belong to the public, and alleging that such contract is in violation of the interstate act and the pool and trust law of Missouri.

TEN ROUNDS.

Sharkey and Russell Are Ready For Their Fight at Denver.

Denver, May 3.—"Sailor Tom" Sharkey and Fred Russell, the California heavyweight will meet for a 10-round go in the arena of the Colorado Athletic association tonight. Both men have been training hard at separate quarters on the outskirts of the city for the past month and are pronounced by their trainers to be in perfect condition. Sharkey will weigh close to 190 pounds.

Russel has trained faithfully and is hard as iron. He will weigh close to 205 pounds. Up to last night Sharkey was the favorite in the betting at odds of 2½ to 1. George English, the official referee of the club, will officiate tonight.

WHISKY.

Corner In the Market Will Advance Prices Soon.

New York, May 3.—The Herald says: There is a pending whisky famine, wholesale liquor dealers say. One large whisky distributing and warehouse company in this city has cornered the market. With millions of gallons in its cellars, a number of producers are buying every available barrel in the market. As production is limited by an iron-clad agreement, the prevalent scarcity may advance prices without limit. As indicative of the situation, a conversation is reported between H. J. M. Cardesa, of the Standard Distilling company and Edson Bradley, president of the Kentucky Distilleries and Warehouse company. Mr. Cardesa accused Bradley of having bought up in the last month every whisky holding in the market. This Mr. Bradley denied, referring to several lots of fifty barrels each. Mr. Cardesa answered that they were merely a drop in the bucket compared to the 20,000,000 gallons that Mr. Bradley is said to control. There will probably be a much greater production of whisky next fall. But this will not be available until after it has aged for three years.

CONGER HONORED.

Reception Tendered the Minister at Des Moines.

Des Moines, May 3.—A public reception was tendered to Minister Conger in the Auditorium today, under the auspices of the G. A. R. of Des Moines. Fully 3000 persons crowded into the place to listen to the addresses and the response of the guest of honor, who for an hour detailed his experience during the siege of Pekin. Mr. Conger will leave on Monday for Washington to consult with the state department with regard to his duties.

WILL NOT STRIKE.

Rapid Transit Employes Have Not Even Threatened.

New York, May 3.—General Manager Breckenridge of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit company said today that a report generally circulated to the effect that the company's employes had threatened a strike unless certain demands were agreed to was without foundation. He said no petition or ultimatum had been presented by the employes.

COULDN'T THINK OF IT.

London, May 3.—Replying to a deputation from the Workmen's and Sugar Tax associations today, the chancellor of the exchequer, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, declined to consider the withdrawal of the sugar tax. He said it was the most important part of the present budget, and he did not believe that workingmen who had approved of the war in South Africa objected to pay something toward the cost.

D. P. ROSENMILLER IS DEAD.

Lancaster, Pa., May 3.—David Porter Rosenmiller, formerly mayor of this city, died today from tetanus, the result of a cancer. Mr. Rosenmiller entered the United States navy in 1861, and was executive of the sloop Essex, which blew up the Confederate ram Arkansas. Mr. Rosenmiller was a near relative of Admiral Porter.

A CRISIS

Causes German Reichstag's Dissolution.

Von Miquel and Other Ministers Resign.

Berlin, May 3.—The chancellor, Count on Buelow, has notified the respective presidents that a joint sitting of the diet for tonight has been summoned for the purpose of hearing a message from the throne. The correspondent of the Associated Press learns that Dr. Von Miquel, the Prussian minister of finance, has resigned and that his resignation has been accepted.

The liberal papers expect other resignations in the ministry, mentioning Baron Von Hammerstein, minister of agriculture, and Herr Brefeld, minister of commerce.

The National Zeitung expects that Herr Thielen, minister of public works, will be retained, thus expressing the government's purpose to adhere to the canal bill. The fate of the other ministers is uncertain. Count Von Buelow will read the message at the joint sitting of the diet tonight.

The press today widely discusses the situation. The Kreuz Zeitung considers the prorogation of the diet a satisfactory solution for the present confusion, as it will prevent the conservatives and Emperor William from drifting further apart, which end the liberals are trying to promote.

Count Von Buelow advised the emperor to accept the prorogation. It admits it is a bitter pill for his majesty, but says it proves his capacity as a ruler, for his wise resignation shows he is a master of statesmanship.

The Berlin Neueste Nachrichten rejoices at the step, but regrets it was made necessary by an alliance of the conservatives with the centrists and says it presages victory for the conservatives.

The liberal papers criticise the weakness of the government in merely adjourning, instead of deciding on a dissolution and new elections.

The Tagelatt says the step shows the utter helplessness of the government and is a confession that they do not know their own minds.

The Voerwaerts heads its editorial "Who Swallows?" and ridicules the ministry's weakness.

The Boersen Courier concludes that Count Von Buelow lacks energy and management.

At the opening of the lower house of the diet today, the president, Dr. Kroecher, announcing that at the joint session this evening, the diet would be closed, suggested that it would be useless to transact further business. The house assented and the sitting was closed with hochs for the emperor.

Dr. Von Miquel's resignation was enforced, but instead of Dr. Von Lucanus, chief of emperor's civil cabinet, who usually bears such direct messages from the emperor, it was Baron Von Wilmowski, chief of the chancellerie, who requested Dr. Von Miquel to resign in the emperor's name. Dr. Von Posadowsky-Wehner, secretary of state for the interior, is expected to be Dr. Von Miquel's successor, while Gen. Von Podbielsky succeeds Baron Von Hammerstein as minister of agriculture, who leaves office because of deafness and general debility. Herr Brefeld, minister of commerce, is also said to be going involuntarily.

No names of Liberals or Radicals are mentioned among the possible successors of Gen. Podbielsky for the postal office and Herr Brefeld for commerce minister.

The resignation of of Baron Von Hammerstein appears to be a fact, but the report that Dr. Schoenstedt, minister of justice, has resigned is unfounded. It is anticipated in parliamentary circles that Count Von Buelow will forthwith reconstruct the cabinet, and that the lower house will then be dissolved and the date of the election will be so arranged that the new house will meet at the end of October or the beginning of November, when the canal bill will probably be immediately reintroduced.

ROT, SAYS HARCOURT

Liberal Leader Made a Slashing Attack on Chanceller Hicks-Beach's Coal Tax and Condemned His Financiering.

London, May 3.—Sir William Vernon Harcourt was in his best fighting form in the house of commons last evening. He made a slashing attack on the government for imposing a tax on exported coal, and condemned Sir Michael Hicks-Beach's financiering as rot. The chancellor of the exchequer, however, ably defended himself, and he created a great impression by quoting statistics to prove that the coal owners last year obtained £29,000,000 more profit than in 1897 on a capital of £110,000,000.

After the duel between the Liberal and Tory chancellors, the debate lapsed into mediocrity, and at midnight it was adjourned until Monday. The government was anxious to obtain a division last night, but Mr. Balfour was afraid to move closure. The result of the discussion will be to precipitate the discussion of the king's civil list, and it is doubtful whether Mr. Brodrick's army proposals can be taken up next week.

The stagnation of business is beginning to cause considerable speculation in the house as to its effect on the program of the session. As a result of inquiries in various quarters, it appears that the miners are not likely to approve the recommendation of their leaders that they should indicate their disapproval of the coal tax by a general strike.

BEQUESTS.

Mary Shannon Willed More Than $125,000 to Institutions.

Cambridge, Mass., May 3.—The will of Mary Shannon, of Newton, filed in the Middlesex probate court today, contributes more than $125,000 to charitable and public institutions. Hampton (Va.) Normal and Agricultural college gets $10,000, and the Tuskogee (Ala.) institution, Kittrell (N. C.) Normal and Industrial School for Negroes, Atlanta (Ga.) university and Mallalieu Seminary for Poor Whites, Kinsey Henry county (Ala.), $5000 each.

Massachusetts institutions receive $78,000. Wellesly college is given $15,000 to be expended in free scholarships, and the American Purity Alliance association, $2000.

MUST CLOSE.

Kansas City Saloons Must Obey Sunday Closing Law.

Kansas City, May 3.—Mayor Reed has issued a positive order that all saloons must be closed on Sundays. Yesterday the police commissioners refused the demand of a special committee of the and Order league to enforce the Sunday closing law, and the league began preparations to secure the impeachment of these officers.

After a long conference, Mayor Reed and Police Commissioner Gregory have signed an order notifying Chief of Police Hays that hereafter all saloons must be closed from midnight Saturday to midnight Sunday, and instructing him to arrest all violators of the closing ordinance. Commissioner Ward refused to sign the order.

TRIMBLE DEFEATED.

Bakersfield, Cal., May 3.—Jim Trimble, of San Jose, was defeated by Al Neill, of San Francisco, last night, in the first round, by a lucky swing to the jaw. Terry McGovern refereed the fight.

INDEFINITE

Is Period For Which East Helena Smelter Is Closed.

St. Paul, May 3.—A Helena, Mont., special to the Dispatch says: The East Helena smelter has been closed for an indefinite period. All hope of compromise has been abandoned and Manager Whitley says he will not entertain any proposition from the strikers. Directly and indirectly 2000 men are affected. Several mines and quarries have closed down already and more will follow. The coal mines of the Northern Pacific at Red Lodge, employing 500 men, and those of Senator Clark at Bridger, with a force of 100 men, closed down last night because of strike agitation by outsiders. Both men and corporations were on good terms, but the latter preferred to close down rather than run the risk of violence.

ONE DROWNED.

Wabasha Young Man Loses Life at La Crosse.

La Crosse, Wis., May 3.—In an attempt to change seats in a crowded skiff on the Mississippi at the foot of Pearl street last night, five young men, students at a business college, were precipitated into the water. One of the number, Peter Klaus, aged 23 years, living at Wabasha, Minn., was drowned. The remainder of the party were rescued in an exhausted condition by river men.

TRADE TO ORIENT.

San Francisco, May 3.—The Oregon Railway and Navigation company is going into the fight for the carrying trade for the Orient. The British steamer Indiapura from Calcutta has been chartered by the company for three years and will in a few days proceed to Portland to load flour for Hong Kong and other Asiatic ports. The company has also chartered the Indraxella a sister steamer to the Indrapura.

MRS. FENTON DEAD.

Jamestown, N. Y., May 3.—Mrs. Fenton, wife of former governor and United States Senator Reuben Fenton, died at her home here today, aged 75 years.

SUFFEL & CO.
129 W. Superior St.

Still advertising our **business** by giving away **free** of charge **Elegant Imported Carlsbad Austrian and German "China"** — also Glassware with purchases of Ladies', Children's and Boys' Shoes amounting to "one dollar" or over. Ask for coupons, they cost you nothing. Coupons on China and Glassware given **free with Men's Shoes** if asked for at time of purchase. Our prices for solid, serviceable Shoes always the lowest. Read them.

Boys' Rip-Nit Shoes.

Boys' all solid never-rip "Rip-Nit" Shoes; sizes 12 to 2—try them at ---------- **$1.50**

Same in Boys' —sizes 2½ to 5½ ---------- **$1.75**

Women's Shoes.

1 lot Women's all solid patent tip button Shoes—sizes 3, 3½, 4, 4½ and 5—former price $1.50—now at ---------- **69c**

Boys' Shoes.

Boys' all solid kangaroo calf Shoes—sizes 12 to 2—the regular $1.50 quality at any other store—on sale here at ---------- **99c**

Boys' Shoes—sizes 2½ to 5½—the $1.75 quality at ---------- **$1.25**

Boys' solid satin calf Shoes—sizes 12 to 2; worth $1.50; for this sale only ---------- **99c**

Same in Boys' 2½ to 5½ ---------- **$1.25**

Ladies' Shoes.

1 lot Ladies' "patent leather," very latest up-to-date fine cloth tops—D and E widths—all sizes—worth $3.50 at any other store—the price here is only ------ **$2.49**

Ladies' Shoes.

Ladies' heavy sole patent leather Oxfords—very latest up-to-date mannish shape ------- **$1.98**

Children's Shoes.

Children's Shoes, sizes 8 to 10½ and 11 to 2—last season's styles in tan and black; former prices has been $2.00, and $2.50—sale price here at only ------- **99c**

Children's Patent leather Shoes...

Child's Patent Leather Lace Shoes; sizes 8 to 10½ ---------- **$1.25**

Misses', sizes 11 to 2 ---------- **$1.50**

One lot satin calf little Gents' Shoes; sizes 9 to 13½ ---------- **85c**

Little Gents' satin calf shoes with horse-shoe bottoms; sizes 9 to 13½ **98c**

BE SURE and ask for coupons on China and Glassware —they are given "FREE" and cost you nothing with your purchases of ladies', children's and boys' shoes. Coupons given with men's shoes if asked for at time of purchase.

Victim of Kleptomania.

Tyke James, the gentleman from Texas, arrested yesterday by Detective Irvine for stealing a dress suit case, says that he is not a house prowler, but simply a kleptomaniac. In conversation with an officer this morning he said that his family is one of the most respectable in the Lone Star state, and that he was the only "black sheep" for generations back. He had tried everything for the kleptomania feeling, but it has had such a strong hold on him that he has spent much of his life behind the bars of penal institutions.

The case of young James was taken before the grand jury this afternoon without the preliminary police court examination.

Silkolines

In our Drapery department we place on sale 1000 yds of best quality Silkoline, 25 patterns to select from, in the very newest things—

9c per yard.

These are the regular 15c and 18c grades.

We do Upholstering

None but the most skilled workmen in our employ. No "Jack of all trades" around our work shop.

Repairing a specialty.

Mattresses made to order.

A fine line of Furniture Coverings just received from the East. New patterns, new colors.

Lowest Prices.

We charge no more than the smallest upholstering shop in town and guarantee you far superior work. The products of OUR shop are recognized as the finest.

THE G. C. STEELE COMPANY

Complete House Furnishings. Kash or Kredit.

CHANCE TO LOSE

New Forfeited Tax Law Jeopardizes City's Interests.

Some Property May Escape Paying Delinquent Assessments.

A Possible Way to Avert That Unprofitable Result.

Under the new forfeited tax law the city is liable to lose much money on delinquent Lakeside and West Duluth assessments. In order to avoid this possible loss an effort will be made to have the courts construe assessments transmitted to the county auditor as general taxes.

Briefly, the new law under its present construction makes it possible for the owners of Lakeside and West Duluth property, on which there are tax and assessment judgments, to settle up in full by paying 50 cents on the dollar on general taxes and ignoring the city's claim. A man with a judgment of $100 against his property for general taxes and $400 for city assessments, would be enabled to wipe out the judgment by paying $50—or half the amount of the general tax.

The new discovery was made by Assistant County Attorney Crosby, while exploring the legal mysteries of chapter 339 of the general laws of 1901. This law provides for the forfeited sale of all lands that have become forfeited to the state for taxes of 1895 and prior years. Municipal assessments originally levied in Lakeside and West Duluth, before becoming part of Duluth, were transmitted to the county auditor and became collectable as ordinary taxes, and are now in judgment for taxes in the county auditor's office. If the tax judgments, including these assessments, are wiped out by the operation of the law, it would leave the city without any method of collecting them.

The law fails to make provision for such municipal assessments as have been certified to the county auditor, as in the case of the early Lakeside and West Duluth assessments, but Mr. Crosby has come to the conclusion that such assessments are necessarily to be treated as taxes, and that the county auditor is authorized by law to accept one half of the face of such assessments in satisfaction of the judgments now held against the property, and in case the judgments are not satisfied, that the county auditor has the right to sell the land under the act.

It is this view of Mr. Crosby's that the city is anxious to have the courts construe as the real meaning of the law.

City Attorney Mitchell says that, as a matter of practical expediency, it is very desirable to have the courts place Mr. Crosby's construction on the law as soon as possible.

A Month's Test Free.

If you have Dyspepsia, write Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis., Box 94, for six bottles of Dr. Shoop's Restorative. Express paid. Send no money. Pay $5.50 if cured.

WOULD TAKE THE BAND.

Traveling Men Arrange Concert and Dance.

This evening, at the Armory, the promenade concert and dance, arranged by Zenith council, United Commercial Travelers, will be given. The Commercial Travelers are giving this entertainment for the purpose of raising money to take the Duluth City band to Fargo at the time of the annual convention of the order in that city, and thereby advertise Duluth and themselves. At the time of the annual convention in this city, a year ago, there were several bands here. The expense will be considerable, but the boys are determined to do it. The program for the concert is as follows:

March, "The Admiral" .....Freedeman
Overture, "Orpheus" .. ..Offenbach
Piccolo solo, "Through the Air" ....

Stricture!

"I cure Stricture without cutting or dilating. Thus avoiding the horrors of surgery."

Master Specialist.

My original and strictly modern treatment for Stricture cures the disease without cutting or dilating, thus avoiding the horrors of surgery. It is the only treatment that should ever be used, and the only one recommended by the legions of men who have recently been cured by it. It acts immediately and directly upon the Stricture, dissolving it completely, and distending all diseased tissue, which comes away in strips or shred-like fiber, allaying all irritation and inflammation, and leaving the canal entirely free from obstruction and in a sound, healthy condition.

I cure also to stay cured VARICOCELE, CONTAGIOUS BLOOD POISON, NERVO-SEXUAL DEBILITY, RUPTURE, KIDNEY AND URINARY DISEASES, and all reflex complications and associate diseases and weakness of men. To these maladies alone I have earnestly devoted the best years of my life. I make no charge for private counsel, and give to each patient a LEGAL CONTRACT to hold for our promises. Is it not worth your while to investigate a cure that has made life anew to multitudes of men?

If you cannot call at our offices, write your symptoms fully.

Consultation free and Confidential.

REFERENCES—Best banks and leading business men of this city.
OFFICE HOURS—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays—10 a. m. to 2 p. m.

Progressive Medical Association

No. 1 West Superior Superior St., Cor. Lake Ave., Duluth, Minn.

EWART BURNED.

Big Fire Nearly Destroys the Iowa Town.

Marshalltown, Iowa, May 3.—Fire at Ewart has practically destroyed the entire town, including a big grain elevator, Iowa Central railroad property, the post-office and all business houses, the Presbyterian church and a number of residences. The fire originated in the elevator. Estimated loss, $100,000; insurance not stated.

REPORT DENIED.

Philadelphia, May 3.—T. De Witt Cuyler, a director of the Pennsylvania railroad, today emphatically denied the published reports that his road has secured, or is trying to secure, a representation in the affairs of the Atchison. Mr. Cuyler said: "There is absolutely no truth in the reports. They are without the slightest foundation. The Pennsylvania is not buying any Atchison stock."

Wieland Shoe Co.

123 W. Superior St.

Spring and Summer Styles In Shoes and Oxfords. *SPECIAL LOW PRICES.*

Dr. Reed's Cushion Shoe. *The easiest SHOE on earth—customers say so.*

Wieland's $3.50 shoe for men. New shape and finish, Russia Calf, Vici Kid, Calf and Patent Leather—price $3.50

PATENT KID.... Men's new style Dress Shoes, as well as all-round business Shoes, special price..... **$4.00**

MEN'S $3 SHOES. Kid, Kangaroo and Calf, welt sewed, comfortable and stylish..... **$3.00**

Men's Shoes—
$1.50, $2, $2.50

Boys' Satin Calf Shoes—special price..... **$1.25**

Youths' and Little Gents' Shoes—special price..... **$1.00**

Boys' Steel Clad and Oil Grain Shoes—
$1.50 and $1.25

Boys' and Girls' Patent Leather Shoes
$1.50 to $3.50

Men's and Boys' Bicycle and Lawn Tennis Shoes.

Sorosis Shoes

The original $3.50 Shoe, all leathers and all weight, hand turn or hand welt—the same elegance of style and perfection of workmanship as seen in every good shoe—Shoes and Oxfords; price always..... **$3.50**

LADIES' SHOES Ladies' $3.00 Fit-Easy Shoes—the largest assortment of $3.00 Shoes in the city, in the most reliable makes, turn or welt sewed—kid or patent leather tip.. **$3.00**

Ladies' Oxfords. Hospital Oxfords, very flexible, noiseless and most comfortable for the foot..... **$2.00**

Ladies' Pat. Leather and Kid Oxfords
$2.50 to $4.00

Ladies' Shoes and Oxfords, special bargain..... **$1.50**

MISSES' SHOES Misses' Shoes—Lace or button, kid or patent tip..... **$1.25**

Misses' latest style dressy Shoes, kid and pat. leather tip **$2.00**

CHILD'S SHOES Child's Lace or button—sizes 8½ to 11..... **$1.00**

Children's Shoes sizes 6 to 8 ..... **75c**

Infant's Shoes and Moccasins—
25c and 50c

INDICTS A BUNCH

Grand Jury Returns a Large Number of Bills.

Three For Frank Wilton, Covering a Total of $14.

Variety of Offenses Is Charged Against Other Individuals.

The grand jury, with great regularity, is turning out a bundle of indictments each morning as the result of the work of the day before. So far the returns have been at the rate of eight a day. Today eight indictments were returned, and yesterday four were brought in, but the four represent only a half day's work.

Frank Wilton comes in for more than the ordinary man's share of indictments at one time. He gets three, all for forgery in the second degree, and if he has done what the grand jury accuses him of doing, he has become liable for three felonies and gained a total of $14. The indictments allege that on Nov. 20, 1900, he uttered a forged order for three days' pay for work on the steamer Bon Voyage, which then belonged to the Howard Transportation company. Another indictment charges that on the day before Christmas he uttered a forged check for $5, purporting to be by the Howard Transportation company. The third indictment charges that on the day after Christmas he uttered a similar check for $3.

Charles Hoffman is accused of burglary in the third degree. The indictment alleges that he entered a Northern Pacific boxcar in Duluth, April 25, with intent to commit larceny.

Philip Connor is charged with forgery in the second degree. It is alleged that in Duluth, Feb. 25, he disposed of a check for $54.50, after having forged the endorsement of the owner, W. Murray.

Charles Anton is indicted for grand larceny in the second degree. The grand jury says that on April 15, in Duluth, he stole an overcoat from the Merchants' hotel belonging to W. L. Johnson.

John Schmitz is accused of assault in the second degree by cutting Michael Zimmerman with a knife at Soudan, April 7.

Burglary in the third degree is the charge against Frank Ryan, whom the grand jury charges with entering the building at 701 West Superior street, April 13, by breaking a window.

Yesterday afternoon all four of the men indicted yesterday morning were arraigned. Olaf M. Burk, accused of grand larceny in the second degree, pleaded guilty, and the rest were given until this afternoon to plead.

Over-Work Weakens Your Kidneys.

Unhealthy Kidneys Make Impure Blood.

All the blood in your body passes through your kidneys once every three minutes.

The kidneys are your blood purifiers, they filter out the waste or impurities in the blood.

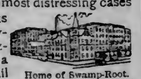
If they are sick or out of order, they fail to do their work.

Pains, aches and rheumatism come from excess of uric acid in the blood, due to neglected kidney trouble.

Kidney trouble causes quick or unsteady heart beats, and makes one feel as though they had heart trouble, because the heart is over-working in pumping thick, kidney-poisoned blood through veins and arteries.

It used to be considered that only urinary troubles were to be traced to the kidneys, but now modern science proves that nearly all constitutional diseases have their beginning in kidney trouble.

If you are sick you can make no mistake by first doctoring your kidneys. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root**, the great kidney remedy is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases and is sold on its merits by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling you how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. Mention this paper when writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.



Home of Swamp-Root.

2 o'clock this morning in a confused state of mind to the river bank two blocks distant and fell in and was drowned. Employes of the steamer B. F. Carter found the body where the steamer was moored.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 21 East Sup. St.

The best cigar made in Duluth is the Tom Reed. Ask for it.

The closing lecture in his series will be given this evening by Rev. T. K. Thorvilson of the Wisconsin Total Abstinence Association, at the Swedish Baptist church, Nineteenth avenue west an First street.

Word was received last evening from J. T. Michaud, who is attending the dog show at Chicago, that two of his dogs, Cairo and Bell Boy, have been reserved while Ornament took second prize; Rufus, second and third; Belle, second and third; Lady Farwell, third; Bessie, first. Mr. Michaud wires that competition is very close.

B. G. Segog has brought suit in district court to recover $238.22 from C. F. Coughtil on a note. Phelps & McManus are the attorneys.

The foreign will of Richard Musser, of Muscatine county, Iowa, was filed this morning in the office of the register of deeds.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Herman Borgesen and Louisa Hendrickson, Carl W. Gronquist and Mary Heglund, and to W. J. Scott and Annie K. Johnson.

For a delicious smoke ask for the Tom Reed cigars.

C J. Stewart, undertaker, 226 West First street, successor to J. W. Stewart.

PERSONALS.

Rev. T. K. Thorvilson, of Eau Claire, is the guest today of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Moe.

Mrs. Adolph Ray and Miss Katherine Voss left last evening for Houghton, where they will spend the summer.

Mrs. Theresa Bailey is here from Minneapolis for a visit with her daughters, Mrs. Robert Eyster and Mrs. C. P. McClure.

P. Egan, of Quebec, an old friend of J. A. Butchart of the St. Louis hotel, was in the city this morning on his way up the north shore to Two Harbors, where he will receive and estimate a quantity of square timber that has been put in for Sharples, Son & Co., of Quebec. The timber will be transported to Quebec this summer on barges.

George N. LaVaque, who has been in the South this winter for the benefit of his health, has returned.

R. H. Heard, of St. Paul, representative of the Great Western road, was in the city today.

John C. Eden, traffic manager of the Eastern Minnesota road was a caller at the local office of the company today.

Julius Tuteur, of Cleveland was a guest of the Spalding today.

D. C. Rood, of Hibbing, was in the city today on a business trip.

N. A. Eddy, came up from Bay City, Mich., thins morning.

N. Grosvenor, of Casselton, N. D., is in the city today.

William Allen, of Tower, was a business caller here today.

Among the Ely visitors in the city today were C J. Mott, James Ball, Miss Florence Carey and Miss Rennie Doyle.

Senator Hawkins was in the city this morning on his way to the Twin Cities and the East.

W. S. Dedon, of Talor's Falls, was a guest of the St. Louis today.

Arthur Talboys, of Eveleth, was in the city today, a guest of the St. Louis.

John Russell, of Hibbing, was among the range visitors this morning.

G. B. Earley, of Chippewa Falls, Wis., is registered at the St. Louis.

TO BE BUILT.

Bevier Building to Go Up---Bayha & Co. Take It.

Negotiations which have been pending for some time for the erection of a handsome store building on the property at the corner of First street and Third avenue west, across the avenue from the Board of Trade building, have been completed and the building is to be erected as soon as the plans can be figured on and the contractors get to work. Hutch Bevier is the owner of the property and the site of the building is 100 by 140 feet.

On this handsome site is to be located a handsome brick and stone building, three stories high and the full size of the ground, 100 by 140 feet. It will be of brick and stone with a solid front of plate glass, an entrance from the corner and will be finished in modern and complete style.

Bayha & Co., the furniture dealers and house outfitters, now located on East Superior street, will occupy the entire building and will have an establishment that will have no superior in the city. The building will be equipped with a passenger elevator, a heating plant, complete lighting facilities and in every way will be such as to make for the firm a first-class location.

The plans have been drawn by J. J. Wangenstein and will be in the hands of the contractors for figures in about one week's time. The contract will be let as soon as possible after that and the building rushed to completion.

This will make a great addition to the business interests of First street and will bring that thoroughfare more prominently to the front as a business street.

Dropped Dead.

Word has been received in the city that William V. Grubbs, the local representative of the Portage Entry Quarry company, dropped dead on the streets of Minneapolis yesterday as he stepped out of the model works of H. A. Hamlin, where he went to get a model of the Laurence automatic railway switch. The remains will be brought back to this city for burial, the funeral arrangements not having yet been made.

ASSEMBLY CONCURS.

Wisconsin Will Have Primary Election Law.

Madison, Wis., May 3.—The assembly today concurred in the Hagemeister primary election bill by a vote of 48 to 46, after motions to adhere to the assembly amendments and ask for conference were defeated on a tie vote. The bill as concurred in applies the primary system to county offices only and makes its adoption optional with the county.

OLD LADY DROWNED.

Mrs. Hoag of Oshkosh Fell Into River.

St. Paul, May 3.—An Oshkosh, Wis., special to the Dispatch says: Mrs. Elizabeth Hoag, aged 92 years, mother-in-law of Mrs. Carlton Foster and wife of the ex-mayor, wandered from her home at

IS BURNING.

Jacksonville, Fla., In the Grasp of a Big Conflagration.

Jacksonville, Fla., May 3.—Several blocks of buildings in the business portion of the city have been destroyed by a fire which has been raging for two hours. The flames have spread to the residence portion of the city.

Over 100 houses are believed to have been burned, and citizens are tearing down buildings, wherever possible, to prevent the spread of the flames. All neighboring towns have been wired to send help.

The wind is blowing almost a gale, and at 3 p. m. the fire was beyond control. The flames already cover an area of nearly eleven blocks.

At 3:15 p. m., the fire is rapidly eating its way toward the heart of the down-town business district. The Windsor hotel, one of the largest in the city, is at this time in imminent danger. Among the manufacturing plants destroyed is that of the Cleveland Fiber company. No loss of life has been reported.

Savannah, May 3.—A telegram has just been received from Jacksonville, Fla., asking for fire apparatus. A fire in Jacksonville has completely destroyed several blocks and is said to be beyond control. Jacksonville is 175 miles from Savannah.

Atlanta, Ga., May 3.—Private advices to the local telegraph company officials are to the effect that the fire at Jacksonville, Fla., has destroyed three blocks in the business district. Eight more blocks are reported on fire.

SANITARIUM COMMISSION.

St. Paul, May 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—Governor Van Sant today named George S. Wattan, of Warren, Dr. H. L. Taylor, of St. Paul, and Dr. J. L. Camp, Brainerd, as a commission to select the state sanitarium site.

THE EASTMAN TRIAL.

Cambridge, Mass., May 3.—Argument of counsel in the case of Charles R. Eastman, charged with the murder of R. H. Grogan, Jr., occupied the time of the court today. Owing to the illness of a juror an early adjournment was taken until tomorrow.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Why We Can Sell Cheaply.

We sell a great many Women's Tailored Suits and Wraps, perhaps more than any two large stores at the head of the lakes! Owning our own building and running our business as carefully and conservatively as a business can be run, enables us to mark our goods very low and still get a fair profit! We can give more for the money to our customers.

New Millinery at Popular Prices.

Our Hats at $5, $6, $8 and $10 Are Simply Incomparable.

We get everything direct from first hands! We get the biggest discounts that cash will procure! We sell the best Tailored Suits, Jackets and Wraps of every sort that are made, and yet we sell cheaply!

We offer Excellent Tailored Suits of splendid cloth and excellent workmanship at $12.50, that we have no hesitancy in saying cannot be duplicated by any other store in the city for less than $15.00 to $16.50.

We offer splendid Eton Jackets and Box Coats at $6.75.

And so on throughout our entire stock—we offer garments that have character and style to them, at no more than you will pay at other stores for the inferior sorts—the assortments are immense.

Women's Tailored Suits, two hundred styles!
Eton Jackets, fifty styles.
Box Coats, thirty styles.
"Raglan" Coats, twelve styles.
Beautiful Silk Waists, over forty styles.
Separate Dress Skirts, over fifty styles.
Girls' Suits, age 10 to 16, six styles.
Girls' "Raglans," 10 to 16, four styles.
Girls' Box Coats, twenty styles.
Girls' Eton Jackets, twenty styles.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

SUPREME COURT.

Decisions In Two Duluth Cases Affirmed.

St. Paul, May 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—The supreme court has affirmed the lower court in the case of John T. Armstead, respondent, vs. Luther Mendenhall, receiver of Duluth Street Railway company, appellant.

George C. Swallow and L. J. Hopkins, appellants, vs. John Strong et al., defendants; John strong, appellant. Judgment affirmed.

GRAND PROMENADE

Concert and Dance, given by Zenith Council, No. 40, U. C. T. City Band, 25 pieces, in a program of popular music, and Flaaten's Concert Orchestra will play the dance program.

TONIGHT AT THE ARMORY.

THE PRESIDENT'S TRIP.

Houston, Texas, May 3.—The presidential special was skimming over the flat, broad plains of Texas when the president and his party awoke this morning.

Houston, where the party was welcomed by Governor Sayers, who had traveled from the state capital at Austin for that purpose, was reached at 8:15.

ATHLETE DEAD.

Springfield, Ill., May 3.—Bluford Wilson, Jr., eldest son of Maj. Bluford Wilson, of Springfield, formerly solicitor of the United States treasury, died today of typhoid fever at New Haven, Conn. Wilson was a leading athlete at Yale, having held until recently first position in general athletics.

MOTHERS DROWNED.

One Hundred Lost By Sinking of Ferryboat.

London, May 3.—A special dispatch from Odessa, dated April 26, purports to give an eye-witnesses' story of the recent ferry boat disaster, on the river Dnieper, near Katchkarovka, when almost 100 mothers, with their babies, returning from the evening milking, were drowned. A sudden storm sprang up, there was a panic, the pontoons were swamped and only a few of those on the ferry were saved by a boat. Three persons clung to a horse, which swam ashore. Practically every family in the village was rendered motherless by the disaster.

MUSICAL CLUBS.

Officers of the National Federation Elected.

Cleveland, May 3.—At today's session of the biennial convention of the National Federation of Musical clubs these officers were elected: President Mrs. J. H. Webster, Cleveland; first vice president, Mrs. Russell R. Dorr, St. Charles, Minn.; vice president, Eastern section, Mrs. James Pederson, New York; vice president; Western section, Mrs. D. A. Campbell, Ottawa, Neb.; vice president, Southern section, Mrs. Eugene S. Verder, Augusta, Ga.; recording secretary, Mrs. W. B. Collins, Akron, Ohio; corresponding secretary, Mrs. Henry S. Danforth; treasurer, Mrs. John L. Everitt; auditor, Mrs. John Curren.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Beautiful Parasols.

For Spring and Summer.

Rich effects in coaching and other styles, in plain white—plain black—black and white—solid fancy colors and combinations of colors—at from $1 to $19.50. We also show many pretty novelties for girls and small children.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

50c Women's Spring Hose at 39c.

At 39c—Ladies' Lisle thread Hose, in red with white polka dot, sizes 8½, 9 and 9½. Regular price, 50c.

At 39c—Ladies' Cotton Hose, in blue with white star. A very nice fine stocking. Regular 50c hose.

At 39c—Ladies' Fancy Cotton Hose (striped), in pink and black, red and black, blue and black and green and black. Regular price, 50c.

At 39c—Ladies' Tan Hose (drop stitch), of best French Lisle, white tips.

At 85c—Fancy Jaquard Hose, in black and white, made of best Lisle, the very newest thing, $1 value.

35c Men's Hose at 25c.

We offer tomorrow the following special value in Men's Hose in plain colors and fancies:

Men's Cotton Hose, in striped and embroidered effects, in blue and black, red and black, and a handsome thing in black and white, also the plain drop rib, in tan, red, blue and black. Regular 35c. Tomorrow, 25c.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

50c Leather Chataline Purses 35c

Leather Chateline Purses, grey, alligator, black seal and patent leather—50c value—on sale at 35c.

Larger sized ones, can be used for shopping bags—$1.00 value—at 75c.

Extra large size—of black Morocco—$1.25, of alligator—$2.25, of seal—$2.50, of elephant skin—sterling top—$4.75, of gray undressed kid—gold mounted—$5.75.

Fine Purses of Cut Steel.

Four sizes—$4.00, $6.50 and $7.50. Gray steel and black and steel, sterling tops.

Leather Purses.

In new shapes and new colors, as well as black and brown, plain or mounted with gold and silver—at 50c, 75c, $1.00 and up to $7.50.

Chateline Purses—of steel and silver, in French gray, oxadized and silver—at 50c, 75c, $1.00 and up to $4.50.

Neck Brooches.

Dainty new Novelties in gold and silver at 50c.

Sash Buckles.

Of rose, gold and silver, plain or with Turquoise matrix—50c, 75c and $1.00.

Belt Buckles.

In all of the new effects in Roman gold, polished gold, rose gold, French gray oxidized and silver at 50c and up to $7.50.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

Carpets and Curtains at May Sale Prices.

75c Fine Tapestry Brussels Carpets—deep and rich colorings—some of the handsomest designs ever seen in Duluth—May Sale price ---------- **63c**

$4.50 Ruffled Bobbinet Curtains—sweet, dainty effects—three yards long—during our great May sale the price is only ---------- **$3.29**

$2.25 Nottingham Lace Curtains, full 3½ yards long—50 inches wide—very excellent patterns—our May sale price is only ---------- **$1.48**

Freimuth's
GREATEST DAYLIGHT STORE.

Special May Millinery.

Most folks wonder how so much hat excellence can be put into a headpiece at this price. They tell us they see hardly as fine hats at $7.50 and $8.50. A grand display of specially fine lots at May sale price of---------- **$5**

Saturday

will be another eventful day of the MIGHTIEST MAY SALE that has ever been held in Duluth.

Quick as is the response of the piano strings to the touch upon the ivory keys—so quick was the response of the public to our touch upon the advertising keys. They long ago learned the difference between Chinese advertising thunder and our simple, quiet statements of actual merchandise and price facts. The plain truth about some of these wonderful sale values taxes credulity and is in itself the best advertisement possible. Here are the details of more Special May Sale Offerings for tomorrow. **Anticipate your summer needs—make a list of your necessities—come tomorrow—and take our word for it, your pocket-book will thank you.**

Mighty Values In the SUIT Section.

More $20 and $22.50 Suits in the fashionable Eton and Bolero shapes—made of splendid Broadcloth, Cheviot and Venetian—silk lined jackets—perfect hanging skirts—May sale price **$15**

*$10 Eton Jackets, made of broad*cloth—handsomely tailored and trimmed with Panne Velvet—some have pretty lace collars—all are taffeta silk lined—worth $10—at **$7.50**

$3.50 and $3 Albatross Waists in all the leading spring colors—tucked on front, back and sleeves—during the May sale the price will be---------- **$1.95**

$4.00 Children's Jackets—box or fitted effects, with military collars, trimmed with braid—colors, blue, red, tan, etc., $4.50 and $4 Jackets at May sale price---------- **$2.50**

$5.00 Walking Skirts in light and dark colored Meltons and Cheviots—self and plaid backs—cut with new flare and flounce effects—all lengths—May sale price is but---------- **$3.75**

*$9.50 Cloth Etons and Box Jack*ets in castor and tan covert cloth—silk serge lined—strictly man tailored—you'll guess it a $9.50 Jacket—May sale price---- ---------- **$6.50**

Silks at May Sale Prices.

$1.00 and 85c Satin Foulards—25 inches wide, in the new and fashionable spring colors and designs—very fine goods—$1.00 and 85c Foulards—during our great May sale you buy them at------- **69c**

75c Black Taffetas—23 inches wide, extra finish and will give good service, price is only---------- **59c**

$1.50 Extra Quality Peau de Soie—elegant black—soft, firm texture—23 inches wide—this is our regular $1.50 quality, but during our great May sale the price will be only—per yard---------- **$1.19**

$1.25 Black Taffeta—wear guaranteed— 23 inches wide—extra heavy quality—handsome "glove" finish—during our great May sale—per yard---------- **$1.00**

Ribbon at May Sale Prices.

50c Double-faced Satin Ribbon—3½ to 5 inches wide—very fine quality Satin Ribbons—May sale price—only— ---------- **25c**

29c Fancy Striped and Corded Taffeta Silk Ribbons—very pretty spring colorings—3½ inches wide—just the thing for Neck Dressings—May sale price—only ---------- **19c**

Dress Fabrics at May Sale Prices.

65c Black Cheviots and Storm Serges—all wool—42 inches wide—hard twisted—splendid wearing fabrics—during our great May sale price---------- **48c**

88c Black Storm Serges and Cheviots—52 inches wide—extra quality and high finish—the 88c quality—during our great May sale price at the ridiculously low price of---------- **68c**

New Underwear at May Sale Prices.

Women's 20c Jersey or Swiss Ribbed Vests in either white or ecru, good summer weight—nicely trimmed—we are selling them during the May sale at---------- **15c**

Ladies' 13c White Vests—sleeveless. Richelieu ribbed—price during the May sale only---------- **8c**

Women's 35c Mercerized Cotton Vests— Richelieu ribbed, very neatly trimmed at neck and arms—special price during the great May sale---------- **25c**

Women's 75c Fancy Colored or White Vests—made of Lace Lisle or fine Mercerized Cotton—lace trimmed—during the May sale, only---------- **50c**

Hosiery at May Sale Prices.

Women's 20c Stockings in tan and fast black—the "Only" dye—very elastic—extraordinary values at the price—during the May sale---------- **12½c**

Shoes at May Sale Prices.

Women's $3 Shoes, in extension soles, hand turned and very flexible McKays, patent leather or kid tips, in dongola or vici kid—May sale price only---------- **$2.50**

Women's $2 Oxfords, hand turned, in all the newest shapes—fine, soft stock—new heels, patent leather and kid tips—May sale price---------- **$1.50**

*Women's $1.50 vici kid Oxfords, very flexi*ble soles—patent leather tips—Cuban heels—splendid wearing Ties—May sale price---------- **$1.19**

Misses' $1.50 Shoes, in box calf or kid, dew round toe—soles light or heavy—good wearing Shoes—sizes 11 to 2—May sale price---------- **$1.25**

Towels, Sheet'g at May Sale Prices.

*12½c pure linen crash Toweling, full bleach-*fast color, red border—18 inches wide—don't overlook this opportunity—May sale price---------- **8c**

9-4 Pepperell Sheeting, full bleached, the regular selling price is usually 23 cents—May sale price, limit 10 yards, per yard---------- **16½c**

15c English Cloth, pure, fine, soft Chamois finish—36 inches wide—on sale here tomorrow—May Sale price is only---------- **9c**

May sale prices on China in the Daylight Basement.

18c Rockingham Milk Boilers with Handle and Spout, handy for lots of things around a kitchen, two sizes, worth 15c and 18c, choice only---------- **10c**

29c Cuspidors, very nicely glazed and tinted assorted colors—generally considered a bargain at 29c—our May sale price on these goods is only---------- **19c**

50c China Salad Bowls---9-inch size, very nicely decorated and gold stippled, sold everywhere at 50c—our great May sale price for them is only---------- **33c**

*70c Celery Trays---Warwick China--beau*tiful assorted decorations, worth 60c and 70c—a beautiful lot—our great May sale price is only---------- **49c**

50c Sugar and Cream Sets---nice thin china—neat flower decorations, white metal cover—cheap at 50c—May sale price---------- **33c**

Thirty-five cent Mustard Pots, dark blue china with flower decorations, would be cheap at 50c—may sale price---------- **19c**

Fern Dishes--nicely decorated rustic designs in assorted colors, 8-inch 35c, 6-inch only---------- **18c**

16c Cups and Saucers---nice China with gold band—two styles—worth $1.00 a doz—choice only per pair---------- **9c**

*Five hundred dozen 30c water tum*blers, assorted patterns, regular price 30c per dozen, Saturday per dozen---------- **18c**

Men's Spring Shirts At May Sale Prices.

Men's 75c Negligee Percale Shirts—all new spring colorings—May sale price is but---------- **50c**

Men's $1 Percale Shirts in all the new stripe patterns—separate collars and cuffs—May sale price---------- **75c**

Boys' 75c Percale and Madras Shirts—soft or stiff bosoms—all sizes and colors—May sale price---------- **50c**

May Sale Prices on Household Helps.

25 dozen extra good house Brooms, actual value 23c—May sale price—special—each---------- **15c**

50 dozen Mop Handles—during our great May sale the special price will be only---------- **8c**

*The $3.98 American Wash*er, the best washing machine made, sold regularly at $3.98—May sale price **$2.95**

Fiber Tubs—extra heavy—May sale prices
Small size—special, each---------- 75c
Medium size—special, each---------- 85c
Large size—special, each---------- 95c

50 dozen 29c Fiber Pails, sold regularly for 29c—during our May sale—special price---------- **21c**

*75c Ironing Boards—the Ameri*can folding ironing board—May sale special—each---------- **65c**

20 dozen bread and meat boards for cutting bread and meat—special May sale price—each---------- **10c**

Fifty doz. Children's 19c Spades —special large size and nicely finished—worth 19c—special May sale price—each **12c**

IN EXCESS.

The Stock of Allis-Chalmers Company Largely Oversubscribed.

New York, May 3.—The Journal of Commerce says: It is authoritatively stated by a representative of the syndicate which is underwriting the Allis-Chalmers company that the new securities offered have been largely oversubscribed. The syndicate was for the sum of $11,900,000 and the subscriptions are several millions in excess of that figure. The new company will be incorporated within a very few days with $50,000,000 authorized capital. The valuations on the properties to be consolidated into the new company are reported to have been fixed by the expert appraiser as follows:

E. P. Allis company, $5,120,000; Frazer & Chalmers, $3,205,000; Gates Iron works, $410,000; Dickson Manufacturing company, $1,200,000. Total, $9,935,000. The underwriting syndicate is for the sum of $11,900,000 to purchase $8,400,000 of preferred and $13,000,000 of common stock. The syndicate will be under the control of Vermilye & Co. and will continue until Nov. 1, 1902, unless sooner dissolved by them.

"Our little girl was unconscious from strangulation during a sudden and terrible attack of croup. I quickly secured a bottle of One Minute Cough Cure, giving her three doses. The croup was mastered and our little darling speedily recovered." So writes A. L. Spafford, Chester, Mich. Max Wirth.

Commercial Travelers.

Go to Armory tonight. Promenade concert and dance. Duluth City band.

Imitations have been many. Thoughtful people have learned that true merit comes only with the genuine Rocky Mountain Tea made by Madison Medicine Co. 35c. Ask your druggist.

WOMAN FOR THE HOME

Report of the Illinois Society Opposed to Woman Suffrage.

The Ballot Would Prove a Distinct Calamity For All.

Can Do More Good In the Home Than By Voting.

Chicago, May 3.—The Illinois association opposed to the extension of suffrage to women today issued its semi-annual report of the progress of the work. After giving the results of the legislative action in the Middle West in regard to women suffrage during the past winter, the report says:

"Everywhere there seems to be a growing conviction that the best work of women lies along the lines of moral influence and unselfish endeavor, in a realm where the golden rule is not read backward, and that the lowering of this high ideal to the plane of expediency, truckling and bargaining which the admission of all classes of men to the ballot often made necessary in politics, would be a distinct calamity to women themselves and to society at large. At the same time these capacities directed through the home or through organized effort to the formation and guidance of that public opinion which lies behind all law, and without the support of which statutory enactments are worthless, may render invaluable and indispensable public service.

"If women would use as much intelligence and energy as participation in legislation would require, in teaching their children, boys and girls alike, in a broad liberal way, the great principles of temperance and chastity, they would do more in a generation towards eradicating the evils of intemperance and impurity than they could do by a century of voting. If in the same way they would inculcate and everywhere stand for the principles of justice and unselfishness and a true regard for the rights of others in social, commercial and political relations, they could do more towards reforming those conditions of society which breed anarchy and are the despair of the practical politician, than they could ever do through legislative action. There is much evidence that it is to these aims that thoughtful and philanthropic women are directing their attention rather than to suffrage.

"We believe that there is a growing recognition of the fact that instead of being a social advance, woman suffrage is part and parcel of that great retrograde movement which seeks to destroy the orderly organization of society and reduce it to the absolute individualism which characterizes only the lowest form of socialism.

"'Advanced socialism is anarchism,' one of its most conspicuous advocates has recently said; a state of society without law, without institutions, with no bond of union or principle of the growth except unrestrained human society originally sprung. We do not believe that the American people are prepared to abjure civilization for such a nightmare."

THE DAKOTAS.

Aberdeen Experiences the Hottest May Day In Its History.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Aberdeen—Wednesday was the hottest May day ever known in this section. The government thermometer registered 94 in the shade.

At the United States land office in this city during the month of April there were thirteen final homestead proofs on 2048 acres, seven timber culture proofs on 1120 acres sixty-three homestead entries covering 9587 acres, and 1128 acres were sold as excesses or isolated tracts.

Pierre—Miss Dorothy Morse, of this city, has been selected to take the position of stenographer in the office of the secretary of state, made vacant by the resignation of Miss Gertrude Pattison.

The stockmen of this section lost one of their best and wealthiest number by the death of Dr. W. P. Wimmer, which took place at his ranch twenty-three miles northeast of here in Sully county on Monday night. Dr. Wimmer was 78 years old and belonged to a long lived race of Virginians. Last winter he visited his old home in that state and spent several months with his father who is 110 years old and an uncle who is 112. Both of them survive him.

Huron—One of the best artesian wells in this part of the state has just been completed on the F. M. Wilcox ranch in Milford township. It has a 3-inch pipe at the top and 2-inch at the bottom; is 810 feet deep and has a pressure of at least 100 pounds to the square inch.

Faulkton—A special election has been called for May 20 for the purpose of voting upon the proposition of issuing bonds in the sum of $400 for the sinking of an artesian well and the laying of water mains.

Redfield—The Milwaukee has been extending its tracks into the business portion of the city and intends moving its old station into town also. On vigorous protest of the citizens, the company decided to erect a new station, to cost $5000.

Sioux Falls—Miss Augusta Johnson, an employe of a local hotel, was arrested on a charge of infanticide.

Capt. Evan E. Young, recently appointed lieutenant in the regular army, writes from the law department of the university of Wisconsin, where he is a student, that he has decided to decline the appointment.

The Sioux Falls Express, in discussing the senatorial situation in the morning will say on what apparently is the best of authority that Congressman E. W. Martin of Deadwood, will not under any circumstances accept a renomination next year, the inference being that he will enter the contest for the United States senatorship.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Fargo—Attorney C. J. Bradley, for many years a resident of Fargo and once a member of the codification committee, has decided to remove to Wahpeton, where he has established a partnership with W. E. Purcell, the well-known Democratic leader of the southern part of the state.

E. Ashley Mears is again in the courts here in a suit in which he seeks to restrain J. B. Lockhart from placing on record certain real estate transfers for land bought by Lockhart and formerly belonging to Mears' bank.

ALL IN.

Last of Condolences and Congratulations For King Edward.

London, May 3.—The last batch of addresses of condolence at the death of Queen Victoria, and congratulation on his accession to the throne, was presented to King Edward this afternoon at St. James' palace with the customary ceremonial. Today's deputations included Catholics, Jews and Presbyterians. The king's replies were practically identical. He promised to unremittingly promote the enjoyment and blessing of religious liberty, tolerance, peace and good will among all classes and religious races.

As it nourishes away premature wrinkles, Satin-Skin Cream makes glad every user. Only 25c. Leading stores.

RURAL DELIVERY.

Routes to Be Established In Sixth District.

Washington, May 3.—Gilbert Gutterson, special rural free delivery inspector at Lake Crystal, has been assigned to the northern counties of Minnesota, for the purpose of laying out rural free delivery routes. That section of the state is away behind the southern counties, and Congressman Page Morris has sent in a sharp protest concerning the rural free delivery in Minnesota. As the record shows May 1, the following routes are now in operation: First congressional district, 26; Second, 45; Third, 34; Fourth, 23; Fifth, 3; Sixth, 4; Seventh, 1. No more routes will be established in the Second and Third districts until pending routes in the northern counties have been adjusted.

AMERICAN SUBSIDY.

Would Be Detrimental to British Interests.

London, May 3.—At the annual meeting of the Leyland Steamship line today, Chairman Ellerman declined to discuss the sale of the line to J. Pierpont Morgan & Co. until a special meeting was called to take the matter up. Reviewing last year's business, Mr. Ellerman referred to the congressional disposition of the subsidy bill "as a period of some anxiety."

"An American subsidy," he added, "would be detrimental to British trade, and might make it next to impossible to compete with American steamers while British ships could not expect government aid.

For a stiff neck there is nothing better than a free application of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. It quickly relieves the stiffness and soreness, effecting a complete cure. For sale at Boyce's Drug store.

There is a daintiness, a refinement about these waists that will please you

The Store Grows

In usefulness as the days go by—for we are constantly adding new goods—such as you require—Ever on the lookout to supply those needs at unexpectedly low prices.

Tomorrow it will be **Shirt Waists**

Silk Waists made of good wearing taffeta, tucked front and back in black, white, pink, blue, red—price **$4.75**

Taffeta Silk Waists, trimmed with gold Battenberg braid, Bolero effect in all the leading shapes—price only---------- **$6.50**

Skirts, made of pebble cheviot, lined with near silk, the new 7-gored flounce, trimmed with 7 rows of satin folds, both in black, blue and brown---------- **$7.50**

Dress Skirts made in venetian cheviots, the full flounce style, trimmed with taffeta silk, lined with best percalines—price---------- **$6.50**

Parisian Suit Comp'y
CHAS. FREIMUTH, Mngr.
106 W. Superior Street.

There is Style to the Clothes that We Sell-

That you will not Find in any other store in town. We are just as particular that the garments that we offer to our customers shall be *cut in the latest fashion* and shall be perfectly correct in every detail as we are that the merit of the fabrics and tailoring shall be *beyond reproach.*

Men's Fashionable Suits in every variety of fabric at—
$10.00, $12.50, $15.00, $18.00, $20.00, $25.00
that insures a positive saving to you of from $2.50 to $5.00.

Our Furnishing Dept.
contains the choicest Neckwear, Fancy Shirts, Underwear and Hosiery.

Our Hat Department is a veritable hat store in itself. We have every fashionable hatter's block in all the new shades.

The Gordon Hats $3.00

Floan, Leverson & Co.
225-227 W. SUPERIOR ST.

The Stetson Derby $3.50

FOURTH OF JULY

Citizens Planning For an Old Fashioned Celebration.

Mayor Hugo Lays His Plans Before a Meeting.

Another Meeting Next Week---Mayor Will Name Committees.

Siz-z-z! Boom!

Duluth will have a Fourth of July celebration that will make your hair curl if it is straight and straighten it out if it is already curly. A celebration that will begin another epoch in this city and that will make the Zenith City of the Unsalted Seas the only place that is a place on the glorious Fourth. There will be sky rockets, nigger chasers, pinwheels, whistling bombs, flower gardens, electric fountains, Roman candles, red lights and cannon crackers, all of a nature so brilliant and ear-splitting that people clear down to the Soo will be going around with stiff necks and bursted ear drums, and "Were you in Duluth the Fourth?" will take the place of "Are you a Buffalo?"

It is to be a good old-time Fourth of July celebration, that will eclipse anything that has ever been seen in the city, fireworks that will put Consolidated stock in the shade, bicycle races, baseball games, aquatic sports, a mammoth street parade, an exhibition by the life saving crew, in which Mayor Hugo, or anybody who will volunteer for the occasion, will fall off a tug in the lake and be rescued, a $3000 display of fireworks in the evening, lake trips and enough red lemonade to quench everybody's thirst. So said the men called by the mayor to meet yesterday evening at the council chamber to take up and push it along.

About forty of Duluth's representative citizens were present, others being unable to attend but sending enthusiastic messages, and the movement will certainly be successful if enthusiasm and hard work can help it in any way. John Christy was elected temporary chairman and Dr. R. H. Pierce, secretary, after which Mayor Hugo spoke for a short time, telling why he had called the meeting and what its purpose was. He said that it was the purpose of the promoters not to make an East End display or a West End display, but to have a Duluth affair, and to do all they could for Duluth and bring as many people to the city as possible. He suggested that a great deal of entertainment be provided, that there be a mammoth trades' parade in conjunction with the parade, and that the laying of the corner stone of the Carnegie library be arranged. He wanted every one to be given something to talk about and to think about for a long while afterward.

A permanent organization was effected, the mayor being elected chairman and Dr. Pierce secretary. It was decided that the chairman should appoint an executive committee, consisting of four, who will confer with the mayor in regard to the appointment of committees. When it came to the amount that should be spent on the affair there was considerable discussion. Some of those present thought the merchants of the city ought to be first seen, and the finance committee ascertain the amount that they would be able to raise, while others said that they must know how much they were going to spend before they could raise anything at all. It was finally decided that about $5000 for all expenses would be the proper figure, and the finance committee will try to raise that amount.

The affair is to be extensively advertised in all the range towns, the lake region, and as far as Chicago, Minneapolis and the Dakotas, and it is expected that the great crowd attending will leave many thousands of dollars in Duluth. Among those who spoke during the evening were T. E. Hill, Col. Graves and E. L. Millar.

Those present were: Mayor Hugo, W. B. Silvey, W. C. Sargent, F. W. Kugler, Capt. D. Stevens, George H. Crosby, George Powers, Harry Lamont, George K. Nesbitt, W. E. McEwen, Gordon O'Neil, T. E. Hill, L. S. Lowth, George Tischer, C. W. Erikson, Swan Hanson, H. Van Brunt, Charles H. Thornton, F. Crassweller, A. Fitger, Col. C. H. Graves, E. L. Millar, B. C. Segog and Paul Sharvy.

The next meeting will be held Thursday of next week, when the mayor will report on his choice of committees and further arrangements will be made.

AMUSEMENTS.

"THE VILLAGE PARSON."

This evening "The Village Parson" will be seen at the Lyceum. The piece is staged in five acts, each scene being brought to a close with a thrilling and exciting climax. The characters have been strongly drawn and require a most capable company, which has been provided by the management. The scenery is all carried by the company and will be finely staged.

SIXTH AVENUE THEATER.

"Princess Vergie" is the title of the pretty society comedy which enticed a good audience to the Sixth Avenue theater last night. Baby Hazel, in the title role, was the same charming little actress that she has been on former occasions. Virgina Goodwin played a fine emotional role. Others in the cast were good and the play was a success. Tonight Miss Goodwin will be supported by the entire strength of the company in her greatest role "Camille." Miss Goodwin has already demonstrated to Duluth theatergoers that she excels in this particular part and is mistress of powerful emotional parts. Saturday afternoon the company will present "East Lynne" and Saturday night "The Tenderfoot."

"THE FLAMING ARROW."

"The Flaming Arrow," an Indian play ,the star actress of which is Go-Won-Go-Mohawk, herself a full-blooded aboriginal, will be the offering at the Lyceum Tuesday. Her father, though

Hood's Pills

Do not gripe nor irritate the alimentary canal. They act gently yet promptly, cleanse effectually and

Give Comfort

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

MME. YALE'S HAIR TONIC

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:

It affords me great pleasure to call the attention of the public to Mme. Yale's Excelsior Hair Tonic, which is the first and only remedy known to chemistry which positively turns gray hair back to the original color without dye. It has gone on record that Mme. M. Yale—wonderful woman chemist—has made this most valuable of all chemical discoveries. Mme. Yale personally indorses its action and gives the public her solemn guaranty that it has been tested in every conceivable way and has proved itself to be the ONLY Hair Specific. It STOPS HAIR FALLING immediately and creates a luxurious growth. Contains no injurious ingredient. Physicians and chemists invited to analyze it. It is not sticky or greasy; on the contrary, it makes the hair soft, youthful fluffy and keeps it in curl. For gentlemen and ladies, entirely gray and with bald heads, it is especially recommended.

A SCIENTIFIC MEDICINE.

March 10, 1900.

Dear Madame Yale:—I wish to say a few words in regard to your Excelsior Hair Tonic and Hair Cleanser. I have used both with the best possible results. My hair had been falling out for some time. I had used various remedies with little or no avail. Finally my attention was called to your Excelsior Hair Tonic. I purchased a bottle and began using it. The result was beyond my expectations; after the second application my hair had ceased to fall out, and as I continued my hair seemed to have more life and vigor and new hairs began to come in. After using the second bottle I was surprised to see that my hair was no longer tinged with gray but had returned to its natural color.

I our Excelsior Hair Tonic is certainly a scientific medicine and I believe the only one that treats the hair as a sick member and feeds and nourishes it until it is restored to its natural and normal state of health. I cheerfully recommend it to any one who is in need of a Hair Tonic or Restorer, as I have the utmost confidence in the efficacy of all your remedies.

Respectfully,
MRS. C. L. BROWN,
51 Harper Avenue, Detroit, Mich.

Madame Yale's Hair Tonic is sold throughout the world at $1.00 per bottle.

Manufactured only by Madame Yale, 189 Michigan avenue, Chicago.

We carry a full line of Madame Yale's remedies at all times.

Our special price on Madame Yale's Hair Tonic—

89 CENTS.

PANTON & WHITE THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE DULUTH, MINN.

in his early days a warrior, held in high honor among his people, later took to the white man's ways. Miss Mohawk was given educational opportunities in this country. She speaks several languages and is a writer of ability. Her new play, "The Flaming Arrow," written by Lincoln J. Carter, is a romantic melodrama replete with stirring incidents.

FOUND DEAD.

Result of Attempts to Evict a Corpse at Chicago.

Chicago, May 3.—During the last three months, while landlord and constables have been trying to collect the rent on the basement floor of the house at No. 101 Cornell street, the tenant, John Corinter, has lain dead in a dark corner of the kitchen.

When Constable C. A. Petersen forced his way into the place he found the dead body. It was badly decomposed. The right hand still clutched a tin pail, and Corinter's spectacles were still on his nose. He lived a sort of recluse life and had not been seen by his neighbors for months. The cause of his death is a mystery. The coroner will hold an inquest.

Corinter was a carpenter about 65 years old. He had lived at No. 101 Cornell street for the past few years. Three years ago his wife died. Since that time he has mingled but little with anyone.

Feb. 1, when Christina Elefson, owner of the house, called for her rent, she could not find Corinter. His door was locked, and the two families who live in the upper flats did not know where he was. Mrs. Elefson called repeatedly for her rent, but always found Corinter's door locked. She concluded that her tenant was trying to avoid the payment of his rent. She sent him notices through the mail, but no answer came.

Three weeks ago Mrs. Elefson gave up her attempt to collect the rent from Corinter and applied to Justice Niles E. Olson for legal aid to evict her tenant. A constable was sent to post a notice on the door of the defunct renter in order to give the tenant the required time before eviction was forced.

Tuesday the time expired, and Constable Peterson went to remove the furniture of the delinquent renter into the alley. He found the notice of eviction still posted on the door, which was locked. After vain attempts to gain entrance without force, Peterson broke open the front door.

He was stifled by the odor that came from within. The rooms were dark and in disorder. Some old furniture was placed in the corners. The center of the front room was strewn with carpenter tools and old iron.

Peterson groped his way to the kitchen, struck a match and looked around the room. In the farthest corner he saw what looked like a bundle of old rags. On examining this heap he found that it was a human body.

The constable burst open the back door, went to the police station and told of his find. Officers removed the body to the morgue and notified the coroner.

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

S. F. Boyce, Max Wirth,
R. C. Sweeny, Wm. A. Abbett.

EXPERT NEEDED

City Has No Inspector Posted on Vitrified Brick.

Probable That a Superintendent Will Be Selected.

All Street Connections May Be Ordered In Advance.

As litle time as possible will be taken up with preliminaries in the Superior street improvement. The department of public work will, of necessity, have to advertise the improvement for at least eight days, after which the bids will be received, the contract awarded and approved and then it will be up to the successful contractor.

Practically all the larger contracting concerns of the city are figuring on the work. Had asphalt been selected no local concern could have hoped for the work. The question now is, how is the city to decide on the "best quality" of vitrified brick?

Paving brick is manufactured in vast quantities and various qualities throughout the country and up to the present time there is not a brick expert in the city's employ. The suggestion has been made that the council give the department of public work the right to employ a man well posted on brick and have him superintend the work throughout. In this way, it is claimed, the best possible brick could be obtained at a very small additional cost to the city.

Several property owners yesterday called attention to the fact that all sewer and water connections should be laid up to the sidewalks before a foot of the new paving is put down. The original instructions from the council to the department of public works makes provision for this. All sewer, water and gas connections will be put in in such a manern that it will not be necessary to take up the new paving, unless there is a break of some kind in the street. During the past year something like 2000 feet of Superior street has been dug up at one time or another for the purpose of putting in connections.

Persons that have examined the vitrified brick paving put in at the new Marshall-Wells building on Lake avenue, are free in their expressions of prejudice against the paving that has been ordered for Superior street. This paving is not in the best of condition, but it was put down without a cement foundation and it was also put down before the frost came out of the ground. As a result, the bricks have heaved up and the edges are chipping.

The Superior street paving will be put in on a cement foundation, with sand cushion and grout filler. This will make a solid paving and it is claimed that the frost will not affect it.

State Land Sale.

The sale of state lands that is to be held by the state auditor at the court house May 23 includes lands that have been purchased at former sales, but on which the purchasers have failed to keep up the payments of interest. If they have not lost interest in their purchases there is still a chance to redeem them, for if they pay up the interest and penalties before the date of sale their certificates may be reinstated and the lands withdrawn from sale.

There is also quite a large amount of unsold land that is to be put up at the sale.

FOUND GUILTY.

Bertha Schilling Is Convicted of Manslaughter.

Minneapolis, May 3.—Bertha Schilling is guilty of manslaughter in the second degree. The jury that went out yesterday noon reported soon after 4 o'clock, returning the above verdict.

The Schilling woman was indicted for the killing of Hazel Murphy, a fellow-Columbia theater actress, and her trial commenced Monday. The evidence showed that all parties to the affair had been drinking heavily, but there was direct evidence that the Schilling woman sought out the Murphy woman in her room and started a fight.

Diphtheria, sore throat, croup. Instant relief, permanent cure. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. At any drug store.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable | Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

A Saturday of supreme bargains.

PANTON & WHITE THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE DULUTH, MINN.

AFTER ALL, comparison is the sovereign test.

Here we are, a bunch of merchants—in the same town—on the same street—employing apparently the same tactics to attract business—our ads are set in the same office—the same compositors handle the type—the same paper exploits the various offerings. But the results are different—vastly so.

The masses—the shopping crowds—the great buying public—centers at The Glass Block.

It shows that the public is wiser than some stores credit it in being—it proves that people compare, investigate, place their merchants on trial. It's the fittest that survive. It's the man behing the gun that counts—the store behind the ad—the goods back of the announcement. Accuracy in advertising, backed up by conscientious store management, begets confidence, success. Did you ever meet with a disappointment in Panton & White's bargains that was not corrected? We *insist* that everything shall be as represented—that you shall have satisfaction or you money. No "ifs" or "ands" about it—no beating around the bush. Straightforward, honest dealings—a broad gauge, liberal policy, makes The Glass Block Duluth's most successful store.

New millinery--Tempting prices and styles

PANTON & WHITE THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE DULUTH, MINN.

OUR milliners have been busy this week making up many smart fashions in the new Shirt Waist Hat. Tomorrow the women of Duluth will have the first opportunity of viewing the new shirt waist hat. As usual P. & W. Have the new and fashionable FIRST. Exclusive here now—elsewhere later. These hats are selling at upward from---- $5.00

There can be no comparison between the P. & W. millinery and the displays elsewhere either for variety or prices—the smartest, and most careful dressers know this.

Exceptional values for Saturday in ladies' black and colored dress hats—no two styles alike—all the new, latest, chic creations, including the new tulle, chiffon and tuscan hats and turbans, short backs, etc.—not factory made hats, but trimmed by our own milliners—a remarkable showing—$5.00, $6.00, $6.50 and $7.00 hats Saturday extra special choice for---- $3.50

Honest bargains at the linen department.

PANTON & WHITE THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE DULUTH, MINN.

HOUSEWIFELY interest turns now to the replenishing of the linen closet—the store of cool sheets and pillow cases and the lighter blankets for the warmer term. We have made broad preparations. Our stock is priced on a very close margin. On everything we save you money—on these six items we save you a little more than usual—

9-4 Sheeting—full bleached—full width—Saturday at---- 16½c

5-4 New York Mills Pillow Casing, worth 18c—Saturday at---- 12½c

72-inch Cream or Bleached Damask, pure linen, worth 70c—selling here Saturday at---- 45c

All Linen Crash, bleached or unbleached—the kind you pay 10c for elsewhere—here Saturday at---- 7c

Bed Spreads, full size, fringed all around—price, each---- $1.25

Real Marseilles Bed Speeads, full size—fringe all around—$2.75 value—selling Saturday at---- $1.75

P. CENTEMERI & CO. LADIES & GENTLEMENS KID GLOVES EXCLUSIVE AGENT

Good bargains in ladies' gloves.

PANTON & WHITE THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE DULUTH, MINN.

IF THERE is one thing above another a woman cannot afford to be careless about, it is her gloves. Lots of money is wasted in the course of a year in experimenting with unknown gloves. You run no risk here, for every glove we sell, from the cheapest up, MUST have a reputation before it can find a place among our gloves.

50 dozen Ladies' Real Kid Gloves, two-clasp—all colors and white, with colored and self bordered backs—Saturday special at---- 79c

Silk Gloves galore—the famous Kayser patent finger tip silk gloves, and the P. & W. Silk Gloves—are both on sale here Saturday at 50c, 75c and---- $1.00

The Famous Marlsborough 2-clasp kid gloves and Ireland Bros.' 2-clasp genuine mocha gloves $1.00

New Pique Street Gloves, La Tour, in shades of beaver, brown, red, white and black—Saturday $1.25

Fabric Gloves—the best silk taffeta gloves, in all new shades—Saturday, per pair---- 25c

Best bargains yet on the bargain counters Saturday.

PANTON & WHITE THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE DULUTH, MINN.

IT isn't the wage earner and the woman of limited means alone that profits by the offerings on our bargain counters. The goods offered on these counters are not "truck," but new, seasonable and desirable; savings are tempting enough to make the wife of the millionaire elbow the wife of the artisan.

Bargain counter 1.

Grand display of new spring creations in ready-to-wear Hats for Ladies and Misses—Hats that are truly artistic and fashionable—the prices at The Glass Block range from 43c up to---- $2.75

Bargain counter 2.

NECKWEAR—Beautiful Parisian effects in Women's Spring Neckwear; plain and fancy Grenadines, plain and plaid Silks; 5-cord Ties full length and hemstitched ends and sides, Four-in-hands, Club Ties—and every one of them worth at least 35c—Saturday choice---- 25c

Washable lace and embroidered turn-over Collars—those natty, clean and dressy Collars that are shown you at 15c each—Saturday's price---- 10c

With these goods will be displayed all the latest artistic, fashionable creations in hand-made Neckwear—from 50c each up to---- $5

Bargain counter 3.

Seeds, Bulbs, Garden Tools—the great May Sale continues—the most opportune offerings of the day—the best place in the city to buy Seeds, Bulbs and tools for gardening.

Silks, dress goods and wash goods.

PANTON & WHITE THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE DULUTH, MINN.

WE haven't gone to some dust-covered shelf nor musty stock-room and raked out shelf-worn stuff for this sale. We have hunted the markets high and low, and vigilently watched for specials. Everything offered has an exhilarating freshness and brightness about it.

Black Taffeta Silks—21 inches wide—soft, lustrous finish—an excellent taffeta, thoroughly reliable, at---- 75c

Black Peau de Soie, a very complete line—for Saturday we offer our $1 qualities for---- 89c

Peau de Cheyne, colored and black; beautiful silks—soft finish, satin surface, wear guaranteed, at---- $1.25

Black Granite Cloths, handsome and durable, fashionable cloths, worth 89c—Saturday's leaders at---- 69c

Black Soleil, 46 inches wide—Black Poplins 46 inches wide—$1.25 values—Saturday only---- $1.00

Colored Venetians, Serges, Granite Cloths—over 50 pieces to select from—all the newest shades and colorings—worth up to 75c—Saturday's leader at---- 49c

Wash Goods—exclusive waist patterns—all sorts that are now so much in demand—Imported Madras—very swell—no two alike—Saturday's special—per pattern $1.49 and---- 98c

Corded Silk Chambrays in the new shades of oxblood, blue and pink—worth 45c—Saturday's special---- 35c

New Percales, New Ginghams, New Blue Prints—in endless variety—12½c, 10c and---- 6c

Extraordinary bargains in hosiery and underwear

PANTON & WHITE THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE DULUTH, MINN.

NO TRICKS—no bluff—only truth—it pays to heed Truth, and patronize Panton & White's hosiery and underwear department.

Children's fast black ribbed cotton hose—seamless knit, 15c value—Saturday---- 7½c

Ladies' fine white vests, plain or fancy trimmed square neck—sleeveless—also pink and blue—lace trimmed around neck and arms—20c grade—Saturday---- 12½c

Boys' and girls' ribbed cotton hose, fast black, seamless knit, wide and narrow rib—for all ages—have sold at 25c—Saturday---- 15c

Ladies' 50-gauge two-thread Maco cotton stockings—full fashioned—all black or with white soles—double soles, high spliced heel—35c values—Saturday---- 23c

Ladies' best 20c grade cotton hose—seamless knit—fast black and tans—Saturday---- 11c

Ladies' real Swiss frame hand finished vests, Richelieu, best grade, genuine Sea Island cotton—if vests usually advertised at 35c are worth 35c, these vests are worth 50c—white—black and colors—at---- 25c

REMEMBER—This is a special Saturday sale—prices are unmet elsewhere—lack of space forbids our publishing many other very specials offers for Saturday.

Four great shoe "leaders"

PANTON & WHITE THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE DULUTH, MINN.

WE CAN mention only four, although we have a dozen equally as good for every one advertised that we cannot mention for lack of space.

Women's "Great Wear" Boots—lace or button, light or heavy soles, plump kid or box calf, cloth or kid tops, up-to-date styles and perfect in fit—your choice, only—$1.98

"Pride of the Glass Block" and "Marsella" boots for women—two great shoes—making hosts of friends—dozens of new designs—in fine dongola kid with patent or plain tips—patent leather with fancy cloth tops—or the new dull kid tops—light flexible or medium weight soles—we guarantee to fit any foot—price---- $2.50

Vassar $2.98 Boots—Roxana $3.00 Boots—for women—a great team—solid wearing, comfort-giving shoes, always a new, fashionable style shown in these shoes—the assortment is vast, comprising everything tasty and new—30 styles---- $2.98 and $3.00

Ultra Boots and Gray's Specialties—$3.00—very desirable shoes—made with or without extension sole, in welts and hand turns—every popular, reliable leather—including patent kid and patent calf—glace kid and box calf—an assortment as large and varied as is to be had in any shoe house in America---- $3.50

THE EVENING HERALD.

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

Published at Herald Bldg., 220 W. Superior St.

Duluth Printing & Publishing Company.

Telephone Calls: Counting Room—324, two rings. Editorial Rooms—324, three rings.

10c a Week

EVERY EVENING DELIVERED BY CARRIER.

Single copy, daily	.02
One month	.45
Three months	$1.30
Six months	$2.60
One year (in advance)	$5.00

Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter.

WEEKLY HERALD.

Per year	$1.00
Six months	.50
Three months	.25

Largest Circulation in Duluth.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), May 3.—The barometer is high in the lake region and Pacific coast states, and low off the New England coast and over Colorado, Wyoming, Eastern Montana and the Western Dakotas. Light to copiains fell over Norta Atlantic states, the Upper Ohio valley, Minnesota, Illinois, Texas, Oklahoma, Kansas, Nebraska, Nevada, Montana, Western South Dakota and Assiniboia. It is cooler in the Upper Mississippi and Ohio valleys, lake region, Western Texas, Colorado and the Western portions of Kansas and Nebraska. The winds in the lake region are generally fresh northeasterly.

Maximum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	86	Medicine Hat	—
Battleford	74	Memphis	86
Bismarck	78	Mile City	86
Boston	62	Milwaukee	86
Buffalo	62	[illegible]	64
Calgary	66	Modeiai	—
Charleston	88	Montgomery	90
Chicago	86	Moorhead	80
Cincinnati	88	New Orleans	88
Davenport	88	New York	80
Denver	84	North Platte	86
Detroit	84	Oklahoma	84
Dodge City	82	Omaha	88
Duluth	58	Pittsburg	84
Edmonton	60	Port Arthur	54
El Paso	72	Portland	54
Escanaba	52	Prince Albert	80
Galveston	—	Qu'Appelle	72
Green Bay	70	Rapid City	82
Havre	72	San Francisco	58
Helena	56	Santa Fe	—
Houghton	54	Shreveport	84
Huron	88	Spokane	66
Jacksonville	92	St. Louis	80
Kamloops	70	St. Paul	80
Kansas City	86	Sault Ste. Marie	60
Knoxville	88	Swift Current	80
La Crosse	88	Washington	78
Lander	—	Williston	80
Los Angeles	66	Winnemucca	70
Marquette	56	Winnipeg	72

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Partly cloudy and occasional threatening weather tonight and Saturday. Fresh and brisk northeasterly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, May 3.—Forecast till 8 a. m. Saturday: Wisconsin—Generally fair tonight and Saturday.

Minnesota—Partly cloudy tonight and Saturday. Cooler west portion tonight.

North and South Dakota—Generally fair tonight and Saturday except possibly showers Saturday in South Dakota.

Upper Lakes—Fresh to brisk northeast winds. Generally fair tonight and Saturday.

The Old Frigate, Minnesota.

Some correspondent at Washington, evidently hard pressed for news, started a story recently that the old frigate Minnesota, which has been stationed at Boston for several years, was to be condemned and disposed of by the government as old junk to some person who would want the copper with which she is sheathed. It was solemnly announced that the purchaser would burn her to the water's edge and gather up the metal afterwards. Several of the St. Paul and Minneapolis papers at once started an agitation in favor of saving the historic frigate from destruction and bringing her to Duluth to be used as a training ship for a naval brigade under the command of Admiral Pugh. It was figured out that the navy department would gladly present her to the state and that all that was needed was sufficient money to pay the expense of bringing her from the Atlantic up the lakes. After the Twin City papers had decided that this could easily be done, it was discovered by some person that the frigate could not come through the Canadian canals. The Minnesota is 264 feet long and 51 feet wide, which is larger both ways than the Welland canal will accommodate. Consequently it would be necessary to cut the ship in two, so as to bring her through the canal. But now word comes from Washington that the navy department never even considered the idea of condemning the frigate, and that she is to be taken to Hampton Roads and will there be utilized as a receiving ship.

Growth of the Coke Industry.

There has been an extraordinary development in the manufacture of coke in the last few years, a fact shown by statistics given in a recent census bulletin concerning that industry. The manufacture of coke is comparatively a new industry in the United States. While coke was used to some extent for refining iron as early as 1817, its use in any considerable quantities in blast furnaces did not begin until 1840. According to the reports the value of coke produced was returned as $15,250 in 1850; $285,811 in 1860; $1,132,736 in 1870; $5,359,189 in 1880; $16,188,245 in 1890, including by-products to the value of $881; and the value of the product in 1899 is shown by this bulletin to have been $35,585,445, including by-products amounting to $852,627 in value. This value is limited to the product obtained from the distillation or combustion of bituminous coal in retorts, ovens, or pits, and does not include the ordinary gas-house coke obtained as a by-product in the manufacture of illuminating gas from coal. The quantity of coke obtained by the latter process is decreasing every year, owing to the increasing use of electricity for lighting purposes, and of water gas for coal gas. The wonderful development in coal making is in keeping with the growth of the iron manufacture in the metallurgy of which few bituminous coals can be used without having first been coked. At the census of 1890, 77.3 per cent of the coke manufactured in the census year was consumed in blast furnaces, and at the census of 1890 this percentage had increased to 92.3. The modern tendency of industry to concentrate in a comparatively small number of establishments is strikingly exemplified in the coke industry, where there is an increase of only 23, or 10.6 per cent, in the number of establishments reported, as compared with 1889, while the increase in the number of tons of coke produced is 96.2 per cent, and in the value of all products, 115.7 per cent. Thus the average product establishment has risen from 45,909 short tons in 1889 to 81,497 short tons in 1899, and the average value of all products per establishment from $75,689 in 1889 to $147,657 in 1899. There has been a still greater increase in the amount of capital invested, and a nearly equal increase in the number of wage-earners and in the amount paid in wages.

THE FOURTH IN DULUTH.

The movement inaugurated by Mayor Hugo for a rousing celebration of the Fourth of July in Duluth this year is going ahead with an impetus that promises a highly successful result. The conference of citizens at the city hall last evening to start the ball rolling was most enthusiastic over the mayor's suggestion, and the initial steps were taken to prepare for an event, or rather a series of events, that will attract visitors from a large portion of the Northwest to this city on the anniversary of the republic's natal day. It will be the first Fourth of the new century, and it is proposed to have an up-to-date Twentieth century celebration that will put all previous efforts into the shade.

The value to Duluth of such an event, both in advertising the city's enterprise and progressive spirit and bringing a multitude of visitors who will spend many thousands of dollars here, does not need any discussion. Every person must admit that the city will be largely benefited. The first thing that must be done is to raise a fund to pay the expenses incident to arranging for the celebration and thoroughly advertising it. The money must be secured before the plans can be definitely decided upon, and therefore a finance committee will at an early date call upon the business men and all enterprising citizens and solicit donations to this fund. The committee should meet with a cordial reception. Soliciting funds for any purpose is not a pleasant task, and those who are called upon to contribute should remember this fact and make the work of the committee as easy as possible. As soon as the necessary funds are secured, the program of the celebration can be arranged, and the idea is to have a program of exceptional drawing power.

DECIDEDLY YELLOW.

The yellow journals have been completely out-yellowed. Sheldon's newspaper ideas sink into insignificance and the religious world is shocked by a publication issued at Chicago under the title, "Name on the Sky." It is decidedly irreverant and to some an exceedingly distasteful publication, but withal is an exceedingly bright one. It purports to be published by an association of immortal spirits and claims to give exclusively, full news of heaven. Horace Greeley and Benjamin Franklin are the leading spirits of the paper, though modern ideas of business are furnished by Chicago newspaper men who have more recently left this world for the other. Some of the most famous characters of the Bible are counted on the staff and a short list of the regular contributors, as given by the paper, is as follows: "Old Father Adam, Mother Eve, old Methusela, the oldest man; old Noah, old Father Abraham, Lot's wife, old Moses, Joshua, Phinehas, the first high priest ordained by Moses; old Samson, the strong man; St. Peter, St. Paul, Jesus of Bethlehem, Mary Magdalene, Martin Luther, George Washington, Noah Webster, Abraham Lincoln, Jeff Davis, Henry Ward Beecher, Henry George, Charles Darwin, D. L. Moody, R. G. Ingersoll and many others."

The advertised contents for the next issue embrace the following articles:

"A Pillar of Salt," by Lot's wife of Bible fame.

"The New World," by Jeff Davis, president of the late Confederate States of America.

"Landed Estates," by William Penn, of Philadelphia.

"Public Works," by the the late Alexander Wolcott, formerly county surveyor for Cook county, Illinois.

"Evolution," by the late Charles Darwin, scientist.

"How I Washed the Savior's Feet," by Mary Magdalene, of Testament fame.

"Flouring Mills of the Future," by the late David Sears, of Moline, Ill.

"The Astronomy of the Future," by Sir Isaac Newton, scientist.

"Newspapers of the Future," by the late W. F. Story, founder of the old Chicago Times.

"The Mormon Church," by the late Prophet Joseph Smith.

"Charity," by the late Moses Montefiore.

"Improved Africa," by the late David Livingston, the explorer of Africa.

"Manna," by Miriam, the sister of Moses, the great law giver.

In the current issue Noah Webster has an interesting column on the correct word book. He says there should be only 2000 words and they should be spelled in the simplest way. Samson has a complete story of his bout with the lion. He is a trifle egotistic and is boastful of his strength. He seems to think he is the only strong man who ever lived. John, the Revelator, writes of symbols of his speech and explains their meaning. His article is valuable as a key to the revelation. Just how this new and sensational journal will be received it is too early to predict. That it has any value is not yet apparent.

Not since the news of the discovery of gold in the Klondike has a strike of natural wealth attracted so much attention as has the finding of new oil wells in Texas. Reports from Beaumont would indicate that the town has gone wild. There is something about on oil well that appeals to the eye as well as to the senses. There is nothing mysterious about it. It is visible wealth. The oil is there gushing from the earth and all it needs is barreling and refining to turn it into gold. There is one thing about an oil strike different from a gold strike. It does not appeal particularly to the penniless. One must have money to buy the land. In gold mining in a placer country a pan and a shovel and a little grub is all that is required. The other day a party of newspaper men went out too see the wells spout. The valve was opened and for three minutes the oil shot into the air. Then it was shut off. "I suppose it wouldn't pay to keep it going long," said one of the party to the manager. "No," he said, "it was spouting for three minutes. That cost $150." If the present prospects in Texas hold good the benefits to the state will be greater than if the find had been gold.

Don Antonio de Bourbon has brought suit for a divorce from his wife, the Infanta Eulalie of Spain. Notwithstanding the titular prefix to her Christian name she is about 40 years old. She is the daughter of ex-Queen Isabella, who was expelled from the throne by the revolution of 1868. She was therefore the sister of Amadeo, who became king in 1876 and died in 1885, and is the aunt of the young king, Alphonso XII. In Spain the prefix infanta is applied to the oldest daughter of a sovereign, as formerly in France that of dauphin was attached to the eldest son. The Princess Eulalie attended the World's Fair as the representative of Spain, and was the recipient of much attention at the hands of the Chicago aristocracy. She has always been considered as an agreeable, nice sort of a woman and the action of Don Antonio has occasioned much surprise.

Prices in March, 1901, are reported considerably lower than one year ago the decline according to Sauerbeck's table of averages being from 75.7 to 71. The changes in six large groups of commodities during the first three months of the year were as follows: Vegetable food, none; animal food, rise of ½ per cent; the declines in the other groups were as follows: Sugar, tea and coffee, 6½ per cent; minerals, 10 perc ent; textile and sundry materials, each 2 per cent. Yet it is hardly probable that Duluth people have noticed that prices are lower.

A farmer's wife, writing to the American Agriculturist, says that it has been her good fortune to take summer boarders for the last seventeen years and she sums up her experience thus: "I have had boarders of all ages, from the baby with its nurse to the aged grandmother, but my favorites are maiden women and school teachers. They are most always contented."

The Clover club of Philadelphia last night honored that fine old newspaper veteran, Col. A. K. McClure, with a complimentary banquet. The gathering commemorated the fifty-fifth anniversary of Col. McClure's entrance into journalism, as well as expressed regret at his retirement from active service at the head of the Philadelphia Times.

If "every lump of sugar put into a cup of tea is a shot fired at Kruger," as the British are saying to reconcile themselves to the new sugar tax, it can also be said, remarks the Springfield Republican, that every lump is also a chunk of lead fired into the British stomach. And there'll be a stomach-ache that will "stagger humanity."

Kentucky cavaliers do not take kindly to masculine shirt waists. One Johnson appeared at a railroad station in the blue grass state, with his bosom encased in a red confection, which a bystander promptly perforated. There is one Johnson and one shirtwaist less in Kentucky.

The opening attendance at the Pan-American exposition was so large that the prospects of its financial success are regarded as exceedingly bright.

The awful news comes from London that the price of diamonds is to advance. Persons of small means will do well to buy early before the rise.

A newspaper man has been appointed chief of the Washington fire department. His experience was probably gained as a "sidewalk chief."

It has not been noticed that any college has desired to make Mark Hanna an LL.D. Evidently Mark's position is not fully understood.

A Vermont newspaper says that the Vermont dealers are adulterating their own maple sugar. Has honest dealing become extinct?

Some people think Mr. Morgan paid too much for the Gainsborough portrait, but remember what one Gainsborough hat costs!

A Baltimore critic says that the favorite instrument in the concert of the nowers is the lute.

Gripmen in New York are being taught etiquette. Why not teach the rest of the community?

IN MICHIGAN.

Two Persons Carried Over the Falls In St. Mary's River.

Sault Ste. Marie—A small boat containing two persons, presumably boys or young men, was swept over the rapids of the St. Mary's river Thursday afternoon. Neither boat nor passengers have been seen since. One of the passengers was rowing hard against the current, but the boat was carried under the bridge and was caught by a rush of water. It was overturned when a few hundred feet below the bridge, and the two attempted to retain hold on it. They were finally dragged from the overturned boat and disappeared.

At a largely attended public meeting in the city hall a chamber of commerce was organized, with Otto Fowle as president. The membership is large and composed of wideawake business men, who will work harmoniously for the best interests of the Sault.

Escanaba—William Gabourie, 40 years of age, was killed at Perronville at 6 o'clock Wednesday night. He was driving a team, which became frightened, and he fell between the horses and was trampled to death.

Ishpeming—The Lake Superior Iron company shipped its first load of ore to Escanaba Wednesday and from now on there will be a steady stream of ore-laden cars going in that direction. Thursday the South Shore commenced hauling ore to the Marquette docks, and from all indications is would seem that there will be no let-up in the work.

With the three roads hauling ore, all that is lacking is the boats and from latest advices it is probable that one or two will be in Marquette on Monday, if not before. The engineers' strike is practically settled, and the ice conditions in Lake St. Clair are much improved.

DAILY STORY.

A DESPERATE LOVER.

(Copyright, 1901, William R. Miller.)

Bombay society had been fluttered over the arrival of Nejed Hayal in his magnificent yacht as he made a voyage around the world. His name had a Hindooish look and sound, but he was a half-caste Arabian. His father was an Englishman, on whom great honors had been heaped in Arabia, and his mother was the daughter of a nobleman. He was the only child by the marriage, and at the age of 23 he was rich, educated, handsome and moved with the highest. Although he spoke English fluently and looked more like his father than mother, he preferred to be called by his Arabic name and to be known as a citizen of that country.

The social season was at its height in Bombay, and aside from the premanent residents, there was a contingent of officers' wives and daughters waiting for a few weeks before sailing for England. And a week before the arrival of Nejed Hayal the yacht of young Lord Devon had arrived with a large and gay party. Among the guests were Lady Westfield, widow, and her daughter Maude, and the society papers at home had already announced the engagement of Lord Devon and the charming girl. Nejed Hayal was at once received everywhere. His credentials were of the highest, and his wealth and personnel made Bombay feel honored by his presence. It was at first decided by society that he was not an impressionable young man, but this idea was soon put to flight by his demeanor toward Lord Devon's fiancee. He fell in love with Maude Westfield almost at once, and he continued to pay her marked attentions after it was whispered in his ear that she was bound to another. It so happened, however, that Lord Devon was not of a jealous nature, and that the girl, though not averse to a little flirtation, did not intend to let things go too far. There were a dozen others who spread their nets for the young millionaire, and perhaps with papa and mamma's consent, but in vulgar parlance he turned them down and was steadfast in his purpose to win the heart of the one. Like all men of the East, he was impatient and impetuous, and within a month he knew his fate. After the first feeling of chagrin and despair he became a philosopher. He had fought to win and lost, and in time would love another. Society heard of this failure, but it got very little gossip out of the affair. Nejed Hayal smiled and laughed as before, and permitted no one to know the feelings of his heart.

"Egad!" said Maj. Wharton to his wife when she gave him the tidbit among other small talk, "the fellow is a brick for not breaking his heart over it. Dem nice girl and all that, but there are thousands of others to pick from. A Syrian would have taken poison, and a Persian would have hung himself, but these Arabians get up smiling after being thrown down. What is that I hear about a banquet?"

"It's to be given on his yacht, with an excursion lasting three or four days," replied the wife, "and the party is very select. Only twenty, I believe."

"And you are not counted in?"

"I think not."

"Well, Nejed Hayal and the select and elect of Bombay society can go to. Later on I may make up my mind to take it as a snub and call the young swell out and pink him. He's a brick, though, and I won't go back on that."

The fact that he had been rejected appeared to make no change in the Arabian's demeanor toward Maude Westfield, and when she saw how he sustained himself she did not avoid him. On the contrary, she was a bit anxious to smooth over the affair and make his burden as light as possible. Lord Devon was imbued with the same spirit, and so when it came about that the two were invited to visit the yacht a few hours previous to the banquet to inspect and make suggestions, they willingly complied. It was 4 o'clock in the afternoon as they stepped on board and descended to the cabin, and a quarter of an hour later the yacht was headed across the mouth of the Persian gulf and

"Smoke, drink and decide to make the best of it."

running at full speed. Lord Devon had been locked in one stateroom and his fiance in another, and Nejed Hayal was softly rubbing his hands and smiling over the success of his plans.

The abduction of a lord and the daughter of a lady was such a bold stroke that Bombay was stricken dumb for a few hours. Then the lord's own yacht took on a number of soldiers and civilians and started in pursuit, but they had lost so much time that it was three days before the abductor's craft was sighted. An accident to the machinery had reduced her speed. During the days at sea the captives had been treated with all consideration. When they were freed from lock and key Nejed Hayal said to them:

"Miss Westfield, I love you and intend to make you my wife. If your are given a little time my love will be returned."

And to Lord Devon:

"My lord I am very sorry to have inconvenienced you, but you really brought it upon yourself by falling in love with the lady I wish to marry. Here are cigars and wine in plenty. Smoke, drink and decide to make the best of it. I will land you at Muscat, and you can easily make your way back to Bombay."

But the yacht did not reach Muscat. When Nejed Hayal saw that she would be overtaken he armed his crew for a stout defense, and they opened fire as soon as the pursuing yacht came within shooting distance. The fire was returned and then ensued a running fight that lasted all day. Running on parallel courses and within pistol shot of each other, the crew of each yacht fired whenever they caught sight of a human target. When the sun was barely a hand's breadth above the sea Nejed Hayal's yacht ceased to move, and he himself waved a white flag in token of surrender. A boat was pulled off from Lord Devon's craft, and when her crew stood on the deck of the other the Arabian bowed and smiled and said:

"My men are all dead but five or six. You will find my honored guests in the cabin safe and sound, and I trust they will have no complaints against me. It is Kismet, and—and—"

He reeled up against the rail, smiling and bowing, and then softly sank to the deck and died, with the smile lingering on his lips. He had been shot twice through the body.

"Egad!" said Maj. Wharton, when the story was told in Bombay, "I take back what I said about calling him out and pinking him. That chap was a brick and demme if I don't believe the girl could have done worse than marry him."

LIGHT A SUCCESS.

St. Louis, Mo., May 3.—Aleidas R. Farner, of 1602 Park avenue, has invented a light which was placed on exhibition in South St. Louis last night to the consternation of the fire department and the residents of that section, who mistook it for a general alarm blaze. Farner was arrested, and explained to the police that it was his invention, which he wants used at the World's fair. He says his proposed illumination will make the whole city look like it is ablaze, and that the light may be seen for fifty miles from St. Louis.

HAIR WHITENED

Moundsville, W. Va., May 3.—When George Fish came in from his home in Franklin District his friends did not know him. He is only 24 years old, and when here two weeks ago his hair was black as a raven's wing. Today it is almost white. Mr. Fish explains that during the heavy storm last week which preceded the flood he was asleep in his house when he heard a rumbling sound, which wakened him suddenly. He ran out and found that the hillside for 200 feet back of the house was in motion and rapidly slipping down upon his house. He rushed back, got his wife and baby, and ran to a neighbor's for shelter. The next day he discovered that the scare had turned his hair gray, and it has been steadily whitening since.

THE BARGAIN SHOE STORE OF DULUTH.

Open every Saturday Night Until 11 o'clock.....

THE FAMOUS

Bicycle Shoes for all—prices very reasonable.

OXFORDS!

This is to be a great season for low-cut shoes—We are selling more of them already than we ever did before. Prices are lower, too.....

Ladies' $3.50 Oxfords, made in Russia Calf, patent leather or vici kid, heavy welt or hand turn sole, 18 different styles; for $3.00

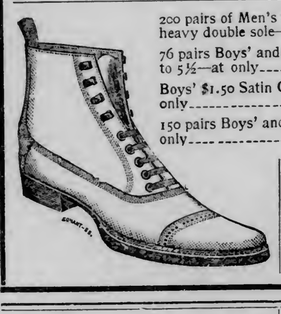
The largest variety of Ladies' Oxfords in the city; all new styles, no old back numbers; the prices range from $1.00, $1.50, $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00

200 pairs Ladies' $3 Shoes, vici kid or box calf; heavy or light sole; tomorrow the price is only $1.98

150 pairs Ladies' $2.00 vici kid Shoes; button or lace; an extraordinary value; price only $1.48

The largest variety of Misses' $1.25 Kid Shoes we have ever shown, in lace, patent or kid tip—tomorrow's price 98c

Misses' $2.00 Shoes, in patent leather, box calf or vici kid; tomorrow's price at per pair only $1.75



200 pairs of Men's $3.00 vici kid Shoes—black or tan; also calf, black or tan—heavy double sole—all sizes—our sale price tomorrow $2.48

76 pairs Boys' and Youths' $2 Calf Shoes—Cruiser soles—made to wear—sizes 12 to 5½—at only $1.50

Boys' $1.50 Satin Calf Shoes—all sizes—our sale price tomorrow is only $1.25

150 pairs Boys' and Youths' $1.25 Shoes—sizes 11 to 5½—tomorrow's sale price only 98c

The Famous "Lookout" Shoe For Men $3.50

The acme of perfection in men's shoe-making and acknowledged by all to be the best shoe in the world at the price. Try a pair.

Have you been in yet to see

The Vienna Ladies' Orchestra and Concert Com'y

—AT THE—

Hotel Northern

208 W. Superior St.

SPECIAL

Program of popular music Tonight, Saturday Afternoon and Saturday Night.

GET OUR PRICES. PHONE 601.

You will not have a chance to complain if we move you.

Only men with experience allowed to go out with our vans. Household goods, pianos, safes and machinery given prompt and careful attention. Trunks to any part of the city 25c. Excellent rooms for storage.

People's Moving and Storage Co.

Herman Rumpel, Manager.

210 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

AMUSEMENTS.

6th Avenue Theater.

McKENNY & LAUNDERGAN, Managers.

LAST TIMES OF THE

North Bros. Superb Company

Tonight ..... CAMILLE
Saturday Matinee ..... EAST LYNNE
Saturday Night ..... THE TENDERFOOT

Popular prices—10c, 20c, 30c. Matinee—10c, 20c
All hill street cars pass this theater.

LYCEUM THEATER.

E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.

TONIGHT, MAY 3.

THE Village Parson

A play of intense interest; a brilliant domestic story well told; genuine comedy skillfully interwoven; presented by a company of capability; elaborate special scenery for each act; production complete in detail; the most natural play of the age. Prices: Dress Circle, $1; Parquet, 75s; Family Circle and Balcony, 50c.

LYCEUM THEATER.

E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager

TUESDAY, MAY 7

The Indian Actress—— Go-Won-Go-Mohawk

Appearing in the Romantic Drama

THE FLAMING ..ARROW..

A true story of Indian Life—Presented by a carefully selected cast—All special scenery and effects

Prices—Parquette and Dress Circle 75c, Family Circle and Balcony 50c, Gallery 25c.

PARLOR THEATER.

W. J. Wells, Manager 19 Second Ave. West.

EVERY NIGHT 8:30 P. M.

NEW COMPANY OF VAUDEVILLE STARS.

Great Bill of Specialties.

A Popping Good Time

Can be had over a case of Moose Brand Beer. There's a beer that will warm the cockles of your heart, a beer that will make glad the most morose, a beer that's satisfying every way you take it, including even its lowness of price. A sample case will tell the tale. Glad to have your order.

Duluth Brewing & Malting Co.

Either 'Phone 241.

FOR RENT!

Two story brick building, No. 22 East Superior St., with basement on Michigan St., steam heat, freight elevator. Will make repairs to suit tenant.

Seven-room dwelling, No. 1232 East Third St., all conveniences, furnace heat. Will rent for $20 per month.

C. H. GRAVES & CO.,

FIRST FLOOR TORREY BUILDING.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk.
Telephone 755, N. Call 4.
Zenith 'Phone 713.

D. H. DAY, Dentist.

PANTON & WHITE
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
DULUTH, MINN.

Saturday doings
in the drug department.

FIRST store to cut prices in Duluth on DRUGS was The Glass Block. Since then other stores have taken on drug departments, but none have been so generous in their prices as Panton & White. Everything here is sold at a saving to you. We buy often and keep everything fresh, wholesome and reliable, and then there is this advantage in buying drugs here, we deliver everything FREE.

Mellin's Food—75c size 50c
Hostetter's Bitters—$1 size 67c
Satin Skin Cream—25c size 15c
Williams' Pink Pills—50c size 35c
Doan's Kidney Pills—50c size 35c
Omega Oil—50c size 35c
Orangine—25c size 16c
Mother's Friend—$1 size 70c

Book sale.

"Last of the Great Scouts;" the life story of William Cody, (Buffalo Bill.) Every citizen should read it; old and young.

Cloth binding—published at $1.50—for 50c
Paper bound—published at 50c—for 25c
(*Limit two to a customer.*)

Writing Tablets—for ink or pencil—140 sheets of good paper—our regular price 15c—special Saturday 10c

Crockery department.

Some offerings in Glassware—you will be wise in taking advantage of them.

Water Glasses—Real cut glass—heavy flinted bottom—patterns in either light or heavy weights—special per dozen at only $1.95

Water Glasses—Thin blown—straight side patterns with dainty wreath engraved near the top—cut the price for Saturday to per dozen 69c

Sherbet Cups—with side handles—made of thin blown glass and matches the water glasses—cut the price for Saturday to per doz $1.95

Finger Bowls—4½-inches—made of thin blown glass with engraved wreath—some patterns like Sherbet Cups and Water Glasses—cut the price for Saturday, each 25c

THE REASONS

Why Flouring Mill Company Will Have Offices Here.

The Superior Evening Telegram has the following explanation of the reason the new flour mill company, which will control the mills at the head of the lakes, will remove the offices to Duluth:

"General satisfaction has been evinced over the starting of the flour mills which is expected at no distant date. On the other hand, there have been some complaints about the offices going to Duluth, but the fact that several hundred men will be given employment on this side of the bay offsets the moving of the offices.

"Several reasons have been assigned for the offices going to Duluth, and they all seem good. In the first place, it is recognized that Duluth is the wheat market at this point, and so the offices being in the Duluth board of trade will make it very convenient for the milling company officials.

"Another reason given is that the shipping companies, both by lake and rail, are practically all in Duluth, and this will save the general going to and fro that would be necessary if the offices were on this side of the bay. As it is now the bills of lading and everything can be attended to right in the same building that the Duluth-Superior Milling company will have its offices in.

"A strong effort was made by local people connected with the concern to have the offices on this side of the bay, but the principal stockholders insisted that they should be located across the bay, on account of the greater convenience. A buyer will be maintained here, however, and all the wheat that is offered the new company by local people will be purchased on this side of the bay.

"Arrangements are now making for the installing of the offices in Duluth, and everything is being shaped for the work."

HAS SEVERAL.

Comments on Duluth's Aspirants For State Offices.

The politicians of the state are beginning to take notice of the fact that Duluth has a number of aspirants for state offices, and will be a strong factor in the next convention of the Republican party of the state of Minnesota. The Minneapolis Journal, in its column on Minnesota politics last evening, had the following with reference to the desires of some of the Duluth men:

"There are more political ambitions at the head of the lakes than the next state convention will be able to satisfy. The Duluth politicians are determined to capture a place on the state ticket. They are not willing to take Railroad Commissioner Miller of Two Harbors as their representative, but will insist that the county of St. Louis have a place.

"There are three aspirants already quietly boosted for a place. Besides County Auditor Halden, who wants to be state auditor, and Sheriff Sargent, who would like Dan Reese's title, emoluments and illness, Duluth men are talking another candidate.

"George R. Laybourn has been slated all along for the state senate, to succeed his Democratic colleague, C. O. Baldwin. But Laybourn's hopes run higher yet, and if the St. Louis county delegation will stand for it, he will be a candidate for lieutenant governor. If Laybourn has the solid support of St. Louis county and the new Eighth district, he would have an excellent chance of succeeding Lyndon A. Smith.

"As usual, it is the 'if' that stands in the way. Halden has many friends in Duluth. He is not loved by the iron range people, who have fought him for the last ten years. Jacobson or Iverson, though neither is a friend of the railroads, would be more acceptable to the steel trust roads than Halden, but he is a fighter, and is a power in Duluth. If he concludes to go after the nomination he will make it interesting for either Laybourn or Sargent.

"In all probability it will be settled long before convention time, as the Duluth people are wise enough to know that factional dissension at home destroys a candidate's chances, and unless a man can go to the convention with the hearty support of his own county he might as well stay out."

OFFICIALS.

Minnesota Iron Company Fills Several Vacant Offices.

The expected has come to pass. C. P. Coffin has been elected president of the Minnesota Iron company. The prediction was made at the time President Greatsinger retired that Mr. Coffin would be his successor. He has been secretary and treasurer of both the Minnesota Iron company and the Duluth & Iron Range railroad for some years. Dr. N. P. Hulst has been elected vice president of the Minnesota Iron company. He has general charge of the mining interests of the United States Steel company. T. F. Cole is to be general manager of the Minnesota Iron company. This position was held by Edward Ball until he left to go with the Tennessee Coal and Iron company recently. J. H. Chandler, of Chicago, continues as legal adviser of the company.

C. P. Coffin, Dr. Hulst and J. H. Chandler are now up on the range looking over affairs connected with the mines.

REMEY AT AUSTRALIA.

Washington, May 3.—Admiral Remey on board his flagship Brooklyn, has arrived at Melbourne. He will represent the United States government at the opening of the first session of the Australian parliament.

FREE TRANSPORTATION.

Berlin, May 3.—The managers of the fire apparatus exhibition inform the correspondent of the Associated Press that the North German Lloyd and Hamburg-American lines will transport all exhibits from New York and back free of charge.

THINK SO?

The Minister's Wife Was Right.

When a baby's life can be saved by food it is worth while knowing something of that food.

A minister's wife, name given below, writes: "I do not exaggerate in the least when I say that I have never yet seen a picture of the starving babies of India that looked as bad as our baby did. The skin was drawn as tightly as possible over her little frame, and was almost black. Her little form was so shrunken that it was pitiable to look at. Her bright eyes only showed that she was alive.

She was starving to death, for everything she ate was immediately thrown off from her stomach. We tried every kind of food we could think of, and only kept her alive by rubbing olive and cod liver oil into the pores of the skin.

The doctor was doing all he could, but finally we sent for an uncle, an old physician, to come and see her. The doctors agreed perfectly, but uncle advised us to use Grape-Nuts Food.

We immediately got some and placed a spoonful in some boiling water. This was allowed to simmer until the food became perfectly soft. A little rich milk was added, and just enough sugar to sweeten. It made a delicious food, and it was astonishing how perfectly it agreed with our baby and how she did 'lick it down.'

She would not drink milk unless it had Grape-Nuts Food in it thereafter.

After a few days she began to show marks of improvement, then she improved very rapidly. When we began feeding her Grape-Nuts she weighed about 10 pounds, now she weighs over 30, and is almost as broad as she is long.

Our friends all think it a miracle that she recovered. While I am writing this letter, one of my older girls has just come up, begging for some Grape-Nuts and cream.

We naturally believe in Grape-Nuts for it has saved the life of our baby." Mrs. S. W. Hardin, Spring Hill, Tenn.

THE WORK IS BEGUN

Street Railway Company Improving the Lakeside Line.

Getting Ready For Service With Double Truck Cars.

Much Work Is Also to Be Done at Superior.

With the frost well out of the ground here in the city, the Duluth-Superior Traction company has within the last few days commenced active work along the line of improvements on the street railway roadbed that were outlined by President Goodrich of the company when he was in the city during the winter.

For the last two days the company has been rushing large quantities of ties out and distributing them along the Lakeside line, which is to be the first improved in order to be ready for service a little later on with the new double-truck cars. The Lakeside roadbed is to be fixed up along its entire length and placed in first-class condition. This will include not only new ties, but new joints and switches, where necessary. The company will not put on new steel, as the rails now in use are considered good for a much longer service when the roadbed is in better order. Work on this line will continue probably the entire month.

Large quantities of ties, gravel and various supplies have been hauled over to Superior for the improvements intended on the company's lines in that city. Outside of a new Y at Twenty-first street and a little work at one or two curves, the Interstate line on the Superior side of the bay is in excellent shape for the new car service when it is put in operation. It will be remembered that the street car company last fall and in early winter put in considerable heavy rails. The rails on Tower avenue were put in only a few years ago, and the track there is not likely to need any repairing this season.

It is understood that the first work to be done on the Superior lines, aside from putting in the Y at Twenty-first street, will be the broad gauging of the Old Superior line and the putting in of new rails. During the winter the company experimented with several hundred feet of track on a concrete bed, and it is said that the result was fairly satisfactory.

A large crew has been at work all the week installing the system of new switches at the car barns at Twenty-sixth avenue west. There is a great network of tracks where the cars enter and leave the barn, and the work of putting in the immense steel switches necessarily proceeds slowly. The curves are widened out with the new steel, as it was impossible to get the new cars from the barn over the old house tracks.

The work of equipping the new double-truck cars is progressing steadily, and some of the new vehicles have been placed on the trucks and the electrical appliances are being connected up and tested. The cars are not expected to go into operation until the track improvements are completed.

Yesterday afternoon about 4 o'clock one of the large flat cars upon which there was a heavy load of ties broke an axle in front of Panton & White's store on West Superior street. It was pushed off the track and over to one side very quickly and there was no delay of traffic, a rather remarkable fact considering the nature of the accident.

BASEBALL.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At New York—Brooklyn, 5; New York, 4.
At St. Louis—Cincinnati, 16; St. Louis, 12.
At Pittsburg—Pittsburg, 3; Chicago, 2.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Cleveland—Milwaukee, 9; Cleveland, 7.
At Chicago—Detroit, 7; Chicago, 5.
At Washington—Baltimore, 11; Washington, 4.
At Philadelphia—Boston, 23; Philadelphia, 12.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Cincinnati	9	6	3	.667
Brooklyn	8	5	3	.625
St. Louis	10	5	5	.625
Philadelphia	10	5	5	.500
Boston	6	3	3	.500
Pittsburg	8	4	4	.500
Chicago	11	4	7	.364
New York	6	2	4	.333

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Washington	6	4	2	.666
Detroit	8	6	2	.750
Chicago	8	5	3	.625
Baltimore	6	4	2	.667
Cleveland	8	3	5	.375
Philadelphia	6	2	4	.333
Boston	6	2	4	.333
Milwaukee	8	2	6	.250

CABLE FLASHES.

Sir Walter F. Hely-Hutchinson, the governor of Cape Colony has wired the colonial secretary, that the total of deaths due to the bubonic plague, up to April 27, is 217. This number includes forty-one Europeans.

A dispatch from Vienna to the London Daily Telegraph says that Peter Mascagni, the Italian composer, has signed a contract for a tour of the United States. He will start on Oct. 15 and take with him an orchestra of eighty members. His personal stipend will be £2000 a week for eight weeks.

Starvation and typhus are increasing among the village population of Bessarabia. Seventy per cent of the farmers of that district have lost all their horses and have no seed for the spring sowing.

The population of the district of Victoria, Australia, according to the last census report is 1,195,774. This is an increase of 35,469 in the last ten years.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

A dynamite explosion at Oates camp, on the Nashville & Knoxville railroad extension from Monterey to Laurel Creek, killed two men and severely injured several others.

The intense heat of the past two days practically closed several of the bar mills in Pittsburg and badly crippled several others. Several workmen were completely exhausted and others were almost prostrated.

A statue of Henry B. Hyde, the founder of the Equitable Life Assurance company, was unveiled Thursday in the arcade of the company's building, New York. The ceremony was brief. Speeches were made by Chauncey M. Depew and James M. Alexander.

John Higgins, aged 21 years, was shot and killed on the street at Greensburg, Ind., Thursday night. Higgins and a young woman named Davis were quarreling at the time of the shooting. The Davis woman claims that Higgins insisted that she marry him and upon her refusal to do so he drew a revolver and pointed it at her. In the scuffle which followed the weapon was discharged, the ball entering Higgins' head.

A dozen were seriously shocked Thursday night by a bolt of lightning which struck the tower on the Ozark apartment building at Thirty-fifth street and Wabash avenue, Chicago. Exactly eight years ago last night this building suffered from a similar accident.

The band sawmill owned by Salling & Houston, at Grayling, Mich., was destroyed by fire. The loss is $100,000.

Joseph Stockwell, a well-known resident of Flint, Mich., was arrested at Muskegon on a warrant which charges him and four others with conspiracy to blackmail for $20,000 John Rouquet, a wealthy brewer of Saginaw. One of the accused is a woman. Another is an attorney.

The state department has received a report from the vice consul at Dawson City, dated April 9, stating that Consul McCook, who was reported to have died at Dawson, was then in the hospital there rapidly recovering from an attack of acute pneumonia with every prospect of being out in a few days.

At the American exchange, New York, forty-one handsome horses from Tichener & Co.'s Chicago stables, brought the unprecedented sum of $71,225, an average of $1737. This is said to be by far the best average ever obtained for a like number of heavy harness horses at auction either in this country or abroad.

The battleship Iowa was launched Thursday from the Bremerton navy yard, at Seattle, after undergoing repairs and a thorough overhauling. Less than four weeks were required in the great undertaking, although six weeks had been allowed by the navy department. The Iowa is now awaiting sailing orders.

The H. W. Williams Transportation company, of Benton Harbor, has bought an Atlantic ocean liner for the Chicago and South Pacific route. The steamer will be brought to South Haven at once via the St. Lawrence river and the Welland canal.

ORE BUYING.

Movement Quickly Over and Little Done In Last Week.

Cleveland, May 3.—The Iron Trade Review says: The ore-buying movement was quickly over, and little has been done in the past week. Merchant furnacemen in the two valleys, with no definite assurance of the amount of metal the United States Steel corporation would buy from them, have taken on ore sparingly, some providing only for the wants of the next few months. If the purchases of the steel corporation in the open market shall turn out to be 1,500,000 tons in the next year, this being the estimated requirements of twelve months when all steel plants are running full, the merchant furnace outlook will not be so serious as some views have made it. We have already referred to the sales of Mesaba ores from United States Steeel corporation mines as indicating that there was no policy of holding back ores for the company's more remote needs. There are indications, in addition, that the new company is disposed to follow the policy of its constituent ore companies in making ore sales on contracts reaching over a period of years. Recent developments have pointed also to a policy in reference to the Minnesota properties and operations of the steel corporation that will not antagonize or run counter to state interests. The concentration of its iron mining headquarters at Duluth, which seems to be in the plan of the Morgan company, is taken to signify an intention to develop and handle the Minnesota properties on the largest scale.

For cracks in shrunken floors, use Grippin's flexible Crack and Crevice Filler, the only perfect remedy. Fills a universal want. At all paint dealers. Booklet free. Grippin Mfg. Co., Newark, N. Y.

RESENT HIS STATEMENTS.

Girls Who Flirted With Professor Algie Crook.

Delaware, Ohio, May 3.—Professor Algie R. Crook, who holds the chair in mineralogy in Northwestern university, and who has achieved such notoriety through the press, on account of his statement that he had never used tobacco, liquor, oaths nor kissed or hugged a woman in his life, was formerly a student in the Ohio Wesleyan university here.

While in college his father, Rev. Isaac Crook, was pastor of St. Paul's Methodist Episcopal church, of this city. Professor Cook graduated here in 1887, and was four years a resident student. The Ohio Wesleyan university is coeducational, and the lady students of Monnett Hall are noted throughout the country for their beauty, spirit and style. One of the problems which continually confronts the faculty of the university is the tendency of the boys and girls to be too often in one another's company, and sometimes this feature is persisted in to the detriment of the college work.

Mr. Cook's record when here, in this respect, was no better than that of the average student, and he was often seen wandering down the back streets in the company of one of the fair damsels of the university. His statement as to his never having kissed a woman in his life may be true, but his theory that the love germ does not thrive in a scientific atmosphere can only be maintained by his confession that he had not yet enveloped himself in that atmosphere when here in college. The girls of Monnett Hall, who were in college during his career here, will bitterly resent the professor's rebuke to the sex.

HENDREN & TALLANT CO. — The New Store — HENDREN & TALLANT CO.

Boleros Reveres

Those who dress well admire with no small amount of satisfaction the handsome line of Battenberg and Point Lace Boleros, Collars and Reveres we show. They must be seen to be appreciated.

Belt Bargains

Our stock is teeming with all that is new and desirable in Belts, either leather, velvet or satin. To maintain this stock at its high point of excellence, we offer for Saturday the following to clean up the stock:

For Saturday—A line of Leather Belts some carved, others plain and patent leathers—some sold as high as $1.00 each. To close this lot of Remnants, we place them in two lots—at ..... **25c and 15c**

At Drug Counter

Large Chamois Skins ..... 19c and 10c
Epsom Salts, half-pound box 4c
Rochelle Salts, half-pound box 15c
Washed Sulphur, half-pound box 8c
Precipitated Chalk, half-pound box 7c
Borax, half-pound box 6c
Flax Seed Meal, half-pound box 8c
Moth Balls, large box 8c
Sea Salt, 2½-pound box 7c

Colgate's Perfumes—the following Extracts—Wood Violet, Lilly of the Valley, Rose Geraniums, Musk, Pansy Blossom, White Rose, Sweet Pink, Mignonette, Heliotrope, Stolen Sweets and Jockey Club—an ounce—and we furnish the bottle—Saturday **23c**

The $2.98 Shoe.

Is growing more in popular favor every day. We studied hard and long until we were certain it would be a winner. We show twenty different styles—for walking or for dress. Our guarantee—"a new pair if not good wear." Also guaranteed to eclipse any shoe sold for $3.50 in Duluth—none excepted.

A bargain in Oxfords—a large assortment of two button or lace—cloth tops or kid—several styles and qualties—ranging from $1.50 to $2.00 per pair—Saturday you can buy them for the very low price of **98c**

Corsets.

Among the many corsets received this week are these desirable corsets

New straight front W. B. Corsets—Batiste or summer net—not a newer style in a corset displayed—price for tomorrow **$1.00**

A full line of Summer Net Corsets—they are made in very good shapes and styles—special prices for tomorrow are ..... **50c, 39c and 25c**

Hip Pads, Bustles.

A new line of Hip Pads and Bustles in the light summer wire. Made to conform with the latest cut in dresses.

Skirts and Children's Jackets.

We shall say but little about the suit room in this space. The prices on the garments described will speak in much louder tones. We have many more equally as good. The approachable prices extend to our line of Suits and Silk Waists.

Walking Skirt—this is not an ordinary value but an extra special—at Saturday's price we will be compelled to charge extra for alterations—Skirt in tans, oxfords and browns—**$4.25** never sold for less than $6.50—Saturday only $4.25

Black Serge Skirt—a special value, cut with the new flare—trimmed with satin—is good value at $8.50—for Saturday **$6.50** you get them at $6.50.

Street Skirt—a broken lot that we wish to close—sizes remaining are good ones, but they are a remnant lot and must go—colors grays, browns and blacks—cloths of ziboline, homespun and serge—were our $6.48 skirts—price to close the lot **$3.48**

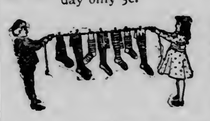
Walking Skirt—cut with the most desirable flare—handsomely stitched—in colors—a perfect skirt—Saturday you can buy them here at this low price of **$12.50**

Children's Jackets, ages 3 to 12 years—a Special strong line—trimmed with satin and braid—box cape—L'Aigion collars—every new effect—colors, tans, greens, blues—styles to please all and prices that meet every purse—prices $1.75, $2.50, $3.98 and **$1.75** **$4.00**

Hosiery and Underwear.

We put forth every effort possible to have this department far excel all others of its kind. We measure our success by the responses we receive. If you have not visited this department you are but one of the few who have not. You'll not find any to equal these extraordinary money-saving opportunities elsewhere.

5c *Women's low neck and sleeveless* Vests—ribbed—Special price for Saturday only 5c.



Women's low neck sleeveless vest or low neck and short sleeves; vests taped—**10c** Saturday at 10c.

12½c *Women's silk taped low neck* and sleeveless Vests—a Vest just received—Saturday's special price 12½c.

Complete line of Black Cat Hosiery.

Women's Combination Suits—silk taped—knee length—sleeveless and silk taped—See them Saturday for **25c**

Women's "Forest Mills" Pants and Vests—pants, ankle or knee length; vests high neck and long sleeves **25c**

Women's black Hose, three thread heel, toe and sole—fast black—wear resisters—3 pairs 25c or, a pair **10c**

Women's black Hose with white feet—spliced heel, toe and sole—is a genuine bargain at, a pair **15c**

Women's Lisle Gloves—all colors and sizes—an extra special; Saturday's sale price is **25c**

Women's Kid Gloves; an elegant assortment shades **$1.00**

—all sizes—worth $1.25—a pair

Women's Lisle Gloves; colors black, tan, modes, grays, white—an extra quality and an exceptional value at **50c**

Children's Kid Gloves; full line of shades—any size—is a $1 25 Glove, Saturday, the pair. **$1.00**

Men's Furnishings.

Ever since we enlarged this department and added the new lines the department has steadily increased in the volume of business done. This department is conveniently located near the elevator, and such values as are offered here will certainly appeal to those of an economical nature. Read the following special low prices:

Men's Muslin Night Shirts—a soft, fine muslin—full length and width, collar and front trimmed handsomely with white and colored finishing braid, sleeves trimmed—worth $1.00 each. Saturday only 69c. **69c**

Men's Silk Initial Japonette handkerchiefs—worth 15c each, on Saturday they will be sold at the special low price of 9c. **9c**

Boys' Negligee Shirts—fine line of colors—collars and cuffs attached—sell for 50c regularly—Saturday the price is 37½c. **37½**

Men's Ties—it's an easy matter to find 25c ties, but to find the quality we offer at that price is a different proposition. You'll pay 39c for the derby and bow ties we offer Saturday at **25c**

Men's white foot Hose—we secured a special lot of regular 25c hose so that we can sell them Saturday for **19c**

Men's Ribbed Underwear—not too heavy nor too light, but just the right weight—blue and flesh color—Saturday each **48c**

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best known remedy for DIARRHOEA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

NEW QUARTERS

at **2110--2112 West Superior Street,** which is next to Johnson & Moe's Department Store. We invite our customers to call. We are not entirely settled, but nevertheless our power to save you dollars remains active.

JUST SOME SAMPLES--

SATURDAY, MAY 4. **MONDAY, MAY 6.**

COLUMBIA BICYCLES

Reach the pinnacle of wheeling excellence. Prices—

$50 00 and $75.00

Cleveland Wheels present features all their own—Burwell tires, Cleveland gear case. Prices—

$35, $40 and $50

$12.95 for a Bicycle—padded saddle, one-piece crank—our Jay Bird.

Watch for and read our handbills, left at your door Saturday morning—it means profit to you if you take advantage.

CARBIDE

For Gas Lamps—a 2-lb can only---------- **21c**

M. & W. INNER TUBES

No. 1 quality. Regular price $1.25 each—these 2 days,

$1.85 per Pair

—or—

$1.00 for one

CENTER TABLES.

Tables on which our usual price is $1 go at **67c**
$1.25 go at **93c**
$1.75 go at **$1.32**

YOURS FOR BUSINESS,

R. R. FORWARD & CO.,

2110--2112 W. Superior St., Duluth.

The "Hardware Hustlers"--still.

CHANGED RULINGS

State Educational Department Reviews Examination Markings.

New Law Which Benefits St. Louis County Schools.

Summer School This Year to Be Exceptionally Good.

A. T. Park, county superintendent of schools, has succeeded in having the certificates withheld at the last examination of the teachers made out and sent to him to be delivered to the teachers to whom they belong. Exception was taken to the markings given a number of the teachers here at the last examination, and the county superintendent took it up with the state department with the result that the papers were re-read and the markings changed.

The teachers receiving the certificates are: Mrs. Mation Hall, first grade; Miss Chrissy Hanson, second grade; Miss Alys Dolan, second grade; Miss Marcella Keating, second grade. These certificates will be sent to the respective owners, with the exception of those made out to Miss Hanson and Miss Keating, as Superintendent Park did not get their address. He suggests that if they live in the city they might call at his office and get the papers.

There are just two more certificates withheld under these circumstances, and Mr. Park hopes to secure these soon. When these last two certificates arrive it can be said that not one teacher failed at the recent teachers' examination, a record gratifying to the county educational department.

There have been several enquiries as to the workings of the new law which grants state aid to schools, and this morning Superintendent Park explained its provisions. Said he:

"The new law applies to semi-graded and rural schools, and as introduced by Representative Alford and passed reads that each school building in a district which employs a teacher shall receive state aid. The old law provided that each school district should receive this aid, and it worked all right in the districts in the southern part of the state where there was but one school house to a district, but in this county there are seven or eight school houses in some of the districts and the question was whether each should receive $100 or the whole district $100."

St. Louis county is not to be cut short of instructors at the summer school this year, as was at first feared, a letter to that effect being received by Superintendent Park today from the state superintendent of public instruction, J. W. Olsen. The latter wrote as follows:

"Upon looking entirely over the situation we have concluded to economize elsewhere and give St. Louis county the same number of instructors that it had last year instead of a less number which I wrote you recently."

Preparations are progressing nicely for one of the finest summer schools for teachers this coming summer, that has been held here. It is expected that the circulars will be issued in a few days. Superintendent Denfeld, of the city schools, will be the conductor.

County Superintendent Park has returned from a visit to Fargo and visited some of the range schools this week. Next Monday he will visit those in the vicinity of Floodwood and possibly at Soudan and Tower during the latter part of the week.

WANTS HURST TO PAY.

Frderick L. Gilbert Brings a Suit.

Frederick L. Gilbert yesterday afternoon began a suit in district court against James T. Hurst, his former partner, to recover $12,667.39 claimed to be due. He claims that in 1895 he made two notes for $2500 each for the use of the firm, but that Hurst sold them and used the proceeds for his own benefit and only repaid a portion of the money. On this count he demands $2622.50. He also claims that when, in 1896, the firm became somewhat embarrassed and they concluded to liquidate, the partnership property was not enough to satisfy the debts, and he had to go down in his own pocket and pay $18,069.78. He wants Hurst compelled to reimburse him for his half of this sum, or $9034.89. Davis, Hollister & Hicks are the attorneys.

To Recollect Insurance.

E. F. Alford, as receiver for the S. J. Thomas Lumber company, yesterday afternoon in district court began a suit to recover $1000 from the Consolidated Fire and Marine Insurance company on a fire insurance policy on a sawmill in Cook county which burned in August, 1900. The loss is claimed to have been $1500, and it is alleged that when the claim was presented the company denied any liability for the loss. Alford & Hunt are the attorneys.

POSTMASTER AND PENSION.

Washington, May 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—John Frevel has been appointed postmaster at New Munich, Stearns county, vice John Altman, resigned. A war with Spain original pension of $6 per month has been granted to John Krause, of Little Falls.

The meetings at the Lake Avenue Bethel, now being conducted by Mrs. Amanda Smith, are well attended and with growing interest. Mrs. Smith will speak this evening, and on Saturday evening at 7:45.

COMMITTEE.

Mayor Hugo Announces Fourth of July Appointments.

Mayor Hugo has selected the executive committee for the monster Fourth of July celebration. It was announced this afternoon as follows: Col. C. H. Graves, John Christie, William McEwen and E. L. Millar. Mayor Hugo is also a member of the executive committee by virtue of his office. This general committee will go over the plans and have a number of important propositions to make at the general committee meeting next Friday evening. The general committee for this big celebration consists of the following men:

Mayor T. W. Hugo,	George K. Nesbitt,
Col. C. H. Graves,	Gordon O'Neil,
A. H. Comstock,	Louis S. Loeb,
M. A. Ryan,	C. W. Ericson,
J. T. Armstead,	Swan Hanson,
W. C. Sargent,	Frank Crusswelter,
D. E. Stevens,	Paul Sharvy,
George Powers,	E. G. Segog,
F. L. Ryan,	William E. McEwen,
C. E. Richardson,	Thomas E. Hill,
H. W. Lanners,	George Fisher,
A. Ferguson,	H. Van Brunt,
W. B. Silvey,	C. H. Thornton,
F. W. Kucler,	A. Pitger,
George H. Crosby,	E. L. Millar.
Harry Lamont	

April Police Record.

During the month of April the police department did an unusually rushing business. Officers rushed fifty vags out of town and rushed 211 prisoners behind the grating. The patrol wagon rushed 258 miles to get prisoners.

During the chilly nights last month 319 homeless, penniless men applied at headquarters for lodging. Property stolen during the month was estimated at $1189, while $831 of that amount was recovered.

Commercial Travelers.

Go to Armory tonight. Promenade concert and dance. Duluth City band.

Jennie—To have a round beautiful neck wiggle your head from side to side every night and take Rocky Mountain Tea. It's a short cut to a graceful form. 25c. Ask your druggist.

AT WEST DULUTH

Many West Duluthians have had an idea of late that the paving proposition on Central avenue had died a natural death after making several desperate kicks for existence during the winter and early spring months. The paving question is far from being a dead issue out here, however, for all hope having been given up that the property owners would make a move to improve the street on which their property faces, the West Duluth merchants who have been driven fairly desperate by the dense clouds of dust that have been drifting into their stores and damaging their goods, have taken the matter in hand and are pushing it hard toward an end which they believe means a paved street in front of the business houses, at least. Petitions are already being drawn up and will be printed and sent to the property owners to sign, asking for a cedar block pavement, the blocks to be of the very best quality, on a good plank foundation and with a granite curbing. There are two forms of the petitions. The first asks for the paving of Central avenue from Main street to the Northern Pacific Railway company's tracks. The second petition asks for the paving from Main street to Cody street, which joins Central avenue at the West Duluth fire hall. Both forms of the petition will be sent to the property owners from Main street to Cody street and they will be requested to sign each. If enough property owners from the railroad tracks to Cody street can be induced to sign, the pavement will be assured to the fire hall, but the merchants hope to get enough signers to secure the pavement at least from Main street to the railroad tracks.

STACK & CO.

The Values We Offer In This Ad Are Not to be Met With Elsewhere.

85 BARGAINS IN SEASONABLE GOODS 85

2½c for a package of Envelopes, they are always sold at 5c per package—and are well worth the price.	**7c** a pair for Ladies' fast Black Hose—a rare bargain for tomorrow's sale—good value at..... .....10c	**25c** each for Children's White Aprons, well made—nicely trimmed and well worth 50c	**39c** each for pure bristle Hair—metal face—regularly worth and regularly sold at $1.00	**50c** for triplicate folding Mirror, nickeled frame, plate mirror effect—worth 98c
19c a pair for all-silk Mittens, in Black only—these Mittens are a bargain at 35c	**10c** each for Gentlemen's 4-ply laundered Linen Collars—worth 19c	**75c** for Ladies' Shopping Bags, very serviceable and good value for $1.35	**5c** for a fine Paper Tablet—these Tablets are regularly sold for..... .....10c	**2c** each for a 3-inch Imitation Tortoise Shell Pin—worth 5c
$1.25 each for 27x51 Moquette Rugs—new patterns—good value at..... .....$2.50	**25c** a pair for Ladies' Fancy striped Hose, always worth 39c	**3c** for a cake of Toilet Soap that cannot be equaled at 5c	**89** each for Ingersoll's Watches—guaranteed—others always ask $1.00	**1c** for a paper of a doz Hooks and Eyes—the regular price of which is..5c
50c each for steel-rod, paragon frame Umbrellas, worth from..... .....63c to $1.50	**10c** a pair for Gentlemen's fancy Hose—these Hose are always sold at..... ..15c	**2c** a spool for 200-yard spools of 3-thread Cotton, worth any time..... 4c	**5c** a yard for two thousand yards of Fancy Laces, worth ..... 10c, 15c and 19c	**75c** a pair for Ladies' Kid Gloves, warranted to be worth $1.00
10c a bottle for the "ready mender" Crockery Cement, mends everything; worth ...25c	**½c** a yard for all Silk Baby Ribbon—in all colors—regularly sold at..... .... 1c	**1c** a pair for 5-4 Red Shoe Laces—These Laces are worth and sold at..... 5c	**25c** each for Gentlemen's Shirts and Drawers, a Great Bargain, worth 39c	**2c** per yard for Black Brush Binding—the regular goods sold for.....5c
3¾c Cambric, best skirt Lining soft finish, all colors, worth 6c	**24c** a yard for heavy German Table Damask, full 60 inches wide, worth 35c	**75c** for Bed Spreads large size of fine combed yarn—good value at..... $1.00	**69c** for Ladies' Calico Wrappers, made of good quality cloth, worth..... 98c	**$1.25** for Lace Curtains, extra large size, fine net, worth $1.75
7c a yard for Silesia, heavy twill, Gray and Black, good quality, worth 12½c	**12½c** yard for White Dimities and Lace-striped Lawns, regular price.. .....15c	**35c** for Sheets, full bleached, size 54x90, fine soft finish, and worth 45c	**$1.25** for Ladies' PercaleWrappers, made with yoke and ruffle, worth....$1.50	**$1.98** for Lace Curtains, 3½ yds long, 60-in wide, regular at $2.50
3½c per yard for Toweling, white and brown twilled, and worth 5c	**10c** a yard for Dotted Swiss, full width, fine sheer quality, and worth 15c	**50c** only for Sheets, best standard brand, 72x90, regular selling price 65c	**$1.00** for Ladies' Mercerized Underskirts, double ruffle, worth $1.75	**$2.50** for Lace Curtains, beautiful floral design, regular at $3.50
4c a yard for White Mosquito Netting, full width, regular price always 6c	**10c** each for Huck Towels, size 18x36, extra good value and always sold for.....15c	**$1.25** for Comforts, full size, best Silkoline lining, good batting, worth $1.75	**$1.98** for Ladies' Mercerized Underskirts, 12-in accordion Plait, worth ...$2.50	**12½c** a yard for Drapery Sateen, twilled, pretty patterns, worth 20c
9c for Pillow Cases, size 36x45, good quality muslin—a great bargain, worth.....12½c	**65c** for Fringed Table Cloth, large size, Red and Blue border, worth 89c	**25c** for a Window shade, complete with fixtures, best cloth—worth 35c	**$2.98** only for Silk Waists, Black and colors, regular price is..... ..... $4.50	**4c** a yard for Curtain Scrim, 28 inches wide, regular price..... ..... 7c
5c each for Fringed Towels, full size—full bleached; these are a bargain at 10c	**5c** a yard for Shirting Cheviots, fancy stripes, splendid value for..... .....10c	**$1.98** for Linen Table Set, Cloth and dozen Napkins, fine goods, worth $2.75	**48c** for Shirt Waists, Percale and Madras cloth—a trade-winner—worth 98c	**98c** for Tapestry Table Covers, fringed, 6-4 size, assted colors, worth $1.50
2½c for a package of Shelf Paper, in all colors, the regular price of which is 5c	**2½c** for a package of Laundering Washing Compound, worth 5c	**5c** for a package of Camphor Balls, staple goods sold everywhere at 10c	**2c** for bar of Stack's Happy Day Soap—this Soap is worth double the price we ask.	**5c** for a pkge of 40 Clothes Pins, best hardwood, worth 10c
15c for Coffee Mills—a genuine snap—These Mills are never sold for less than.....25c	**12½c** for a fine hardwood knife and fork box, regular at 20c	**15c** for Parlor House Brooms, fine corn, these Brooms would be cheap at..... 25c	**12½c** for Zinc Crimp Wash Boards, full size, regularly sold for 25c	**12½c** for a short D handle heavy Iron Spade, worth 65c
15c for square cut half soles, hemlock tanned stock, sold regularly at 20c	**12½c** for Oak Curtain Rods, with trimmings, sold regular at..... .....25c	**5c** for Brass Extension Curtain Rods—the kind always sold for..... 10c	**89c** for Curtain Stretchers, the never-sag kind, worth always $1.25	**45c** for full-size No. 8 Wash Boilers, regularly sold at..... 75c
1c for a box of the best Parlor Matches—200 Matches in a box, always worth 5c	**25c** for a nickel-plated Crumb Tray and Scraper, worth regular 45c	**25c** for a very handsome Nickeled brass waiter, regular price 45c	**21c** for a large Glass Stand Lamp, with a No. 2 burner, regular price..... .....35c	**19c** for a handsome glazed Jardiniere, regular price 35c
10c for Bohemian Glass Vases, fine decorations, regular price 25c	**10c** for an Imitation Cut Glass Molasses Can—always sold for..... 20c	**9c** for Hunter's Flour Sifters—a handy article at a snap—sold regularly at.....15c	**12½c** for a 14-quart Dish Pan—pieced—sold regularly at 25c	**10c** for 12-quart Water Pails—a staple article, and always sold at....20c
$1.50 for Grand Rapids Puritan Carpet Sweepers, worth $2.00	**19c** for all sizes in Boys' Pants, 4 to 14 years, regularly sold at..... ..... 35c	**$1.89** for the celebrated Great Western Washing Machine, worth $3.00	**59c** for an 8-quart Granite Berline Kettles in Blue enamel, worth $1.00	**12½c** for Fiber WashBasins large size, and worth regularly 25c

PHILLIPS

218 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

Smart appearance, trim fit, splendid wear and snug comfort, all combined in every pair of **Lair, Schober & Co.** Ladies' Fine Boots.

The Princess,

Our $3.50 Ladies' Boot

A beautiful Boot to look at—dainty, yet substantial. Irreproachable in make and finish. Made in twenty styles. Vici Kid, Enamel and Patent leather.

Ladies' $1.50 Vici Kid Strap Sandals, per pair---------- **$1.25**

Ladies' $1.25 Strap Sandals—per pair---------- **98c**

Misses' Kid Lace Shoes, heavy soles, patent leather tips, sizes 11 to 2, $1.35 value—price ---------- **98c**

Child's Kid Lace Shoes, fancy cloth tops, patent leather tips, sizes 5 to 8—special Saturday, ---------- **69c**

Infants' Soft Soles, in all colors—at— ***25c, 35c, 50c, 75c***

Wear a pair of our LADIES' "FAIR WEAR" SHOES.

The best fitting, the best wearing, and always satisfactory. Ask to see them. Price--

$2.50

"You always get your money's worth."

Walk-Over Shoes for Gentlemen

$3.50 and $4.00

Shoes that lead all others.

Strong & Garfield and the Stetson Shoes — made in Ideal kid, patent calf, English enamel, Vici kid, Velour calf—

$5 and $6

BOYS' SHOES

$1.50 a Pair

Boys' Steel Clad Shoes—They have little horseshoes all over the soles—all sizes—per pair---------- **$1.50**

Boys' Satin Calf Shoes, good strong soles—sizes 5 to 11--- **$1.25**

Boys' Oil Calf Shoes, serviceable school shoes------ **$1.39**

Boys' seamless grain shoes, made to turn water---------- **$1.50**

RUN TO THE DOCK.

The ore movement to the Missabe docks began yesterday when four trains of ore came down from Proctorknott and were unloaded at the dock. It was the first time this season that trains have been on the hill run. About twenty trains of ore had accumulated in the yards at Proctor. Shipments from the mines have been light to date, but the output will be materially increased when the boats begin to run. A large number of men have been applying for work on the road at Proctorknott.

A PECULIAR ACCIDENT.

Mrs. Erickson, of Spirit Lake, was the victim of a very peculiar and serious accident on Wednesday afternoon of this week. She was digging up a small tree to be transplanted and while standing on a log and pulling upward on the young tree, the branch that she was holding broke and Mrs. Erickson fell on a sharp stub on the log, receiving an ugly wound that bled so freely that it was feared she would bleed to death before medical assistance could be secured. Dr. Burnside attended and dressed the wound, which, though serious, will heal after a time.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

The Anna Stang hive, No. 61, L. O. T. M., gave a very successful dancing party in Gilley's hall last evening.

Mrs. J. M. Boyngton and Mrs. J. H. Premo, who have been at the home of S. J. Nygren for several weeks, returned yesterday to their home in Minneapolis.

The board of public works has a force of men at work today strengthening and repairing the old wooden viaduct over Oneota street, between Forty-second and Forty-third avenues west. A great many of the piles supporting the structure have rotted off, and it has been for some time in a dangerous condition. The street cars are being run over it very slowly today and only one car is permitted on it at a time.

At an investigation in the company's office of the accident which happened to Fred Harwood, of Proctorknott, who was killed under the cars there the other night, it was decided that none of the trainmen were to blame.

The funeral of Fred Harwood, the brakeman killed at Proctorknott on Tuesday evening, will be held at Proctorknott next Sunday. The funeral will be in charge of the Knights of Pythias.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank J. Burke, of Proctorknott, are visiting at their old home in Eastville, Ill.

Proctorknott, have gone to Chicago, where Mr. Burke will attend an air brake convention. They will visit in the Twin Cities on their way back.

Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Conant have returned to their home in Proctorknott, after a several months' visit in Quicksbend, Pa.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Code, of Proctor-

John Corrigan, roadmaster for the Mitchell & McClure logging railway, has returned to his home in Proctorknott for the summer.

Richard Schell left yesterday for a trip on the range.

Grand Ball

To be given at the West Duluth Match factory, May 7, music by the Columbia Quadrille Band, 6 pieces. Admission 50c. Supper extra. Fuller & Ryan, Proprietors.

John Boardwell, who was arrested on the charge of being drunk and disorderly and putting his family out of doors at night, was yesterday found guilty in Justice Stone's court and given a fine of $10 or ten days on the rock pile. Boardwell hustled around town for the ten plunks, but could not find them, so will serve out his sentence.

The West Duluth Junior ball team will play the Fremuth team at the West End park on Sunday.

The regular meeting of the West Duluth Republican club will take place on Saturday evening. Further banquet arrangements will be announced.

Mrs. Robert Hayden is reported ill.

Neil Simpson, of Oneota, is able to be out, after a two months' sickness with typhoid fever.

T. F. Wieland, of Bayfield, was a business caller here yesterday.

W. E. Green left yesterday for a business trip to Sault Ste. Marie.

Everything in wall paper and paints at Nygren's.

We received recently a 5-dozen lot of men's fancy shirts that we sold at 50 cents. They sold out so quickly that we concluded to duplicate the order, and have today received ten dozen that we have opened at the same price. We would say to those who want two good shirts for $1, come quick.

HENDRICKS DRY GOODS CO.

Rev. T. K. Thorvilson, of Eau Claire, Wis., gave an interesting address last night at the Norwegian Lutheran church. As an advocate of temperance and prohibition, he has gained great prominence, and is a very entertaining speaker.

A great trick rider

may perform difficult feats on a bicycle, but an every-day rider is satisfied to make quick time, with little exertion, on a light, easy running wheel like the CRESCENT. It is the best wheel in the market for a century run, and never tires the rider. Everybody else is buying CRESCENTS; why shouldn't you? They are only $25, $35 and $50.

WIELAND & WADE,

Dealers in Reliable Hardware,

323 West First Street, Duluth.

317 Central Avenue, West Duluth.

Hendricks Dry Goods COMPANY.

Visit our

Millinery Department

AND SELECT YOU NEW HAT FOR SUNDAY.

Ladies' Hats made to your order.
Ladies' already trimmed Hats to select from.
Ladies' ready-to-wear Hats.
Ladies' Straw Hats.
Misses' and Children's Hats and Bonnets all ready to wear.

SPECIAL SALE of Ladies' Kid Gloves, at—per pair..... **59c**

Ladies' Kid Gloves, all colors and sizes, warranted—at, per pair..... **$1.50**

New stock of Ladies and Children's Hosiery and Underwear.

Ladies' Shirt Waists, for Saturday— **50c, 75c to $1.00**

We offer for Saturday, special values in Ladies' Petticoats at greatly reduced prices.

We have just received from some of the best factories in the country, about 12 to 15 dozen Ladies' Fine Shoes, and can offer the best Shoe for style, finish and wear, that money can buy.

Our celebrated Czarina is a regular $3 Shoe; Hendrick's price is..... **$2.50**

24 pairs dongola stock-tip, lace, good value at $2.00; Hendrick's price now, pair..... **$1.50**

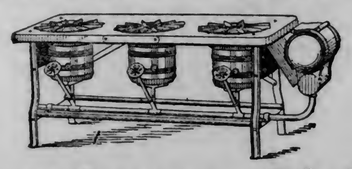
48 pairs Ladies' fine $3.50 Shoes just received; we will make these for Saturday just.. **$3.00**

Full stock Boys', Misses, and Children's Shoes at lowest prices.

Hendricks Dry Goods Co.

The Difference in the FUEL

Coal and wood are wasteful fuels and the litter they make is doubly troublesome in hot weather. Get a **Wickless Blue Flame Oil Stove** and your fuel will be the same you use in your lamps. It will cost one-half cent an hour and you will burn every cent's worth you pay for instead of throwing a third away in ashes.



WICKLESS

Blue Flame Oil Stoves

are as safe as coal stoves and they are cooler, cleaner, more convenient and more economical. Made in many sizes. Sold everywhere. If your dealer does not have them write to the nearest agency of

STANDARD OIL COMPANY

He Has Cured Thousands Given up to die.

DR. REA

Next regular professional visit to Duluth at

Spalding Hotel, Saturday, May 4,

From 9 a. m. until 4 p. m.

Returning every month. Consult him while the opportunity is at hand.

DR. REA has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He will give $50 for any case that he cannot tell the disease and where located in five minutes.

All curable medical and surgical diseases, acute and chronic catarrh, and Special Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung disease, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney, Liver, Bladder, Prostatic and Female diseases, Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity, Interrupted Nutrition, Slow Growth in Children, and all wasting disease in adults. Many cases of Deafness, Ringing in the Ears, Loss of Eyesight, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated or neglected, can be easily restored. Deformities, Club Feet, Curvature of the Spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease, Dropsy, Swelling of the Limbs, Stricture, Open Sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long-standing diseases properly treated. Young, middle-aged and old, single or married men and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage; also blood and skin diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder troubles, Weak Back, burning Urine, passing urine too often, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, Recent Scorching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

Cancers, Tumors, Goiter, Fistula, Piles,

Varicocele and enlarged glands with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the nineteenth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00.

DR. REA & CO.,
Minneapolis, Minn. Louisville, Ky.

WESSON ODORLESS COOKING OIL removes the stomach terror of lard-made pies!

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink **ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.** Sold in Duluth at

The Ideal Beer Hall.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, DULUTH, Minn., April 6, 1901. Sealed proposals for building pile and timber revetment for ship canals across Keweenaw point, Mich., will be received here until noon May 6, 1901, and then publicly opened. Information on application here, or at branch offices, Houghton, Mich. D. D. Gaillard, Captain Engineers.

Duluth Evening Herald, April-6-8-9-10-May-3-4-1901.

THEY WON FORTUNES

Gainers By the Rise of Stocks In Wall Street.

Standard Oil Crowd Has Made the Largest Winning.

Harry Oliver of Pittsburg Has Netted Ten Million Dollars.

New York May 3.—The rise in stocks since the boom started about six months ago shows a gain of about $2,000,000,000.

Who got the money?

The inquiry opens with a fascinating subject and gives great play to the imagination as well as infinite latitude for a plain statement of facts. The bulk of the appreciation must be placed to the credit of the whole of the permanent holders of the securities, but aside from that class there are thousands and tens of thousands of speculators who have made enormous sums of money.

The Standard Oil crowd, with John D. Rockefeller at its head, has made the largest winning, and if it could realize in cash on the vast mass of stocks and bonds held by it the profit would show not less than $100,000,000, and the aggregate might be $60,000,000 higher. Mr. Rockefeller alone is better off by $250,000,000 than he was six months ago.

The Vanderbilt family comes next on the list with profits of at least $150,000,000, which has been reinvested in the securities of the railroad systems with which the Vanderbilt name is identified. The family interest has probably not been increased in New York Central or Lake Shore, but has undoubtedly been expended in Union Pacific, Northwestern and the western end of the combination.

The Gould holdings would sell for $75,000,000 more than could have been obtained for them three weeks before the re-election of McKinley. The substantial syndicates which for years held the control of the Pennsylvania, Louisville and Nashville, St. Paul, Rock Island, Illinois Central, Atchison and the Pacifics can safely add 50 per cent to 100 per cent to the appraisement of their assets on the basis of quotations six months ago.

These syndicates are, for the most part, located in Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Chicago, London and Amsterdam. The men composing them are among the most solid bankers and capitalists in the world, and they never appear in speculation, as the phrase is commonly understood.

What J. Pierpont Morgan has made nobody can say, until the present incomplete stage of many of the enterprises in which he is interested no estimate of his status would have value. He may be $50,000,000 or better off than he was last fall, or he may be $150,000,000 to the good. He stands in a position of underwriter or indorser on securities of the par value of $2,000,000,000. These securities are now in high favor and in great public demand.

The second class of multi-millionaires, whose fortunes have been fabulously increased by reason of the extraordinary boom in prices, includes such men as Marshall Field, of Chicago, who is $25,000,000 richer; Norman B. Ream, of Chicago, profits $15,000,000; John W. Gates and I. N. Wood, of Chicago, each $15,000,000; H. H. Porter, $20,000,000; E. H. Hardiman, $25,000,000; W. H. and J. H. Moore, each $20,000,000; D. G. Reid, of Richmond, Ind., Chicago, Ill., and New York, $15,000,000; W. B. Leeds, his associate, $10,000,000; W. C. Whitney, $15,000,000, and Harry Oliver, Pittsburg, $10,000,000.

Coming down the scale a little further we have S. M. Nickerson, former president and majority owner of the First National (Secretary Gage's bank of Chicago, who has cleared $1,000,000 through association with H. H. Porter. Mr. Nickerson is now a resident of New York, and it is said intends to establish a great banking trust concern, of which Secretary Gage may be asked to become the president.

John Dupee, the veteran New York and Chicago stock broker, has cleared $2,000,000 since Jan. 1 bulling the granger stocks. Peter Kimberly, of Sharon, Pa., has cleared up about $5,000,000 on the sale of ore properties to the big steel combine.

Everybody identified with the steel properties taken into the United States Steel corporation has profited enormously, not only by reason of identification with the deal, but in general speculation there has been a great deal of plunging by these fortunate gentlemen, with almost no losings to be charged against them.

Robert T. Lincoln, of Chicago, son of the martyred president, is said to be ahead of the game $2,000,000. He doesn't speculate, but was very fortunate in his investments on account of his close association with N. B. Ream and Marshall Field. Mr. Lincoln is one of the trustees of the George M. Pullman estate, out of which he has drawn fees to the extent of $250,000.

Frank O. Lowden, who married into the Pullman family, and would like to be United States senator, is said to have pulled $2,500,000 out of the stock market.

Gen. Horace F. Porter, United States minister of France, can count his profits in the seven figures. He has dealt at long range and very conservatively, most of his gains being due to legitimate advice on his investments.

W. H. White, who startled Washington two years ago by winning $1,500,000 from a shoe string, and lost it again, has made back his fortune and added considerably thereto, his winning during the last six months having been close to $2,000,000. White moved over to New York a few months ago in order to be close to the game he is playing.

FLIRTATION

Begun By a Society Bride Led to a Divorce.

St. Louis, Mo., May 3.—Following close upon her divorce from Wallace D. Capen, Mrs. Florence Lucas Capen, a member of one of St. Louis' oldest families, secured a marriage license at the city hall at 9 a. m. Tuesday to wed Julius A. Boyer.

The couple then proceeded to the home of the bride's father, Robert J. Lucas, in Normandy, St. Louis county, where they were quietly wedded in the presence of only immediate members of the family.

Boyer received considerable notoriety in connection with the divorce proceedings, which were begun by Capen. Capen declared that about the beginning of his married life a flirtation was begun between his wife and Boyer one evening in Faust's restaurant. She eloped with Capen Sept. 1, 1897, creating a furor in society, both being members of prominent families.

HE WAS INNOCENT.

Postmaster Cleared of the Charge of Robbery.

Kansas City, Mo., May 3.—The case against former Postmaster Boggs, of Shawnee, Okla., for robbing the mails, has been dismissed. Boggs, after his conviction, fought the case through every court, including the United States supreme court, and lost each time. Then another man confessed the robbery.

THE USUAL RESULT.

Children Burned While Parents Were at Church.

Burksville, Ky., May 3.—A farmer named Bowler, and his wife, living near Clementsville, went to church and left their two little children. Returning, they found their home in ashes and the little ones burned to death.

WEDDED HER ATTORNEY.

Woman Getting a Divorce Fell In Love.

Philadelphia, May 3.—A courtship of a romantic nature was ended Tuesday when Frederick C. Newbourg, Jr., married Mrs. Florence Edna MacKenzie, for whom he was counsel in divorce proceedings against William A. MacKenzie.

Newbourg is only 26 years old and Mrs. MacKenzie 22. She was divorced from her first husband in June last on grounds of cruel and barbarous treatment.

The divorce suit was filed in February of last year. Relations between the young lawyer and his client soon ripened into love, and Newbourg withdrew as counsel. The divorce was granted June 14. Wednesday the couple secured a license. The wedding was quietly solemnized and Mr. and Mrs. Newbourg departed on a wedding trip.

"I had a running, itching sore on my leg. Suffered tortures. Doan's Ointment took away the burning and itching instantly, and quickly effected permanent cure." C. W. Lenhart, Bowling Green, Ohio.

ERRATIC HEIRESS

Even While Dying She Refused to See Her Relatives.

Regarded Them as Foes For More Than Twelve Years.

Lived Surrounded By Servants But Barred From Others.

Champaign, Ill., May 3.—Death veils a little room in the Hotel Beardsley, and were the decedent to have her way it would be more than a veil—an octopus guard barring all windows, all doors against relatives whom she had regarded as foes for longer than twelve years. Miss Ida Harris, the only daughter of B. F. Harris, man of millions, is dead, and a grim smile still plays about her countenance, even in death, to tell of a nature erratic, unforgiving, haughty, perhaps triumphant.

Days ago the proud heiress, she who could handle revolver as adroitly as the ribbons of a four-in-hand, became ill. Father and brothers visited the hotel and sought to effect a death-bed reconciliation.

"Keep them out," she said when an attempt would be made, and the nurse, her only companion, would go to the door and bar it, and departing footsteps would bear witness to a lost daughter's lost love.

Fifteen years ago Ida was divorced from her husband, Thomas Coffin. She resumed her maiden name. Three years later she quarreled with her family. Separation followed. Not a word had she spoken to one of them for years. She had lived all alone. Letters had been torn into bits without perusal. Sneers and the upturned nose had been the response to cordial glances on the street. So all alone, with her money and her whims, Ida had lived.

Six years ago Champaign gave the country a choice little newspaper story. Ida had had a squabble with Miss Sherfy, a Congregational church member.

"I have been insulted," was Ida's slogan, and with that and a pistol hidden in the bosom of her dress, she waited for a Sunday to come. It came, and the calm of a Sabbath service prevailed in the church. Amid an attentive congregation Miss Sherfy had forgotten the quarrel and was heeding the pastor's scriptural periods.

Suddenly a woman, grim and determined, stalked down the aisle, deliberately stopped at the pew in which her foe was sitting, displayed a revolver and a shot followed. The victim was only slightly wounded. Panic ended the services.

That was only one of the incidents of a unique career. Ida was rich and knew it. She owned $300,000 worth of property, including a string of blooded horses. Shortly before she died she sent for an attorney and had a will prepared. It is said that Burnham Hospital will receive all the fortune, or, if it does not, charitable institutions will.

Henry Harris, the decedent's brother, is vice president of the First National bank here, and former owner of the Champaign Gazette. Last year he was president of the Illinois Bankers' association.

Miss Harris was well known in Chicago. Some years ago her father bought and gave to her a beatiful home in Champaign, the former residence of Judge C. B. Smith. Here she lived, surrounded by her servants, but barred from others. Several times every year she shut up her home and came to Chicago, where she stopped at one of the leading hotels for weeks at a time.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } LUCAS COUNTY—SS.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, county and state aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886. A. W. GLEASON, (Seal.) Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

"Cure the cough and save the life." Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup cures coughs and colds, down to the very verge of consumption.

AN HEIRESS.

Nurse Learns That She Has Been Bequeathed $75,000.

Philadelphia, May 3.—The knowledge that she inherited $75,000 from an aunt in England will in nowise cause Miss Ella Mae Fenning to desert the career she has chosen before she heard of her good luck from a London solicitor.

Miss Fenning is a nurse in the Friends' asylum, in Frankfort, a suburb of Philadelphia. She was born in Philadelphia 19 years ago, and when her father died, five years ago, the plucky young woman, who lives with her mother, decided to become a professional nurse to support herself. Now she declares she will remain a nurse, not as a means of livelihood, but for the good she may accomplish.

Miss Fenning was approached in the grounds of the asylum and asked a few questions, which she deemed personal, but, thinking to humor a new patient, for such she took the man to be, she answered them.

"Had you any relatives in Bournemouth, England?"

"Yes, sir," said Miss Fenning. "My father's sister, Mary, lives there."

"She did live there?" replied the dignified man, "but she is now dead, and under her will you inherit $75,000. It is to be held in trust for you until you are 21 years old, but in the meantime you are to enjoy the income."

Miss Fenning's aunt, Mary, visited this country years ago, and wanted to take the child home, but the Fennings refused to part with their daughter. The aunt declared the child should not be her heiress, but she changed her mind before she died, with the result that the pretty nurse will soon be in possession of $75,000.

ON SAME DAY.

Curious Coincidence as to Birth of Three Children.

Chicago, May 3.—An odd freak of nature, which has never before been recorded, was brought to light in Judge Cutting's court in connection with the probating of the estates of Wolf and Henrietta Levi, who died recently. The judge was convinced by the evidence three of the heirs who are members of the same family, were all born on Jan. 6, two years apart. The heirs are the children of Mrs. Emma Barth, daughter of the Levis. William, the oldest, is 18 years of age and was born Jan. 6, 1883; his brother, Eddie, was born Jan. 6, 1885, and Della, the only daughter was born Jan. 6, 1885.

Judge Cutting was incredulous when Attorney L. F. Minzesheimer, who is associated with M. B. Starring in the case, handed in the list of heirs with the dates of their birth. He intimated that it was highly improbable that three children should be born in the same family on the same day of the year and at intervals of exactly two years, and told the attorney that he would require proof of the fact before probating the estates. The proof of the facts were presented.

Mrs. Barth, the mother of the children, is dead, and Rebecca Barth, an aunt, swore to the peculiar facts regarding the dates of the births. This satisfied Judge Cutting, and he appointed M. F. Levi, an uncle, as guardian of the children.

Wolf Levi, who died about six months ago, lived in Chicago for fifty-one years. His estate and that of his wife, which was probated at the same time, amounted to $100,000.

BREACH OF PROMISE.

Suit to Be Started By Illinois Merchant.

Carbondale, Ill., May 3.—Elliott D. Williams, a prominent restaurant owner of St. Louis, prosperous and well-educated, has publicly announced that his attorney has in preparation a suit for breach of promise against Mrs. Homer Brantley, nee Miss Blanche Reed, who was married less than a week ago.

Williams and Mrs. Brantley corresponded regularly up to within a few days of her wedding to Brantley. She even received a letter on her wedding day. They had been engaged for years, and on the part of Williams arrangements for the wedding were made.

Mrs. Brantley said that she did not believe Mr. Williams desired her to express for publication her reasons for breaking the engagement. Close friends say the reason is a woman employed by Williams in his restaurant.

Skin affections will readily disappear by using DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. Look out for counterfeits. If you get DeWitt's you will get good results. It is the quick and positive cure for piles. Max Wirth.

Poisoned by Absorption

POISON OAK, POISON IVY, BARBER'S ITCH, LEAD AND BRASS POISONING, ETC.

Through the pores of the skin many poisons are absorbed into the blood, deranging the circulation and affecting the constitution as quickly and seriously as those generated within the system. Just under the skin are innumerable hair-like blood vessels, and connecting these with the skin are millions of small tubes or glands, through which the poison is conveyed to the blood system. During the spring and summer, while the skin is most active and the pores well open, we are much more liable to be affected by Poison Oak and Ivy and other dangerous plants: Workers in brass, copper, lead and zinc have their health impaired and the blood supply poisoned through the absorption of fine particles of these metals and the acids used in polishing and cleaning them. Inhaling the fumes of lead give painters that pallid, waxy appearance of the skin. Barber's Itch is another disease that reaches the blood through the skin, and is a most obstinate one when it becomes firmly fixed in the system. After the poison has reached the blood and been disseminated throughout the system it is too late to resort to local applications. In many cases the blood is affected simultaneously with the appearance of the rash or eruption on the skin, and all efforts should be directed to the purification and building up of the blood. Ugly eruptions and sores will continue to break out in spite of salves, washes, soaps or other external treatment.

S. S. S. is especially recommended for poisons of this character. So completely does it destroy the effects of the Oak and Ivy that there is no possibility of its reappearance, and it is equally as efficacious in brass or lead poisoning or Barber's Itch; building up and purifying the blood and driving out of the circulation impurities of every kind, and removing every blemish, sore or eruption from the skin. There is no substitute for S. S. S.; it is the only purely vegetable blood purifier known, and the safest and best in all constitutional or blood diseases.

Our Medical Consultation Department.—If you desire any special information or advice about your case, write our physicians, explaining your condition, and they will carefully consider what you have to say and you will receive a prompt reply. Our physicians have made a study of blood and skin diseases, and you can have the benefit of their experience and skill without any cost to you whatever. Don't hesitate to write fully about yourself, as nothing you say goes beyond our office. We have a very interesting book on Blood and Skin Diseases, which we will be glad to mail free.

SSS

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA.

Skin-Tortured Babies AND TIRED MOTHERS Find Comfort in Cuticura

INSTANT RELIEF and refreshing sleep for Skin-tortured Babies and rest for Tired Mothers in a warm bath with CUTICURA SOAP and a single anointing with CUTICURA, the great skin cure and purest of emollients. This is the purest, sweetest, most speedy, permanent, and economical treatment for torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, crusted, and pimply skin and scalp humors, with loss of hair, of infants and children.

Millions of Mothers Use Cuticura Soap

Assisted by Cuticura Ointment for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, in the form of baths for annoying irritations, inflammations, and chafings, or too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many sanative antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women, and especially mothers, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used it to use any other, especially for preserving and purifying the skin, scalp, and hair of infants and children. Cuticura Soap combines delicate emollient properties derived from Cuticura, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower odors. No other *medicated* soap ever compounded is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands. No other foreign or domestic *toilet* soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Thus it combines in One Soap at One Price, viz., Twenty-five Cents, the best skin and complexion soap, the best toilet and best baby soap in the world.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humor, $1.25,

Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP (25c.), to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle, CUTICURA OINTMENT (50c.), to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT (50c.), to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring and humiliating skin, scalp and blood humors, with loss of hair, when all else fails. Sold throughout the world.

Wet Thro'

Generally means a bad cold. A cold may lead to pneumonia or consumption. Check the cold and make the cure sure by an immediate dose of HINKLEY'S BONE LINIMENT. A certain cure for colds, sore throat, and every pain of any name. A whole medicine chest in itself.

Sold everywhere in 25-cent, 50-cent, and $1.00 bottles.

B. E. PRALL & CO., SAGINAW, MICH.

HINKLEY'S BONE LINIMENT FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL USE

MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE"

This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as **Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples, Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation.** It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of impotency. **CUPIDENE** cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. **CUPIDENE** strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are frombled with **Prostatitis.** **CUPIDENE** the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, by mail. Send for free circular and testimonials.

Address **DAVOL MEDICINE CO.**, P. O. Box 2076, San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

QUEER ACCIDENT.

Mrs. Day Shot But Did Not Know It.

Bellefontaine, Ohio, May 3.—Mrs. Clara Day, residing west of here, while brushing the cushion in her carriage saw blood burst from one of her fingers and spout to the top of the carriage.

She was at a loss to know the cause of it, and at once came to the city. A physician found a flobert rifle ball in the finger. Mrs. Day heard neither the shot nor felt the pain of the ball.

What Shall We Have for Dessert?

This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer it to-day. Try

Jell-O,

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LUMBER SASH, DOORS, MOULDINGS, MAPLE FLOORING, HARDWOOD, SCREENS. SCOTT-GRAFF LUMBER CO. 2nd AVE W. & MICHIGAN ST.

NOTICE AND SUMMONS.—State of Minnesota, County of St Louis —ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

In the matter of the application of William Horkan, under the provisions of Chapter 42 "1894 General Statutes" and acts amendatory thereof, for a deed of so much of lots 51 and 53, on East Johnson street, in that part of Duluth formerly called Portland, as lies within lots 11 and 12, block 79, Portland Division of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota.

To all whom it may concern:

Take notice that William Horkan has made application to the judges of the district court of the Eleventh judicial district, Minnesota, under the provisions of Chapter 42, "1894 General Statutes" and acts amendatory thereof, for a deed of so much of lots 51 and 53 on East Johnson street, in that part of Duluth formerly called Portland, as lies within lots 11 and 12, block 79, Portland Division of Duluth according to the recorded plat thereof, all in St. Louis County, Minnesota.

Said application will be heard before the undersigned judge of said district court, at the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 11th day of May, 1901, at 9:30 o'clock a. m., at which time and place, all persons claiming such portion of said lots, or any right, title or interest therein, are hereby summoned and required to attend to establish their right to receive a deed for the portion of said lots above described, or make any objection that they may have to the granting of said application.

It is ordered that notice of said application be given to all parties in interest by publication hereof in The Duluth Evening Herald once each week for three successive weeks before such hearing.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., April 17th, 1901.

J. D. ENSIGN,
Judge of District Court.

JAMES A. HANKS,
Attorney for Applicant,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, April-19-26-May-3-1901.

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Suffering from the effects of Indiscretion or Excess, causing Nervous Debility, Mental Weakness, Vital Losses, Catarrh, Indigestion, Constipation, Blotches, Pimples, Ringing in Ears, Palpitation of Heart, Despondency, Lost Manhood, Unfitness to Marry, Weak Back, Rheumatic Pains, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, are guaranteed a safe and speedy cure by remedies prepared and dispensed by himself. Charges always moderate. No exposure. Call or write.

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who are the victims of Prostatic, Urinary, Kidney or Bladder Troubles, Syphilitic or Mercurial Blood Poisoning, Lost Vitality Impotency, Sexual Debility, Impaired Vigor, Premature Decline from recent exposure, Mental Work or Overwork, Rheumatism, Eczema or Salt Rheum, Piles, Ulcers, Old Sores, Cough, Impending Paralysis or Consumption, Stomach and Liver Troubles. Loss of Ambition, unfit to enjoy either pleasure or business, are cured for life by Dr. Pierce when all others have failed.

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ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis, —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, April 23, 1901.

In the matter of the estate of Allen Bucks, deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Frank S. Bucks, administrator of the estate of Allen Bucks, deceased, representing among other things that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, That said account be examined, and petition heard by this court, on Wednesday, the 22nd day of May, A. D. 1901, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the probate office in the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered, That notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., the 25th day of April, A. D. 1901.

By the Court,
(Seal.) W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

Duluth Evening Herald—Apr-26—May—3-10—1901.

WILD DAY IN CORN

Highest Price In Twenty Years Touched at Chicago.

Wheat, Despite the Early Strength, Closes at a Loss.

Corn Sold at the Highest Price In Twenty Years.

Duluth Board of Trade, May 3.—The wheat market started out firm and higher this morning, the foreign news being of a bullish character and the corn market being active and strong. The cables showed wheat at Liverpool unchanged to ⅝d higher and light Argentine shipments for the past week, the latter being only 920,000 bus, nearly 2,000,000 bus less than a year ago. The market broke on heavy selling at Chicago by commission houses. St. Louis was also a heavy seller. A cable from Argentine reported that shipping of wheat from there is being discouraged by high freights. Crop reports were generally good. The Orange Judd Farmer reported a winter wheat condition of 91.5, and estimate the crop at 450,000,000 bus, a very high figure. It notes some damage in Texas, Oklahoma and California, but claims improvement elsewhere. It also reports spring seeding as practically finished with larger acreage than last year and fine condition. The Modern Miller's review of the crop situation is as follows:

"Complaints of the effects of hot, dry weather were received from the West, southwest and east of the Mississippi river, but these have been in part alleviated by rains. Reports of insect damage are increasing from parts of Kansas and the territories and scattered reports are coming from Missouri and Illinois. In general, rains are badly needed over the entire winter wheat section. Conditions on the Pacific coast have improved. Rain has fallen in California and the outlook is good except on a limited acreage of the late sown.

Primary receipts of wheat were 377,376 bus; last year, 339,916. Shipments, 951,827 bus; last year, 677,159 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour were 269,000 bus. New York reported 20 loads of wheat worked today for export. Chicago reported cash sales of 150,000 bus today, and Toledo reported 100,000 bus worked for export. Stocks of wheat at Duluth are estimated to increase 75,000 bus this week, and a decrease of 500,000 bus at Minneapolis.

Receipts at Duluth and Minneapolis, 328 cars, against 289 last week and 205 last year. Chicago receipts, 32 cars, 1 of contract grade.

Trading in futures was dull on the Duluth board. May wheat opened unchanged at 75c, sold at 75-⅛c at 10, declined to 74⅞c at 10:53, reacted to 74¾c at 11:12, and continued its downward course selling at 74½c at 12:35, and closing at that point, a decline of ⅜c. Chicago May declined ⅝c and July, ⅝-¾c, and Minneapolis May declined ½c.

Cash sales of wheat in Duluth aggregated 25,000 bus at the May price.

This was the greatest day in the corn pit that the Chicago board has seen in many years. A panic, the first real one since Phillips cornered the market, occurred among shorts in May corn. The price fluctuations were the most violent in years. Having seen their losses grow heavier and heavier with each succeeding day for some time, traders who had guaranteed to deliver May corn to Phillips made frantic efforts to get it. The price went from 55c to 58c, 4½c higher than yesterday's close, in a few minutes. For an hour shorts bid 58c, or close to it. Then Phillips let go 500,000 bus at prices ranging between 57c and 58c. It was thought for a moment that he was about to unload and the market broke to 53c without a check. The drop disposed of a number of "talkers." Under 57c, however, Phillips sold nothing. In consequence prices reacted sharply when traders realized that the end of the corner was by no means at hand. The close was at 55½c, an advance of 2c.

The success of the Phillips corner, which up to this time is not open to question, is bringing a large outside following into the market and there is a growing demand for July corn. There seems to be a very general impression that the young bull leader will carry his operation into the July option. The July price closed practically without change. Sales of cash corn on the Chicago board today aggregated 275,000 bus and yesterday they were 175,000 bus. At the seaboard yesterday exporters bought 48,000 bus of corn. Primary receipts of corn were 501,000 bus, last year 354,000 bus. Shipments 465,000 bus, last year 634,000 bushels. Clearances of corn were 114,000 bus.

There was no change in the price of corn at Duluth.

There was no change in the price of corn at Duluth.

May, cash and to arrive flax were up ½c in Duluth today and September was up 1c. Rye advanced ¼c and oats closed without change.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 76¼c; to arrive, 76¼c; May, 76¼c; September, 73c. No. 1 northern, cash, 74¼c; to arrive, 74½c; May, 74¾c; September, 72c; July, 73½c. No. 2 northern, 73½c. No. 3 spring, 66¾c. Oats, 27¾@27½c. Rye, 53c. Flax, cash, $1.74; to arrive, $1.74; May, $1.74; September, $1.23; September Northwestern, $1.23; October, $1.25. Corn, 44¼c; May, 44⅝c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 4; corn, 4. Receipts—Wheat, 6281; corn, 5515; flax, 2304. Shipments—None.

SALES FRIDAY.

No. 1 northern, 2800 bus	$0.75¼
No. 1 northern, 5160 bus	75
No. 1 northern, 800 bus	75
No. 1 northern, 1000 bus	74¾
No. 1 northern, 10,000 bus	74¾
No. 2 northern, 1 car	71⅞
No. 3 spring, 1 car	66¾
No. 3 spring, 1 car	65¾
Flax, 2000 bus, September	1.26
Flax, 1000 bus, May	1.74

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Duluth, Minn., 100 Torrey Bldg.

A. R. Macfarlane & Co.
Bankers and Brokers.
112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

Local Stocks, etc.—	Par.	Asked.	Bid.
First National bank	100	170	150
Am. Exchange bank	100	124	123
First Nat. Bk., Superior	100	...	96
N.W. Nat. Bk., Superior	100	...	...
Bank of Commerce	100	80	...
Parry Sound Copper	1	.37½	
Calumet-Ariz. Copper	10	30	...
L. S. Con. Iron Mines		...	182
Brotherton Oil Co.	25	4.25	...
Pen. Iron and Steel	100	...	40
Gt. Western Iron	100	...	10
Gt. Northern Iron	100	...	10
Shaw Iron	100	...	10
Zenith Oil Co.	1	.12½	
Minnesota Oil Co.	100	.25	...
Leithhead Drug Co.	100	101	...
Great Lakes Towing Co	100	122	60
Am. Shipbuilding Co.	100	...	90
Con. El. Co. 1st pfd.	100	...	80
Con. El. Co., 2nd pfd.	100	...	20
Con. El. Co., com.	100	...	Par

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First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Corn Reached Highest Price In Twenty Years.

Chicago, May 3.—In an effort to cover May corn, shorts bid the market up today to 58c, the highest price in nearly twenty years. The opening was 1½c to 2¼c over yesterday at 55c to 56c and in a few minutes the market touched 58c. Phillips, who has the market cornered, sold nothing, but scattered longs were eager for profits at the opening advance but the market fell back to 53c. The bullish feature of the day's advices was the fact that of the receipts only 21 cars out of 304 graded contract. July opened a shade to ½@⅝c higher at 47⅛c to 47⅝c.

May closed 2c higher at 55½c and July a shade up at 47⅝c.

July wheat opened 3⅛@1½c higher at 74¼c to 74⅜c, on firm cables, light Argentine shipments and in sympathy with corn. There was a large local demand, but it met with such a liberal response from commission houses supposedly acting for Southwestern interests that the market broke to 73⅝c during the first hour. Local receipts were 32 cars, 1 of contract grade, while Minneapolis and Duluth reported 328 cars against 289 last week and 205 a year ago. Argentine shipments, according to the board trade, were 920,000 bus, last week, nearly 2,000,000 bus less than a year ago.

July later broke to 72⅞@73c on continued liquidation due to the poor cash demand, liberal receipts and disappointing seaboard clearances, and closed weak, ⅝@⅞c lower at 73⅛@74¼c.

Oats opened excited and strong in sympathy with corn, July ¾c higher at 27¼c and May ¼@⅜c up at 29½c to 29⅝c. The demand for a moment was pressing, but soon eased in sympathy with the wheat break. July reacted to 27c but May, owing to the concentration of the supply, advanced to 29⅝c on bidding by shorts. Receipts were 211 cars.

July pork opened 5c lower at $15.27½, and after touching $15.30 declined to $15.07½ on profit taking. Lard and ribs were easier in sympathy. July lard opened unchanged at $8.05 and sold to $8.00, and July ribs 2½c higher at $8.02½, declining to $7.97½.

Close, wheat, May, 72⅞@73c; June, 73¼c; July, 73½@¾c. Corn, May, 55½c; July, 47¾c. Oats, May, 29c; July, 26⅝c. Pork, May, $14.87½; July, $15.05; September, $14.50. Lard, May, $8.00; July, $7.95; September, $7.95. Ribs, May, $8.12½; July, $7.92½; September, $7.87½@7.90. Flax, cash, Northwestern, $1.68; No. 1, $1.68; September, $1.30; May, $1.68. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 74½@75¼c; No. 3 red, 73@74c; No. 2 hard winter, 74½@75c; No. 3 hard winter, 73½@74c; No. 1 northern spring, 74½@75c; No. 2 northern spring, 74½@75½c; No. 3 spring, 72@74c. Corn, No. 2, 55c; No. 3, 45@45c. Oats, No. 2, 29½@29¾c; No. 3, 28¼@28½c. Rye, May, 53¼@53¾c; July, 52@53c. Barley, cash, 36@50c. Timothy, September, $3.35. Clover, cash, $10.50.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, May 3.—Close, wheat, cash, 74½c; May, 73⅝c; July, 74½c. On track—No. 1 hard, 76½c; No. 1 northern, 74¼c; No. 2 northern, 70½@71¼c.

WEARE'S REPORT.

Chicago, May 3.—To those who have been looking for continued bull markets, the action of wheat today must have been considerable of a disappointment. From very strong Liverpool cables which came from 8d to 8½d higher our market opened ⅜@¾c higher but there is considerable evidence of short selling and profits on all these advances and with a very bearish crop report from Snow, wheat turned weak and closed over a cent lower. Snow's crop report estimates the winter wheat conditions at 91.5 and the probable yield at 450,000,000 bus. Favorable weather is prevailing over most of the wheat districts. Clearances were small, 26,000 bus. The week's clearances were 5,100,000 bus. Argentine shipments were 920,000 bus. Cash sales only 104,000 bus. With an estimated yield of 400,000,000 bus of winter wheat and with the conditions prevailing which from our personal reports are more than favorable it will be readily seen that there are at least three necessities before wheat can be bulled. Large speculation from the outsider, an other improvement in the cash demand tending towards more considerable reduction of our supply and a less favorable outlook for the growing crop.

May corn this morning touched 58c and then sold back to 53c recovering slightly from the bottom. From the above statement it can be judged that the corn market is in a decidedly nervous and strained condition, the outcome of which, while many assume it will be beyond a doubt, is in our judgment still to be question. There was considerable liquidation of the May option and a good deal of offering of the July as well. Cash situation is still neglected with No. 3 at a discount of about 2c under July. Receipts were 304 cars with 21 contract. Estimated for tomorrow 235. Liverpool barely steady. Clearances only 114,000 bus. While the corn market is full of bullish possibilities, we cannot feel like advising the long side on any of these bulges. There are two sides to this market yet and we would prefer taking chances on buying cheaper than to running the risk of getting in on the top.

The appearances of profit taking by the leading longs in the oat market was quite evident and the market has been very erratic and nervous. May touched 29⅝c, reacted to 28¼c and rallied from there. July sold from 27¼c to 26¾c. There were 211 cars received, 260 estimated for tomorrow. Clearances 5000 bus. Crop advices still unfavorable. There is better outside interest in the July option.

The provision market opens a little higher on lighter hog receipts and prices 2½@5c higher. The market turned weak later on lack of support and some short selling. Hogs west 69,000, against 57,000 a year ago. Estimates for tomorrow 17,000.

WEARE COMMISSION COMPANY.

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., 75th meridian time, Thursday, May 2:

STATIONS.	State of Weather.	Temp'ture. *Maximum.	Temp'ture. *Minimum.	Rainfall.
Alexandria	Clear	78	46	0
Campbell	Clear	80	48	0
Crookston	Clear	74	46	0
Detroit City	Clear	80	46	0
Grand Meadow	Cloudy	94	48	1.52
Montevideo	Clear	86	54	0
Minneapolis	Raining	80	54	.10
New Ulm	Clear	92	56	0
Park Rapids	Clear	74	46	0
Winnebago City	Clear	92	52	0
Worthington	Pt. cldy	84	56	T
Devil's Lake	Clear	74	48	0
Langdon	Clear	72	44	0
Larimore	Clear	72	44	0
Lisbon	Clear	82	50	0
Pembina	Clear	76	42	0
Aberdeen	Clear	84	54	0
Milbank	Clear	84	50	0
Mitchell	Clear	90	56	0
Redfield	Clear	94	54	0
Bismarck	Clear	78	56	0
Duluth	Pt. cldy	57	40	T
Huron	Clear	88	58	0
La Crosse	Clear	88	48	0
Moorhead	Clear	80	50	0
St. Paul	Cloudy	80	52	T
Winnipeg	Clear	72	42	0

CENTRAL STATION.	Number Stations Reporting.	Temp'ture. *Maximum.	Temp'ture. *Minimum.	Rainfall.
Chicago	23	86	44	.01
Columbus, O.	18	86	48	.06
Des Moines	14	88	52	0
Indianapolis	10	88	54	0
Kansas City	19	96	58	.01
Louisville	17	90	58	0
Minneapolis	25	82	50	.08
Omaha	14	88	58	0
St. Louis	9	90	58	0

REMARKS.

Light to copious showers occurred over portions of Minnesota, Ohio, Illinois and Kansas; warm weather prevailed Thursday but it was generally somewhat cooler this morning.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

T indicates inappreciable rainfall.
*Minimum temperature for yesterday.
**Maximum for twenty-four hours ending 8 a. m., 75th meridian time.
Note—The average maximum and minimum temperatures and the average rainfall are made up at each center from the actual number of reports received. The "state of weather" is that prevailing at time of observation.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Curb, July wheat, 74½c.
Puts, July wheat, 74-⅛c bid.
Calls, July wheat, 74¾-⅞c bid.

MOVEMENT OF WHEAT.

	Receipts.	Shipments.
New York	325,250	24,250
Philadelphia	31,156	.....
Baltimore	48,943	.....
Toledo	4,325	11,400
Detroit	5,000	.....
St. Louis	35,000	140,000
Boston	51,122	.....
Chicago	59,425	60,542
Milwaukee	21,250	114,310
Minneapolis	185,920	12,500
Kansas City	64,800	70,400
Duluth	6,281	.....

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	.75B	74⅛B	73⅞B	82
High	.75-⅛	74⅞	74	83
Low	.74¼	73½	72¾	81⅛
Close	.74¼	73¾	72⅞-73A	81⅛B
July—				
Open	.76⅛B	75¾	74½	80¼
High	.76⅛B	75⅞	74½	80¼
Low	.75⅜	74½	73	79
Close	.75½	74½	73¼-¾	79⅛

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats.	Corn.	Pork.
	July.	July.	July.
Open	27¼	47⅛@47½	$15.27
High	27½	47½-⅝	$15.30
Low	26⅞	46⅝	$15.05
Close	26⅞	47⅛B	$15.05

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, May 3.—Close: Wheat, unchanged to ¼d higher; May, 5s 11⅝d; July, 5s 11¾d; September, 5s 11¾d. Corn, unchanged to ¼d higher; July, 4s 4¼d; September, 4s 3¼d.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report that there was a perceptible improvement in the quality of horses arrived today. The bulk consisted of farm chunks and drafters. Trade, however, showed symptoms of sluggishness and the movement was slow on all grades. Mules, which were well represented, sold faster than any other stock. Values:

Drafters, extra	$130@160
Drafters, choice	125@130
Farm horses, extra	110@120
Farm horses, choice	100@110
Farm horses, common to good	65@ 80
Farm horses, blemished	40@ 60
Mules	115@140

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, May 3.—Cattle receipts, 1500; steady; good to prime steers, 5.00@5.90; poor to medium, 3.95@4.90; cows and heifers, $2.50@4.90; cows and bulls, $2.65@4.75; calves, $2.00@6.00; Texas steers, $3.50@5.40. Hogs receipts today, 18,000; tomorrow, 16,000; left over, 2500; 2½@5c higher; mixed and butchers, $5.62½@5.92½; good to choice heavy, $5.70@5.97½; rough heavy, $5.60@5.65; light, $5.60@5.87½; bulk of sales, $5.75@5.90. Sheep receipts, 7000; steady; sheep, $4.00@4.50; lambs, $4.20@5.35. Receipts yesterday—Cattle, 14,338; hogs, 27,692; sheep, 13,791. Shipments yesterday—Cattle, 4207; hogs, 3260; sheep, 1874.

SEALERS IN.

Several Arrive at Victoria With Very Small Catches.

Victoria, B. C., May 3.—The following sealing schooners have arrived here and report the following catches, the lowest for some years: Allie I. Alger, 274; Triumph, 279; Ocean Belle, 170; Florence M. Smith, 352; Favorite, 161; Vive, 332; Libbie, 117; Anioka, 76, and R. I. Morse, 78. Among the catch were three seals branded by the United States, on Pribyloff islands. They were taken south of Cape Flattery. But for the schooner Victoria springing her mainmast, the fleet suffered no injuries during the recent gales. The season was not remarkable for very rough weather, but was too rough to permit boats being lowered often, and although numbers of seals were seen, they could not be approached.

WILL SUPPORT MACHINISTS.

Toledo, Ohio, May 3.—The executive board of the International Association of Allied Metal Mechanics, in session here, decided unanimously to support the International Association of Machinists in the demand for a shorter workday. This order has 10,000 members in the United States and Canada.

SEVEN MEN BURIED.

Chicago, May 2.—While wrecking the old Winston apartment building, at 139-143 Pine street, today, seven men were buried. It is thought no more are in the ruins.

A SLUMP IN STOCKS

The Drawing In of Credits Caused a Violent Reaction.

Prices Broke Rapidly In the Effort to Liquidate.

Great Excitement on the Floor of the Exchange.

New York, May 3.—The effect of drawing in of credits in an over-extended speculation was shown by a slump in the stock market this afternoon. In the effort to liquidate, prices broke violently throughout the list, with the largest effect naturally in those stocks in which the mad rush to buy had centered for the last few days. As the last candidate for this kind of favor, Atchison led the van. During this morning there was a halcyon prospect of indefinite prices in this stock, and hordes of speculators were using all the money they could borrow to buy the stock on a margin. The way in which Atchison and other stocks mounted skyward relieved the apprehension remaining from the rather reactionary tendency of yesterday's market, and confidence came back to the speculators that the flurry was over and it was time to renew the tactics of buy—buy—buy.

In consequence, such new prices were made this morning at 90¼ for Atchison, 182⅝ for St. Paul, 114½ for Baltimore & Ohio, 115 for Missouri Pacific, the same for Northern Pacific, 169½ for Rock Island, and so on for other less active and prominent stocks. Then began calling of loans, and those who have been using every dollar of credit they could command to buy stocks began to grow exceedingly uneasy. As prices melted away their nervousness grew to alarm, and they began to sell stocks in a hurry. The new demand had relaxed as the reaction began to give promise that buyers might get—much lower prices. The professional bears lent potential aid to the downward movement.

On the floor of the exchange there was great excitement, and the brokers, fagged and nervous with the long strain of the great bull market, found themselves in the midst of a new form of excitement. Any one willing to buy stocks was almost torn to pieces, where a few hours before all the pressure was on the seller.

As for the outside speculators, there were not enough messengers available, and the telephone service was inadequate for a time to get their selling orders to the exchange. The proportions of the slump are indicated by the following principal declines: Atchison, 9¾; St. Paul, 9⅝; Rock Island, 8½; Northern Pacific, 8; Baltimore & Ohio, 7½; Union Pacific, 7⅜; Missouri Pacific, 6¾; New York Central, 6; Illinois Central, 5½; Wabash, preferred, 5¾; Sugar, 4; Atchison, preferred, 4; Kansas & Texas, preferred, 4¾ and practically all other stocks between 1 and 4 points.

A rebound which followed was almost equally violent. The bears had been so long without any opportunity for profits in the recent market, that their eagerness to cover and take quick profits at the declines caused some frantic buying. The rally reached 4¾ in Union Pacific, 4½ each in Atchison and St. Paul, 4 in Baltimore & Ohio and Northern Pacific, 3⅜ in Rock Island, 3¼ in Missouri Pacific, 3 in Manhattan and from 1 to 3 points in many other stocks. The excitement abated considerably after the rally, but prices wavered in an uncertain manner, declining in some cases again to within a fraction of the lowest. The tone continued very feverish until the close.

New York, May 3.—London had made considerable inroads this morning upon some of yesterday's high prices of American stocks, and the effect was manifest here at the opening in some snarp declines, but these was offset by the great buying shown by Atchison, St. Paul and Baltimore & Ohio and a few other stocks. Atchison sold at the opening at 88½ to 90, compared with 87 last night on the transfer of 28,000 shares. St. Paul mounted quickly, by jumps of a half point between sales, 4 points over last night. In Baltimore & Ohio the opening was at 114 to 114½, compared with 113½ last night on the sale of 5000 shares. Chesapeake & Ohio, Atchison preferred and Denver preferred were also up from 1 to 1¾, while National Biscuit rose 2¾. Union Pacific sold down from 128½ to 127, compared with 128¾ last night and United States Steel lost ⅞ for the preferred and 1¼ for the common. The losses elsewhere in the list ranged from a small fraction to a point. Atchison ran off 1½ after the opening, but there were slight recoveries at some of the weak points and the tone became very feverish.

A general drift downward after the opening carried prices under yesterday's close a point or more in the prominent specialties including the New York public utilities, Tobacco and People's Gas. Northern Pacific and Kansas & Texas preferred suffered severely, but Union Pacific and other stocks met support after the opening losses. The demand for St. Paul was unabated and it sold up to 182¾, causing a rally in Atchison from 87¾ to 90¾, which was above the opening. The preferred rose 2¾ and there was a rapid rise in Rock Island of 3¾ to 168¾. These pronounced movements infused a strengthening tone through the entire list, and buying became heavy all around. Union Pacific and Northern Pacific more than wiped out their losses and Denver common got up 3½. At 11 o'clock there was an active demand for the Southwestern stock led by Missouri Pacific, which sold up to 95. Speculation on the whole was "spotty," many stocks going off on profit-taking, especially Union Pacific. The buoyancy of the grangers, however, had a sustaining effect on Western stocks.

A relapse in the Western stocks extending to 3¾ in Rock Island did not disturb the tremendous buying of other stocks, especially United States Steel and the Southwestern roads. Atchison preferred and St. Paul preferred made a belated response to the early strength in their common stock, rising respectively to 108 and 200. The rise in Missouri Pacific reached 6 points from the opening and Texas & Pacific, Kansas & Texas, common and preferred, and Wabash preferred improved from 2 to 3½ from the lowest. Illinois Central jumped 3¾ and New York Central and Pennsylvania were buoyant. International Power and Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg rose 3 to 3½. At midday prices were on the dawn grade on realizing and short selling inspired by the 6 per cent money rate. Leaders were in some cases 2 points below the highest. A rise to near 150 in Sugar and jump in Erie common to 42½ did not hold the market. Bonds were lower.

There was a spasm of liquidation and sharp break in prices, the shorts selling to take profits. Rock Island dropped 6⅛, Union Pacific 5⅛, Atchison 5⅜, the preferred 3¼, St. Paul 3⅝, Missouri Pacific 3½, Sugar 3¾ and a number of prominent stocks from 2 to 3 points. There was a rally before 11 o'clock reaching 1 to 3 ponits in some stocks, but the buying demand was not resumed and the rally was not well held.

Speculation during the afternoon was demoralized, prices crumbling away with more rapidity than at any time when they rose on the enormous purchasing movement of earlier days. No support was evident in any place and immense blocks of the leading stocks were unloaded causing breaks in the active list of from 3 to about 10 points. Atchison was a chief sufferer, losing 8⅝, while St. Paul figured for 5⅝. The Pacifics and trunk lines were off from 3 to 7½ points and Rock Island slumped 8⅜.

The eagerness of the bears to take profits caused rallies of 4 to 4¾ in Union Pacific, Baltimore & Ohio, Atchison, St. Paul and Northern Pacific, and 3 points or over in a number of other stocks. The market became very feverish at the rally and then commenced to go off again, some stocks getting next to the lowest. The market continued feverish and very irregular until the close, with the undertone weak.

Stock	Open	High	Low	Close
Am. Sugar Trust	146	150¼	146	146½
Am. Copper	122¾	122¾	119½	120
Am. Tobacco	127½	128¼	126⅝	128
Atchison, com	85⅝	90¼	80½	82⅞
Atchison, pfd	104½	108	103⅞	104
Brooklyn Transit	85½	85⅝	83	84
C., M. & St. P.	175⅝	182⅝	175	177¼
C., B. & Q.	196⅜	196⅜	197½	197⅝
Erie	40⅜	42⅝	40⅛	40½
U. S. Steel, com	52½	53	51	51⅝
U. S. Steel, pfd	96⅝	100¼	98⅛	99
B. & O.	114	114½	110	110⅜
L. & N.	108⅝	110	107½	107⅝
Manhattan	127½	128¾	124½	126
Missouri Pacific	109	115	109¾	110
Nor. Pacific, com	114⅛	115	108	109¾
Nor. Pacific, pfd	100½	100½	100	100½
People's Gas	117	118	115½	115½
Rock Island	169⅜	169⅜	161¼	162½
Southern Pacific	55⅞	57¼	53¾	54¼
Tenn. & C. I.	65½	65½	63	64
U. S. Leather, com	15⅝	15½	14	14½
Union Pacific, pfd	98	98⅜	96½	96½
Union Pacific, com	128¾	128½	121	122½
Western Union	97	97½	95⅞	96
Southern Ry., com	32⅜	33⅝	31½	31⅝
Southern Ry., pfd	86⅞	86⅞	85	85½
Great Northern	188	189	183½	183⅝
Wisconsin Central	22¾	22⅞	20⅝	20⅞

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, May 3.—Cotton opened easy and 2 to 10 points lower in response to weak English cables. Liquidation of local holdings and selling for foreign account were the features of early trading. Following the call, July worked up 2 points on covering, but later eased off again under continued liquidation despite a reactionary movement in Liverpool.

Cotton spot closed quiet. Middling uplands, 8¼c; middling gulf, 8½c; sales, 87 bales. Cotton futures closed nervous but steady. May, 7.78; June, 7.80; July, 7.79; August, 7.81; September, 7.30; October, 7.10; November, 7.15; December, 7.14; January, 7.16.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, May 3.—Money on call, firm, at 6 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 5¾@6½ per cent; sterling exchange, steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.88 for demand, and at $4.84¾ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.85½ and $4.89; commercial bills, $4.84½; silver certificates, nominally, 60c; bar silver, 59¾c; Mexican dollars, 43½c; government bonds, weak; refunding 2s, registered, $1.06¼; coupon, $1.06¼; 3s, registered, $1.09½; coupon, $1.09¾; new 4s, registered, $1.38⅛; coupon, $1.38⅜; old 4s, registered, $1.13⅜; coupon, $1.13¾; 5s, registered, $1.10; coupon, $1.10.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, May 3.—Close, wheat, May, 81½c; July, 79½c. Corn, May, 54½c; July, 51⅞c.

BRITISH CONSOLS.

London, May 3.—Consols for money, 94 9-16; for the account, 94 13-16.

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, May 3.—Clearings, $20,274,676; balances, $2,511,760; posted exchange, $4.85½@4.89; New York exchange, par.

EXCITED AT LONDON.

London, May 3.—Sensational movements in Americans completely overshadowed dealings in all other departments on the stock exchange today. The trading was on an enormous scale. The commission of one leading arbitage house reached $10,000 in one day this week. A feature of the afternoon session was the declines in Atchison and Baltimore & Ohio shares. At 2:30 p. m. Atchison common was quoted at 92¼ bid, and Baltimore & Ohio at 119. Americans opened very irregular. Northern Pacific was the weakest. Other folk was favorably affected by the dividend. Atchison fluctuated violently and at the close was firm. St. Paul was notably active characterized the American market. Grand Trunks were stronger on the traffic increase. Kaffirs were firm, Paris supporting them. On the street after the close of regular stock exchange hours, Americans were irregular and, on the whole, were weaker. Atchison was quoted at 88, Baltimore & Ohio at 115⅛ and St. Paul at 186.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Arthur H. Jones & Co., Spalding hotel:

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	17¼	17½
Allouez	3	3½
Amalgamated	50	...
Arcadian	20	20¼
Amalgamated	120	...
Arnold	2½	...
Atlantic	25	50
Baltic	34	35
Bingham	48	49
Boston and Montana	25	25¼
Butte and Boston	435	440
Calumet and Hecla	112	114
Centennial	21	825
Centennial Eureka	32	32½
Copper Range	57½	58
Cochita	7½	8
Dominion Coal	36	36¾
Elm River	5	5½
Franklin	18¾	19½
Isle Royale	52	52½
Mass	19½	20
Michigan	8	9
Mohawk	42	42½
Mayflower	24	24½
Old Colony	4	4½
Old Dominion	33½	34
Osceola	90	91
Parrot	54½	55½
Quincy	179	180
Rhode Island	5⅜	5½
Santa Fe	8½	9
Tamarack	338	342
Tecumseh	1½	2
Tri-Mountain	43½	44½
Utah	32⅜	33
United States	21¾	22
Victoria	3½	4
Winona	4	4½
Wolverine	60	61
Wyandot	1½	2

NEWMARKET MEET.

The Results of the Third Day's Racing.

London, May 3.—At the third day's racing of the Newmarket first spring meeting today, the Brettby handicap, 200 sovereigns at six furlongs, was won by Daniel Cooper's brown colt London, ridden by Danny Maher. Eleven horses ran.

Lester Reiff had the mount on the Mopn Daisy, filly, winner of the race for a 2-year-old selling plate, distance five furlongs. Eleven horses finished.

The thousand guineas stake for 3-year-old fillies, over the Rowley mile, was won by Sir J. Miller's bay filly Aadl, on which Danny Maher had the mount. Sir E. Cassel's Fleur D'Ete came in second and Lord Derby's Santa Brigida, ridden by Johnny Reiff, finished third. Fifteen horses started.

P. Lorillard's chestnut colt, Tantalus, Maher up, won the Brinkley stakes of 200 sovereigns, at one mile and a half.

WANTED FOR THE COMBINE.

Wilkesbarre, May 3.—The Temple Iron company, which is controlled by the J. P. Morgan syndicate, is said to be negotiating for the purchase of the West End Coal company at Mocananqua. The property is a valuable one. It was rumored in coal circles today that the deal had been closed, but President Coyngham, of the West End company, said that the sale had not yet been consummated.

GOES TO SCHLITZ.

Berlin, May 3.—Emperor William this morning, reviewed the troops at the Tempelhofer-Feld. His majesty leaves tonight for Schlitz, Hesse-Nassau.

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JESUS AND PETER

International Sunday School Lesson For May 5, 1901.

John xxi, 15-22. "So when they had broken their fast, Jesus saith to Simon Peter, Simon, son of John, lovest thou Me more than these? He saith unto him, Yea, Lord; thou knowest that I love Thee. He saith unto him, Feed My lambs. He saith to him again the second time, Simon, son of John, lovest thou Me? He saith unto Him, Yea, Lord; thou knowest that I love Thee. He saith unto him, Tend My sheep. He saith unto him the third time, Simon, son of John, lovest thou Me? Peter was grieved because He said unto him the third time, Lovest thou Me? And he said unto Him, Lord, thou knowest all things; thou knowest that I love Thee. Jesus saith unto him, Feed My sheep. Verily, verily, I say unto thee, When thou wast young, thou girdest thyself, and walkedst whither thou wouldest; but when thou shalt be old, thou shalt stretch forth thy hands, and another shall gird thee, and carry thee whither thou wouldest not. Now this He spake, signifying by what manner of death he should glorify God. And when He had spoken this, He saith unto him, Follow Me. Peter, turning about, seeth the disciple whom Jesus loved following; which also leaned on His breast at the supper, and said, Lord, who is he that betrayeth Thee? Peter, therefore, seeing Him saith to Jesus, Lord, and what shall this man do? Jesus saith unto him, If I will that he tarry till I come, what is that to thee? Follow thou Me."

Golden Text: "Lovest thou Me?"—John xxi, 17.

PUBLISTH APPEARANCE.

This lesson study tells about the fourth appearance of Jesus after His resurrection. It is the third appearance to the disciples. After the feast at Jerusalem was over, the disciples began to go to their homes. Those who had come from Galilee naturally turned back again to Galilee. Quite a company of the followers of Jesus had, accordingly, gathered by the sea of Galilee and had talked the things of Jesus over time after time. It seemed that there was nothing for them to do with all the things Jesus had taught them. The impulse to go out and become evangelists of the new faith had not yet come to them. That would be imparted later on by the command of Jesus, and also by the coming of the Holy Spirit upon them. Seven of the disciples had gathered at the old fishing place. Perhaps they were making their home in the house of Zebedee. Simon, the restless leader of the group, said, I go a fishing. The entire party fell in with his suggestion. The nets were prepared with some haste, if they did not take nets kindly proffered by their old friends of the village. The boats were pushed out from the shore, and the men, long accustomed to such toil, bent to the oars with the ardor of the first day of a vacation outing on the water. But it was a different matter when they came to the fishing ground and the nets were drawn up time after time and nothing was taken. It was then hard labor, for it was toil in vain. But with true fisherman's persistence, they kept at the thankless task till morning dawn. They hesitated about returning to the landing whence they had come away, for their friends would likely twit them with their lack of practice in the art of their former livelihood. But they were rowing along close to the shore. A man from the shore called out to them, Lads, have you caught anything? It is customary for every passer by to ask such a question of a man who is fishing; and the first question to greet the professional fisherman when he returns from a fishing expedition is this very one. Have you caught anything? The question made no impression at first. The questioner, however, had a motive, aside from curiosity. Those men had learned to depend upon Jesus while He had been with them. They needed to be taught to depend upon Him in His absence as well. "Cast the net upon the right side of the boat, and ye shall find," was His reply to their answer that they had caught nothing. John was quicker than any other of that company to recognize the presence of the Lord in His spiritual body. No sooner had he felt the weight of the net, now teeming with fishes, than he knew who it was that had caused the catch. He said to Peter, It is the Lord. True to his character of impetuosity, Peter leaped into the sea and swam or waded to where Jesus was standing. The rest of the men came to shore in the small lighter which they had taken along to use in shallow water. There Jesus was to be their host for the morning meal. A fire of coals was burning; upon it were some fish cooking. They were not sufficient, however, for the entire party. Jesus, therefore, bade them bring the fish which they had drawn to land and prepare some of them for breakfast. As John thought of the event afterwards, the strangest thing about it was not the mere catching of the fish, but the fact that, although there were so many fish, yet the net was not broken. John is particular to say that every man there knew without a doubt that it was the Lord. They took the bread and fish He gave them and ate with the relish of glad surprise because Jesus, their Master, was again with them.

This is one of the most interesting and instructive incidents we know about the forty days of ministry by the risen Lord. The disciples were in actual and imminent danger of going back to their old life with little more than a vain regret that their hopes had failed. Their faith and devotion had both been severely tried. Jesus sought to renew them. Dr. Marcus Dods suggests very wisely that Jesus, through this miracle, sought to impress upon the disciples the truth that He would be able to care for them, and that they need have no fear that in serving Him they would not be provided for. There are many people who say that they would quit their evil manner of making a livelihood if they could only be sure of gaining a living for themselves and those dependent on them at something more honorable. This incident in Christ's own reply to that difficulty. He not only feeds His followers upon the manna that comes down from heaven, but also gives them assurance of physical support while they do His work. To be a child of God ought to mean to trust the heavenly Father's care for all things. "If God doth so clothe the grass of the field, which today is and tomorrow is cast into the oven, shall He not much more clothe you, O ye of little faith? Be not therefore anxious, saying, What shall we drink? or, wherewithal shall we be clothed? For after all these things do the gentiles seek; for your heavenly Father knoweth that ye have need of these things. But seek ye first His kingdom, and His righteousness, and all these things shall be added unto you."

LOVE AND SERVICE.

Out there upon the beach in the early morning, with the smell of fish in the air and with all the pure intoxication of lakeside atmosphere to lend exhilaration, Jesus began to speak to Peter, as soon as breakfast was over. Peter, do you love me more than these other men? This was Jesus' startling question. Have you, Peter, thought over the matter with great care, and determined that it shall be the choice of your life to love me with that sort of love that is born of esteem and admiration? Peter answered, Lord, I am sure that you know that I love you not only with the sort of love you mention, but that I also give you the devotion of my heart; I love you with an affectionate love. Then, Peter, feed my lambs. A second time Jesus asked the same question, only omitting to question about how Peter's love compared with that of the other disciples. With emphasis Peter assured the Lord of his affection. Whereupon, Jesus told him to shepherd his sheep, not only to feed them, but also to look after them in all things pertaining to their welfare. A third time Jesus put the query, this time adopting Peter's own word and thus seeming to ask if Peter really loved him as he said he did. Peter was very much grieved. He was grieved because the Master seemed to question his sincerity, and also because this thrice repeated question about his devotion to the Lord no doubt recalled to his mind his own thrice repeated denial of the Lord. With great emphasis Peter said in reply, Lord, you know all things, you are able to perceive without questioning me that I love you genuinely and sincerely. He no longer trusted to his own words, but appealed to the power Jesus had to look into a man's heart. Peter had had some experience of that power before, and knew that he was in the presence of a reader of the human heart. His own attestations of devotion might sound empty and valueless in view of his so recent denials, but if Jesus would read his heart, he would there see that Peter had a desire to be better than he had appeared. It was an appeal of both faith and devotion. Feed my sheep, said Jesus once more.

Throughout this incident two things are evidently made very important. They are love and service, which are closely related in the believer's life. In short, Jesus said to Peter, If you love me, then do this service for me. It is almost the same thing that Jesus said on another occasion, "If ye love me keep my commandments." When Jesus told his disciples, "Henceforth I call you not servants, for the servant knoweth not what his Lord doeth; but I have called you friends," he appealed to that element in our nature according to which we render our best service in places where affection leads us. This is not to say that in other things we are lazy or unfaithful, but only that love naturally evokes the best of our talents and energies. Religion deals with the heart as well as with the mind, and a person who desires to influence another's life religiously must first have a life that has been possessed by the faith he desires to propogate. To love Jesus truly is to love all who ought to be reached by the gospel as well as all those who have been reached by it. This is on the principle of the new commandment, which says, "Thou shalt love the Lord thy God with all thy heart, and thy neighbor as thyself." To have this love is to be equipped with the best outfit for effectively doing Christ's work of redemption.

FOLLOWING CHRIST.

Self-confident and self-reliant Peter had from youth up possessed those characteristics, which distinguished him among the disciples and which repeatedly got him into trouble. As a child he had been free with the freedom and strength of youth; but Jesus told him that when age had come upon him, then he would no longer be able to go and come at will, for he would be bound and borne against his will to a death of suffering. But through it all he must follow Jesus. The words, "Follow me," were not strange to his ear. They had been spoken long before, at the time, by Galilee, when Jesus had called those fishermen from their nets to come after him and become fishers of men. But Peter had been untrue to his master at a time when fidelity would have been a great comfort to Jesus. All the disciples knew about that circumstance. Peter, no doubt, had felt the embarrassment arising therefrom. On this occasion, after Jesus had called forth Peter's avowal of renewed devotion, he openly restored Peter to his old position of confidence, and told him to follow henceforth not afar off, but near to him. He would be near to the Lord in the experience of trial and suffering.

The call of discipleship needs to be renewed for many of us. Something or other draws us away from the Master, and we deny him and bring shame upon his name. Some day in the closet or in the church or in the busy place of labor Christ tests our love; and if we can witness to our love and devotion and can conscientiously call omniscience itself to witness with us, that we love Christ with all our hearts, then we may hope to re-enter the circle of trusted disciples.

OTHER MEN'S BUSINESS.

The prospect of suffering was not very inviting to Peter. He looked around and saw John. Master, what shall this man do? But the Lord only replied, "What is that to thee? Follow thou me." A man's Christian duty respects his own conduct. He must do the Master's work that is assigned to him. He must keep his own account with God square. He must think of his own destiny. He must not be envious of the privileges of others. He must not worry about the work of other people and burden himself with their affairs. His individual stewardship is the one thing to be assiduously attended to. This stewardship may require him to bear some other person's burden, but it will never require him to waste his nervous energy in idle curiosity about other people's business.

John evidently recorded this last incident in order to show plainly that Jesus had never said that he should not die. Such an impression had gone abroad. Jesus had only pointed Peter to his own duty, and the reference to John had been merely incidental. Both Peter and John heard the call of Jesus and followed him, each in his own Christ-given work. Their later careers furnish fine examples of true discipleship.

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ABOUT VIENNESE GOWNS

Large Sleeves Are Again Popular In Vienna--- Tailor Gowns Simple But Elegant and Faultless In Fit.

In such admirable taste and of so much beauty of design are the gowns worn by Mme. Odilon, the gifted German actress, who is now filling a two weeks' engagement at the Irving Place theater, that they are certain to be taken as models for many a trousseau, says the New York Herald. It is true, to be sure, that Mme. Odilion's personal charm would give distinction to even the simplest toilet, yet every woman of fashion who has so far appeared here has had more or less curiosity to get a closer view of the details.

Mms. Odilon, who in private life is the countess Rakowsky, gave an interview a few days ago at the home of Mr. Heinrich. She also chatted vivaciously about fashions generally, comparing the feminine modes of the old world with those of the new, so far as she had had an opportunity to see the latter. Quite naturally, Mme. Odilon is a staunch partisan of the Viennese modistes, and, as New York usually gets its modes from Paris, what she has to say on the subject will be read with special interest.

Mme. Odilon was born in Dresden, but likes Vienna much better than her native city. Her life has been spent on the stage since she was a child. She possesses a keen sense of humor, is fond of pleasantries and with difficulty restrains her mirthful laughter when something funny has struck her, when she assumes a dignified air, while her eyes fairly dance. She speaks English almost perfectly, and only when she is extremely tired does she avail herself of her German expressions, and then it is because she feels unequal to the search after English equivalents.

"You would like me to tell you about our fashions in Vienna? When I left home it was a little early for the summer ones, though I have given orders for a few gowns to be ready for me on my return. We are really pround of our Viennese women—they have such magnificent figures and look so well in our favorite tailor-made gowns, though equally beautifully in the more charming evening toilettes.

"I have a personal taste in all my things, and I like to plan each gown and wrap I wear. I know what becomes me and what is good style. The American woman feels that way, too, and she doesn't like to be forced to wear a certain style, whether or not it conforms to her ideas or her figure. Everything in Vienna is just as expensive as in Paris.

"The hats?" Ach! They are atrocious. I do not see why in Vienna we can not get pretty hats, but it is quite impossible. All our chapeaux are sent from Paris, and they are adorable. I love Paris hats and have so many of them. The new ones are rather large and flat, but not those frightful pancaky affairs. The brim turns up a little on the left side and there are flowers; yes, roses, huge, beautiful ones, and quantities of them.

"Large sleeves are again popular in Vienna, not the bishop or Paquin, but the old fashioned ones, full at the top. I like them, they are so much more prettier and more graceful than the ugly narrow sleeves.

"My favorite gowns, the ones I like best to wear on the stage, are made of soft, clinging material—something like crepe de chine, but softer, perhaps more like the liberty silks. Hofmal has named the material after me—crepe Helene—because I am so fond of its diaphanous texture. In the beautiful soft tint—pastel, I think you call it—it is exquisite. These delicate colors are so much more beautiful than sharp, vivid ones. I will not wear a gown that I have not planned myself; they suit me so much better. One time I desired my dressmaker to make one after a certain idea I had. 'Impossible, absolutely impossible,' said he, and I had great difficulty in persuading him that it could be done and would be an extremely beautiful creation. He made it and it was one of my most admired toilets.

"The dressmakers are usually very good about following my suggestions. To me it is a great pleasure designing my own gowns. They are copied, of course, but we expect that. The Chinese coat I wear in 'Camile' was copied the second hour after it was worn.

"One titled woman in Budapest has an order with my dressmaker to duplicate for her every one of my gowns, regardless of their style. Sometimes by chance I learn how my toilets are copied. For instance, one day, going early to my dressmaker's to see some of the finished gowns for 'The Star,' a play in which I wear several very handsome ones, I saw spread out in the room my entire 'Star' wardrobe, duplicated as to design and material. But such colors and size! they were ridiculously large. At my surprised and astonished look the Countess ——, a society woman of modiste informed me that they were for Vienna, who is quite my opposite in style and figure, but, unfortunately for her, she is regardless or these differences, and insits upon copying all my clothes. It is a rather nice position, being the creator of styles and having the most fashionable ladies look upon you as the criterion of good style."

SHORT SKIRTS? NOT YET.

In reply to the question as to whether Viennese women wear the short skirts seen so often in New York, Mme. Odilon naively replied:

"No, we haven't come to that yet. It would be a sensible fashion for us to adopt, because we have so much rain in Vienna, but we love our skirts to be long—long in the back and long in front, too, and oh, so bouffant at the bottom! Across the back and on the hips there is no fullness whatever; they are perfectly smooth and tight fitting closely the figure to the knee, where they flare broadly. They cannot be too wide at the bottom.

"We like our tailor gowns very simple, but elegant and faultless as to fit. Sometimes there is a little applique," said Mme. Odilon, pointing to a scrolly design of this kind on ner trim black cloth tailor dress. "But applique is used more for the really elegant gowns. In 'Camille' I wear such an exquisite creation, one I am particularly fond of. It is a pale blue crepe Helene with an applique in dainty pastel tints, outlined with gold thread. On the bodice, which has a little yoke bolero of lace, there is a tracery of gold running through the lace pattern. Gold trimmings were not so widely used with us as I've heard they were here, and in Vienna many of the newest gowns show some of its glitter in the trimmings. It is put on sparingly, except when it forms the entire toilet. One of the most beautiful dresses I wear on the stage is also in 'Camille.' It is a solid mass of gold paillettes, and, oh, so heavy to carry; beautiful, though, like a glittering snake, and it clings to my figure so that I feel as though I were clad in tights; and then I never wear petticoats."

Nothing the surprise called forth by this rather startling announcement, Mme. Odilon hastened to explain that she considers it unnecessary to burden one's self with this extra garment, except in winter, when it is donned for its additional warmth.

"Gowns fit so much better without a petticoat," continued the actress, "and you cannot get that clinging effect, the sinuous curves and circling masses about the feet, with a petticoat worn underneath.

"And I don't wear corsets, either," announced Mme. Odilon, who possesses an enviable supple and graceful figure. "If I wear any kind at all it is only a girdle, a tiny ribbon, one so wide," measuring perhaps three inches with her fingers, "and on the stage seldom even that. In playing emotional parts I cannot bear to feel the least bit confined or stiff about my waist, so I leave the girdle off. No one could tell that I go without corsets," she added.

Mme. Odilon stands very straight, and her lithe figure shows great freedom in her movements and the perfection of grace. Not one woman in 100 could wear the toilets Mme. Odilion does and go uncorseted without the fact being painfully apparent.

"The exaggerated long waisted effect in front is not seen in Vienna except on very stout women," explained the actress. "We prefer the more youthful and becoming round belt, like this," pointing to her rather broad gold ribbon crush belt, with its buckle of gold. "We consider the long pointed line rather bad. Neither do we wear the very narrow belts that you say are fashionable here. Personally I prefer the broad sash like belt that gives an empire effect. With my creje gowns I am particularly fond of wearing this kind.

"Oh, you are fortunate, you Americans, in having perfect shoes, and in being able to buy goods fitting one without having to bother with ordering them made. Nowhere on the continent can we procure such boots as you wear here—and the American women have such trim, pretty feet. I don't know whether the shoes have produced these or the well shaped feet have necessitated the well shaped boots to correspond, but I do know that I like your stylish shoes."

Just at this point in the conversation, Mr. Conreid, passing through the room with an absorbed look on his face that precluded any possibility of feminine apparel having any place in his thoughts, stopped abruptly and in an interested and confidential tone bestowed flattering encomiums upon the American boot. His first command issued to a newly-engaged foreign actress, he said, is that she purchase at once a pair of American shoes; not until she has done so will she be permitted to tread the historic boards of the Irving Place theater.

"We wear both high and low heels," continued Mme. Odilon, "though we prefer what you call the high military ones, or the street we always wear very quiet stockings, but with house and evening gowns we delight in beautifully embroidered and lace appliqued ones in all the delicate colors. Collars are very high, coming so'—pointing to her ears and the tip of her chin—"but the Viennese women do not have to endure such warm weather as you do here, and the high collars are not uncomfortable. At the summer resorts—Carlsbad, etc—it is delightfully cool, so that muelin and sheer batiste frocks are almost unheard of. Therefore the women of Vienna depend on the smart cloth tailor gowns and the beautiful silk ones to form the summer wardrobe."

Some of the gowns worn by Mme. Odilon are worthy long descriptions, but even the most carefully chosen words fall infinitely to give an idea of their exquisiteness, beauty and richness.

In "Camille" the actress wears a ball gown of champagne Malines lace, with insertions of white duchesse and embroidery of white camellias in mousseline, pierres de strass and wax pearls. This gown represents a value of several thousand dollars in its lace and embroidery alone. Mme. Odilon will also wear an exquisite evening mantle of antique gold lace, embroidered with pearls and mousseline flowers and lined with green mousseline.

This is worn over a gown of solid gold palletes embroidered with applique velvet flowers in pastel tints, outlined with gold thread. The skirt is edged with a heavy ruche of mousseline cameleon in shades, matching the tints of the flowers. The back of the bodice is cut to the waist line with the edges turned over in revers. Velvet straps form the sleeves and fasten over the shoulders. There is a wide pointed girdle of the mousseline, with a chou at the back.

Camile's house gown is of opalescent mousseline in blue and yellow, with a tunic of delicate antique lace in tulle and gold, embroidered with flowers in natural colors. In this play there is also worn a garden toilet of exquisite clinging "crepe Helene." The gown is white and covered with incrustations of ecrue point lace, the flowers of which are delicately tinted by hand in natural hues.

In "The Star," a play written for Mme. Odilon, and which she has played successfully all over Germany, she wears first a tea gown of creme mousseline, with tunic of real Irish guipure and trimming of white ostrich tips; then a dinner dress of white crepe Louisine, with trimming of stones, chine roses and a touch of more vivid color in ruche and girdle. The gem of this piece is a reception toilet of a peculiar style of panne changeant, raye with antique gold embroidery. This gown is cut princesse, a favorite style with Mme. Odilon, and over this is worn a superb cloak of real Russian sable, with no further trimmings than by the arrangement of the dark stripes of the fur. A tea gown worn in the last act is of rose and white crepe and lace, with a girdle of empire stones.

During the Italian comedy "Faithless" the charming actress appears in an evening gown of torquoise velour epingle, with a train of gold and white embroidery. The corsage, of a peculiar and novel cut, is of the blue velour, and there is a trimming of gold on the train. A touch of contrasting color on the inner edge of the train gives a charming effect.

The clou of the wardrobe is the Chinese mantle designed by Mme. Odilon for Camille. For this a mandarin's coat of royal blue, embroidered in gold, is used, the lining being of fur and pale yellow satin, with ruffles of chiffon. The short coat is lengthened by a wide border formed of perpendicular alternating bands of black and white satin ribbon, edged with iridescent paillettes. This cloak has been copied repeatedly by society women in other countries as well as Austria.

You can rent houses, stores, offices or rooms by means of a Herald want ad.

CARRIAGE HAT AND BOA.

This beautiful hat, a modified Gainsborough, is a black neapolitan braid, trimmed on the upper brim with white lace over white tulle and a black velvet ribbon bow. A long black ostrich plume softens the under-brim on the left side. The rich boa which accompanies this hat is black chiffon, mingled with knots of black satin ribbon.

A 25c. Toilet Soap for 10c.
Transparent because of its purity.
Made of vegetable oil and glycerin.
Perfumed with roses.
Kirk's latest and finest soap.

Jap Rose [TRADE MARK] Soap

Money cannot buy better materials. No skill can make a soap less harmful or more delicate.

Not a soap in the world has a penny more of value.

Omega Oil

SORE THROAT is dangerous and calls for prompt treatment. The quickest, safest, surest cure known is Omega Oil. First rub the throat thoroughly with this liniment, and then saturate a piece of flannel with it and bind around the neck. Omega Oil is splendid for Bronchitis, Swollen Tonsils, Difficult Breathing and Cold in the Chest. It is better than anything else in this world. It is good for everything a liniment ought to be good for.

Any druggist will supply you, or the Omega Chemical Co., New York, will mail a bottle prepaid for 50c. in cash, money order or stamps.

T54

Your house, your flat, your room can be quickly rented by a small want ad in the Saturday Herald

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

These Are Cheap!

125 feet upper side Second St., between 24th and 25th ave. east.. $1000

60 feet on Superior street, between 18th and 19th ave. east.. $1200

Southwest corner London road and 18th ave. east, all improvements paid..... $1300

Southeast corner London road and 21st ave east; all improvements paid..... $1000

Northeast corner London road and 23d ave, 100x150 ft..... $1500

Little & Nolte.

NEWS OF THE LAKES

Steamers Make Unsuccessful Attempt to Get Through Ice.

Claim Ice Could Be Broken if Vesselmen so Desired.

Tug Tecumseh Filled and Sank Off Gore Bay Light.

Detroit, May 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—The steamers Fleetwood and Seguin returned here this morning for fuel, after an unsuccessful effort to get through the ice in the St. Clair ship canal. The report ice blocked heavily in the canal. The steamer Ravenscrag is apparently aground there, surrounded by the ice, and the steamer Schlesinger is reported aground just east of the lower end of the cut. There is little ice coming in to Lake St. Clair. It is claimed here that if vessel men wanted the ice gorge broken and started down the river the powerful ferries at this port could do the work in twenty-four hours.

LOCK REPAIRED.

Port Colborne, May 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—Repairs to lock 6, whose gates the steamer Van Allen carried away, were completed, and locking was resumed at 7 a. m.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, May 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Kalkaska, Oak Leaf, Fryer, Peerless, 4 p. m. Thursday; Athabasca, 11:30 a. m. Friday. Down: Schooner Active, 11:40 a. m. Thursday; Erin, Danforth, 3 p. m.; Advance, 8.

PASED DETROIT.

Detroit, May 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Joliet, Carrington, 9:40 last night.

TUG SUNK.

Little Current, Great Manitoulin Island, Ont., May 3.—The steamer Germanic reports that last night, when off Gore bay light, the tug Tecumseh was sighted in a disabled condition. The captain of the tug asked that he be towed to Gore bay, and the Germanic gave her a line. After proceeding some distance the captain of the tug hailed the steamer, saying they were sinking. The tug was brought alongside and two men and a woman were taken off, when the tug suddenly lurched and sank, carrying down with it the captain, whose name was not ascertained, his sister and a Toronto man named Forbes.

SURPLUS TONNAGE OVERCOME.

Cleveland, May 3.—Vesselmen figured up the results of the engineers' strike and the ice jam in St. Clair river and estimated that the delay to navigation this spring has so far cut into the season's carrying capacity of the lake fleet that surplus tonnage, which confronted them during the winter, has been entirely overcome. Every day that is lost now on account of the ice reduces the season's capacity of the lake fleet 100,000 tons in the ore trade. The prospects for keeping freight rates up to the figures already established are correspondingly bright, and marine men are getting to feel very hopeful over the outlook for the season's business.

FOUR ARRIVE.

Buffalo, N. Y., May 3.—Four of the grain fleet from Chicago, which were first in the ice in St. Clair river, reached here yesterday afternoon. Superintendent Kennedy, who has charge of the unloading of grain boats here, says there will be no trouble in unloading steamers carrying non-union engineers.

The captains of the tugs of the Maytham line, who were thrown out of employment when the tugs were sold to the trust are receiving positions on the steamers controlled by Drake & Maytham. G. H. Vrooman, who was manager of the Maytham tugs at Duluth last season, has been appointed master of the steamer America.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Cleveland—Cleared: Coal—Orion, Jackfish.

Conneaut—Cleared: Light—Joliet, Griffin, La Salle, Carrington, Bryn Mawr, Duluth.

Lorain—Cleared: Light—Victory, Maricopa, Constitution, Marsaila, Two Harbors.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Havre—Arrived: L'Aquitaine, from New York.

New York—Arrived: Belgravia, from Naples.

New York—Arrived: Fuerst Bismarck, from Hamburg.

Commercial Travelers.

Go to Armory tonight. Promenade concert and dance. Duluth City band.

PAID HIGH PREMIUM.

Washington, May. 3—Secretary Gage today bought 60,000 short fours at $1,136,123.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

$6000 Corner Michigan street and Eleventh avenue west.

$4500 Lot in Armory block on First street.

$4500 Brick store, No. 224 East Superior street.

$1350 100x140 feet corner, first-class residence location in Endion.

86 houses in all parts of the city.

2 stores and two houses in West Duluth for rent.

Make us an offer on lot 1, block 44, Endion.

Money to loan, any amount, on residence property.

Interstate Land and Investment Co.
605 Palladio Building.

EXCURSION.

Minnesota Bankers Are Going to Buffalo, Via Duluth.

General Agent Martin Adson of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic road returned this morning from the Twin Cities, where he closed the first contract that has been made this season for an excursion from the head of the lake to the Pan-American exposition at Buffalo.

The excursion is under the auspices of the Minnesota Bankers' association, of which there are a number of members in this city, and is limited to 75 in number, all of whom must be members of the association or in their families. The excursion will be one of the most complete personally conducted excursions sent out from Duluth.

The party will leave Duluth in a special train of palace sleepers over the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic road, in the early evening of July 26, and will reach Duluth on the return trip Thursday morning, Aug. 8. The itinerary planned is a fine one, and entertainment will be furnished wherever there is a stop long enough to warrant it. The train leaving Duluth with the party will reach Mackinac City at 11 o'clock Saturday morning. The party will be taken for a drive over the island, afterward leaving for Detroit in one of the palatial steamers of the Detroit & Cleveland line of boats. The bankers and their families will be entertained in Detroit by carriage drives, and will leave on the following Monday for Cleveland, where there will be more carriage rides. The tourists will reach Buffalo, by steamer, on Tuesday, and the headquarters will be made at the Startler hotel, the largest summer hotel in the East and first opened for the Pan-American exposition. After a week's visit in Buffalo, the homeward movement will begin by the way of Niagara Falls and Toronto. A day will be spent in Toronto in sightseeing, and the excursionists will leave over the Canadian Pacific road for Owen Sound, on the Georgian bay, where a Canadian Pacific steamer will take them to Sault Ste. Marie. The rest of the homeward journey will be over the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic road.

U.C.T. **Attention!**
Call telephone 444 for your carriage for party at Armory Tonight.
DIBBELL-GUYER LIVERY Co
1025-27 West Superior St.

VIRGINIA FIRE CASES.

They Are Set For Trial May 14.

The Virginia fire cases were set for hearing May 14 in district court yesterday afternoon, and they will be tried before a jury at that time. There are five cases, but it is impossible that all of them will be tried, as one or two test cases will be likely to settle the question of the liability for the Virginia fire of June 7, 1900.

Yesterday afternoon a divorce was granted to William G. McCormick from Mary McCormick on the ground of desertion.

The following call of jury cases has been made for next week, beginning Monday, when the petit jurors will be on hand:

Monday—18, 21, 32, 39, 41, 47, 51, 54, 57, 60.

Tuesday—22, 61, 62, 65, 66, 74, 75, 78, 79, 80.

Wednesday—83, 85, 87, 103, 15, 42, 72, 82.

Thursday—68, 69, 64.

A Very Remarkable Remedy.

"It is with a good deal of pleasure and satisfaction that I recommend Chamberlin's Colic, Choler and Diarrhoea Remedy," says Druggist A. W. Sawtelle, of Hartford, Conn. "A lady customer, seeing the remedy exposed for sale on my show case, said to me: 'I really believe that medicine saved my life the past summer while at the shore,' and she became so enthusiastic over its merits that I at once made up my mind to recommend it in the future. Recently a gentleman came into my store so overcome with colic pains that he sank at once to the floor. I gave him a dose of this remedy, which helped him. I repeated the dose, and in fifteen minutes he left my store smilingly informing me that he felt as well as ever." Sold at Boyce's Drug store.

$9.75 For Any Spring Overcoat In the Big Duluth.

The Big Duluth will again demonstrate its reputation for giving the best values for the least money tomorrow by placing on sale their entire stock of men's spring overcoats at $9.75. This great sale will give you your choice of any spring overcoat in the house for $9.75 that has been selling at $12, $15, $18 and $20. The assortment contains the very finest of covert cloths, Oxford mixed Vicunas, tan, whipcords and herring bone coverts—many lined with silk. You can take your choice of any for $9.75, but be there early. Others will want them and the first customers will get the best assortment to choose from.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FREE FARMS.

160 acres of the choicest farming lands in the world free. Cheap excursions will leave Duluth for all points of Western Canada on Tuesdays and Thursdays. Very cheap rates for settlers. For particulars apply to

J. H. M. PARKER,
Canadian Government Agent.
530 Manhattan Building, Duluth, Minn.

Auction Sale.

The building committee of the Congregation Adas Izarel will sell at Public Auction Tuesday, May 7, at 10 a. m., the nine-room house, which has all modern improvements—hot-air furnace, gas fixtures, etc.—at No. 230 Third Avenue East, corner Third street. Purchaser will be given reasonable time to move house from grounds. Condition of sale, 50 per cent. down, balance at time of removing building.

$1800 Takes 6-room house upper side of Fifth street.

$5000 Takes 11-room modern house on fine corner in East End.

$500 Takes 25-foot lot Upper side Fifth street, near 2nd ave. west.

A. C. VOLK & CO.,
202 Palladio Bldg.

Some Stock Buys:

137 shares Pennsylvania Iron and Steel, per share..... $1.10

200 shares Chippewa Copper at..... $2.50

1000 shares Ramona Oil, (Judd's oil deal)..... 25c

60 shares Calumet & Arizona, per share..... $27

1000 shares Blue Grass (struck first oil sand last night)..... 15c

2000 shares Golden Star, at..... 8½c

500 shares Randolph at..... 5c

Watch for the announcement of new oil company.

M. C. FRENCH,
212-213 Trust Building, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—TO BUY—ROWBOAT. Address K 26, Herald.

WANTED—TWO OR THREE GOOD second hand lumber wagons with three inch tires. American Lumber company, West Superior, Wis.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 328 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 978.

BREINHOLM, FEMALE COMPLAINTS. Private hospital. 11 Nineteenth Ave. W.

ARE BOOMING.

Hibbing and Chisholm Doing a Rushing Business.

M. P. Doyle, the contractor, returned this morning from a trip on the range, during which he visited at Hibbing and the new townsite of Chisholm. Mr. Doyle says that there is an immense amount of business being transacted at Hibbing and the town has assumed metropolitan airs in a small way. At Chisholm the work of platting out the new town is proceeding rapidly, and there is a regular boom on in building. Mr. Doyle says that there are about 250 people on the ground and everybody is busy. He went there with Edward Armstrong and selected a site for a livery stable that is to be built there and owned jointly by Mr. Armstrong and himself. He says that a more beautiful spot for a townsite could not have been found than that of Chisholm on Longyear lake. The new town is on the Great Northern road, where considerable railroad work is now under way, and there are two mines near the town.

HALF DAY OFF

County Employes to Take Saturday as Half Holiday.

If anybody wants to see a county employe tomorrow afternoon, there will be no use going to the court house for that purpose. It will be easier to find him by hunting where the wild flower blows and the wild bee hum, or else where the rooter roots and the umpire sees things crooked, if there is a ball game on. The same thing will be true every Saturday afternoon from now until September, for tomorrow the Saturday afternoon closing scheme, which has been talked for some weeks about the courthouse, goes into effect.

The day at the court house on Saturdays during the summer will practically close at 1 o'clock, in order that the county employes may have a little time for outings without intruding on the Sundays that some of them, at least, keep holy. At 1 o'clock every office that it is possible to close will be closed, and all but one clerk in all of the other offices will be permitted to leave. In the offices of the register of deeds, the clerk of district court and the sheriff, there will be one person on hand every Saturday afternoon to attend to what necessary business may come up. All of the other offices, the probate court, the auditor's office and the treasurer's office, will be closed completely from 1 o'clock on, and business with those offices will have to be done in the forenoons.

BLUNDERING MAIL CLERKS.

Washington, May 3.—A general order has been issued to railroad mail clerks, calling attention to a complaint of the director general of posts of the Philippines, that mail for the province of Quebec, abbreviated as P. Q., is missent to the Philippines, whose abbreviation is P. I., and that mail for Manville, R. I., is missent to Manilla. Instructions for greater vigilance are given.

SUGAR ADVANCED.

New York, May 3.—All grades of refined sugar were advanced 10 cents a hundred pounds today.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR RENT.

No. 204 West Michigan street; cold storage room; best location on the street.

Seven-room, strictly modern, steam-heated flat; central location and strictly first class.

Large Superior street store; brick building.

C. P. CRAIG & CO., Herald Building

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—CHEAP TWO CLEVELAND bicycles, lady's and gent's; used but little. 109 East Third.

FOR SALE—A CARLOAD OF FRESH milch cows, at Sixty-fifth and Grand avenues, West Duluth. N. E. Grindy.

BUY YOUR NEW OR SECOND HAND engines, boilers, sawmills, planing mills and second hand machinery and supplies of us. We can save you money. Harris Machinery Co., J. N. Durant, Mgr 1011 Washington Ave, se., Minneapolis, Minn.

FOR SALE—FIRST CLASS BOARDING house doing good business. Modern. M 27, Herald.

FOR SALE—FURNITURE FOR A 5-room flat. For particulars address 127 First avenue west.

FOR SALE—RESTAURANT. 346 LAKE avenue south. O. Ramsey.

FOR SALE—TWENTY THOUSAND brick, $5 per 1000. T. Downie, 2012 West First street.

FOR SALE—LARGE OAK SIDEBOARD, rugs, carpets, dining table, refrigerator, sewing machine, curtains, draperies, lady's bicycle. 30 Twelfth avenue east.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, ON EASY TERMS, one first-class high top Estey organ, also bedstead, commode and small gasoline stove. No. 1 Monger terrace.

FOR SALE—EGGS FOR HATCHING, from 50 cents to $2 per sitting. G. Hood Thompson, Glen Avon Poultry Yards, Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE—SEED POTATOES—A FEW bushels of Sir Williams and Carman No. 1. G. Hood Thompson, Glen Avon, Duluth.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD FRESH MILCH cows will arrive April 28. Twenty-first avenue east and South street. J. Johnson & Co.

FOR SALE—S. KANER HAS JUST ARrived with a carload of fresh milch cows. 1122 East Fourth street.

FOR SALE—COTTAGE ON PARK Point. Address S. S. Herald.

HORSES HORSES

Barrett & Zimmerman have at their stables, opposite the Postoffice, Duluth, from 300 to 400 head horses constantly on hand.

Private sales daily. Part time given if desired.

TYPEWRITERS.

FOR SALE—REMINGTON AND SMITH typewriters from $25 up. Write for samples. M. J. Doherty, 155 Washington street, Chicago, Ill.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 8:00. Next meeting, May 6, 1901. Work, First degree, H. Nesbitt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 156, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting May 13, 1901. Work, Third degree. Burr Porter, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20 R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evening of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting May 8, 1901. Work ——— James Kelly, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8:00 p. m. Next conclave May 20, 1901. Work, Red Cross and Templar degrees. Thomas J. Davis, E. C.; Alfred Lericheux, recorder.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. SITTING BULL TRIBE, NO. 25, WEST Duluth, meets first four Tuesdays of the month at Great Eastern hall. W. S. McCullum, Sachem; W. E. Day, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. We-ke-me-wup tribe, No. 17, meets every Monday evening in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. C. C. Evans, Sachem; N. J. Orr, Chief of Records.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. Robert Rankin, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES.—Duluth tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. Charles J. Hector, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE. KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at 118 West Superior street. Social entertainment and refreshments, April 23. G. H. Prudden, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

ATTENTION KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS—All knights are requested to present themselves at the village hall, Proctorknott, on Sunday, May 5, 1901, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of attending the funeral of the late Brother F. D. Harwood, deceased. W. F. Granger, Chancellor Commander.

I. O. O. F.

ZENITH CITY LODGE, NO. 169, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening, at 8 p. m., in Columbus hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Work in the Second degree April 16. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. W. A. Rehder, N. G.; D. J. Dewar, secretary.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS.—Court Eastern Star, No. 86, meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. Harry Milnes, chief ranger, city hall. James Herrell, treasurer, Union depot.

U. C. T.

ZENITH, NO. 40, DULUTH, MINN.—Regular meetings fourth Saturday night of each month, Elks' hall, Superior street, W. N. Donaldson, S. C.; C. W. Sutton, secretary and treasurer.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED — DISH WASHER AND cook. 318 West Second street.

WANTED—A WIDOW OR MIDDLE aged woman for housekeeper; big pay; out of town; must be Catholic. Lewis Employment agency.

GOOD GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework, at 2221 East First street. Mrs. J. B. Richards.

WANTED — GIRL TO DO LIGHT housework. Call at Mrs. S. G. McTaggart's, 2110 West First street.

AS IT NOURISHES AWAY PREMATURE wrinkles, Satin-Skin Cream makes glad every user. Only 25c. Leading stores.

WANTED — NEAT, RELIABLE GIRL for light housework. 2116 East Third street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, one who can sleep at home. Family of two. 206 East First street, third flat.

WANTED — CHAMBERMAID, DISH washer and laundry girl. 122 East First street.

WANTED — SEWING GIRLS, AT ONCE. Excelsior Shirt factory, 120 West Michigan street.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED MATTRESS maker. Apply 104 Providence building.

WANTED—WOMAN TO DO CLEANING and scrubbing. Tremont hotel.

WANTED—AT ONCE, SIX GIRL DISHwashers. Apply to Stewart, Spalding hotel.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 522 Fourth avenue west.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1431 East First street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 525 West Third street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Must be good cook. Good wages. 2016 East Second.

WANTED — SEWING GIRL AND ONE apprentice. Mrs. J. A. Clarey, 22 West Fifth street.

WANTED — CHAMBERMAID AND dish washer. The Midland hotel.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 112 East Third street.

WANTED—GOOD NURSE GIRL. 1306 East Second.

STENOGRAPHERS.

Assisted to positions without charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—SEVERAL GOOD MACHINists. Superior Iron works, West Superior, Wis.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN STENOGrapher, one who has had experience in a fire insurance office preferred. A good chance to grow up with the business. Address in own handwriting, K 12, Herald.

WANTED — A RELIABLE MAN FOR office. Address C. A. E., 520 East Superior street.

WANTED — GOOD ELEVATOR BOY. Apply Hotel St. Louis.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade, only two more weeks of our special offer of scholarship, board and tools. No limit to time. $12 weekly paid graduates. Write for particulars today. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn.

YOUNG MAN—Do you wish to rise higher in the world. Learn how. Call on or address C. S. Cable, representative International Correspondence Schools, 220 New Jersey Building., Duluth, open evenings.

WANTED—AGENTS.

LADY OR GENTLEMEN AGENTS TO sell household goods on easy payments. No capital required. Gately Supply company, 8 East Superior street.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

EXPERIENCED HOUSEMAID REquires situation. Highest references. Address M, Herald office.

WANTED — POSITION BY MAN WHO has had nine years' experience as buyer and manager of a $30,000 stock of dry goods, clothing, shoes, etc. A 1 references. E. J. Goward, Aitkin, Minn.

WOMAN WOULD LIKE SCRUBBING, ironing or any kind of housework. Address 17 East Superior street.

TAILOR WANTS SITUATION TO make pants and do repairing. Can do cutting. K 10, Herald.

EXPERIENCED GIRL WITH BEST OF disposition, would like a place in a private family where she does not have to sleep up in the attic. Newly married people preferred. Please state wages and number in family. Address K 9, Herald.

YOUNG WOMAN WOULD LIKE FURnished rooms to take care of; want to go home nights. Address N. M., Normanna hall, flat 5, city.

WANTED—BY THREE GIRLS, WORK in a steam laundry. Address N. M., Normanna hall, flat 5, city.

WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY, POSItion as governess. Best of references given. K 8, Herald.

WANTED — POSITION BY MAN WHO has had nine years' experience as buyer and manager of a $30,000 stock of dry goods, clothing, shoes, etc. A 1 references.

YOUNG GIRL WOULD LIKE WORK IN private family. Address K 5, Herald.

YOUNG GIRL WOULD LIKE WORK IN laundry. Address K 4, Herald.

LADY WOULD LIKE ROOMS TO TAKE care of or any kind of work by the day. M 76, Herald.

A YOUNG MAN WOULD LIKE A SITuation taking care of horses in private family. Address F 96, Herald.

LADY STENOGRAPHER WANTS POsition. Has had experience. Address M 79, Herald.

HOUSECLEANING, SCRUBBING, OR stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 23 First avenue east. Work guaranteed.

ACCOUNTANT.

BOOKS OPENED AND CLOSED, ACcounts adjusted. Expert work a specialty. Would consider a permanency. References. F 99, Herald.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—6-ROOM HOUSE, FURnished, with modern improvements; desirable location. Address T 2, Herald.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE. ALL modern improvements, desirable location, East End. Moderate rent for about four months. Address M 8, Herald.

FOR RENT—STRICTLY MODERN NINE room house three blocks from postoffice. Myers' Bros., 205 Lyceum.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—LARGE FRONT ROOM, 21 Eleventh avenue west.

FOR RENT—LARGE FURNISHED front room, 209 West Third street.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—MODERN 4-ROOM FLAT in heart of city, every convenience. Apply to Alwin White, 215 East Third street.

FOR RENT—PARTLY FURNISHED 5-room flat in Buffalo flats for the summer. 203 Board of Trade building.

FOR RENT—ONE NEW 5-ROOM FLAT. Call 505 West Third street. Small family.

FOR RENT—MAY 1, FLAT 2, BUFFALO flats. F. C. Smith, 305 Palladio building.

FINE FIVE-ROOM MODERN BRICK flat. No children. Volk, Palladio building.

STORE FOR RENT.

PART OF STORE FOR RENT, $10 PER month. 714 West Superior street.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—TO RENT, TWO OR THREE unfurnished rooms or part of house. Centrally located. Address K 19, Herald.

WANTED TO RENT—A MODERN nine or ten-room residence in eastern section of city. Address, stating terms, D. D. Gallilard, captain corps of engineers. Providence building.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN WITH first class references, place to board in private family. B 22, Herald.

BOARD OFFERED.

BOARD AND ROOMS—SINGLE OR ENsuite. 207 West Second street.

FURNISHED ROOM AND BOARD suitable for two. 228 Second avenue west, corner Third street.

FIRST CLASS BOARD AND ROOMS, with all modern conveniences. 318 West Second street.

ROOMS AND BOARD, 120 FIRST AVEnue west; very central.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOple holding responsible positions; also on diamonds, pianos, furniture, live stock and all kinds of personal property. Easy payments. Confidential. Western Loan Co., 521 Manhattan Bldg., Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. We buy consolidated stock. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmonds, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., 324 W. Sup. st reet. Established 1893.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

LOANS.

$1500 TO LOAN ON IMPROVED PROperty. M 28, Herald.

CARPET CLEANING WORKS.

THE DULUTH-SUPERIOR STEAM carpet cleaning and rug works, 1522 West Michigan street. Telephone 532.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

MANDOLIN, GUITAR, VIOLIN, BANJO. Prof. J. L. Robinson, over Big Duluth. Mandolin orchestra for all occasions.

LOST.

CHAMPION IRON COMPANY BOOKS burned. Stockholders send date, number of certificates and number of shares held by you to W. Van Brunt, 8 Exchange building.

CHIMNEY SWEEP.

CHIMNEY AND FURNACE CLEANING storm windows taken off. W. Simpson. Zenith Tele. 738; office 119 W. First St.

PERSONAL.

MISS ISABELLE BROWN, KINDLY call and get letter at postoffice.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

SUMMONS.

Annie Moore, Plaintiff,
vs.
George Moore, Defendant.

The state of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action which is filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of the Eleventh judicial district, in and for St. Louis County, state of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office, No. 506 Providence building, in the city of Duluth, said county and state within thirty (30) days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the said complaint, within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Dated this 21st day of January, 1901.

ALEXANDER MARSHALL,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
No. 506 Providence Bldg.
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, May-3-10-17-24-31-June-7-1901.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

RAILROAD WATCHES.

REPAIRED AND ADJUSTED. HARRIS & Esterly, 406 West Superior street.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

WATCH REPAIRING.

HARRIS-ESTERLY, 406 W. SUP. ST.

A SPECIALTY. M. HENRICKSEN, expert watchmaker, 334 W. Sup. St.

POPULAR MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC, 2000 COPIES, 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

HERBAQUEEN'S SPECIFIC.

REMEDIES FOR ANY BLOOD POISONing trouble. 319 First avenue east.

GASOLINE AND STOVES.

BUY YOUR GASOLINE AND STOVES at 211 E. Sup. St. and have your stoves kept in order free of charge. 'Phone 839.

CARPET CLEANING.

GOOD CURE FOR SMALLPOX—HAVE your carpets cleaned and feathers renovated. Also have your old carpets made into rugs. First-class upholstering done. Superior Rug company, C. F. Forsell, manager. 'Phone 949, 217 East Superior street.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL.

IMPORT of 1900, 75c a bottle; $1 express prepaid. C. J. Tufte, Druggist, Duluth.

PILES AND RUPTURE.

PERMANENT CURE GUARANTEED, without cutting. Duluth references. Illustrated circular. 1068 West Michigan. Hours 1 to 4.

MEDICAL.

CURE OF DRINK

WHITE DOVE CURE never fails to destroy craving for strong drink, the appetite for which cannot exist after using this remedy. Given in any liquid with or without knowledge of patient; tasteless; $1 at C. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, druggists, Duluth

MEN NO CURE, NO PAY.

If you have small, weak organs, lost power or wasteful drains, our Vacuum Organ Developer will restore you without drugs or electricity; 75,000 in use; not one failure; not one returned; no C. O. D. fraud; write for free particulars, sent sealed in plain envelope. LOCAL APPLIANCE CO., 115 Thorpe Blk., Indianapolis, Ind.

ATTORNEY.

S. D. ALLEN, ATTORNEY, 711-712 PALladio building.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows' building. Best work. Moderate prices.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

WHITE LINE TRANSPORTATION CO.

Isle Royale and Apostle Islands Routes

STR. MABEL BRADSHAW
Leaves Singer's dock Mondays and Thursdays at 6 a. m. for Two Harbors, Grand Marais, Isle Royale, Port Arthur and intermediate points.

STR. BON VOYAGE
Leaves Singer's dock Mondays and Thursdays at 8 p. m. for Bay field, Ontonagon, Hancock and Houghton. JOHN FLYNN, Act. W. H. SINGER, Mgr. 2 Lyceum bldg. Lake Ave. and Canal.

Railroad Time Tables.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv.. Duluth ..Ar	p.m.	3:40
8:15 a.m.	Ar.. Proctor ..Lv	p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m.	Ar. Iron Jctn. Lv	p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar.. Wolf ..Lv	p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar. Virginia..Lv	p.m.	12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar. Eveleth ..Lv	p.m.	12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar.. Sparta..Lv	p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar. Biwabik..Lv	p.m.	12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar. Mtn. Iron..Lv	p.m.	12:30
11:03 a.m.	Ar. Hibbing..Lv	p.m.	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

8 15 pm	Lv.. Duluth ..Ar	12 00 m
7 15 pm	Ar. Virginia ..Lv	7:35 am
7 40 pm	Ar. Eveleth ..Lv	7:35 am
7 30 pm	Ar. Ely ..Lv	7:10 am

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave	DULUTH.	Arrive
†*1 25 pm	ST. PAUL	†1 55 pm
12 10 pm	AND MINNEAPOLIS	*5 30 am

*Daily †Daily Except Sunday.

*7 55 am	Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana & Coast Points.	*6 43 pm
†3 00 pm	Swan River, Hibbing, Int. Points	†11 58 am

Sleeper for 11:10 p. m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m. J. G. MOONEY, Nor. Pass Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**9 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**4 00 pm
*4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 59 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee.	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oskosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL.	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RY.

Leave—		Arrive—
*4 00 pm	Ashland and Fast	*11 15 am
*7 30 pm	Minn & Dakota Express	* 7 10 am
*11 10 pm	Pacific Express	* 7 00 pm

"DULUTH SHORT LINE"

†9 00 am	St. Paul	*8 45 am
* 1 55 pm	and	†2 10 pm
*11 10 pm	Minneapolis.	*7 00 pm

*Dal y. †Daily Except Sunday.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway.

426 Spalding Hotel Block. Union Depot.

Leave		Arrive
**5 45 pm	**Ex. Saturday. *Ex. Sunday.	*9 50 am
*7 15 am	BOSTON LIMITED EXPRESS.	*8 00 pm

EIGHTEEN PAGES.

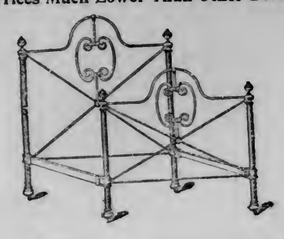
DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

NINETEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. SATURDAY, MAY 4, 1901. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

These are the Beds.....

At Prices Much Lower Than Other Dealers.



Full size, white enamel (plain)..... $1.85

Full size, white enamel (brass knobs)..... $1.95

Your Credit Is Good

—AT—

FRENCH & BASSETT,

Complete House Furnishers.

FOR SALE.

$5100 For first-class 9-room house in East End. Has stone foundation, cemented cellar. Furnace and mantel, hardwood floors, hot and cold water, laundry, electric and gas light. Only $1000 cash down; balance at 6 per cent.

$6900 Takes a double house on East Second street; eight rooms on each side; all modern conveniences. One-half cash; balance 6 per cent.

$1300 For a good 9-room house in West End, near Nineteenth avenue west; lot 40x80 feet.

FOR RENT.

No. 412 Tyelfth avenue east, seven rooms, modern conveniences—per month..... $22.00

No. 325 West Fourth street, 13 rooms—bath, laundry, steam heat and gas—per month..... $35.00

No. 214 Sixth avenue West, 8 rooms in good condition; has city water, sewer and bath.

A large 10-room house on 46th avenue west; this is a splendid house and only, per mo..... $20.00

One good room in Foote Blk, 110 W. Superior street.

Stryker, Manley & Buck, Torrey Building.

-At the- Big Store

20 per cent discount on all Children's Carriages on hand.

65c per yard for genuine Lowel Carpet.

$20.40 for Steel Range with high closet.

Prices quoted to you according to my expense of doing business, which is one-third less than any other store in the city.

Night 'Phone 947. Day 'Phone 474.

C. O. NELSON, U. S. Block, Nineteenth Ave. W.

FOR SALE—ONE HUNDRED SHARES OF

Calumet & Arizona

in lots of 5 shares or more at $30 a share

NORTHERN SECURITY COMPANY,

First Floor, Palladio Bldg. Telephone 696. Duluth, Minn.

A DEFENCE TO WEAK EYES....

will be found in glasses. They ward off indistinct vision, headaches and often blindness. They supply what is lacking in the eyes—make a combination equal to perfect sight. At the slightest indication of weakness or trouble consult an oculist or reliable optician.

C. D. TROTT, Optician, 3 West Superior Street.

Would be pleased to write your FIRE INSURANCE Representing only millionaire companies.

JOHN A. STEPHENSON, First Floor Providence Building.

Peachey & Lounsberry,

Phones: Zenith, 336. Long Dist., 307-3.

15 Second Ave. W. The Printers.

von Suessmilch & Costello, Dentists.

HUNTER BLOCK, Duluth, Minnesota.

For a short time only—special prices on plates.

FINE STATIONERY.

Chamberlain & Taylor's Book Store

323 West Superior Street.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY!

100 Lots in Lakeside for Sale

on Monthly Payments without Interest.

W. VAN BRUNT, 8 Exchange Building.

SHAMROCK II

Showed Up Well on Her First Trial Spin.

Went Aground Off the Warner Lightship.

Southampton, May 4.—The new cup challenger started on her first trial spin this morning, under excellent conditions. The sun shone bright and warm and a steady northeasterly breeze was blowing.

An immense amount of preparatory work has been satisfactorily carried out during the past week, and everything essential was ready when the Shamrock II left her berth. Sir Thomas Lipton and Charles Russell arrived last night and saw the last touches put to the preparation. V. G. Jameson and Designer Watson followed this morning.

Keen interest is shown in the trial, and a large number of yachts and steamers, crowded with passengers, accompanied the Erin and the Shamrock II. While the challenger was preparing for her first sail, the American line steamer St. Louis passed her. There were a number of Americans on board, who closely scanned the challenger. On passing the yacht the steamship slowed down and saluted. The crews of the Erin and the two Shamrocks, who were ranged on their respective decks, cheered the St. Louis heartily. During the forenoon the breeze steadied and hardened until a fine, crisp northeaster was blowing, sufficient to raise the white caps. The jib and staysail of the challenger were hoisted at an early hour, and when the word was given to raise the mainsail, the speed with which it was hoisted from the deck, in American fashion, demonstrated the handiness of the appliances adopted. The sail is made of dark, sea island cotton, and fully justified the expectation of its being largest on record.

The challenger hoisted her mainsail at 11:40 a. m., and shortly afterwards slipped her moorings, and lying over till her lee rail was almost awash, went churning Southampton water at a pace that made the Erin go at full speed to keep her in sight.

The Shamrock I started shortly afterwards with sheets well off and sailing fast. This is her best point of sailing, but as soon as the two got together and fairly started, the cup challenger commenced to pull out in fine style.

The condition today, it is true, were exactly those in which the challenger was expected to show at her best, but, even allowing this, beyond a doubt she has more than fulfilled the expectations of her most ardent admirers. The wind in which she passed Ryde was such as might take her round an America's cup course just inside the time limit, and expected to be finished by the latter part of this month.

Indian Inspector Nessler, who is rushing the allotting work, telegraphed from Oklahoma today that he had just mailed a schedule of 500 allotments and would mail 500 more next week. These will make a total of 1200 thus far. There are to be 3000 allotments in the Kiowa and Comanche and over 1000 in the Wichita reservations, including those already made.

Southampton—The Shamrock II went aground at low water off the Warner lightship. The Erin is standing by her.

COALOWNERS WAVERING

Hardly Know Whether to Advise the Closing of the Mines on Account of Export Tax or Not.

London, May 4.—There are further indications that the coal owners and merchants are wavering in regard to the advisability of urging the miners to close the pits. The divisions among the men, too, are becoming more marked.

The Derbyshire Miners' association, the membership of which is 30,000, today unanimously passed a resolution against the export tax on coal, but by a small majority decided not to stop work.

On the other hand, the Northumberland delegates, at a meeting at Newcastle, decided to support the strike.

The Durham miners, at a meeting, agreed to abide by the decision of the national conference. The Lancashire and Cheshire miners took a similar attitude, while those of Yorkshire voted against the strike, the feeling being expressed that if the men agreed to a shut down of the pits the owners should continue paying their wages.

NAMES HIS SUCCESSOR

The Pope Changes Common Custom and Has Made a Will Designating His Successor to the Tiara.

London, May 4.—The pope, according to a dispatch to the Times from Rome, is understood to have made a will designating his successor, thus, to quote the correspondent, modifying the habitual mode of choosing a pope by a conclave. The news of the pope's will first took shape in a diplomatic note from the Bavarian minister to his government. The story is simple—the papal power being absolute involves the right of naming a successor. Dealing with the rumors of Cardinal Rampolla's retirement from the office of secretary of state, the correspondent says that Rampolla is aiming for the tiara and that if the pontiff died today the struggle would be between Cardinals Rampolla and Vannutelli.

GOOD HEALTH

Of Soldiers In Philippines Is Most Gratifying to Sternberg.

Washington, May 4.—Surgeon General Sternberg is very much gratified at the showing made in the recent report from Manilla of a less percentage of sick than at any time since the American troops were sent to the Philippines. He attributes the better condition to several causes, but notably to the fact that officers and men understand the importance of taking good care of themselves. The soldiers in the islands are to all intents and purposes regulars and officered by regular officers or volunteer officers, and the men are compelled to conform closely to the restrictions as to diet and care of themselves. Gen. Sternberg says the training and education of the surgeons in the Philippines has had good results. These officers have learned how to treat tropical diseases and complaints indigeneous to the lands, more successfully than formerly.

INSANE MOTHER

Fatally Attacked Her Thirteen-Year-Old Daughter.

Des Moines, May 4.—Mrs. George Rankin attacked her 13-year-old daughter with a hatchet today at their home in Highland Park. The deed is supposed to have been committed in an insane frenzy brought on by protracted illness. When physicians arrived they found blood and brains spattered over the walls and floor of the kitchen. The child died at 10:30 a. m.

SIGNED BY ODELL.

Albany, N. Y., May 4.—Governor Odell has signed the anti-scalping bill.

ALLOTMENTS

Of Land For Indians Are Being Pushed With Speed.

Washington, May 4.—The work of making the allotments in severalty to the Indians, the last prerequisite to readiness for opening to settlement the surplus lands of the Kiowa and Comanche and the Wichita reservations in Oklahoma, is progressing rapidly and is

MORE BOERS KILLED.

London, May 4.—The war office has received the following report from Lord Kitchener, under date of Pretoria, May 3: "Ten Boers have been killed, three wounded, thirteen have surrendered and 28,000 rounds of small ammunition, 100 wagons and 2070 horses have been captured since last report."

ELECTRICAL EXPERT DEAD.

Denver, May 4.—John C. Henry, one of the foremost electrical experts in this country, died today at his home in this city. Mr. Henry was born in Woodstock, Ont., fifty-three years ago. He perfected many inventions in connection with the overhead trolley system.

SNOW IN COLORADO.

Leadville, Colo., May 4.—Nearly a foot of snow has fallen here during the past forty-eight hours. At Glenwood Springs the storm has been the most severe ever known there in May.

THE WALL FELL IN

Side of a Big Office Building In Philadelphia Collapsed.

There Were Twenty Tenants In the Ruined Structure.

Believed That All Had Sufficient Warning to Escape.

Philadelphia, May 4.—A side wall of the 5-story brick office building at Broad and Market streets, in the center of the city, collapsed today. The structure contained about twenty tenants, but it is believed that all escaped, having received sufficient warning by the cracking ceilings and walls. Few, if any, of the occupants, were able to save their effects. Workmen are excavating for a new building adjoining that which collapsed and it is believed the foundation of the latter structure was undermined.

TO THE HILLS.

Foreign Ministers at Pekin Will Move to Summer Quarters.

Pekin, May 3.—A majority of the foreign ministers will leave Pekin next week for the western hills to spend the summer, taking with them military guards for their protection, their intention being to come to Pekin for the purpose of holding meetings and attending to necessary business.

Missionary Owen, of the London mission, says all the reports received by his mission from the provinces show the country to be in a deplorable state. Discontent and intense hatred of foreigners prevail and worse conditions than existed before the siege are threatened. The departure of the troops, he predicts, will be signalized by a massacre of the native Christians. "Those unable to recognize the facts and reporting otherwise to their governments," says Mr. Owen, "are as wilfully blind as before."

MAY AFFECT PRICES.

Burning of the Big Ashland Lumber Mill.

Ashland, Me., May 4.—The mill of the Ashland Manufacturing company, the most modern and one of the largest sawmills in Maine, was burned last night and a large quantity of lumber also was destroyed. The loss is estimated at more than $200,000. The mill was started for the season this week and 28,000,000 feet of logs were in the river ready for sawing.

The mill was built about four years ago and had been running steadily since it was completed. It has turned out about 30,000,000 feet of lumber annually, most of which has been shipped to Boston and New York. The loss is likely to have a serious effect upon the lumber trade, as the mill cannot be rebuilt in time to saw the logs at Ashland this year. The logs are not of the right kind to be driven ashore.

END CAME SUDDENLY.

W. J. Footner Died at St. Paul of Apoplexy.

St. Paul, May 4.—W. J. Footner, vice president and general manager of the Great Northern Express company, died of apoplexy at 2:10 o'clock this morning, at his residence, 10 Iglehart street. Mr. Footner was apparently in good health yesterday and was able to be out during the evening. He was stricken shortly before he died.

Mr. Footner came to St. Paul in 1879 and was the organizer of the Northern Pacific Express company. He left the Northern Pacific to organize the Great Northern Express company and has since been at the head of that company. He was one of the grand officers of the Royal Arcanum and a member of several other orders.

SIGNED BY GOVERNOR.

Detroit "Ripper" Bill Becomes a Law.

Lansing, Mich., May 4.—Governor Bliss today signed the Detroit "ripper" bills, which abolish the police and park commissions of that city, establishing one-man boards in their stead, and give to the aldermen the appointing power. A third "ripper" bill, which the governor also signed today, legislates the present superintendent of public works out of office, and gives the aldermen power to appoint his successor.

MANY ARRESTED.

Russians Would Prevent Labor Day Demonstrations.

St. Petersburg, May 4.—Many male students, a number of female students, workingmen, liberal leaders, lawyers and literateurs, were arrested, and 500 houses were searched here Thursday night; and it is probable throughout European Russia, similar tactics were pursued. The object of the movement is to prevent demonstrations on Sunday next, which is regarded as labor day. The advisability of the step is considered by some to be questionable, as it may easily provoke trouble.

DEVASTATED

Practically All Jacksonville Destroyed.

Ten Thousand People Rendered Homeless.

Jacksonville, Fla., May 4.—Sunrise today disclosed a devastated city. The fire which broke out yesterday at noon and was aided in its work by a southwest gale spent its force by 9 o'clock last night. The damage is enormous. One hundred and forty-eight blocks were swept by the flames and as far as known seven persons lost their lives.

A report was in circulation this morning that a party of twenty persons, driven to the docks along the St. John's river, were forced into the water, all attempts at rescue by boats being futile. The river is being searched.

All the local companies of the state militia have been on duty since midnight, and on order of Governor Jennings, the military companies from other cities are speeding to Jacksonville by special trains.

Many extra police have been sworn in and every able-bodied man not doing duty in some capacity in the fire-swept district is impressed into the service. The negroes are huddled in groups in different parts of the city, and the fear of an attempt at lawlessness by them, although not openly expected by the whites, is the reason for the large military force ordered here.

Fire companies from Savannah, Fernandina, Ocala and other cities worked the entire night on the fire, but a soaking rain will be necessary to effectually quench the flames. The losses by the fire will not be known for a week. The path of the flames was thirteen blocks wide and nearly two miles long.

Practically all of Jacksonville has been destroyed, nothing left but a few suburbs and Riverside, the most fashionable part of the city.

It is believed the fire is the largest on record in proportion to the size of the city.

A feature of the conflagration was the loss by many families of libraries, pianos and household goods after they had been moved to a supposed place of safety.

The street car service has been at a complete standstill. All night the city was in darkness. The electric light circuits were interrupted and the gas plant destroyed. A conservative estimate places the number of homeless people in the city at 10,000. Most of these spent the night in the parks, on the docks and on barges, while some slept beside the few belongings they had managed to save from the general wreck. The board of trade and other commercial bodies held meetings at 10:30 to take action looking to the alleviation of the suffering. It is expected an appeal to the people of the United States calling for aid will be issued during the day.

Leading business men and insurance agents estimate the loss of property at from $10,000,000 to $15,000,000. The St. James hotel, which was destroyed, has been closed since April 19. The loss on this building is $115,000. Among the buildings destroyed are: The Emery Auditorium, board of trade, St. James hotel, Windsor hotel, the Seminole club, the Daily Metropolis, the city hall market, the Gardiner building, the largest office building in the city, and the Hubbard building.

Mayor Bowden said to the Associated Press reported this morning: "Say to the world, please, that the loss to Jacksonville is greater than ever before inflicted by fire upon a city of the South, but her best wealth survives in her people. I estimate our loss in property at $15,000,000.

"There is not a hint of lawlessness. Our people of every race and condition have shown the most helpful spirit to each other and I cannot find words of commendation strong enough to express my admiration of the work done.

"The progress of the fire was so rapid and the heat so fierce, that it was only the helpfulness and obedience shown that prevented a terrible loss of life. I have no doubt the relief meeting called by the municipal authorities and board of trade will be largely attended and steps will be taken to deal with the situation in the most effective way."

A STRIKE SENTIMENT

Laboring Men at Rochester Seem Determined to Secure Concessions From Employers or to Go Out.

Rochester, N. Y., May 4.—A general sentiment for strikes exists among laboring men in this city. Nearly 800 machinists will go on strike on May 20 if their demands are not acceded to. Early last fall a demand was made on the master machinists for a 9½-hour day, a reduction of thirty minutes, and on Nov. 30 last the demand went into effect. Now the machinists demand that the working day be reduced to nine hours. This week every member of the association received a little slip of paper from the International Association of Machinists, which in general conference some months ago decided an organized effort would be made to obtain a shorter day, in which it was stated that a strike will be declared if the 9-hour day is not put into effect by May 20.

The carpenters' strike declared on Wednesday has been settled, the contractors agreeing to raise the salary of the men from $2.40 to $2:50 a day.

The situation in the painters' strike is unchanged, the contractors standing firm in the determination not to give the men an 8-hour day instead of nine, as at present.

TREASURER SHORT.

Colorado Springs Official Proves an Embezzler.

Colorado Springs, Col., May 4.—The finance committee of the city council, which has been making an examination of the books of the city treasurer, Moses T. Hale, have reported that a shortage approximating $30,000 exists. It is said that Mr. Hale admits a shortage of over $20,000. Mr. Hale has been treasurer for eight years and the alleged shortage covers a period of about two years' time. Friends have given assurances that the whole amount will be paid within a day or two, and there has been no arrest.

GLASS UP.

Jobbers Give Notice of Increase In Price.

Pittsburg, May 4.—President W. T. Gray of the National Window Glass Jobbers association, has sent out notices to the members of the organization, that an advance in the price of window glass will be made May 11. The new discounts are 55 and 20 on less than carload lots, or a fraction over 1 per cent of an advance on present prices. It is intimated in glass circles that future advances in prices are probable before the factories are ready to produce glass after the summer shut down.

TO SUPPRESS RIOT.

Calcutta, May 4.—Three hundred troops have been dispatched to the Sialkat district to suppress plague riots. Twenty-five villages are in revolt in the district and several hospital assistants have been killed or wounded.

MORGAN'S PLANS.

New York, May 4.—A London dispatch to the World says the London Daily Express asserts that control of the European canals is to be a part of J. Pierpont Morgan's plans, so as to secure the delivery of steel into the heart of Europe at the smallest possible expense.

RUSSIA'S DEMANDS

As Compensation For the Loss of Manchuria.

London, May 4.—It is reported that Russia has made the following demands, says the Shanghai correspondent of the Standard, "as compensation for China's refusal to sign the Manchurian convention:

First—A rectification of the frontier between Kulja and Russian territory;

Second—The cession of a strip of territory in Western Thibet; and

Third—A concession for working the gold mines south of the Amur.

GERMANY DENIES

That She Has Acquired Station at Margarita.

Berlin, May 4.—After careful inquiries, the German foreign office empowers the Associated Press to assert that Germany has not acquired a coaling station on the island of Margarita, off the coast of Venezuela, through the agency of the German cruiser Vineta.

SUITS SETTLED.

Providence, R. I., May 4.—An agreement has been reached whereby all pending suits between the heirs of Joseph Banigan, once president of the rubber combine, and the United States Rubber company will be dropped. The aggregate amounts sued for were over $4,000,000. The basis of settlement was not given out.

SERIOUS RIOT.

London, May 4.—"A serious riot is reported to have occurred Thursday in Barcelona," says the Madrid correspondent of the Daily Express. "Two hundred anarchists invaded a Catalonist meeting and a terrible fight followed. Revolvers and knives were used and many people were shot and otherwise wounded. Turmoil continued in the streets throughout the night."

..UPHOLSTERING..

We do all kinds of Upholstering, Furniture Repairing, Re-finishing and Renovating of Hair Mattresses; also Hair Mattresses made to order.

Our workmanship is superior to any in the city, and our prices are 25 per cent lower than any other store.

If you have a couch, sofa, easy chair or any other piece of up holstering in need of a new covering, or new springs, have us do it, as we can save you money on **first class work.**

FURNITURE COVERING....

We have a complete line in all the newest designs and colors at money saving prices. **Have us estimate your work.**

Zenith Telephone 320.

Duluth Upholstering Co.

10 East Superior St.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk. Telephone 755, N. Call 4. Zenith 'Phone 713.

D. H. DAY, Dentist.

DR. MITCHELL'S GREAT WORK.

Statements Grounded Upon Facts and Facts That Have Startled the Entire Medical World.

The remarkable advancement of Dr. Mitchell in the science of magnetic healing continues to attract crowds of anxious and afflicted people. His wonderful success has spread like wildfire among those who had given up all hope of ever being well again, and they are by hundreds availing themselves of this miraculous power and gift of healing, which has proven to be the surest, quickest and most reliable means of cure ever offered a long-suffering public.

At his office may be seen the paralytic, the palsied, the consumptive, dyspeptic, among the deaf, blind and rheumatic, or those whose life is being daily sapped through youthful follies and indiscretions, unfortunates of nervous lingering torments of a debilitated and deranged constitution, the just and the unjust, there is no kind or variety of disease which is not cured by Dr. Mitchell. Every name, nature and condition of disease that all other physicians have given up as incurable seem but as play to him, for he is so strongly endowed by nature with such great magnetic power that he is able to break up congestions and cure most obstinate chronic diseases sometimes even with a single treatment.

His patients are numbered among all classes of people—the rich and poor; the educated and ignorant; the intelligent and refined people with the most profound reason have given up their prejudices, been convinced and are now profiting by what they have seen and know to be facts, having thoroughly realized the folly of waiting and suffering weeks, months and even years with disease which could as well be cured in a few days. Reason and judgment, in place of experiment and theory, have taken the hem and guided them to the invincible healing powers of Dr. Mitchell.

Dr. Mitchell possesses most remarkable healing powers, and is performing every day the most astounding cures. Those cures are all made without the aid of instruments or medicine of any kind, and he is curing some of the most helpless and in every way the most stubborn cases known to medical men. To see and know positively that he is, of a verity, curing all manner of ailments with animal magnetism, and that in the most incredible short space of time, is creating an exciting episode in this city—almost every train coming to Duluth brings some poor suffering, afflicted man or woman to him, and to witness the delight of those people as they return to their homes renewed beings in the possession of new life, health and energy, is certainly the opportunity of a lifetime, and is profoundly appreciated and widely commended by an intelligent public.

Nothing more marvelous ever took place in the history of the healing art than the following case:

Levi King, who was entirely blind in his right eye and vision was impaired in the other; who had consulted oculists and physicians, and they all informed him he would never see. Dr. Mitchell gave him three treatments and restored his eyesight.

A lady who had consumption and rheumatism so she could not turn over in bed was given up by physicians. She has gained twenty-five pounds under Dr. Mitchell's magnetic treatment.

A man who told me that he went to Dr. Mitchell a complete physical wreck, caused by stomach trouble, says Dr. Mitchell's magnetic healing power has restored him to his former good health, and he recommends his treatments to all who are suffering.

A lady told one of Duluth's best physicians that she had suffered torture from complications of nervousness and heart trouble for fifteen years; spent hundreds of dollars; had given medicine and electricity a thorough trial without the slightest relief. Dr. Mitchell's treatment is the only thing that ever gave me relief. I take pleasure in recommending his magnetic treatments to all who may be needing such help.

Dr. Mitchell has an office at 17 East Superior street, and by bringing this advertisement it will entitle you to consultation free. Office hours daily, 9 a. m. to 7:30 p. m. Sunday, 10 to 12 a. m. 'Phone 579.

TO PREVENT IT.

Street Railway to Stop Moving of a Building.

The Duluth Street Railway company yesterday afternoon began an injunction suit against R. C. Sloan to prevent him from moving a building up Garfield avenue to Michigan street and then west to Eighteenth avenue, as he proposes. It is claimed that it will destroy the wires of the company and prevent its operating for a time, thus cutting off street car traffic between Duluth and Superior and West Duluth. An order to show cause, with a temporary restraining order, was issued May 1, returnable today, and this morning the matter was continued until next Saturday, with the restraining order still in force. Greene & Wood are the attorneys.

Other special term matters this morning were as follows: A. F. Rockwell against Doyle Bros., to be submitted; in the matter of the receivership of the Duluth Manufacturing company, order signed; Bank of Northfield against N. Fyberg, order dissolving attachment; B. Barnham against United Order of Foresters, for hearing next Saturday.

OIL FIELDS OF TEXAS.

Harvest of Dollars Reaped Near Beaumont, Texas.

Thousands of people are investing their money in the oil fields of Texas. The Saratoga Oil and Pipe Line company have magnificent oil fields, only 5000 feet from the Beatty well, which sold for $1,250,000. They are located only a trifle over a mile from the Lucas Gusher, which flows 70,000 barrels per day. It is needless to say that their property is becoming very valuable. Land within a short distance of their well sold the other day for $12,500 an acre and one-quarter royalty, and land within one mile of them sold this past week for $40,000 per acre. Texas is now producing more oil than the entire output of the states of California and Pennsylvania combined.

The advertisement of the Saratoga Oil and Pipe Line company appears in this issue, where by reading same you can obtain a good idea of their property.

THE COUNTY BOARD.

Seven Commissioners at This Month's Meeting.

The next meeting of the county board will be held next Tuesday afternoon, May 7, when arrangements will have to be made for desk room in the commissioners' addition to the court house for two more commissioners. R. F. Berdie and Neil McInnes, the new commissioners, will take their seats then.

There will be two applications for liquor licenses in Fall Lake, in the town of Morse. The board will be notified that the town of Culver, under the local option law, voted "no license," and will have no saloons within its borders. There will be the usual number of applications for rebate of taxes and some petitions for roads.

Gate City Temple No. 10.

Rathbone Sisters will give a social Monday evening, May 6, at the home of Mrs. C. W. Howard, 129 Fourteenth avenue east.

HELPED HIS FATHER.

From his boyhood days Fred Funston has been a fighter, relates the Chicago Tribune. He was born in Ohio in 1866, but his father, E. H. Funston, soon moved to Kansas, where he became a congressman and was known as Foghorn Funston. His first public appearance was made when he was about 16 years old, at a political meetings at Fort Scott, Kan. The political meeting happened to be opposed to his father's candidacy, but that made no difference to young Fred. In fact, it was the reason for his being there.

After all the speaking was over and Foghorn Funston had been pretty well torn to pieces the young fellow got up, took the stage, and said that he had a few remarks to make. He proceeded to make them in the face of strenuous opposition, but when the audience presently discovered that he was telling a good story on his father it quieted down. He finished that story and then another, and then began to tell what kind of a man Foghorn Funston, who had been the butt of so much ridicule, really was.

In vain did the organizers of the meeting howl for adjournment; the boy now had his audience with him, and by the time he had finished a brief but well-put statement of the political situation it was a Funston audience, and the effect of his oratory was evident on election day.

GHOULISH OUTRAGE

Report of W. V. Grubbs' Death Was Without Foundation.

Perpetrated By Villains Calling It a Practical Joke.

Identity Known to One Man But He Is Mum.

Every community has its human ghouls, but Duluth possesses the prize monstrosity. Yesterday forenoon a message was sent to The Herald office by telephone to the effect that W. V. Grubbs, the agent at Duluth for the Portage Entry quarries, had dropped dead on the street in Minneapolis, that his body would be brought to Duluth for burial, and that funeral arrangements would be announced later. The party stated that he was telephoning from the East End Drug store.

Last evening it developed that this item was sent to the newspaper by some scoundrel, who thought he was playing a good practical joke on Grubbs. Someone who had learned of it informed Mrs. Grubbs that there was some practical joke being played on Mr. Grubb, and not to believe anything she might see in the evening paper. He took no measures to stop the publication however. He did not say what it was, and later when friends called and told her of the announced death of her husband she was almost overcome at the terrible announcement, forgetting for the time being the injunction that had been given her. Later when it came to her mind she felt that it was all a mistake, and investigation finally relieved her mind of the anxious strain.

Of the villain who perpetrated that joke there can be but one opinion, he is too despicable to come under the term humanity. He is a descendant of another order of intelligence than that which has been given to human beings.

And what of the man who is willing to conceal his identity and shield him from the opprubrium which people should be allowed to give him, and from the prosecution for malicious mischief which The Herald will give him if his identity is disclosed?

W. E. Lawrence, manager of the East End pharmacy, knows who the man is but he will not tell.

It was from Mr. Lawrence's store that the telephone message was sent to the office of The Herald. This morning he denied all knowledge of who telephoned the message and said that no one in his store had heard the message sent.

"How is it then that last evening, you told parties that it was all a joke?" he was asked.

He admitted then that he knew who was responsible for it, but would not divulge their names, even though it was suggested to him that, by shielding the perpetrators of such an outrage, he was placing himself in a position little less enviable.

Later on he admitted to others that he knew who telephoned the matter in and, in fact, admitted it to Mr. Grubb himself, who returned from Minneapolis this morning. It was also reported that he is the man who gave the warning to Mrs. Grubb that something was going to happen. This afternoon he called up The Herald office and admitted that he knew who sent the message, but had promised not to tell. He explained his own attitude by saying that he did not think it would be allowed to go so far.

This sheds a little more light on the character of the man who is responsible for this miserable attempt to be funny. He is a coward who shields himself behind Mr. Lawrence and dare not face the consequences of his act.

When Mr. Grubb returned from Minneapolis this morning he was naturally a very angry man. He says that he can take a joke with as good grace as any man and can send back as good a joke as they give, but not when it comes to an extreme as this, where the feelings of a man's family and home are to be of no consideration.

It is questionable whether the Minnesota law is such that the parties to this outrage can be reached, but The Herald has attorneys looking the matter up now and if there is a way to reach them they will be made to pay for their fun.

If You Have Dyspepsia

Send no money, but write Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis., Box 91, for six bottles of Dr. Shoop's Restorative; express paid. If cured, pay $5.5—if not, it is free.

TWO LARGE TRANSFERS.

Duluth Property Transfers of Importance Filed.

Two transfers of city property of some importance were filed this morning in the office of the register of deeds. The estate of Joseph Tuckerman, of St. Paul, has been sold to William J. E. Sander, of Cambridge, Mass., for a consideration of $1, lots 3 and 4, block 10, Central division. The revenue stamps on the deed indicate a valuation of $12,000. The property is on the lower side of Michigan street, the second fifty feet east from Third avenue west.

The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance company has sold to Electa W. Spalding lots 82 and 84, block 20, Duluth proper, Third division, for $12,503.18. The property consists of 100 feet on the south side of West Third street, midway between Fourth and Fifth avenues west.

WETMORE'S GELATINE.

Granulated or shredded; 10 cents at all grocers.

COUNTY MUST PAY.

No Provision For Paying Wolf Bounties.

Thought the legislature at its last session changed the wolf bounty law, altering the amount of the bounties, it failed to make provisions for paying them. It appropriated $25,000 to pay claims already in, and State Auditor Dunn, in a communication to the county board, states that that will probably keep things going until July 31. After that it will be of no use for the county to send in claims until there is an appropriation from the legislature. In the meantime the county will have to pay the bounties, probably, and look to the state for reimbursement some other time.

SEVEN MORE.

Grand Jury Grinds Out Another Batch of Indictments.

Including the eight indictments returned by the grand jury yesterday morning, that body ground out fifteen true bills yesterday. Seven more were returned yesterday afternoon before adjournment, five of which were withheld because the parties indicted are not in custody. It is understood that some of these parties have departed from the city and it is not likely that the indictments will be made public immediately.

T. M. James was indicted for grand larceny in the second degree. The grand jury charges that on May 1, in Duluth, he stole a suit case full of clothes, razors, collars, shirts, underwear, etc., enough to start on a long trip with. The stuff belonged to Edward Stahl.

Anton Kochevar, the grand jury says, kept his saloon at Ely open Sunday, March 17, so an indictment was returned against him.

Yesterday afternoon Thomas Kinney and John Maguire, charged with grand larceny in the second degree, pleaded not guilty, and so did William Cameron, charged with attempted grand larceny in the first degree.

DIES IN PERSIA.

Rev. William L. Whipple Passes Away There.

Word was received here yesterday afternoon of the death of Rev. William L. Whipple, a brother of County Treasurer L. H. Whipple, in Hamadam, Persia, where he was acting as a missionary. Death came from typhoid fever after an illness of thirteen days, and it is supposed that the fever was the result of the water he was compelled to use while traveling about among the Persian villages.

The first intimation of Mr. Whipple's illness came Thursday in a letter from the Presbyterian board of missions in New York, based on a cablegram announcing his illness and low condition. Yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock came a second cablegram announcing his death. The family resides here, and the members were in a measure prepared for the sorrowful announcement that came yesterday.

Mr. Whipple has been an agent of the American Bible society in Persia for twenty-five years, and he returned to this country and came to Duluth in 1896. During his stay here he was for a time employed in the office of the county treasurer. A year ago last October he returned to Persia as a missionary, in which capacity he had been there up to the time of his death. His wife expected to join him this fall. The widow and four children are living in Duluth, and one son, Allen Whipple, is at Princeton college. The cablegram stated that he would be buried today, and as it is a journey of six weeks it will be impossible for any of the family to go there. Though no members of his family were at his bedside, he was surrounded by his associates in the mission field. His was an exceptionally fine character, and those who knew him during his brief residence here were shocked deeply at the news.

Rev. Mr. Whipple was 58 years of age.

THE REASON FOR IT.

Foresters Answer the Suit of B. Barnham.

The local officers of the United Order of Foresters have filed their return to the mandamus case of Mr. and Mrs. B. Barnham, brought to compel them to accept the dues on his insurance policy of $2000 in the order. The answer is to the effect that Barnham is in the saloon business on the range, and the laws of the order prohibit any member engaging in that business and cancels his membership if he does. W. L. Windom is the attorney.

PILES CURED WITHOUT THE KNIFE.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. No cure, no pay. All druggists are authorized by the manufacturers of Pyro Ointment to refund the money where it fails to cure any case of piles, no matter of how long standing. Cures ordinary cases in six days; the worst cases in fourteen days. One application gives ease and rest. Relieves itching instantly. This is a new discovery and is the only pile remedy sold on a positive guarantee—no cure, no pay. Price 50c. If your druggists don't keep it in stock send us 50c in postage stamps and we will forward same by mail. Manufactured by PARIS MEDICINE CO., St. Louis Mo., Manufacturers of Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets.

MUSIC-LOVING DOGS.

The old idea held by many that musical sounds are discordant to the ears of dogs and other animals is so easily disproved that there can scarcely be found the slightest apology for its persistent continuance, says the Baltimore Sun. The fact that the ringing of church bells invariably causes every dog in a village to set up a howl has given rise to the deep-rooted fiction that the sound causes intense discomfort to the ear.

Not only dogs but other animals show in no mistakable way their delight in the sound of musical instruments or other musical notes, whether from the throat of the church bell, the farm bell or from other similar sources.

Robert Wickes, one of the most ardent lovers of dogs in Kent, who constantly keeps a large kennel of foxhounds, water dogs and diminutive pets, several years ago delighted visitors to his home with what he termed his "canine orchestry." Provided with an accordion, violin and several other instruments, the members of Mr. Wickes' household would commence an enlivening air in the dining room of his home. Immediately the dogs would crowd to the door of the kitchen and set up their whines of approval, or even delight. When admitted into the room they would crowd around the players and indulge in a most novel performance until either they were tired out or the musicians were forced to suspend playing from sheer exhaustion.

STUDY OF NECKS.

Palmistry being frowned on by the law, we must tell characters in another way, says Sandow's Magazine. Why not study necks? Thus the most stupid animals and birds, such as the giraffe, the ostrich, the swan and the goose, have the longest necks; whereas the most docile of brutes, the elephant, for example, possess the shortest. Those, again, which are the most powerful have the thickest necks; the most feeble generally possess the slenderest. "A fine, strong and powerfully outlined neck is that of Lord Roberts. It tells of dignity, self-reliance, firmness and resolution. This is the neck of a man who will see a job right through to the bitter end, who would never cringe nor crawl, and whose motives are of the most unimpeachable kind. No man devoid of the high moral and mental qualifications of 'Bobs' ever possessed so upright and well-developed a neck. No one dare take him by the throat with impunity!"

EASY PAYMENTS AT FAIR PRICES. GET CASH PRICES

IN OTHER STORES and then come to us and we will discount them every time. Here are a few samples of our prices—

This handsome 3-piece Parlor Suite and many more we are closing out at manufacturers' prices. Come and examine them.

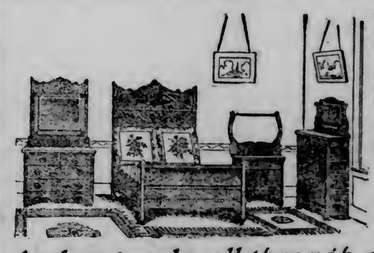
Refrigerators

At Low Prices.

We are exclusive agents for the best Refrigerators made. White Porcelain at prices that will astonish you.

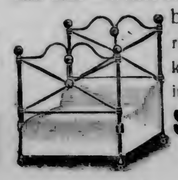
This handsome Sideboard—all hardwood—French plate—regular price $18—our price ---- **$10**

This handsome Hardwood Chiffonier, 5 large drawers, regular price $9.00, our price---------- **$5.50**



This handsome Chamber Suite—all hardwood—bevel plate mirior—worth $20—our price only— **$12.50**

This handsome Metal Bed, full size—white enamel or black—regular $4 kind selling for— **$1.85**



And so we do all through our line of Carpets and Drapery. Prices cut to pieces on high grade goods.

BAYHA & CO.,

24 and 26 East Superior St. Look For Big Wire Sign on Roof.

GREEN GOODS

Deafy Bill Tells About Meeting With the Guys.

One Man Got $10,000 In Good Money By Mistake.

The following reminiscences of the green-goods business are contributed by a gentleman who alleges that under the name of Deafy Bill he plied the guileful art of the steerer in the employ of Jimmie McNally, the green-goods king, says the New York Sun.

"I had been down on my luck for some time," he said, "and was introduced to McNally by a mutual friend already in the business. I was instructed in the duties of a steerer, whose business it was to conduct the 'guy' to the 'turning joint' or the place where he was separated from his money.

"The first guy I attempted to bring to the slaughter came very near ending my career at once. I went up to Poughkeepsie as per instructions, and registered at the hotel. In doing so I saw by the book that my man had arrived first, and had been assigned to a room. After waiting until the bellboy had retired, I left my own room and went to that of the sucker, and knocked on the door, which was instantly opened, and what I saw will never be effaced from my memory.

"There I beheld a man, or half a man to be more correct, for legs had been cut off at the thighs—who propelled himself with hand-stools. I no sooner entered than he closed and locked the door. After putting the key in his pocket, he drew two large formidable-looking guns, and asked me if I brought the goods with me.

"'If you got the goods,' he continued, 'I got the $700 here to pay for them. You robbed my father six months ago out of $1200, but now I'll either get the goods or you'll give back that $1200 or you don't leave here alive.'

"I tried to tell him I had just returned from Europe, where I had been for over a year, and that someone else must have got his father's money. But he insisted I was the same man his father had corresponded with, and that I must either produce the $1200 or depart this life then and there.

"I began to talk and talked as I never had done before. At the end of an hour he concluded to lower those 8-inch rifles, for such they appeared to me, on my promise to conduct him to the old man, who I assured him, was sick in Albany and would allow no one but himself to handle the goods.

"We started for the depot, I in the lead, my friend in the rear, insisting that I walk slow, as it was impossible for him to move at any rate of speed. Taking advantage of a crowd on the street, I quietly slipped away, and once I was out of reach of those guns I ran. No did I stop until I reached the next station, twelve miles away, where I hastily embarked for New Jersey, glad of the chance to reach there alone and alive.

"The next guy I went after was from the South and came as far as Philadelphia, where I hastened to meet him. He proved to have a friend who said he was a partner with the deal. I conducted them to Jersey City without mishap, and contrary to custom, took them both into the joint at the same time because they looked so harmless, as Big Walter, the turner, remarked.

"Things went along smoothly. Big Walter with his old 'con' smile was already counting the money as won. The bank roll was spread out on the desk, ten thousand strong, when suddenly one of the guys grabbed at it, and with his partner succeeded in reaching the door with one package of $1000.

"When the two reached the street they separated, and we took after the man that snatched the money. We slugged the life out of him, after discovering he did not have the money with him, but had passed it to his partner, while going out of the door. In the meantime a lot of coppers had come up and pinched the whole bunch. But when brought up in court the sucker was game and refused to reveal, said it was only a little friendly scrap, although his head was cut up in a dozen places.

"We all succeeded in getting out of the scrape, and brought the sucker over to New York to show him a good time. One thousand dollars had gone out of the bank roll, and we were all sore to think the sucker had got away with it, so we determined, if possible, to get even. This we determined to do by putting our erstwhile suckers against each other. We figured out that being hot-blooded Southerners, all we had to do was to create a doubt in the mind of one as to the honesty of the other. So as we conducted him around the Tenderloin, filling him up with all kinds of Tenderloin booze we instilled into his mind the idea that his partner had got away with $500 and dilated on his friend's action in running away and leaving him to suffer.

"He listened to our jolly, but said little. So we put him on the train and sent him home, firm in the belief that the next thing we would hear would be a shooting match in the South. Things went along for two weeks before we finally heard from him. Then we received a letter stating that he had met his friend who told him the result of the grab was $1600, that he had received his bit of $500 and that, as he knew his friend longer than he did us, he preferred to take his friend's word to ours. And in our hearts we gave him credit for his sense.

"It was about this time that McNally's brother Walter, whose duty it was to sit behind the panel and at a given signal from big Walter exchange the bank roll for a box of old paper and brick, fell asleep and was the cause of big Walter's getting shot and also cost his brother Jimmy a large slice of the day's receipts. Walter McNally, like Jim, was an inveterate dope fiend and often times was not as wide awake as he should be, for after a hard night at the pipe he would go to sleep on his feet.

"On the day in question we had a particularly hard guy to beat. He came on from the West and was suspicious of all kinds of things that would be likely to happen to him, yet did not dream of the real manner in which we intended to separate him from his money. After the play had been made and big Walter gave the signal for ringing the box—that is, exchanging it—he wrapped up in heavy wrapping paper what he supposed was the ringer, but what in reality was the right box, for he had no means of knowing which was which, without opening one of them and he allowed the guy to leave the place with $10,000 in good money.

"After the guy had been gone for about five minutes, seeing that Walter McNally did not come out from behind the panel, we opened the door and looked in. There was Walter fast asleep with the spurious box on his knee. Hastily waking him up and finding that he had not exchanged the box we began a mad chase for that $10,000. Catching up with the sucker near the Jersey City depot we attempted to persuade him to return, assuring him that we had made a mistake and had not given him all that was coming to him.

"But right here was where the guy was expecting to be done. He positively refused to go back saying that we could send the balance by express. Seeing that argument was of no avail, we drew revolvers and threatened to kill him unless he gave up the box.

"The sucker drew a revolver also, and then began a fusillade that made all honest people run for cover. When the smoke of battle cleared away, Big Walter was shot in the thigh and the sucker was shot through the stomach. Hastily calling a cab we put both Walter and the guy into it and drove rapidly away and had their injuries attended to. We secured the bank roll, but were compelled to lie low for some time afterward. We also had to pay the sucker's expenses, give him back his own money, with a handsome bonus, and send him home after he recovered, when was more than a month afterward.

"One day I was sent in conjunction with Scar-Head Jack to Kingston. It appears that some mistake was made in directing the guys, because they were sent to the 'National hotel,' when as a matter of fact no such hotel existed in that town. We arrived at Kingston about 10 a. m., and immediately began a search for the National hotel. We searched all over the ancient town of Kingston, but not a native did we find who had ever heard of such a place.

Realizing that a mistake had been made we determined to search the other hotels. After several hours we came across the sucker I was after, in tow of a railroad detective. Seeing the company he was in, we decided to let him go for the present, and went in search of Jack's two men. We had not gone far when we ran across them in the company of no less a person than the chief of police. And the way it came about was this:

"The chief of police, noticing the two guys Jack was after, wandering around the town, and knowing they were strangers, concluded they were the people who came from New York to skin the other sucker. They, unable to find the National hotel, had wandered around and finally anchored in a small hotel near the depot, but did not register. So the chief of police conceived a deep-laid plot to capture the green goods people and had the first sucker to register as per instructions and had him assigned to a room. Then he planted eight or nine of his deputies in an adjoining room, connected by a folding door. He himself stood watch also. His idea was that the two suckers down in the borroom, who he took for our people, would see the name on the register and go up to the room to interview the first guy and he would catch them with the goods on them.

"It was a very clever plan, but this is how it miscarried. The two guys in the barroom were looking for our signature on the register, and, of course, knew nothing of the other sucker. So while the country Hawkshaws were planning their guns one of them more nervous than the rest discharged his, the ball lodging in the leg of the chief of police. They then arrested the two poor guys, who, of course, knew nothing of the transaction.

"Jack and I being strangers in the town they decided when they met us to arrest us anyhow as accomplices, but neither of us having any desire to tarry we took to the woods with the deputies in close pursuit.

"We outdistanced them and emerged on a road where we found a negro strawberry peddler, who told us we would have to walk seven miles to get to a stream, where we could take a boat for Poughkeepsie. We offered to pay him to carry us there; but whether through pure cussedness or not refused. Having no desire to walk seven miles in our then state of mind, we tied him to a tree and gagged him, took his horse and wagon and drove down to the boat, which proved to be a small yacht—regaling ourselves with his berries on the way. It took us until the next day to reach Jersey City, two tired and disgusted green goods steerers."

Let Every Advertiser Remember

That when he or she inserts a want advertisement in The Herald requiring responses by letter, that each person is entitled to receive a ticket containing the address, and such ticket presented to The Herald advertising window is absolutely necessary in order to obtain the responses.

COAL IS CHEAPER

Cold Weather Gone and Price Drops Somewhat.

First Coal Boats Are Now on the Way Up.

Many Farmers Bought Soft Coal Last Winter.

The Ohio Coal company has two coal boats, the Gilchrist, of Toledo, and the Genoa, of Sandusky, on the way loaded with soft coal for the dock here. These are likely to be the first coal boats in this season. If not prevented too long by the ice, the boats will arrive at Duluth the first of next week.

The hard coal shortage is being felt at present, but the demand is on the decrease. There is practically no country demand for anthracite coal now and the soft coal demand is falling off daily. Country trade will be rather dull from now on to next fall, when the country dealers will begin to stock up for the winter.

Hard coal prices have taken a decided drop within the last few days, the decreased price being noted along all the grades.

Egg coal, which sold for $7.25 during the winter, stove coal which sold for $7.50 and nut coal that sold for $7.50, are all worth $6.75 now. Pea coal, that sold for $6.75 during the winter season, is now selling for $6.

Nearly all the docks have cleaned up and made ready for the early lake shipments of coal. Dredges are at work filling in the Ohio dock etxension that was built during the past winter. The superstructure was completed some time ago, and when the filling is all in the dock will be planked and ready for use.

Many of the farmers throughout the northwestern country tributary to the head of the lake coal trade have been burning soft coal during the colder months, and the demand for coal in large pieces was quite a feature. A traveling representative of a coal company says that the demand for the large pieces of coal was due to the fact that the farmers haul the fuel home and dump it in any convenient spot on their premises. The coal is not put under cover, as in the cities, and when the snow comes it is well covered up. The farmers wish the larger pieces because they can more easily be found. It is said that the farmers, when a coal-buying trip to the offices of the country dealers, always buy where they can get their coal in the largest pieces, hence the demand for the large-sized coal from the head of the lakes docks.

FRUSTRATED.

Attempt to Kidnap a Child Is Prevented.

A well-dressed man made an unsuccessful attempt to kidnap a 9-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Abelsen, 1131 East Second street, on Thursday evening.

The little girl was sent from her home to a grocery store at the corner of Fourth street and Twelfth avenue east, and when near the store she was stopped by a strange man who offered her a nickel and then asked her if she did not want to take a walk with him.

The girl replied that her mother did not permit her to walk with strangers and the man then offered candy as an inducement. She still refused, whereupon the strange man took her by the arm and tried to hurry her along with him.

The child screamed for help and several women hearing her cries rushed out from their houses to ascertain the cause. The man seeing them dropped the little girl and ran down Twelfth avenue. He is described as being tall and very well dressed. Several persons got a good look at him and say he had on a very light blue suit.

Nearly Hit the Bridge.

The Bessemer barge Sir Isaac Lothian Bell came very near colliding with the Duluth-Superior bridge yesterday afternoon. The barge was on its way from the Omaha docks in charge of two tugs. The draw was swung open but for some reason the operators were unable to stop it in the center. The tugs swung back with the big barge and it came within a foot of bumping into the bridge.

Mrs. Wilkinson Corrects.

The statement that William Wilkinson, who committed suicide this week had been ordered out of his home because of arrears in rent is denied by Mrs. Wilkinson, who says that their treatment by their landlord has always been such that they have had a deep gratitude for him. They have been in the house for seven years and have been extended many kindnesses by him.

AT SAN ANTONIO.

Oration Given the President In Texan City.

San Antonio, Tex., May 4.—President McKinley and party arrived here at 2:35 a. m. The president was up at 6 a. m. and was reading a newspaper on the back platform of the car unattended.

A great ovation was given him at 9 a. m. in front of the famous Alamo, in front of which the president and Governor Sayers walked with barred heads. The president reviewed the throng, made a brief speech, reviewed the troops at Fort Sam Houston and the school and college children and eft at 12:30 p. m. for El Paso.

RAILROAD CHANGES.

Milwaukee, May 4.—The Evening Wisconsin today says several important changes among officials of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad are on the slate, and will go through in the near future unless some of the rumored combinations do not alter the present plans. H. R. Williams, general manager of the road is said to be booked for the new position of second vice president in charge of operation, and W. J. Underwood to be general manager. C. A. Goodnow, L. D. Bush and E. X. Hastings are also booked for advancement.

You can rent houses, stores, offices or rooms by means of a Herald want ad.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 21 East Sup. St.

The best cigar made in Duluth is the Tom Reed. Ask for it.

Alex Chisholm has resigned his position as lineman of the fire department to go into business for himself.

James Porter, the flashily dressed colored youth, arrested a week ago, charged with being a prominent member of the League of Langour, was found not guilty this morning. The court has had the case under consideration since last week.

Dr. James Wallace, president of Macalester college, arrived in the city today and will occupy the pulpit at the First Presbyterian church tomorrow.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Joseph Galinga and Susy Rogaleska and to George W. Howenstein and Sarah E. Schaaf.

Articles of incorporation of the Chisholm Improvement company were filed in the office of the register of deeds this morning. The company is to improve a townsite in 21-18-20, where its principal place of business is to be. The capital stock is $50,000, and the limit of indebtedness is $10,000. The incorporators are James H. Pearce, of Duluth, president; A. M. Chisholm, of Hibbing, secretary and treasurer, and John Costin, Jr., of Virginia, vice president.

Miss Pearl Benham, a well known Minneapolis singer, is in the city, and will sing at the First Methodist church tomorrow.

About twenty will make up a class from Duluth that is going down to St. Paul to attend the ceremonial session of Osman Temple, A. A. O. N. M. S., May 15. The sessions of this famous order are always unique and interesting, and the program that has been issued for this one has more than the usual amount of clever matter.

C. E. Johnson, who has for several years been in charge of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern Railroad company billing at the Northern Pacific freight house, has resigned his position to accept one in the shipping department of the Marshall-Wells Hardware company.

Miss Rose A. Lafflitte, of St. Paul, has taken a position for the Western Union Telegraph company as operator in the offices of Stone-Ordean-Wells Co.

Your carfare both ways with every $1 purchase. Lester Park Greenhouses.

The Svea Glee Club will give their sixth annual May festival and concert at Normann hall, Twenty-first avenue west and Superior street, tomorrow evening, at 8 p. m.

For a delicious smoke ask for the Tom Reed cigars.

C. J. Stewart, undertaker, 226 West First street, successor to J. W. Stewart.

PERSONALS.

Frederick C. Mathews of the Mathews Advertising company, Minneapolis, was a visitor in the city today.

Mrs. W. A. Hood, of 1508 West First street, has gone to Blooming Prairie, Minn., for the benefit of her health and will be the guest of her sister, Mrs. Richard Butler.

G. A. Potter will leave tomorrow afternoon for the East to visit at Boston, Worcester, Mass., points in Vermont, New York City and Buffalo. He will return May 15. Mr. Potter will be accompanied home by his daughter, Miss Georgia Potter, who has been visiting in Worcester, Mass., for the past three months.

W. H. Gilbert, the Ashland lumberman, is in the city today accompanied by Guy and Ralph Gray, two Cleveland lumber buyers.

George Waters, of Iron River, Wis., was a business caller in the city today.

J. H. Younker, of Ashland, Wis., is a guest of the Spalding today.

E. F. Bradt, of Fort William, was a north shore visitor here today.

William Saintry, of Stillwater, arrived last night for a short visit.

Mrs. Goodrich, of Detroit, Mich., is visiting in the city.

James F. Connor, of Swan River, was a business caller in the city today.

M. L. Fay, of Virginia, is a guest of the St. Louis.

C. J. Mott, of Ely, is in the city this afternoon.

John Reidy, of Ashland, is in the city to stay over Sunday.

TO PLAY HERE

Minneapolis Ball Team Wants Games at Duluth.

The Minneapolis ball team of the Western league has wired for a few open dates with the Duluth team. Manager Beall says that he is anxious to play in Duluth during the coming season and that his team of Western leaguers will put up as fast a game as possible if dates can be secured. There are a number of other teams inquiring for open dates here, and Duluth will probably get more fast ball this season than at any time since the days when Duluth won the pennant in the Western league.

Tim Keefe, who caught for Superior several seasons, has written from Washburn that he would like to sign with Duluth. Keefe managed the Washburn team most of last season and succeeded in getting a very fast team together.

Wiggs, who has been closely identified with Keefe in baseball up in this section, pitched his first Western league game for the St. Joseph team yesterday and lost to St. Paul by a score of 9 to 5.

SHOULD APPLY EARLY.

School Districts Can Get Library Money.

County Superintendent of Schools A. T. Park has received notification from the state officials that the $2000 library fund appropriated by the legislature is available for the school districts, and that every school board should not lose the advantage of applying early before the fund is exhausted. The idea is that the state will duplicate the amount of money voted by the school boards for library purposes, up to a certain sum.

A very interesting county teachers' meeting was held at the High School this morning. There will be one more teachers' meeting to finish up the course of reading, the date to be announced later.

The course of study for the county schools that has been outlined by the county superintendent has been adopted by a number of the school boards, and as soon as a few more districts are heard from the course of study will be placed in the hands of the printer.

Noted Pianist Coming.

Musical circles are much interested in the coming of Fannie Bloomfield Zeisler, the noted pianist, who will give a concert in the high school assembly hall on May 16. This concert will probably prove one of the most delightful musical treats Duluth has had in a long time, for Mme. Zeisler is recognized as one of the great artists of the country.

Mrs. G. S. Armstrong Dead.

Mrs. George S. Armstrong, of 512 West Third street, died this morning of consumption, aged 47 years. Her husband is on the railway mail service, running on the Eastern Minnesota out of Duluth. She leaves one daughter. She was a member of Garfield circle of the G. A. R. and the Degree of Honor.

REDHEAD DEAD.

London, May 4.—Richard Redhead, who wrote the tune to which "Rock of Ages" is usually sung, is dead. For years he was known as the champion of Gregorian music. He had been organist of St. Mary's church, Paddington, since 1864, set several well known hymns to music and composed various pieces.

Free! 500 Free!

Beautifully colored and mounted pictures, size 10x13 inches, representing different subjects taken from life—a real work of art, worthy of a place in anybody's parlor. This picture would sell in any art store at 25c to 50c.

Given Free Here Monday,

with any purchase of 50c or over in any department. After making your purchase ask for duplicate sales slip and present same at stationery counter by front entrance (Dry Goods Department) where you will select your picture and receive the same FREE with our compliments.

1891. -6- 1901.

JOHNSON & MOE,

The West End Big Department Store.

Arrange to be here Monday, that you may enjoy the Economies Attending

Our Tenth Anniversary Sale!

FREE CONCERT
Monday Evening
from 7 to 9.30,
Flaaten's Orchestra
A select programme of new, popular music. Everybody cordially invited to be with us.

Free! 500 Free!

Cut Roses and Carnations will be given away, absolutely free to ladies only, visiting our store

Tuesday from 2 to 4 p. m.

Ladies, you are most cordially invited to participate.

TEN YEARS AGO this business was started in a small and modest way, and through hard work and an earnest desire to be worthy and deserving of your confidence and patronage by constant study, searching, activity and determination to sell only honest merchandise at the lowest possible cost to consumers, we have built up one of the most successful mercantile emporiums at the Head of the Lakes. For this great sale we are prepared to save you from one-fourth to one-half—**25 to 50 per cent**—on many lines of dependable merchandise. We shall offer extraordinary bargains each day during the entire week, and invite you one and all to be with us and reap the benefits of this great bargain festival. These prices point the way to successful and satisfactory economy. They help you to save money and get just the goods you want,

New Spring Suits.

A choice collection of snappy up-to-date styles are here and will be priced to surprise you for this sale.

Ladies' New Tailored Suits; made in navy, brown, tan and gray fine wool Venetian cloth; Eton Jackets, silk lined, flaring skirt, percaline lined, best brush binding, perfectly fitting garments—our regular low price is $12.50 to $15—your choice

$9.98

The skirts alone are worth the price.

Others at $18, $19.50 and $22 50.

Misses' Tailored Suits, perfect gems, made in brown, gray and navy wool. Ladies' Cloth Jackets, mercerized lined, blouse front, regular price $10—for this sale we say, a suit **$8.88**

Ladies' Tailored Skirts at big reductions for this sale.

Ladies' Man-Tailored Walking Skirts; perfect-fitting garments, made in blue and gray mixed wool melton, bound seams, stitched bottom, actual value $4.50; for this three days great sale **$3.48**

Children's Jackets.

$1.25 Jackets, neat—nobby garments; in red, blue, tan and cadette, sizes 2 to 4—your choice **98c**

$1.75 Jackets, same colors; nicely trimmed, choice **$1.38**

Special Reductions.

Ladies' New Spring Jackets—made in mode colored Venetian Cloth—box front, fancy buttons; cheap at $3.25—Anniversary sale price **$2.75**

10 per cent special discount off regular price of all better ones.

JOHNSON & MOE.

New Silks.

Fancy Brocade Silks in figured stripes, plaids and novelty designs for waists and trimmings, actual value 48c—Anniversary sale price **25c**

New Taffeta Silks in all the leading spring shades, best 88c quality—Anniversary sale price **75c**

Fancy Novelty Silks in new Persian stripes, corded and lace effects, an exquisite assortment of dainty patterns for waists, our regular $1.25 grade—Anniversary sale price, choice **$1.00**

New Pallet de soie Silks, soft finish, extra quality in brown, blue, French gray receda, red and black, $1.25 quality—Anniversary sale price, per yard **$1.00**

New Colored Dress Goods

44-inch Imported satin finish fine wool Venetians in all the latest spring shades, including tan, gray, goblin blue, rose and ox blood, our regular low price $1.25—Anniversary sale price, per yard **98c**

44-inch all wool Serges and Novelty Suitings, in all the leading spring shades, regular price 68c—Anniversary sale price, per yard only **50c**

Black Dress Goods.

44 inch Imported Poplins, handsomely finished cloth, regular price $1.25; 44-inch all wool Serges and Cheviots, $1.25 kind; 46-inch fine Wool Taffeta; $1.25 kind—Anniversary sale price, your choice, per yard **98c**

New Elegant Silk Waists.

Splendidly made up of good taffeta silks, new Bishop sleeve, front and back, several rows of fine tucks, comes blue, gray, red and black; made as well as any $5 waist—grand—Anniversary sale price **$3.75**

Ladies' Wash Shirt Waists

In all the latest styles, percales, lawns, dimities, madras cloth, zephyr ginghams, ranging in price from

39c, 49c 65c, 75c to $2.25

White Lawn Waists.

A splendid assortment in approved style at from—

75c, 98c, $1.25 to $2.25

JOHNSON & MOE.

Spring Wash Goods.

For this sale we have gathered some of the choicest lots of daintiness, new patterns that will not be seen again when gone—Novelty Scotch Ginghams, very dainty, a yard **15c**

English Dimities, a beautiful array of patterns at—

10c, 15c and 18c

Ladies' stripe and Valenciennes Lace effect Zephyr cloth, the 38c sort—Anniversary price, per yard **25c**

Percales and shirt waist cloths, some very pretty patterns, light and dark, at, per yard—

8c, 10c and 12½c

Fancy Dimities for shirt waists, splendid assortment to choose from at, per yard only— **7c, 10c and 15c**

Tremendous Bargains in our Basement Bazar.

Useful articles at money-saving prices.

5-quart Milk Pan, worth 15c, at **10c**

A surprise bargain—3-qt tin Tea Pots; worth 15c at **10c**

2-qt Japanese water drop earthern Tea Pot with cover, glazed inside, neat willow handle, 25c value, at **10c**

This gold decorated tin Cuspidor at, only **10c**

10-quart tin Water Pail, 19c kind, at **10c**

2-quart Milk Pails.

2-quart Milk Pails—15c kind, at **10c**

JOHNSON & MOE.

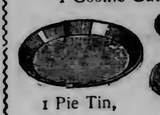
Tremendous Bargains In Our Basement Bazar.

This 2½-quart retinned Preserve Kettle—cheap at 15 cents, for **10c**

Great Combination Offer No. 1.

1 Double Match Safe, worth 5c.

1 Cookie Cutter, worth 4c.



1 Pie Tin, worth 5c. 1 Mincing Knife, worth 10c.

Anniversary sale price, all four items **10c**

Combination Offer No. 2.

1 9-inch Brownie Tin A B C Child's Plate.

1 Spirel Wire Tea Pot Stand.
1 Wire Plate Handle.
1 Nutmeg Grater.

Anniversary sale price, all four items **10c**

Combination Offer No. 3.

1 Soup Ladle, strong, retinned, 10-inch black handle.
1 Gravy Strainer.
1 Wire Soap Dish.

Anniversary sale price, all three items for **10c**

JOHNSON & MOE.

Tremendous Bargains In Our Basement Bazar.

Crystal Glass Water Set, comprising one water pitcher and six tumblers beautifully engraved, fine pattern, per set **98c**

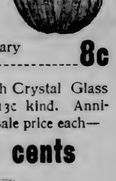
Other sets, beautiful assortment, at $1.25, $1.48, $1.75 and up.

Crystal glass wine set, ruby colored top of bottle and edge of glasses, a choice pattern. Bottle and six glasses, regular prices $1.98—anniversary sale price **$1.39**

Crystal Glass, gold decorated, wine sets, consisting of bottle and 6 glasses to match, reg. price $2.25; Anniversary sale price **$1.75**

Crystal Glass Water Bottle, diamond pattern, regular price 33c. Anniversary sale price is **25c**

Crystal Glass Rose Jars. Special Anniversary price **8c**



Eight-inch Crystal Glass Vases, 13c kind. Anniversary sale price each—

10 cents

Three piece China decorated mush and milk set—45c kind, anniversary price only **38c**

JOHNSON & MOE.

BIG CROWDS EXPECTED.

Heavy Travel To Buffalo Exposition Anticipated.

C. W. Jennison, of Buffalo, auditor of the Northern Steamship company, was in the city today. Mr. Jennison says that the Northern Steamship company anticipates an unusually heavy passenger trade on the lakes this season, in view of the Pan-American exposition at Buffalo, and believes that the traffic will be especially heavy from Chicago, on which run the big passenger boats, North Land and North West will be started. The company will open its passenger business of the season on June 11, at which time the first boat will leave Buffalo. Mr. Jennison says that the Northern Steamship company does not accept the Miami, of the Plant line of ocean steamships, until June 1, after which time the steamer will be taken through the Welland canal and sent up the lakes for the Lake Superior run to replace the service of the steamers North Land and North West. Buffalo, he says, will be the center of attraction for all the tourists this summer, and preparations are being completed to handle the biggest crowds ever seen at any city in the East.

HAVING BOOM.

Much Building In Proctorknott--Missabe Road Orders More.

The village of Proctorknott, which has had a small sized building boom on for the past few months, will receive an additional boost along that line by the Duluth, Missabe & Northern Railway company, which has just awarded Macleod & Smith the contract to construct a twenty-five room hotel and seven dwelling houses, the average cost of the latter to be $1200. The new buildings are to go up immediately, and will be placed on the main street of the village. The news of the railway company's intention to put this amount of money in new buildings at Proctorknott will set at rest many of the disquieting rumors that have been afloat there, to the effect that the Missabe company, since the consolidation of the ore roads, would remove the shops to some other locality. This move on the part of the company is taken as pretty conclusive evidence that the company intends to keeps its shops at Proctorknott.

CUMMINS WON.

Des Moines, May 4.—A. B. Cummins, candidate for the Republican nomination for governor, won a decided victory in the Polk county convention, thiss afternoon, by being permitted to select sixty-four delegates to attend the state convention to be held at Cedar Rapids. More than usual importance was attached to the result of the convention because of the fact that Polk had two candidates for governor in the field and a divided delegation would have been regarded as weakness on the part of Cummins' forces.

FARMER MURDERED.

Kenova, W. Va., May 4.—Henderson Grimmett, a wealthy farmer of Logan, was fired on from ambush last night and mortally wounded.

MEDICINE MAN KILLED.

Tacoma, May 4.—The Yakima Indian tribe is excited over the murder of Chief Tenawashl, the oldest medicine man of that tribe. He was killed at his home on the Yakima reservation, being shot in the back with a rifle, as evidenced by two bullet holes. The Indian agent and police believe that he was murdered, because he failed to cure several cases of smallpox.

CHAPLAIN CHARLESWORTH DEAD.

Topeka, Kas., May 4.—Capt. F. C. Charlesworth, assistant adjutant general, died in this city today. He was a veteran of the civil war and was a captain in the Twenty-second Kansas regiment during the war with Spain.

DIALOGUE IN LANCASHIRE.

The note about the old-fashioned village dish called furmenty reminds a friend in the North Country of a recorded it of strong Lancashire dialect and dialogue in which a furmenty stick plays an important part. "Tummus" and "Meary" thus address each other, says the London Express.

Tummus—Odds me! Meary, whoos the dickens wou'd o' thowt o' leeting o' thee th' furmenty weh, an' his wife had lent it to Bet o' my gronny's; so I skeawrt eend-wey, an' when eh coom there hoo'd lent it Kester o' Dick's on' he'd made it int' shoon pege! Neaw, wou'd naw stich a moonshine traunce potter anybody's plucks?

"Wynt" is "wind;" "traunce" is "a troublesome journey"—which, somehow, it sounds exactly like; "thible" is a piece of wood to stir the furmentry with; "skeawrt" is "hurried off," or "cut off," as we often say slangily; "he" is "I;" "shoon" is shoes."

MILLER'S BIG FLUTE.

When Professor Dayton C. Miller, of the Case School of Applied Science, plays his new flute he has the satisfaction of knowing that he is producing music that cannot be duplicated in the United States, says the Cleveland Leader. He has the largest flute in America. He was in London last summer and gave an order for the instrument to the makers in that city. It has but recently reached the city, and it is a cause of wonder and admiration to all those who have heard it.

The instrument is what is called a bass flute, and it is one of the rarest instruments known. Ordinary flutes are common enough, too common perhaps, in the opinion of those who live in the same house with young men learning to play them, but a bass flute is a rarity. In principle the bass flute is similar to ordinary flutes, only it is much larger. It is so long that a man could not reach the holes at the lower end to stop and open them with his fingers, as he would were he playing an ordinary instrument. All of these holes are coverede by keys that open and close them, because it would be impossible for a man to play the instrument otherwise. The flute cost $300, and is of solid silver. It is a perfect instrument, and its tone is delightful. It resembles the tone of a pipe organ to a certain extent, but it has the flute quality that is so highly esteemed by musicians. Its lowest note is the tenor G, that is, the first G below middle C on a piano. Ordinary flutes are pitched much higher. The size of the instrument makes the tone very full, mellow and pleasing.

ARRANGING ROBES.

British peeresses of the realm are now busily engaged in arranging for the robes which they will be entitled to wear at the coronation, which it may be added, is the only occasion on which they will have to done them, says the New York Journal. The lengths of the trains will vary according to rank. A duchess will have a train three yards long, a marchioness, two and a half; countesses are limited to two yards; viscountesses, to one and a half yards, and baronnesses are restricted to a one-yard train. Only peeresses in their own right—that is to say, who owe their peerage not to marriage, but to their birth or else to a special grant by the sovereign to them in person—will have the right to have their trains borne by a page, who must not be over the age of 14. This is a right which peers enjoy, but which is withheld from their consorts.

While on the subject of matters of this kind, it should be mentioned that the loyal toast in future at English dinners and banquets will be "The King" for the first toast, while the second one will be "The Queen, the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York and the Remainder of the Royal Family." People have so long been accustomed to group Edward VII and his consort together in proposing their health that it is just as well to point out that it is no longer etiquette to do so.

The czar of Russia is again cultivating the friendship of France. Everybody will cultivate immaculate taste if Kelly cleans their clothes.

NEW CLASS OF NURSES.

A comparatively new occupation for young women has been opened recently under the name of convalescent nursing, says Leslie's Weekly. The idea is not to enter into competition or rivalry with the professional nurses, so-called, but rather to supplant the work of the professional class, or fill a place which they do not or cannot well fill. The trained nurse has come to be a regular and recognized feature in the hospital service and wherever else sick and suffering humanity is to be found, and her calling ranks almost as high now in the public regard as the medical profession itself. In all critical cases the services of a trained nurse are considered absolutely indispensable. But nurses of this order are required to go through a course of special training in schools and hospitals lasting through a period of three or four years and involving a great deal of expense. Their rates, therefore, are necessarily high, so much so as to be quite prohibitive to the majority of people and within the reach of many others for only a brief period of time.

Professional nurses are often retained only through the critical stages of a disease or a surgical case, although good nursing of a kind is very much needed all through the subsequent convalescent stage, which may extend over weeks or months. It is not a high degree of technical skill which is required during this period so much as a general knowledge of the art of nursing and the little attentions and care-taking which every convalescent needs to insure the speediest return to full health. It is just here that the usefulness and availability of the convalescent nurse, the new class, comes in. The required trainig for this service extends over only eight weeks, the expense for preparation is correspondingly low, being only about one-third that charged by the professionals.

PASTORAL CALLS.

A very indifferent preacher may build up a congregation through friendly visitations, says a writer in the Atlantic Monthly.

A woman, through her quick intuition, her tact and native instinct, recognizes the social needs of the parish, quickening and re-enforcing the slower methods of the masculine mind. "Where shall I call today?" is a frequent question. The wise wife is ready with a carefully selected list, and the battle is half fought. I soon observed that our people always preferred to talk with the minister. So I learned to bid him godspeed without resentment or self-depreciation. Often there are perplexities, doubts, sorrows and even joys, which can be better expressed to him in confidence. When I call alone, I am received with undivided cordiality. The minister's wife has personal interest in each member of the congregation, adapting herself to their various needs and helping each to their best. The more courage, the more sympathy, the more wisdom, the more spiritual illumination, the greater her ministry.

FILIPINO PEARL DIVERS.

Early in the morning the Sulfu or Viscayan, denuded of attire, propels his banca to the bed and anchors it with a heavy stone, says the Nashville Banner. He is provided with a small but heavy cuchillo and a bag of netting. Dropping overboard, he sinks rapidly by the aid of a lump of raw copper. This is prevented from being lost by a rope and as the waters are transparent the actions of the divers can be easily seen. They are experts in aquatic work and can remain beneath the clear waters for an incredible length of time. The usual depth of the operations is not more than 30 or 40 feet, though 80 has been attained at Palawan.

Once at the bottom the diver quickly and deftly cuts the shells from the rocks in his immediate vicinity and then draws himself to the surface. While filling his net he usually remains under water for a period of 60 to 90 seconds, though some of the most expert hold records that reach 5¾ minutes. While at work they are often attacked by ravenous sharks. These they either frighten or fight off, but there is one thing far more deadlier they all succumb to. That is the exhausting nature of their labor, accentuated by the contrasting temperatures of the cool water and the tropical sun above. Their lives are of short duration after one adopting pearl-diving as a profession.

BIG COAL DEAL.

Pittsburg, May 4.—Probably the largest coal deal ever successfully carried through has just been completed by James W. Draper & Co., and involves almost all of the Murraysville vein of coal, located in Allegheny and Westmoreland counties. The total acreage of ocal privilege sold approximates 35,000 acres, and the price was very close to $4,000,000. The company which has captured this vas coal tdeposit is made up of Pittsburg capitalists almost entirely and will be known as the Blacks Run Coal syndicate. Some 500 pieces of property are included in the purchase.

On one occasion, after being hospitably received at Windsor castle, Bishop Phillips Brooks was shown to his room, and soon he proceeded to light his accustomed cigar. Presently a custodian came to the door and asked the guest not to smoke, as it was forbidden, says the Chicago News.

Bishop Brooks then came out into the corridor, and went on smoking there. The custodian again begged him to desist. The bishop went back to his room and out upon the balcony.

Again the custodian came, and said: "Smoking is not permitted, sir, anywhere in Windsor castle." Once more he disappeared, and Brooks, who gave up a cigar with great reluctance when he had once lighted it, returned to his room.

A happy thought occurred to him. There was an open fireplace in his room. The bishop lay down on his back on the floor, put his head up into the chimney and began to smoke there. This time he was undisturbed. Before the smell of the cigar had betrayed him now the smoke went up the chimney. The cigar was finished in peace.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

FREE DISTRIBUTION

of DR. GEO. LEININGER'S

FOR-MAL-DE-HYDE REMEDIES,

—Will Take Place—

Wednesday, May 8,

To meet the urgent demand of some of the most eminent physicians of America and Europe, as well as for thousands of Dr. Geo. Leininger's own patients who are unable to consult him personally, he has prepared for the welfare of the entire public what are known as

DR. GEO. LEININGER'S FOR-MAL-DE-HYDE REMEDIES

which sre scientifically compounded with soldified For-mal-de-hyde—the only germicide that **positively kills all disease germs**, yet does absolutely no harm to the human organism. As the one cause of all disease results from microbes, it becomes necessary to apply that remedy which will kill these germs, and at the same time put the blood in such condition of health and activity that new germs entering it cannot live or breed in it.

Dr. Geo. Leininger has arranged a separate medicine for each disease—based upon the true principle of destroying all disease germs. Dr. Geo. Leininger is anxious that the sick of this city test the health giving power of his famous remedies, and has arranged through some of the leading drug stores to make a free distribution of a trial size of some of these remedies.

1000 Bottles Free of DR. GEO. LEININGER'S
FOR-MAL-DE-HYDE COUGH CURE
Guaranteed cure for CONSUMPTION and all serious and stubborn Lung Diseases

1000 Samples Free of DR. GEO. LEININGER'S
FOR-MAL-DE-HYDE KIDNEY TABLETS
The only remedy that means destruction to the Kidney disease germs, thereby preventing Bright's Disease and permanently curing the worst form of Kidney Disease.

1000 Samples Free of DR. GEO. LEININGER'S
FOR-MAL-DE-HYDE LITTLE LIVER PILLS
Cure Habitual Constipation and Indigestion by freeing the stomach of all disease-breeding germs.

1000 Samples Free of
MAKE-MAN TABLETS
A wonderful brain, blood and nerve food, equally as good for women as men.

Free Demonstration No Samples of.... **DR. GEO. LEININGER'S FOR-MAL-DE-HYDE INHALER**
Come and Get a Free Treatment.

The guaranteed cure for Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis, LaGrippe and all Throat, nose and lung diseases.

Out of Town customers can get a sample and a book free by writing the Dr. Geo. Leininger Chemical Co., Chicago.
S. F. Boyce, 315 West Superior Street, Duluth.
Max Wirth, 13 West Superior Street, Duluth.
City Drug Store, 212 5th Ave. W., West Duluth.

Distribution will take place Wednesday, May 8, 1901, beginning at 10 a. m. at the following drug stores:
Opera House Drug Co., West Superior.
Guarantee Drug Co., West Superior.
F. D. Priest, 287 W. 5th St., Superior.

NO SAMPLES GIVEN TO CHILDREN EXCEPT ON WRITTEN ORDER.

DULUTH REAL ESTATE DOINGS

Henry Nolte Answers Question "Is Duluth Real Estate a Good Investment?"---Many Building Developments This Week.

This week's answer to the question "Is Duluth real estate a good investment?" is by Henry Nolte, of the firm of Little & Nolte. It is very thoughtful and well written, and it includes some new ideas on this inexhaustible subject. Mr. Nolte's answer is as follows:

"Is Duluth real estate a good investment?"

"It is a good thing to buy and hold real estate in any growing and progressive city, as experience has demonstrated. Take the history of New York, Albany, Boston, Buffalo, Cleveland, Detroit, Chicago, Milwaukee and many other cities and it will be found that men and women who bought real estate in them, judiciously, have profited greatly. It resolves itself now into the questions:

"Is Duluth growing?"

"Is Duluth progressive?

"I maintain these questions must be answered decidedly in the affirmative. Just stop a moment to reflect. In 1880, just twenty years ago, we had a population of only 5000 and it is certainly safe to place our present population at 55,000. We are growing today as we never grew before. The demand for residences is the very best indication. I figure that we have immediate need of at least 400 residences to properly house the people now here. Those readers of this article that were here twenty years ago know how we have grown. They have seen a wilderness turned into a busy, wide awake city. Twenty years from now the then resident may look back to this period with pride, for we are progressing. We are just out of our baby clothes and are going forward.

"What is going to do this? I hear the skeptic ask. Not one thing, but many. Take into consideration the many good things that have come lately—the Peavey elevator system, ore docks, match factory, brewing company, Pearson Boat Construction company, Duluth Dredge and Dock company and many others too numerous to mention and now comes Capt. Wolvin with headquarters for 112 of the finest boats afloat and the Highland Canal and Power company with its water power.

"Again I see the skeptic laugh, but 'he who laughs last, laughs best.' When this power becomes a reality, then indeed will we progress. Then comes the Standard Milling company that will again put into operation our great Imperial mill. These things are a few of our own immediate concerns.

"Now look at our surroundings. Watch the copper country grow. Calumet, Houghton and Hancock. Look at the range towns, Virginia, Ely, Tower, Hibbing, Sparta, Eveleth, McKinley, etc., etc., etc. Every inhabitant added to any one of these pays tribute to Duluth, as evidenced by the growth of the Wright-Clarkson Mercantile company, Stone-Ordean-Wells company, Marshall-Wells Hardware company, Schulze Bros., and the various packing houses and commission establishments.

"Then I will call your attention to McKenzie & Mann's railroad and Ainworth's railroad north from Virginia, which will open up more territory, all of which will contribute to Duluth.

"I am a firm believer in the possibility and probability of iron and steel manufacture right here at Duluth. It is going to be tested at the Canadian Soo. If it will succeed there you may rest assured it will here.

"And now comes a revolution in respect to traffic. China and the Philippines to be supplied with American goods from New England and the middle Eastern states by the shortest route, viz., rail and lake via Duluth.

"Take a drive into the near country around Duluth, see our excellent roads and the many farms actually developing, the railroad companies selling off their lands to actual settlers.

"All these things mean growth and progress for Duluth.

"It is indeed a good place to buy real estate, but buy judiciously. Do not expect to make 100 per cent, per month. Do not buy more than you can safely pay for. But buy some. You are a better citizen by reason of such ownership."

Next week A. C. Volk will give an answer to the same question.

* * *

Building activity is the feature of the situation just at present. On every hand evidences of it are to be seen in buildings nearly completed, buildings half completed, buildings just started, and the beginning of excavations for buildings that are to be started soon. There is more of it than there has been for years, and the workers of all classes engaged in building operations are in clover.

* * *

Stryker, Manley & Buck today let the contract for the new West End building for Sarah P. Smith, of Wilkesbarre, Pa., to George H. Lounsberry. It is to cover a space of 75 feet by 90 feet on Superior street, between Twentieth and Twenty-first avenue west, and it is to have three stores below and six flats above.

* * *

Lakeside is to have an Episcopal church. Through George H. Crosby a contract has been let to Johnson Holden to build a church on lots 14 and 15, block 94, London, to cost $2500, and to be ready about Aug. 1.

George H. Crosby has also let a contract to the same firm to build two houses on Third street, near Thirteenth avenue east, for an Eastern party. They are to be seven-room modern houses. Work has begun upon them.

* * *

Ground was broken yesterday for the new Chase building on First street, just west of French & Bassett's building, and work will proceed rapidly. It will be a three-story building, and when completed it will be occupied by the Burgess-Electric company and Christie & Collier.

* * *

First street, around Third avenue west, will look within a few months as though the tale that Duluth has but one business street is an idle fabrication. Besides the Chase building, and the substantial buildings already there, there is the handsome building that is to go up on the northeast corner of Third avenue and First street, the negotiations for which have been completed. On a site 100 feet by 140 feet a brick and stone building, three stories high, is to be built with a solid front of plate glass and the most complete and modern style of equipment. Hutchinson Bevier is the owner of the property. Bayha & Co., the furniture dealers, will occupy the entire building. J. J. Wangenstein has drawn the plans, and the contractors will have them in a week.

* * *

The Hanna estate has decided to improve the twenty-five feet on Michigan street, just west of the Peerless laundry. A two-story brick building is to go up up, and two parties are figuring to lease the completed structure. John A. Stephenson, who is the agent here of the estate, has received authority from another client to build a flat building, just west of the Christian Science church, on Superior street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues east.

* * *

Stryker, Manley & Buck have sold the property at 211 Eichteenth avenue west for $1025 to Adrian Westburg, and the property at 122 West Fifth street to C. F. Green. A lot on East First street, in Endion, has been sold, but the deal is not quite closed. W. D. Dean has purchased a lot in Lakeside through this firm, and a number of deals are pending.

* * *

George H. Crosby has sold for Alice S. McKinley to Edward M. Gaylord, a 6-room modern house on lot 12, block 6, Lester Park, First division, for $2000. For Mary E. Jackson Mr. Crosby has sold to John E. Doe, lot 12, block 75, Endion division, and lot 12, block 8, Highland Park addition, for $800. Several good deals are under way in addition to these.

* * *

William Dalrymple, of the board of trade, has bought the Pillsbury dwelling at 1517 East Superior street from the Nevins estate for $7000. The building is a handsome one, and cost more than the total consideration. The deal was made through John A. Stephenson.

* * *

The residents of Lakeside, and those who are figuring on becoming such, have been much pleased during the week by the evidences that the Duluth-Superior Traction company is going to carry out its promises of better service for the eastern suburbs of Lakeside and Lester Park. Ties have been strung along the line, and the loop that is to be put in at the end for the new cars has been staked out. The residents of these two suburbs, prompted partly by the Hill lectures on local improvements, partly by Mayor Hugo's cleaning day appeal, and partly by local pride, are doing a large amount of cleaning and improving, and are thus adding to the beauty of those already beautiful suburbs.

* * *

This week's list of real estate transfers is a lengthy one, and it is some indication of the condition of business. So is the footing of last month's business, when 359 transfers were filed with considerations aggregating $729,982.28. The figures in detail follow:

April 1	19	$ 20,009 00
April 2	6	1,452 00
April 3	6	1,150 00
April 4	11	10,117 00
April 5	15	18,400 00
April 8	29	456,925 70
April 9	25	35,527 42
April 10	14	11,237 37
April 11	11	25,786 00
April 12	10	7,022 00
April 13	18	9,419 00
April 15	10	13,143 50
April 16	14	19,154 00
April 17	16	15,700 00
April 18	8	6,521 65
April 19	9	7,806 00
April 20	15	9,492 00
April 22	11	27,895 00
April 23	21	10,720 00
April 24	18	4,778 04
April 25	9	2,357 00
April 26	9	6,004 00
April 27	14	8,043 00
April 29	15	6,808 00
April 30	26	19,064 50
Total	359	$729,982 28

* * *

The transfers for the week are as follows:

Boston and Farm Land company to Charles Anderson, sw¼ of sw¼ section 5-50-15 ..... $ 200
Northwestern Improvement company to Charles Anderson, sw¼ of nw¼ section 5-50-15 240
Bertha C. Aske et mar to Franklin Lumber company, sw¼ of ne¼ se¼ of nw¼ and w½ of section 28-52-17 460
John M. Longyear et al to Standard Oil company of Indiana, lots 11 and 12, block 1, Pillsbury's addition, Hibbing 150
Andrew Broberg et al to Samuel C. Brown, all timber on e½ of se¼, nw¼ of se¼ and ne ¼of sw¼ section 28-52-17 60
Edward F. Moe et ux to F. E. Borg, se¼ of ne¼, s½ of nw¼ section 5; se¼ of ne¼ section 6-56-17. 500
Andrew Jarvinen to John H. O. Kandonlemi, lot 20, block 17, Virginia 600
Albert H. Powers et ux to Sadie Shoebotham, lot 31 and part of lot 32, block 2, Hibbing 7,500
Lakeside Land company to Charles Heywell, part of lots 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8, block 20, London additions 499
Edgar A. Coffin to Oscar L. Mather, lots 1 and 2, section 15; lot 3, section 20; lot 1, section 22; se¼ of nw¼ and se¼ of sw¼, section 29; ne¼ of se¼ section 31-60-21... 1,275
B. I. L. Larson et ux to John F. Trolin, lot 1, block 25, Ely 850
Harold Thorson et ux to John J. Moe, e½ of lot 255, block 111, Duluth proper, Second division 1,000
Benjamin F. Graham et ux to A. J. Lammers et al, w½ of ne¼ and e½ of nw¼ section 32-67-20..... 1,800
Ausgus C. Jones et ux to Irwin T. Burnside, lots 2, 3 and 4, and ne¼ of sw¼, w½ of se¼, ne¼ of se¼ and se¼ of ne¼ section 13-50-19 480
Ausmus C. Jones et ux to Irwin T. Burnside, sw¼, w½ of se¼, ne¼ of se¼ and se¼ of ne¼ section 10; nw¼ section 15-50-20 480
Connecticut Mutual Life insurance company to Electa W. Spalding, lots 82 and 84, block 20, Duluth proper, Third division..... 12,503
Richard J. Roberts et ux to Mary A. Perl, lot 1, block 13, Spalding's addition ..... $ 225
Western Land association to S. H. Bapler, n½ of lots 23 and 24, rearrangement of blocks 7 and 8, Industrial division 1,800
H. H. Phelps et ux to Robert Whitesides, e½ of nw¼ section 23-59-15 700
J. B. Middlecoff et ux to Patrick Culligan, ne¼ of se¼ section 6-66-21 200
M. C. Beard et al to Bert Fesler, lot 14, block 27, West Duluth, First division 200
Bert Fesler to Interstate Land and Investment company, lot 14, block 27, West Duluth, First division... 200
M. C. Bricke et mar to Interstate Land and Investment company, lot 9, block 15, Dodge's addition, lot 14 and und ½ of lot 13, block 9, Hunter's Grassy Point addition 55
Thomas B. Scott to Charles Ugstad et al, n½ section 15, e½ of e½ section 10, sw¼ of ne¼ section 10-50-15 520
Johnson-Wentworth company to D. A. Duncan et al, und 19-20 of se¼ section 13, w½ of nw¼, w½ of sw¼ section 24-52-12..... 11,083
C. R. St. Clair et ux to John Kent, und ½ se¼ of nw¼ section 4-61-13 800
Minnesota Iron company to C. O. Bystrom, lot 11, block 5, Tower... 200
John Densmore et ux to Robert Whiteside, und 1-6 in n½ of ne¼ and se¼ of ne¼ section 34, nw¼ of nw¼ section 35-62-13 100
Dora L. Henderson et mar to R. N. Day, e½ of ne¼ section 35-60-14 400
Oscar Peterson et ux to C. M. Simpson, ne¼ of sw¼ and n½ of se¼ section 11-57-18 20
Minnesota Iron company to John Bystrom, lot 4, block 22, Tower.. 200
C. L. Wills to R. Keyes, lots 234, 236, 238, Minnesota avenue, Upper Duluth 500
S. J. Murphy et ux to David A. Duncan et al, und 11-21 of se¼ of section 12, w½ of ne¼ and w½ of sw¼ section 21-52-12 6,416
William A. Housed et ux to Fred R. Meyers, lot 3, block 144, Biwabik 300
Louis Hammel et ux to C. A. Duhoise, part of lot 238, block 69, Second divison, Duluth proper.. 700
Boston and Duluth Farm Land company to Peter E. Schelin, lot 1, section 9-52-18 15
Jessie C. Hawkes to Eliza Sonan, lot 4, block 8, Endion..... 5,700
S. A. Kemp et ux to Eda Eckstein, lot 14, block 78, Portland..... $100
William H. Daniels et ux to St. Louis River Dam and Improvement company, lot 5, section 32-50-15 100
W. M. Prindle, administrator, to Isabel Whyte, lot 9, block 69, Endion 5,000
Morris Shephard et ux to Clyde E. Green, part of lot 30, West Fifth street, Duluth proper, First division 1,500
James W. Thompson et ux to Cora May Thompson, lots 1958, 1957, 1959, 1960 and 1961, block 139, Crosley Park addition 575
Duluth & Iron Range Railway company to W. F. Cobb, trustee, sw¼ of nw¼ and nw¼ of sw¼ section 23-57-18 280
Thomas T. Keatley et ux to E. F. Leland, trustee, lots 1, 2, 3 and 4, section 31-68-21 500
Basil Rutherford to C. F. Leland, trustee, e½ of nw¼ and e½ of sw¼ section 31-68-20 500
C. H. Magginis et ux to Patrick Culligan, ne¼ of se¼ section 5, se¼ of se¼ section 13-67-21, nw¼ of ne¼ section 13-66-21 700
Manda Anderson to Patrick Culligan, w½ of se¼ section 13-66-18.... 5,125
R. M. Graff to P. Culligan, n½ of se¼, ne¼ of sw¼ section 2-68-20 ... 500
George E. Brooks to P. Culligan, sw¼ of sw¼ section 4, s½ of se¼ se¼ of sw¼ section 5-68-21 500
Allen E. Brouse to P. Culligan, nw¼ of se¼, s½ of se¼ section 7-68-21 500
C. H. Magginis et ux to P. Culligan, nw½ of ne¼ section 17-67-21, sw¼ of nw¼ section 4, nw¼ of ne¼ section 19-67-20 500
A. F. Mueller to L. P. Gran, n½ of nw¼ and w½ of ne¼ section 15-65-20 800
Alexander Stewart to A. C. Weiss, lots 11, 12 and 13, block 93, Endion 1,500
James A. Shaw et ux to K. S. Richardson, lots 1, 3, 23, 24, and 25, block 1, Superior View addition 375
Alice H. Field to David Nelson, lots 1, 2 and 3, block 2, Sharp's addition 120
John A. McCarthy et ux to L. C. Chisholm, lot 3, section 33-59-21.... 100
C. H. Maginnis et ux to J. A. McCarthy, lot 3 section 33-59-21..... 105
John M. Longyear et al to Lutheran Congregation of Hibbing, lots 14 and 15, block 11, Hibbing.. 80
Farmers' Banking company to Interstate Land and Investment company, lots 1 and 2, block 17, Kimberley & Stryker's addition.. 50
Robert R. Wells et ux to John A. Johnson et al, lot 137, block 36, Duluth proper, Third division.... 600
Mesaba Improvement company to M. J. O'Donnell, lot 25, block 8, Sparta 200
Florence P. Davis to Adolph Hanson, w½ of lot 20, East Sixth street, Duluth proper, First division 700
Oletta A. Johnson et mar to James C. Nolan, n½ of sw¼ and w½ of se¼ section 29-58-12 1,000
Daniel Garrison et ux to William F. Sulzbocher, lot 3, block 14, Ely 2,000
Serafin Jegzeciskl et ux to Mike Kamenskl et al, lot 12, block 5, Hibbing 500
Frank Gallone et ux to Serafin Jezewinski, lot 12, block 5, Hibbing 350
John M. Longyear et al to August J. Johnson, lot 13, block 10, Hibbing 100
John M. Longyear to M. Wiren, lot 28, block 11, Hibbing..... 125
Fred A. Robinson, trustee, to John Anderson, lot 7, block 23, Eveleth 150
Fred A. Robinson, trustee to Nils Erickson, lots 1 and 2, block 37, Eveleth 150
Fred A. Robinson, trustee, to Jacob Hill, lot 7, block 22, Eveleth... 150
Fred A. Robinson, trustee, to Edward Plant, lots 12 and 13, block 37, Eveleth 700
James Dowling to James E. Klintworth, lot 28, block 23, Eveleth.. 125
Nils Erickson et ux to John Tiala, lot 2, block 37, Eveleth..... 125
Charles Jacobson et ux to Edward Wurtamen, lot 11, block 32, Eveleth 1,000
Eda Eckstein et mar to Christian J. Gilbert, lot 11, block 73, Portland 1,150
Carolyn A. Blackmarr to Amy A. Barnes, lot 4, block 4, Proctorknott, Second addition..... 150
Farmers' Trust company, limited, to Bertha Gruel, lot 6, block 9, Norton's division 450
Fred A. Robinson, trustee, to John Derbyshire, lot 4, block 24, Eveleth 150
Fred A. Robinson, trustee to Jack Karvala, lot 20, block 32, Eveleth.. 175
Lena O. Hunten et mar to Hannah M. Rollins, lot 1, block 1, Hunter's Grassy Point addition 450

A NEW REGULATION.

Treasury Circular Affecting Bonded Shipments.

Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Spaulding has issued a circular to collectors of customs along the Canadian border modifying the regulations relative to the transportation of merchandise in bond to and from the Dominion. It affects Duluth among other ports. The collectors are instructed, in instances where a sufficient number of packages of such merchandise to fill an entire car is not available, to allow them to be forwarded by bonded routes, when properly carded and sealed in cars not secured by prescribed customs fastenings. This ruling applies to merchandise passing through the United States from Canada for exportation via the seaboard, as well as to goods arriving at seaboard and destined for places in the Dominion.

A Balloon Ascensionist Killed

News comes to us of a balloon ascensionist who was killed while making one of his daring trips. His hands slipped from the trapeze, and the horror-stricken crowd saw a sight they will not soon forget. Life is too valuable to trille with in fool-hardy adventures. It is best to employ ourselves in peaceful pursuits, where we may be secure. Then if we take care of our health we can live to a good old age. The best means of promoting health is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. This medicine aids digestion, regulates the bowels and cures dyspepsia, indigestion, flatulency and insomnia. It will also prevent malaria, fever and ague, which is prevalent at this time of the year. Be sure to try it.

FREIMUTHS VS. JUNIORS.

Baseball Teams Will Play Sunday Afternoon.

The Freimuth's baseball nine and the West Duluth Juniors will cross bats Sunday at the fair grounds at 2 o'clock sharp. The West Duluth Juniors are among the best amateur nines in the city, but the Freimuth aggregation are confident that they will succeed in defeating them. The following is the line-up:

West Duluth Juniors.	Freimuths.
Robinson .....catcher	H. Haney
Young ..... pitcher	H. Carroll
Coffin ..... first base	C. Armstead
A. Bouska ... second base	J. Medley
Feredel ..... short stop	A. Rocklin
M. Brouska ....third base	Vancoutren
Lauerman .... left field	Brademeir
Nacey ..... center field	J. Sheehen
Carey ..... right fileld	H. O'Gorman

Extra, C. E. Carroll.

Change of Time---Double Train Service.

Commencing Sunday, May 5, the Northern Pacific will resume double train service from Duluth to the coast, leaving Duluth 8:40 a. m and 7:30 p. m., arriving 7:55 a. m. and 4:55 p. m. daily. Morning train makes direct connection with famous North Coast limited.

PE-RU-NA THE WORLD'S TONIC.

ENTHUSIASTICALLY PRAISED BY

A HERO OF THIRTEEN WARS.

General McIver has seen active service as field officer under fourteen different flags. He is a soldier by instinct and training and has been the hero of a great many sensational newspaper sketches.

Henry Ronald D. McIver is a man of Scottish parentage, who has suffered all kinds of peril on sea and land and today is a hearty, vigorous man, whose love of adventure is as keen as ever.

His last adventure in warfare was an organization of a band of volunteers to aid the British against the Boers. This cosmopolitan soldier, who has fought in all climes, endured the perils of warfare in nearly every country of Europe, is a friend of Peruna. In speaking of this great remedy, he made use of the following language:

Washington, D. C., January 3, 1901.

Having received much benefit from Peruna I hereby certify that as a tonic I feel confident it could not be surpassed by any other, and heartily recommend Peruna to anyone in want of an invigorating tonic."—Henry R. D. McIver.

W. E. Birch, fruit grower, Afton, Va., writes:

"The country is so flooded with patent medicines of every kind worthless and a humbug, that I am glad for one to be able to say I have found one that is everything and more than is claimed for it.

"My wife was very much run down and out of sorts every way. She had female weakness and was very weak, nervous, and had no appetite. I tried her on everything I could think of, but she would not touch a thing—could not eat strawberries, even. I saw Peruna in my father's store one day, and after reading the printed matter on the bottle decided to have my wife try it. Before she had taken half of the bottle, she commenced to eat, and now she is hungry all the time. We both agree that it beats any medicine to bring an appetite and put the nerves in good shape that we have ever had anything to do with.

"We had our family doctor to give her medicine, but she did not improve in the least. She has consumption in her family, and she was in such bad shape and so run down that I begun to get very uneasy, but your medicine has made an entirely new woman of her. I believe she eats and feels better now than she has for years. I had no idea it would do half what it has done, and don't think there is another medicine made that will begin to compare with it."—W. E. Birch.

Miss Mary Goerbing, of Medford, Wis., says: "I take great pleasure in acknowledging the curative powers of Peruna. As a nerve tonic, a gentle stimulator to a sluggish system, and as an appetizer and restorer of lost strength and vitality of worn-out women, it is very superior."—Miss Mary Goerbing.

Mr. Charles E. Shellhanner, 506 East Mound street, Circleville, O., writes:

"I suffered for three years with something that the doctors could not account for. One said that it was stomach trouble, one that it was bad blood, one malarial fever, and another that it was a total collapsing of the nervous system. I was a total wreck. I was so nervous that I could not sleep at night—so weak I could not walk a square. After meals I would get blind and short of breath. I had severe pains in my head running from the base of my brain to the forehead. I had severe pain in my kidneys. I had given up all hopes of ever getting any better.

"I went to the drug store and bought a bottle of Peruna. It helped the pain in my head immediately. I now am feeling fine and gained twenty pounds in flesh in three weeks. No misery in my head, nervousness is gone, and I have a good appetite. I take great pleasure in recommending Peruna to others. My friends meet me on the street and ask me what kind of medicine I am taking, and you may be sure I tell them Peruna."—Mr. Charles E. Shellhanner.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

SAWMILL BURNED.

Bangor, Me., May 4.—The mill of the Ashland Manufacturing company, one of the largest sawmills in Maine, burned last night, together with a large quantity of lumber. The mill was built in 1896 at a cost of $200,000.

CELEBRATED BIRTHDAY.

Berlin, May 4.—Count Von Buelow yesterday celebrated his 52nd birthday quietly. No one seems to have heard that Emperor William sent the imperial chancellor a gift or a message of congratulations.

Samaritans, Attention!

The funeral of Neighbor Willnam T. Wilkinson, of Alpha Council, No. 1 M. S., will take place from St. Paul's Episcopal church, Lake avenue and Second street, on Sunday afternoon, May 5, 1901. Services at the church at 2:30 o'clock.

A chartered car will be provided to take the neighbors attending to the cemetery.

All neighbors are requested to attend. FRANK CRASSWELLER, G. S., Alpha Council No. 1, M.S.
W. P. WELBANKS, Scribe.

TO EXAMINE CANDIDATES.

Washington, May 4.—A number of boards have been convened by the war department for the purpose of examining enlisted men who desire to submit to the competitive examination for promotion to second lieutenants. Gen. Otis is at the head of such a board at Chicago, Gen. Merriam at Denver, and Col. Chambers McKibben at San Antonio.

Joel Colby died at his residence at Colbyville this morning after an illness of several months. Funeral services will be held Sunday at 2 p. m.

SUMMONED TO MEET.

Vienna, May 4.—Emperor Francis Joseph has written autograph leters to Count Goluchowski, persident of the imperial council; Dr. Von Koerber, the Austrian premier, and President Koloman De Szell, of the Hungarian cabinet, summoning the delegations to meet May 20.

WOULD HEAR.

City Officials Want Public Opinion on Widening Walks.

Mayor Hugo and City Engineer Patton desire a public expression on the advisability of widening Superior street sidewalks. It will be cheaper for the property owners to widen the walks than it will be to pave the street with the sidewalks unchanged. The sidewalks are at present twelve feet wide, and the administration would like to see them made fourteen. A two-foot extension of sidewalk would save about 75 cents a lineal foot on the street paving, while the extension would only cost 19 cents a square foot.

Superior street is eighty feet wide, but with two fourteen-foot sidewalks this would be reduced to fifty-two feet. The street car tracks take up fifteen feet in the center of the street, and that would leave about 18½ feet roadway between tracks and curb.

Both the mayor and city engineer urged expediency in public expression, as the engineer cannot make his plans and specifications until he knows the desires of the property owners.

Mayor Hugo suggests that the area walls under the sidewalks be left as at present, so that the additional 2-feet could be used for conduit purposes under the sidewalk. It is the hope some day to see all wires under the street, but at present this cannot be done. For instance, the city could not order the wires of the Duluth Telephone company under the street without recognizing the fact that there is such a company in existence. Such a recognition by the city would mean much in the hostile litigation now pending between the city and this company.

You can rent houses, stores, offices or rooms by means of a Herald want ad.

New Medical Association.

The Progressive Medical association is the style of firm name adopted by an association of specialists of New York, who have just opened offices in this city, over No. 1 West Superior street. They make a specialty of diseases, often pronounced incurable by local physicians, and their success in other cities has been phenomenal.

A BISHOP'S JOKE.

Bishop Watterson, of Nevada, was once mistaken for a traveling salesman by a commercial traveler who met him in a railway train, says Christian Endeavor.

"Do you represent a big house?" asked the traveler of the bishop.

"Biggest on earth," replied the bishop.

"What's the name of the firm?"

"Lord and Church."

"Hum! Lord and Church! Never heard of it. Got branch houses anywhere?"

"Branch houses all over the world."

"That's queer. Never heard of 'em. Is it boots and shoes?"

"No."

"Oh, dry goods, I suppose?"

"Yes, they call my sermons that sometimes."

A Reliable Pile Cure.

The Pyramid Pile Cure is the safest and surest pile cure on the market, because it contains no mineral poisons nor opium nor cocaine, but can be used with absolute safety and certainty of cure.

Many physicians are now using the Pyramid Pile Cure in place of surgical operations, being painless, convenient to use, and the patient can attend to his daily occupation while the cure is being made, as it is used at night, and no additional treatment is necessary.

Dr. Wharton says the Pyramid Pile Cure will prove a blessing to mankind, when it is remembered that heretofore a surgical operation was considered the only cure with all its danger to life, intense pain and an expense of from $10 to $100, to say nothing of the possible return of the trouble. The Pyramid Pile Cure is sold by druggists at 50 cents and $1.00, and does the work quickly and safely.

A book on cause and cure of piles will be mailed free by addressing Pyramid Co., Marshall, Mich.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Humors Feed on Humors

The Sooner You Get Rid of Them the Better.

In the Spring there s an effort of Nature to cleanse your system. You know this by the pimples and other eruptions on your face and body.

Hood's Sarsaparilla taken in the Spring is assisted by this effort. Begin taking it at once.

It thoroughly cleanses the stystem, gets into all its nooks and corners, removes all humors, and all unhealthy accumulations.

Buy It Today

"I had salt rheum on my hands so that I could do but little work. I procured a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla and it drove out the humor. I continued its use until the sores on my hands disappeared." MRS. IRA O. BROWN, Rumford Falls, Me.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Promises to Cure and Keeps the Promise.

WIND CAVE OPENED

Visitors Will Again Be Allowed to Inspect Wonderful Place.

Has Been Closed to Public For Over a Year.

Vandalism Has Been Responsible For Much Done There.

Washington, May 4.—Commissioner Hermann of the general land office has instructed the special agent of the interior department to reopen "the Wind Cave" in the Black Hills of South Dakota to inspection by the public. The cave belongs to the federal government and comprises about 1000 acres. It was withdrawn by order of Jan. 16, 1900. No depredations or acts of trespass of any kind will be permitted upon or within the premises, no specimens will be allowed to be taken away by tourists, and no fees or money considerations will be permitted to be charged or received by any one for the privilege of visiting the cave.

Wind Cave is so called on account of the strong rushing current of air through the entrance. Several hundred feet below the surface a level is reached from which miles of arched avenues radiate in every direction, embracing a succession of imposing chambers. The ceilings are pendant with gems of stalactite formation, while around the walls in niches carved out by the action of the water are specimens of deftly wrought statuary, fragile foliage, chaste columns of the most elaborate architecture and forms resembling birds and animals.

Vandalism has been responsible for much injury to the beauties of the place. The withdrawal, over a year ago, was designed to prevent a recurrence of this evil in the future.

BASEBALL.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Pittsburg—Pittsburg, 10; Chicago, 6.
At Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 5; Philadelphia, 1.
At Boston—New York, 2; Boston, 1.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Milwaukee—Chicago, 11; Milwaukee, 3.
At Washington—Washington, 9; Boston, 1.
At Detroit—Detroit, 6; Cleveland, 3.
At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 9; Baltimore, 4.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At St. Joseph—St. Paul, 9; St. Joseph, 5.
At Kansas City—Kansas City, 4; Minneapolis, 2.
At Denver—Denver, 7; Omaha, 1.
At Colorado Springs—Des Moines, 5; Colorado Springs, 2.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Cincinnati	9	6	3	.667
Brooklyn	9	6	3	.667
Pittsburg	9	5	4	.556
St. Louis	10	5	5	.500
Philadelphia	11	5	6	.455
Boston	9	3	4	.429
New York	9	3	4	.429
Chicago	12	4	8	.333

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Detroit	9	7	2	.778
Washington	7	5	2	.714
Chicago	9	6	3	.667
Baltimore	7	4	3	.571
Cleveland	9	4	5	.444
Philadelphia	7	3	4	.429
Boston	7	2	5	.285
Milwaukee	9	2	7	.222

Dr. Humphreys

Similia Similibus Curantur,
Let likes be treated by likes.
The mild power cures.
Humphrey's Homeopathic Specifics

NO.	CURE.	PRICES.
1	Fevers, Congestions, Inflammations	.25
2	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic	.25
3	Teething, Colic, Crying, Wakefulness	.25
4	Diarrhea, of Children or Adults	.25
7	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis	.25
8	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache	.25
9	Headache, Sick Headache, Vertigo	.25
10	Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weak Stomach	.25
11	Suppressed or Painful Periods	.25
12	Whites, Too Profuse Periods	.25
13	Croup, Laryngitis, Hoarseness	.25
14	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions	.25
15	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains	.25
16	Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague	.25
19	Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head	.25
20	Whooping Cough	.25
27	Kidney Diseases	.25
28	Nervous Debility	1 00
30	Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed	.25
77	Grip, Hay Fever	.25

Sold by Druggists, or sent on receipt of price.

A pocket epitome of Domestic Practice mailed for the asking.

Humphrey's Homeopathic Medicine Co., Cor. William's and John Sts., New York.

THE DAKOTAS.

A Sensational Scandal Attracts Attention at Langdon, N. D.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Langdon—Papers have been served in the Burke-Mooney alienation case. Damages to the extent of $20,000 are claimed. A decree of divorce was granted the Burkes two weeks ago. The defendant is a wealthy banker and widower and the plaintiff is a well known insurance agent. Both are prominent and the case promises to be one of unusual notoriety.

Milton—George Nelson, a young man who recently arrived from Lalla City, Mich., was arrested here for forgery by Sheriff Pinkerton. The sheriff of Missaukee county is here and identified the man and will take him back to Michigan, where it is charged that he secured $200 by forging a check.

Jamestown—The postoffice department has issued orders that the service of a mail clerk on the Jamestown & Northern branch of the Northern Pacific be discontinued with. It is also ordered that mail be made up in pouches by the postmaster at Jamestown for points between Jamestown and Carrington, and that the Carrington postmaster do likewise regarding mail for points south of that city on the branch. Postal Clerk White, who has had charge of the mail car, leaves for St. Paul. There have been many changes made in the interest of economy the past year. Of the fourteen clerks who made Jamestown their home last summer, but four remain.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Pierre—A report received is to the effect that in a half-breed family of six, living on Cheyenne river, in which smallpox secured a hold, four are dead—the wife, her mother, and two children, leaving the father and one child.

Sisseton—It has been more than three weeks since a particle of mail matter was permitted to leave this city, and still there is no sign of raising the embargo. Smallpox has practically disappeared here and the disease is under perfect control. The state board is charged with catering to the whims of Browns Valley and Milbank authorities and refusing to do anything for Sisseton, thus placing it at the mercy of two rival towns.

Sioux Falls—W. Y. Dunton, who is wanted in Minneapolis for embezzlement, has pleaded guilty to the charge of forgery.

Centerville—The thieves who worked the stores of Amundson & Peterson and J. C. Berglund have not been captured. On account of a high wind and dust storm the bloodhounds could follow the scent but a short distance southwest of town.

Yankton—F. C. Boucher and his adopted daughter, of Gregory, this state, who have been spending a few days in Yankton, departed for home yesterday after having settled a little matrimonial difficulty. It seems that Mrs. Fletcher married her adopted father's son and left him at the end of thirty days and made a second matrimonial venture. This she repented of and applied to her foster father for assistance. The law was appealed to and both marriages were declared illegal, the first because the bride was under age and the second for the reason that no license had been procured. This legal opinion cleared away the principal difficulties, and Mrs. Fletcher returned home to marry over again her first choice—her foster father's son.

IN MICHIGAN.

No Trace Has Yet Been Found of Mabel Vaughn.

Sault Ste. Marie—It is now generally believed that Mabel Vaughn, of the Canadian Soo, who mysteriously disappeared from her home Tuesday night, has committed suicide by jumping in the river. No trace of her has been found by searching parties, and yesterday afternoon the river was dragged without result.

Houghton—Joseph De Long, an employe in C. J. Johnson's camp on the Copper Range road's Adventure mine extension, now building, has been taken with a disease pronounced smallpox in its worst form. Many people have been exposed, as De Long was in Houghton two days before taken down. He is now an inmate of the county pest house.

Menominee—In attempting to separate two fighting mad dogs Miss Gwynne Hardwick, of Menominee, daughter of Louis Hardwick, was set on and had her left hand badly torn, it being penetrated in two places by the teeth of the animals. The young lady was assisting others in separating the dogs and their efforts were partially successful, when the dogs made an attack on Miss Hardwick. The flesh on her hand was badly torn and lacerated, and the wounds are ugly ones.

Marinette—The body of Johnson, a tailor living in Marinette, who has been missing for six weeks, was found near the third dam on the Michigan shore Wednesday morning by boom men. Johnson committed suicide as a result of despondency over financial troubles. He left his home six weeks ago telling his wife that he was going to search for work and that was the last seen of him. The body was badly disfigured.

THE DRAMATIC CRITIC.

The wedding was, upon the whole, an artistic success, says the Detroit Journal.

The bride, particularly, evinced unmistakably talent. She trembled with all the technical accuracy of an aspen leaf and the emotional intensity of a startled fawn. Her trembling, indeed, was irreproachable. If she cast down her eyes with something of amateurish gawkiness, the fact is easily attributable to her inexperience—this being her first wedding—rather than to an essentially defective method.

She was fairly well supported.

The groom rose from his knees too soon and had to be knocked down by the prompter, but otherwise minor parts were carried creditably.

DULUTH'S SOCIETY

June, the month of weddings, promises to see a number of Duluth young people joined in marriage, if rumors are to be believed, and when the rumors arise from the talking of close friends, who know the dates, they are rather likely to be true. June brides will be plenty in Duluth.

* * *

The marriage of Miss Ethel Raymond Sabin and Thomas C. Phillips, is to take place Tuesday, May 14, as was announced last week. The ceremony will be performed at high noon, and Rev. A. W. Ryan will officiate. Miss Ada Sabin will be maid of honor. Dr. W. A. Evans, of Chicago, cousin of the groom, will be best man, and the ushers will be D. R. McLennan, O. C. Hartman, Worthington Telford and Robert C. Greer, of St. Paul.

* * *

Mrs. A. B. Chapin and Mrs. Robert P. Dowse gave a large card party yesterday afternoon, at the home of Mrs. Chapin, on East First street. The first prize was won by Mrs. A. M. Miller, the second by Mrs. H. F. Williamson, Sr., the third by Mrs. H. F. Williamson, Jr., and the consolation prize by Mrs. Ed Mendenhall.

* * *

The Matinne musicale next Monday will be devoted to celebrated French composers, and the program presenting their compositions has been arranged by Mrs. George Herbert Jones, and is as follows:

Paper—"French Music" .....
.....Mrs. G. Herbert Jones
Piano quartet—"Dance Macabre".....
.....Saint Saens
Mrs. McLean, Mrs. Stephen Jones, Miss Simonds, Miss Cornelie Smith.
Vocal duet—"Sing, Smile, Slumber".....
.....Gounod
Mrs. James McAuliffe and Mrs. G. S. Richards.
Vocal—a. "Come Sweet Morning".....
.....Old French Song
b. "Without Thee".....d'Hardelot
Mrs. C. H. Thornton.
Piano solo—a. "Lis Jouera".....Chaminade
b. "Zingara".....Chaminade
Miss Mae Kennedy.
Vocal duet—"In the Deep Retreat," from opera "Lucknow" ..... Delibes
Miss McKay and Mrs. James McAuliffe.
Piano duo—"Poeme Symphonique".....
.....Saint Saens
Mrs. D. H. Day and Miss Willoughby.
Contralto solo—"The Watcher" (by request).....Adam Gelbel
Margaret M. Cutter.
Vocal solo with violin and 'cello obligato—"Lullaby," from "Jocelyn".....
.....Godard
Miss McKay.
Violin, Mrs. Mulford; 'cello, Mrs. Virginia Wilcutts; piano, Mrs. James McAuliffe.

* * *

Mrs. Wade, of Waterbury, Conn., is here for a visit with her sister, Mrs. B. F. Myers, of London road, and is accompanied by her daughter, Miss Wade.

* * *

Mrs. Charles A. Britts, of 2201 East Superior street, entertained at cards Thursday afternoon for Mrs. W. H. Richardson, of Minneapolis. The prizes were won by Mrs. J. M. Smith and Mrs. R. S. Powell.

* * *

Mrs. Cameron came from the East this week with her daughter, Mrs. C. P. Craig, and will visit here.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. T. F. Hopkins, of Butte, Mont., are visiting at the home of Mrs. P. McAlpine, 122 Sixth avenue west.

* * *

Mrs. C. R. Rust and daughter Caramel Ruth returned on Friday from a four weeks' visit at Fond du Lac, Wis., Chicago, and other Eastern cities.

* * *

Mrs. Alexander Michaud, of East Superior street, entertained a number of friends at cards last Saturday afternoon for Mrs. W. H. Richardson, of Minneapolis.

* * *

The Bethany league of the Bethany Lutheran church at the West End gave a reception last evening at the home of Miss Hannah Johnson and E. G. Johnson, at 1922 West Michigan street. There were speeches by Rev. P. C. Hanson, of Virginia, and Rev. A. F. Elmquist. Miss Hulda Lagerstedt and Miss Alvina Shalgren gave recitations and Mrs. A. F. Elmquist, Miss Hannah Mattson and Miss Lillie Marsch gave musical numbers. There were about fifty present.

* * *

The McGolrick club held its last meeting of the season on Tuesday evening. Scripture was read by Miss Kinny and expounded by the bishop, after which the club proceeded to ballot for officers, with the following result: Mrs. Corcoran, president; Mrs. Shields, first vice president; Miss Miller, second vice president; Miss Kinny, secretary and treasurer.

The subject for the next year's study will be the principal cities of Italy. Bishop McGolrick exhibited some colored photographs of cities in Europe and also some pictures of works of art in Rome, thus closing a very interesting and instructive winter's study of "The Eternal City."

* * *

The last meeting of the philanthropic department of the Twentieth Century club will meet Tuesday at 3 p. m. in the club room. Leader, Mrs. W. F. Davey.

* * *

A delightful dancing party for the benefit of the new St. Luke's hospital was given at the Armory last evening by the Young Ladies' Card club of St. Paul's Episcopal church. The attendance was about 600, many sitting in the gallery during the evening. The Armory was beautifully decorated for the occasion, the arrangement being very artistic. Cozy corners were arranged at the ends of the hall. Punch was served during the evening. Music was furnished by Flaten's orchestra and many extras were put in during the entertainment. The success of the party is due largely to the efforts of the committee comprised of Misses Jane Everington, Agnes Jones, Edith Pierce, Stoughton, Parsons, Cole and Mrs. Edward Totman. The patronesses were:

Mesdames—

F. L. Gilbert,	F. Reynolds,
S. H. Moer,	Suffel,
A. C. Hubbell,	L. P. Totman,
S. C. Harrison,	E. S. Upham,
J. B. Cotton,	J. H. Dight,
Homer Collins,	C. F. West,
S. C. Jackson,	W. J. Olcott,
A. G. McManus,	S. J. Bigelow,
Frederick Paine,	Charles A. Towne,
I. Freimuth,	Page Morris,
Charles Lunn,	Tomlinson,
Stephen H. Jones,	C. W. Comstock,
J. J. Skuse,	M. J. Millen.
W. B. Cross,	

* * *

Mrs. A. H. Comstock and Miss Comstock have gone to Deerwood. They will be there during the summer season.

* * *

The Young Ladies' Card club will meet a week from next Monday at the home of Miss Davidson on East Superior street.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Macdonald have taken up their residence at 225 Fifteenth avenue east.

* * *

Mrs. J. K. Stack and son have gone to St. Paul for the summer.

* * *

Mrs. W. H. Richardson, of Minneapolis, formerly a resident of Duluth, is in the city, the guest of Mrs. C. W. Elston, of East First street.

* * *

Mrs. J. B. Middlecoff and children left on Tuesday for Cripple Creek, Col., for a six months' visit with her brother.

* * *

C. H. Gallagher has returned from Mount Clement, Mich., where he spent several weeks for his health.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Towne, who have resided in Chester Terrace, have gone to Chicago to live. Their son, ex-Senator C. A. Towne, will continue to make Duluth his home.

* * *

Clan Stewart gave a delightful musical entertainment on Tuesday evening at Kalamazoo hall. Numbers were rendered by Miss Jane Everington, Miss Baird, Miss Georgie Alexander, C. J. Giddings, James Reid and Mr. Benner. The program was followed by an informal dance.

* * *

The annual meeting of the Women's Book club will be held Monday, May 6, at 3 o'clock, at the home of Mrs. W. A. McGonagle.

* * *

The preparations for the May musical festival are progressing rapidly, and the list of performers includes nearly every musician of prominence in Duluth and Superior. Those who will take part are: Mrs. James McAuliffe, Mrs. Cecilia Berryman, Mrs. Gaston Borch, Mrs. D. H. Day, Mrs. J. B. Erd, Mrs. Margaret Hoelscher, Miss Anna Farrell, Miss Susanne McKay, Miss Clara Hector, Miss Rena Smith, E. W. Prophet, Roy Prytz, Cyril Tyler, A. F. M. Custance, Fred G. Bradbury, J. H. Flaaten, Gerard Tonning and George L. Tyler, besides a chorus of 150 voices and an orchestra of thirty-five pieces. The dates of the two concerts are May 29 and June 2.

* * *

Miss Anna McKee has returned from Dallas, Tex.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Richardson have moved into their summer cottage on Minnesota Point.

* * *

Mrs. Charles P. Craig has returned from an Eastern trip, and Mr. and Mrs. Craig are again occupying their home at 1226 London road.

* * *

Miss Edna Bangs has returned to her home in Spokane, Wash., after a three months' visit with her sister, Mrs. J. P. Peterson.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Moe entertained Rev. T. K. Thorvilson, of Eau Claire, Wis., during the week.

* * *

Mrs. Adolph Ray and Miss Katherine Voss left on Thursday for Houghton, where they will spend the summer.

* * *

Mrs. Robert Eyster and Mrs. C. P. McClure are entertaining their mother, Mrs. Theresa Bailey, of Minneapolis.

* * *

A delightful social affair was the dancing party given at the Armory last evening by the United Commercial Travelers. The hall decorations were very beautiful and arranged with great taste. Music was furnished by the City band, the dance music being preceded by a short hand program of popular and classical airs.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. E. N. Bradley have taken up their residence in the Ashtabula terrace.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Nester, who have made their home at the Asthabula terace, will reside in Ashland, Wis.

* * *

Mrs. George Thompson, of Huntington street, West Duluth, entertained the Ladies' Card club, of Proctorknott, on Tuesday afternoon.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Chris Murphy, of Grand Marais, who have been the guests several days of Stephen Murphy, of West Duluth, left on Wednesday for their home on the north shore.

* * *

Mrs. S. C. Confer, of West Duluth, is entertaining her sister, Mrs. W. H. Tice, of Minneapolis.

* * *

Capt. and Mrs. D. D. Gaillard and son returned on Saturday from Washington. They will make their home at the Spalding until they secure a home.

* * *

Miss Mae Levy, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. P. H. Levy, of 707 West Second street, is recovering from a serious sickness.

* * *

Misses Genevieve and Blanche Huntington left on Saturday for Aberdeen, S. D., where they will make their home.

* * *

George M. Smith and family, who have resided some time at Lakeside, have moved into the Buffalo flats.

* * *

Master Louis and Miss Gladys Tyler left for Detroit on Sunday to spend the summer with their grandparents.

* * *

Capt. James Sullivan has returned from the Pacific coast. He was accompanied by his sister-in-law, Miss Anna Fitzpatrick, who has been visiting in Los Angeles for some time.

* * *

A pretty wedding took place Sunday last, Miss Kitty Hall and William F. Siewert being united in marriage by Rev. Mr. Staff, of the German church. The wedding tok place at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Hall, 320 Sixth avenue east, being witnessed only by imediate relatives. The bride was charmingly dressed in white. On Monday evening Mr. and Mrs. Siewert were given a dinner at the home of the groom's brother, A. B. Siewert. They left that evening for their home in Portland, Ore.

* * *

Mrs. C. J. O'Donnell, who has been visiting her sister in St. Paul, returned on Thursday.

* * *

Mrs. M. A. Reaney and Miss Mary Reaney are back from a visit at St. Paul.

* * *

Mrs. Francis E. Woodward and son left on Thursday for Minneapolis, where they will join Mr. Woodward in their new home.

* * *

Miss Frances P. Dailey has returned from Burnett, where she has been teaching for some time.

* * *

Paul G. Clarkson, who has been attending the state university, returned on Friday for a visit with his parents.

* * *

Mrs. S. E. Peachey and daughter left on Thursday for St. Paul, where they will spend the summer with Mrs. Peachey's daughter, Miss Stella Peachey.

* * *

The Duluth High School Musical society gave its annual sacred concert on Sunday afternoon and the program was rendered in a delightful manner. The first part consisted of compositions by Professor Custance and there were anthems and solos. C. D. Shepard sang a fine number "God of Our Fathers." Roy Frytz gave a pleasing baritone solo with chorus accompaniment "O Saving Victim." Three anthems were sung and in these solos were taken by J. W. Anderson, C. D. Shepard, Miss Ella Mason and Miss Alice Cooley. In the second part Miss Willcuts gave two fine 'cello numbers. Miss Rena Smith and Miss Alice Cooley gave a duet accompanied by St. Paul's church choir, and Miss Rena Smith sang a fine solo number "The Choir Invisible." There were remarks by Professor Benfield and a reading by Principal Smith.

* * *

A pink masquerade and cinch party was tendered Harry Milnes at his home on Wednesday evening. A delightful evening was passed at cards and dancing at Hunter hall, to which the party adjourned. The head prizes were won by Mrs. O. E. Mitchell and H. H. Hyatt, and the foot prizes went to Mrs. L. Hatley and W. Curran. Dainty refreshments were served at the hall during the evening. Those present were:

Messrs. and Mesdames—

T. J. McKeon,	W. B. Putman,
O. E. Mitchell,	L. Koehler,
H. Milnes,	H. Hyatt,
J. Curran,	
Mesdames—	
Hatley,	Foster,
Brower,	Wolf,
Travers,	Nelson,
Rankin,	Milnes,
Cox,	Walker.
Ashworth,	
Misses—	
Putnam,	Anderson,
Magill,	Milner.
Ohman,	Hatley,
F. Travers,	M. Travers,
A. Wendland.	
Messrs.—	
R. Krojanker,	M. Shannon,
M. Milner,	Magill,
Foster,	Siewert,
C. Prosser,	Dietchel,
Schelly,	Neydil,
A. Michaelson,	R. Mitchell,
O. E. Michaelson.	A. Mitchell,
	F. Mitchell.

* * *

The Young Ladies' sodality of the cathedral will give an ice cream social and musical program at the Catholic Association hall next Friday evening. Those taking part in the program are: Miss Anna Stone, Messrs. Evans, O'Keefe and Miller.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Bonne, of Gaylord, Wis., formerly residents of this city, were guests this week of the family of Charles Kort, of West Duluth.

* * *

Mrs. J. A. Kline and sister, Miss Margaret Johnson, of West Duluth, are visiting their mother in Madison, Wis.

* * *

Mrs. James Park and Edward Park, of West Duluth, have been called to Fargo by the serious illness of relatives.

* * *

Mrs. S. Hendrickson, of West Duluth, left this week for a several months' visit in Sweden.

* * *

A farewell party was given in honor of Miss Jennie Lindblad, at the home of Miss Mabel Hallen, 1421 West Michigan street, on Monday evening. The evening was spent in dancing and games. Miss Lindblad left Tuesday for Everett, Wash., to reside. Those present were:

Misses—

Jennie Lindblad,	Anna Nelson,
Lillie Collier,	May Doughty,
Irene Pritchard,	Betty Amonson,
Agnes Nelson,	Mabel Hallen,
Julia Lindblad,	Mabel Clark,
Emma Anderson,	Laura Hallen.
Laura Kerr,	
Messrs.—	
Patrick Colt,	Axel Swanson,
Austin Collier,	George Trombell,
W. J. La Brosse,	Harry Baker,
Clarence Jamison,	Fred Bennison,
Willie Pritchard,	A. J. Aherns,
Clarence Adams,	J. E. McGrath.

* * *

Mrs. Judd Potter, of Fifty-third avenue west, entertained the Ladies' Aid society of the Asbury M. E. church on Wednesday afternoon and a very pleasant afternoon was passed. A short program was rendered, afte rwhich ice cream and cake was served.

On Wednesday afternoon Mrs. Nels Anderson, of 407 East Eighth street, entertained at cards. Cinch was played, and the head prize was won by Mrs. William Bradley. Mrs. J. Kreager won the second prize. Those present were:

Mesdames—

A. J. Harker,	B. Kriz,
F. Krisback,	A. Wagner,
A. McCormick,	William Bradley,
J. Puczinsky,	William Franks,
J. Kreager,	Miss Sadie Wagner
G. Kreager,	

* * *

Mrs. Philip Schied and daughter arrived in the city from Ashtabula, Ohio, to visit Mr. Schied. They may make their home in Duluth this summer.

* * *

Mrs. P. M. Durant and son, Paul, are on an extended visit in Chicago and Southern Michigan.

* * *

Mrs. Edward Joplin is visiting friends and relatives in Cleveland, Ohio.

* * *

Mrs. C. E. Thompson has returned from a visit with relatives at Ishpeming.

* * *

The A. O. U. W. lodge, of West Duluth, gave its tenth annual ball at the Great Eastern hall, Wednesday evening, and the affair was a most successful social event.

Your Eyes?

Do they trouble you? Remember, an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure. Don't delay! Attend to them at once.

WE EXAMINE EYES FREE.

GEIST & ERD,

Jewelers and Opticians,

121 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

PANTON WHITE
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
DULUTH, MINN.

No metal eyelets in Kabo Corsets.

THE laces are passed through soft linen loops that do not fray them, and being so soft, they bed themselves into the loops, thus avoiding the thick heavy ridges which so often show through the tight fitting gown. We sell Kabo Corsets to fit all figures, at from $1.00 to $2.75 a pair—but that isn't all: we guarantee them to give satisfaction, and give the money back if they don't.

Have you seen the new Kabo, No. 600?—straight front, bias gored — a peerless dollar bias-gored corset, six gores with button-hole finish, a 13-inch front, four hooks with medium form and long waist, colors, white, drab and black, sizes 18 to 30—price **$1.00**

Incompleteness.

Nothing resting in its own completeness,
Can have worth or beauty; but alone
Because it leads and tends to farther sweetness.
Fuller, higher, deeper than its own.

Spring's real glory dwells not in the morning,
Gracious though it be, of her blue hours;
But is hidden in her tender leaning
To the summer's richer wealth of flowers.

Dawn is fair, because the mists fade slowly
Into day, which floods the world with light;
Twilight's mystery is so sweet and holy
Just because it ends in starry night.

Childhood's smiles unconscious graces borrow
From strife that in a far-off future lies;
And angel glances (veiled now by life's sorrow)
Draw our hearts to some beloved eyes.

Life is only bright when it proceedeth
Toward a truer, deeper love above;
Human love is sweetest when it leadeth
To a more divine and perfect love.

Learn the mystery of progression duly;
Do not let each glorious change decay;
But know we only hold our treasures truly,
When it seems as if they passed away.

Nor dare to blame God's gifts for incompleteness;
In that want their beauty lies; they roll
Toward some infinite depth of love and sweetness,
Bearing onward man's reluctant soul.

—ADELAIDE ANNE PROCTOR.

D. & C. Steamers 1901.

The first sailing Detroit & Cleveland steamers, in connection with D., S. S. & A., from St. Ignace, May 5th, and regularly thereafter, from St. Ignace, Saturdays, 2:00 p. m., Wednesdays, 7:30 a. m., to Detroit, Toledo, Cleveland and Lower Lake points.

City Ticket Office,
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

If you have a good business, advertise and keep it. If you have not, advertise in The Herald and get it.

TO FUMIGATE CAMPS.

Wisconsin Health Authorities Considering the Idea.

A move is being contemplated by the city board of health of West Superior, that may be emulated by the boards of health of other cities in the Northwest. In a few days the members of the board will go down to Madison and hold a conference with the state health officials regarding the scheme to thoroughly fumigate the lumber camps all over the logging district of Northern Wisconsin. It is believed by many of the health officials at the head of the lakes that this will be a most effective method of stamping out all the smallpox germs that might be left in the camps, that are now deserted, for the most part, and a repetition of the smallpox outbreak that occurred during the past winter would be avoided. To make their plan entirely effective the Wisconsin authorities must have the cooperation of the Minnesota authorities and it is considered likely that the Wisconsin state board of health officials will bring the matter to the attention of the state board of Minnesota. The fulfilment of such a plan would mean quite an expenditure of money, but it would be paid by the state and not by the cities.

Won't Decline Resignation.

Philadelphia North American: The impropriety of Minister Conger's interview on the Chinese situation is enough to win him the best wishes of the state department in his campaign for the Iowa governorship.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN; CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best known remedy for DIARRHŒA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

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The first sailing Detroit & Cleveland steamers, in connection with D., S. S. & A., from St. Ignace, May 5th, and regularly thereafter, from St. Ignace, Saturdays, 2:00 p. m., Wednesdays, 7:30 a. m., to Detroit, Toledo, Cleveland and Lower Lake points.

City Ticket Office,
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

"North Coast Limited"

Resumes service on Northern Pacific next Sunday, May 5, at 8:40 a. m. The Pacific express will also be put on, leaving at 7:30 p. m., after all day trains from East and South have arrived. This means two trains daily between Duluth and Portland, both ways.

A SURE CURE FOR Chapped Hands, Rough Skin. PARISIAN BALM. 25 CTS. IN SINGLE USE SIZE. 50c REGULAR SIZE. SEELY'S BALM FACTORY. DETROIT, MICH.

Mme. Boyde Complexion and Hair Dressing Parlors.

Over 216 West Superior Street.

Miss Jones, of New York, In Charge

New Methods. New Styles. Finest appointed parlors in the West.

"And the Leaves of the Trees Shall Heal the Nations."

Rev. xxii. 2.

CASCARINE.

Made from rots, barks, herbs, plants and berries. Cures after all other treatments have failed, or money refunded. If your complexion is muddy, your eyes yellow; if you are nervous, have slight fever, feel mean, out of sorts, or if you are constipated and generally sick, take Cascarine. It stimulates the secretions, improves the appetite, dissolves impurities from the body, purifies the blood and tones up the system in general. No need of your going to a doctor and paying big doctor bills when you can be cured by the best prescription that the world has ever known. There is only one genuine Cascarine. It is a liquid laxative and pleasant to the taste and does not interfere with the most delicate stomach.

MOTHERS, BE CAREFUL.

Do not give the children pills and tablets for constipation. The stomach is delicate and can easily be made weak for life. Keep on your medicine shelf a bottle of Cascarine, nature's true remedy. Cascarine cures constipation, dyspepsia, stomach and bowel complaints. Buy a bottle of your druggist today and you will always use it. Price, 50 cents. Try it. If it doesn't suit you, write us and we will refund the money. Rea Bros. & Co., the manufacturers, will send free to any address a valuable booklet on diseases of the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels, and one week's treatment for 10 cents in stamps to cover postage.

THE EVENING HERALD.

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

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WEEKLY HERALD.

Per year	$1.00
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Three months	.25

Largest Circulation in Duluth.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), May 4.—The low pressure area central Friday morning over Wyoming and the Western Dakotas has moved southeast to Kansas and Nebraska, causing light and scattered showers or thunder storms over the Missouri valley region. Southern Minnesota, Assiniboia, Montana, Colorado and New Mexico. The barometer is high in the lake region, Alberta and Oregon. It is somewhat colder in the Ohio valley and Northwest Canada, with freezing temperature in Alberta, while in the Red River valley and Northern Michigan it is warmer. The winds in the lake region are variable and mostly fresh.

Maximum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	82	Memphis	84
Bismarck	82	Miles City	80
Boston	54	Milwaukee	56
Buffalo	52	Minnedosa	76
Calgary	56	Montgomery	90
Charleston	90	Moorhead	80
Chicago	62	New Orleans	80
Cincinnati	72	New York	58
Davenport	78	North Platte	76
Denver	64	Oklahoma	78
Detroit	56	Omaha	78
Dodge City	76	Pittsburg	62
Duluth	48	Port Arthur	46
Edmonton	58	Portland	60
El Paso	78	Prince Albert	60
Escanaba	52	Qu'Appelle	72
Galveston	86	Rapid City	72
Green Bay	58	San Francisco	52
Havre	66	Santa Fe	80
Helena	48	Shreveport	80
Houghton	50	Spokane	68
Huron	82	St. Louis	70
Jacksonville	94	St. Paul	74
Kamloops	72	Sault Ste. Marie	60
Kansas City	78	Swift Current	66
Knoxville	88	Washington	70
La Crosse	74	Williston	74
Los Angeles	66	Winnemucca	62
Marquette	58	Winnipeg	76

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Partly cloudy and slightly warmer tonight and Sunday with probably showers. Fresh easterly to westerly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, May 4.—Forecasts: For Minnesota—Partly cloudy tonight and Sunday, with probably showers in east portion. Colder in west portion.

For Wisconsin—Partly cloudy and probably showers Sunday and west portion tonight. Slight changes in temperature.

North and South Dakota—Fair tonight and Sunday, except showers in South Dakota tonight. Slightly colder.

Upper Lakes—Light to fresh variable winds, mostly easterly; partly cloudy tonight and Sunday with probably showers on Superior and Michigan Sunday.

Corbin and Russell Harrison.

The friends of Russell Harrison, son of the late ex-president, are getting but little satisfaction from the war department in their efforts to have what they consider an injustice to the young man righted. Secretary Root says there is nothing to be done and that the case has been closed. He says that he has explained the department's attitude in a letter he had written to Governor Durban, of Indiana. It now seems that Governor Durban has replied to Secretary Root's letter, stating that it was not at all satisfactory and that it did not remove the cloud from Col. Harrison's record. This cloud, it appears, consists of a telegram sent by Gen. Corbin to Col. Harrison, stating that the latter was to be discharged from the army because of charges to the effect that Harrison was inefficient. The department refuses to produce the charges referred to, and at the same time declines to appoint a court of inquiry to enable them to be proven or disproven. Gen. Harrison became interested in the affair before his death, not so much on account of his concern for his son's welfare, but because of his wish to clear the family record. Although Col. Harrison appears content to let the matter drop, the friends of his distinguished father are still working on it. As long as Corbin said that Harrison was inefficient he certainly should have a right to know the specific charges brought against him and to be allowed to defend himself. But Corbin has said no, and Corbin seems to run the war department.

More Foreign Than English Blood.

Since the accession of Edward VII to the throne of Great Britain there has been considerable discussion respecting the ancestry of this monarch, who have ruled the British people. It has gone so far that it has been rumored that King Edward can hardly speak English without a German accent. Be that as it may, it is a fact that for centuries England has been ruled by monarchs of alien blood, a fact more or less distasteful to this proud country. A teacher writing to the New York Sun recalls the fact that William I, William II, Henry I and Stephen were from France; Henry II's mother was of Saxon ancestry, but his father was a Frenchman. He married a French woman. Richard had no children. John's wife was French. Henry III married Eleanor of Province; Edward I married Eleanor of Castile; Edward, II Isabelle of France; Edward III, Philippa of Hainault; the Black Prince married his cousin, the "Fair Maid of Kent," who had been married twice before; These kings were Frenchmen really. Henry IV had some native blood in him, his mother, Blanche of Lancaster, having had English parents. He married Mary Bohun, with some English blood; but this was before he was anywhere near the throne. Henry V, son of his marriage, married Catherine of France; Henry IV, Margaret of Anjou; Edward IV came of English ancestry for three generations, and married an English woman; his line ended with his brother, Richard III. Henry VII had English ancestors for three generations, and married a princess of England with some English blood in her veins. James I was a foreigner, but had only one French ancestress in three generations; and his mother tongue was English-Scotch. His wife was more or less Danish. Charles I married a French princess; James II married an English woman, and his two daughters thus had some native blood in their veins. But when the Hanoverians came in, in 1714, the English blood went out. George I had no trace of English blood nearer than his grandmother, and she had not much, her father being James I, and her mother Anne of Denmark. The marriages of the Hanoverians are wholly German. George I married Sophia of Zelle; George II, Wilhelmina of Bradenburg; Frederick, prince of Wales, Augusta of Saxe-Gotha; George III (born in England) married Charlotte of Mecklenburg-Strelitz; Edward, duke of Kent, married Victoria of Saxe-Coburg-Saalfield; Victoria, Albert of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha; Edward VII, Alexandria, "of Denmark," but really a German princess of Schleswig-Sonderburg-Glucksburg. From this array it would cause no wonder if Edward did have a slight accent in his use of English.

DULUTH'S GROWTH.

Duluth is not a large city, in comparison with many Eastern cities, one reason being that it is younger and situated in a section of the country that but a few years ago was uninhabited, except by Indians and trappers, but it has reached such a considerable size in population and area that a moderately rapid growth is scarcely noticeable as it occurs. Yet it is known by close observers, even without resorting to the statistical tests, that Duluth is growing at a very healthy rate, and that particularly during the past two or three years its population has increased to a very large extent in conjunction with a very pronounced revival of commercial and industrial prosperity. Special attention has been drawn to this fact of late by the shortage in residences, which has been followed naturally by a rise in rents and by preparations for the erection of numerous dwellings during the present summer. It is safe to say that Duluth is growing faster at the present time than it has for nearly a decade.

The usual and decisive tests of growth, as they appear annually—the number of school children, the number of names in the city directory, compiled year after year under the same management, and the postoffice receipts—all tell the story of growth and advancement. During the years of depression, Duluth did not stand still. It was not a "boom town" and therefore did not retrograde as some of its would-be rivals of a decade ago. It had a solid foundation in trade and commerce that has been steadily growing and is today greater than at any time in the past. It was impossible for any backward movement, and the increasing business has of necessity brought more people here to handle it. The tributary territory has witnessed a continued development, and during the past year its population has been largely augmented by new settlers seeking to carve out homes for themselves upon the fertile lands of Northern Minnesota—for a long time erroneously regarded as unsuitable for farming. The mineral resources of this county have likewise been exploited, and scores of thriving towns have been created upon the iron ranges, while the opening of the Fosston branch of the Great Northern railway system has been followed by the establishment of many prosperous towns. The influx of settlers into this territory so far this year has been greater than during the corresponding period last year, and the outlook is that 1901 will witness a greater rush than at any previous time in the history of this section of the Union. From this development Duluth has been a large gainer in a business way and will continue to benefit largely.

It is a knowledge of these facts that leads conservative investors to pronounce Duluth real estate the best and surest investment that can be found today. We hear much of the fortunes made in stocks during the past six months and read with interest the stories of the excited trading in Wall street, but little or nothing is said or thought about those who have been losing. Where one man has made many thousands of dollars, perhaps a few millions, others have lost and been plunged into bankruptcy. Stock speculation is an uncertain game, but money invested in first-class property in a growing and substantial city like Duluth is certain to furnish handsome dividends. It is not strange, therefore, that the shrewd investor, unwilling to risk his money in the violent maelstrom of Wall street, finds in Duluth realty and in Duluth business enterprises opportunities for safe and profitable investment.

COMMERCE OF NATIONS.

Some interesting facts about the commerce of the principal nations of the world are contained in a recent publication of the treasury department. Perhaps the most interesting fact shown is that the United States stands in the fiscal year 1901 clearly and unquestionably at the head of the world's list of exporting nations, her average monthly exportations for the nine months ending with March, 1901, being $124,497,853, while those of the United Kingdom, her closest competitor, were $117,816,246 per month during the same period; those of Germany, the next largest exporter, $87,551,000 per month during the twelve months ending with December, 1900; France, $36,467,000; Russia, $29,550,000 per month; British India, $26,747,000 per month; Austria-Hungary, $25,753,255 per month; Belgium, $23,568,000 per month, and Italy, $20,518,000 per month.

Of the twenty-four countries or political divisions named in the table, ten show an excess of exports over imports, while the remaining fourteen show an excess of imports over exports. Argentina, Bulgaria, Canada, Egypt, British India, Mexico, the Philippine Islands, Russia, Uruguay and the United States show an excess of exports over imports; while Austria-Hungary, Belgium, Cape of Good Hope, Cuba, France, Germany, Greece, Italy, Japan, Porto Rico, Portugal, Spain, Switzerland and the United Kingdom show an excess of imports over exports. Argentina shows in the twelve months ending with December last $39,000,000 more of exports than of imports. Canada in the eight months ending with February, 1901, shows $12,000,000 more of exports than of imports British India during the nine months ending with December shows $64,000,000 more of exports than of imports, and Russia during the twelve months ending with December shows $59,000,000 more of exports than of imports; while the United States in the nine months ending with March, 1901, shows $521,000,000 more of exports than of imports.

A further comparison of the latest figures with those of the corresponding period for the preceding year also develops some interesting facts. Argentina in the twelve months ending with December, 1899, showed $65,000,000 excess of exports over imports, and in the same months of 1900 an excess of only $39,000,000. Canada in the eight months ending with February, 1900, showed exports $5,000,000 below the imports, while the corresponding months ending with February, 1901, showed $12,000,000 excess of exports over imports. Russia in the twelve months ending with December, 1899, showed less than $4,000,000 excess of exports over imports, and in the twelve months ending with December, 1900, $59,000,000 more of exports than of imports; while the United States, which in the nine months ending with March, 1900, showed $394,000,000 excess of exports over imports, in the same months of the fiscal year 1901 showed, $521,000,000 excess of exports over imports, a gain of $127,000,000 in the "favorable balance of trade" for the nine months' period of 1901 as compared with a like period of 1900.

The total domestic exports of the United States in the nine months ending with March are $1,120,480,673, while the exportation of British and Irish produce in the same period is $1,060,346,214, showing the exports of the United States to be $60,000,000 greater than those of the United Kingdom, her greatest rival, during the term under consideration.

BENEATH THE WAVES.

The future of submarine navigation was discussed in an interesting manner by a lecturer in New York. It is evident that we are much nearer than most people suppose to the use of submarine boats for other purposes than those of war. Indeed the utilization of such boats as instruments of peace are far more important and promising. There is now millions of capital invested in submarine industries, such as pearl fishing, salvage of wrecks and like pursuits carried on under water. Chart making at the bottom of the sea for the use of navigators could also be carried to the greatest perfection in such boats, while ferrying across boisterous seas would be stripped of all its terrors. Take, for instance, a trip across the British channel. No other water journey causes so much suffering as this at present. Here the most hardened traveler succumbs to seasickness. Not only is the water itself usually in angry commotion, but the dense fogs are constantly causing collisions.

The effect of the submmarine craft as a ferry boat over the British channel would produce a great change. In the first place there could be no seasickness, even when the water on the surface was a churning cauldron, for, as every navigator knows, a fathom below the surface finds the sea tranquil, even in the heaviest gales. All smells, too, that create nausea would be elliminated, for the boat would be propelled by electric power, taken from storage batteries. Furthermore, there could be no danger from collisions, the great terror that prevails there, because the boats would travel, coming and going, at different depths—say one at forty and one at sixty feet. At this depth the water overhead might be ever so crowded with small craft, but the submarine boat would have a free and unobstructed course. Were there any question as to collisions the boat could be kept absolutely to her course by means of cables running from shore to shore.

Almost without a jar such a boat would leave her dock on the English side, and almost before the passengers were aware of it she would be made fast at her dock in Calais. This is no dream, but a forecast of what may be expected some day in the near future.

The new law in New York regarding "contract marriages" has no more than gone into effect before the attorneys discovered what they term a serious defect in its provisions. The new law provides that a man and woman may become husband and wife without a ceremony by a minister or magistrate, providing a written contract is made between the two attested by a given number of witnesses and that the document be filed within six months with the clerk in the city or town in which the couple reside. It is the last clause which the lawyers say will cause the trouble. By the provisions of the law the contract being duly executed the woman becomes a wife for the period of five months and twenty-nine or thirty days, as the case may be, whether the document is filed or not. If at the end of that time the contract is not filed the position of the woman is a most peculiar one. As the filing of the contract in most cases would be left to the man, it affords an opportunity for the work of rascals that should never be permitted. There is no question that there is a bad break in the law, which should be remedied as soon as possible. Either the contract alone, duly witnessed, should be the bride's certificate, or the registration in the presence of both parties should be compulsory before the contract becomes valid.

The denial of the general manager of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit company, that the employes had threatened to strike or had made known a grievance, was hardly necessary to those who know of the excellent treatment given the men by this company. At five of their barns clubs have been provided for the men, where they may have all the attractions of an up-to-date club—minus the bar. For example, there are eight billiard and pool tables; small games and reading rooms make the time pass pleasantly which otherwise might be spent unprofitably. Some of the rooms are fitted up with a stage, where concerts and vaudeville performances are produced most credibly by home talent. Hot coffee is served free at depots and large terminals whenever the weather is sufficiently cold, and in the heat of the summer hot lemonade or oatmeal water is given to the men. Men know a good thing when they have it and a strike would never come except through some great misunderstanding.

An apartment house for horses is one of the latest things in Boston, and those who have predicted the finish of this valuable quadruped with the increase of horseless carriages, have a chance to make another prediction. This novel establishment for the equine resident has already been authoried by the Boston board of health. It will cost $25,000 and will embody several new ideas. According to plans, the exterior will compare favorably with that of the Waldorf-Astoria in New York. It will have a frontage of 234 feet on Lansdowne street, a depth of 98, and a height of 94. There will be seven floors, each with separate stables, with accommodations for five horses, carriage house, place for feed, and room for attendants. The floors will be reached by large elevators, capable of lifting a complete rig.

The loose divorce laws of Rhode Island have long been an annoyance to the better class of citizens of the state. They have been taken advantage of by many in search of easy divorces, and the state has a reputation almost as bad as Dakota. For 1897 the divorces in the state numbered 372, for 1898 they were 400, for 1899 they had increased to 412, and in 1900 to 466, the proportion of divorces to marriages being about one in eight. For the thirty years preceding 1899 the record had been one divorce to every eleven marriages. The legislature is considering a bill which will remedy the existing conditions and the citizens of the state hope it will be passed.

There is an epidemic of scarlet fever at Keene, N. H., and the Cheshire bank of that city has purchased a sterilizing oven and fumigates all the bills that are paid into the bank. It may be a praiseworthy precaution, although there are but few people who would decline to receive a few bank notes for fear they had been exposed to the contagion.

There is talk of a straw hat trust with a capitalization of $12,000,000. Thank heaven it cannot work the people all the year round.

Professor Crook denies that he ever said he never kissed a woman. The original story did look fishy.

The executive department of the United States is now on wheels, and some of its opponents claim it always has wheels.

More than one-third the foreign painters exhibiting at the Paris salon are Americans. Our progress is not confined to sordid trade.

SOUND DOCTRINE.

Philadelphia North American: Judge Russell, of Brooklyn, has established a noteworthy precedent in a libel suit brought against the New York World. The plaintiff, whom the World described as a burglar, confessed that he had a baser purpose in entering a young girl's room. Nevertheless he had the effrontery to seek compensation at law for the damage alleged to have been done to his reputation by the World's published as a thief.

Although the jury awarded the criminal nominal damages, Judge Russell set aside the verdict and directed a new trial. The law, he said, would not allow a profit from the result of wickedness. This was his reasoning:—

"What is the injury of libel? Is it the actual wrong to character of the man, or the lowering of a false reputation for honor and good conduct? The character is what the man is; the reputation what he is supposed to be. for defamation compensation goes to equalize the diminution of reputation below the real worth of the character. And when it appears that the actual offense is greater in culpability, ethically and legally, than the one to which an incorrect name was given, substantial compensation for the mistake in publication would award a profit for a supposed, but false, reputation, instead of adequate restoration for a loss."

This is most excellent common sense. It contravenes the long line of decisions in English and United States courts, which were based on the principle that the exact truth must be proved in justification, but it conforms to reason and meets all the highest requirements of justice.

Survival of the Horse.

Philadelphia Inquirer: The horse, which has long been consigned by pessimists to the condition of the dodo, still survives and is worth more than ever. All the new schemes of transportation, from the locomotive to the trolley car and automobile, have not appreciably affected his status. Every new business makes more business in all sorts of directions. There is a constant adjustment and readjustment going on that follows natural laws. Labor-saving machinery, so-called, has greatly increased the number of workers, who toil less arduously. Every valuable contribution to our industrial life works out for the good of the whole in the long run. The horse will ever remain the best servant of man in spite of new inventions.

Good "Deal" For Farmers.

Chicago Chronicle: Among the thousands who view with equanimity the progress of King Phillips' war, now raging in the Board of Trade building, our friend the farmer is conspicuous. Naturally he would not be disturbed if corn went to $1 a bushel. Yet it is the farmer who in many legislatures and in the national congress has sought to extirpate speculation in grain. The influence of the farmer is responsible for the present Illinois statute against "deals"—a statute drawn at such length and with such legal care that a coach and four were driven through it on first tallyho day.

If Hard Up See Us.

New York Tribune: Japanese banks and Russian mills are closing their doors, while vociferous creditors are demanding settlements. Meanwhile Uncle Sam stands ready to lend countless millions on proper securities.

Need Sugar On the Side.

Brooklyn Eagle: The Cubans do not intend to be in favor of the old flag until they are sure of an appropriation. When it comes to them in the form of reduced duties on tobacco they will fall over one another in their zeal to adopt the Platt amendment.

Going Down the Pike.

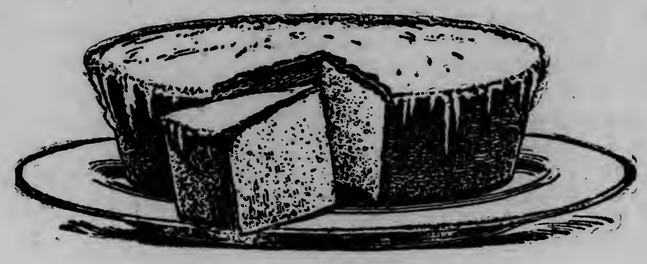
Philadelphia Inquirer: When last sighted the Tom Johnson boom for president was trotting calmly along as a sort of coach dog under the David B. Hill presidential wagon with no apparent intention of looking for another place.

Breaking Records.

Chicago Chronicle: There have been presidents of the United States who would have refused to place themselves under obligations to great corporations, but Mr. McKinley is making and breaking a great many records.

American Supremacy Admitted.

Buffalo Express: The significance of floating a considerable block of the new British loan in New York is frankly recognized by the British press. The Liverpool Post regards it as an event of immense financial and economic significance and says: "The change of relationship involved in the United States becoming England's creditor will necessarily have a very direct effect on trade."



ROYAL Baking Powder is indispensable to the preparation of the finest cake, hot-breads, rolls and muffins.

Housekeepers are sometimes importuned to buy other powders because they are "cheap."

Housekeepers should stop and think. If such powders are lower priced, are they not inferior?

Is it economy to spoil your digestion to save a few pennies?

The "Royal Baker and Pastry Cook"—containing over 800 most practical and valuable cooking receipts—free to every patron. Send postal card with your full address.

Alum is used in some baking powders and in most of the so-called phosphate powders, because it is cheap, and makes a cheaper powder. But alum is a corrosive poison which, taken in food, acts injuriously upon the stomach, liver and kidneys.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK.

DAILY STORY.

ONE MAN'S WAY.

BY GEORGE LEMOYNE.

(Copyright, 1901, William R. Miller).

His solicitor's voice sounded dully in Grey's ears, although the words were ominous enough.

"You are penniless, absolutely so; that fatal drop in Kaffirs wiped out the last cent of margin."

The army man straightened himself and stiffened as one braces under a heavy load, then turned to the sharp visaged lawyer opposite.

"It is a pity," he said slowly. "It is a shame, because—" his voice ceased abruptly and he resumed his study of the carpet pattern.

"Because of what?" asked the other man, as if he could imagine many reasons for the shame of poverty.

"Because I love her—Good morning," and Grey was gone, while the lawyer repeated incredulously, one man's reason for disliking to learn that he was without a cent.

This beggar in fine raiment let himself into his chambers with a gold pass key and sat down dully before the fire. Then the muscles of his face gave way suddenly, and a spasm of pain drew his mouth sidewise strangely.

Presently he rang for his man. "Everything is as it should be, is it not, Richards?" he asked, forming the words with curious difficulty.

The fellow looked at him in wonder, or like them, I believe. I do not return for some years and the reason I go is—because I have to.

"Won't you recall me sometimes when you are alone or the opera is unusually dull? Myself, I shall remember you often as the lost regard Paradise, with unavailing regret."

The tinted note drifted to the floor, while a man with a quivering breadth of shoulder line stood holding his throat to choke back with mere physical pressure the sob his heart could not restrain. It would have comforted him to cry out loudly, but after the manner of his kind, he refused himself the soothing remedy of nature.

Now, a year had not changed Grey much, only his name and his manner of living; and in his heart the love of one woman yearned as passionately as in the olden days. In place of going to Corea, for which he lacked the necessary money, he had become head groom for Sir John Combers, who was old and avoided society as did the ex-captain of Hussars, but for a different reason. Grey had done this in desperation, after discovering through repeated failures that commercial life was utterly beyond his efforts.

It appears that young John Combers was in love with a beautiful woman, who liked him fairly well, and with much coaxing Sir John consented to a house party. The people arrived in two's and threes, and only Grey was vexed about the matter, for he feared recognition.

"I shall ride in the morning," said John Combers to Grey. "Bring two good cattle at 7, one for a lady. You will follow us, of course," and he glanced questioningly at the groom, whose superb physique he envied with a great desire, for the man was tall, but his limbs did not know him and acted uncouthly at times.

At 7 Grey took the horses. One of them the quietest in the stable, but even she was likely to bolt if improperly handled. An assistant groom handed him a letter addressed to Stuart Gregg, but he had no time to read it, for he saw a woman coming down the path with Jack Combers and her face was the face of the woman he loved.

Instinctively he turned about and fumbled with the riding tackle, while a cold horror seized him, lest she had seen him.

Now, it was the gallantry of Combers which saved him this final agony, for he himself assisted the girl to her seat and they rode out. Grey falling in behind with a numb sort of stupor. The ride roused him and he bethought himself of his letter. The inscription was to Alfred Gregg, as he now called himself, but the letter ran about this way:

"Dear Grey—Your jilsey in dropping out of sight has cost you a thousand pounds." It was the old lawyer's writing. "It has cost that much for detective hire to ferret you out. Luckily you can pay it, since I have your money safe and sound. Come and get it. Yours truly,

THOMAS WINANS,
Solicitor.

Crisfields, London.

This second surprise nearly proved his undoing, and he did swerve sideways in the saddle, but his knees caught almost automatically and held him fast.

It appeared that Jack Comber's love affair was going badly and to vent his spleen, he struck his animal savagely, but unluckily the blow glanced and cut the girl's horse. They dashed away, snorting fiercely, and encouraged by one another, they were presently sweeping along at a pace which proved them beyond control.

The party had been riding toward an exquisite bit of view to be had from the top of a crumbling cliff, and toward this rotting bank the infuriated thoroughbreds rushed. Then Combers flunked absolutely and interesting himself solely as to his own safety, he endeavored to drag his horse obliquely and succeeded in half turning the beast, which now ran parallel to the dangerous opening.

Corrine lacked the strength to conquer her animal, which continued its wild dash toward the sea; but close behind came another fiercely plunging mare, while a voice she longed for came faintly through the on-rushing wind.

"I shall save you, only cling close!" and presently a horse's nose was at her elbow, then it was nearly even with that of her own steed.

"Drop the rein and hold to her mane," shouted Grey in her ear, and in a moment he had leaned over and caught the dangling bridal near the mouth. At once Grey's beast, trained to the trick, threw out her forefeet stiffly and slid, digging deep into the yielding turf; and the runaway, dragged to a standstill by the awful weight on her jaw, stopped with the blood running from her mouth. Then Corrine did what she had too much sense to do before—she fainted; nevertheless, the return although not so exciting, was far happier than the earlier proceeding.

"But what of Corea?" she asked suddenly, when they were nearly home.

"What did you see there?" he asked, half puzzled, and then, as he recalled his despairing fib in the letter he had sent her, "in Corea, my dear, I saw what I see everywhere, the only thing worth seeing—your face," and although he told the whole truth later, it was only after they were in Florence and the honeymoon was two weeks old.

"Drop the Rein and Hold to Her Mane," Shouted Grey.

answering: "Yes, sir, Capt. Grey, nicely, thank ye, sir, nicely."

The master nodded. "I leave for Corea tonight and go alone, you understand; it is urgent. You will have my things sold privately, if possible, and send the money to Lord Charley Radcliffe, you understand. It must be sent to him, otherwise we should clash some day and you would not like that, Richards, you know, to clash with me," and Grey smiled gently, but the man nodded seriously, for they had clashed once and only once, which had glutted him with such encounters.

"I will have my yellow bag and my most worn riding clothes and the yellow boots, and I leave at 9; dinner as usual and something nice, Richards."

He paused and eyed the man gloomily; then with an effort: "And you will take a letter shortly, Richards; you may go.

And such a letter!! The water stood out on his face and throat before he had completed his task, but at last he got up and leaning against the mantel, surveyed his work.

"That you will not think this letter in itself impertinent is my dearest wish," he commenced slowly. "I am going away tonight, going to Corea, which you may know something of. There are white elephants there and the people are Chinese

SMILING LINES.

Washington Star: "Sometimes," said Uncle Eben, "people talks about bein' a bird in a gilded cage when de troof is dat dey is too indolent to flop deir wings an' do a little flyin' when dey gits de chance."

Philadelphia Times: "How are things?" the barber asked pleasantly of the shrinking man in the chair.

"Dull—very dull!"

And the knight of the razor looked for a moment as if he thought the remark were personal.

Detroit Free Press: "The Porto Ricans need money," read Mrs. Bellingham, in the newspaper.

"How fast those Islanders are becoming Americanized," was Bellingham's comment.

Chicago Tribune: "I am sorry John isn't at home tonight to meet you, Mrs. Chumbley, but he told me he had to attend a stag party at the club this evening."

"What is a stag party, Mrs. Freshleigh?"

"Oh, I imagine it's a game supper, or something of the kind, where they eat venison and things like that."

Somerville Journal: How much easier it is to be patient with your own mistakes than it is with the mistakes of others.

Philadelphia Press: "Hello, old man, you're looking fine as silk."

"Yes, I'm prosperous. I'm in the leather business now, you know. I tell you there's nothing like leather."

"Think so? Say, come up and take dinner with us tonight. My wife's baked some pies for dessert."

Pittsburg Chronicle: "The gravediggers of Philadelphia are on a strike," remarked the Observant Boarder.

"When it is settled I suppose they will bury their grievances," added the Cross-Eyed Boarder.

Chicago Post: "You're working over that telegram pretty hard. Is it too long?"

"Oh, dear, no," replied the sweet young thing. "It's only nine words, and I'm trying to work in another word without changing the meaning."

Ohio State Journal: "That's a nice thing you say about my business in your paper this week!"

"What's a nice thing?" asked the country editor.

"Read it and see."

The editor read: "If you want to have a fit wear Kip's shoes. Stop the press!"

The Backyard Farmer.

The man who has a garden plot
Is very energetic now.
He barely stops his toil to wipe
The prespiration from his brow.
He digs, and rakes, and spades, and hoes,
Forever thinking of the crop,
And every night the sun has got
Before, reluctantly, he stops.

Such fierce enthusiasm is,
Of course, by far too fierce to last,
His energy will sadly wane
Before the month of May is past.
In June quite languidly he'll work,
In July he will work still less;
And when the happy harvest comes,
His crop will be all weeds, I guess.
—Somerville Journal.

A Bachelor's Reflections.

New York Press: You can generally buy a man for a lot less than his wife thinks he's worth.

A woman's political opinions are most as easy to understand as a Chinese laundry ticket.

Self possession in a woman is knowing that her dress fits her better than any other woman's there.

Every old maid at 40 ought to be made to take oath that it was not her fault or else be imprisoned for life.

In every woman's club there are three mortal enemies—the woman who is president, the woman who was president last and the woman who is bound to be president next.

Value of Arbitration.

San Francisco Call: When Great Britain compares the outcome of her controversy with Venezuela with the gravity of the situation in South Africa she can hardly fail to perceive that arbitration is not only much cheaper than war, but is more satisfactory in every other respect.

Pointers By Pease.

Anoka Union (Rep.): The primary election law is liable to bring many new faces into office. Won't that be jolly?

Who are the fellows that are making Van Sant believe the moon is made of green cheese?

One term governors is going to be the rule in Minnesota sure as you're born. Mark the prediction.

"You can't come within forty rows of apple trees electing Van Sant governor again," is an expression you can hear everywhere you go. The Union has heard some splendid workers in the Republican party say it.

Minnesota has the poorest and weakest man in the gubernatorial chair today it ever had, and that's no lie.

Pass the Medals, Please.

Boston Globe: Those professors at the university of Chicago must be extraordinary men. Professor Crook distinguished himself the other day, and now Professor Starr declares: "I do not drink, smoke or kiss women, because I believe the man who does injures his value as a scientist." Such self-sacrificing devotion to the cause of science deserves to be rewarded with a leather medal.

An Ax Already Out.

Denver Post: It will be noticed that David Bennett Hill is taking on signs of life, and that he threatens to invade the West. The election of Hill would meet with the warm approval of the trusts and combinations, and it would make Democrat and Republicanism bedfellows once again, as they were in the good old days when Grover Cleveland held the reins of power.

Forgot One Topic.

Salt Lake Herald: It is notable that there is no report of Mr. McKinley having made any reference to that little antebellum pledge when he was addressing the Cuban delegates, and at one time it was so popular with our great and good president that it was always on the tip of his tongue.

Northern Hardware Co.

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A good Combination Tool for

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Seasonable Goods.

Dog Collars, Fishing Tackle, Golf Goods, *Bicycles, Bike Sundries, Lawn Mowers,* *Refrigerators, Poultry Netting, Garden Tools.*

Bargains in Second Hand **Wheels**

WALLACE WELLS. R. D. ANNIS.

AT SKIBO

How Carnegie Passes His Time In His Scottish Castle.

Greatly Beloved By All the People In the Vicinity.

With a fortune which will enable him to rank as the greatest philanthropist in history, Mr. Carnegie goes to Skibo castle, Scotland, to enjoy himself. He does not retire from business a cynic. There is no misanthropy in his make-up. He proposes to enjoy life to its fullest. Any millionaire with a hobby can retire and enjoy life, he has told us, and he is proving it, says the Kansas City Star.

The 28,000 acres surrounding Skibo castle offer all that country life can give. The announcement some three or four years ago that Mr. Carnegie had purchased for $1,000,000 one of the most historic of Scottish castles called forth numerous comments, for which, in the light of recent developments, the author must blush to have written. For several years Mr. Carnegie rented Cluny castle, the home of the head of the McPherson clan. His offer to buy it was rejected with scorn. Skibo castle is one of the wildest parts of the Highlands. The Carnegie purchase includes 28,000 acres. It is about four miles from the fishing village of Dornoch. The modern castle built by Mr. Carnegie is a handsome structure, built in the Scottish baronial style, and is about one-quarter of a mile from the old Skibo castle, now a ruin. The old castle was built in 1188 by Gilbert Murray, bishop of Morey, to whom the territory had been given by Hugo, earl of Sutherland. This was a famous fortress. It withstood no less than ten sieges. Within its walls was confined the great marquis of Montrose, after his betrayal by Campbell, of Assynt.

It was from Skibo that the marquis was taken to Edinburgh to be executed. Then Skibo castle passed through a long course of struggles, and it figures prominently in the history of Sutherlandshire. Finally it was ordered to be dismantled by George II, because it gave shelter to the Jacobites. It has never been repaired, but its ruins, now ivy-grown and picturesque, are extensive.

Mr. Carnegie's return to the Highlands after he had massed a fortune in the United States is a story which the natives never tire of telling. They have learned to know more what Carnegie's cuning among them means. Carnegie came to Bonar Bridge to meet with the people who were to be his retainers and clansmen.

A band of pipers marched in front of the open carriage in which the Carnegies were seated, across the bridge that June day, the pipes screaming out "Hame Cam' the Laird."

Mr. Carnegie was presented with an address of welcome, the ceremony taking place at the Sutherland side of the bridge, immediately under a floral arch, on which was emblazoned the Gaelic phrase, "Failte do Chataoble"—"Welcome to Sutherland."

Speaking on that occasion Mr. Carnegie said that these were the sweetest moments of his life, when he could call a part of the earth his own, sit under his own fig tree, and say, "These are our own people, and here," he said, pointing to his wife, "is an American who loves Scotland, and," pointing to himself, "a Scotsman who loves America, and there," pointing to his little daughter, "a little Scotch-American, a product of both, and who loves both."

After such a happy beginning, Mr. Carnegie's popularity as a Highland laird was assured.

When the cornerstone of the new castle was laid by Miss Margaret Carnegie there was an impressive ceremonial. A stone from the old Skibo castle, on which there is this inscription, will be preserved in the new mansion:

1663
CHRIST IS MY LYEF AND REST. HIS PROMISE IS VERY EVIDENT. THEREFORE FEAR THE LORD YOUR GOD.

The ceremony, as became the Highlands of Scotland, was in the quaint old style, semi-religious, without the slightest tincture of anything foreign to Scottish orthodoxy, and concluded by the declaration that the stone was well and truly laid, in the name of the Father, Son and Holy Ghost. In a cavity in the top bed of the cornerstone was placed a lead casket, containing American and British coins, newspapers and other odds and ends. Around the cavity, cut in bold letters, was the following inscription:

MARGARET CARNEGIE
laid me
A. C.....L. W.
23d June, 1899, A. D.

The amount of steel used by Mr. Carnegie in the erection of the addition to Skibo castle amazed the native Highlanders. All of it came from Pittsburg, and so universally was it used in the construction that the tenants call the new mansion "iron castle." Mr. Carnegie lost no time in cultivating new friendships. "He's one of ourselves and no the least proud" is the popular estimate of the American millionaire and philanthropist. Coming across a mason at work, Mr. Carnegie addressed a few friendly questions to him. The workman reciprocated his friendliness, and, patting the unknown person familiarly on the shoulder, said:

"An intelligent buddoch (person) like yersel' ought to have done real weel in the world."

When the mason learned the identity of the person who addressed him, he excused himself by saying he "ought to wear better clothes, so that people may be able to tell who you are." This view of the question was also taken by the official organ of the London tailors, which declares that "the lapels of Mr. Carnegie's coat were clumsy, the edges very wobbly and had been forced through a machine of the worst character."

A writer who pronounces himself "A Tenant of the Laird" thus speaks of the life led by Mr. Carnegie:

"Mr. Carnegie speaks in public very frequently, and he has given large sums of money for the erection of libraries in the surrounding towns and little villages, which necessarily entails an opening ceremony and a speech; has been presented with the freedom of several burghs in Ross and Sutherland; has opened numerous flower and industrial shows, of which he and Mrs. Carnegie are patrons; taken an interest in the various educational institutions, and generally does his best to cope with the multifarious tasks which fell to the Highland chieftains of old among their homely peoples.

"And Mr. and Mrs. Carnegie are respected and loved by the men and women and children who live by the still waters of the Kyle, and in the hamlets and townships and on the braes and in the glens around Castle Skibo. They spend money freely, which is a main, powerful element in the Highlands, and when the Carnegies pass by in their carriage the men raise their caps or gravely salute, while the elderly women bob an old-fashioned courtsey.

"There is excellent sport to be got on the moors and in the forests, and, although Mr. Carnegie is not very much addicted to the gun, there is constantly during the season large parties of guests, including always a fair percentage of Americans, so that the crack of the rifle often disturbs the solitudes, and a small army of keepers and ghillies find plenty of work to do. Last year one of the Skibo castle party was Mr. Choate, the American ambassador in London, who, like Mr. Carnegie himself, is a keen angler.

"There is ample room for an exercise of the gentle art, in river, loch or mountain stream, but Mr. Carnegie is engaged in adding to the facilities for angling providing by nature, for several artificial lakes have been constructed, and streams have been restocked with various kinds of fish.

"Golfing is another recreation favored of Mr. Carnegie, and one of the finest little golf courses in the Highlands is situated a few miles from Skibo on the links near the seaside town of Dornoch.

"The Skibo house party and leading local lights often accompany Mr. and Mrs. Carnegie seaward, and on visits to the neighboring seaport town, in their graceful steam yacht, the Seabreeze, whose snow white hull is often seen from Ross-shire, glancing out and in among the shadows of the bleak headlands of Sutherland, and ever at the masthead flies the symbol of Mr. Carnegie's pet idea of the unity of the Anglo-Saxon race, for that flag is two in one—the Stars and Stripes and the Union Jack sewn together. 'Tis the same dual flag as has waved above Skibo castle since the spring of '98, and Mr. Carnegie seldom speaks in public without referring to this flag and its significance.

"Mr. Carnegie is proving himself an ideal landlord, as the farmers and crofters freely testify, and Skibo is ably served in its factor, Mr. Hardy, whose knowledge of the peculiarities of Highland estate management is extremely helpful to Mr. Carnegie, who, with Mrs. Carnegie and little Miss Carnegie, are very mindful of and generous to the people of the surrounding district, and Mrs. Carnegie is an especial favorite with mothers and children. As a local poet—and poets are scarce in Sutherland—has it, 'The central figure at all our local functions is the lady of Skibo.'

"For warm beats the heart of the lady of Skibo; its love-laden bridge spans from sea to sea, from the breaker river rocks to muggled Scotland to the golden sands and strands of 'Amerikay.'

"And as becomes a Highland chieftain and laird, Mr. Carnegie has his piper, who shrills the early morning air and wakes from slumber deep with the uncanny skirl and humpsome drone as he blows, 'Hi, Johnnie Cope, are ye wauken yet?' and if the laird or his lady or any of the American guests should come to the window, drawn by the magic of his reed, he strikes up a pibroch, a grand old pibroch."

PRACTICAL ECONOMY

put into practice in *a few more homes would be of great benefit all around. Beyond a doubt you profit—it's money in your pocket. While our apparent loss is merely a material loss of dollars and cents; in reality, we gain—if you are satisfied with your goods (which you will be, if they are purchased here) we have gained your confidence and your trade. What more do we want?*

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Business in this department growing daily convinces us that our selections are larger and our **prices lower** than at any other place in town. We aim to give you ideal harmony in your homes. Carpets that "go well" with your wall paper.

Misfit Carpets In Stock.

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Rich in design—elaborate in pattern. It has full spring seat, spring edge and and spring head. Upholstering is of best tapestry and workmanship. Four rows tufting, well worth $7.50, our price..... **$4.60**

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Greatly reduced prices.

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Toilet Ware Specials.

6-piece decorated Table Sets, special..... **$1.78**

10-piece English Porcelain Toilet Sets, three colors—special..... **$2.35**

12-piece Toilet Sets, three colors, handsome shape and decoration, special..... **$3.60**

Leather seat Rocker

Extremely well built and of good dimensions—seat of genuine leather—carved back—fancy spindles—it comes in either golden oak or birch mahogany finish—cheap at $4.00—our price..... **$1.55**

We do Upholstering.

Drapery Department.

Silkolines—best qualities—per yard..... **9c**

Window Shades

3 feet wide and 6 feet long, mounted on spring roller, complete with brackets..... **22c**

3 feet wide and 7 feet long—complete..... **27c**

A Full Line Coverings.

Odd Dressers, Odd Commodes, exceptio'l values.

Odd Dressers to go with iron bed; large size, is handsomely carved in artistic manner; large bevelled plate glass mirror; price **$8.98**

Commode to match; has rich finish—regular value $6.75 at **$3.75**

Imperial Wheels.

Stewart Steel Range

Absolutely free from all defects so well known to to other ranges. No other range bakes as quickly and perfectly as a **STEWART.** No other range is as economical. No other range can boast of as many good features. But the main feature is its **Extremely Low Prices.** Guaranteed steel ranges with high warming closet from ..... **$23.50 up**

Chainless Wheels for.. $55

PARLOR TABLES.

Neat, popular designs in center tables. We have just received a new shipment and are prepared to give you the full benefit. One lot of tables similar to cut, size of top 24x24. Has large lower shelf, fancy top, regular $3.50 table, on sale at..... **$1.46**

Sixty Styles of Carts and Carriages.

Best solid oak diner with woven cane seat and Carved back, worth $2.25—on sale at—

78c

Remember the Silkoline Sale.

Complete House Furnishings—Credit to All

THE G. C. STEELE CO.

226-228 West Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

Every mile of cycling enjoyed if you ride an—

IMPERIAL WHEEL....

Known the world over as "The Bicycle that pleases." More high grade features about it than you imagine. A new wheel for the new century. "Seeing is believing." Look the Imperial over and you'll be convinced—

Chain Wheel $27.50 up.
Chainless ----$55 and up

Our Motto: "On Time"

Revolving Book Cases Just what you have been looking for—an inexpensive office book case (just like cut)—stands 40 inches high—will hold about 100 ordinary law or medical works. It will stand a weight of from

500 to 1000 lbs. Top can be used as dictionary holder—made of best seasoned hardwood—neatly finished shelves—perfectly rigid—base of metal—is mounted on easy rolling casters—price..... **$6.00**

EASY PAYMENTS.

Bear In Mind That we do all kinds of Upholstering and Repairing—Couches made to order, Dress Boxes made to order, Shoe Boxes made to order, Shirt Waist Boxes made to order. We guarantee every bit of work that leaves our work shop. We do the best work that can be done and do it at the *lowest possible price.* Give us a try once and you'll realize that our boast is not in vain.

Special Order Work.

AT WEST DULUTH

The forty hours' devotion in honor of the most holy sacrament will be commenced in the St. James church in West Duluth Tuesday evening, May 7, and will continue until and including Thursday, May 9. At 9 o'clock Tuesday morning there will be a solemn high mass, Rev. J. Hogan, celebrant; Rev. T. Corbett, deacon, and Rev. J. Feehely, sub-deacon. After the mass there will be a solemn procession of the most holy sacrament. High mass Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock and sermon by Rev. J. Hogan. On Tuesday evening there will be a solemn benediction of the most holy sacrament at 7:30 o'clock, and a sermon by Rev. C. J. Gamache. The sermon on Wednesday will be delivered by Rev. T. Corbett. Thursday morning at 9 o'clock there will be high mass, Rev. C. V. Gamache, celebrant; Rev. J. Hogan, deacon, and Rev. J. Feehely, sub-deacon. Rev. T. Corbett will act as master of ceremonies. Solemn procession of the most holy sacrament after mass and sermon by Rev. T. Corbett. During the forty hours confessions will be heard in English and in French.

SIGNED THE SCALE.

The strike of the Amalgamated Sheet Metal workers of the city affected the business of Wieland & Wade, of this part of the city, just two days, during which time the firm's tinners were out. Wieland & Wade signed the new scale and the men are back at work. This firm has always paid the scale of $2.75, which is the minimum set by the organization in the new scale, and has paid it when the minimum in other parts of the city was $2.50 per day.

NOTICE.

The partnership heretofore existing between C. M. Phillips and A. J. Lindgren as Phillips & Co. has been dissolved by mutual consent, C. M. Phillips retiring. The business will be continued by the Lindgren Cycle company, who will collect all accounts and pay all debts of the old company. The new company are agents for the Dayton & Thistle bicycles.

LINDGREN & LINDGREN.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

The horse race that was planned between the horses of Barney Nellis and Louis Foucault for last Sunday, but which was postponed on account of bad weather, will be pulled off on Grand avenue about 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon for $10 a side.

Rev. F. O. Krause, of Appleton, Wis., will preach at the Congregational church tomorrow morning and evening.

Services at the Norwegian Synod church, corner Fifty-seventh avenue west and Gosnold street, Sunday forenoon at 11 o'clock. Rev. Adolph Salveson, pastor.

A large new plate glass window has replaced the one broken in the front of the Great Eastern store some nights ago. There is no clue to the miscreant that did the dumage.

The ladies of Pearl hive, No. 4, L. O. T. M., are planning on a grand ball to be given at the Great Eastern hall some time next week.

The Senate club met for a social session last evening. It has been decided to have a banquet and program at the next regular social meeting, on Friday night.

Grand Ball

To be given at the West Duluth Match factory, May 7, music by the Columbia Quadrille Band, 6 pieces. Admission 50c. Supper extra. Fuller & Ryan, Proprietors.

J. Hobner, blacksmith for H. R. Patterson, was kicked in the knee by a broncho yesterday. The knee was badly bruised and will be an injury of a painful nature for some days.

A boy has been born to Rev. and Mrs. C. Swenson.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Mog arrived from Seattle, Wash., yesterday for a visit with the family of Mr. Moe's sister, Mrs. H. Bentson, at the Brunswick.

The Republican club will hold its regular meeting this evening and progress on the banque this month will be reported.

Frank McGillon has returned from Split Rock.

Rev. and Mrs. C. Svenson, residing at 706 Fifty-sixth avenue, are the parents of a baby boy, born Friday.

The Degree of Honor initiated five new members last evening. The initiatory ceremonies were followed by a pleasant social session and a lunch.

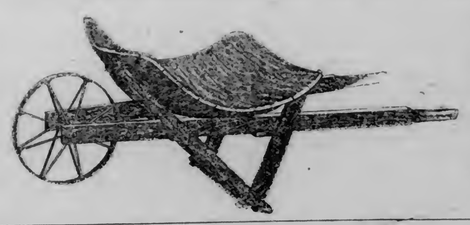
The funeral of Fred Harwood will be held at Proctorknott tomorrow afternoon. The decedent came to his death in the railroad yards in Proctorknott Tuesday night, being run over by a train.

James Vivian, a 16-year-old boy living on Fifty-second avenue west, while engaged in a friendly scuffle yesterday, was thrown and broke one of the bones of his right arm just above the wrist. The injury was attended to by Dr. Keyes.

The property owners that will have to have new walks here this year are rather slow getting at the building, and there is every indication that the city will have to do the building. The cost will be assessed against the abutting property.

Heaths & Mulligan's

Prepared Paints



Garden Tools

This store is headquarters for everything used in the garden and about the house.

Wheelbarrows.
Common dump kind, wood body, strongly bolted together..... **$2.00**

Garden Barrows.
Made best quality hardwood, well built, removable sides, steel wheel..... **$3.50**

Garden Rakes.
Made specially for that purpose—a very good yard rake for all seasons—price only..... **25c**

Garden Spades.
Hollow back, polished spade, with a strong hardwood handle—price only..... **75c**

Garden Hose, Forks, Shovels and Hoes.

Kelley Hardware Co.

HAY'S POCKET MINE.

"In the good old days when John Hay was famous, and long before he lapsed from literature into diplomacy and statecraft—in the days when his appeal was to the people and not to their rulers—Mr. Hay told me how he came to write his Pike county ballads," writes George Cary Eggleston in the New York Herald. "The story seems to me interesting.

"As the editor of Hearth and Home, I wrote to him asking for a ballad and offering a price for it which was almost fabulous in those days, and which even in this time of larger literary rewards would be reckoned liberal. He wrote me in reply that he simply could not write a Pike county ballad to save his life.

"The statement seemed to me so singular, while 'Little Breeches,' 'Banty Tim' and 'Jim Bludsoe' were echoing in my ears, that when I met Mr. Hay some months later in the office of the Tribune, which newspaper he was temporarily editing during Whitelaw Reid's absence, I asked him about it. He told me that all the Pike county ballads came from a single inspiration, and that all of them were written in a single week.

"Substantially, his account of the matter was this: Being a guest at the country house he went to church with his family on Sunday. It was hot, drowsy summer weather, and the good old clergyman was even drowsier than the weather. But in the course of his sermon he related in a prosy way the story which Mr. Hay afterward made immortal as 'Little Breeches,' as he told the story, Mr. Hay was struck with its dramatic possibilities if cleverly presented in Pike county dialect.

"'Before I left that church,' he said to me, 'the ballad of "Little Breeches" was complete in my mind, and before the midday meal was served it was written down on paper. Lest I should lose its lines, I refused to converse with anybody until the writing was done.'

"Then, being in the swing of the Pike county ballad literature, he continued to write it until 'Banty Tim,' 'Jim Bludsoe' and the rest were done.

"'But then,' said Mr. Hay, 'the vein was completely worked out. It was what the Californians call a "pocket mine," and there was no metal left in it. From that day to this it has been as impossible for me to write a Pike county ballad as to write a new Iliad or Odyssey.'"

TOLSTOI'S BRUSQUENESS.

Tolstoi stories, some of which are possibly new, while others are apparently ancient, are floating about in the columns of the European papers. Among other anecdotes is this, which the count is fond of telling: Two American girls, who had traveled to Moscow for the express purpose of seeing the great novelist, called upon him at his home in the ancient capital of the Czars and told him that they had traveled far for no other purpose than to look upon the man, who, to them, embodied all that was great in the literature of the day. Tolstoi is not noted as a man of smooth phrases and on this occasion he was more than ordinarily blunt.

"Young ladies," he said, "it seems to me you might have employed your time to better purpose." Then, realizing that the remark was extremely ungallant, he sought to palliate it with some softer expression, but one of the visitors stopped him by exclaiming, delightedly:

"Ah, how much like Leo Tolstoi! I was ready to bet you would say something of this sort!" And they departed in a very happy mood.

Tolstoi is a good musician and plays on the piano with great skill. His daughters, too, are musical, and impromptu evening concerts are of common occurrence at his home. Once a young woman, who was a guest of the family, seated herself at the piano and began to sing. She sang very badly, and some of the young Tolstois gave utterance to their disapproval by making various noises. The count rebuked his children.

"Don't you like the singing?" he asked.

"That isn't singing," replied one of the infantile offenders; "she's howling."

"And you wish to protest?"

"We do."

"Then come with me and tell her so. It will be rude, but honest. To create a disturbance is indecent."

You can rent houses, stores, offices or rooms by means of a Herald want ad.

Change of Time---Double Train Service.

Commencing Sunday, May 5, the Northern Pacific will resume double train service from Duluth to the coast, leaving Duluth 8:40 a. m and 7:30 p. m., arriving 7:55 a. m. and 4:55 p. m. daily. Morning train makes direct connection with famous North Coast limited.

WILCOX-TANSY PILLS
Monthly Regulator. Safe and Sure. Never Fails. Druggists or by Mail. Price, $2. Send for Woman's Safeguard (free). WILCOX MED. CO., 329 N. 15th St., Phila., Pa.

MARKETS ARE WEAK

Wheat Started Out at a Lower Level and Depressed.

Decline of the Liverpool Market Was the Cause.

Drop Checked By Light Receipts and Damage Reports.

Duluth Board of Trade, May 4.—Wheat started out depressed and lower this morning, the cables being of a bearish character, the Missouri crop report showing a decline of only 1 point from last year's condition and showers being predicted in the winter wheat region. The market became steadier later, on light Northwest receipts and confirmation of the reports of damage to the German wheat crop. The decline at Liverpool was 1⅝@1¾d. Showers were predicted all over the winter wheat section. St. Louis wired that more than 100,000 bus of hard wheat had been sold for export via the Gulf, and 50,000 bus late yesterday. Clearances of wheat and flour were 466,000 bus.

Receipts at Duluth and Minneapolis, 201 cars, against 253 last week and 315 last year. Chicago receipts, 32 cars, none of contract grade.

Trading in futures was very dull on the Duluth board. May wheat opened ⅝c lower, at 73⅝c bid. The first trade was at 74c at 11:10, and it closed at 73⅝c, a net decline of ⅝c for the day. Cash wheat declined ⅜c on the July option. Cash sales were only seven cars, May price being paid.

Corn was weaker today, closing ¼c off in Duluth and ¼c off for the July option in Chicago and 2⅛c off for the May option. May corn in Chicago opened 3¼c off at 52½, sold up to 54c and closed at 53c. Phillips was a free seller of the July option at times. The feeling in Chicago was weak and there was considerable timidity inspired by doubt as to the operations of the Phillips crowd.

Oats held steady and closed with little change in Chicago and none here. Rye was off 1½c. Flax was very weak today so far as cash and the May option were concerned, they closing 4c down. September was 1c up.

The following are the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard—Cash, to arrive and May, 75¾c; September, 72⅞c. No. 1 northern—Cash, to arrive and May, 73⅝c; September, 71⅝c; July, 70c. No. 2 northern, 68¾c; No. 3 spring, 65¾c. Oats, 27¾@27¼c. Rye, 52½c. Flax—Cash, to arrive and May, $1.40; September, $1.28; September Northwestern, $1.39; October, $1.25. Corn, 44c; May, 44½c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 7; corn, 1; oats, 1; flax, 14. Receipts—Wheat, 18,384; corn, 637; oats, 10,543; rye, 563; flax, 331. Shipments, none.

SALES SATURDAY.

No. 1 northern, wheat, 3 cars	$0.75⅜
No. 2 northern, 1 car	69¾
No. 2 northern, 1 car	71¾
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	69¾
Flax, 10,000 bus October	1.25
Flax, 1500 bus September	1.28

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO
McCarthy Bros. & Co.
Grain Commission Merchants.
Duluth and Minneapolis.
WE SELL BY SAMPLE.
REFERENCES.
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Wheat Fluctuated With Lower Tendencies.

Chicago, May 4.—Wheat prices sunk to a lower level during the first hours of trading today. The ready response of the Liverpool market to the decline here yesterday, started liberal selling all along the line. Bearishness was further encouraged by a prediction of showers and the Missouri crop report showing a drop of only 1 point from the April condition of 1900. July opened 3⅝@1c to 1½@⅝c lower, at 72⅝c to 72¾, sold to 72⅜@¾, and then dropped back to 72⅝c, where the market steadied. The decline was checked by light Northwest receipts and mail advices confirming reports that 90 per cent of the German crop of winter wheat had been ruined. Local receipts were 32 cars, none of contract grade, while Minneapolis and Duluth reported 201 cars against 253 last week, and 315 a year ago.

July later touched 72½@¾c, but rallied on covering to 72⅝c and closed steady, ⅜c lower at 72¾@¾c.

July corn opened ⅜@¾c lower, at 46⅝@46½c on lower cables, and in sympathy with wheat. Heavy selling led by the man who has the May delivery cornered caused a sharp break to 46c during the first hour. At 46c the pressure was relieved and a rally to 46⅜c followed. May corn was governed by expediency alone. Profit-taking by scattered longs caused a weak opening, 2⅝@2¾c under yesterday's close at 52¾@53c. A sale was made at 53@53¼c and following this another at 53½c. Receipts, 272 cars, with only 20 of contract grade.

The close was easy, July ¾c down at 46¾c and May 2¼c lower at 53c.

Oats sold lower in sympathy with wheat and corn and met with a fair demand at the reduction. July opened ¼@¾c lower, at 26c@26⅝c, and sold to 26¾c where prices steadied. May opened ¼c down at 28¾ and sold to 28½. Receipts were 229 cars.

Provisions were dull and easier in sympathy with a decline at the yards. July pork opened 10c lower, at $14.35, touched $15.00 and then closed to $14.90. July lard and ribs opened 2½c down at $7.92½ and $7.90.

Close, wheat, May 72½c; June, 72¾c; July, 72⅝@¾c. Corn, May, 53c; July, 46¾c. Oats, May, 28¼c; July, 26¾c. Pork, May, $14.80; July, $14.90; September, $14.80. Lard, May, $8.00; July, $7.92½@7.95; September, $7.92½@7.95. Ribs, May, $8.05; July, $7.50; September, $7.85@7.87½. Flax, cash, Northwestern, $1.64½; No. 1, $1.64½; May, $1.65; September, $1.25@1.30; October, $1.20. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 73½@75c; No. 3 red, 72@74c; No. 2 hard winter, 73½@74c, No. 3 hard winter, 72½@74c; No. 1 northern spring, 73¾@74½c; No. 2 northern spring, 72½@74½c; No. 3 spring, 70@73½c. Corn, No. 2, 52¾@53c; No. 3, 44¾@45¼c. Oats, No. 2, 28⅝@¾c; No. 3, 26@30c. Rye, May, 52½@53¾c; July, 51¼@52c. Barley, cash, 39@56c. Timothy, September, $3.45. Clover, cash, $10.25.

WEARE'S REPORT.

Chicago, May 4.—The very foggy speculative atmosphere through which wheat speculators have been groping for some time at this writing is not much clearer than it has been for some weeks and the crowd is lost in the uncertainties of the crop outlook and the effect of inroads being made upon immediate supplies. Unquestionably there are two sides to the present wheat situation, and while the bears have much in their favor as a result of very favorable crop outlook and a speculative interest while increasing, still very limited, the bulls have the satisfaction and the help due to an active demand situation which, while not immediately causing any apprehension of a shortage, has in itself considerable bull possibilities. Clearances for the week have been very handsome, 5,100,000 bus, the invisible supply always a great uncertainty and usually the bear factor has been reduced very materially and countervailing power reports serious damage and is facing a big reduction in wheat in Prussia. Argentina is shipping in a very limited way and consequently it seems likely that the United States will have full demand. The new crop will not be on the market until well on in July and in the meantime there is more than a chance that American supplies of wheat will be so diminished as to create temporarily, at least, a bullish appearance. The facts together with another fact, namely, that relatively is the cheapest market in the country, leaves the bull with somewhat the best of it in his argument at this writing. This, however, should be considered more immediate and temporary than promising any very radical change or the maintainance of excessive values unless a new speculative inspiration something out of the scale experienced in stocks directed towards the Chicago grain markets. In our judgment what with present brilliant crop prospects on level one hand offset by the present supply and demand situation it behooves the wheat trader to temper his enthusiasm on either side, and while there is undoubtedly much merit and comparative safety on buying wheat on breaks, the immediate prospects will allow of sales on bulges to prove equally profitable and consistent.

The belated shorts in corn have experienced the effect of what looks like a veritable corner in the May option, the result being on abnormally high range of prices for that future and a sympathetic advance in the July option. The partnership existing between the bull leaders and the producers of corn has created a situation inherently strong and places both of these parties in a position capable of dictating their own terms. The holder of the futures is to the greatest extent the holder also of the real article, and consequently then these high prices which have been experienced in the May have not yet brought forth any ruch of corn to this market, and while the cash demand is little or nothing the strength of that cereal has been no way hurt thereby. We may be guilty of heresy and going contrary to the present popular faith of the grain trade when we say that we doubt that the crop of 1900, somewhere in the neighborhood of 2,000,000,000 bus has entirely disappeared, and feeling that way we are inclined to be conservative in our bull enthusiasm over a market which being controlled is all the more dangerous and as the outsider will not be taken into the confidence of inside interest it calls for considerable caution in following what may be a blind alley with a stone wall at one end. We are not bearish on corn, but all we say is "go easy on wildly inflamed markets, wait for breaks and don't always expect to get the top in taking your profits."

The oat market is showing a well-merited tendency towards a higher level. Merited for the reason that prospects for this coming crop has been considerably hulled by the lateness of the season and generally unfavorably seeding conditions. Values have been aided by the controlling interest which Hr. Uhillips has maintained in the May, in fact this position has hurried a recognition of bull possibilities in July which option usually belongs to the new crop has many elements of old crop conditions in it, providing new crop prospects do not promptly and emphatically change for the better. While claiming no plaucity of supply we would like you to note how much more generally oats have been let go by first and second holders of corn. That distributive and consumptive demand for oats is from now on very active. That July oats and corn on a comparative basis are hardly consistent.

Provisions—It is generally expected that there will be a larger run of hogs throughout Many and June, the effect of which naturally should be the lowering of provision values. If such should come about we would favor purchases of September lard and ribs, feeling that industrial activity and increasing consumptive demand will inevitably assert themselves as bull factors, making purchases on any fair set-back good property based on legitimate conditions.

WEARE COMMISSION COMPANY.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	73⅝B	73⅜	72⅝-72½	80⅝
High	.74	73⅝-½	73⅝	80⅞
Low	73⅝	73¼	72½	80⅜
Close	73⅝B	73¼-⅜	72½-⅝	80⅞
July—				
Open	.75A	74	72⅜-72⅝	78¾
High	.75½	74½	73⅞	78¾
Low	.75	74	73⅜	78⅝
Close	.75B	74-⅛	72½-⅞	78¾

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats July.	Corn. July.	Pork. July.
Open	26¾@26⅝	46¾@46½	$14.95
High	26⅞	46⅞	15.00
Low	26¼	46	14.90
Close	26⅞	46⅜	14.90

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, May 4.—Close, wheat, cash, 73¾c; May, 73¼@¾c; July, 74½c. On track —No. 1 hard, 75⅝c; No. 1 northern, 73¾c, No. 2 northern, 70@71c.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Curb, July wheat, 74c bid.
Puts, July wheat, 73⅝-¾@73¾c.
Calls, July wheat, 74¾c bid to 74½c asked.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, May 4.—Close, wheat, May, 80⅞c; July, 78¾c. Corn, May, 52⅝c; July, 51c.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, May 4.—Close, wheat quiet, 1½@1¾d lower. May 5s 10¾d; July, 5s 10⅝d; September, 5s 10⅝d. Corn, quiet, ¾@¾d lower. July, 4s 1d; September, 4s 2d.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, May 4.—Cattle, receipts, 200. Steady. Good to prime steers, $5.00@5.50; poor to medium, $3.95@4.90; stockers and feeders, $3.00@5.00; cows and heifers, $2.70@4.75; canners, $2.00@2.80; calves, $3.50@5.12½; Texas steers, $2.50@5.40. Hogs, receipts today, 16,000; tomorrow, 30,000; left over, 3650. Weak. Mixed and butchers, $5.35@5.85; good to choice heavy, $5.70@5.87½; rough heavy, $5.55@5.65; light, $5.50@5.80; bulk of sales, $5.75@5.80. Sheep, receipts, 500. Steady. Sheep, $4.00@4.50; lambs, $4.20@5.25. Receipts—Cattle, 1913; hogs, 15,734; sheep, 3736. Shipments—Cattle, 2450; hogs, 5063; sheep, 1169.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report retail trade the only encouraging feature of the market. The demand was largely centered on good heavy drafters, drivers and delivery horses. Local buyers well represented; out of town dealers few. Values:

Drafters, extra	$140@165
Drafters, choice	130@140
Farm horses, extra	110@130
Farm horses, choice	90@110
Farm horses, common to good	50@ 75
Mules	115@150

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, a advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.

Creamery, fresh prints	21	@	22
Creamery, storage tubs	17	@	18
Dairies, fancy	16	@	17
Dairy, fair	14	@	15
Packing stock	11	@	12

EGGS.

Fresh	13		

CHEESE.

Twins, full cream, new	12	@	12½
Twins, full cream, old	11	@	12
Full cream, young America	13		
Swiss Cheese, No. 1	14	@	14½
Brick cheese, No. 1	12½	@	13
Limburger, full cr'm, choice	13		
Primos	6	@	6½

HONEY.

Fancy white clover	19	@	20
Fancy white clover in jars strained, per lb	12½	@	13
Golden rod	15	@	16
Dark honey	13	@	14
Buckwheat, dark	13	@	14

MAPLE SUGAR.

Vermont, per lb	12		
Ohio, per lb	11		
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10		

PEAS AND BEANS

Fancy navy, hand picked, bus	2 25	@	2 40
Medium, hand-picked, bus	2 00	@	2 25
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 80	@	2 10
Green and yellow peas	1 40		

NUTS.

Filberts, per lb	13	@	14
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	14		
Cocoanuts, per doz	75		
Soft shell Hickorynuts, per bu	1 00		
Brazils, per lb	14		
Pecans, per lb	12		
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7	@	8

FRUITS.

Strawberries, Louisiana (pints)	2 25	@	2 50
Strawberries, quarts	4 50	@	5 00
Apples, fancy, per bbl	3 50	@	4 25
Apples, cooking, per bbl	2 75	@	3 00
California lemons	3 00	@	3 50
Bananas	1 50	@	2 00
Messina lemons, per box	3 50	@	3 75
Dates, Ford, per box	1 25	@	1 35
Dates, Hallowe'en, 60-lb box	3 50	@	3 60
Dates, Hallowe'en, 1-lb box	7½		
California navel Oranges	2 75	@	3 00
Seedling oranges	2 25	@	2 50
Cranberries, per box	2 25	@	2 40

GREEN VEGETABLES.

Turnips, rutabagas	35	@	40
Turnips, white	30	@	40
Garlic, per lb	10	@	12
Beets	50	@	60
Potatoes, per bus	53	@	55
Jersey sweet potatoes	4 50	@	4 75
Illinois Jersey sweet potatoes	3 00	@	4 00

FRESH VEGETABLES.

New Florida celery, bunch	1 00	@	1 25
Mushrooms	45		
Lettuce, per box	75	@	1 20
Green onions, per dozen	30		
Green onion, per box	2 00	@	2 50
Green peas, per bus	2 00		
Pie plants, per box	2 75	@	3 00
Cucumbers, hot house	1 25		
Cucumbers, hot house	1 75		
Spinach, per box	75	@	85
Radishes, round, per doz	25	@	30
Radishes, long, per doz	30	@	35
Asparagus, green, per doz	75	@	1 00
Pineapple, per doz	2 25	@	2 50
Tomatoes, per basket	55	@	60
Egg plant, per doz	1 50		
Beets, per dozen bunches	70	@	75
Carrots, per doz bunches	75		
Turnips, per doz bunches	70	@	75
Cabbage, 100 lbs	2 25	@	2 50
Mint, per bunch	25		

CIDER.

Common juice, ½ bbl	2 50	@	2 75
Russet apple, ½ bbl	3 00	@	3 25
Russet apple, per bbl	3 50	@	3 75
Fruit juices, ½ bbl			

POPCORN.

Rice corn, shelled	3½	@	4
Choice, per lb	3	@	3½

LIVE POULTRY.

Chickens	11	@	12
Turkeys	10	@	11
Ducks	10	@	11
Geese	11	@	12

MEATS.

Mutton	8½	@	9
Lamb	9	@	9½
Veal, good	7½		
Veal, fancy	8		
Beef, dressed	6½	@	7½
Hogs	6		
Pork loins	9½		

BRAN AND SHORTS.

Bran, 100 lbs, sacks inc	16 00
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc	15 50
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc	16 00
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc	15 50

GRAIN, HAY AND FEED.

Corn, car lots sacked	50
Oats, car lots, sacked	31
Hay, upland	15 00
Hay, timothy	17 00
Feed, No. 1	18 00
Feed, No. 2	18 50

IN NEW YORK.

New York, May 4.—Butter, receipts, 3172 packages. Firm. Creamery, 15@19c; factory, 11@13c. Cheese, receipts, 1088 packages. Quiet. Fancy large colored, 10½c; fancy large white, 12½c; small colored, 11½c; small white, 11¾c. Eggs, receipts, 988 packages. Firmer. Western regular packed, 12½@13¼c; storage Western, 14c; Southern, 11@12½c.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, May 4.—Butter, easy. Creamery, 14@18c; dairy, 11@15c. Cheese, dull. Twins, 9½@10c; young Americas, 10¼@11c; cheddars, 9¾@10c; daisies, 10½@11c. Eggs, weak, cases returned, 11½c.

HE WAS AUTOMATIC.

"Sir Thomas Galt, chief justice of the court of common pleas of Ontario," said a prominent Canadian barrister at the Waldorf-Astoria, to the New York Tribune, "is a most engaging and lovable man. Sir Thomas a brother of Sir Alexander Galt, who was formerly Canadian commissioner to England. Sir Thomas has many peculiarities, the most prominent of which is that he hates to have anything read to him in court. He believes it destroys the effect. I remember once when a fellow barrister and myself were one evening to dine with Sir Thomas I said to the other man: 'I'll bet you anything you like that within forty seconds of the time we land in the room Sir Thomas will remark on the different points of view from which the judge and the barrister regard the docket.' The other man thought a moment and then took the bet for $5, saying: 'Well, no matter what happens, I can stop Sir Thomas for at least forty seconds by doing all the talking myself.' His figuring was incorrect, however, as the outcome proved. As soon as we got in I said to the judge: 'Sir Thomas, I am sorry to see so small a docket.' 'Ah, my dear John,' he made instant reply, 'it is strange the different view a judge and a counsellor will take of the size of a docket.' As soon as we got to one side I querled of the other lawyer: 'Well, he said it, didn't he?' 'Yes' he growled in reply, 'he said it all right enough but you dropped a nickel in the slot to make him do it.'"

George Rupley
Representing
WEARE COMMISSION CO.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions
Private Wires to all Markets.
310 Board of Trade. 306 West Superior Street

Arthur R. Jones & Co.,
428 West Superior St. (Spalding Hotel.)
Members of Chicago Board of Trade.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions and Cotton.
Leased wires to New York, Chicago and Boston.

EDWARDS, WOOD & CO.
STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN, PROVISIONS
Private Wire.
MEMBERS { BOARD OF TRADE, CHICAGO. CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, MPLS
A Manhattan Building, St. Paul.
Chamber of Commerce, Minneapolis,
Duluth, Minn., 100 Torrey Bldg.

A. R. Macfarlane & Co.
Bankers and Brokers
112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

Local Stocks, etc.—	Par.	Per Share. Asked.	Bid.
First National bank	100	170	150
Am. Exchange bank	100	130	125
First Nat. Bk., Superior	100	...	96
N. W. Nat. Bk., Superior	100	...	...
Parry Sound Copper	1	.40	
Calumet-Ariz. Copper	10	30	...
L., S. Con. Iron Mines	100		190
Zenith Oil Co.	1	.12½	
Minnesota Oil Co.	100	.25	
County orders			Par

United States bonds bought and sold.

We also deal in Real Estate, Commercial Paper, Mortgages, Loans and act as agents for non-resident property owners and investors. Correspondence invited.

Wanted—10,000 shares stock Ramona Oil Co.; will pay highest market price.
J. J. McAULIFFE,
No. 316 Palladio Building.

NERVOUS IN STOCKS

Declines at Opening But Rally on Buying By Shorts.

Prices Rose Rapidly, Causing Cancellation of Early Losses.

Closing Was Active and Buoyant at the Top Level.

New York, May 4.—The nervous sentiment caused by yesterday's sharp break in prices here was reflected in some wide declines for Americans in the London market this morning. At 2 o'clock (London time), Illinois Central showed a loss of 4¼ there, Union Pacific, Atchison, Denveh & Rio Grande, Reading, Baltimore & Ohio and New York Central from 2 to 2¾ and other leading internationals from 1 to 2 points. St. Paul alone showed any evidence of support. The selling in London was attributed to cabled orders from New York and the opening here was feverish and excited in response. Some violent declines were shown, but St. Paul and Missouri Pacific were strongly supported the former running up 1⅝ and the latter 2 points, Atchison, Union Pacific and Baltimore & Ohio showed the most acute weakness. Four thousand shares of Atchison sold at 80½ to 81¾, compared with 82⅝ last night, and 5000 Union Pacific sold at 120½ to 118¾, compared with 122¾ last night. Baltimore & Ohio declined 2⅝. Among other notable losses were General Electric 2⅝, Metropolitan 2½ and Chicago Terminal Transfer preferred 3½. Losses of 1 to 2 points were general throughout the list, but the Internationals generally were not down to the London parity. Union Pacific met support at the opening dip and rallied in a few minutes to 12⅝. The dealings were very heavy and the movement of prices continued very irregular and the market excited after the opening.

There was an abrupt rally on buying by the shorts and by supporting orders. Prices rose rapidly, causing the cancellation of the opening losses in many stocks, particularly the Atchisons. New York Central, Manhattan, Brooklyn Transit Northern Pacific and the United States Steel issues. Conspicuous buying of Sugar, Western Union Amalgamated Copper and the Tobaccos lifted them a point over yesterday's close and Rock Island jumped to 164 when St. Paul was lifted to 180. Southwestern stocks were better in sympathy with the Missouri Pacific improvement of 2¾. Large amounts of stock were unloaded again before 11 o'clock and the market yielded again. St. Paul was most affected, losing 2⅝. Union Pacific fell back to 119. Atchison and Rock Island 2¼ and some other stocks in the neighborhood of a point. Northwest dropped 4 points.

St. Paul led a fresh rally with a rise to 182⅝ and Union Pacific rose to 121¾. Atchison got back to within a shade of last night and there were recoveries at a number of the weak points of 1½ to 2¼. The weak bank return drove St. Paul and Atchison down 2½ and 1¾ respectively, but they were supported again. The undertone continued weak but the fluctuations in the general list were not wide. Northwest fell 6 in all and rallied 3 and the preferred lost 6¾ from the last sale. Adams Express sold 1½ higher than the last sale and Lackawanna rose 3. Very heavy buying carried it up to 185 and the United States Steel stocks rose vigorously over night. The market hardened in sympathy, and gained increasing strength in the closing dealings. The closing was active and quite buoyant at the top level of the day and with net changes divided between gains and losses.

Stock	Open	High	Low	Close
Sugar	146⅛	147¼	146½	146⅝
Amalgam. Copper	130	131¾	129	131¾
Tobacco	127½	128⅝	127½	128½
Atchison com	80½	82⅞	80½	82⅝
Atchison pfd	104	104¾	102½	103⅝
Brooklyn Transit	83¼	84	83¼	83⅞
C., M. & St. P.	178	185	177½	184⅝
C., B. & Q.	197½	198	197½	198
Erie	39⅝	40⅝	39⅝	40½
U. S. Steel com	50¾	52⅜	50⅜	52¼
U. S. Steel pfd	98¾	100	98¾	100
Baltimore & Ohio	108½	100	106¼	100
L. & N.	107	107½	106½	107½
Manhattan	125	126½	125	126½
Missouri Pacific	111	112¾	110½	112½
N. P. common	108	110	108	110
N. P. preferred	99¾	100	99¾	100
People's Gas	116	116¾	114¾	115⅛
Rock Island	161½	164	161½	164
Southern Pacific	53½	54	53¼	53⅞
T. C. I.	64	64	62¾	63¾
Leather common	14¾	14⅝	14	14⅜
Union Pacific com	95½	96½	95½	96
Union Pacific com.	118½	122¾	118½	122¾
Western Union	95	97⅜	95	97
Southern Ry. com	30¾	32¾	30¾	32¼
Southern Ry. pfd	84½	85¼	84½	85½
Great Northern	186¼	188	186¼	188
Wisconsin Central	21	21⅝	20⅝	21⅞

LONDON FINANCES.

Business On the Stock Exchange Was Excited.

London, May 4.—Business on the stock exchange today opened very excited and nervous reflecting yesterday's reaction in New York. The relapse here was more general and greater in magnitude than witnessed since the boom commenced. Attention was practically entirely centered in Americans, some of which declined so heavily during the rush for realizations that they dropped several dollars below parity and buyers were difficult to find. Subsequently prices somewhat steadied with practically nothing doing, awaiting New York's opening.

Money was in moderate demand and there was less pressure. Discounts were quiet. The few bills offered would have been much easier were it not that the continental exchanges were unfavorable. There was a big attendance on the stock exchange today. Prices opening irregular, but the general tendency was firm.

BANK STATEMENT.

New York, May 4.—The statement of the associated banks for the week ending today shows: Loans $890,420,000, increase $6,005,200; deposits $973,111,600, increase $2,327,100; circulation $31,132,900, increase $182,000; legal tenders $71,955,500, decrease $344,300; specie $182,302,700, decrease, $4,855,100; reserve held $254,258,000, decrease $5,199,400; reserve required $243,277,900, increase $580,375; surplus $10,980,100, decrease $5,779,675.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, May 4.—Money on call firm at 4 per cent; prme mercantile paper, 4@4½ per cent; sterling exchange nominal with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.88 for demand and at $4.84¾@4.84¾ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.85¼@4.86 and $4.89; commercial bills, $4.83@4.83½. Silver certificates nominally, 60c; bar silver, 59½c; Mexican dollars, 48½c. State bonds, weak; railroad bonds, steady; government bonds, firmer. Refunding 2s registered and coupon, $1.06; 3s registered and coupon, $1.06½; new 4s registered, $1.38½; coupon, $1.38¾; old 4s registered and coupon, $1.13½; 5s registered and coupon, $1.06½.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, May 4.—Cotton opened easy and 4 to 10 points lower in sympathy with further losses abroad, July in the local pit broke to 7.70 under the first wave of selling which came from all directions, and then rallied slowly on profit taking by timid shorts who feared to risk over Sunday developments. Liquidation in Liverpool from all parts of Europe, was the chief factor of depression there, though behind this pressure was a demoralized cotton goods market. Cotton spot closed quiet, 1-16c lower. Middling uplands, 8 3-16c; middling gulf, 8 9-16c; sales, 802 bales. Cotton futures closed barely steady. May, 7.72; June, 7.71; July, 7.73; August, 7.45; September, 7.22; October, 7.13; November, 7.09; December, 7.09; January, 7.10.

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, May 4.—Clearings, $24,828,811; balances, $2,501,129; posted exchange, $4.85½@4.89; New York exchange, 5c premium.

BRITISH CONSOLS.

London, May 4.—Consols for money, 94½; for the account, 94¾.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Arthur R. Jones & Co., Spalding hotel:

Adventure	17	17½
Allouez	3	3½
Anaconda	49	50
Arcadian	19½	20¾
Arnold	3½	4
Ashbed	35	50
Atlantic	34	34¾
Baltic	47½	48
Bingham	25¼	25¾
Boston and Montana	440	441
Butte and Boston	114	...
Calumet and Hecla	820	823
Centennial	30¾	31¼
Centennial Eureka	32	32½
Copper Range	58	58½
Cochita	7¼	8
Dominion Coal	35½	36
Elm River	...	5
Franklin	18½	19½
Isle Royale	...	51
Mass	15⅝	19
Michigan	8	8½
Mohawk	40¾	41½
Mayflower	2	2½
Old Colony	4	4½
Old Dominion	33½	33¾
Osceola	87	88
Parrot	54½	55
Quincy	175	180
Rhode Island	5	5½
Santa Fe	8	8½
Tamarack	335	340
Tecumseh	1½	2
Tri-Mountain	44	44¾
Utah	32	32¾
United States	21¾	22
Victoria	3½	4
Winona	4	4½
Wolverine	58	60
Washington	25	...
Wyandot	1½	2

MARINE NEWS.

TO DEEPEN CANAL.

New York, May 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—The house of commons in committee of supply, says an Ottawa dispatch to the Times has voted $100,000 for widening and deepening the entrances to the Sault Ste. Marie canal.

ASSISTANT TO MR. WOLVIN.

G. L. Douglas, Jr., who came to Duluth with Capt. A. B. Wolvin, the new general manager of the Pittsburg Steamship company, is not to be connected with that company, as stated before. He is to be an assistant to Capt. Wolvin as agent for the Western Transit company. His father, G. L. Douglas, Sr., is manager of the company.

CANNOT CLEAR THE CANAL.

The United States engineer office reports that owing to the prevalence of northeast winds, it has been impossible to remove the shoal along the south side of the Duluth ship canal. The shoal extends out about 100 feet from the south pier, and it can be removed with three or four days favorable weather. An attempt was made to work with a dredge Thursday but the winds interfered.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Holland, Kalkaska, Middlesex, Halstead, Prentice, Erie, light for lumber; Jay Gould, Peerless, Chicago, pass and mdse.

Departed—Bell, 202, Two Harbors, light; Bradshaw, Port Arthur, pass and mdse.

You can get boarders, help, tenants or partners by means of a Herald want ad.

SHEEP EATING PARROTS.

A group has just been mounted in the Smithsonian institute which represents vividly one of the most extraordinary instances of animal life that have ever come under the observation of man, says the Washington Times.

It appears that during a recent winter in New Zealand the herders of the numerous flocks of sheep in that country noticed that many of the animals were afflicted with wounds in the back or loins, sometimes severe and occasionally so much so as to prove fatal. The cause of these wounds was a mystery until a shepherd one day saw a kea, or mountain parrot, clinging to the wool of a sheep and picking at a sore on its flank. A close watch was instituted and the birds were again many times caught in the act of wounding the sheep, the object being evidently to reach the fat, surrounding the kidneys. The origin of the habit was subsequently revealed. During summer the keas inhabit the higher portions of the mountain districts, and when the severe weather destroys, or the heavy snows cover their supply of food they descend to lower levels where the climate is more mild and food less scarce. During the winter referred to they descended lower than usual, as far, indeed, as the plains inhabited by the sheep raisers, and finding their natural food scarce are attracted by the dressed carcasses of sheep hung upon meat gallows. Alighting upon these they found the flesh to their liking and particularly the fat surrounding the kidneys.

"No other conclusion seems more plausible," says a scientist in connection with the Smithsonian institution, "than that these birds possessed sufficient intelligence to recognize in the living sheep the source of this food supply, and therefore, in the absence of slaughtered meat they avail themselves of the living bodies. Recent disorders in natural history reveal nothing stranger or more startling than the change of this parrot from an originally purely vegetable diet, consisting of honey-producing flowers, fruits and berries, to one of flesh—not dead flesh merely, but the substance of living animals. This is, indeed, a most remarkable instance of acquired taste."

The group in the museum of the Smithsonian institute represents faithfully a sheep attacked by two of the keas, or meat-eating parrots. The latter are mounted upon the victim's back, and engaged in tearing the flesh with their powerful beaks. The keas resemble the ordinary type of the Mexican parrot with the exception that they are somewhat larger and their plumage is darker, and variegated with brown.

A skin food, Satin-Skin Cream does wonders in keeping a youthful complexion. 25c. Leading stores.

THE TOLSTOI SON WHO DIED.

Luovitch Tolstoi, the son of Tolstoi, whose death is announced from St. Petersburg, had little sympathy with his famous father, says the St. James Budget. As a boy he was his father's favorite, and seemed destined to grow up with the same views, but his opinion of life changed with riper years, and he not only lost his sympathy with the religion of his father, but conceived it his duty to place himself in direct opposition to the count. He wielded a gifted pen, and wrote a book against certain aspects of his father's teaching. His chief work, apart from many excellent stories, was a book urging universal matrimony as a counterblast to "The Kreutzer Sonata." Though it was, of course, painful to Tolstoi to lose the sympathy of his favorite son, the change of belief did not affect their natural relations. Tolstoi has the courage of his opinions, and he holds them in spite of the world, but he recognizes every man's right of freedom of thought and action.

Old Maids

Made over at Grace M. E. church Wednesday evening, May 8.

Parties holding unused Charity Ball tickets are requested to remit or to return them at once to
THE COMMITTEE.

Pure drugs and wall paper, at Olanders', 228 Fifty-fifth avenue west.

You can rent houses, stores, offices or rooms by means of a Herald want ad.

NEWS OF THE LAKES

Combined Effort to Break the St. Clair River Blockade.

If It Lets Go Suddenly Steamers May Be Damaged.

Gil

Texas Oil Notice of Advance.

Shares of the Saratoga Oil and Pipe Line Co. Will be Advanced to 50c May 1st, 1901.

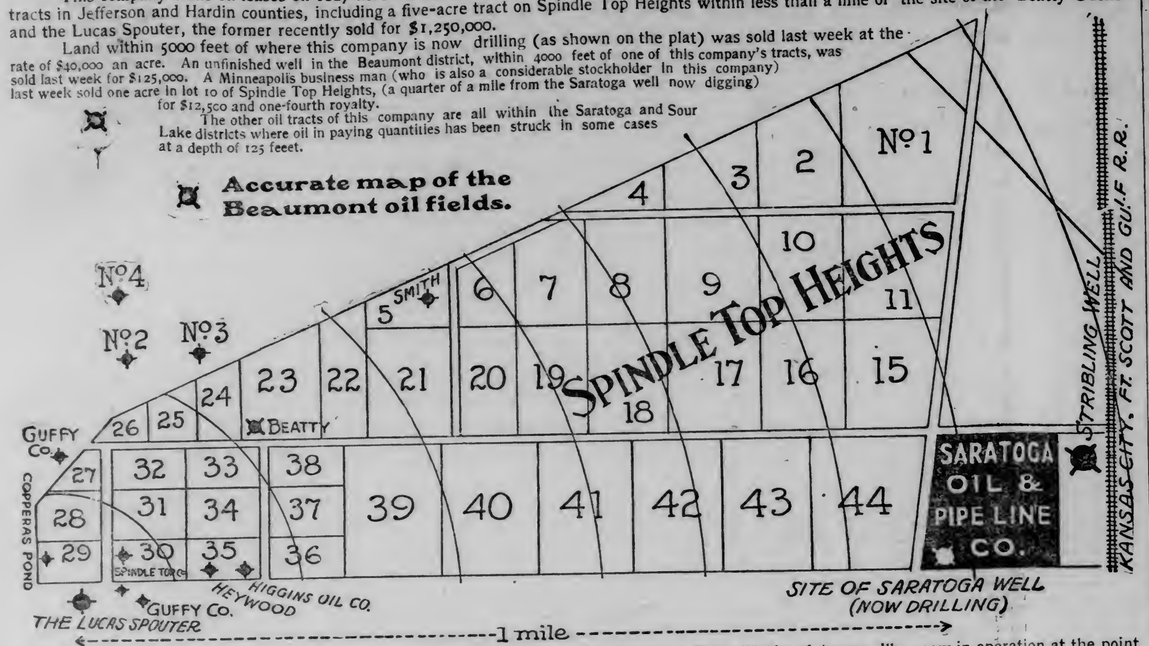
THE DIRECTORS of the Saratoga Oil and Pipe Line Co. have ordered an advance in the price of shares from 25c to 50c to take effect at noon, May 10, 1901. No shares will be sold to anyone after that time for less than 50c. Up to the time stated subscriptions will be received from new subscribers, as well as those now holding stock at 25c, the price at which they were put upon the market (April 10th, 1901). This notice is final.

This company owns oil leases on 1027 acres of the best oil lands in the proven oil belt of Southern Texas. These lands are in 21 separate tracts in Jefferson and Hardin counties, including a five-acre tract on Spindle Top Heights within less than a mile of the site of the Beatty Gusher and the Lucas Spouter, the former recently sold for $1,250,000.

Land within 5000 feet of where this company is now drilling (as shown on the plat) was sold last week at the rate of $40,000 an acre. An unfinished well in the Beaumont district, within 4000 feet of one of this company's tracts, was sold last week for $125,000. A Minneapolis business man (who is also a considerable stockholder in this company) last week sold one acre in lot 10 of Spindle Top Heights, (a quarter of a mile from the Saratoga well now digging) for $12,500 and one-fourth royalty.

The other oil tracts of this company are all within the Saratoga and Sour Lake districts where oil in paying quantities has been struck in some cases at a depth of 125 feeet.

Accurate map of the Beaumont oil fields.



THIS COMPANY has a complete drilling apparatus built by the American Well Works of Aurora, Ills., now in operation at the point shown on the plat. Developments may be reported at any time which will lead the company to withdraw from the markets all offers of stock. The Saratoga Oil & Pipe Line Company is capitalized at $1,000,000 in shares of $1 non-assessable under the Texas laws. The notice of advance given above is fully warranted by the great increase of the value of property. It will take place promptly as advertised, unless the sale is discontinued by order of the directors as the result of a great strike of oil.

The officers and directors of this company are business men whose standing can be ascertained from any commercial agency.

President—JAMES QUIRK, President Quirk Milling Co., and Director Security Bank of Minnesota, Minneapolis, Minn.
Vice-President and General Manager—W. E. BRICE, President Mason City & Clear Lake Railway, Mason City, Iowa.
Secretary—W. I. McALLISTER, Secretary Green & Western Telephone Company, Mason City, Iowa.
Treasurer—A. KIME, President and General Manager Green & Western Telephone Company, Mason City, Iowa.
L. A. LYDIARD, City Clerk, Minneapolis, Minn.

Address all communications for literature and particulars, and make checks, drafts or money orders payable to the Secretary.

Saratoga Oil & Pipe Line Comp'y

415 Northwestern Building, Minneapolis, Minn.

OIL MONEY OIL

INVESTED NOW IN THE STOCK OF THE

Zenith Oil Co.

leaves the investor little to be desired short of absolute guaranty. Every indication so far as our developing has gone exhibits every possibility of profitable producing wells—from all test wells so far put down.

Drilling our regular wells will commenced in about two weeks and the work will be vigorously pushed day and night.

A Limited Number of Shares Are Now Being Offered At—

12½c Per Share!

This company has surrounded the investment in its stock with every possible safeguard for the protection of investors.

Its officers are men experienced in the oil business, who, by careful and economical management, will promote the best interests of every stockholder.

Ask For Prospectus.

It gives complete details of our properties and the oil industry of California.

—Stock May Be Purchased Of—

A. R. Macfarlane & Co.,
Investment Bankers,
112 Exchange Bank Building.

Offices of the Company,
601 Palladio Building,
Duluth, Minn.

Moving is Expensive and Hard Work --buya Home, Save, and be comfortable.

If you are contemplating buying a house and lot call and see us. Here is a partial list of our exceptional bargains.

$1250 For a snug little house with city water. Can be bought on monthly payments.
$3000 25 feet on East Michigan street. Splendid location for wholesale purposes.
$1050 For 50 feet near Portland Square. This can't be duplicated.
$500 For 25 feet on East Fifth street; worth $800.
$200 For a lot in Portland Division; on easy payments.
$10500 For a fine residence on East First street with 75 feet front.
$3500 For house and 60 feet upper side East Second St. Nice shade trees on premises.
$3000 For a modern house at Lakeside.
$2500 For four houses at the West End. A splendid investment.

W. M. PRINDLE & CO.,

Lonsdale Building.

COPPER

Copper mines live longer and pay larger dividends than any other class of mines. If you want copper stocks you must buy it while the mine is being developed.

We offer a limited number of shares of the

ST. CROIX Consolidated COPPER MINES AT

20

Cents Per Share

This company owns 21,000 acres of lands known to be rich in copper, which some day will prove a bonanza to those who get this stock at the developing price of 20 cents.

There is nothing speculative about this proposition. It carries less risk than anything offered today by any mining company we know of.

Send for Prospectus, it tells you why we know we are right.

A. C. VOLK & CO.

FISCAL AGENTS,
201 Palladio Bldg.

SELLING LIVELY

Mining Stocks Are Being Well Taken By Investors.

Much Local Interest In Different Oil Regions.

The Copper Stocks Also Present Attractive Inducements.

Activity in the mining stocks which are being sold locally has been brisk this week. There is a large amount of money in Duluth that is seeking speculative investment, and the opportunities that are being opened here are very attractive. Interest in the oil regions of the country at the present time is very keen. There are a great number of Duluth people who are in the development of oil in different parts of the country, and their success thus far is said to be unquestioned.

Among the oil stocks, that of the Zenith Oil company offers very attractive prospects to buyers. The property which the company owns is of unquestioned value; in fact, it can be sold now for several times what it cost, and added to this is the strength in the personnel of the company, something which appeals to every careful investor.

J. B. Kehl, of Chippewa Falls, the president of the company, and George H. Claypool, the secretary, will leave in a few days for California to locate the first well of the company and get the outfit necessary to equip the machinery already on hand for work. There is but little more to get, for the company already has a good plant. Mr. Kehl is very enthusiastic over the outlook for the company, and says that his whole time will be devoted to it for several months.

The announcement received in the city yesterday that the Blue Grass Oil company, which has been for some weeks drilling on its property in the Flat Lick oil country of Kentucky, has struck oil in one of its wells, has caused quite a flurry in the stock of the oil company, and an upward movement of the prices of stocks has been noted since yesterday morning.

The discovery of oil in California has greatly increased the uses to which oil is out. As an illustration of the fact, it may be cited that there are now 150 engines on the Santa Fe road, and 52 on the Southern Pacific using oil for fuel.

A. R. Macfarlane reports an excellent sale of Parry Sound copper stock. He is more than ever convinced of the great value of the proposition. Work is progressing on the mine in fine shape.

M. W. Bates says that Anglo-American copper mining stock is selling rapidly, and that the investment appeals to every man who looks into it. He also expects to have all the stock now on the market in the California gold mining syndicate, which he is pushing sold within ten days.

Interest in the Wisconsin copper properties is keeping up well, too. The St. Croix Consolidated company is finding a very general appreciation of the fact that it is a fine investment, and the company will be in a position to do much development work this year.

TENTH ANNIVERSARY.

Johnson & Moe to Have Big Celebration.

The tenth anniversary of Johnson & Moe, the proprietors of the big West End department store, takes place next week, and to commemorate their entry into business ten years ago they will hold a big sale, the particulars of which are announced on another page of The Herald. At this sale there will be offered some exceptional bargains in their large and complete line of goods. Starting out in a small way this firm has, by their constant attendance to the wants of their customers and their fair dealing, increased their trade until they occupy the place in the city to which they have risen. Extensive preparations have been made by this enterprising firm to accommodate the crowd that will be in attendance, and all will be assured of a continuance of the prompt and courteous treatment and fair dealing that has always characterized this store.

The store is under the management of J. J. Moe, whose foresight in establishing the enterprise in that part of the city when trade prospects were comparatively few, has been the means of making it what it is. On account of their increased trade it was found advisable to recently make extensive improvements and additions, until they now occupy one of the trade palaces of Duluth. Mr. Moe is one of the best and most favorably known merchants in the city and holds a high position as a successful business man.

Monday evening from 7:30 to 10:30 o'clock, Flaaten's orchestra will give a concert in the store and will render the following program:

March—"The Bell Boy" ..... Ashton
Overture—"Well of Love" ..... Balfe
"An African Reverie" ..... Newton
Intermezzo—"Salambo" ..... Morse
Grand selection—"Norweglan Folksong" ..... Mostoe
Serenade—"Italienne" ..... Crihulka
Cornet solo—"Excelsior" ..... Tilzer
H. Ericson.
"Remembrance of Swedish Folksong" ..... Mostoe
Waltz de concert—"Spring of Love" ..... Blou
"To Thee, Entr' Acte" ..... Dreyfus
"Barcelise" ..... Godard
Galop—"Don Prestol" ..... Godfrey

CLOSING LECTURE.

Rev. Thorvilson's Final Talk on Temperance.

The closing lecture by Rev. T. K. Thorvilson was held last night at the Swedish Baptist church in Central Duluth. The meeting was largely attended. Mr. Thorvilson when asked of the progress of the temperance work, said that the churches are taking more interest in this branch of Christian work than ever. The fight against liquor is as old as the world, and will continue to the end of time. The teaching of the Bible sounds a warning, "Woe unto him that giveth his neighbor drink that make him drunken." A missionary returned from Madagascar said that prohibition was enacted by a heathen ruler, but with the missionaries came strong drink. Those suffering most by the liquor traffic are the workingmen, for those using strong drink are putting down wages for sober ones. The greatest issue in America today is the moral issue, whether we shall be guided by the mural law laid down in God's word, or by the almighty dollar. Those voting to give the saloonkeeper license to poison his neighbor, commit sin as well as the saloonkeeper and the drunkard. Is not the church trying to make the world better, while the saloon destroys virtue, purity and love, and drags people to destruction. Still the church people support such an institution. Most of the denominations condemn the liquor traffic at conventions, but it in their conduct as citizens they defend the traffic by their suffrage.

A FATALITY.

Fred Jarvis Drowned In the Cloquet River.

The first fatal accident of the log-driving season is reported from the Cloquet river. Yesterday afternoon the body of Fred Jarvis was taken from the river. He has been missing from the drive of the Northern Lumber company since Wednesday afternoon. It is supposed that m running over the logs he missed his footing and was squeezed in such a manner as to render him helpless. While there was a good stage of water in the Cloquet, it is claimed it was not of sifficient depth at the point where Jarvis disappeared, to drown a man.

When the body was recovered after being in the water nearly 48 hours, Deputy Coroner Patten was notified and had the remains brought here and the Duluth & Iron Range train last night.

Every effort is being made today to find friends or relatives of the dead man. While in this city recently he stopped at the Belmont hotel on the Bowery, but so far as is known his relatives do not live in this city. The body is at Stewart's undertaking rooms on West First street.

Corner on Trousers.

Cato Stevens, of Chicago, and James Williams, of Minneapolis, are guests at police headquarters today. Both men are colored and were caught on the Bowery this morning trying to sell eighteen pairs of trousers. The police suspect them of stealing the clothing either in Chicago or Minneapolis.

When searched at headquarters Cato Stevens had a well-worn lady's shoe, some obscene literature and a package of love letters next to his heart.

Amanda Smith to Speak.

Amanda Smith, the colored evangelist who has been lecturing this week at the Bethel, will speak at the First Congregational church at 3 o'clock Sunday afternoon. She was born in slavery, but received a fine education and has traveled over Europe and South Africa. Her talks are of a very interesting nature. The meeting on Sunday afternoon will be held under the auspicles of the W. C. T. U.

OUTRUNS GREYHOUND.

A jack rabbit-greyhound chase, with a carload of coal as an inducement resulted in much interesting sport for a party of gentlemen who assembled at the jack rabbit park of Gen. W. H. Gentry on the Russell Cave road, says the Lewiston Journal.

Gen. Gentry has a rabbit which he has named "Teddy Roosevelt," and which the general considers as good a racer as one can find on the rabbit turf. A. B. Hutchcraft, of Barbourville, Ky., general manager of the Knox-Gem Coal company, has an imported greyhound which he thought could outrun "Teddy Roosevelt." He was willing to back his judgment by an offer of a carload of Knox-Gem coal. Gen. Gentry accepted the match, and the two, with Col. H. M. Camp, of Knoxville, went out to Gen. Gentry's place, where the chase was had in a 12-acre field. "Teddy Roosevelt" was started off with the greyhound after him, but "Teddy" always remained in the lead, and after fully exhausting himself in his efforts to land upon the rabbit, the greyhound abandoned the chase and the general won the carload of coal. At all stages the race was beautiful, and the watchers could scarcely suppress their enthusiasm.

You can get boarders, help, tenants or partners by means of a Herald want ad.

DUELING

Was Very Popular In First Part of Last Century.

Many Still Occur In France and Other Countries.

Much of the comment in the press of this country on the recent Castellane-Rodays duel merely illustrates how much opinion is affected by the point of view. American newspaper writers of today jauntily assume two things as if they were beyond all dispute: first, that dueling is barbarous and akin to common murder; second, that the so-called code of honor is essentially ridiculous, and as practiced on the continent of Europe at the present time is positively farcical, says the Baltimore Sun. It must be said, however, in fairness to the French, German and other dueling nations of Europe, that the code and practice of dueling are not necessarily inconsistent with a civilized state of society, though the nations that speak English have abandoned them. And it ought to moderate alike the censure and the ridicule which the British and American press unite in pouring upon present day duellists to remember that their own ancestors, until quite late in the nineteenth century, were enthusiastic patrons of the field of honor.

There are doubtless a few men living who can recollect the sensation that was made by the duke of Wellington's duel with the earl of Winchelsea in 1829. The hero of Waterloo was then prime minister, and the encounter was all about "a pettish letter" respecting the Catholic emancipation bill. When the last century was young it was not an uncommon thing for twenty duels to take place in a day in the British Isles. In 1809 Maj. Campbell mortally wounded Capt. Boyd in a mess-room duel in England. He was tried at Armagh and sentenced to death. His wife was very active on his behalf and did her best to gain the royal clemency, but George III was inflexible, says Charles Mackay, "in consequence of the report of the Irish viceroy that an example was necessary."

Between that date and the duke of Wellington's premiership the great war had intervened and it had made a considerable difference. When British troops were in- terfered. Systematic French duellists went about vowing they would take the life of the first English officer they met, and in several cases carried out their threats by practically one-sided duels. But Irish officers were always ready and expert at single combat. The Iron Duke, himself an Irishman, had a good memory for these things, and so when Lord Londonderry entreated him to keep the Tenth regiment in Dublin, though he knew duels would result, the duke said: "I think it not impossible they may have to fight a duel or two, but that I consider of no consequence." If Irish officers in King George's service were rather fond of duels, they were equally ready to face an enemy in battle. Some of the French duellists were not, and hence Napoleon's saying: "The better duelist, the worse soldier." Napoleon had an aversion to dueling, as shown by his reply to Gustavus IV., from whome he received a challenge: "I will order a fencing master to attend me as a plenipotentiary."

The duel is the survival of the trial by ordeal. Rowland Yorke is supposed to have brought it to England in 1587, but earlier than that it was not an uncommon thing to see a glove hung over the altar in church as a challenge to any one who should take it down. There were 172 duels in England during the reign of George III., and there were several trials of peers for murder by the house of lords growing out of them. The last duel in England between British subjects was fought at Southsea in 1845, when Lieut. Hawkey, who had resented the attentions of Lieut. Seton, of the Eleventh Hussars, to his wife, killed him in combat.

The records of French dueling probably afford more sensational affairs than those of any other people. On the field of honor, as elsewhere, your true Frenchman is nothing if not dramatic. Thus, for example, in the reign of Louis XIV the Actress Maupin insulted a lady at the ball and ordered out of the room. She said she would go if the gentleman who espoused the lady's cause would meet her outside. After a hard combat she killed them all and quietly returned to the ball room. There is a record in 1813 of a duel between Fournier and Dupont that lasted nine-teen years! They agreed, by treaty, to meet whenever they were within 100 miles of each other and as a result had some desperate sword combats. One day Dupont said: "We must end this quarrel." He wanted to get married and proposed a finish fight with pistols. Fournier, who was a crack shot, said Dupont was mad. They arranged to meet in a wood, have two shots each and fire from behind trees. Dupont drew his enemy's two shots by stratagem, and then spared his life. In 1808 M. de Grandpre and M. de Pisque, who had quarreled about an opera dancer, agreed to fight a duel in balloons from a field near the Tuileries, armed with blunderbusses. The balloons kept about eighty yards apart, and when they were 800 feet high, on a signal being given, M. de Pisque fired. He missed aim, whereupon Grandpre fired into Pisque's balloon and he and his seconds were dashed to pieces on a housetop.

As a matter of history, dueling flourished down to about sixty years ago as much in Ireland as in France. When a student who had entered for Trinity college, Dublin, asked the provost what books he had better bring to college the latter replied: "Never mind the books; bring a case of pistols." The students were in the habit of settling their affairs of honor either just before or just after morning prayers. All the distinguished Irishmen of the earlier part of the nineteenth century were duellists. Daniel O'Connell was on the field of honor more than once, and O'Gorman Mahon, a famous figure in the British parliament in the '60s, was out twenty-two times. It is familiar history that Daniel O'Connell's son challenged young Benjamin Disraeli (afterward Lord Beaconsfield) to mortal combat.

As for our own American record, dueling was quite a conventional thing with us down to the time of the civil war, and as late as 1883 it may be recalled that Mr. Knox and Mr. Sheehan, the last named gentleman being a direct descendant of that famous duelist, Richard Brinsley Sheridan, met at Far Rockaway, near New York, and exchanged shots, Knox being wounded on the second fire. In the same year R. R. Beirne and W. C. Elam, two Richmond editors, met on the field of honor at Waynesboro, after a most exciting race to escape the pursuing sheriffs, and Mr. Elam was wounded in the hip. These, we believe, were the last two duels conducted according to the code in this country. Our antebellum record may well restrain our contemptuous comments on dueling in Europe. There are many places in this country which have many memories as dueling grounds. On the tragic grounds of Bladensburg, the fighting grounds of Maryland, many distinguished Americans have met. The first duel was fought there in 1808 between two congressmen, J. W. Campbell, from Kentucky, and H. B. Gardinier, from New York, the latter being severely wounded. In 1814 Ensign Edward Hopkins, of the navy, was killed there by a brother officer, whose name is still in doubt. There Armistead Thomson Mason, one of the most brilliant and popular Virginians of the period, was killed by his cousin, John Mason McCarty, on a February morning in 1819. They fought with muskets only ten paces apart. The name of Stephen Decatur, of Maryland, naval hero of 1812, is also on the list of Bladensburg's victims. He was killed there in 1820 in a duel with James Barron, a brother officer. Later came the Graves (Kentucky) and Cilley (Maine) duel, in which Cilley was killed. The last fatal encounter on that celebrated fighting ground was fought as late as 1846, when Daniel Johnson, a physician, and Thomas F. Jones, a lawyer, both of North Carolina, met there. Johnson was instantly killed by his adversary's first fire. A notable duel between Virginians took place near Weldon, N. C., about 1840, in which Daniel Dugger, a Whig, was killed by George C. Dromgoole, Democratic member of congress for the Petersburg district.

dueling grounds near Weehawken, N. J., Burr killed Alexander Hamilton on the dueling rounds near Weehawken, N. J., in 1804, is too familiar to be rehearsed. The Weehawken field of honor saw many other famous meetings. St. Louis also had its famous dueling ground, the notorious "Bloody Island," where not a few eminent Americans of an earlier day engaged in fatal encounters. The latest American duel in which distinguished men were involved was that fought between Senator Broderick and Judge Terry, in 1859, at the Lake House dueling grounds, near San Francisco. The affair came off in the presence of eighty-five spectators, many of whom made long journeys to witness it. Broderick was shot through the lung and died a few days later. It is only a few years ago that Terry himself came to a tragic end, being killed by a federal deputy marshal, who believed that he was about to attempt the life of Justice Stephen Field, of the supreme court.

While it is a matter of record that in France alone about 4000 duels are now fought every year, and alike in the army and colleges of Germany duels are daily occurrences, yet a tendency to discredit the "field of honor" is distinctly noticeable throughout Europe. Pope Leo XIII has recently taken occasion to condemn dueling in an emphatic manner. Emperor William of Germany not long since issued an order to discourage and resist dueling in the army, and even in France, where dueling is most in vogue, an anti-dueling league has just been formed with such men as the Prince de Broglie and Gen. de la Rocque at its head. It is quite probable that before the present century has run half its course dueling will be as obsolete on the continent of Europe as it is in Britain and America.

The Chicago Tribune.

is a newspaper for bright and intelligent people. It is made up to attract people who think.

Is not neutral or colorless, constantly trimming in an endeavor to please both sides, but it is independent in the best sense of the word.

It has pronounced opinions and is fearless in expresing them, but it is always fair to its opponents.

Matters of national or vital public interest get more space in THE TRIBUNE than in any other part of the West.

THE TRIBUNE'S financial columns never mislead the public.

Its faculties for gathering news, both local and foreign, are far superior to those of any other newspaper in the West.

It presents the news in as fair a way as possible, and lets its readers form their opinions.

While it publishes the most comprehensive articles on all news features, if you are busy the "Summary of THE DAILY TRIBUNE" published daily on the first page gives you briefly all the news of the day within one column.

It is the "cleanest" daily printed in the West.

THE SUNDAY TRIBUNE, consisting of fifty-two to seventy-two pages, contains all the news of the world, special articles of advanced thought by prominent writers, a magazine and colored section, containing two pages of amusing comics. The pink sporting section is better than any sporting paper in the country.

The beautiful Art pictures issued every Sunday are acknowledged to be the most perfect reproductions of famous paintings in color ever produced.

"North Coast Limited"

Resumes service on Northern Pacific next Sunday, May 5, at 8:40 a. m. It carries a first-class electric lighted Pullman; two lights in each section.

ONE OF THE BEST INVESTMENTS IN THE WORLD —DULUTH REAL ESTATE.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR RENT

Houses.

$45 No. 22 West Third street; modern, 10-room brick house.

$50 No. 515 East Second street; Endesi location in the city; 9-room modern house; large yard with shade trees.

$35 No. 1009 East Second street; 9-room; modern conveniences.

$10 No. 5402 Grand avenue east; 6-room with store combined.

22.50 No. 125 Seventh avenue west, 7-room house, city water and sewer.

Stores.

31 West Michigan street.
365 West Michigan street.
12 W. Superior st., with Michigan street store.
117 West First street.
121 West First street.

Offices.

Very desirable suite of offices in the Lonsdale building.

Three very desirable rooms over Bon Ton bakery. 25 W. Sup. St., suitable for dressmakers.

W. M. PRINDLE & CO.
Lonsdale Bldg.

FINE RESIDENCE FOR SALE

A beautiful house of ten rooms in Endion, one of the best locations. House finished in hard wood throughout. Has hot water heat. Lot 50x150 feet. There is a well-built modern barn on rear of lot. Price $3000. For sale by

GEORGE H. CROSBY,
106 Providence Building.
WE WRITE FIRE INSURANCE

These Are Cheap!

125 feet upper side Second St., between 24th and 26th ave. east.. **$1000**

50 feet on Superior street, between 18th and 20th ave. east.. **$1200**

Southwest corner London road and 18th ave. east, all improvements paid..... **$1300**

Southeast corner London road and 21st ave east; all improvements paid..... **$1000**

Northeast corner London road and 23d ave. 100x150 ft..... **$1500**

Little & Nolte.

Lester Park Home For Sale.

Modern 6-room house, stone foundation. Lot 50x140 feet. In one of the best locations. House cost $2500 to build —Price $1800. For sale by

GEORGE H. CROSBY,
106 Providence Building.
WE WRITE FIRE INSURANCE

L. MENDENHALL. T. W. HOOPES
Established 1869.

Mendenhall & Hoopes

Real Estate, Loans and Insurance

First National Bank Building,
Duluth, Minn.

MONEY ON HAND

$1000, $2500, $5000 for Good Real Estate Loans. No Delay.

C. A. & E. D. FIELD, 204 Exchange Building.

For Sale on London Road.

Fine 9-room house, brand new. Has hardwood floors up stairs and down. Hardwood finish downstairs. Stone foundation. Cement cellar. Strictly modern. Ground 50x162 feet. Price for this place, $4200. You can buy it on your own terms. If you are looking for a fine home, this is an opportunity. For sale by

GEORGE H. CROSBY,
106 Providence Building.
WE WRITE FIRE INSURANCE

STRUCK OIL ON THE BLUE GRASS. Can sell you 2000 shares Blue Grass. This stock will go to higher figures the next few days..... **15½c**

200 *SHARES* Chippewa Copper..... **$2.50**

60 *SHARES* Calumet & Arizona..... **$27.00**

5000 *SHARES* St. Croix Consolidated. Give us a bid on this.

I BUY AND SELL MINING STOCKS.

M. C. FRENCH,

212-213 Trust Bldg. DULUTH.

$3500 Takes 8-room modern house on East Third street.

$3500 Takes 8-room modern house on Nineteenth avenue east.

$2500 Takes 7-room modern house on Nineteenth avenue east.

A. C. VOLK & Co.

202 Palladio Building.

HERE IS A SNAP.

Iot 50x150 feet, near Ninth avenue west and Fourth street; price $500. Street is graded and paid for. For sale by

GEORGE H. CROSBY,
106 Providence Building.
WE WRITE FIRE INSURANCE

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE!

Modern residence in East End, nine rooms, hard wood finish, desirable location, beautiful view of lake—**price $6000.**

Choice lot on East First street, 50x150 feet. Can be bought at a low price if taken at once.

N. J. UPHAM CO.

400 Burrows Building.
Money to Loan at Low Rates.

WEST END.

$600—5-room house West 1st street.
$800—5-room house West 1st street.
$1200—5-room house West 2nd street.
$1300—7-room house West 1st street.
$1250—8-room house West 2nd street.
$1800—7-room house West 3rd street.
$1550—6-room house West 4th street.
$1000—50-foot lot on West Michigan st.
$1250—50-foot lot on West 3rd street.
$350—25-foot lot near West 3rd st.

EAST END.

$7500—Modern 9-room house E. Sup. st.
$3500—Modern 8-room house, Dingwall st.
$3500—Modern 7-room house E. 3rd st.
$3000—Modern 7-room house E. Sup. st.
$2000—6-room house East 3rd street.
$1200—88x150 ft cor. Jefferson and 18th avenue east.
$1250—50x150 ft lot on 1st St. near 20th avenue east.
$1000—50x140 ft lot on 4th st., near 14th avenue east.
$800—50x140 ft lot, well located, on East Superior street.
These are a few. Call and see us, as we have others.

Julius D. Howard & Co.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance.
216 West Superior Street.

$6000 Corner Michigan street and Eleventh avenue west.

$4500 Lot in Armory block on First street.

$4500 Brick store, No. 224 East Superior street.

$1350 100x140 feet corner, first-class residence location in Endion.

86 houses in all parts of the city. 2 stores and two houses in West Duluth for rent.

Make us an offer on lot 1, block 44, Endion.

Money to loan, any amount, on residence property.

Interstate Land and Investment Co.
605 Palladio Building.

FOR RENT.

No. 204 West Michigan street; cold storage room; best location on the street. Seven-room, strictly modern, steam-heated flat; central location and strictly first class.

Large Superior street store; brick building.

C. P. CRAIG & CO., Herald Building

For Improvement!

40 feet on south side Michigan Street, between Lake Avenue and First Ave. West.

50 feet on south Michigan St. between Second and Third Avenues West.

Owner will build to suit tenant.

G. G. Dickerman & Co.
Trust Building.

For Rent.

206 West Michigan Street. Best commission house in the city. Two stories and basement. Ice boxes, banana rooms, etc. Electric elevator. Will put in cement floor.

R. B. Knox & Co
1 Exchange Bldg.

For Rent

Park Point Cottages.

A number of 4-room new Cottages with porches in desirable locations for rent for the season. Call on

O. C. Hartman & Co.
210 Exchange Building.

FOR SALE.

25-foot lot 20th Avenue W. and First St..... **$900**

Two well located corner lots W. Duluth—each.. **$400**

Pulford, How & Co.
100 Trust Building.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FREE FARMS.

160 acres of the choicest farming lands in the world free. Cheap excursions will leave Duluth for all points of Western Canada on Tuesdays and Thursdays. Very cheap rates for settlers. For particulars apply to

J. H. M. PARKER,
Canadian Government Agent,
530 Manhattan Building, Duluth, Minn.

Auction Sale.

The building committee of the Congregation Adas Izarel will sell at Public Auction Tuesday, May 7, at 10 a. m., the nine-room house, which has all modern improvements —hot-air furnace, gas fixtures, etc. —at No. 230 Third Avenue East, corner Third street. Purchaser will be given reasonable time to move house from grounds. Condition of sale, 50 per cent. down, balance at time of removing building.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

$1500 8-room house, city water, fine condition; Piedmont ave., near Fourth street.

$3750—strictly modern 9-room house, centrally located; this is a bargain.

Four choice corners at 28th ave. west, $450—Lots fronting Lincoln Park, on 26th avenue west, near 3rd street.

T. G. VAUGHAN, 401 Lonsdale Building.

BICYCLES.

WANTED—RIDER AGENTS TO RIDE and exhibit sample 1901 model bicycle and distribute 1000 catalogues in payment for it. Write for catalogue and particulars. T. W. Mead Cycle Co., Chicago.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—TO BUY, GOOD SECOND hand buggy. Address Box 364, West Duluth.

WANTED—TO BUY, A SECOND HAND boy's bicycle in good condition. Address K 18, Herald.

WANTED—TO BUY—ROWBOAT. Address K 26, Herald.

WANTED—TWO OR THREE GOOD second hand lumber wagons with three inch tires. American Lumber company, West Superior, Wis.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 328 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 375.

BREINHOLM, FEMALE COMPLAINTS. Private hospital. 11 Nineteenth Ave. W.

PERSONAL.

KIND-HEARTED AMERICAN GENtleman, thoughtful and indulgent, as Americans are, large wealth, desires affectionate and domesticated wife. Mr. Russell, 1337 Sheffield avenue, Chicago, Ill.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting each month. 8:00. Next meeting, May 6, 1901. Work, First degree. H. Nesbitt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting May 13, 1901. Work, Third degree. Burr Porter, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 29 R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evening of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting May 8, 1901. Work ——. James Kelly, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8:00 p. m. Next conclave May 7, 1901. Thomas J. Davis, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, SITTING BULL TRIBE, NO. 25, WEST Duluth, meets second and fourth Thursdays of the month at Great Eastern hall. W. S. McCullum, sachem; W. E. Day, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, We-ke-me-wup tribe, No. 17, meets every Monday evening in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street. C. Evans, Sachem; N. J. Orr, Chief of Records.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. Robert Rankin, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES.—Duluth tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. Charles J. Hector, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at 118 West Superior street. Grand officers of domain of Minnesota will pay official visit May 7. G. H. Prudden, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

ATTENTION KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS—All knights are requested to present themselves at the village hall, Proctor-knott, on Sunday, May 5, 1901, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of attending the funeral of the late Brother F. D. Harwood, deceased. W. F. Granger, Chancellor Commander.

I. O. O. F.

ZENITH CITY LODGE, NO. 160, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening, at 8 p. m., in Columbus hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Work in the Second degree April 16. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. W. A. Rehder, N. G.; D. J. Dewar, secretary.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS.—Court Eastern Star, No. 86, meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. Harry Milnes, chief ranger, city hall. James Herrell, treasurer, Union depot.

U. C. T.

ZENITH, NO. 40, DULUTH, MINN. Regular meetings fourth Saturday night of each month, Elks' hall, Superior street. W. N. Donaldson, S. C.; C. W. Sutton, secretary and treasurer.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—BEDROOM SET, FOLDING bed, dining table, combination book case and writing desk, refrigerator. Will be sold at a bargain as owner is leaving city. Can be seen 1632 East First.

FOR SALE—ROLL TOP DESK, OAK, 4½ feet, $15; standing desk, oak, 6 feet, $10. Fran...n Paine, Board of Trade.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, FIFTY HIGH bred chickens, movable chicken house and fence. Call noons or after 5 o'clock. 930 East First street.

FOR SALE—CANDY AND CIGARETTE stock, also store building and table. 1402 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—CAR LOAD OF FRESH milch cows. Will exchange for beef cows. 1325 London road.

MAKE ME AN OFFER FOR LOT 4, block 8, Helm addition. W. P. Lardner, 211 First National Bank building.

FOR SALE—8-ROOM HOUSE AND LOT 50 by 140 feet, located at 123 East Third street. Price, $3250. Easy terms.

FOR SALE—A GOOD THREE ROOM house with kitchen and cellar on Park Point. Inquire at 104 East Superior street. Poirier & Nordstrom.

FOR SALE—A GOOD TENT, SIZE 14 by 20, just the thing for Park Point. Will sell cheap; also lady's bicycle, new. Call 324 Seventh avenue east.

FOR SALE—HOUSEHOLD GOODS, cheap; parties leaving city; call at 523 East Sixth street.

FOR SALE—GOOD COW, NEW MILCH, May 10. Hans Olson, 402 Sixty-sixth avenue south, West Duluth.

FOR SALE—CHEAP TWO CLEVELand bicycles, lady's and gent's; used but little. 109 East Third.

FOR SALE—A CARLOAD OF FRESH milch cows, at Sixty-fifth and Grand avenues, West Duluth. N. E. Grindy.

FOR SALE—FIRST CLASS BOARDING house doing good business. Modern. M 27, Herald.

FOR SALE—FURNITURE FOR A 5-room flat. For particulars address 127 First avenue west.

FOR SALE—RESTAURANT. 346 LAKE avenue south. O. Ramsey.

FOR SALE—TWENTY THOUSAND brick, $5 per 1000. T. Downie, 3012 West First street.

FOR SALE—LARGE OAK SIDEBOARD, rugs, carpets, dining table, refrigerator, sewing machine, curtains, draperies, lady's bicycle. 30 Twelfth avenue east.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, ON EASY TERMS, one first-class high top Estey organ, also bedstead, commode and small gasoline stove. No. 1 Monger terrace.

FOR SALE—EGGS FOR HATCHING, from 50 cents to $2 per sitting. G. Hood Thompson, Glen Avon Poultry Yards, Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE—SEED POTATOES—A FEW bushels of Sir Williams and Carman No. 1. G. Hood Thompson, Glen Avon, Duluth.

FOR SALE—S. KANER HAS JUST ARrived with a carload of fresh milch cows. 1122 East Fourth street.

HORSES HORSES

Barrett & Zimmerman have at their stables, opposite the Post-office, Duluth, from 300 to 400 head horses constantly on hand.

Private sales daily. Part time given if desired.

ARTIST.

FIRST CLASS ARTIST WILL TEACH. 25 cents per hour, all materials furnished. Oil paintings for sale; prices reasonable Mrs. C. Thomson, 125 West Second street.

PILES AND RUPTURE.

PERMANENT CURE GUARANTEED, without cutting. Duluth references. Illustrated circular. 1003 West Michigan. Hours 1 to 4.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

LADY BOOKKEEPER WOULD LIKE position. Recent graduate of Nimmo's Business college, Sarnia, Ont. Call or address M. F. Rose, 626 West Third street.

EXPERIENCED HOUSEMAID REquires situation. Highest references. Address M, Herald office.

WANTED — POSITION BY MAN WHO has had nine years' experience as buyer and manager of a $20,000 stock of dry goods, clothing, shoes, etc. A 1 references. E. J. Goward, Aitkin, Minn.

WOMAN WOULD LIKE SCRUBBING, ironing or any kind of housework. Address 17 East Superior street.

TAILOR WANTS SITUATION TO make pants and do repairing. Can do cutting. K 10, Herald.

EXPERIENCED GIRL WITH BEST OF disposition, would like a place in a private family where she does not have to sleep up in the attic. Newly married people preferred. Please state wages and number in family. Address K 9, Herald.

HOUSECLEANING, SCRUBBING, OR stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 23 First avenue east. Work guaranteed.

TYPEWRITERS.

FOR SALE—REMINGTON AND SMITH typewriters from $25 up. Write for samples. M. J. Doherty, 155 Washington street, Chicago, Ill.

PIANO TUNING.

FIRST CLASS PIANO TUNING. C. A. Gregory, 9 First avenue west. Zenith 'phone 606.

DRESSMAKING.

MRS. N. O. NARVESON, WILL RESume her dressmaking at 731 East Fourth street, May 15. Suits a specialty.

NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL.

IMPORT of 1900, 75c a bottle; $1 express prepaid. C. J. Tufte, Druggist, Duluth.

HERBAQUEEN'S SPECIFIC.

REMEDIES FOR ANY BLOOD POISONing trouble. 319 First avenue east.

ACCOUNTANT.

BOOKS OPENED AND CLOSED, ACcounts adjusted. Expert work a specialty. Would consider a permanency. References. F 99, Herald.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. Call at 2 First avenue west.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Must be good cook. Good wages. 2016 East Superior street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. None others need apply. 125 East Third street.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework. 314 East Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 522 Fourth avenue east.

WANTED—A NEAT YOUNG GIRL TO assist with housework. Apply 317 Fifth avenue east.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework or a nurse, small family, good wages. Romieux, 316 Fifth avenue east.

A SKIN FOOD, SATIN-SKIN CREAM does wonders in keeping a youthful complexion. 25c. Leading stores.

PERSONS EVERYWHERE WHO CAN write meritorious sketches, articles, or stories; good pay. Literary Bureau, 203 Caxton building, Chicago.

WANTED — DISH WASHER AND cook. 318 West Second street.

GOOD GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework, at 2221 East First street. Mrs. J. B. Richards.

WANTED — NEAT, RELIABLE GIRL for light housework. 2116 East Third street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, one who can sleep at home. Family of two. 206 East First street, third flat.

WANTED—WOMAN TO DO CLEANING and scrubbing. Tremont hotel.

WANTED—AT ONCE, SIX GIRL DISHwashers. Apply to Stewart, Spalding hotel.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1431 East First street.

WANTED — SEWING GIRL AND ONE apprentice. Mrs. J. A. Clarey, 22 West Fifth street.

WANTED — CHAMBERMAID AND dish washer. The Midland hotel.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 112 East Third street.

WANTED—GOOD NURSE GIRL. 1306 East Second.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

$100 MONTHLY, NEW PATENT METallic bread boards. Sample free. E. H. Forshee, company, Cincinnati, Ohio.

WANTED—TRAVELING AND ADVERtising man for Minnesota, $15 weekly to start and all expenses. Steady work, good route. Address Road Manager, 332 Dearborn street, office 300, Chicago, Ill.

RELIABLE MAN TO HANDLE ugents for telephone tablets and specialties; pays $5000 per year. Enclose stamp. Victory Mfg. Co., Cleveland, O.

YOUNG MEN, OUR ILLUSTRATED catalogue explains how we teach barber trade in short time, mailed free. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis Minn.

ACTIVE MAN BY LARGE MANUFACturing house to work at home, $36 in cash paid for twelve days' trial; promotion and permanent position if satisfactory. Address S. P. Co., 720 Ranstead street, Philadelphia, Pa.

SALESMEN — RESPONSIBLE MANUfacturer and wholesaler will employ two grocery salesmen for this state. Permanent territory. Good salary to right men. F. & A. Co., care Herald.

WE PAY $20 A WEEK AND EXPENSES to men with rigs to introduce Poultry Compound. International Manufacturing company, Parsons, Kas.

WANTED—BY AN OLD ESTABLISHED manufacturing house; resident manager for general sales agency. Salary, $1500 per annum and extra commissions. Office duties exclusively. Must furnish $800 cash and satisfactory references. District Manager, 300 Johnston Building, Cincinnati, O.

CIGAR SALESMEN, GOOD PAY; EXperience unnecessary. E. Manuel & Co., 208 East One Hundred and Sixth street, New York.

MECHANICS, ENGINEERS, ELECTRIcians, firemen, etc., new 40-page pamphlet containing questions asked by examining board of engineers, sent free. George A. Zeller, publisher, St. Louis, Mo.

A GOOD SALESMAN WANTED FOR line of dry goods and blankets for country trade. Liberal commission. Byrn Mawr mills, Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED MATTress maker. Apply 104 Providence building.

WANTED—SEVERAL GOOD MACHINists. Superior Iron works, West Superior, Wis.

WANTED — GOOD ELEVATOR BOY. Apply Hotel St. Louis.

Business Men Supplied with competent stenographers and accountants free of charge. Apply to

W. C. McCarter,
Business University.

YOUNG MEN support themselves while learning a profession. How? See or write C. S. Cable, representative International Correspondence Schools, 205 New Jersey Building., Duluth, open evenings.

WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—AGENTS FOR THE ONLY legitimate all chemical, Phoenix Fire Extinguisher, on the market. Phoenix company, Richmond, Ind.

MAN OR WOMAN WANTED TO EMploy and superintend agents, $18 per week salary and expenses. Permanent position. Zeigler company, 320 Monon building, Chicago, Ill.

LADY AGENT—YOUR OPPORTUNITY—Hygeia Straight Front and Military Corsets are money-makers. Every woman wants one. For terms apply Dept. D, Western Corset Co., St. Louis, Mo.

WANTED—MAN FOR THIS SECTION, by old house solid financial standing; $35 cash paid for two weeks trial; permanent if successful. Manager, 331 Caxton building, Chicago.

AGENTS—SALARY OR COMMISSION. Every owner of a lawn or telephone buys our wonderful lawn sprinkler or telephone tablet on sight. Big profits; easy to handle. One agent's sales amounted to $500 in six days. Others make $50 a week. Victory Manufacturing company, Cleveland, Ohio.

LADY OR GENTLEMEN AGENTS TO sell household goods on easy payments. No capital required. Gately Supply company, 8 East Superior street.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT — LARGE FURNISHED house and yard for summer. 616 East Fourth.

FOR RENT—PARK POINT—NEWLY built five-room cottage, near end of car line. Inquire No. 109 East First street.

FOR RENT—6-ROOM HOUSE, MODern; central location. Inquire at 617 Fourth avenue east.

FOR RENT—FOR SUMMER, A MODern furnished house, moderate rent. Romieux, 316 Fifth avenue east.

FOR RENT—SIX ROOM HOUSE, CITY water, 5315 London road, $15 per month. Apply 924 East Fifth street.

FOR RENT—6-ROOM HOUSE, FURnished, with modern improvements; desirable location. Address T 2, Herald.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE, ALL modern improvements, desirable location, East End. Moderate rent for about four months. Address M 8, Herald.

FOR RENT—STRICTLY MODERN NINE room house three blocks from postoffice. Myers' Bros., 205 Lyceum.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, ALL conveniences, 809 East First.

FOR RENT—ROOMS, 120 SIXTH AVEnue west.

FOR RENT — FOUR FURNISHED rooms, 527 West Second street.

FOR RENT—FRONT ROOM AND ALcove, 210 East Third street.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOMS WITH water. 1325 London road.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED FRONT parlor with folding bed. 320 East Second street.

FOR RENT—LARGE FRONT ROOM, 21 Eleventh avenue west.

FOR RENT—LARGE FURNISHED front room, 209 West Third street.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—MODERN 4-ROOM FLAT in heart of city, every convenience. Apply to Alwin White, 215 East Third street.

FOR RENT—PARTLY FURNISHED 5-room flat in Buffalo flats for the summer. 205 Board of Trade building.

FOR RENT—ONE NEW 5-ROOM FLAT. Call 508 West Third street. Small family.

FOR RENT—MAY 1, FLAT 2, BUFFAlo flats. F. C. Smith, 206 Palladio building.

FINE FIVE-ROOM MODERN BRICK flat. No children. Volk, Palladio building.

STORE FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—IN WEST DULUTH, MEAT market, tools all complete. Apply W. Langslow, 619 Sixty-first avenue west.

PART OF STORE FOR RENT, $10 PER month. 714 West Superior street.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—TO RENT, TWO OR THREE unfurnished rooms or part of house. Centrally located. Address K 19, Herald.

WANTED TO RENT—A MODERN nine or ten-room residence in eastern section of city. Address, stating terms, D. D. Gaillard, captain corps of engineers, Providence building.

BOARD OFFERED.

NICELY FURNISHED FRONT ROOM for two gentlemen. Also table boarders. 32 West Second street.

BOARD AND ROOMS—SINGLE OR EN suite. 207 West Second street.

FURNISHED ROOM AND BOARD suitable for two, 228 Second avenue west, corner Third street.

FIRST CLASS BOARD AND ROOMS, with all modern conveniences. 318 West Second street.

ROOMS AND BOARD, 120 FIRST AVEnue west; very central.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOple holding responsible positions; also on diamonds, pianos, furniture, live stock and all kinds of personal property. Easy payments. Confidential. Western Loan Co., 521 Manhattan Bldg., Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. We buy consolidated stock. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmonds, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., 324 W. Sup. street. Established 1893.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

CARPET CLEANING WORKS.

THE DULUTH-SUPERIOR STEAM carpet cleaning and rug works, 1522 West Michigan street. Telephone 532.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

MANDOLIN, GUITAR, VIOLIN, BANJO. Prof. J. L. Robinson, over Big Duluth. Mandolin orchestra for all occasions.

LOST.

LOST—MALE PUPPY, WHITE, HAVing brown spots. Return to 203 Eleventh avenue west. Reward offered.

CHAMPION IRON COMPANY BOOKS burned. Stockholders send date, number of certificates and number of shares held by you to W. Van Brunt, 8 Exchange building.

CHIMNEY SWEEP.

CHIMNEY AND FURNACE CLEANING storm windows taken off. W. Simpson, Zenith Tele. 738; office 119 W. First St.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

RAILROAD WATCHES.

REPAIRED AND ADJUSTED. HARRIS & Esterly, 406 West Superior street.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

WATCH REPAIRING.

HARRIS-ESTERLY. 406 W. SUP. ST.

A SPECIALTY. M. HENRICKSEN, expert watchmaker, 334 W. Sup. St.

POPULAR MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC. 2000 COPIES. 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

GASOLINE AND STOVES.

BUY YOUR GASOLINE AND STOVES at 211 E. Sup. St. and have your stoves kept in order free of charge. 'Phone 580.

CARPET CLEANING.

GOOD CURE FOR SMALLPOX—HAVE your carpets cleaned and feathers renovated. Also have your old carpets made into rugs. First-class upholstering done. Superior Rug company, C. F. Forsell, manager. 'Phone 949. 217 East Superior street.

MEDICAL.

LADIES — GUARANTEED "REGULAtor Remedy," never failed. Harmless; only reliable. Money refunded if not satisfactory. Write to Paris Chemical company, Milwaukee, Wis.

LADIES — GUARANTEED "REGULAtor Remedy" never falls; harmless; quick relief; one full box free; write to Paris Chemical Co., Milwaukee, Wis.

WOMEN FEMALE BEANS great monthly regulator; strongest, best, safest; contain Ergot, Tansy, Pennyroyal; not a single failure; longest, most obstinate cases relieved in a few days; $2.00 at S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, druggists, Duluth

MEN NO CURE, NO PAY. If you have small, weak organs, lost power or weakening drains, our Vacuum Organ Developer will restore you without drugs or electricity; 75,000 in use; not one failure; not one returned; no C. O. D. fraud; write for free particulars, sent sealed in plain envelope. LOCAL APPLIANCE CO., 115 Thorpe Bik., Indianapolis, Ind.

ATTORNEY.

S. D. ALLEN, ATTORNEY. 711-712 Palladio building.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows' building. Best work. Moderate prices.

STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

WHITE LINE TRANSPORTATION CO.

Isle Royale and Apostle Islands Routes

STR. MABEL BRADSHAW
Leaves Singer's dock Mondays and Thursdays at 9 a. m. for Two Harbors, Grand Marais, Isle Royale, Port Arthur and intermediate points.

STR. BON VOYAGE
Leaves Singer's dock Mondays and Thursdays at 8 p. m. for Hayfield, Ontonagon, Hancock and Houghton. JOHN FLYNN, Agt. W. H. SINGER, Mgr., Lyceum Bldg. Lake Ave. and Canal.

STEAMSHIPS.

DOMINION LINE

Record Voyage 6 Days, 7 Hours, 22 Minutes.

BOSTON to LIVERPOOL via QUEENSTOWN
Commonwealth, twin screw, 13000 tons, May 8
New England, twin screw, 11000 tons, May 22
PORTLAND to LIVERPOOL via Queenstown
Cambroman.....May 4 Dominion.....June 1
Vancouver.....May 18 Cambronan.....June 8

T. H. LARKE, Gen. N. W. Agent, 127 So. 3rd St. Guaranty Bldg.. Minneapolis, Minn.

Railroad Time Tables.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv.. Duluth ..Ar	p.m.	3:40
8:15 a.m.	Ar.. Proctor ..Lv	p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m.	Ar. Iron Jctn..Lv	p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar.. Wolf ..Lv	p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar. Virginia..Lv	p.m.	12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar. Eveleth ..Lv	p.m.	12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar.. Sparta..Lv	p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar. Biwabik..Lv	p.m.	12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar. Mtn. Iron..Lv	p.m.	12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar. Hibbing..Lv	p.m.	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

8 15 pm	Lv.. Duluth ..Ar	12 00 m
7 15 pm	Ar.. Virginia..Lv	7:35 am
7 40 pm	Ar.. Eveleth..Lv	7:35 am
7 50 pm	Ar.. Ely ..Lv	7:19 am

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave	DULUTH.	Arrive
†* 25 pm	ST. PAUL	†1 55 pm
11 10 pm	AND MINNEAPOLIS	*6 30 am
*Daily	†Daily Except Sunday.	
*7 55 am	Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana & Coast Points.	*6 43 pm
†3 00 pm	Swan River, Hibbing, Int. Points	†11 58 am

Sleeper for 11:10 p. m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m. J. G. MOONEY, Nor. Pass Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**9 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**4 00 pm
*4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 59 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oskosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL.	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RY.

Leave—		Arrive—
*4 00 pm	Ashland and East	* 7 15 am
*7 30 pm	Minn & Dakota Express	* 7 10 am
*11 10 pm	Pacific Express	* 7 00 pm

"DULUTH SHORT LINE"

†9 00 am	St. Paul	*8 45 am
* 1 55 pm	and	†2 10 pm
*11 10 pm	Minneapolis.	*7 00 pm

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway.
426 Spalding Hotel Block. Union Depot.

Leave		Arrive
**5 45 pm	**Ex. Saturday. *Ex. Sunday. BOSTON LIMITED EXPRESS.	*9 50 am
*7 25 am		*8 00 pm

SECTION TWO.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

SECTION TWO.

SATURDAY, MAY 4, 1901.

(2)

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

PREPARING FOR THE STRUGGLE

Faculty and Pupils Training Their Nines---Ball Team at Cloquet---Dramatic Entertainment a Great Success.

The long expected and much talked of baseball game between the seniors and faculty team of the High School will occur next Saturday afternoon at Oneota park. The seniors, although they have the advantage in age and agility, are hardly as good at the bat as the "colts," and will have to win the game by their base running. The faculty team is composed of men who have almost all of them played ball at college, and their line-up contains some stars. Although a goodly number of years has elapsed since the instructors have handled the sphere, nothing daunted they went at their training with a vim and vigor that surprised every one, and will surprise many more who have not seen them play, as they hold the time and place of practice strictly secret. When they first got out there was a call for witch hazel that almost raised the price of that indispensable concoction, and most of their left arms were sore from rubbing the witch hazel on their right ones. There were a few, however, who had no particular trouble with their arms, but who limped around the school building like wooden-legged men. Then the freshmen rejoiced, as almost all of the hands were so sore and raw from catching balls that there was not a single licking administered during a whole week, but with departing pain came returning vigor, and it has caused some people at the high school a deal of trouble to tell some of the instructors apart from the "boys."

The "colts" vow and declare that they could not afford to let themselves get beaten by a lot of their own pupils, and consequently do not expect to come out at the little end of the horn, but the seniors, on the other hand, have treasured up a long string of D's for four years, and say nothing but saw wood. It will be a hard fought game and like those fought in the class room every day, but for blood, and each side is working hard and lying in their trenches ready for the fray.

Foster, who will pitch for the faculty, is an old university man, and has some left handed out shoots that are calculated to puzzle the students more than ever any of his algebra ever did. Talbert, who catches, is an old Johns Hopkins man, and is an exceedingly good man for the place. Hutchinson, on first, rarely ever misses a ball, and Crull, at second, hauls down flies and digs up grounders as though that was his only purpose in life. E. K. Smith is a pitcher, but his arm has got out of plumb from teaching the young idea how to shoot, and he will play third.

Baldwin, who hails from Yale, will instruct the senior batters what happens when A. equaling the ball, meets B. C. A. Smith, who will take care of the right garden, is an old underhanded pitcher. Thomas, at center field, is an exceptionally strong man, and Woolman, in the left field, will scientifically pull down all the flies that come out his way. Messrs. Rudolph, Custer and Ulrich will act as substitutes. The strong point of the faculty team is at the bat, and there will undoubtedly be some home runs chalked up to their credit before the game is over. Practically every one in the high school will attend the game and root impartially for both sides. The proceeds of the game will be used to clear off outstanding debts of the Athletic association.

The line-up of the two teams is as follows, subject to change:

Seniors.		Faculty.
Talbert	catcher	Rose
Foster	pitcher	Fisher
Hutchinson	first base	Payne
Crull	second base	Howes
Baldwin	short stop	Olson
E. K. Smith	third base ...	Magnusson
C. A. Smith	right field	Bradley
Thomas	center field	Haroldson
Woolman	left field	C. Smith

Louie Kline will officiate as umpire for the "colts," and David Paddock will be asked to help out the seniors in that line.

THE BASEBALL TEAM.

At Cloquet Today---Last Saturday's Game.

The high school team is trying conclusions with the Cloquet high school team at the latter place this afternoon, and if things turn out as the home boys expect them to, they are by this time wiping up the earth with the Cloquetians.

That the high school team is this year an exceptionally good one was demonstrated last Saturday afternoon when it defeated the Nelson-Dewey high school team of Old Superior by a score of 26 to 5 without any apparent effort. That the locals were able to run up such a score against the boys from across the bay is due chiefly to Allen Cumming's good work in the box. Cummings was last year's crack pitcher, and has kept himself in form, and secured added control during the winter, which enabled him to pitch the whole nine innings and fan twenty-four men out. In reality he fanned twenty-five, but one man struck at a wild throw, which Potter was unable to get, and made his first. Of the three outs that were not made by Cummings, one was made by Alworth, at second, one by Guy Cummings, on first, and one Superiorite was called out for batting out of his turn. Potter's work behind the bat was excellent, he permitting only three balls to get past him during the whole time.

All of the men played well, and there are none of them who could be seriously criticised. A good many men who were not in the habit of sawing under the old rules sawed once or twice under the new ones. They would get two fouls and then strike at a ball and thus fan. Edward Congdon, the captain, was conspicuous by his absence, he being kept at home by illness, and was missed out in the middle pasture. It is a question, however, whether he would have been of any material assistance to the team, as so few balls got out in that direction from the Superiorites batting that he would not have had much of a chance. However, it is certain that had he got after the ball with the hickory he could have chalked up a few more scores to the credit of his team. Allen Cummings took charge of the team for the afternoon, and handled it very efficiently. One of the enjoyable features of the game was the extraordinary fairness of the decisions rendered by the umpire, Paddock, of Duluth.

The men who went up this morning to Cloquet are as follows: Catcher, Potter; pitcher, Al Cummings; first, Dash; second, Alworth; short stop, Peterson; third, Andrews and Stancke; left field, Berg; center field, Congdon; right field, Clayton and Adams, and they can be depended upon to render a good account of themselves.

The games, as scheduled by Manager Richards, are: Today, at Cloquet; May 18, at Ashland, and June 1, when the boys will play the Superior normals at Oneota park. This will be one of the tightest games ever seen in Duluth. The normals have lost their old pitcher, he now being a teacher, but have found a wonder in the shape of an Indian, who, from all accounts, is a regular whirlwind when it comes to speed. Whether or not he is too speedy for Duluth remains to be seen.

WINNING HIGH HONORS.

Joseph Cook In Cornell Oratory Contest.

The Cornell Daily Sun, published by the students of Cornell university, in its issue of April 27, gives the name of Joseph W. Cook, of Duluth, as one of the twelve to reach the stage in the competition for the memorial prize in oratory, presented by the class of '86, consisting of $700 in gold, or a medal of that value. There are 100 students selected from the university entered into the competition, and in four preliminary trials have been reduced to twelve, who will publicly strive for the coveted prize on the evening of May 24.

Mr. Cook, who is the son of Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Hargreaves, of this city, is a graduate of the Duluth high school, and received there his first training in public speaking. His unusual success last September in entering the junior class, after passing with honor a difficult examination, reflected credit, not only upon himself, but upon the high school here. The worth of Mr. Cook and other Duluth boys at Cornell is going far towards the acceptance of a diploma from the high school in place of entrance examinations.

HARD AT WORK.

Track Team Preparing For Field Day.

The announcement last Saturday that the interscholastic meet at Minneapolis would occur May 24, instead of June 8, and that the high school track team would attend, has given an added zest to the men working, and the fact that the preliminary will occur May 18, instead of the 25th, has brought the men who were not doing really hard, conscientious work to time, and if the way the men are training now is any indication, the Duluth team will carry off their share of the prizes. Dr. Park, the football coach, has been out with some of the men several times, and given some very valuable advice. "Doc" did some distance running at the University of Pennsylvania, under Murphy, and consequently is able to give the men a great deal of expert advice, which otherwise they would not be able to secure. The dates as announced in last Saturday's Herald are correct, and unless something very unforseen occurs these will stand.

HIGH SCHOOL PLAYS.

Fine Artistic and Financial Success.

Over $200 were cleared by the seniors on the two plays presented last evening at the high school. Over 1000 people were present and the hearty applause was a fine testimonial to the student actors from their friends. The plays themselves are of the farcical order, but are exceedingly good and contain many bright and interesting situations. "The Bicyclers" has more rapid action than "A Proposal Under Difficulties," but the latter has the element of laughter, although it is of the laughable sort that holds the attention. The rendition of the two pieces was almost professional and the participants did even better than was expected. The actors and management are to be congratulated on their very successful and clever performance.

Hans Haroldson, who had the part of Robert Yardsley, an expert bicycle rider, was very good, and Joe Pierce, as the beginner, carried his part exceptionally well. Albert Olsen, as Jack Barlow, had a good part and took advantage of all that was in it, and Edith Cook, who had the part of Mrs. Thadeus Perkins, made a decided hit. Eleanor Pineo and Mildred Cleland carried their parts well.

Rene Hugo, although he was very good in "The Bicyclers," outdid himself in the second piece as Robert Van Dyke, the man who did the proposing under difficulties and, carried off the honors of the evening. Joe Pierce, who had a good part in the first play, had a much better one in the second. Miss Mary Bartlett, in the leading feminine part, was charming and perfectly natural. Lulu Magoffin, as the troublesome maid, and Will Rose, as the violent coachman, had good comic parts and filled them well. On the whole, the entertainment was a great success and the seniors are well pleased with the result of their efforts. Miss Rena Smith sang and V. Rakowsky played a piano solo during the intermission and were heartily encored.

RURAL HIGH SCHOOLS.

Bills Passed By the Michigan Legislature.

Lansing, Mich., May 4.—Two unusually important bills were sent to the governor, having passed both houses. One provides that school districts may unite on a vote of a majority of the unqualified electors and provide for a rural high school. The other applies practically prohibitory conditions to the sale of malt, brewed or spirituous liquors by druggists, and also makes it unlawful to display liquors in store windows.

No progress was made toward the settlement of the differences between the two houses over the provisions of the equal taxation bill, and further action regarding a compromise has been postponed until next Tuesday.

IS A MASCOT.

Name of Helen M. Gould Applied to Fish Schooner.

New York, May 4.—Capt. Sol Jacobs, of Gloucester, has the honor of owning and commanding the staunch new fishing schooner Helen M. Gould, and the name which, with Miss Gould's permission he gave his craft, has proved such a mascot that he has come to be known as the "king of the fishermen." His catches are so marvelous, as the stories go, that as the result of the comparatively few trips to the banks, he has become distinctly a plutocrat.

It was not altogether Capt. Sol Jacobs' individual inspiration either that led him to select the name for his schooner which has brought him luck. It was the combined wish of all the hardy Gloucester men that served in the Spanish war that Miss Gould's name appear on the bows of Capt. Jacob's smart new craft.

It is customary when a vessel has been named for a person that that person present to the vessel a set of colors. The colors came not from Miss Gould. Her secretary explained today that this was because Miss Gould was unfamiliar with this detail of marine manners. As soon as she learned her deficiency she wrote to Capt. Jacobs a note in which she said she would send the colors, and not only that, but hoped to visit the schooner herself in person and present them.

From the moment of the receipt of that letter the schooner became a floating school of fashionable deportment. Capt. Jacobs himself overhauled a volume of "The Perfect Gentleman," lent him by a retired Gloucester skipper whose wife and daughters went into society some time ago and took the skipper along with them as far as his rather deep craft would allow. With this volume for a guide, Capt. Jacobs laid the keel of a fine masterfeldian boat.

The last time the Helen Miller Gould came into port and tied up opposite the Fulton street fish market, Capt. Jacobs prepared to clear for etiquette action at the first cry of the lookout. But the cry did not come, for Miss Gould did not come. In her place, however, came two of her household, bearing the colors and the regrets of the donor that she could not, as she had hoped, present them in person. She may visit the schooner later.

REVISION

Of the Tariff Said to Be Favored By McKinley.

New York, May 4.—A Washington special to the Sun (Rep.) says: The recent rebellion of Representative Babcock of Wisconsin and the heresies taught by Mr. Roberts, the director of the mint, and others concerning the tariff, are causing considerable alarm among the high protection leaders of the Republican party, and as soon as the president returns from California they will try to secure his influence in silencing those that are advocating a reduction of duties.

This will be difficult, if not impossible, because President McKinley, as loyal a protectionist as there is in the Republican party, is himself of the opinion that modifications in the tariff must be made to meet changed conditions, and that it is wise for the Republican party to make them voluntarily at the next presidential campaign.

In other words, President McKinley is a strong believer in the reciprocity theory, and considers it the best policy to promote the foreign trade by exchanging tariff concessions with the countries whose markets we are seeking. He realizes that we must cut down duties sooner or later, and he is in favor of discriminating in the interest of the countries that will reciprocate.

Senator Hanna says that he can speak only for himself. He does not presume to direct the policy nor express the sentiments of the Republican party nor of the administration, but in his humble opinion the Dingley tariff bill is as perfect an example of scientific legislation as was ever enacted by the congress of the United States or any other legislative body. It represents the experience and the learning of half a century, and it would be a wicked mistake to repeal or amend it. He says:

"I appreciate that industrial conditions have changed considerably since the law was passed, and that certain modifications must be made sooner or later by adjusting the rates of duties, but these modifications must be done by the men who framed the original law in the interest of the industries which it was intended to protect.

"For myself, I think it may be accomplished by the negotiation of reciprocity treaties, and wherever we remove or reduce the duties upon articles from any particular country, we should try to induce the government of that country to make concessions in favor of our products. In other words, it is good policy to use this opportunity to secure advantages for our agricultural and mechanical exports in the foreign market.

"I don't believe there is any general opposition to the principle of reciprocity in congress, although I admit that it is sometimes difficult to adjust legislation to please all conflicting interests. The failure of the French reciprocity treaty at the last session was due to misunderstanding and rivalry between two committees rather than opposition to its provisions or the principle it represented."

MARRIED COACHMAN.

L. M. Bowers Has Repudiated His Adopted Daughter.

Binghampton, N. Y., May 4.—Miss Louise Johnson, prominent in society as the adopted daughter of L. M. Bowers, the manager of the Rockefeller interests on the great lakes, has caused a sensation by marrying George Thayer, Mr. Bowers' coachman. She renounced wealth, society and family to marry Thayer. The wedding was performed by Rev. E. D. Hammond of the First Christian church.

The bridegroom took his bride to his quarters in Mr. Bowers' coach house, where they now live. Mr. Bowers refuses to recognize her as his daughter, saying she is simply his house maid, who married his coachman.

ROOT MAY RESIGN

Secretary of War Said to Be Anxious to Retire.

Judge Taft Is Likely to Be His Successor.

Interesting Point In Regard to Atlin Mining Claims.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, May 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—There was a time when it seemed as if Secretary of War Root would resign because of conflict in the cabinet. This was all settled by the president consenting that all legal questions connected with our insular possessions and the army in Cuba and the Philippines, should be taken out of the hands of the attorney general and left exclusively to the secretary of war. Now a new important suggestion has arisen. It means Judge Taft, of the Philippine commission, for secretary of war. Mr. Root is a very eminent lawyer. His firm has become involved in the New York street car litigation concerning the cold air system. Root was the counselor to the company. They demand his services and he could also be employed by those holding Cuban bonds and claims against the United States growing out of the Spanish-American war. He feels he is losing $25,000 to $100,000 a year. He also sees the prospects of a presidential nomination to the state of New York, with himself as a possible candidate. More than this, he sees the possibility of succeeding Platt in the senate. Root has the RooseVelt influence and friendship behind him, and can win over Governor Odell. This means that Root has signified his desire to leave the cabinet and return to his profession. As the war department has the most to do with the islands and the army stationed therein, and has the severe burden of avoiding international complications, a person acquainted with the islands, particularly the Philippines, and who is a good lawyer, is needed for that place. Taft will fill the mission, and has indicated his willingness to do so, as he desires to return from the Philippines. He feels that his work is done there, his subordinates can carry out what is left and his health is being seriously affected by the tropics. Upon the return of the president from the Western trip these changes will take definite shape.

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An interesting development has resulted in the investigation of the Atlin mining claims. James Hamilton Lewis appeared at the state department seeking to have these cases assigned for argument, when the discovery was made to him that the British government claimed that $700,000 of property, for which compensation is demanded through the United States, was subject to the Canadian laws. The claim is made that when the American citizens took their oath of improvements under the mining laws, they also in the oath made a declaration of their allegiance to the British crown. This being so, it is contended by the government of Canada that these Americans were as completely subject to the British law as the British citizens. Therefore, if they claim any rights, they must make their claim in a British court. The claimants answer that if they took such oath it was inadvertant and they did not know it existed on the paper.

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Solicitor of State Penfield gave out the official information today that the Canadian government, in answer to the alien law, claims, referring to all of them, that this law required for its legality the approval of the head officers at Ottawa; that these officers have now formally disapproved the act, which gives it the effect of an unconstitutional law; that all acts by the officers of the British Columbia government become thereby illegal. The Canadian government, therefore, claims that for the illegal acts of the officers in destroying the mining property and confiscating it, the officers alone are responsible; that the American citizens must sue the officers for damages; that the government can only become liable for acts done under a law approved, making the same valid law. Solicitor Penfield has submitted to Col. Lewis a question for him to answer by a legal brief in behalf of his clients, whether or not this disapproval by the Canadian government does or does not affect the liability of the Canadian government as such, and whether the claimants are now relegated to a Canadian court to sue the officers who dispossess them. In the communications addressed by the state department to the counsel for the claimants, he is given very flattering credit for being the authority and the influence in bringing about this repudiation by the Canadian government, by the vigor with which the suits for the American citizens were pressed through the state department. Solicitor Penfield said that whatever effect this act would have upon the present claimants, the litigation had succeeded in protecting future Americans from similar deprivation of property, such as had befallen those who had brought their suits.

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I recently called attention to the possibility of Mr. Wilson, now minister to Chili, being appointed minister to Japan in the place of Minister Buck. I stated that Buck had started back to Japan to close up his affairs. He did not go; he was taken ill and is now lying sick at the Hamilton hotel in this city. It is now most probable that he will resign, giving health as the reason. The real fact is, that in the Eastern complications a diplomat and statesman is needed. Buck is a good Georgia farmer, and was a successful lumberman, but the attempt to build up a white Republican party in the South by giving foreign missions to men who have no fitness for them proved that such was bad for the mission, and that men who were good for such missions were not in the Southern Republican party.

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Consul Caughy of Messina says that Pierce & Becker, of that city, recently received an inquiry from England as to the quality of Pocahontas coal. The English company, the letter stated, noted that the Messina firm had been discharging a cargo of this coal, and asked a candid opinion as to how it compared with Welsh. The answer reads, in part:

"We are not prepared to state what percentage of small a cargo of Pocahontas will show after discharge, but it will be perceptibly greater than in the case of a cargo of good screened Welsh coal. But the small of Pocahontas is more serviceable than that of the Welsh coal, excepting, perhaps, the limited number of first-class brands of Welsh small, although we are not even sure about this, as Pocahontas small cakes wonderfully well and is very clean. We have been using Pocahontas for years for our own steamers, which, we should add, have Howden's forced draft, and consequently fire bars rather close together. We should call it, taking it all around, fully equal to the very best Cardiff coal that we have had the opportunity of using, and we should say that on several occasions we have laid ourselves out to get the very best Cardiff coal, without sticking at the price, as we are convinced that the best coal is the cheapest in the long run. But we have found Welsh coal to vary considerably, the price and the brand being an unreliable guaranty as to quality and results; while Pocahontas coal, although it is only the run of the mine and not screened, is constant and practically always the same quality. For our part, we consider it to be, on the whole, a stronger and cleaner coal than such Welsh, even of the highest-price brands, as is accessible to the general public."

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Minister Allen writes from Seoul, Korea: The American firm of Colbran & Bostwick has received the contracts for a highway eighteen miles long, to cost $141,930, and for the extension along this road of the present electric street railway, to cost $356,560, in connection with an electric lighting plant for the city of Seoul. The same firm has a contract for the erection of a bank and office building in Seoul, to cost $34,860, and for purchasing nickel blanks sufficient for the coinage of nickel 5-cent pieces to the value of $2,000,000. It has also secured the contract for the system of waterworks for the city, which will cost in the neighborhood of $1,424,000, to be paid for by a loan secured upon the Korean customs revenues. Capable engineers are now making a survey for this work.

American mines in Korea are being successfully worked; the permanent staff of Americans engaged in these mines numbers some seventy men, eighteen having recently arrived.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

SALOON MEN'S BONDS.

Important Decision By State Supreme Court.

St. Paul, May 4.—The saloonkeepers of the state won a great victory in the supreme court yesterday.

In a decision filed by Justice Collins, a majority of the court reverses the district court of Renville county and holds that the $2000 bond, given by the saloonkeeper is one of indemnity, given to protect the state as well as private parties authorized to bring actions under the law of 1892. The amount, $2000, is held to be a penalty, and not in the nature of liquidated damages to be recovered in an entire sum in case any of the conditions of the bond are violated.

In other words, any one suffering injury by reason of violation of the law on the part of a saloonkeeper, can recover only the proportion of the $2000, to which he is entitled as actual damages, and the state cannot recover more.

In effect, this is said to make the bonds of saloonkeepers practically worthless, and the state can only fine the saloonkeeper, who violates the law, and revoke his license.

A majority of the court holds that to require the saloonkeeper to forfeit his bond as well as suffer the other penalties would be altogether too drastic. The minimum fine is $25, and the minimum village license, $500. The three justices declare that if the entire bond is forfeited the saloonkeeper could not get off with less than $2025, in addition to the loss of his license fee of $500 or $1000, as the case may be. This, they claim, is too severe for a misdemeanor, and the legislature could not have meant it.

Chief Justice Start and Justice Brown take the opposite view. Justice Brown writes the dissenting opinion, in which the chief justice concurs. These two hold that the bonds is a penalty to insure compliance with the law on the part of the licensed saloonkeeper, and that if he violates the law, the entire bond should be forfeited.

The decision is in the case of the State, respondent, vs. Martin J. Larson, Hans Gundersen and I. J. Haug, appellants, and the importance attached to the suit by the saloonkeepers is shown by the array of legal talent they had employed to defend Larson and his bondsmen. A. V. Rieke, county attorney, appeared for the state, and for the defendants there were Cobb & Wheelwright, of Minneapolis; E. L. Winje, of Sacred Heart, and A. J. Volstead, of Granite Falls.

In all probability an application for a rehearing will be made to the supreme court.

Larson was charged with selling liquor to a minor.

TOOK POISON.

Henry Boester of Ashland Committed Suicide.

Ashland, May 4.—Henry Boester, a well-known German citizen of Ashland, committeed suicide yesterday by taking "Tough-on-rats." He was a married man and leaves a family. He was prominent in the German Lutheran church. No reason for his act can be imagined. His body will be shipped to Defiance, Ohio, his former home.

ALTAR TO GRAVE.

An Ohio Bridegroom Acts as a Pallbearer.

Massillon, Ohio, May 4.—Benjamin H. Evans was yesterday morning married to Miss Alice Shetler, of Justus, and in the afternoon he was a pallbearer at the funeral of his sister-in-law, Mrs. Daniel Evans, who died suddenly Tuesday. Arrangements for the wedding had been made weeks ago and neither the bride nor groom would consent to a postponement. The funeral and the wedding both took place at the residence of J. J. Evans in this city.

W. J. FOOTNER DEAD.

St. Paul, May 4.—W. J. Footner, vice president and general manager of the Great Northern Express company, died suddenly of apoplexy at 2 o'clock this morning.

DULUTH SUNDAY CHURCH SERVICES

Rev. B. R. Patrick at Glen Avon---Miss Pearl Benham of Minneapolis to Sing at First Methodist.

At the First Methodist Episcopal church, the pastor, Rev. Samuel P. Long, will preach. Morning subject, "As a Man Thinketh In His Heart So Is He." Evening subject, "Sacredness of the Marriage Bond." Sunday school at 12 m. Epworth league devotional meeting at 6:30 p. m. The musical programs will be as follows:

MORNING.

Organ prelude—"Adoration," from sonata "Pascale" ..... J. Lemmens
Organist's Improvisation .....
Song—"Peace Troubled Heart" ..... Pinsute
Miss Pearl Benham, of Minneapolis.
Offertory—"Meditation" ..... Ed Lemaiyre
Mrs. Grace Senior-Brearley.
Song—"The Earth Is the Lord's" .....
..... Schnecker
Miss Benham.
Postlude—"Rondo," from sonata "Pathetoque" ..... Beethoven

EVENING.

Organ prelude—"Andante con moto," from "C Sharp Minor Sonatta" .....
..... F. G. Gleason
Organist's Improvisation .....
Song—"O Rest In the Lord" ..... Mendelssohn
Miss Benham.
Offertory ..... Saint Saens
Mrs. Grace Senior-Brearley.
Song—"Forever With the Lord" .. Gounod
Miss Benham.
Postlude—"March Pontificiale" .....
..... J. Lemmens

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At the Bethel, Lake avenue, at 10 a. m. and 7:45 p. m., Mrs. Amanda Smith, the colored revivalist, of Chicago, who for the past week has been conducting a series of gospel meetings, will speak and sing. Sunday school at 3 p. m. Junior Endeavor at 4 p. m. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:30 p. m., conducted by Mrs. Callahan. Mrs. Smith will also speak at this meeting. Special singing by Mrs. William Asher, and mixed quartet. Mrs. Smith with close her work in Duluth on Sunday night. A farewell meeting will be held on Monday evening for Evangelist L. R. Williamson, who for the past two months has conducted meetings in the Bethel. He leaves for his home in Pennsylvania. There will be special singing.

The Branch Bethel, 508 West Superior street, Sunday school at 3 p. m., L. A. Marvin, superintendent. Evening service at 7:45, conducted by Evangelist L. R. Williamson. Gospel meetings each evening during the week. On Monday evening a meeting will be conducted by the Young People's society of the Swedish Baptist church. On Tuesday evening the meeting will be conducted by the Y. P. S. C. E. of the First Presbyterian church. During the remainder of the week by Evangelist John Calhan.

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At Pilgrim Congregational church, Rev. Alexander Milne will preach in the morning on "The Face of Christ." and in the evening on "Man's Proper Food."

The music at Congregational church will be as follows:

MORNING.

Organ prelude .....
Anthem—"Like As a Harb" ..... Spence
Solos by Mrs. Berryman and Miss Hector.
Offertory .....
Duet—"Crucifix" ..... Faure
Mr. Tyler and Mr. Gearhart.
Postlude .....

EVENING.

Organ prelude .....
Trio—"How Lovely Are Thy Dwellings Fair" ..... Marston
Miss Hector, Mr. Tyler and Mr. Gearhart.
Offertory .....
Quartet—"While the Days Are Going By" ..... Hanscom
Postlude .....

The choir will consist of: Mrs. Berryman, soprano; Miss Tector, contralto; Mr. Tyler, tenor; Mr. Gearhart, bass; Miss Simonds, organist.

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At St. Paul's church tomorrow, services will be as follows: 8 a. m., holy communion; 11 a. m., holy communion and sermon; 7:30 p. m., evening prayer and sermon. The music will be as follows:

MORNING.

Processional—"The Son of God Goes Forth to War" .....
Introit—"Let Love Undying" .. Meyerbeer
Communion service in G ..... T. Morley
Anthem—"Crown Him With Many Crowns" ..... Brackett
Duet, Miss R. Smith, C. D. Shepard.
Hymn—"O Saving Victim" ..... Uglow
Recessional—"Guide Me, O Thou Great Jehovah" ..... Dykes

EVENING.

Processional—"The Son of God Goes Forth to War" .....
Psalm 84 ..... Chanted
"Canticles" ..... Chanted
Hymn—"Love Divine" ..... West
Anthem—"Now the Day Is Over" .. Tours
Orison—"Light at Evening Time" .....
..... Redhead
Recessional—"Guide Me, O Thou Great Jehovah" ..... Dykes

A. F. M. Custance, organist and choirmaster.

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At the First Unitarian church, Rev. Harry White will preach on "The Foundation and the Essence of Christianity."

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At the Second Presbyterian church, 1515 West Superior street, morning service will be at 10:30, subject "Love Tried and Found True." Sabbath school at 12 noon, L. P. Carter, superintendent. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:45 p. m. Evening service at 7:45 p. m., subject, "Fishing for Men." The pastor, Rev. A. C. Manson, will preach on both occasions.

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At the First Church of Christ, Scientist, No. 922 East Superior street, there will be services at 10:45 a. m. Subject, "Adam and Fallen Man." Christian Science reading room, No. 409 Burrows' building, open daily except Sunday from 10 a. m. to 4 p. m.

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At the First Baptist church there will be no services. The church is closed for repairs. The pastor, Rev. B. R. Patrick, will preach at Glen Avon Presbyterian church at 10:45 a. m. and 4:30 p. m.

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At the Glen Avon Presbyterian church Rev. B. R. Patrick will preach both morning and afternoon.

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In Grace M. E. church tomorrow morning Rev. H. W. Knowles will preach on "Being Mame Over," and in the evening on "The Foundation of Religion."

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At the First Christian church Rev. C. W. Worden will preach in the morning at 10:30. Subject, "The Model Church." No reason for his act can be imagined. In the series. Evening subject, "Three View Points of Christianity."

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Rev. John W. Powell, Jr., will preach at the Lester Park M. E. church Sunday at 10:30 a. m. on "The World Knew Him Not," and at 8 p. m. on "A Problem in Addition," second part.

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Commencing tomorrow morning Episcopal services will be held in the bishop's chapel on East Superior street, corner Twentieth avenue, regularly each Sunday, as follows: Holy communion, 8 a. m.; Sunday school, 3 p. m.; evening prayer and service, 4 p. m. Rev. Louis I. Belden, priest in charge.

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The platform meeting for men at the Y. M. C. A. tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock on the subject, "Health," will be addressed by Drs. Weston, Bagley and Taylor.

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At the Lakeside Presbyterian church Rev. John Wilson, of West Duluth, will conduct the morning service at 10:30. The evening service conducted by the pastor, Rev. J. B. Ferguson. Sunday school, 11:45; Intermediate C. E. and Y. P. S. C. E., 6:45.

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At the Mission church there will be the usual morning and evening services. At the evening service Rev. Albert Johanson will talk on the subject "Satan Bound for a Thousand Years," according to Rev. xx. The Y. P. S. will meet as usual at 5 p. m.

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At the Swedish Baptist church tomorrow services will be at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Rev. K. A. Lundin, the pastor, will preach both morning and evening. Sunday school at 12 m.; young people's meeting at 5 p. m.; prayer meeting on Thursday evening.

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At the Norwegian M. E. church Rev. O. H. Wilson will preach at 10:30 in the morning and 7:45 in the evening. Sunday school at 12 m.; young people's meeting at 7 p. m.

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Rev. John A. Anderson will preach tomorrow morning at the First Swedish M. E. church on "Our Eternal Hope." In the evening on "A Conversation Beyond the Grave." Sunday school at 12 m.; prayer meeting on Wednesday evening.

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At St. John's English Lutheran church, corner Third street and Lake avenue, there will be services Sunday morning at 10:30 and in the evening at 7:30, by the pastor, Rev. D. W. Michael.

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Services will be held as usual at the Morley Congregational church, corner Nineteenth avenue east and First street, Rev. J. H. B. Smith will preach. The morning topic will be "The God Fearing Man," at night the theme will be "Smartness Versus Patience." The evening service will commence hereafter at 8 o'clock.

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At Bethesda Norwegian Lutheran church, Ninth avenue east and Sixth street, tomorrow morning services will be at 10:30 and Rev. N. I. Sohre, of Minneapolis, will preach. The evening services at 7:45 will be conducted in English by Rev. N. I. Sohre. Norwegian Sunday school at 9 a. m. and English Sunday school at 12:10.

SECULAR SHOTS AT PULPIT.

Somerville Journal: When a minister revisits the old parish that he left ten years before, he is astonished to find that only about a quarter of the members of the congregation are glad to see him.

Buffalo Express: A New Haven preacher who was educated as a Methodist, but became a Congregationalist, announces that he has returned to the Methodist fold. "For a year and a half," says he, "I have been without a pastorate, and I could not afford to wait any longer." He adds that "no man has a chance in the Congregational church who is not a graduate of Yale." We know of a number of successful and well-liked Congregational pastors, who were not graduated from Yale.

Chicago Chronicle: Those down-east pulpiters are making things lively, with a prospect of a free-for-all fight. Dr. Hillis of Plymouth church said Sunday morning in his sermon that "Princeton theology isn't profundity at all; only just mud." This slap at President Patton is scarcely Christianlike, seeing the president is on Colorado. But if his record doesn't belie him he will make Dr. Hillis look like a student who has been tried out by a university examination as soon as he can get his focus on him.

Brooklyn Eagle: Tally one for Rev. Dr. Joseph Dunn Burrell. He preferred a $6000 pastorate to a $10,000 college presidency in a fresh water state. The Eagle also knows a minister who preferred a $4000 college presidency to a $20,000 pastorate, and in Manhattan, too. And another minister preferred a $6000 college presidency to a $15,000 Manhattan pastorate. And another Brooklyn preacher preferred a $7500 pastorate here to that same $15,000 Manhattan pastorate. When a minister is a man, the man ranks above a money chest.

Washington Star: The Newark conference of the Methodist Episcopal church has put the stamp of its official disapproval on the habit some people have of "parting their name in the middle," as it is called, by refusing to enter on its record the name of C. Clarence Woodruff, as it was presented, and directing it to be recorded as plain Charles C. Woodruff. This is very well, so far as it goes. But why didn't the conference go a little farther and jump with both feet on the abhorred affectation some other people indulge in by hyphenating or compounding their names? The two weaknesses ought to be treated as one disease.

BLASTS FROM RAM'S HORN.

Sharp wits often cut themselves.

Pleasing preaching is rarely profitable.

Chaff may be ground as fine as flour, but it will not make bread.

There is no promise of dying grace to those who let grace die.

The sheep-stealing pastor is in the same business with the devil.

The dark places of sin cannot be illuminated by the gas of oratory.

The distress of another may be God's touchstone for our virtues.

Indigestion has contributed more spots to the sun than any other cause.

God's day is the strand of gold in the iron cable of the week's work.

A man cannot be honest with men when he is endeavoring to cheat God.

The milk of human kindness cannot be carried in the dish of a sour disposition.

There are few things that will win the sinner like your true sympathy in his sorrow.

CHAMPIONS SALOONS.

A Minister Creates a Sensation at Baltimore.

Baltimore, May 4.—"I left my reverend title and my church coat hanging together on the back of a chair at home," declared Rev. A. F. Sturger, of Trinity Evangelical Lutheran church, as he stepped on the lectuer platform to speak on "Temperance," to the Retail Liquor Dealers' Benefit association. He continued:

"I've only brought with me the sympathetic heart of a man for his friends. I do not like to see you trodden down. I have spent many hours with saloon people listening to their troubles, and I know that their lives are hard.

"When I go into a saloon and stay there for an hour and maybe take a glass of beer or wine, I come out as good a man as when I went in. I will not accede to temperance, for I take a glass of beer or wine myself and I take it when I choose.

"I would, if I could, go to the people who are against your business and tell them to go and see it before they condemn it. It is as good and honorable as any other business, and the day will yet come when people will respect it."

ANOKA VETERAN EEAD.

Anoka, Minn., May 4.—C. L. Noggle, a veteran of the civil war, and prominent here for many years, died Thursday night. He came to Minnesota in the 50s and enlisted in the Second Minnesota for the war of the rebellion. He was wounded seven times and three bullets were never extracted. He is survived by his wife. The funeral services will be held on Sunday.

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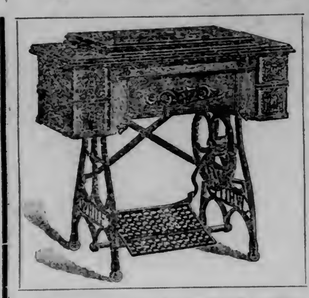
"1900"

Victory



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LIVED ON GOLD MINE.

Moral: Never Farm Unless You Know Ore.

The Rev. James Murray, Roman Catholic bishop of Northern Queensland, Australia, who is just now on a visit to this country, is extremely interesting in his reminiscences of Australian life, says the New York Tribune. And in talking on this subject recently to some friends at the Waldorf-Astoria he said: "Australia possesses one of the wonders of the world in the marvelous Mount Morgan mine. No parallel to it has ever been discovered either in this or in any other country, for up to date it has produced no less a sum than $200,000,000 in gold and is still producing, a record for a single mine which I believe, is unequaled. When the final and total output of the Mount Morgan mine is registered it will be likely to stand unexceled for all time to come. The story of its discovery makes a strange and rare tale. A full generation ago an adventurous and hardy Irishman, named Connor, pushed his way across Queensland's coast range mountains, and after building a log cabin started in to carve a farm for himself out of the surrounding wilderness. Years went by and the clearing of farm land grew. The center of the homestead that Connor had located was occupied by a conical shaped hill. This hill was covered with what miners technically call float. Wells not know myself what it is exactly, but I believe its physical appearance resembles that of the clinkers found in furnaces. The hill itself, under certain conditions, Connor noticed, frequently took on all the colors of Joseph's historical coat, but to his uninstructed mind this phenomenon meant nothing more than an agreeable physical addition to the view. So Connor led his peaceful, if hard, existence and eked out a modest livelihood, and had no thought beyond his farm and its products. His wealth lay in a few corn patches and in sundry and divers cattle and sheep. One evening after sundown two Welsh prospectors, named Morgan, arrived at Connor's farm and sought shelter for the night. Connor gave them a share of his scanty fare and a shakedown on the veranda.

"The following morning the Morgans were about to start on their way, when one of the brothers chanced on a piece of float which unmistakably betrayed the presence of gold. The Morgans thereupon questioned Connor closely about the country thereabouts, and asked him if he had ever noticed anything queer in the appearance of the earth. 'That I have,' replied Connor. 'Shure, it's meself that owns an entire hill that every now and again shows all the colors of the rainbow.' He willingly showed the Morgans the mound, and gave them full permission to work as they would upon it. The Morgans were soon convinced that they had chanced on a great discovery, and at once made their way back to the coast with the float they had gathered from the hillside. The assay showed their surmise to be correct, for the float was rich in gold. They then returned to the lonely ranch and offered Connor £300 spot cash for his farm. Conner had had seven years of desolate life, and the sum mentioned to a man in his position represented a small fortune, so he eagerly closed with the offer. He did not dream, when he packed up and started coastward with his precious £300 strapped carefully round his waist, that he had parted with the richest treasure Dame Nature had deposited in the mountains of Australia, or those of any other country. The rest of the story is simple. The Morgans managed to get together a sufficient sum to purchase a rude stamp mill, which it took them six months to transport and erect. Within thirty days from the time it started working it had paid for itself, and an order for improved machinery was on its way to the coast. That was twenty-five years ago. Since then $250,000,000 has been taken from that cone-shaped hill, and it is yielding gold as plentifully to day as ever. The cone is gone forever, though, and two years since, when I stood on the rim of a saucer-shaped excavation and looked down at a busy shift of miners below, I was standing where the base of the cone had rested a quarter of a century before. The mountain was probably of volcanic origin, and the gold impregnated the soft rock which formed the center of the cone. Mount Morgan is today a busy hive of industry—an industry which, by the way, has made the Morgan brothers take first rank among the world's richest men. To their great credit be it known that after their own success was assured, they sought out Connor, and so richly rewarded him for his kindly hospitality on the night preceding the great discovery of the Mount Morgan mine that he was made independent for life."

ALL ADORE THE GENERAL

Gen. John B. Gordon, one of the best known ex-Confederates living, has a happy custom of which the world knows little. This is his "sunrise review," relates the Saturday Evening Post. He was born in 1832, fought through the civil war, was shot eight times, and rose from the rank of captain to that of lieutenant general. He has been governor of Georgia, presidential elector and United States senator. His home is still in Georgia, and he lives at the old plantation near Atlanta. Here come men of letters, politics and finance to visit the Gordons when the general is lecturing. Scattered out over the cotton field are the cabins of the negroes who work for the general, and the little chapel where Mrs. Gordon and her daughters teach Sunday school to the colored children on the farm.

Everybody on that place adores the general. It is their highest delight and honor to live under the old conditions and to bring up their children under them, and they still call themselves "the Gordon people." The older ones teach the little ones that so long as they live with the Gordons they belong to "the quality."

Every morning at sunrise, except during the unpleasant weather of the two winter months, Gen. Gordon has his large old horse brought to the door for his morning ride. He sits in the saddle as erect as in the old days.

Every hand in the field knows of the review, and before every cabin stands a little group of colored persons; the men clean and smiling, ready to go to work, the women "spruced" up, and every little child washed until it shines, with its wolly hair done up in a dozen little knots.

"Morning, giniral," say all the men as they duck their heads.

"Morrihg, boss," say all the women; and every little toddler ducks its head to the ground and says "Morning, boss," as well as it can speak.

The general replies to every one by name, asks after the children, how they are growing, and what their health is.

Such is the "sunrise review" on the Gordon plantation.

"North Coast Limited"

Resumes service on Northern Pacific next Sunday, May 5, at 8:40 a. m. It carries a first-class electric lighted Pullman; two lights in each section.

Free Trip to the Pan-American Exposition....

Providing you buy your drugs at—

Boyce's Drug Store

And can guess the number of pills in the big case in the window of the store. Call in and have it explained to you.

WILL NOT APPEAL

Anti-Vaccination People Drop Their Legal Fight.

Charles Alden Smith Is Re-Elected For Three Years.

Several Amendments to Board's Rules Are Proposed.

The Henry Haskins case to settle the right of the school authorities to exclude unvaccinated children during an epidemic, will not be appealed to the supreme court. The district court upheld the right of the authorities to take such action, and it was supposed that an appeal would be taken. At last night's meeting, Wilson G. Crosby, the board's attorney, reported that the time within which an appeal could be taken has expired without any action.

Charles Alden Smith, principal of the high school will remain in his present position for at least three years more. This was settled last night, and it will undoubtedly be a source of satisfaction to the people who have been associated with him in his work and are familiar with his methods. The proper committee was authorized by the board to enter into a contract with him at his own terms, which are $2750 for the first year and $3000 for the other two.

Dr. C. L. Codding put through a resolution to the effect that no work shall be laid out nor any additional men added to the force of janitors and mechanics after May 10. This will make it incumbent on the regular force to do all the cleaning and ordinary repairing about the buildings during the vacation. Dr. Codding said that too much money had been spent for outside help, and he thought that the regular force was able to do the work itself.

A horse and buggy was authorized to be purchased at a cost of $150 for the chief engineer to make his rounds with. More trees for the school buildings was decided upon, and a caretaker will be employed for the high school grounds.

Dr. Codding introduced several amendments to the board's rules to be voted on at the next meeting. One important one requires a two-thirds vote of the entire board where the expenditure of money is involved, and another requires that all reports be turned in several days ahead of the meeting in order that each member may have an opportunity to look them over more carefully.

Janitors and engineers for the coming year were employed, the total salary list amounting to $2020 per month. They are assigned as follows:

Chief engineer, Thomas Bowers; Adams, J. E. Potter; Bryant, I. W. Gilleland; Central High, E. V. Robinson, engineer; Peter Thompson, S. H. McNally, John Okerland; Emerson, Olaf Lundberg; Endion, C. P. Lawlor; Franklin, C. E. Bouchard; Fairmount, B. Schoonover; Fond du Lac, Mrs. January; Glen Avon, J. F. Myhrberg; Irving, Andrew Dunleavy, Nels Anderson; Jefferson, W. N. Hanna, J. G. Bennett; Jackson, C. O. Johnson, Olaf Wvenberg; Lincoln, L. B. Carey; Longfellow, G. T. Gorett; Lester Park, Peter Hahn; Lakeside, John Adolphson; Lowell, Ben Wood; Mann, E. G. Olson; Madison, J. C. Anderson; Monroe, O. A. Peterson; Oneota, J. G. Robinson; Stowe, C. F. Wills; Smithville, Mrs. Eva Edwards; Washington, William Beatty; Webster, Ed England; Whittier, J. F. Blade.

IS ADVANCED.

Earl Reid Becomes Traveling Passenger Agent.

Circulars issued from the genedal offices of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway company at Marquette, were received in the city yesterday afternoon, announcing the appointment of Earle Reid, the present city passenger and ticket agent to the position of traveling passenger agent of the road. Mr Reid will take the position left vacant by Martin Olson, when he was appointed general agent of the company here to succeed T. H. Larke. Announcement has not yet been made of Mr. Reid's successor, but it is rumored that J. A Michaelson, former city ticket and passenger agent of the rGeat Northern, and now the secretary of the Twin City Passenger association, will be appointed to succeed Mr Reid.

AMUSEMENTS.

"THE VILLAGE PARSON."

"The Village Parson" was a title that might prove good bait to theatergoers in some places, but in the case of Duluth it was a new bait, and but few took the hook. A small audience witnessed the production of this piece at the Lyceum last evening and those that did were very much disappointed. It is full of highly improbable situations and the old sterly conyped style of emotional scenes. Oceans of tears shed in the first act drowned out the effect of the remaining acts.

WAS SHE SPANKED?

Maid Did Not See or "Hear Anything."

Milwaukee, May 4.—Paula Wirth, the actress, declines to say whether it is true or not that her husband, Hans Berg, from whom she seeks a divorce, spanked her. Attorney Grath smiles when approached on the subject and hands the reporter a copy of the complaint, which while alleging cruelty, says nothing about spanking.

It would not be surprising, however, when the case comes to trial if it should be charged that Hans had taken this means of punishing his wife for some offense, or imagined offense, for in the trial of divorce cases in Milwaukee it has frequently been alleged and proven, where the persons were of a certain old-fashioned kind of German stock, that spanking is "the thing" in regulating a wife who is accused of being wayward, or "fresh" with other men.

Miss Wirth refuses to talk about the charges her husband makes against her and Donat, the leading man of the Pabst Stock company, who left for Europe after the suit was begun. Miss Wirth's maid says if Hans spanked his frau she did not see the performance or "hear anything."

PRUSSIAN MINISTER

Said Emperor William Wants Count Truetschler For the Position.

Is Now Chief President of Hesse-Nassau In Cassel.

Desire of the Emperor Has Caused Sensation In Berlin.

Berlin, May 4.—In well informed quarters the representative of the Associated Press, hears the sensational news that Emperor William wants Count Seditz Truetschler to become Prussian minister of the interior.

The count is now chief president of Hesse-Nassau in Cassel and was formerly Prussian minister of education. It was under his administration that the famous school law was framed at the special instance of the emperor. This law, however, was finally dropped because of the intense indignation it aroused in liberal circles, whereupon the count resigned. He is still a great favorite with the emperor, the Conservatives and Centrists.

His being summoned here is generally interpreted as a sign that reactionism will reign in the new cabinet. Count Von Bulow will, it is considered certain avoid everything that will offend the Centrists or Conservative party, and no change in the system will be inaugurated, since the government needs both the Conservatives and Centrists in the reichstag.

The Associated Press hears further that Baron Von Rheinhaven, Prussian minister of the interior, will succeed Dr. Von Miquel as finance minister.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Hugh Masterson, trumpeter for Company M, Twenty-third infantry, stationed at Fort Logan, shot and probably fatally wounded William Tree, a bartender, and a few minutes later was shot and instantly killed by a policeman from whom he was trying to escape.

The Samaritan hospital at Batavia, Minn., was destroyed by fire here at 2 o'clock Friday morning. Total loss, $10,000; insurance, $6,000. A high southeast wind was blowing, but other buildings near by were saved by the aid of the fire department.

Two entire business blocks facing Center street, Gridley, Ill., were burned Friday afternoon, causing a los estimated at $80,000.

The trial of Ann Maria Rathbun, charged with the murder of her husband, William Rathbun, last December, closed at New Haven Friday, with a verdict of murder in the second degree, and the woman was senteiced to life imprisonment.

Forest Youtsey, aged 18, was given a sentence of five years in prison at St. Joseph, Mo. for highway robbery. Youtsey's parents reside at Gallatin and have many friends prominent in the state, among them Governor A. M. Dockery, who endeavored to save the young man from prison.

The supreme council of the Order of Chosen Friends was dissolved by Judge Leathers at Indianapolis, and enjoined from doing business. It was brought about by a suit filed by the county prosecutor to aid Receiver Clark. There are many thousands of dollars worth of property that could not be obtained because the order was still in existence.

Mrs Alice Sells-Greenspan, of Topeka, Kan., by her will, gives $2,0.000 to the Topeka Orphan's Home. She disinherited her adopted son Willie Sells, the circus man, because the latter objected to her marriage to Simon Greenspan, from whom she was divorced. She left $95,000, however, to Willie Sell's son, Allan.

Rev. A. R. Bartholomew, of Richland, S. D. fired into a charivari party. Arthur Shufelt was hit in the jaw by a bullet, but will recover. The parties are all prominent.

Francis Beidler, of Chicago, closed a deal for the purchase of this season's cut of pine and hemlock lumber from the Ludington, Wells & Van Schaick company, of Marinette, Wis. The cut is estimated at 13,000,000 feet, the largest sale of the season.

CABLE FLASHES.

The population of London, including the city of London and twenty-eight metropolitan boroughs, the whole forming what is termed the administrative county of London, is now 4,536,034. This is an increase of 308,717 since the last census in 1891.

The American cyclist, "Major" Taylor, continuing a series of victories in Belgium and France, won at Bordeaux the international cycling race, over a course of 2000 metres, in three minutes and forty-one seconds.

The Korean government has revised its action in the matter of McLeavy Brown and has ordered him to leave his residence and relinquish the control of Korean customs. The representative of Great Britain in Korea is moving actively in the matter.

SNAKES INCREASE.

The home department of the government of India has one sphere of activity to which nothing analogous can be found in this country—namely, the destruction of wild beasts and poisonous snakes, says the London Times. During 1899 the number of deaths among human beings attributed to wild animals was 2906. Fortunately, however, the number is below the average of last four years, and much lower than the number (4283) reported in 1897. In 1899 tigers caused the death of 880, wolves, 235, and leopards, 327 human beings, while bears, elephants, hyenas, jackals and crocodiles were accountable for a large proportion of the remainder. The tiger is most destructive in Bengal, about half of the whole number of the victims of this animal being reported from that province. Maneaters have especially troubled certain districts, and liberal rewards have been offered for their destruction. In the Bhamo district of Upper Burmah, a single maneating tiger killed about 20 persons. A special reward of 100 rupees was paid for its destruction. More than half of the deaths from leopards occurred in Bengal, while more than three-fourths of those from wolves occurred in the northwestern provinces and Oudh. Special measres were taken to hunt down a particularly destructive pack near Cawnpur. High rewards were offered and hunting parties organized, but without much success.

The loss of human life from snakes reached the high total of 24,621 a greater mortality than in any of the four preceding years. Nearly half of the deaths occurred in Bengal, while the northwestern provinces and Oudh came next with nearly one-fourth of the total. In Bengal the relatively high mortality is attributed to floods, which drove the snakes to the high lands on which village homesteads are built. As will be observed, snakes are more destructive of human life than are the wild animals, but the reverse is true of the destruction of cattle. In 1899 no fewer than 82,238 were destroyed by wild animals and 9,148 by snakes. Of the former 37,986 fell victims to leopards and 24,321 to tigers. The leopard is even more destructive to cattle than the tiger in Bengal. This province is the greatest sufferer from the ravages of wild animals and snakes, its loss being 20,539 cattle. Assamlost 17,010; Madras, 15,592; Burmah, 11,016, and the central provinces, 11,089. The number of wild animals destroyed was 18,887, and the amount paid for their destruction was 107,476 rupees. The number of snakes killed was 94,548 and the rewards paid for this service amounted to 4151 rupees.

SHIRT'S DEVASTATION.

The fact that the decline of the Cocopah Indians in Arizona has been attributed to their donning trousers recalls the harm that has been done by inducing natives of the Pacific islands to wear shirts. Wherever the mission teachers have induced the islanders to wear shirts, the people have so dwindled in little more than a century as to be on the verge of extinction. Where others of the same race in neighboring archipelagoes were left to their ancient style of dress the population has remained at least stationary and in many cases has shown an upward tendency, says the New York Sun.

Naturally, the missionaries would be the last people knowingly to introduce to their charges anything that might harm, and when they found their flocks dying off they looked for the cause in the rum which the whalers and traders sold. Left to their own devices, the Pacific islanders are little likely to fall victims in any large numbers to the use of alcoholic stimulants, for which they seem to have little liking.

There have been notable cases of horrible example, but these are exceptions in proof of the rule. A very glaring case was in Hawaii under its burlesque monarchy; almost any time in the reign of the last kings of the race of Kamehameha it would have puzzled one to draw a hard and fast distinction between the throne room and an alcoholic ward. Yet careful observers who are familiar with the conditions of island life do not hesitate to express the opinion that the shirt draped on the islander by his missionary has slain more than the rum poured into him by the trader.

Not all the missionaries in the South sea have raised the shirt to the plane of a Christian dogma and regulated its use by the book of church discipline. So far as there may be deduced any general rule on the subject it would seem to be that the missionaries of the Catholic and Episcopal churches have not attempted to force the shirt upon their converts at all, that the London Mission society insists only that it shall be worn when attending church and not necessarily for daily habit, that the American and Australian missions make a point that the shirt shall be worn at all times. The depopulation of the Pacific has proceeded farthest in the islands where the last have had undivided sway.

Hawaii is a conspicuous example. Its missionary hierarchy came from Salem and Botson with all the fixed ideas of old New England rural life, and when they found a simple race that went about unabashed with never a shirt to their backs they certainly had consiption fits.

They lost no time in calling upon all the Dorcas societies to hem a sufficiency of shirt to cover Hawaii. As an article of faith the Hawaiian was made to wear a shirt, and now there are precious few Hawaiians left. For the same cause the depopulation has progressed in the track of New England missionary in the Marquesas and the Line islands. The same is becoming true of the Tonga and Niue in the South Pacific where the Australian missions insist on shirts all the time.

This view of the shirt as a source of deadly disease is by no means fanciful, for it is based on the principles of hygiene. In lands so humid as the islands of the torrid Pacific the least exertion brings profuse perspiration. When clad in accordance with the wisdom of his ancestors, that is to say, in no more above the waist than a wreath of flowers and a dubbing of cocoanut oil, the islander could sit down anywhere in the shade and cool off without harm.

But put upon him a cotton shirt and teach him that his first step toward a better life is to wear that garb, then let his get his shirt wringing wet with perspiration and let him sit in his doorway to cool off in the draught, and it is a moral certainty that he will be so chilled by the evaporation from the cotton tissue that in short order his lungs will break down.

That is why the shirt is regarded in the South seas almost as a deadly weapon.

A GIRL'S SUCCESS.

Conspicuous among the enterprising business women of Syracuse(N. Y., is Miss Mary Elizabeth Evans, known to local fame as "Mary Elizabeth," says the Kansas City World.

Miss Evans is 17 years old, and still wears a short dress and "pigtail braid," but she is the proud proprietor of a grocery shop from which last year she cleared $1000, after supplying the family table. Thrift is evidently a family characteristic, for the $100 with which she began her enterprise was borrowed from her brother, who had saved it while working as an errand boy. The nest egg of fortune has been returned by the young shopkeeper, who now has an independence and increasing bank account.

Mary Elizabeth is granddaughter of the late Judge Regal, who died a few years ago, leaving an estate heavily mortgaged, so that his widow and daughter found themselves in great financial embarrassment. They contrived, however, to save a tract of land on which are seventy-six small cottages in the eastern part of the city, but as this was heavily incumbered there was not money enough to pay interest, taxes and living expenses. Mary Elizabeth, though only 16 years old, decided to leave the high school and "do something" and as there were few stores in the neighborhood, it occurred to her to open a grocery store. She took one of the many vacant little yellow cottages and put out a sign, "M. E. Evans, Groceries." After a while she added drugs and notions.

All the neighbors began to buy of her, and steadily her trade increased. She has two telephones in connection with her establishment, and last month she added a delivery wagon. Her 16-year-old brother Henry drives it, and her two sisters, Martha, 14 years old, and Fannie, 12 years old, help in waiting on the customers.

But Mary Elizabeth's fame is founded on her candy more than anything else. She makes it herself in a little room in the rear of the store, and gets up at 6 o'clock in the morning and works sometimes till midnight in order to keep her rapidly increasing customers supplied. The candies bring 50 and 60 cents a pound, and are put up in half-pound, one-pound and two-pound boxes.

The little sister Fannie was anxious to add to the family income, so began to make cakes for sale. In this she was so successful that she now has more orders than she can fill.

AFFINITIES.

Strange affinities in some mysterious manner develop among senators. The scholarly Lodge of Massachusetts and Pitchfork Tillman, of South Carolina, are great friends. So stron gis the tie that when Tillman wanted the St. Louis World's fair bill to carry his Charleston appropriation Lodge told him he would stay with him to the end. For some time after the polished, talented Beveridge entered the senate he was an odd one. He apparently found no congenial spirit. He seemed to care to cultivate nobody and nobody cultivated him. It is different now, says the St. Louis Globe-Oemocrat.

Beveridge has found his senatorial chum. As usual, the case is a friendship of opposites. The senator in whom the Indian genius has discovered comradeship is the new man from Utah, Kearns. While Beveridge was going through college and winning fame as a brilliant orator Kearns was prospecting on a grub stake in the Rockies and the Sierras. Beveridge burned the midnight oil over dead languages.

Kearns carried a sack of flour, a flitch of bacon and a pick into the wilderness. About the time that Indiana awoke to the intellectual merits of Beveridge Kearns struck it rich in abandoned workings of an old mine. Beveridge is famous, but brain-weary. Kearns is on easy street, a United States senator in search of a good time.

The two senators are to spend a vacation together. Beveridge is going to Utah to join Kearns. They will take a wagon, saddle horses and a camping outfit and plunge into the marvelous country southwest of Salt Lake City. If the mood for the wild life lasts they will go through to Southern California, from 800 to 1000 miles. Both are looking forward to the first genuine outing of their lives.

FIND LOST MINE.

Capt. Tuttle of the United States revenue cutter Bear is authority for the statement that the location of a fabulously rich gold mine, 130 miles from Nome, which was found fifty years ago by two whalers and later lost, has been rediscovered, says the San Francisco Call.

It was only the dying statement of one of the men that received any credence. A half century elapsed before anyone even took his story seriously enough to even attempt to verify it.

This attempt was made last summer during the Nome rush, through an expedition sent out by Sol Simpson and Capt. Tuttle. W. E. Hadley and Richard P. Burkman, of this city, led the party. They not only found the gold mine discovered five decades ago, but verified every statement of the original discoverers as to its richness.

It was a letter addressed to Capt. Tuttle in April, 1900, by J. F. Dickey, a pioneer of California, that led to the attempt to rediscover the gold mine found by the two whalers. In part the letter reads:

"As the great rush now seems to be toward the Alaskan gold fields, it brings to my mind a story an old Arctic whaler, Capt. De Boise by name, told to me about twenty-five years ago. The letter said that years prior to that date he was up in the Arctic; that it was late in the season—September—and that they were working their way out. They anchored one day near the American shore. Two of the sailors took a boat and went ashore, where they discovered nuggets of gold lying loose on the ground. They went to filling their pockets with them, but had been so engaged only a few minutes when the captain of the ship hailed them and told them to come aboard.

"The captain saw what the men had, but he could take no chances in the pack ice that was coming in. He had to weigh anchor and put off to prevent being caught in the Arctic for the winter. Capt. De Boise always said that he wanted to go back; that he believed he could load a ship with gold from that beach. It was so plentiful. He tried to get shipowners in San Francisco interested enough in the matter to fit him out with a vessel, but they would not take any stock in an old sailor's yarn, and he had no money of his own. He was finally taken ill, and came to San Diego for his health, but died here at the Bay View hotel. I sat up with him a couple of nights during his sickness, when he told me of his adventures.

"If my recollection serves me right Capt. De Boise said they found this gold about 100 miles north of the Straits."

"North Coast Limited"

Resumes service on Northern Pacific next Sunday, May 5, at 8:40 a. m. It is popularly known as the crack train of the Northwest, and it is just that.

PRESIDENT M'KINLEY AND SENATOR PLATT.

The above snapshot is one of the few ever taken of the president and the senior senator from New York together. It shows that conspicuous falling off in vitality which for some time past has been noticeable in Mr. Platt. Since the displacement of Senator Platt from his place at the helm in the affairs of the Empire state there have been need for serious conferences between the snator himself and the big Republican chief at Washington.

SHARKEY WON OUT

Got the Decision In the Fight With Russell.

Knocked Him Out Handily In the Fourth Round.

Referee Called All Bets Off as a Precaution.

Denver, Col., May 4.—"Sailor" Tom Sharkey put out "Big Fred" Russell, the California heavyweight, in the fourth round of what was scheduled to be a ten-round go before the Colorado Athletic association here last night. The bout was characterized by rough and tumble tactics, engaged in by both, science playing but very little part. There was much clinching and rough work throughout, and it seemed that each had a chance to win by landing a wild swing at any time.

In the first round there was very little leading by either. They clinched and fought wildly, and the referee had the greatest difficulty in separating them. In the succeeding rounds Russell endeavored to throw Sharkey to the floor by main strength, and succeeded in doing so several times.

In the third round Russell landed some good body blows, which seemed to knock the breath out of the sailor. He was groggy at the end of the round, and if Russell had bored in he might have won the fight at that point. In the fourth round both men, after having been cautioned by the referee that they must fight and not wrestle, started out to obey his instructions. It was not long, however, until they were clinching and holding and hanging on to each other, with the referee begging them to fight fairly. Sharkey broke away from a clinch, and as he did so he landed right and left swings on Russell's jaw, putting him down, and as Russell arose Sharkey sent in the finishing punch, a half swing on the ear.

Previous to the fight, Referee Frank Cullen called all bets off because, as he said, the management of the club wished to protect themselves and their patrons. It is inferred that it had been rumored that a "deal" was on between the fighters. Both he and Manager Floto announced, however, that they were assured that no arrangements had been made, but for the protection of themselves and their patrons, they would declare all bets off. Following is the fight by rounds:

Round one—Sharkey missed left swing. They clinched. Sharkey missed another left; they broke slowly. Sharkey landed light left on head as Russell rushed in. Both swung wild and clinched. The referee had a hard time separating them. They rushed again to a clinch. Russell landed right hard on body. They clinched and hung together. Sharkey put right to back of head in clinch three times. It was almost impossible to separate them. They wrestled, Russell landing on top. Russell missed right swing and they clinched again, remaining so for some time. They then wrestled all over the ring, Referee Cullen finding it absolutely impossible to separate them. As the gong sounded Sharkey hit Russell in the face. The crowd shouted foul. Great uproar. The foul was disallowed.

Round two—Sharkey landed a hard upper cut on the neck. They clinched. Sharkey rushed in and landed right on head. Russell landed left on face and in a clinch landed right on the jaw and ducked a left swing. Russell then rushed Tom to the ropes and landed right on head. They again clinched. Russell upper cut on the jaw. They wrestled around the ring. Referee found it very difficult to separate them. Sharkey landed right swing on head. Another clinch followed. Sharkey wrestled Russell to the ropes. Russell landed left on the jaw. Sharkey threw Russell to the ground. The fight was marked by clinches and wrestling, comparatively few blows being landed by either man.

Round three—Tom landed left on the ribs. Russell landed left and right, forcing Tom to the ropes. They again clinched. Sharkey's blows seemed to lack steam, while Russell continued on the aggressive. Sharkey seemed to be winded and hugged Russell. Russell put right to jaw twice. Russell landed right swing on the body. Again they clinched. Sharkey landed right over heart. Russell fell to floor with right swing. Both swing wildly and both very tired.

Round four—Russell landed right over the heart. Sharkey missed right and left swing. Sharkey landed right and left swing to the jaw. Sharkey lands left and right to jaw, putting Russell to the mat. Russell reached out and grabbed Sharkey's foot, pulling him down. Tom broke loose and jumped to his feet, and as Russell rose to his feet Sharkey landed half swing on the jaw with right, putting Russell down and out.

Pullman Tourist Sleeper to California Via The Sunshine Route---C. M. & St. P. Ry.

Every Tuesday a splendid, up-to-date Pullman tourist sleeper leaves Minneapolis at 7:50 a. m., and St. Paul 8:00 a. m., via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry. and runs through without change to Los Angeles, Cal., via Kansas City and the A. T. & S. F. Ry.—the famous Sunshine Route—arriving there the following Saturday morning.

Through berth rate, Twin Cities to Los Angeles, only $6.00. Each berth in this sleeper will comfortably accommodate two persons.

Tickets for use in this tourist sleeper, from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Los Angeles, San Francisco, etc., now being sold at the unusually low rate of $32.90.

For further particulars and descriptive folder, address J. T. Conley, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn., or see "Milwaukee" ticket agents.

NO FEAR FROM TYPHUS.

Washington, May 3.—Consul General Barlow, at the City of Mexico, has telegraphed the state department, expressing the opinion that there is no reason for quarantining against the city on account of typhus fever. He reports that for the week ending May 1, there were fifty-three deaths there from that disease, and about the same number for each of the two weeks preceeding.

Case After Case

Plenty More Like This In Duluth.

SCORES OF DULUTH PEOPLE CAN TELL YOU ABOUT DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS. MANY A HAPPY CITIZEN MAKES A PUBLIC STATEMENT OF HIS EXPERIENCE. HERE IS A CASE OF IT. WHAT BETTER PROOF OF MERIT CAN BE HAD THAN SUCH ENDORSEMENT?

Mrs. William Lynn, of 120 Third street, west, says: "I suffered a great deal for many years with pains through my back and kidneys. Especially if I caught cold or over-exerted myself. I tired very easily, and often when working about the house my back hurt me so that I was obliged to sit down and rest myself. I tried many remedies, but could get nothing to relieve the trouble. Seeing Doan's Kidney Pills highly recommended, I procured a box at W. A. Abbett's Drug store and commenced using them. They acted like a charm and in a few days I was much better. I continued the treatment until the trouble was banished and since then I have felt splendid."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

DUN'S REVIEW

Activity In Wall Street Diverts Attention From Manufacturing.

New York, May 4.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says:

The greatest activity ever seen in Wall street diverts attention in a measure from progress in distributing and manufacturing operations. But while on every hand stock market operators aer counseling caution and attempting to prove that prices are really more than the condition of some of our railroads warrant, the fact remains that without a brilliant crop outlook and a great activity of general trade, Wall street could hold no such carnival. Labor troubles are fewer and less threatening than for several years before in the first week of May, and the prices of merchandise hold well.

Stability of prices and vigorous prosecution of work at mills indicate the wholesale condition of the iron and steel market. Throughout the entire range of porducts of this industry the current demand for immediate delivery exceeds all previous records, yet makers maintain a conservative position and prices are not pushed up to the danger point. It is at the finishing steel plants there is the greatest urgency for shipments and full capacity is assured for the next three months. For July there is a prospect of respite, judging by the light engagements of pig iron and following the unparalleled activity of the past six months, a season of comparative quiet would not be surprising nor unwelcome. There was a rush to get in orders for steel rails before the higher prices became effective an dthe erection of new office buildings provides a great demand for structural material, which is also in considerable request on foreign contracts.

Dullness is still reported in the textiles. A further reduction to 2.56 cents for standard print cloths did not accelerate operations, as buyers appear confident that goods will soon be available at 2½ cents. This unsatisfactory condition of manufactures is not helpful to raw cotton, nor is there support in better prospects for the next crop.

Still there is a feeling that the decline has gone far enough, and this negative influence holds the market fairly steady.

There is no improvement in woolens, and Coates brothers' average of 100 quotations of wool on May 1 was 17.71 cents against 17.99 on April 1 and 22.76 a year ago. Small concessions are reported in a few grades of shoes and in other cases manufacturers are making slightly better goods at old figures. Western jobbers are ordering more freely and shipments from Eastern shops are larger than in the previous week or a year ago. Leather is quiet aside from activity in belting.

Further advances were secured in the cereal market, Chicago speculators being forced to cover liberal receipts at interior cities, and also stimulated operations on the farm. Traders have forced the next crop options to what seems an unreasonable level, since there is evidence of a large yield, despite delayed planting through excessive moisture.

Wheat also attained a high point, advancing in sympathy with corn. According to correspondents of R. G. Dun & Co. there is reason to expect a heavy spring wheat crop this year. In the principal staates a full acreage has been planted and the weather is most favorable for germination.

On the Pacific coast, and in other domestic spring wheat sections, as well as in Manitoba, a larger area than usual is devoted to raising wheat this year.

The marvelously healthy condition of business is best appreciated when it is discovered that the defaults last month were the smallest in ninety-one months, with the exception of May to August, 1899, inclusive. In manufacturing lines there were but 163 failures, with a total indebtedness of $1,997,694, against 178 last year for $4,514,002. As 1899 reported the smallest liabilities of any full year in two decades, last month's showing is made manifest by default in manufacturing concerns, $777,965 smaller than two years ago. Trading failures were 555 for $3,168,823 and banking defaults were $529,000. The death rate was only three-fiftieths of 1 per cent of all firms in business, and losses averaged $4.70, not a serious embarrassment to general trade. The proposition of unpaid bills was less than 46 cents for each $1000 of solvent payments through clearing houses. No matter in what light the April record may be viewed it makes an exhibit that cannot fail to give encouragement.

House Work is Hard Work without GOLD DUST.

WORLD OF LABOR

The Strike of the Sheet Metal Workers' Union.

Twenty-Five New Members Added to Carpenters' Union.

Rules of the Plumbers' Union Signed By Every Shop.

Meetings set for next week are:
Typographical union, Sunday, Kalamazoo block.
Tugmen's association, Monday, Kalamazoo block.
Stone Masons' union, Monday, Burrows block.
Painters' union, Tuesday, Kalamazoo block.
Carpenters' union, Tuesday, Kalamazoo block.
Plumbers' union, Thursday, Kalamazoo block.
Trades' assembly, Friday, Kalamazoo block.
Lathers' union, Friday, Kalamazoo block.
Longshoremen, Saturday, at West Duluth.

The small but well organized strike of the Sheet Metal Workers' union has been a center of interest in labor circles during the past week. The tinners demand an 8-hour Saturday and $2.75 a day against $2.50 for the old scale. It is probable that the strike will be adjusted within a few days. The first break in favor of the union men was made yesterday afternoon when a West Duluth boss tinner agreed to the requests of the union.

* * *

The meeting of the Carpenters' union on Tuesday evening was something out of the ordinary. Twenty-five new members were taken into the union, and there was a pleasant presentation of a gold mounted briar pipe to J. L. Hearsley, former president of the union, but who has more recently been engaged in business up on the range. The presentation was followed by a dance. It was a very pleasant evening for all concerned.

* * *

Take off your hats to the Plumbers' union. This body secured the signing of their rules in every shop without the slightest talk of a strike. The new rules went in effect on May 1.

* * *

The annual meeting of the Freight Handlers' union was held Thursday evening and the following officers were elected: Alfred C. Graff, president; Sam Johnson, vice president; A. M. Barndon, financial secretary; James McDonald, recording secretary, and David Wright, treasurer.

The board of trustees consists of James Strand, Patrick Sheehan and David Wright.

* * *

On Wednesday the Grain Trimmers' union held an interesting meeting and chose Archie Sherer delegate to the International Longshoremen's convention, which meets in Toledo next July. The scale this year will be 75 cents per 1600 bushels.

* * *

There seems to be a scarcity of work for the bricklayers throughout the Northwest. A Michigan union has asked the local union to place twenty men for them, but the local organization has not enough work to keep its members busy.

* * *

The Cigarmakers' union has organized a crack baseball team, every member of which has a union card. This team will be known as the Duluth Fashions and the men certainly expect to set the style.

LABOR NOTES.

Lehigh Valley machinists have appealed for a nine-hour day.

Yonkers, N. Y., masons want $4.40 for an eight-hour day, and the hod-carriers demand 33 cents per hour.

It is asserted that a recent investigation of the sweat-shops of Chicago brought to light the fact that in some of these dens women work sixty hours per week for the munificent sum of 40 cents. That is two-thirds of a cent per hour, or all of $21 a year.

In Italy there are between 300 and 400 productive co-operative societies, some of them doing a business of over $40,000 a year. Co-operative creameries are revolutionizing the butter and cheese industries in parts of Piedmont and Venitia, as they have revolutionized it in Denmark and Ireland. There are 1000 distributive co-operative socities.

The New York Central Federated union complained to Police Commissioner Murphy some time ago that construction work was being done on buildings on Sunday in various parts of the city. In reply, he advised the union to make a test case and thus secure a decision on the matter under the penal code. The union has decided to adopt the suggestion, and a test case will be prepared.

Chicago Pressfeeders' unions have adopted new schedules of wages. The new scales provide for a general increase of about 12 per cent. Gordon and pony pressfeeders now receive $8.50 and $9 a week, being no change from the old scale. Cylinder pressfeeders, $13; old scale, $11.50 and $12. Job pressmen will be paid a minimum of $15. This part of the scale affects but few men. Newspaper scale, $15 for day and $16 for night.

The bulletin of the United States department of labor quotes some astonishingly low wages for farm labor from the last annual report of the North Carolina bureau of labor. The average monthly wages paid were: Men, $8.91; women, $5.27; children, $3.58. In addition to wages, rations to the value of $3.82, and house, pasture, garden, etc., to the value of $2.63 were provided, bringing the average monthly earnings of men to $15.36. These figures sound like the oft-repeated European statistics.

Complaints were made by various unions in the building trades at last Sunday's meeting of the Central Federation union, of New York, that although business is booming and the building season is fairly launched the fights between rival unions are cutting down wages. "We can't blame the employes," said one delegate. "They are between the devil and the deep sea. No matter what union they patronize the other is sure to order a strike." It was decided to call a general conference for the purpose of harmonizing matters.

The new wage scale of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers for the Pittsburg district has just been signed by the American Bridge company. By the terms of the new agreement, which went into effect on May 1, the workers receive 40 cents an hour for a work day of nine hours. This is the second advance in wages secured by the structural iron workers this year, and takes Pittsburg off the list of the lowest paying city in the country. It is still behind New York, Boston and Chicago.

The New York Co-operative Industrial society, composed of members of trades unions, has been organized and will meet twice a month at the University Settlement building, Rivington and Eldridge streets. Among its leading members are the secretaries of various East Side labor organizations. The object of the society is to start co-operative bakeries, groceries and delicatessen stores, in which the working people can have a share of the profits. It is proposed to start the shops after the model of a co-operative scheme which has been in existence for some years in England.

Organized labor represented in the Chicago Federation of Labor has declared war on all Chicago daily newspapers controlled by the Newspaper Publishers' association, in sympathy with the striking members of the Pressmen's union. The resolution placing on the unfair list the Tribune, Record-Herald, Journal, Post and Daily News was adopted with only the printers' delegation voting in the negative. The trouble is not likely to stop with the simple declaration of a boycott against the papers named, more aggressive steps to force a recognition of the pressmen being proposed. The Coal Teamsters' union, which controls all the coal yards in the city, will, according to its organizer, T. J. Lenard, refuse to deliver coal to any of the proscribed offices. The Bakers' union presented resolutions admonishing the employes of the National Biscuit company to reject the proposition offered them to take shares in the business, as it was another way of making them wage slaves, and instead to join their union and secure an advance in wages instead of a dividend at the end of the year. The ordinance now before the judiciary committee of the city council limiting the load for horses to 8000 pounds a team was indorsed at the request of the Teamsters' union. James Hannahan and John C. Nolan, members of the Engineers' union, were indorsed for the board of examining engineers for the city.

RAINSFORD.

New York Rector May Become Bishop Whipple's Coadjutor.

St. Paul, May 4.—It easily comes within the limits of the possible that a churchman famous throughout the country may be elected coadjutor bishop of the diocese of Minnesota of the Episcopal church.

That man is the Rev. W. S. Rainsford, rector of St. George's church, of New York city.

Since the meeting of the Church club, in Minneapolis, for its Eastertide anniversary, when Bishop Whipple announced that he should ask for a coadjutor bishop, church circles in the diocese have very naturally been discussing possible material, and the name of Dr. Rainsford, mentioned at first in a casual way, was repeated with enthusiastic indorsements by a large number of churchmen, including many delegates to the diocesan council.

So rapidly has the movement in favor of the distinguished rector of St. George's taken form and shape, that now, within the brief time since the announcement made by Bishop Whipple, the New York clergyman has a strong following, especially among the laity, and it may be anticipated that his name will, without a doubt, be put forward in the council.

The merest reference to Dr. Rainsford as a possible candidate before the council has, among men of prominence in the church, elicited hearty expressions of approval and set his admirers to work in his behalf.

Dr. Rainsford is by no means a stranger to St. Paul, for he was a guest here at the time of the meeting of the church congress, and was conspicuous among the brightest minds of the Episcopal church in discussing both the religious and the secular questions of the day.

A large contingent of the church people of the diocese of Minnesota are firm in the belief that with Dr. Rainsford as co-adjutor bishop this diocese would assume a leading place among the dioceses in the West, and that his name, his vigorous methods, his eloquence and learning would urge the diocese onward in line of progress and success and add no small increment of strength and vitality.

You can rent houses, stores, offices or rooms by means of a Herald want ad.

GUARANTEED CIGARS
WINECKE AND DOERR'S
RED BOX
TRADE MARK MINNEAPOLIS
GUARANTEES QUALITY
All cigars that bear our trademark are guaranteed to be good cigars. We pay more for our goods, the dealer pays us more, but you pay no more. Ask your dealer for our Red Box Brands
THE BRANDS THAT ARE GOOD

RELIGIOUS RECLUSE

Heir to Millions Decides to Enter Scottish Monastery.

Owen F. Aldis, Jr., of Chicago Will Renounce the World.

Will Spend the Rest of His Life In Prayer.

Chicago, May 3.—Owen F. Aldis, Jr., only child and heir of Owen F. Aldis, senior partner of the well known Chicago real estate fir mof Aldis, Aldis, Northcote & Co., has announced his intention of renouncing all claim to his father's millions and of entering the famous monastery of St. Andrew in Scotland, where, he says, he will spend the rest of his life in prayer. In a small, bare cell the young millionaire attired in monkish garb will remain secluded from the world, the flesh and the devil, and deny himself of all the manifold pleasures which one of his wealth and position can so easily command.

Young Aldis is at present at Harvard. He will be graduated in June, and, with out returning to Chicago, he will then leave immediately for Scotland, there to enter upon the ascetic life he has chosen for himself. In thus turning his back upon the world he will disregard the wishes of his father, whose love for his son is only equaled by his ambition to have him become a successful business man and succeed the other Aldises who before him have won for themselves a high and honorable position in business and society circles.

His father has pleaded and reasoned with him in vain. Young Aldis adheres firmly to his resolution to become a religious recluse, even at the cost of disappointing the hopes and plans his father has cherished ever since his birth, 22 years ago. Once within the walls of the Scottish monastery he will never see his father again. The elder Aldis is nearly frantic with grief at the prospect of his losing his only child. His wife died when his son was but a child, and now that he is about to lose him, too, there will be no one to comfort and love him in the last years of his life.

From boyhood young Aldis has always been intensely religious. Instead of taking an interest in athletic sports and other pastimes which afford most boys and young men so much pleasure, he has always been absorbed in religion, to the exclusion of everything else. When but a boy of 15 it was his custom to lock himself in his room and there remain for hours at a time on his knees in prayer, or else devote his time to the perusal of religious works.

Young Aldis came early under the influence of his mother's brother, James L. Houghteling, of Chicago, the founder of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew, a society of the Episcopal church. Houghteling himself is extremely religious, and doubtless the close friendship which has always existed between him and his nephew has had much to do with the formation of the latter's strangely religious character. Young Aldis is a member of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew, and has always taken an active interest in it. The fact that he is about to join the Anglican Order of St. Andrew, which is one of the most austere religious orders in England, is significant of the relations that have always existed between uncle and nephew.

The elder Aldis has pleaded and reasoned with his son in vain. He has offered him everything within his power—wealth, a business career, many things that would make the average young man happy for life. But all his efforts have been unavailing.

Jennie—To have a round beautiful neck wiggle your head from side to side every night and take Rocky Mountain Tea. It's a short cut to a graceful form. 35c. Ask your druggist.

Through Sleeping Car Service to Kansas City Via "The Milwaukee."

A standard first-class sleeper for Kansas City, via C., M. & St. P. railway's route, leaves Minneapolis, 7:50 a. m., St. Paul 8:00 a. m., daily, and arrives Kansas City 7:00 o'clock next morning.

The "Hedrick" is the most direct and comfortable route from the Twin Cities to Kansas City, the South, Southwest and California.

For full information regarding lowest rates, apply to C., M. & St. P. Ry. ticket agents, or address J. T. Conley, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

D. & C. Steamers 1901.

The first sailing Detroit & Cleveland steamers, in connection with D., S. S. & A., from St. Ignace, May 8th, and regularly thereafter, from St. Ignace, Saturdays, 2:00 p. m., Wednesdays, 7:30 a. m., to Detroit, Toledo, Cleveland and Lower Lake points.

City Ticket Office,
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co.
Mention this paper. Madison Square PHILA., PA.

LUMBER, SASH, DOORS
MOULDINGS, MAPLE FLOORING, HARDWOOD SCREENS
SCOTT-GRAFF LUMBER CO.
24TH AVE. W. & MICHIGAN ST.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.
Sold in Duluth at
The Ideal Beer Hall.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, DULUTH, Minn., April 6, 1901. Sealed proposals for building pile and timber revetment for ship canals across Keweenaw point, Mich., will be received here until noon May 6, 1901, and then publicly opened. Information on application here, or at branch office, Houghton, Mich. D. D. Gaillard, Captain Engineers.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-6-8-9-10-May-3-4-1901.

HAVE YOU A SICKLY CHILD?
Try Mull's Grape Tonic—The crushed fruit laxative. The New Wonder for bad health, sustains and builds up the system. Druggists, 50 cents.
The Lightning Medicine Co., Rock Island, Ills.
Mull's Lightning Pain Killer cures Lumbago, 25c.

Burlington Route

Pan-American Exposition...

If you go via St. Paul and Chicago take the Burlington Route. Rates are low. Tickets good for from five to thirty days. Your home agent will give you particulars.

ASK HIM FOR TICKET VIA THE BURLINGTON.

Is Duluth Real Estate a Good Investment?

Prominent real estate men will answer this question in the Herald's real estate columns every Saturday.

Read what A. C. Volk has to say about it next Saturday.

SANTAL-MIDY
These tiny Capsules are superior to Balsam of Copaiba, Cubebs or Injections and CURE IN 48 HOURS the same diseases without inconvenience.
MIDY
Sold by all druggists.

TWO RACKS O TEXAS

Effective March 10th, 1901, the
FRISCO LINE
Announces the Opening of its
Red River Division
...To...
Denison and Sherman, Texas.
Through Train Service will shortly be established from St. Louis and Kansas City over the
Shortest Line to Texas

Hotel VICTORIA
27th Street, Broadway and 5th Ave., New York
European Plan — Absolutely Fireproof
In the centre of the shopping and theatre district
A Modern First-class Hotel. Complete in all its appointments. Furnishings and decorations new throughout. Accommodations for 500 guests; 250 suites with baths. Hot and cold water and telephone in every room. Cuisine unexcelled.
GEORGE W. SWEENEY, Prop.
John H. Langton, formerly of The Spalding Hotel is on The Victoria staff.

NOTICE OF HEARING.—
An application having been made to me by John Waldron under the provisions of Chapter 42, General Statutes of 1894, for a deed of so much of "The Public Park," in that part of Duluth formerly called Portland, as lies within the limits of lots 7, 8 and 9, in block 65, Portland Division of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, according to the recorded plat thereof; it is

Ordered, that said application be heard before me at the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Saturday, the 18th day of May, 1901, at 9:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time and place all persons claiming such portion of said "Public Park," or any right, title or interest therein, are hereby notified to attend and establish their right to receive a deed to said portion of said "The Public Park," or to make any objections they may have to the granting of said application; and that notice of said application and hearing be given unto all parties in interest by publication hereof in The Duluth Evening Herald, once in each week for three successive weeks before said date of hearing.

Dated April 27, 1901.

J. D. ENSIGN,
As Judge of the District Court of the Eleventh Judicial District of Minnesota.
McGIFFERT & HUNTER,
Attorneys for Applicant.
Duluth Evening Herald, April 27-May-4-11-1901.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis, —ss.
In Probate Court, Special Term, April 26th, 1901.
In the matter of the estate of Samuel S. Walbank, Jr., (sometimes known as Seldon S. Walbank), deceased.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Samuel S. Walbank, Jr., (sometimes known as Seldon S. Walbank), deceased, late of the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, being granted to Kate Walbank;

It is ordered, That six months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the probate court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, That the 30th day of October, 1901 at 10 o'clock a. m., at a special term of said probate court to be held at the probate office in the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, That notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by forthwith publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper, printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated Duluth, Minn., this 26th day of April, A. D. 1901.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.
(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis Co. Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald—Apr-27—May-4-11—1901.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—SS.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.
In the matter of the assignment of the American Loan & Trust Company:

On reading and filing the petition of William E. Richardson, the assignee of said American Loan & Trust Company, dated April 19th, 1901, and upon all the files in the above entitled matter,

Ordered, that all creditors having claims against said American Loan & Trust Company, file the same duly verified, with said assignee at his office in the Exchange building, in the city of Duluth, in said county, on or before the 1st day of June, 1901.

Further ordered, that notice of limiting the time to file claims herein as aforesaid be given by publishing a copy of this order in The Duluth Evening Herald, a newspaper printed and published at the city of Duluth, once in each week for three successive weeks, and that the first publication thereof be made on Saturday, the 20th day of April, 1901, and further that a copy hereof be mailed to each known creditor at his last known place of address

Dated April 19th, 1901.

By the Court,
WM. A. CANT,
Judge.

To the Creditors of said American Loan & Trust Company:

Please take notice: That the foregoing is a copy of an order duly filed with the clerk of said court on the 20th day of April, 1901.

WILLIAM E. RICHARDSON,
As Assignee of said American Loan & Trust Co.
Duluth Evening Herald—April-20-27—May-5, 1901.

NOTICE—
All parties are hereby cautioned against purchasing any interest in the 8¼ of ne¼ and ne¼ of se¼ of section 20, township 58, range 19. Innocent parties are cautioned not to negotiate for the above described lands. The undersigned holds the title to the same; others claiming title, it is fraud.

CHARLES EDMONDSON,
Cloquet, Minn.
Dated at Duluth, Minn., Oct. 1, 1900.

DULUTH'S NEIGHBORS

TWO HARBORS.

Two Harbors, May 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—W. H. Clark transacted business at Waldo Thursday.

J. Adam Bede will lecture at the Norden hall, May 24, under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A.

W. H. Bell has secured the contract for the grading of the alley in block 33; his bid being $170.

B. Bergstein has been granted a license to run a saloon in the building formerly occupied by E. R. Niggler.

Mrs. J. McDonald departed Friday for a six weeks' visit with relatives in Eastern Canada.

Mr. and Mrs. William Tracy rejoice over the arrival of a young son at their home Sunday morning.

County Attorney M. O. Auboleo returned from St. Paul Tuesday.

Col. J. W. Pickering, of Waldo, was in town Wednesday.

I. Cowling, of Ely, is visiting relatives here this week.

Morris Thomas, of Duluth, transacted business here Wednesday.

The heavy rains of Sunday, Monday and Tuesday have extinguished the forest fires which have been prevailing north and west of here the past ten days.

The fire department was called out Monday morning by a small blaze in an old building next to the Superior hotel, which caught fire from a defective flue. The fire was quickly extinguished, with but small loss.

Rev. M. L. Hutton, of Warren, Minn., formerly pastor of the First M. E. church here, visited here Wednesday.

B. E. Andrews has moved into the Anderson building on Fourth avenue.

J. E. Therrien is building a fine residence on Cedar street, between Fourth and Fifth avenues.

Six barges were brought here from Duluth by the Edna G this week to relieve the congested condition of the ore docks.

J. C. Towne was down from Hornby Monday.

The fishermen are catching the most and largest lake trout this spring than for years.

Messrs. E. H. Schriener and John Brown transacted business at Duluth, Tuesday.

George Mills returned from Duluth Tuesday.

W. A. McGonagle, of Duluth, transacted business here on Thursday.

Chris O'Brien transacted business at Duluth this week.

One of the rafts of logs being towed from the Gooseberry river for Ashland, Wis., broke away Tuesday, and two tugs have been here this week picking up the logs.

John Rungquist returned to Grasston, Minn., on Wednesday.

Secretary J. J. Moore, of the Y. M. C. A., transacted business at Duluth Tuesday.

The "Broomtown Belles and Beaux" was given at the Opera house Friday evening by local talent, a large crowd attending.

Mrs. Dr. H. E. Wunder was a Duluth visitor Wednesday.

Chief of Police Joseph Holub, of Sparta, was in town Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Shea have returned from Minneapolis.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel McGreevy, arrived Monday from Adams, Minn., and will make their home with Mr. and Mrs. G. H. McGreevy for the present.

Miss L. B. Gates has moved her millinery store from the Sparh building to Mrs. Gravelle's building on Poplar street.

The J. Cosgrove company will appear at the Norden hall next week.

John Klinseller has returned from St. Paul.

Mrs. J. Cogswell has returned from a month's visit with relatives at Freeport, Ill.

John Bingham, of Modella, Minn., has assumed charge of the Iron Trade Journal, vice Henry Burwell, resigned.

The 4-months-old son of Mr. and Mrs. William Roloff, died Tuesday.

Chemist H. Jern has returned from Milwaukee, Wis., where he has been attending a medical college the past few months, and has resumed his duties as assistant chemist at the Minnesota Iron company's laboratory.

N. A. Gray has returned from St. Augustine, Fla.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Anderson departed Monday for an extended visit at Mr. Anderson's old home in Scotland. They will also visit the Glasgow exposition.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. I. W. Foote, Wednesday, a girl.

Mrs. J. J. Moore returned Wednesday from a visit with relatives at Kokomo, Ind.

Mrs. G. E. Budd, of LeRoy, Minn., arrived this week for a visit with her mother, Mrs. M. J. Hanna.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Hart departed Friday for Milwaukee, Wis. Mr. Hart being a delegate from this place to the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainman's convention to be held there May 6. They will visit with relatives at Madison, Wis., before returning.

Charles Richardson arrived Tuesday from Logansport, Ind., to accept a position as assistant secretary of the Y. M. C. A. Secretary Moore met him at Duluth.

Powell & Mitchell's tug has arrived from Marquette, Mich., and they have commenced work on the breakwater extension. Sam Wetton is in charge of the work.

BIWABIK.

Biwabik, May 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—E. Anderson, the young man who was so seriously injured at the gravel pit near here, last Thursday, died Saturday of his injuries. At the time that the accident happened he was at work near the steam shovel which loads the gravel. During one of the discharges of blasts he was struck on the head by a rock, which knocked him unconscious and when he fell his head struck on the rails. It was thought that he would recover, but he was too seriously injured to recover. He was a single man and his home was in Two Harbors.

George Gleason was in Duluth for a few hours Friday.

J. E. Smith has gone to Soudan where he will accept a position with the Minnesota Iron company.

Superintendent William Loulan came down from Buhl Saturday to spend the Sabbath with his family.

The Iron Range road has started two gravel trains ballasting the road to the Union mine at Virginia.

L. H. Ghant returned to Biwabik Saturday, after a few months' absence, and will be employed at the Iron Range yards.

A petition was circulated the past week among the business men, asking for a sewer system. This village has imperative need of a sewer system, but the cost, on account of lack of a suitable drainage basin, would probably be too great for the present time.

N. B. Shunk transacted business in Duluth Saturday.

Mrs. Stanton was a Duluth visitor Saturday.

J. D. Brennan came down from Hibbing to spend Sunday with his family here.

Oliver Barton and a crew of about ten men arrived in Biwabik the first of the week to commence the drive for the Northern Lumber company, of Cloquet.

A considerable number of dwellings are being erected on Western avenue, and on the lands west of the Missabe railroad tracks.

A number of boarders at the local hotels lost watches and other valuables the first of the week, sneak thieves entering their rooms, and stealing their valuables while they slept. No clue as to the identity of the thieves has been discovered.

W. P. Mars, of West Duluth, was in this village on business Wednesday.

James C. Ames spent Sunday in Duluth with relatives.

William Housel and family left Saturday for Madison, Wis., where Mr. Housel will enter into the real estate business. Mr. Housel was one of the founders of Biwabik and has served two terms as village recorder.

Tom Hounsly returned Saturday from a few weeks' visit in Minneapolis.

BEMIDJI.

Bemidji, May 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—Thursday at the Baptist church occurred the funeral of Abel Rogers, a leading citizen and one of the founders of this village. He was 71 years of age and is survived by a wife and four children, all living here. The funeral services were conducted by the local order of G. A. R., of which he was a leading member. Death came suddenly, caused by a hemorrhage.

Charles Renner had three fingers amputated by a saw in Becker's mill at Mud lake.

The Charles E. Lewis company of Duluth, Minneapolis and Chicago boards of trade have established a branch bucket shop in Bemidji. They have their own private wires and operator.

Rev. G. Swinnerton has been assigned to Bemidji to fill the pulpit of the M. E. church, made vacant by the appointment of Rev. Watson as United States land commissioner at Grand Falls, Minn.

John Veig has bought the saloon business of Ole Narvison. Veig comes here from Halstad.

Bemidji real estate is becoming valuable. Four acres on the lake shore one mile from town has just been sold for $1000.

ELY EVENTS.

Ely, May 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—About twelve of the soldier boys, who left here for the Philippines with the Thirty-fourth regiment, about two years ago, returned Saturday evening.

John Shea was up from Two Harbors Tuesday.

V. S. Wooley, of Chicago, was in the city a few days this week.

John Gillis was in the city from Chicago this week.

E. G. Hillard was up from Duluth a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Thomas spent a few days in Two Harbors this week visiting friends.

John Semnig, who for the past year has held a position in Korb's store, left Saturday for Milwaukee, where he has secured a position.

Anton Woolntz and son went to Duluth Monday morning for a few days' visit with friends.

The S. H. and E. T. of A. society will give a dance at Matilla's hall Saturday evening.

R. E. Rogers, of Hibbing, was in the city over Sunday visiting friends.

Joseph Stoll was in Duluth this week attending to business.

Mrs. Orr, of Superior, accompanied by her son, was in the city a few days this week visiting with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Thomas, of Hibbing, spent Sunday in the city, visiting with friends and relatives.

Jake Kolstad is in Duluth a few days this week.

Archie McFadden was up from Duluth over Sunday visiting with friends.

Mrs. W. B. Goldsworthy was visiting in Duluth this week.

Mrs. C. A. Graves was a Duluth visitor a few days this week.

Mrs. M. B. Woodard was visiting in the city a few days this week.

R. Whiteside was in the city a few days this week from Duluth.

C. Korb made a business visit to Duluth this week.

C. R. Ayers and wife left Monday morning for Minneapolis where they will reside.

A. J. Thomas was in Duluth a few days this week.

Martin Stoll attended to matters before the court this week in Duluth.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Garrison took their departure Monday morning for Portland, Ore., where they will reside in the future. About 2:30 Wednesday afternoon a shooting accident occurred, which cost the life of J. Kotka, a Polish lad of 18 years. Kotka and his companion were hunting and Kotka seeing a good shot asked his companion for the gun. As the companion handed him the gune he let it fall, and in picking it up the hammer got caught and the gun went off. The charge almost blew his head off. He leaves a father and mother in this city to mourn the loss of their son.

Carlo Spanno spent a few days in Duluth this week, going down Thursday.

John Cowling is in Duluth this week as a member of the Grand Army.

Louis Siettin and William J. Cowling will leave for Duluth Monday morning to serve as members of the petit jury.

Dr. C. G. Shipman spent Tuesday in Duluth.

P. C. Cook, who for the past year held the position of stenographer at the Chandler office, left for West Superior Tuesday, where he will reside in the future.

John Pengilly has been in Duluth several days this week attending the meeting of the board of poor commissioners, of which he is a member.

R. C. Fugard was in the city a few days this week from Tower.

The Miner office is being enlarged this week.

Chief M. E. Gleason, of the Ely fire department, was presented Wednesday evening with a handsome charm, a gift from the company.

Mrs. James Sheridan went to Duluth Wednesday morning, where she will remain a few days under the care of a physician.

David and Townsend Childers will leave Monday morning for Colorado, where they have secured employment with a diamond drill crew.

Mrs. Charles Fresona spent a few days in Duluth this week.

Mrs. Joseph Decoro and family left Wednesday morning for Hibbing, where they will reside in the future.

James Roberts will leave Monday morning for Colorado, where he has secured a position.

C. Sam Aspegren, of this city, died of lung fever Wednesday. He was a young man of about 23 years of age, and had resided here for the last twelve years. He was prominently identified with newspaper work in this city and at one time was editor of the Ely Times, but of late was employed as bookkeeper of the Austrian Stock company. The deceased was a very popular young man and his loss will be mourned by his friends and acquaintances. He leaves a mother and a brother in this city. The funeral occurred Friday afternoon from the Presbyterian church, Rev. Marsh officiating, and was attended by a large concourse of friends.

SPIRIT LAKE AND VICINITY.

Smithville, May 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mr. and Mrs. Herbert J. Hogeboom, of Duluth, spent Sunday and Monday here, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Brink.

Pete Palm spent Caturday in West Duluth.

Mrs. John Erickson met with quite a serious accident Wednesday afternoon. She was walking through the woods and made a misstep and fell on a snag. The snag penetrated her side and ruptured a blood vessel, causing serious hemorrhages. She was attended by Dr. Burnside of West Duluth.

F. Dutton, of West Duluth, was in Smithville Monday.

Mrs. M. S. Brink had the misfortune to fall down stairs Thursday. She was quite seriously bruised and will be confined to her bed for a few days.

Louis Ramsey, who spent the last month here, left for Tower Wednesday.

Mrs. Tillie Harkins and son Walter were in West Duluth Wednesday.

Miss Amelia Nelson, of West Duluth, spent Sunday here the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Nelson.

Sunday evening a large camp fire was noticed off Keene's Point in Spirit Lake. The beacon burned brightly and being it was such a fearful night, the boys took the fire as a sign of distress and manned a boat and started out to the rescue of the shipwrecked crew. When they arrived near the point they saw a tent anchored in a grove of trees and a party of ladies and gentlemen huddled around the fire. The boys returned home wet to the skin.

Street Commissioner Kruger has a gang of men filling in Grand avenue.

Mrs. Eva Edwards was among the shoppers to Duluth.

John Carlson, of New Duluth, spent Thursday here the guest of his daughter, Mrs. Ed Johnson.

Albert Overton was in West Duluth Thursday evening.

Isaac Bowman, an old German, was here hunting a place to stay. Mr. Hettenger furnished him with a night's lodging. Bowman claims to have traveled from Pennsylvania to Kansas, and from Kansas to Minnesota. He said each town he entered furnished transportation to another to get rid of him so as he would not be a charge on their parts. Capt. Briggs took him to the county poor farm.

J. G. Brink and W. H. Dash returned from Silver Creek with a fine string of fish and fish stories.

Miss Nettie Amundson was agreeably surprised Saturday evening by a number of her young friends at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Pete Palm. Games, music and dancing was indulged in. Refreshments were served at the usual hour. Those present were: Misses Hattie Overton, Annie Segl, Jennie Lundquist and Florence Brink. Masters Willie Dunn, Walter Lundquist, Don Overton, Robert Dunn and Oscar Amundson.

Honest Beer

The first brewery of Jos. Schlitz was a hut, but the beer that was brewed there was honest. That was fifty years ago. Today the magnificent Schlitz brewery forms a monument to that honesty.

From the very beginning the main object has been to attain absolute purity. In Schlitz beer pure yeast was first introduced in America. In the Schlitz brewery are all the inventions men have made for protecting beer from impurities.

Schlitz beer is even cooled in filtered air; then it is filtered, then sterilized. It is well aged to avoid the cause of biliousness.

Ask your physician about Schlitz, the beer that made Milwaukee famous.

'Phone 853, Schlitz, 33-40 Railroad Ave., Duluth.

Schlitz

McKINLEY.

McKinley, May 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—Elof Anderson, of Two Harbors, who was injured at Summit last week by a blast died at the Biwabik hospital Tuesday morning. His remains were taken to Two Harbors for burial. Deceased had relatives at West Duluth, Minn.

W. E. Bender was a Duluth visitor Tuesday.

Lumberman F. S. Colvin, of Biwabik, transacted business at Duluth Tuesday.

Most of the mines in this vicinity have suspended ore shipments again until the boats arrive at the docks and make room for more ore. Now that the strike is about over it is expected they will be able to start again in a week or ten days. So far no steam shovels have been worked or stockpile loading commenced, the ore shipped being only that hoisted from the mine and loaded direct into the cars.

The heavy rains this week have caused some small washouts and some delays to the mines.

F. Klink transacted business at Sparta Wednesday.

P. O. Toren has gone to Carlton, Minn., for a short visit.

The rivers are quite high and driving has commenced.

President C. P. Coffin of the Minnesota Iron company and Dr. Hulst, manager of the mines, looked over the ranges this week.

Ore shipments have been commenced from the Corsica shaft of the Elba mine.

Mrs. D. M. Mouser, of Sparta, was in town Wednesday.

C. A. Munro, of Duluth, was in town this week.

NEW DULUTH DOINGS.

New Duluth, May 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—At the dance given by the Social club Friday evening the ladies served ice cream and cake, and the members report the best time they have ever had since the organization of the club. Among the out-of-town people present were Mr. and Mrs. Meyrick, Nils Willner, and Roy Huggins, of West Duluth.

Mrs. Frank Melhorn was a caller in West Duluth Monday.

Miss Constance Willner visited her home in West Duluth, Monday.

Charles Jakel, of Antigo, Wis., came up Monday to look after his business interests in New Duluth. He will remain several weeks.

At a regular meeting of the Modern Woodmen of America, Tuesday evening, Otto Schwenck, Alfred Leonard and Frank Naprevnick were made members of the order.

Miss Belle Bishop, of Duluth, is doing substitute work for Mrs. T. E. Bowles.

Mr. McIntyre left Wednesday for the Klondike region in Alaska.

Mr. and Mrs. Berg broke up housekeeping Thursday. Mr. Berg left for Idaho, and Mrs. Berg left for Fergus Falls, Minn., where she will visit relatives.

John Hammer moved his family to West Duluth Thursday.

Fred Hermauf did business in Duluth Thursday.

Frank Melhorn was in Duluth Thursday.

O. A. Peterson, of Fond du Lac, did business in New Duluth Thursday.

Mrs. Ed Gamion, formerly of this place, but now of Cass Lake, Minn., is visiting friends in New Duluth, this week.

Frank Speckion was a caller in Duluth Thursday.

Mr. Grochan made a trip to Duluth Thursday evening.

William Bowser, of Bemidji, was in New Duluth Friday.

TOWER TOPICS.

Tower, May 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—M. C. Woodard, bookkeeper for the Tower Lumber company, was a southbound passenger on Tuesday morning's train.

The fish commissioners came in from Pike river Tuesday on their way to St. Paul, not bringing any spawn on account of logs running through the river.

W. E. Pike, of Ely, spent Sunday in the city.

Judge of Probate W. G. Bonham returned to Duluth Monday morning after spending Sunday with his family.

John Owens of Duluth spent Sunday here on his way to his homestead on the Little Fork.

John Hickey, Sr., came down from Ely Saturday and will reside here.

W. A. Fay arrived in the city this week from Minneapolis on an extended visit with his brother, W. E. Fay.

Charles Underhill, bookkeeper for the Tower Logging Railway company at Bear Head Lake, was in Duluth the first of the week.

Mrs. W. H. McQuade left Thursday morning for a few days' visit with relatives at Duluth.

M. H. Peck was down from the Vermilion Dam the first of the week.

Mike Buckley came up from Two Harbors Wednesday evening and is spending a few days in the city.

Stephen Gheen returned Saturday evening from his business trip to Duluth.

Miss Nolan returned Monday evening from her visit among friends and relatives at Stillwater.

John V. Cox, of the Senate saloon, left Thursday morning for Mt. Clemens, Mich.

John Mahady, Jr., of Tower Junction, was in Duluth a few days of this week.

John V. Cox returned Monday evening from his short business trip to Eveleth.

City Assessor S.E.McLachlin was transacting business in Duluth over Sunday.

Harnessmaker John Norkey returned Monday from his business trip to Minneapolis.

John Hickey, Jr., returned this evening from his week's visit at Duluth.

Mrs. W. J. Jackson and children returned Tuesday evening from Duluth where they visited over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Max Shapiro came up from Eveleth Saturday evening and spent Sunday in the city.

Mrs. A. J. Cramer returned to Sparta Saturday morning after a week's visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. D. Nicholas, Sr.

Mrs. W. Coss returned Monday evening from her short visit at Eveleth.

Rev. R. C. Fugard returned Monday evening from his week's visit at Duluth.

Miss Potter, of Ohio, arrived in the city this week and accepted a position as teacher in the schools at Sucker Point.

Fred Merrill returned this evening from his week's business trip at Duluth.

Thomas P. Whyte has resigned his position, with "Doc" Lackie, and has accepted a position at the Senate.

Mr. and Mrs. Alex Ross left Friday morning for Mine Center.

S. D. Nicholas, Jr., returned Monday evening from his week's visit at Northfield.

James Bigelow returned Tuesday evening from his Duluth trip.

Deputy Sheriff R. H. Haire was up from Duluth Wednesday collecting personal property tax.

G. A. Whitman, president of the First State bank, was a caller in Duluth Monday.

D. Wittenberg, Jr., treasurer of the Tower Logging Railroad company was a Duluth visitor Tuesday.

Capt. Coty has accepted the position as pilot on Johnson & Benson's steamboat.

Mrs. Charles Stewart returned Tuesday evening from her visit at Ely.

Noble and George Beatty came down from the head of the lake Monday, and left the next morning for Duluth.

The Tower Lumber company's sawmill started Monday for their season cut, and are running night and day. They employ about 250 men.

Matt Wilson has received a new engine for his naphtha launch, the Comet.

C. C. Ogael left Tuesday morning on a business trip to Duluth.

Mrs. J. D. Murphy returned home Tuesday evening from her short visit at Eveleth.

T. H. Wheeler is now attending to the 'bus work for the Vermilion hotel.

Arthur E. Peck and William Doyle left Friday morning for a week's cruising trip near the head of the lake.

William Allen, general manager of the Tower Logging Railroad company, returned last evening from Ludington, Mich.

City Recorder M. F. Marion was transacting business in Two Harbors yesterday.

The baseball season will open here on the Tower grounds at Lakeside, on May 12, with Virginia, and on May 18 and 19 with Duluth Juniors.

Robt. Carroll came down from Ely Saturday morning.

A large crew of drivers came in this week from the Pike river drive for the Tower Lumber company.

C. Sherman returned Thursday from the Zenith City.

Eli Lauviere returned Monday evening from Hibbing, where he has been looking for a location for the saloon business.

E. C. Everitt has resigned his position as industrial teacher at the Sucker Point reservation.

Mrs. Booper and daughter Mrs. Skinner, of Two Harbors, have been spending a few days visiting with Mrs. John Mahady, of Tower Junction.

The steamboats made their first trip up the lake this serson last Sunday, making trips to Pike river, where they were gathering spawn.

William Hayfield, who has for the past six months been employed as cook at the Little Klondike restaurant left Monday morning for Minneapolis.

GRAND RAPIDS.

Grand Rapids, May 4.—W. H. McNaughton, who for years was road master on the old Winnipeg line, but for the past several years has been in several different parts of the country, returned to Grand Rapids last week. He has bought the Searles farm at Bass lake and will devote himself to the building up of one of the finest farms in the county. Mr. Searles will go West.

I. D. Rasmussen has purchased the steam launch which has been at Cohasset for the past few years, and was owned by parties in Iowa. Mr. Rasmussen will put the launch on Pokegama lake as soon as he can make a few necessary repairs.

Mrs. M. Mauston and son left yesterday for Washington, where they go to join Mr. Mauston, who has been there for some time.

Sheriff Tyndall yesterday made a raid upon the sporting houses in the village, and arrested all inmates. They were brought before Justice Barnard and fined $25 each.

Thomas Corens, a farmer living at Pokegama lake, had the misfortune the other day to lose by fire, all his belongings. This is the second time in the last two years that Mr. Corens has suffered from the fire fiend. He will rebuild at once.

George Riddle returned Tuesday from a visit with relatives in Manitoba.

Mrs. W. P. Nisbett is visiting friends and relatives in Minneapolis this week.

PARK RAPIDS.

Park Rapids, May 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Cutler, of South Bend, Ind., are visiting with their son, Dr. C. W. Cutler.

P. B. King, who has been visiting relatives here for several weeks, has returned to his home at Warren, Ill.

F. E. Delezene departed this morning for Cape Nome, Alaska, where he has mining interests.

T. S. Finney returned from Minneapolis Saturday evening.

A. Denning left Tuesday morning for Iowa to look up a business location.

C. S. and G. D. Weekley departed for Maltby Wednesday morning.

A little child of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Wilkins died Sunday of diphtheria.

The K. O. T. M. lodge of this place attended lodge at Menahga Saturday evening.

Miss Rose Gage is home after a two weeks' visit with friends at Wadena.

A. B. Kerlin departed Monday for Chicago on a short business trip.

Mrs. Ira Bartlett is visiting her daughter at Hewitt.

Rev. Andrew Bond visited friends at St. Cloud last week.

Gustave Stolnberg and Miss Ottila Rux were married at Justico Woodin's residence Saturday.

Miss Ella McDonald's school west of town is closed on account of measles.

Dr. W. F. Stone is improving his residence property on Park avenue.

Henry Stenrud is home again after a few weeks' visit at Detroit.

S. H. James is recovering from injuries received by falling from a staging last week.

Rev. Allen Clark, of Brainerd, is visiting his son here for a few days.

State Park Commissioner Gibbs, of Itasca, was in town a few days this week.

EVELETH.

Eveleth, May 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—Joseph S. Wilson, who has made Eveleth his home for the past seven months, left on Monday for Minneapolis. The best wishes of his many friends follow him in his new location.

P. E. McCormick, of St. Paul, is in the city this week on business.

George T. Brown, of Oshkosa, was in the city on business on Wednesday.

Mrs. D. A. Springer is visiting in Hibbing this week.

The local lodge of the Independent Order of Foresters is in a flourishing condition. Nineteen new members were initiated last Friday night and six on Tuesday night, a number were also taken in on Sunday afternoon.

Rev. J. T. B. Smith, of Hibbing, exchanged pulpits with Rev. M. O. Stockland last Sunday, and preached both morning and evening to good congregations.

Rev. W. F. Harbaugh, of Virginia, preached his farewell sermon last Sunday at the Fayal hall. It is not yet known who will succeed him. Much regret is expressed at his leaving as his work here has been very satisfactory.

Hon. Neil McInnis made a business trip to Duluth last Friday.

Mrs. Neil McInnis, Mrs. W. J. Smith and daughter, Miss Marcella, returned Saturday from a two weeks' visit with Mrs. F. A. Hoyt, of St. Cloud.

P. R. Vail, who has just returned from San Altonio, Texas, was visiting friends here Monday for a short part of the week.

Capt. J. J. Hayes, of Duluth, was in the city on business last Monday.

William Coss and family left for their home in Tower Monday after a couple of weeks' visit with friends here.

Albert Kitto, one of Tower's leading merchants, was visiting in Eveleth last Saturday.

The Fayal Iron company began shipping again on Tuesday.

Owing to the strike of the lakes, and the consequent lack of shipping facilities at Duluth, shaft No. 5 at the Adams mine was shut down yesterday for an indefinite period, which throws out about eighty men.

A. L. Preston, who has been associated with Dr. More for some months, left on Monday for Duluth, in which city he will soon open up a purchasing agency. His many new friends in Eveleth, while regretting his departure, will wish him success in his new field of labor.

F. C. Talboys made a business trip to Duluth on Tuesday.

A. M. Wessinger left Tuesday for Duluth on business.

The local lodge of Maccabees gave a very enjoyable social to the members' families and friends on Tuesday in Castle hall. A short musical program was given and refreshments were served. About 125 were in attendance.

The basket social at the Methodist church which was to have taken place on Friday evening, has been postponed on account of the musical which is to be given in Vail hall on the same night.

F. C. Colbrath, of Duluth, was in Eveleth a couple of days this week on business.

The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Rohrer, whose little daughter has been seriously ill, will be pleased to learn that she is slowly improving.

H. V. Cox, of Tower, did business here on Tuesday.

County Superintendent Parks was visiting Eveleth schools on Wednesday. He left for Tower on the evening train.

Miss Effie Crawshaw was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Myers at Biwabik last Saturday.

Mrs. R. J. Dowdall gave a very enjoyable card party to a few friends last Saturday evening. Progressive euchre was played; head prizes was won by Miss Bertha Lyons and Dr. Barrett.

Hugh F. McInnis has returned from Duluth for the summer vacation. He has been attending the Duluth high school, but was obliged to quit owing to ill health.

J. W. Falk made a business trip to Duluth Wednesday.

G. A. Whitman was down from Tower for a few hours Thursday.

A. La Mont left Thursday for a point about thirty miles north of Jamestown, N. D., where he will begin work on a contract which he has secured with a railroad company building in that section.

Martin Van Buskirk returned Thursday from a month's trip to the timber country in Washington, Oregon and Idaho. He went in the interest of a company of twelve men from Eveleth and has located claims for all of them in different localities. On Monday the entire party will leave for that part of the country to inspect the claims and if satisfactory to prove up on them.

F. E. McQuade, of Duluth, was in the city a couple of days this week.

H. Riley and W. J. Johnson, of Hibbing, were Eveleth visitors on Thursday.

D. Denton, of Duluth, was in Eveleth on Business on Tuesday.

R. J. Dowdall has been attending court in Duluth this week.

L. L. Culbertson, of Duluth, is in the city on business.

Mrs. J. H. Hearding is visiting in Duluth this week.

Attorney H. L. Powers, of Hibbing, was seen on our streets on Friday.

It is understood that Eveleth will soon have a Finnish band. The organization is now being perfected and some of the members have already begun practice.

George McGowan, who was in the city several months last season with the Fitzsimmons Northern company, was visiting old friends here last week. He is now located in Virginia.

H. Fliegel, of Tower, was an Eveleth visitor Tuesday.

Dr. Sedgwick met with an accident Tuesday morning which came near proving serious. While getting into his carriage in front of the First National bank, his horse suddenly started and the carriage top caught on a post at the end of the walk and the entire top of the buggy was torn off and the doctor also. As the horse promptly stopped no serious consequences resulted.

HIBBING.

Hibbing, May 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—O. B. Warren, of the Mahoning Ore company, is in Ely on business.

John A. Redfern and wife were passengers for Duluth Thursday.

Mrs. Paulina Bardessono left today for a month's visit with relatives in Ironwood, Mich.

Miss Carrie Webb left Thursday for a visit with relatives and friends at Calumet, Mich.

Hon. Neil McInnis, of Eveleth, county commissioner of the Sixth district, was over here Wednesday on official business.

Joseph Sellwood, general manager of the Clark and Chisholm mines, was here looking over these properties Tuesday.

Archie McFadyen has gone to Oregon.

J. A. McIntyre, publisher of the Tribune, has returned from a six weeks' business tour in Southern Michigan.

Ralph Waggy left here this week to accept a position in Virginia.

G. A. Whitman was down from Tower Monday.

Alex Ross left Friday morning for Mine Center.

Miss Ella Bishop, of Duluth, is doing substitute work for Mrs. T. E. Bowles.

Mr. McIntyre left Wednesday for the Klondike region in Alaska.

Mr. and Mrs. Berg broke up housekeeping Thursday. Mr. Berg left for Idaho, and Mrs. Berg left for Fergus Falls, Minn., where she will visit relatives.

John Hammer moved his family to West Duluth Thursday.

Fred Hermauf did business in Duluth Thursday.

Frank Melhorn was in Duluth Thursday.

O. A. Peterson, of Fond du Lac, did business in New Duluth Thursday.

Mrs. Ed Gamion, formerly of this place, but now of Cass Lake, Minn., is visiting friends in New Duluth, this week.

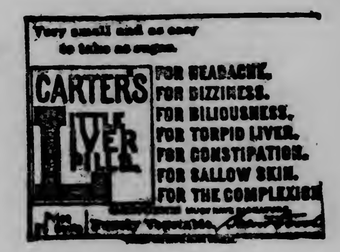
Frank Speckion was a caller in Duluth Thursday.

Mr. Grochan made a trip to Duluth Thursday evening.

William Bowser, of Bemidji, was in New Duluth Friday.

This is the only genuine kind

Any other kind is Not Genuine.



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Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cure the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhoea, Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Desires, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Semen, Varicocele, or Constipation. Scorns Quickness of Discharge, Stops Nervousness of Twitching of Eyelids. Effects are immediate. Impart vigor and patency to every function. Don't get despondent, a cure is at hand, Bears small, but underdeveloped organs. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. 50 CENTS. 50 cts a box, or 5 boxes for $2.50 (a saving of $1.50) by mail. A written guarantee, to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. Address, Bishop Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal.

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"HE THAT WORKS EASILY, WORKS SUCCESSFULLY." CLEAN HOUSE WITH

SAPOLIO

MEN CURED

Without Drugs or Electricity by Our

VACUUM ORGAN DEVELOPER

No Cure No Pay

75,000 IN USE NOT ONE FAILURE NOT ONE RETURNED

Our Vacuum Organ Developer cures where everything else fails and hope is dead. It restores small, weak organs, lost power, failing manhood, drains, errors of youth, etc. **Stricture and Varicocele** permanently cured in 1 to 4 weeks.

No Drugs to ruin the stomach. **No Electric Belts** to blister and burn. Our Vacuum Developer is a local treatment applied directly to the weak and disordered parts. It gives strength and development wherever applied. Old men with lost or failing manhood, or the young and middle aged who are reaping the results of youthful errors, excess or over work are quickly restored to health and strength. Our marvelous appliance has astonished the entire world. Hundreds of leading physicians in the United States are now recommending our appliance in the severest cases where every other known device has failed.

You will see and feel its benefit from the first day for it is applied directly at the seat of the disorder. It makes no difference how severe the case or how long standing, it is as sure to yield to our treatment as the sun is to rise.

The blood is the life, the fertilizer of the human body. Our instrument forces the blood into circulation where most needed, giving strength and development to weak and lifeless parts. The Vacuum Organ Developer was first introduced in the standing armies of Europe a few years ago by the French specialist, De Bousset, and its remarkable success in those countries led the Local Appliance Co. to secure the exclusive control of its sale on the Western Continent; and since its introduction into this country its remarkable cures have astounded the entire medical profession. It has restored thousands of cases pronounced incurable by physicians. It cures quickly, harmlessly, and without detention from business.

Remember there is no exposure, no C.O.D. or any other scheme in our dealing with the public.

Write for free particulars, sent sealed in plain envelope. LOCAL APPLIANCE COMPANY, 116 Thorpe Block, Indianapolis, Indiana.

Every Woman is interested and should know about the wonderful MARVEL Whirling Spray. The new Vaginal Syringe. Injection and Suction. Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It Cleanses Instantly.

Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. MARVEL CO., Room 220 Times Bdg., New York.

Farris, were transacting business in Cass Lake Tuesday evening.

Con Seippel was over to Bemidji visiting with old friends and incidentally transacting some business.

James Sturdevant was in Cass Lake Tuesday evening, en route to his new home at Twinstrike from Minneapolis, where he had visited during the past week with his wife and little daughter.

Attorney Stanton left here on Monday for a few days' visit to his old home at Argyle.

Porter J. Neff, of the firm of Lum, Neff & Huntley, attorneys, Duluth, has been appointed as receiver in the matter of Ed Elston, bankrupt.

"Saginaw Pete" recently came out of the timber. On Tuesday five bad Indians on section 16 thought they had a snap in jumping onto "Pete." It took less time than there were Chippewas to convince them they had run against a wrong proposition. "Pete" made a battering ram of one and laid the other four out with him. In the future Mr. Chippewa will not attempt to fool with a lumberjack, even if he is a little paralyzed in his gait.

Fred W. Smith, attorney, obtained a divorce this week for Lydia E. Sheets from her husband, Fred E. Sheets, on the grounds of cruel and inhuman treatment and desertion. Now they are not a pair of sheets.

R. H. Bennet and family have moved into the Ellis block, where they will remain until Mr. Bennet determines what he will do in the future.

J. J. Abercrombie returned to Cass this week. Mr. Abercrombie has been to the Klondike country during the winter and may return there in the near future. Mrs. Abercrombie will spend the summer here.

Rev. Allen Clark, pastor of the East Side Congregational church, Brainerd, was in Cass lake this week en route to his homestead, northeast of here.

May 1 was "moving day" for the proprietors of the Cass Lake house and Bennet's hotel. The former had leased from Charles Tedford that part of the Tedford block that had been run by R. H. Bennett as a hotel and restaurant. The new proprietors of the hotel are not strangers to the traveling public; they are the oldest hotel people in Cass Lake, having assumed the management of the Cass Lake house shortly after the track of the Eastern Minnesota railroad was laid down. Messrs. Hurley & Gorenflow will move their present building, now located on the right-of-way to the rear of their new location and use it for overflow travel. The new proprietors are very popular among the railroad men and traveling public to whom they have very successfully catered since they came here. There is no doubt, but with larger and better facilities Messrs. Hurley & Gorenflow will receive a very large share of public patronage to which they are entitled. R. H. Bennett has not yet determined what business pursuits he will follow in the future. He may go further north and look the country over. Wherever he locates he will be followed by the best wishes of the host of friends that he has made since he came here.

G. O. Elsworth, who instituted the local lodge of Rebekahs, was in town Wednesday, en route to Akely. Mr. Elsworth will institute a lodge of Rebekahs at Bemidji on May 15.

Frank J. Kline, general manager for T. B. Walker, who is now making his headquarters in Bemidji, superintending the logging operations in Beltrami county, and the construction of a new logging road for that firm, was in town Tuesday evening and returned to Bemidji the next morning.

E. E. Johnson and M. A. Spang were visitors at Grand Rapids Tuesday. Mr. Johnson returned home Wednesday.

Edwin L. Chaleraft, of Seattle, Wash., supervisor of Indian schools, has been in Cass Lake this week and has paid a visit to the Indian school at the mission. Mr. Chaleraft had just come here from an official visit to the Indian school at Pipestone, which place of learning he reported to be in first class condition. Just what the gentleman thought of the school here he did not say.

Mrs. J. Sheehy returned on Tuesday from Grand Rapids, where she was called the first of last week on account of the illness of her sister, Miss Kate McKinnen. The latter is improving and is reported to be entirely out of danger.

Jake Yerter arrived at the boat landing Wednesday evening with his staunch craft, the Columbia, having in tow the house boat and L. W. Hill's steam launch. Hank leaves today for Third river and will take the Telford house boat down this stream to Lake Winnibigoshish. Hank will overhaul the various boats at the landing and put them in first class condition for the season's work.

The Scanlon-Gibson planing mill shut down on Friday of last week for the purpose of putting in a new Atlas engine. The plant is now running again.

Mrs. J. N. Keefe, proprietor of the Anchor restaurant, has been a very busy lady this week. She is moving from her old quarters adjoining the Lydick block to the second floor of that building. She will have the entire second floor of the Lydick block and will handle her increasing patronage to better advantage. Everyone wishes the lady her full measure of success in her new quarters.

George Fuller returned on Wednesday evening from Turtle River. He reports that the new building for Coleman & Co. is completed and ready for occupancy.

Benjamin Fairbanks, accompanied by his nephew, George W. Fairbanks, was a visitor in Cass Lake on Thursday.

Sam Sator, the well-known and popular proprietor of the Commercial hotel at Princeton, was in town on Thursday, negotiating for the purchase of the Elston hotel.

John and Thomas Sheehy returned home on Thursday from Ashland, Wis., where they went on Wednesday of last week on the sad mission of burying their brother, Michael, whose accidental death was recorded in the last issue of the Voice. The brothers took the remains of Mike to his old birthplace, Emmet, Mich., where they were interred.

Jerome Kelleher and wife came over from Brainerd Thursday evening and spent Friday in the village.

SPARTA.

Sparta, May 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—W. E. Chandler made a business trip to Duluth Tuesday.

Sam and Joseph Brady returned from a visit to Canada Friday. While away they buried their mother at Hanson Canada.

Mrs. D. M. Monser did shoping in Duluth Thursday.

Ole Hallogan has moved to Embarrass where he will engage in farming.

Mrs. John Rajhl is visiting relatives in Duluth this week.

Mrs. Frank Rubenovitz, of Eveleth, was the guest of Mrs. L. Aubenstein Thursday.

Raymond Mature returned from Duluth Thursday.

Mrs. Juno contemplates disposing of her property here and moving to Canada.

Herman Peterson has commenced the erection of his building on Main street.

Mrs. Hanna Welch departed for Eveleth Thursday to join her husband, who is employed at the Adams mine.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription Doubles a Mother's Joys and Halves Her Sorrows.

It does this by a pre-natal preparation in which the mother finds herself growing stronger instead of weaker with each month. Instead of nausea and nervousness, there are healthy appetite, quiet nerves, and refreshing sleep. The mind's content keeps pace with the body's comfort. There is no anxiety, no dread of the approaching time of travail. When the birth hour comes it is practically painless, the recovery is rapid, and the mother finds herself abundantly able to nurse her child.

"Favorite Prescription" contains no alcohol, neither opium, cocaine, nor any other narcotic.

Sick women are invited to consult Dr. Pierce by letter *free* of charge, and so obtain without cost the advice of a specialist in the diseases peculiar to women. All correspondence strictly private and sacredly confidential. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Mrs. Annie Blacker, 629 Catherine Street, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: "Your medicines have done wonders for me. For years my health was very poor; I had four miscarriages, but since taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and 'Golden Medical Discovery' I have much better health, and now I have a fine healthy baby. I have recommended your medicines to several of my friends and they have been benefited by them."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure dizziness and sick headache.

PROCTORKNOTT.

Proctorknott, May 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—M. Sweeny is sick this week with the grip.

The W. A. S. Card club met at the home of Mrs. G. Thompson, of West Duluth. The prizes were won as follows: Head prize, Mrs. M. Jollymore and the foot prize was won by Mrs. F. D. Davidson.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Arceaun, of Two Harbors, are visiting with their relatives, Mr. and Mrs. M. Bruette.

George Jacobs has recovered from an attack of grip.

Mrs. J. D. Morton was a Duluth visitor Friday.

A surprise party was given in honor of Ella Murray Friday.

John Rix, Frank Paulo, Eugene Smith and George Rix left Tuesday last for Cass Lake to look over some land.

VIRGINIA.

Virginia, May 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—The mill of the W. T. Bailey Lumber company resumed work for the summer last Monday noon, and some fifty men are employed. The mill has a cut before it of 5,000,000 feet, which will last throughout the summer.

The fire department was given a run last Monday forenoon. The alarm system is not yet complete and as the old one was destroyed by the big fire in June last, an alarm was made by the blowing of the Bailey mill whistle, as the house on fire was a block to the east. This alarm was taken up by the general alarm, the mocking bird whistle, and the fire department was on the go. No. 1 and No. 2 responded and they made their way to the north of the town, connected on the hydrant on Bailey's corner and run out the lines of hose on each truck, about 900 feet, easily reaching the building of Lawrence O'Patka, a Polish laborer. The quick work of of the department saved the building, and about $25 will do the repairs caused by the blaze.

M. L. Fay was a Duluth visitor Tuesday.

Superintendent Pent Mitchell of the Consolidated group at Hibbing, was here Monday.

Assessor Densmore was in Duluth Saturday last, procuring information as to his duties and to get the Virginia assessment book.

Rev. J. H. Gratheim was a caller at Cloquet Wednesday.

Civil Engineer Lamont was in Duluth over Sunday.

Miss Susie Polinsky, of Duluth, is visiting with her sister, Mrs. S. Rublaff.

Mrs. R. E. Bailie and sons have returned from their visolt at Wakefield, Mich.

Editor Hannaford went to Duluth Monday to meet Mrs. Hannaford and sons, who were returning from a stay at New London, Wis., Mrs. Hannaford's former home.

The entertainment by the Orpheus Concert company, of Minneapolis, at Fay's Opera house Thursday, was well attended and much enjoyed. Carl Riedelsberger, the violinist, was the feature, and he is certainly an artist. The company played at Eveleth last night.

Sam. D. J. and Miss Rose Bloom left for West Superior where they were summoned by a message stating that their mother was seriously ill.

Dr. W. C. Carey returned Tuesday from Faribault, where he has been visiting Miss Laura Bates, who attends school at that place.

County Superintendent of Schools Park was a caller at our schools Tuesday.

Clerk Tracy of the Hotel Fal, was a Duluth visitor the fore part of the week.

The local Odd Fellows marched in a body to the Methodist church last Sunday, to attend the eighty-first lodge anniversary sermon by Rev. Oater.

The Virginia fire department has secured the opera house for the grand ball on July 4.

The sewer leading from a point near the Fay hotel, is rapidly approaching completion.

The Virginia cornet band gave an open-air concert on the street Sunday afternoon.

Ross Harbaugh will remain here for the summer and accept a position at Lerch Bros.' laboratory.

Mrs. M. L. Fay has sufficiently recovered her health to again be out of doors.

A little work is being done at the Saunty mine.

Henry Green Blat, manager of the William Katz & Co.'s clothing store at Buhl, was here Tuesday.

Capt. Harry Roberts was up from Duluth Wednesday.

The Ladies' Aid society of the M. E. church met with Miss Sarah Saxon Wednesday. Ice cream and cake was served. The society meets with Mrs. Myers Wednesday next.

Rev. L. I. Belden of St. Paul's Episcopal church, has resigned his pastorate here and goes to Duluth shortly to assist Bishop Morrison and will make frequent trips here. He will hold services at the church here on the last Sunday in each month.

The residences of Jacob Johnson, on Maple street, and Charles W. Lundstrom, on Central avenue, are rapidly nearing completion.

L. B. Drew, who recently received a satisfactory decision on his land near Swan River, has claimed the same and sold it for $1500. Mr. and Mrs. Drew leave next week for Carlton, near which place Mr. Drew has purchased a farm, and will settle down in their old age.

The Dowling block nis being repaired down stairs and prepared for Mr. Dowlings new drug store.

Mrs. J. O. Walker goes to Duluth today and will reside there. Mr. Walker has a position in the county auditor's office, and has made arrangements to reside in the Zenith City.

D. H. Moon of the Moon-Kerr Lumber company, was in the city a few hours Saturday last. Mr. Moon recently returned from the South, where he had been for the benefit of his health.

Judge LaVye, of Hibbing, visited with Mayor Thompson.

The council will open applications for the appointment of poundmaster and dog catcher, combined at their meeting Tuesday evening next. Heretofore there has been applications galore for these positions.

A. M. Beyer, of Minneapolis, is in the city and expects to open a law office here.

The common council at Tuesday's meeting awarded the official city printing to the Enterprise and the Virginian, that is the two papers publish the council proceedings at 37½ cents per folio each. The Enterprise gets all legal work at legal rates and the Virginian gets all job printing.

THE PLANTS.

A Ramble Among the Plants Both Indoors and Out.

Let us for a few minutes take a ramble, as we used to do, among the plants both indoors and out, for many a pleasant time we had in the days that are gone. First thing you ask me to look at is that Boston fern. It has been the joy of your life, and now it begins to be shabby; the fronds are all old ones, all of them growing from the center or crown of the plant. As nearly as I can judge, you have cut off all the young runners that started from the main plant, when, instead, you ought to have pegged them down into the soil, where they would have rooted, and, throwing up a lot of new leaves all around the edge of the pot, the plant would have kept perpetually young. A good peg for this purpose is generally found in a lady's back hair, unless she is bald-headed (which heaven forbid).

The next plant that calls attention is that Rex begonia, and that is standing in the sun, as is that Chinese primrose, and they both are as dry as the Sahara desert. Don't you know any better than that? Into the shade with them; give them a drink.

Next comes that weary-looking carnation plant. Plant is out of doors as soon as it is warm enough. It is one of the poorest of house plants, and also one of the poorest of out of door plants in this cold Northern climate. Young plants rooted in the winter just get into bud nicely in the fall, when the frost comes and spoils them, and old plants which have to be carried over a year are rather too expensive for the average buyer, and although they bloom early, our June and July rains bedraggle the blooms and they have never given satisfaction to customers who are always wanting this flower. As a substitute for it I am using the pretty pinks, such as snow crest and the double diadem pinks, which do well here and are easily grown.

"Come out of doors a minute." Well, it must only be for a minute. We have gossiped in the house too long, and one glance shows me that you have done scarcely anything outside yet. Now, you just hustle those sweet peas into the ground; sow that mignonette and candytuft along that border; cut out that dead wood from that rose bush; get that pansy bed ready and plant it; also that daisy bed; spade up the other beds and make them fine for the later plantings. No, don't plant those nasturtiums yet. It is not warm enough. Over there in the vegetable garden make things hum. In with the peas, lots of them; sow early, second early and late kinds at the same time, so as to prolong the season of bearing. Leave one row open and unplanted for a late sowing of the late kind, to come in after all others are done. Sow beets, parsley, radish, parsnip, carrots, salsify, lettuce and onion seed at once, and hurry up about it.

E. C. LINDSAY,
Lester Park Greenhouses.

FIREMAN TO PRESIDENT

Harry Steele Morrison in Success: Not many years ago J. L. Greatsinger, who was recently elected to the presidency of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit company, was serving as a fireman on one of the small railroads in New York. He attained his present eminence in a very short time. To find out "how he did it," a representative of Success called upon him at his office not long ago. Mr. Greatsinger happened to be busy at the time, and when he came in, it was noticed that he had a cheery word of greeting for the office boy and the stenographer. Then he shook hands with his visitor, in his private office, and entered pleasantly into the subject of the call.

"Success wants to know just how you started out in life, and how you managed to rise so rapidly," said the representative.

Mr. Greatsinger smiled. "Well, that's very quickly told," he replied. "A start as simple as mine doesn't require much analysis. I was educated in the Free academy at Elmira, New York; and when I left school, I began work as a fireman on what was then the old Utica, Ithaca and Elmira railroad. I liked the work, and that's the chief reason I was successful in it. I liked everything connected with a railroad, and I was always glad to learn any new thing I could. By learning new things I managed to advance myself from one position to another."

"What position did you occupy when you left that road, Mr. Greatsinger?"

"That of general manager."

"You were still very young?"

"Oh, I was in my thirties; not so very young, I thought then. But, you see, I began work at an early age. From Elmira I went to Illinois to become master mechanic of what is now the Chicago & Eastern railroad. I remained there only two years—not because I didn't like the position, but because I saw a greater chance to accomplish something on the Duluth & Iron Range railroad up in Minnesota. I remained there until I was elected to this position, the other day."

"What was your position when you began in Minnesota?"

"I was master mechanic."

"And what when you left the other day?"

"Oh," laughed Mr. Greatsinger, "I was president of the road then."

"How long did it take you to become president?"

"About four years."

"Well," exclaimed the Success representative, "I wish you'd tell me how you did it!"

Mr. Greatsinger leaned back in his chair and looked at the ceiling. "It isn't always easy to tell how things are done," he said, "but you may be sure of this much: It was no accident that I was promoted, and it was no piece of 'luck,' as people sometimes think. There is a general disposition to call the results of a man's earnest striving and endeavor, the labor of years, 'luck.' This is ridiculous. No man ever accomplished anything permanent without lots of hard work, and the young fellow who starts out with the hope of winning through 'luck' is sure to fail, and to fail badly. We all rise, step by step, and every man must carve his own steps for himself. Sometimes the stone is hard for carving, but the man who carves most diligently and persistently has his steps ready first, and so he rises above the others who carve at intervals and take long vacations. I certainly do not want to appear egotistical, but simple honesty requires me to say that I have always believed in working hard. Don't you consider this a sufficient explanation of 'how I did it?'"

There are a great many men who are waiting to see what this new president of a great corporation will accomplish, and those who know the facts of his career must feel confident that he will do much in the way of reform. Mr. Greatsinger, like H. H. Vreeland, is a man who keeps thoroughly in touch with the men working under him, and having occupied almost every position in railroad management, knows exactly how to satisfy the employes and make them interested in the welfare of the company. At his office he is easily accessible to the humblest workman with a grievance or request. He is a man of large sympathies. Altogether he seems to present a fine type of what can be accomplished by an American boy who works and studies, and seeks to advance the interests of his employers. His present difficult position will afford him plenty of opportunity to show his mettle.

NEW IDEAS IN FURNISHINGS

Brooklyn Eagle: Anything more suggestive of coolness and comfort than the tempting display of mattings that are now on view it would be hard to find, be the summer home furnisher ever so exacting. Soft, pliable and closely woven, these ideal floor coverings for the cottage in the country home in summer weather are so varied in coloring and design as to meet every requirement in the way of a decorative scheme or harmonizing effect with furniture and hangings. Green, blue, red, pink, straw color in subdued tones represent some of the variations, and they are to be obtained in plain colors or in combinations which range from the simplest form of decoration to elaborate designs. An effective matting in light wood color shows small cubes in gendarme blue or dark red scattered sparingly over the light background, but the more elaborate patterns are equally good and taken together the spring mattings form a decidedly interesting collection.

A novel bit of decoration to be seen in the reception room of a Brooklyn home appears at the first glance like a graceful bit of drapery hanging on the wall. On examination it proves to be a brocaded robe of Oriental design and formerly belonged to a high official of the Chinese empire. Its use as drapery by its present owner adds a bright bit of color to the apartment which it adorns and it harmonizes admirably with the general decorative scheme.

As the initiated know, almost any amount of money desired may be spent for a pardiniere, but it is possible to obtain artistic plant holders for a sum within the reach of ordinary purses. And it is significant that these jardinieres—that is, the moderate-priced ones—were never more attractive than at the present time, and there appears to be a decided leaning toward soft-toned green, old rose and subdued yellow tints in simple but effective decorative form. House plants have become a necessity in every household which makes any pretense to refinement and artistic culture and the beauty of the palm, fern or the rubber plant is greatly enhanced by a handsome jardiniere. The latest suggestion for the arrangement of spring flowers for indoor decoration is to take a milk pan and cover it with green enamel paint. In the center place a palm or other tall plant, range hyacinths, jonquils, narcissus or tulips in pots around it and bank the spaces between the fresh green moss. The plants may be easily watered in this receptacle and they look extremely well massed in this way.

Water lilies may be easily grown at home from seeds and in a fortnight from the time of sowing they will be ready for transplanting. To sow the seeds take an ordinary bowl and half fill it with rich garden soil, finely sifted and packed down well. Scatter the seeds evenly over the top and cover with a fine sand not more than a quarter of an inch deep. Fill the bowl with water and keep the bowl in a temperature of 80 degrees.

A new drapery fabric particularly adapted to resist the effects of sea air is of canvas showing Bayadere stripes of dull blue, red or green. Another effective hanging is lattice cloth, which comes in very artistic designs and fine colorings.

The spring designs in bedroom crockery—an important consideration for the mistress of the summer cottage—are attractive on account of their quaintness rather than their beauty, although a bedroom crockery as beautiful as the finest dinner service is to be had if one cares to seek for it. The bowls in these new sets are broad and deep and the squat, broad jugs really deserve their name, though they seem a little out of proportion to the large basins. The special color scheme of any room may be matched in this crockery in clear bright tints, with a little gilt for ornamentation. Green and yellow are the colors that appear to meet with particular favor. For Louis XVI bedrooms there are sets in white and pale blue, with decorations of forget-me-nots and rosebuds, set in a frame of gold, and for white and gold rooms pretty sets come in fine white china, with decoration of daffodils.

GERTRUDE H.

Saves Sleeping Car Fare.

For St. Paul, Minneapolis and Stillwater, take the busy man's popular "Twilight Limited" train leaving the brownstone depot Fifth avenue west, Duluth, daily at 4:30 p. m., arriving at destination at early bed time, and save sleeping car fare. Elegant meals in cafe club car and the finest train and most luxurious service. City ticket office, 405 West Superior street.

CONSUMPTION

is almost as deadly as ever, although physicians know they can cure it generally, beginning when most of the lungs are still sound, and even sometimes when a great deal of damage is done.

The people don't know it yet. They have been told; but they don't believe it; they don't act on it.

Scott's emulsion of cod-liver oil is one of the principal means of cure.

There are other helps: dry air, sunshine, country, sleep, regular habits, right clothing.

MANS' MALADIES MASTERED.

MASTER SPECIALIST.

I made up my mind soon after graduating from college, that no one man was great enough to master the entire field of medicine and surgery. Many physicians have tried to do this, but they have met with results usually disappointing to themselves and often disastrous to their patients. For this reason I determined early in my professional career to confine my practice strictly to a single line of disease, and to originating and perfecting cures for them. I therefore treat only what I am absolutely certain that I can positively cure to stay cured—VARICOCELE, STRICTURE, CONTAGIOUS BLOOD POISON, NERVO-SEXUAL DEBILITY, RUPTURE, KIDNEY and URINARY DISEASES, and all reflex complications and associate diseases and weaknesses of men. To these maladies alone the best years of my life have been earnestly devoted and on them all my faculties are concentrated. Our consultation and operating rooms are thoroughly equipped with every scientific aparatus, instrument and device essential to the most modern methods of practice, and our references, both professional and financial, are claiming the best citizens of this vicinity, who have been cured by us and made happy. I want every afflicted man to freely and fully investigate our treatment. My education, my experience, my conscience condemn all kinds of quackery. I treat each case separately, closely watching it and carefully following its symptoms with remedies varified through every stage. The diseases that constitute my specialty are more fully commented upon below and are well worth the careful perusal of all men in need of medical attention.

Varicocele.

Whatever may be the cause of varicocele, its injurious effect is well known. It depresses the mind, weakens the body, racks the nervous system, and ultimately leads to a complete loss of sexual power. If you are a victim of this dire disease, come to our office and let us explain to you our process of treating it. You will then not wonder why we have positively cured hundreds of cases of varicocele during the past twelve months. Under our treatment the patient improves from the very beginning. All pain instantly ceases. Soreness and swelling quickly subside. The pools of stagnant blood are forced from the dilated veins, which rapidly resume their normal size, strength and soundness. All indications of disease and weakness vanish completely, and in their stead comes the pride, the power, and the pleasures of perfect health and restored manhood.

Stricture.

It matters not how long you have suffered from stricture, nor how many different doctors have disappointed you. We will cure you just as certainly as you come to us for treatment. We will not do it by cutting or dilating. Our treatment is now, entirely original with us, and perfectly painless. It completely dissolves the stricture from the urinary passage. It stops every unnatural discharge, allays all inflammation, reduces the prostate gland when enlarged, cleanses the bladder and kidneys invigorates the sexual organs and restores health and soundness to every part of the body affected by the disease.

Nervo-Sexual Debility.

Men, many of you are now reaping the results of your former folly. Your manhood is failing, and will soon be lost unless you do something for yourself. There is no time to loose. Impotency, like all sexual diseases, is never on the standstill, either you must master it or it will master you, and fill your future with misery and indescribable woe. We have treated so many cases of this kind that we are as familiare with them as you are with the very daylight. Once cured by us, you will never again be bothered with emissions, prematureness, small, weak organs, nervousness, failing memory, loss of ambition or other symptoms which rob you of your manhood and absolutely unfit you for study, business, pleasure or marriage. Our treatment for weak men will correct all these evils and restore you to what nature intended—a hale, hearty, happy man, with physical, mental and sexual powers complete.

Contagious Blood Poison.

On account of its frightful hideousness, contagious blood poison is commonly called the king of venerial diseases. It may be either hereditary or contracted. Once the system is tainted with it the disease may manifest itself either in the form of scrofula, eczema, rheumatic pains, stiff or swollen joints, eruptions or copper-colored spots on the face of the body, little ulcers in the mouth or on the tongue, sore throat, swollen tonsils, falling out of the hair or eyebrows, and finally a leprous-like decay of the flesh and bone. If you have any of these or similar symptoms, you are cordially invited to consult us immediately. If we find your fears are unfounded we will quickly unburden your mind. But if your constitution is infected with syphilitic virus, we will tell you frankly, and show you how to get rid of it. Our special treatment for Blood Poison is practically the result of my life work and is endorsed by the best physicians of America and Europe. It contains no dangerous drugs or injurious medicines of any kind. It goes to the very bottom of the disease and forces out every particle of impurity. Soon every sign and symptom of Blood Poison disappears completely and forever. The blood, the tissue, the flesh, the bones and the whole system are cleansed, purified and restored to perfect health, and the patient prepared for the duties and pleasures of life.

Associate Diseases.

In curing an ailment of any kind we never fail to remove all reflex complications or associate diseases. If the case is Varicocele, the weakness caused by it disappears. If it is Stricture, and has developed into Prostatic, Bladder or Kidney affections, the injured organs are all restored to perfectly healthy conditions. If it is Contagious Blood Poison, any and all Skin, Blood and Bone diseases arising from the taint, are entirely and permanently eliminated from the system. If it is Impotency, the many distressing symptoms following in its train and indicating a premature decline of physical, mental and sexual power are totally removed and rapidly replaced by the youthful energy of robust manhood. Hence all resulting ills and reflex complicatilons which may be properly termed associate diseases, and which, in fact are often more serious than the original ailment that gives rise to them all, we say, disappear completely and forever with the cure of the main malady.

Correspondence.

One personal visit is preferred, but if it is impossible or inconvenient for you to call at our office, write a full and unreserved history of your case, plainly stating your symptoms. We make no charge for private counsel and give to each patient a LEGAL CONTRACT to hold for our promises.

THE SPECIALISTS OF THE DIFFERENT DEPARTMENTS

of this Association, by their special treatment, are making many wonderful cures in diseases of the

Kidneys, Rheumatism, Paralysis, Piles, Etc. Private Diseases, Syphilitic Blood Poison, Stricture, Varicocele, Hydrocele, Nervo-Sexual Debility, Rupture, Kidney and Urinary Diseases, and all Allied and Associate Disesses of Men,

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Progressive Medical Association,

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GORKI A TRAMP.

Most curious of modern authors is Gorki, the Russian tramp. For seven years his work has been known and admired in Russia, but little was known of him in other nations until a recent dispatch from St. Petersburg announced that he had gone back to his "hobo" life again. Then people began to ask who he was and what he had done, says the Chicago Inter-Ocean.

It seems that Gorki is a real "Weary Willie," a veritable "Dusty Rhodes."

Every now and then he appears for a while to dazzle Russian literary circles, and then is swallowed up by the laborless brotherhood again, and drops out of sight like those mysterious stars which blaze for a while on an astonished world and then disappear, and no man knows whence they come or whither they go. He is now about 33 years old, and has been a tramp most of his life. When he was a small boy he tried his hand at several trades and occupations, but none of them suited his peculiar bent, and he found the llofe he desired in that of a tramp. But all this time he was trying to educate himself, picking up a little learning here and a little there, until finally he we seized with a desire to write. A lawyer became interested in him and sent him to school. But Gorki could not stand the confinement long, and the first his patron knew the boy had taken to the road again.

While he was tramping about he wrote a story of gypsy life, which was published in a country newspaper. It attracted some attention, but when it was printed the author was wandering with his fellow-vagabonds and looking for "handouts" among the Russian farm houses.

In 1893 Gorki again appeared as an author. He had written a story of tramp life which he somehow got to the notice of the Russian writer, Korolenko, who helped him to get it published. It was a great success, and its author at once became a literary light in St. Petersburg. Gorki gave up tramping and settled down as a literary man. He wrote of tramp life and was hailed as a new and original genius. For seven years he has been gaining in reputation among his fellow-countrymen, who saw in him a new and greater Tolstoi. He was at work on a story to be called "The Moujiks" when he suddenly disappeared from the Russian capital and went back to his old life and his old companions. It is said that before taking to the road again he destroyed the last chapter of the book. His friends believe that he will reappear again before long and take up his unfinished work.

His return to the life of a tramp, while probably due entirely to the natural instinct of the man, has had the effect of giving to him and his writings an advertisement outside of Russia which they never had before. Had it not been for Gorki's eccentricity it might have been years before some American, Englishman or Frenchman, desiring "a new thing" in literature, had discovered him. Now his fame has gone abroad, and it is in order for some of his works to be transferred into English.

NOT HIS BIRDS.

John Muir, the mountain climber, is a fascinating companion. He abounds in fun, and his talk is apt to become a monologue, as listeners grow too interested even for comment. He runs on in a steady, sparkling stream of witty chat, charming reminiscences of famous men, of bears in the woods and red men in the mountains; of walks with Emerson in the beautiful flowered meadow of the Yosemite; of tossing in a frail kayak on the storm-tossed waters of Alaskan fiords. By turns he is scientific, mountaineer, story-teller and light-hearted schoolboy, relates a writer in Ainslee's Magazine.

Alhambra valley, where he has a home of many broad acres, is a beautiful vale curled down in the lap of Contra Costa hills, sheltered from every wind that blows and warmed to the heart by the genial California sunlight. Here he dwells, a slender, grizzled man, wobn-looking and appearing older than he is, for hard years among the mountains have told upon him.

It was a fair picture of peace and plenty, under the soft, blue September sky. A stream ran close at hand, shaded by alders and sycamores and the sweet-scented wild willow. On the bank nearest us stood a solitary blue crane, surveying us fearlessly. A flock of quail made themsedves heard in the undergrowth, and low above the vineyards a shrike flew, uttering his sharp cry. Noticing him, I said to Mr. Muir:

"So you don't kill even the butcher birds?"

He looked up, following the bird's flight.

"Why, no," he said; "they are not my birds."

San Francisco & Return.

May 7 and 8 the Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets to San Francisco and return for $67.90, good returning thirty days from date of sale, on account launching of battleship Ohio.

For full information and tickets call at city ticket office, 332 West Superior street, or at Union depot.

Goods well bought are half sold. Goods well advertised in The Herald are all sold.

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THE DECREES OF PARIS

Summer Costumes Must Be Light, Filmy and Clinging---Tea Gowns Worn Slightly Decollete or With Clear Guimpe.

Paris, April 16.—It is to be hoped that the warm season will be conveniently hot, for Dame Fashion has decreed that all the new stuffs must be light clinging and filmy. I understand that veiling is much worn in America. Here it is becoming the craze. It is gracefully combined with insertions, appliques, lace medallions and for street wear is simply machine stiched at the bottom of the skirt.

Next to veiling taffeta will be in favor. Its flexibility lends itself to the clinging of the skirt, and at the same time to the graceful fall of the wide flounce, here called "le volant en forme:" that is, gradually widening from the front to the back.

The taffeta skirt is trimmed in various ways. For spring the flounce is garnished with rows of velvet ribbon graduated in widths. The flounce may be plain and the upper skirt made of alternate rows of finely tucked taffeta and black lace insertions lined in white. A beautiful skirt worn by Mme. Bartet, of the Comedie Francaise, at the Concours Hippique, was a black taffeta made up of tucks, which gave shape to the skirt, and wide lace and chenille insertions, all running from the belt line to the edge of the skirt.

Unless illustrations accompany descriptions it is impossible to describe the multitudinous kinds of bodices and boleros. The latter bid fair to become as popular as jackets. At the Concours Hippique, which is [illegible] show of new toilettes as are the feats of thoroughbreds, the outer wraps, as well as the bodices of the new gowns, all follow the pattern of the short bolero, which curves almost under the arm.

The under sleeve is the great style. It yet placed at intervals from below the arm to the belt line. These folded bands are tied into bows in front, between which bows the applique lace is slightly gathered.

The transparent sleeves are of pink mousseline de soie and lace applique.

Tea gowns, which in French are called "robes d'interieur," are not worn generally by women on their reception days. They imagine these are a little too deshabille. Still, they are probably worn more by French women than by those of any other nation, as they never wear their street costumes in the house. For instance, when a woman comes home in the morning from shopping or from the Bois she immediately puts on a tea gown for luncheon and keeps it on when there is only the family present. In case there is no one at dinner, after having taken her calling gown off and before putting on an evening toilet, she will dine in one of those exquisite tea gowns whose beauty and cost rival all the gowns worn for the most sumptuous receptions.

A woman who goes to see a society play in one of the fashionable theaters comes home disappointed if one of the pretty actresses has not had occasion to don a pretty robe d'interieur.

The latest tea gown talked over by the society women is that which the beautiful Mlle. Sorel wore in a play given at the Odeon. Over a shimmering pink silk underdress a white mousseline de sole gown falls loose on both sides, after being fastened down around the arms and back by a short bolero of pale pink velvet. The sides of the flowing robe are trimmed with white appliqued lace and garlands of pink buds, with leaves and long stems. The front part of mousseline de sole is fastened with a pink velvet belt. The buckles of strass.

In the way of loose garments, the half loose sacques which hang a little below the knee are the most fashionable. The most beautiful ones are the black taffetas trimmed with lace, embroideries and hoods down the back, made up of mousseline de sole and lace. Rather wide sleeves trimmed inside and outside with a profusion of white and black chiffon. All these sacques are lined either with white or bright colored satin, and the linings are quite as much trimmed with mousseline de sole ruffles as the outside. High Medicis collar lined with gathered silk chiffon.

Parisian modistes love to put here and there a dash of black velvet on light colored summer hats. They say it makes it piquant, like a bit of black court plaster on a beautiful face.

I noticed one hat of white horse hair entirely covered with apple blossoms and a black velvet bow pinned in front. The inside of the hat is also composed of apple blossoms and a tuft of black velvet ribbon above the ear on the left. Hats are made extraordinarily light in weight. A woman must not feel she has a hat on her head. The horse hair, made up of all colors, meets the demand for lightness.

A pretty summer hat is one of cream-colored horse hair covered outside with cherries, leaves and stems. Some of the cherries hang down from the outer edge. Three rosettes of narrow black ribbon are gracefully posed on the inside.

A red horsehair hat is bound all around with a band of red velvet. The entire hat is covered with red geraniums. A bunch of geraniums is pinned on the inside.

Scarlet for hats will be all the rage. Hats like the above described, covered with red popples or red roses, are seen in the expositions of the fashionable modistes in the Rue del a Prix.

A person who clings to black and white for wraps, bonnets and gowns is sure to be always in style, for never has the combination been more in vogue.

Are we about to have a total change in the manner of hair dressing? It seems so. Actresses and women of society are beginning to dress their hair low on the nape of the neck. It is waved all around, the front hair lies in bandeaus, then the whole is twisted into a low knot. This style is very graceful for a finely shaped head, but it is not convenient for summer. If the new style prevails, it will be necessary also to do away with the high collars. I have no idea that the new style will be generally adopted for some time, but doubtless we must make up our minds to see ourselves and others with hair dressed low next winter.

Fashions are always invented by some one who turns a necessity into a fashion. We have an example in the new queen, who wears a wig, and who for years has caused all the women of her nation to wear curls on the top of their foreheads because the hair of a wig looks more natural without a part. During the time of Louis XIV everybody wore wigs because the king thought fit to wear one, although he had a good head of hair. Everybody followed the Empress Eugenie's style of wearing curls and loads of false hair. Today in France no one has sufficient influence to change a fashion unless it is an actress who has made a sensation with novelty, and then other women take their time to imitate her, for nothing but becomingness is the inducement. That is the reason that we must not think that hair dressed down low will be generally fashionable for some time to come.

Woolen canvas, or etamine, is very much the fashion in Paris for tailor-made dresses. The favorite trimming is unbleached linen (linge torchon), embroidered with wools in cross-stitch, harmonizing in color with the dress. Collars, revers, waistcoats, cuffs and other garniture are in this style.

The tailor-made dress continues to have a skirt close fitting at the hips and widening downwards more than last season into the bell shape. Skirts in woolen canvas are trimmed with bias horizontal bands applied flat and showing one or two rows of stitching at the top. Black etamine stitched with white silk, or white etamine trimmed and stitched with black is effective. Red etamine trimmed with pink, and with pink parasol and hat, will be also a good deal worn.

The grand fashion for summer garden parties will be plain muslin skirts and blouses over taffeta of the same shade, and ornamented with spirals of painted or embroidered flowers.

Taffeta silk ribbons are being made up into very pretty and becoming stocks, with a rosette placed at the left side of the chin, and long ends of ribbon reaching nearly to the waist and finished off with gold ferret ends, but otherwise consisting merely of a scarf length of shine silk ribbon, or of the new Cachmere ribbon, which has silk flowers embroidered on cloth of gold. This Cachmere ribbon is also being used for the collar bands of little shoulder capes for spring wear. Some dainty models having these collars are in pale blue and mastic cloth, with inserted lines of white silk headed with gold braid. Silk and satin strappings are not now considered sufficiently smart for cloth costumes unless headed by a narrow gold or silk braid.

Scarfs worn as cravats are much in vogue once more. Some are very long; tehse are usually tied in a bow at the throat, with the jacket or bolero buttoned over the front of the dress. A new trimming for such scarfs and for cravats consists in straps of gold or silver beads at their extremities or in a speckling of small beads, jet being used as well as gold or silver for the purpose.

Boleros and coatees are being made with short coat tails at the back, and there are several new features in skirts, perhaps the most noticeable being a tendency to trim the seams. A smart model in bronze green had an overskirt with large eyelet holes arranged at intervals down the left seam of the front, and through these eyelet holes was threaded wide taffeta silk ribbon which was tied in a picturesque bow a few inches from the hem. Another skirt had the seams linked together by means of tiny straps arranged diagonally from seam to seam. A charming skirt in silk voile, mounted on rose-color silk, had overlapping tucks slanting from the side seams into points in front, and away from the side seams the tucks slanted away agin inato points, meeting down the center seam of the back. The seams, four in number, were all strapped with narrow machine stitched bands of white silk.

Some of the prettiest millinery this season is also the simplest, and very becoming are the small hats with brims of tucked chiffon, and crowns of silk or straw. A very novel style is composed entirely of shaded green leaves with a wreath of crimson poppies and a cluster of the same flowers at the side. Another one of modified Trejawny shae has violets and leaves intermingled, and a posy of violets placed at each side of the front. Quite the latest shape is the new Tricorne hat with one long sweeping feather.

It is curious what effect the color of one's dress has on one's appearance. That a woman's dress can make her look larger or smaller is a fact that many professional dressmakers now take into consideration. Dressed in lack and dark hues, stout women look smaller both in the street and when out walking, and by a use of the same hues the dimensions of small people are so decreased that they appear like dwarfs. The optical effect of white and light colors is to enlarge all objects and make the stout woman who wears them almost mountainous in her appearance. She need not, however, look dingy and dull, for the rich, dark hues offered to her for selection are varied and numberless. Greens and blues, in their various shades, are better than reds, giving an effect of repose and distance.

All light-colored materials should be avoided for the waist. During the awkward age of girls, between the ages of 12 and 14 years, dark blue or plain red materials are found to be productive of the best results.

In choosing colors for dresses, the complexion must, of course, be taken into consideration. Those with sallow, dark faces should select clear tints and scrupulously avoid glaring bright and decided hues. Those who possess celar skins and pale faces may wear all shades of rose, primrose, buff, light green, lilac, brown and violet.

Florid persons should wear the tints that subdue color and give the effect of distance, such as blue and green. The most lucky of all girls are those with fair complexions and a color. To the them few shades will be unbecoming. Those with pale complexions should wear only fresh colors, such as cherry and pink. Some say that color in dress not only exerts an influence over the beauty of the wearer, but also over her health. Dark colors, they claim, are found to absorb and give out smells of all kinds to a far greater etxent than the light ones.

It is said that for nurses, black cotton is bad, black wool worse and black silk the most injurious of all. Some doctors refrain from wearing black clothes when visiting patients for the same reason. The warmth and comfort of the body also are affected by the color of the clothes which cover it, white and light colored fabrics reflecting the heat, and black and dark ones absorbing it. Black, however, throws heat off sooner, and white clothing retains the natural heat of the body longer than black.

BLACK AND WHITE EFFECT.

Jetted robes are still one of fashion's favorites. This fine black net, richly embroidered with jet, is worn over white chiffon, which in turn is over white taffeta.

MID-SUMMER WAIST.

Nothing could be daintier than this mid-summer waist of pink French mull, tucked and trimmed with lace insertion. The bolero effect is extremely novel and becoming. From John Wanamaker.

HAT AND BOA TO MATCH.

Hat of white neapolitan straw, trimmed with white taffeta with black polka dots, and two handsome curving quills. The boa to match is edged with frills of white chiffon and has rosettes and ends of black velvet ribbon. Courtesy of Lord & Taylor.

INSANITY RESULTED

Mrs. Flagler Was Worried Because No Heir Arrived.

Sits In a Sanitarium, Rocking an Imaginary Child.

A Florida Law Will Give Her Husband a Divorce.

New York, May 3.—The World publishes the following story:

"It's getting so dark, I'm sure my husband must be here in a few minutes if you'll wait."

Every night when the Pleasantville lights shine down the Bedford road, a middle-aged woman dresses herself carefully, ties a bit of cloth over her snow-white hair, and waits at the window of a luxurious room for her husband. She is the wife of Henry M. Flagler, one of the Standard Oil kings. Legally to separate him from the white-haired wife who awaits him, the legislature and governor of Florida are said to have passed the new law making insanity cause for divorce.

For Henry Flagler, besides being a New York millionaire, is the wealthiest man in Florida; his touch upon things governmental is powerful. And his middle-aged wife is hopelessly mad.

For two years Mrs. Flagler has been confined in Dr. Carlos MacDonald's Pleasantville sanitarium. The new law, against which half of Florida is standing up in denunciation, provides for the legal separation of man and wife four years after either shall have been pronounced incurably insane.

When to these facts there is added the report that a beautiful Southern woman and society leader is, upon the annulment of his marriage, to become the wife of Mr. Flagler, there is finished the outline of one of the saddest stories the new Florida law is likely to reveal.

It is a story that began in Philadelphia, where it was a romance, that shifted to a palatial home at No. 683 Fifth avenue, where it was first an idyl and then almost a tragedy, and whose sequel is likely to be lifelong solitude and madness for the one.

Mrs. Ida Flagler is easily the most luxuriously kept insane patient in New York. Hors ulte in the sanitarium, the attendants say, has been furnished with all the comforts and elegance of her former homes. Her wardrobe and her table are carefully selected, and every whim of her poor crazed brain is gratified as promptly as were her tastes observed by her husband in the days of her home life.

This is done at a total cost of $600 a month. The cost of her examination and commitment to an asylum was $10,000. And the story of the mad woman, who lives like a princess and for whose future a legislature has made a law, is this:

Ida Shrouds she was—and pretty Ida Shrouds they called her in Philadelphia. She was the daughter of an Episcopal clergyman, and she was brought up with all the restrictions known to a Quaker City rectory, and possibly because she was pretty, possibly because she had money in her own right, the restrictions pailed and the clergyman's daughter ran away and presently became pretty Ida Shrouds, the actress.

Maybe down in the old Philadelphia rectory they know the story of the two years she was gone. Maybe there are some faded letters that tell of the girlish triumphs and the final weariness, and perhaps the failure, that made her come back home.

Only out there in the sanitarium one of the old names of a line of some ingenue role, or a stage direction, monotonously repeated, sometimes crosses the lips of the insane woman, and reveals something of her brief stage career.

After her return home Ida Shrouds lived on quietly until the coming of Henry Flagler. There was not a long courtship, and it was little more than a year after her return from the stage that she was married.

He was by no means a wealthy man then, and his wife was quite without a dower. However, Mr. Flagler's judicious investaments soon resulted in an income sufficient to provide the poor and pretty bride with comforts of which as clergyman's daughter and actress she had never dreamed. They were married June 5, 1883. In the next ten years Flagler became, next to John D. Rockefeller, the heaviest stockholder in the Standard Oil Trust and the owner of half of the railways and hotels in Florida.

The Ponce de Leon, the Alcazar, the Cordova, all these he built, and they were palaces.

So pretty Ida Shrouds Flagler became mistress of a fortune. She had a home at Mamaroneck, another in St. Augustine and a 5-story mansion at Fifty-fourth street and Fifth avenue. There was the Alicia, her husband's yacht, and a palace in itself for the autumns, and there were trips abroad upon which she went like a queen. And in spite of it all one day ten years ago the millionaire was obliged to acknowledge the truth—that the reason of his beautiful wife was darkening and that he was powerless to help her.

It was no secret grief that prayed upon Mrs. Flagler's mind. It was a grief which her friends knew, and the expression of which marked every new acquisition of her husband. There was no child of her own to inherit her husband's fortune and to bless her own life and his. Upon this sorrow she brooded until it quite unbalanced her mind.

For ten years her dementia was her husband's secret. In that time he spent a fortune every year to try to restore her reason and every year saw her reason more surely slipping from her.

At last there came a day when Mrs. Flagler no longer recognized her husband, and in March, 1899, Drs. Shelton and Frederick Peterson declared her the victim of "chronic delusional insanity, progressive and incurable." Judge Glidersleeve ordered her commitment to a sanitarium, and the institution of Dr. Carlos MacDonald was selected as her home.

There a suit of rooms was fitted up, and all her belongings of which she was most fond from her three homes were gathered. Maids were engaged to watch and amuse her, her toilets were as carefully made as in the days when she had dressed to receive at her husband's side. And all day in the midst of her luxury she rocked and crooned and held out empty arms with the old cry for the child who would have been treated like a prince.

At first Flagler used constantly to visit his wife, though no gleam of recognition from her rewarded him. Gradually, however, he made his home more and more of the time in Florida, where his interests grew. Then one day the friends of the two were puzzled to find that Mr. Flagler had applied to the supreme court to be relieved of the care of his wife's person and estate, and that Dr. Carlos McDonald was to be appointed her guardian.

Then came the story of Mr. Flagler's friendship for the beautiful girl.

Then came the news that a bill was pending in the Florida legislature making insanity sufficient grounds for divorce.

Now comes the passage of the bill and the signature of Governor Jennings, which makes it a law, of which Henry Flagler, resident of Florida, may take advantage, if he will, two years from Aug. 10 next, the day that his beautiful wife was adjudged insane.

Mr. Flagler is in Florida now, according to the men at the office of the Standard Oil company. At the Fifth avenue house, however, they say that Mr. Flagler called for a few moments three days ago. At the sanitarium Dr. MacDonald quietly refuses to say whether or not his ward is ever visited by her husband, or whether she is still believed insane.

And the ward and wife waits by the window every night looking wistfully along the darkening Bedford road, forgetful now of the child for which she longed, caring only to be ready, with the best cloth about her head, to go out to meet has husband when he comes.

OF NO SIGNIFICANCE.

Washington, May 3.—The Japanese minister, Mr. Takahira, said today that the reported resignation of the Ito cabinet had no significance as indicating any change in the general policy of the country on international affairs.

DR. I. C. ROSS DEAD.

Washington, May 3.—Dr. Irving C. Ross, a well-known physician and surgeon of this city, died today. He was 54 years old. He was a specialist in mental diseases, author of a number of medical books and was a witness in the Guiteau and other famous trials.

Canadian Pacific Steamers 1901.

The first sailing Canadian Pacific Upper Lake steamers, in connection with D., S. S. & A., from Sault Ste. Marie, Monday, May 6th, and regularly thereafter, from Sault Ste. Marie, 11:00 a. m., Saturdays, Mondays and Wednesdays for Owen Sound, Toronto, Buffalo and East.

City Ticket Office,
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

THE DUTY OF MOTHERS.

What suffering frequently results from a mother's ignorance; or more frequently from a mother's neglect to properly instruct her daughter!

Tradition says "woman must suffer," and young women are so taught. There is a little truth and a great deal of exaggeration in this. If a young woman suffers severely she needs treatment, and her mother should see that she gets it.

Many mothers hesitate to take their daughters to a physician for examination; but no mother need hesitate to write freely about her daughter or herself to Mrs. Pinkham and secure the most efficient advice without charge. Mrs. Pinkham's address is Lynn, Mass.

Mrs. August Pfalzgraf, of South Byron, Wis., mother of the young lady whose portrait we here publish, wrote Mrs. Pinkham in January, 1899, saying her daughter had suffered for two years with irregular menstruation—had headache all the time, and pain in her side, feet swell, and was generally miserable. Mrs. Pinkham promptly replied with advice, and under date of March, 1899, the mother writes again that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cured her daughter of all pains and irregularity.

Nothing in the world equals Mrs. Pinkham's great medicine for regulating woman's peculiar monthly troubles.

"North Coast Limited"

Resumes service on Northern Pacific next Sunday, May 5, at 5:40 a. m. It carries new, up-to-date, large, strong, roomy day coaches; the seats are particularly easy and restful.

is generally made of the same stuff as the lacy and ornamented front of the bodice. The most stylish one reaches a little below the elbow, where it meets the tight sleeve of the bodice, cut either tight fitting all up and down or wider to allow space for the fullness of the under sleeve.

A summer toilet worn by Mlle. d'Ax has a skirt of white silk completely covered with accordion pleated flounces of mousseline de sole, edged with black Chantilly lace. The flounces around the edge of the back are put on so compactly, one on top of the other, that they stand out several inches above the floor. Bodice of white mousseline de sole with belt of folded cherry taffeta. Over the border is a bolero made up of clear black Chantilly inserted with white lace. The Louis XV sleeve reachest othe elbow and is garnished with pleated ruffles of white mousseline de sole. The neck band is of cherry silk.

From below the bolero on the bodice and then on the skirt there is on the left side a trailing of red cherries and leaves mixed here and there with bows of narrow black, white and cherry ribbons.

The white horsehair hat is lined with black velvet, trimmed with white pansies. Under the elevated left brim is a cluster of pansies.

A dinner dress, modeled by Rouff, has underskirt of shot taffeta, with shimmers of yellow, pink and green.

The underskirt has a pleated flounce which is bound at the edge with a pinked ruching of the same material.

Over this underdress falls a pink mousseline de sole princess gown, worked with white applique lace, which runs all around the skirt and garnishes the front.

The bodice of pleated pink mousseline de sole has three bands of pink velvet placed at intervals from below the arm to the belt line. These folded bands are tied into bows in front, between which bows the applique lace is slightly gathered.

The transparent sleeves are of pink mousseline de sole and lace applique.

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The latest tea gown talked over by the society women is that which the beautiful Mlle. Sorel wore in a play given at the Odeon. Over a shimmering pink silk underdress a white mousseline de sole gown falls loose on both sides, after being fastened down around the arms and back by a short bolero of pale pink velvet. The sides of the flowing robe are trimmed with white appliqued lace and garlands of pink buds, with leaves and long stems. The front part of mousseline de sole is fastened with a pink velvet belt. The pink velvet shirred sleeves are elaborately trimmed with ruffles of white lace.

These elegant tea gowns are worn slightly decollete or with a clear guimpe. Pearls are worn with these negligee gowns.

A bodice worn by Mlle. Sorel is of white mosseline de sole over yellow silk. The chiffon is shirred from the neck one-third of the length of the bodice. Above and below the wide belt of dull gold, studded with turquoises, the mousseline is shirred and narrow yellow ribons drawn through the intervals are tied in elongated bows, which fall in front above and below the belt.

The neck band is of guipure lace over yellow silk. Applied partly on the neck band is a wide passementerie of gold embroidery, studded with turquoise designs. A short bolero down the front ends with the side seams of the bodice.

From under the neck band in front fall long loops of narrow black velvet.

The sleeve is most beautiful. It is shirred loosely around the shoulder, then gathered into a puff which is held in place by a band of dull gold to match the belt. From the band falls a ruffle of chiffon much lengthened below the elbow. From the elbow a tight sleeve made up of gathered chiffon and wide bands of dull gold.

An opera bodice worn by Mlle. Avril, one of the professional beauty actresses, is made entirely of maline lace and embroideries over a white satin lining. The lace runs down the shoulders and down the belt line, caught up with narrow black velvet ribbons and rosettes. The embroidery is stretched over the satin back and sides and is slightly gathered in front between the fall of lace.

The tight elbow sleeve is open under the arm and joined at intervals with bands of black velvet fastened with

Expectant Motherhood

McDonald, Ga., July 18, 1900.

I advise every suffering woman to take Wine of Cardui. While I was going with my other children I was compelled to stay in bed for days at a time but this time I have taken Wine of Cardui and Thedford's Black-Draught and have been able to do all my housework without any trouble. I am expecting every day to be confined. My husband thinks Wine of Cardui is the best medicine in the world. He takes a dose of Thedford's Black-Draught every night and gives some to the children. He has not lost a day from work this year. He tells his friends about your wonderful medicines and I tell my lady friends to use your Wine of Cardui.

Mrs. GEORGIA LEE.

There are thousands of women who shrink in terror at the thought of the baby's coming. But child-birth is one of the workings of Nature and it was not intended to imply torture and agony to the heroic mothers of the race. The woman who suffers torture during pregnancy and at child-birth has usually, by some indiscretion, injured the organs which make her a woman. Neglect of menstrual irregularities leads to ovarian pains, falling of the womb and leucorrhoea, and the period of pregnancy is necessarily distressing under these conditions.

WINE OF CARDUI

will regulate the menstrual function perfectly and eventually make the generative organs strong and healthy. Pregnancy and childbirth have no terrors for the woman who takes this pure Wine. A strong healthy womb will bring its precious burden to maturity with little or no pain. A healthy woman need not fear childbirth. Wine of Cardui completely cures all these troubles familiarly known as "female diseases" and equips the sensitive generative organs for pregnancy and childbirth. It will save any mother much pain and suffering. All druggists sell $1.00 bottles.

For advice and literature, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

BRILLIANT

Outlook For Baseball Here This Year.

Northwestern League Being Well Backed.

Brilliant prospects for semi-professional and amateur baseball! The outlook at the beginning of a local baseball season has never been brighter. Clean, fast ball playing is assured, and an epidemic of baseball fever is threatened.

• • •

Notwithstanding the good outlook here, the most optimistic ball news of the week comes from Ashland. The Northwestern league team, of that city, will have the finest grounds on the circuit, and is now the most liberally backed. Word has been received that wealthy Chequamegon bay sawmill owners have donated lumber for a fence around the grounds and for grand stand and bleachers. Merchants of Ashland will back the team in its championship aspirations to the extent of $1000. The management of the Ashland team has been offered William Gardiner, of Bayfield. Mr. Gardiner was formerly one of the star players on the team of the University of Chicago. Last season, with the Bayfield team, he demonstrated that he was one of the fastest players in this part of the country.

• • •

Washburn, Bayfield, Ironwood and Hurley also report progress in getting good baseball material together, but nothing definite has been heard from the proposed Ironwood-Hurley Northwestern league proposition.

• • •

The members of the Duluth team have been indulging in light practice at Oneota park, but the weather has been too cold and changeable for the men to get down to any kind of form. Connors, the crack third baseman, is expected from Milwaukee next week, and with his arrival Manager Hansel will only be short a second baseman and an outfielder. John Revoyr has not returned his contract, but his friends say that he expects to come here just as soon as the weather warms up a little. He fears the effect of chilly weather on his pitching arm.

• • •

There will be an aureole of magnificent color effects when the "Duluth Fashion" baseball team opens its season. This team bids fair to be the sensation of the season, and it certainly has the finest uniforms of any baseball organization in the city up to the present time.

The team is made up of members of the Cigarmakers' union, many of whom have won laurels and pennants in minor professional ranks. The team was organized recently, with L. Van Praagh, manager, Walter Munroe, captain; Arthur Jones, secretary, and F. E. Kremmerer, treasurer. The line up is as follows:

F. E. Kremmerer, catcher or first base.
W. Casper, catcher or left field.
Louis Staub, pitcher.
Alex Cheyne, second base.
Si Bennett, short stop.
Walter Munroe, third base.
John Schroeder, center field.
Arthur Jones, right field.

Munroe formerly played in the fast infield of the Terre Haute team, and in practice he has shown up in great form. Kremmerer, Casper and Schroeder have all played in a famous organization of Sioux Falls, and last season Kremmerer played first base for the Hurley team.

Si Bennett is known to all baseball fans as one of the coming short stops. He is a member of the Cigarmakers' union. He has been playing with the Big Duluth team, and last Sunday put up a very pretty game against the West Duluth Juniors. Alex Cheyne, the second baseman, has played in the Canadian league, and Staub, the pitcher of the Fashions, was with the Lancaster team of the Pennsylvania State league.

The uniform selected by the team is maroon shirts and pants, with blue caps and stockings. This team is open for games with any of the range towns or local organizations.

• • •

The Big Duluths will play at Cloquet tomorrow. Last Sunday the clothing store men administered a clever shut out to the West Duluth Juniors in a game that had many admirable features, despite the chilly weather. The line-up for tomorrow's game at Cloquet is as follows:

Big Duluth.		Cloquet.
Girard	catcher	Kreisle
Lovell	pitcher	Rasue
Randall	first base	Johnson
Di Marco	second base	T. Siebert
Bennett	shortstop	Croty
Irwin	third base	S. Siebert
Carroll	right field	Rogers
Cole	center field	Doreoun
Faulkner	left field	Howe

• • •

The high school team is playing the Cloquet high school today. It is the first game away from home this season, but from the showing made last Saturday against the Nelson Dewey high school, Duluth has one of the fastest scholastic teams in the Northwest.

• • •

The record of twenty-four strike outs in last Saturday's game made by Al Cummings is likely to stand for a long time. Cummings pitches both right and left handed, and a rapid change from one to the other puzzles batsmen considerably.

• • •

Manager Hansell of the Duluth team says that he would like to arrange a series of practice games with Big Duluth, Duluth Fashions or the board of trade teams.

• • •

A question that is agitating the sportsmen of Minnesota is the proper classification of the bass family. The law is vague as to the kinds of bass that may be caught after Wednesday next. Black, gray or Oswego bass, says the law, shall not be hooked prior to June 1. The crappie is held by many to be a bass, though it is known as the "strawberry bass." Rock bass are not defined at all, but they are generally held to be "bass" just the same, though both crappies and rock bass are held to be sunfish by many. Certainly they resemble in form the many varieties of sunfish to be found in Minnesota, and as they are extremely palatable, the fishermen are anxious to have an official decision upon this question.

• • •

The gray bass, described in the Minnesota law are the genuine small mouth bass, while the Oswego bass are the big mouth variety, and both are commonly called black bass. It would appear from the law that these are the fish that are prohibited before June 1, and many of the sportsmen will proceed on this theory and open the season next week. All other fish may be caught between May 1 and March 1, though pickerel and suckers may be taken at any time. Muskellunge, or "Sand Lake trout," as they are sometimes called, may only be taken with hook and line.

• • •

Another inconsistency in the law governing bass or brook trout is that no person is permitted to sell or have in his possession these varieties of fish prior to January, 1902, yet limiting the number of fish that may be caught by any one person to fifty per day. Fish and Game Warden Fullerton has ruled that where a bass is hooked during the closed season, if the hook has not been swallowed, the fish should be returned to the water, but if the bass has swallowed the hook it may be retained by the fisherman, report being made to the warden of the circumstances. He holds that it is impossible to blame the sportsman if the fish bites his hook and swallows it, and that as it would die if returned to the water it would be better to permit the enjoyment of the food. This being the case, it will be interesting to note the extra hooks that are taken along on fishing excursions, as a precaution against the bass that swallow them.

• • •

Until late in June the bass will be found along the shore in the shallow water among the reeds, where it spawns and lays idly enjoying the sunshine. Later in the season it leaves the shallow water and goes to deeper parts of the lake, where it feeds on minnows, etc. Still fishing in deep water is therefore the only method to adopt during the middle and latter part of the summer.

• • •

Another star has set, another marvel has gone whizzing down the great toboggan slide over which so many youthful wonders have scooted in the past. Jack McClelland, winner of forty battles, conqueror of Eddie Santry, Gie Olson, and a drove of smaller lights, was whaled into dreamland Wednesday at Louisville, and his conqueror was David Sullivan. Had Terry McGovern administered the beating it would not have mattered so much, but a knockout by Dave Sullivan hurts a fighter's reputation almost beyond resuscitation. Dave has been beaten too often to be regarded as anything more than a third-lister.

Accounts of the fight show that it was even up, with the advantage, if anything on McClelland's side till the final round. Nineteen rounds of fierce milling had passed, with both men groggy, but Sullivan in the worse condition. The boys came up for the last act as fresh as their seconds could make them, and went at it like Indians. McClelland made a fatal mistake, closing with the weary Sullivan and trying to put in a short arm blow that would settle him. This game just suited Dave, and his own fist shot into McClelland's jaw like a bullet, toppling him unconscious to the floor.

• • •

California has produced a new wonder on the light line. He is Herra, a featherweight, who thinks the world is his and has proceeded to get it by challenging Terry McGovern to a fight. It seems that Herrera defeated a fighter named Tony Irwin in short order just when Irwin was expected to win. Herrera, probably experiencing for the first time the delight of knocking a man out, could na resist the temptation that many other men have had to win a championship on a single night. He has, much to his own surprise and certainly to that of everyone else, been granted a battle with the Brooklyn cyclone, and what will be left of Mr. Herrera after he gets into the center of the storm will not be worth stopping to tell about. Herrera may be a good fighter with a big standing in his own community, but monkeying with buzzsaws will not get him anything.

• • •

The popularity which Major Taylor is enjoying abroad is not begrudged him by any American cyclist. Major, though black as the proverbial ace of spades, is the whitest colored man who ever rode a race, and it seems that not only his cleverness and speed, but his general manliness have taken with the French and German cycling fans. Marc Braun, local representative of Le Velo, the great sporting daily of Paris, predicted some time ago that the French would go into ecstasies over Taylor once he began riding there, and this prediction seems verified.

• • •

Too much stress should not be laid upon His Eminence's victory in the Kentucky Derby, as Alard Scheck is frightfully off and would not run a little bit, and Sanazarro does not call for much over a fast track. The race, all things considered, is about the poorest showing ever made in the Blue Grass classic. Of course, there was a rush at once after the contest to get aboard the son of Falsetto in the winter books of the American derby. These rushes have been of frequent occurrence of late, and of course mean a harvest for the layer of odds.

• • •

Four pugilists have died shortly after being defeated in bouts before the National Sporting club of London, in the fashionable Olympic association in the world. London papers are now advocating that the club be closed.

• • •

The arena of the Coney Island Athletic Club, where several goods fights and some shrewd fakes were perpetrated, is being torn down. Demolished arenas, like dead men, tell no tales.

• • •

The American Turf congress must have a staff of detectives out looking for outlawed jockeys. It has pardoned nearly all the outlaws in the West up to date. A merry-go-round would give the same results at less expense.

• • •

An English athletic critic says that the love of victory is abnormally developed in Americans. Most anything that has been doing a continuous performance since 1776 is likely to take a pretty strong hold.

• • •

Bob Fitzsimmons wires as follows: "There is no serious trouble between Mrs. Fitzsimmons and myself. I did not hit her in the slats. During a little domestic squabble, in pushing a door open, the missus was slightly bruised." All right, Bob; if you only hit her with a door, we apologize.

• • •

As the first step of his move in securing an introduction to the "400" of New York James J. Corbett has had his picture taken while sitting astride a polo pony. They will be distributed at the opening at Newport.

• • •

Argentine Republic is preparing to send a team to compete in the international rifle match in New Jersey next summer. A rifleman from almost any country in South America is of necessity always in practice.

• • •

Fielder A. Jones of the White Stockings has played on four championship teams in his six years' baseball experience.

• • •

In the inquest into the death of Billy Smith, killed at the National Sporting club, a surgeon testified that the autopsy showed a laceration of the right side of the brain. Otherwise Smith's physical condition was perfect.

The cause of Smith's death was not drugs. He was a victim of an inexcusably one-sided match. Smith fought as well as he knew how, but he was overwhelmingly outclassed. The matchmaker deserves to be punished, and the referee also, for failing to stop the contest when it must have been apparent that Smith was beaten in the fourth round.

The death of Smith emphasizes the superiority of having the referee in the ring where he can judge as to the advisability of stopping a bout and can also prevent foul tactics by the contestants. In England the referee sits outside the ring, remaining in one spot throughout the fight. A tricky fighter could take advantage of that fact and get in foul blows.

CURIOUS COMPLICATION.

Old Man Now Stepfather to His Grand Children.

Dayton, Ohio, May 3—John Karch was wedded Tuesday to his daughter-in-law, Mrs. Susie Karch, in Judge McCahn's private office. The groom is 59 and the bride 22. Several years ago the latter was united in marriage to the son of the man whom she wedded Tuesday. In the course of time marital infelicities arose, and Mrs. Karch secured a divorce from her husband. The rejected husband's father played the suitor and won out with a promise of marriage, which was fulfilled Tuesday under most extraordinary circumstances, the bride having been separated from her husband only a short time. Besides marrying her father-in-law, the question arises as to whether the bride is not really her own mother-in-law. Two children were born from the first union, and their grandpa has suddenly turned to a solicitous old stepfather. They reside at Chambersburg, Ohio.

ADMITS RESIGNATION.

New York, May 3.—Roswell Miller, chairman of the board of directors of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroad company, confirms the report that he resigned as a director of the Union Pacific railroad about six weeks ago, but he says that he cannot discuss the matter.

SAME OLD STORY.

Constantinople, May 3.—It has been arranged that the Imperial Ottoman bank shall pay the Cramps £100,000 sterling as a first installment, and pay an amount, not specified to the Krupps, from a 6 per cent surtax on the general taxation of the empire. Simultaneously with this announcement the Turkish officials have revived the old story that the Cramps' payment includes the United States Armenian claims.

GOULD GETS IT.

Memphis, May 3.—A Scimitar special from Helena, Ark., says: Maj. John J. Horner, president of the Arkansas Midland railroad, today admitted that his road will pass under the control of the Gould system within the next sixty days. The deal was practically closed at St. Louis yesterday. The sale will include the main line from Helena to Clarendon, and also the branch from Pine City to Brinkley. The road is one of the most valuable in Arkansas. The terms of sale are not known.

RATE WAR.

Chicago, May 3.—The Evening Post today says: "An east bound passenger rate war seems imminent. The Wabash today gave notice that it would put into effect such reductions as would preserve its differential rate from Kansas City. The Burlington and Missouri Pacific had declared their intention of meeting any reductions affecting Kansas City. Atchison, Leavenworth and St. Joseph. Others undoubtedly will follow this lead."

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MIDDLE - AGED AND OLD MEN
who are the victims of Prostatic, Urinary, Kidney or Bladder Troubles, Syphilitic or Mercurial Blood Poisoning, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Sexual Debility, Impaired Vigor, Premature Decline from recent exposure, Mental Work or Overwork, Rheumatism, Eczema or Salt Rheum, Piles, Ulcers, Old Sores, Cough, Impending Paralysis or Consumption, Stomach and Liver Troubles, Loss of Ambition, unfit to enjoy either pleasure or business, are cured for life by Dr. Pierce when all others have failed.
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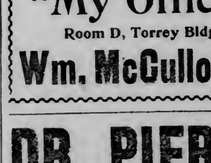
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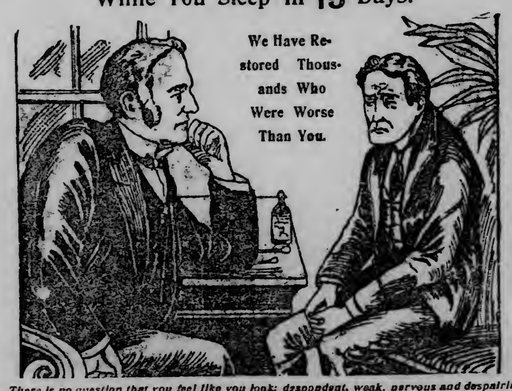
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CURE all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow complexion and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are getting sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It is a starter for the chronic ailments and long years of suffering that come afterwards. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS to-day, for you will never get well and be well all the time until you put your bowels right. Take our advice; start with CASCARETS to-day, under an absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded. 458
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THE THEATER

"The Flaming Arrow" at Lyceum Tuesday.

Great Indian Actress at Head of the Cast.

Next Tuesday evening "The Flaming Arrow," one of Lincoln J. Carter's productions, will be at the Lyceum. It is said to be one of the very best things that Mr. Carter has ever put out. Go-Won-Go-Mohawk, a great Indian actress, heads the cast, and twenty-eight people appear in her support, among them several genuine Indians, Chief Ga-Ne-Gue, Chief Red Flash, Charles Charles, Louise Fiere, M. D. Gould, William Collins, Guy Hackney, Edmund F. Kreyer, Chief Kenjockety, Corn Planter, Shongo, Turkey, the Misses Lou Ripley and Nina Paul and Sergeant W. H. Killey, the bugler.

GOSSIP OF THE RIALTO.

Rose Coghlan to Head a Company In Mexico.

New York, May 1.—The first result of the alliance between George Lederer and M. B. Leavitt to control thirty-three theaters in Mexico, Yucatan and Cuba, has been the signing of a contract with Rose Coghlan to head their company. The season will begin next fall with a short tour of the United States, and then the company will go over the Mexican circuit. "Diplomacy" will be the feature of the repertoire. Leavitt will also conduct a concert tour through Mexico of Josef Hoffman, and Lillian Blauvelt will probably be added to the combination's attractions.

* * *

The old Thalia theater on the Bowery is now adorned by a "To let" sign, and unless a good offer can be secured by the estate of William Kramer it will be torn down to be replaced with business buildings. As the Old Bowery theater this place of amusement was one of the most famous in the country. A play bill of Nov. 11, 1863, shows that Fanny Herring was the star in "Lady Audley's Secret." In the cast were Mrs. Harry Chapman, Miss G. Reignolds, G. L. Fox, Harry Chapman and G. W. Thompson. The comic piece, "Giles Scroggins' Ghost," followed, and the show wound up with the farce, "The Wandering Minstrel." Of recent years all the productions have been in Hebrew.

* * *

Ada Rehan and Daniel Frohman are fellow passengers on the St. Louis. Miss Rehan is in search of health, and will go at once to her bungalow on the Irish coast. Frohman said before sailing: "I am going to London and Paris chiefly for plays. If the market is full I may get enough to last both my houses and my stars, E. H. Sothern and Bertha Galland, a couple of seasons. If I find nothing to suit I will come back empty handed. I am not worrying over the outlook, for I have got a number of good American plays locked up in my safe. The Daly Theater Stock company may be seen in a native drama at the opening of the fall season, but that is still uncertain. The house will open the season on Sept. 9, with the English musical comedy, "The Messenger Boy." Mr. Sothern will start his tour the same evening at the Garden, with a new play by Sir Henry Irving's son Lawrence. Cecilia Loftus will be his leading woman. He will also produce "Richard Lovelace," by Miss Loftus' former husband, Justin Huntley McCarthy. Miss Galland will open with a dramatization of "The Forest Lovers," and Harry B. Sanford will be leading man."

* * *

Charles Frohman is so pleased with London's reception of "The Girl From Up There" that he has cabled that he will make musical comedy a distinct feature of each season hereafter. A part of each year at the Duke of York's theater will be given over to this style of work, and he will endeavor to outplay George Edwards at his own game.

* * *

Gustave Luders, the composer of "The Burgomaster," returned from a bridal tour in Europe to hear that Frank Pixley, who wrote the libretto, has disposed of their new opera, "King Dodo," to Henry W. Savage. The latter will give it a production in Chicago this summer.

* * *

It is highly probable that Francisco Fanciulli, who succeeded Sousa as leader of the Marine band at Washington, will soon appear before the public as an operatic composer. His work is entitled "Priscilla," and the book deals with the story of Miles Standish's courtship. Critics who have heard the music are loud in their praises of its originality and beauty. A bandmaster of national repute, Fanciulli has been noted for his many compositions for bands, and he has also written sacred music.

* * *

"Unleavened Bread" will be revived in Boston on May 6. Brandon Hurst will play the part originated by Edward J. Morgan, and Hallet Thompson will appear in Morton Selton's old role. Gertrude Bennett has been substituted for Eleanor Robson. These are the only changes in the cast.

* * *

The war of the revival Nell Gwynns seems for the present to have ended in a complete victory for Miss Henrietta Crosman. The unfortunate illness of Miss Ada Rehan has left but one Richmond in the field, and hardly had that actress shaken the dust of the states from her high-bred hoofs when preparations were actively made for the return of her rival to Broadway. Miss Rehan's condition, while serious, is to be vastly improved in her trip abroad, but her role for next season is still undetermined. It is hardly likely that she will stick to the King Charles play. Miss Crosman opens at Wallack's across the way from the Bijou, where she made her great hit and won New York in a night. Up in Boston this week she celebrated the first anniversary of her debut as a real live star. Just a year ago she appeared in a revival of Bronson Howard's "One of Our Girls" at Harrisburg, Penn. Since then fortune has smiled on the boy effice, and Miss Crosman is very happy.

* * *

Grace Filkins is through with playing one-night stands. They are too wearing on the nerves, she declares, and no actress with a proper devotion to her art can satisfy the public while she is spending most of her time on railroad trains, and at those catch-as-catch-can hotels. Hence the Otis Skinner company knows her presence no more. Incidentally Miss Filkins has another grievance. This is because her husband, Commander Marix, has had to sail away to the far Philippines, and she could not go because of that dreadful climate out there at this season. She positively asserts that in the early autumn she will bid her friend to dear old Japan, and they will bill and coo in the land of the Mikado all winter.

* * *

It was all an accident, of course, but it produced any number of smiles just the same. By the work of the fates two face bleach "ads" got into the Sunday papers alongside of each other. Both were illustrated photographically, the subjects being actresses. But what made the deadly parallel so striking was that while one column presented the classic features of Nella Bergen Hopper, the other displayed the saucy presentment of Edna Wallace Hopper, the diminutive predecessor in the martial life of the elongated comedian.

* * *

The managers are in great dread lest they accept carelessly the work of "unknowns." That state of affairs has been brought about by the trouble brought upon Francis Wilson. The comedian once upon a time thought he wanted some music and lightly hired one William F. Peters to provide it. The said Peters now directs the musical end of Mrs. Carter's "Zaza" combination, and the work for Wilson was to be his first opera. Cheever Goodwin had written the words and called the work "Boolor Boulhoum," which was later very properly changed to "The Monks of Malabar." It is suspected that the first name caused Wilson to weaken on the music. At any rate, he did not produce it, but set about to lose money on "Cyrano de Bergerac." Having satisfied his ambition, he bethought himself of the rechristened "Monks," and, still suspicious of that music, relet the job to one Englander. Wilson, nevertheless, did not pay Peters $200 balance on the old contract, and the composer, who really believed that the hold-up music was worth the money, secured it by attaching the box office receipts. Here endeth the first lesson.

* * *

Francis Wilson's former manager, A. H. Canby, has abandoned drama for the concert business. He has been recently associated with John Farrington in the London production of "A Parlor Match," and now he has been engaged by Steinway & Sons to represent them in Australia during the tours of a number of prominent soloists they are booking. He is now on his way to the Antipodes, via San Francisco.

* * *

When the history of the theatrical angels comes to be written the first chapter should by rights be devoted to the bold Clan McAlpin. The money that came so easily in tobacco not in the least seems to go with even more celerity in the theater. First, former Adjt. Gen. Edwin A. McAlpine lost thousands on "Excelsior, Jr.," and now R. P. McAlpin is wanted to the tune of $400 which was lost in the cause of Dorothy Morton. When Gen. McAlpin was the chief backer of "Excelsior, Jr.," in 1898 the losses reached $27,000. McAlpin's end of it amounted to $16,000. Besides this disappearance in cash there are several thousands in debts unpaid, all of which will be sued for unless all if the creditors succeed in proving that he was a partner. The downfall of the tour is laid to Miss Fay Templeton, who, a few days after it had started, demanded and got $275 as salary and flitted to New York. Her understudy was a Jonah, and nothing but trouble followed. Miss Templeton was sued, but in vain, and now McAlpin will be given a chance to pay more. The other McAlpin is sued by John F. Harley, at present managing a Denver theater, for unpaid promissory notes and protested checks.

* * *

Dick Bernard got in one on Dan Daly the other day. It was in a cafe on upper Broadway, and the conversation had been practically monopolized by Daly. Bernard broke in with "Speaking of circuses—"

"We're not," retorted Daly. "It was police inspectors and raids."

"Well, it's the same thing, calmly answered Bernard. "What it made me think of was the parade we were going to have and didn't last Saturday night. I once knew a vaudeville act that took eight hours to pass a given point."

"Inauguration?" queried Daly, languidly.

"Nope," said Bernard, "just funeral." "My word!" murmured Daly. "Must have had a bunch of mourners."

"Less'n a hundred, "was the calm rejoinder.

Daly was properly indignant.

"What are you giving us? Where do you think you are, on the 'Uncle Tom' circuit?"

"Fact, I assure you, Said given point was a saloon. That may be an old one in the provinces, but it seems to take in you wise ones on Broadway all right."

Daly bought another bottle with a red top.

* * *

Julia Marlowe, in declining to continue "When Knighthood was in Flower" at the Criterion until June 1, has proved a good angel to the costumers. The fabrics now in which she is produced in gold are cumbersome. Miss Marlowe's court robes are brocaded and lined so heavily that they will nearly stand alone. Every costume will be remade for the warm weather of the lightest fabrics, but backed with stiff muslin, to give them the desired effect of heaviness. In place of the court robe of velvet she is produced in gold with the lilies of France, which Miss Marlowe wears in the fourth act, she will use a gown of pale blue, with the lilies so delicately done that they will seem to have been strewn carelessly over the silk. She will even have a summer crown, using a graceful coronet in place of the present massive head piece.

* * *

The departure of "In the Palace of the King" from town marks the close of what has been the biggest money maker of the season. Miss Viola Allen has played to crowded houses for four months and toward the close of her run there were no signs of a lessening of public interest. Manager George Tyler will send her out on the road for a brief tour, and after she returns from her vacation abroad she will present the same play in other sections of the country. "Lover's Lane" will be the successor at the Republic.

* * *

Tyler's Cuban "find," La Presa, has been seen and has made a considerable hit. His work is reminiscent of Blondi and Fregoli, but he is cleverer all around than either of these quick change artists. Besides some wonderful work in shifting parts he proved to be a violinist of no mean order, and his falsetto singing was excellent.

* * *

Contracts have been signed between Klaw and Erlanger and Frank Sanger, the American representative of J. C. Williamson, for a production of "Ben Hur" in Melbourne at the same time it is given at the Theater Royal in London. "Ben Hur" will then be running simultaneously in three countries.

* * *

Wilton Lackaye's bull pup nearly broke up "The Price of Peace" last week. The leading man shares his dressing room with Arthur Forrest and Bully Boy, the pup in question, has hitherto behaved himself circumspectly on his master's side of the room. In a great hurry Lackaye hung some of his clothes on Forrest's side and a few moments latter the latter rushed in, and seeing the clothes on the wrong side started to take them down. Bully Boy likewise started to take down Mr. Forrest, and success was all on his side. Forrest waited not on the order of his going, but fled for help.

* * *

F. F. Proctor's experiment with a stock company instead of the continuous at his Pleasure Palace in Fifty-eighth street has been a success. He put on "Dr. Bill" this week, after it had been trimmed a little, and grave Jerome K. Jerome's "Sunset" as a curtain raiser. In order that the shock might not be too great to the patrons, six turns of vaudeville were thrown in and all hands seemed pleased.

* * *

The marriage of Miss Ysobel Haskins, of "The Climbers," to Walter W. Price, of Wall street, was somewhat eclipsed by other nuptials last week, the same being those of Miss Pauline Marr to "Charlie" Gall. Time was when San Francisco knew him well, but with his change of base to New York he took his wealthy uncle's name and later a fair patrimony. Gall was best known in the Lederer days at the Casino as the proprietor of the cafe there. But he was largely interested with Lederer in the production of "La Belle Helene," "Yankee Doodle Dandy," "The Telephone Girl" and "The Whirl of the Town." When Lederer was succeeded at the Casino by the Sires, Gail gave up the cafe and has since made his headquarters in Lederer's offices. So secret did he keep his marriage plans that not even Lederer knew of them until Dr. Felix Adler had performed the ceremony. The bride is a daughter of Mrs. Katherine Tyson Marr, of Washington.

FOOTLIGHT FLASHES.

Nance O'Neil is at Brisbane.

Zola's lyric drama "L'Ouragan" has scored a hit in Paris.

Richard Carle will not return to America with the "Belle of Bohemia."

A new Saint-Saens opera, Les Barbares, will be produced at Paris next October.

Brady's "Uncle Tom's Cabin" is to be a fixture in Buffalo during the exposition.

The Drury Grand Opera company, composed of negroes, will sing Gomez' "Il Guarany" at New York this week.

"King Washington," the new revolutionary play by Robert Lewis Weed, is to have a trial performance at Wallack's this afternoon.

Kate Claxton has signed a two-years' contract with William A. Brady to star under his management in an elaborate revival of "The Two Orphans."

Wilson Barrett's new spectacular drama, named provisionally "The Christian King," will probably be produced in London the latter part of August.

"The Emerald Isle," Sir Arthur Sullivan's posthumous opera, with libretto by Basil Hood, had a successful production at the Savoy theater, London, April 27.

Billy Clifford, of the vaudeville team of Clifford and Huth, will probably be co-star with John Allison next season in Broadhurst brothers' "The Wrong Mr. Wright" company.

Julia Marlowe expects to appear in three important plays next season. One is a Shakesperean tragedy, another is a famous play of modern life, well known in Europe, and the third is a new drama.

Henry Miller's new play is called "Darcy of the Guards," and is from the pen of Louis Evan Shipman. The scenes are laid in Philadelphia at the time of the British occupancy of the city. Darcy is a rattling Irish officer in the British service who falls in love with a colonial girl.

Of the fourteen stationary plays in New York, only four have been acted less than 100 times, though five of these long-run pieces are revivals. Of this lot is "Uncle Tom's Cabin," which probably holds the record for endurance, though not for consecutive performances.

Bernhardt may do "Mistress Nell." If "Mistress Nell" goes to Paris it will mark a new epoch in the history of American drama. No play of any consequence by an American has yet been adapted into French common as has been the practice of covering New York stages with productions from Paris.

There is likely to be trouble over "Cyrano de Bergerac," as an opera. Giacomo Puccini has set an Italian libretto of Rostand's play to music, but the dramatist objects, and says the musician has no right to set his work without his permission and payment for the privilege and a lawsuit has been commenced.

The treatment of offending mummers in England is mild when compared with the customs which prevail in Russian playhouses. A month ago, at a theater in Russia, the audience became dissatisfied with a new drama, but instead of "booing" and resorting to cabbage heads and ancient eggs they threw ammonia and sulphuric acid at the performers, almost suffocating the hero and heroine in their tracks. The theme of the annoying play was political.

From "peanut butcher" on railroad trains, from call boy, scene shifter, bill poster and backer of prize fighters to proprietor of three successful plays now running in New York city, one in Philadelphia, and four companies on the road. With plans for theaters of his own next season in New York, Boston, Philadelphia and Chicago. With a wife whom he is determined to make a dramatic star of the first magnitude, and only 36 years old—This is the story of William A. Brady, better known to hundreds of thousands, especially the "sports," as Billy Brady.

"American actors and actresses," said Coquelin, "are a thousand times more petted than are ours. The moment one of us in France shows a weakness, the press and public unite to execrate us. Criticism is less prompt and more kind here. Such words as 'fascinating' are more often heard here than in France. That, in my view, is a great encouragement, and spurs one to do one's best much more than harsh criticism. It may be that there is a tendency to obtain this approbation with the least possible expenditure of personal pains. It is a bad practice, for actor and public both, for the former to endeavor to appear as a star of the first magnitude all at once. Much better it is that one should be content to twinkle patiently in one's little role until people begin to notice how excellently is that twinkling done. Then there are no deceptions, no disillusion."

Imitations have been many. Thoughtful people have learned that true merit comes only with the genuine Rocky Mountain Tea made by Madison Medicine Co. 35c. Ask your druggist.

Canadian Pacific Steamers 1901.

The first sailing Canadian Pacific Upper Lake steamers, in connection with D., S. S. & A., from Sault Ste. Marie, Monday, May 6th, and regularly thereafter, from Sault Ste. Marie, 11:00 a. m., Saturdays, Mondays and Wednesdays for Owen Sound, Toronto, Buffalo and East.

City Ticket Office,
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

PUNY CHILDREN

TOO MANY OF THEM DIE.

Their Little Bodies Unable to Stand the Ordeal of Development.

WE THINK EVERY MOTHER IN THIS TOWN SHOULD KNOW ABOUT VINOL.

It Is the Delicious Tonic we Advise for Growing Children.

Is your boy or girl pale or listless? Do they act dierently from other children? Do they sleep poorly and eat poorly? Does your boy avoid the sports and games of other boys? Does your girl complain of headache and find her studies a hardship?

If so, you may make up your mind they are growing too fast. They need something to help nature in her great work of furnishing the necessary elements for creating flesh and muscle tissue, bone structure and rich, pure, red blood.

They need a tonic in the full sense of the word and we can tell you what to get.

It is Vinol Wine of Cod-Liver Oil, the great modern reconstructor. Children like it, it is so delicious to the taste, in spite of the fact that it contains a highly concentrated extract of the medicinal principles that are found in cod-liver oil.

But because the vile-smelling and tasting grease has been discarded and all of the other disagreeable features eliminated, the benefits of Vinol are easily understood.

Vinol acts favorably on the stomach, creates an appetite and enables the food that is eaten to do the greatest possible amount of good.

Following is a letter that bears directly on this subject:

"I was all run down and took Vinol. It did me so much good and it was so pleasant to take, that I got it for my children. They were growing fast and needed something in the way of a tonic and I found it to be just the thing tor them."—Sarah Pickering, 1932 Fall River, Mass.

We cordially invite mothers interested in the welfare of their children, as well as any one else needing a sure, safe and delicious tonic, rebuilder and rejuvenator, to call on us. We will gladly tell any one all we know about Vinol and why we so highly endorse it.

Inasmuch as we are always ready and pleased to refund the cost of Vinol to those who don't find it exactly what we claim it to be, it will be seen that we are prepared to substantially endorse our claims for the excellence of this marvelous preparation.

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McKENNY & LAUNDERGAN, Managers.

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Popular Prices—10c, 20c, 30c

All hill street cars pass this theater.

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The Indian Actress— **Go-Won-Go-Mohawk**

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THE FLAMING ..ARROW..

A true story of Indian Life—Presented by a carefully selected cast—All special scenery and effects

Prices—Parquette and Dress Circle 75c, Family Circle and Balcony 50c, Gallery 25c.

Table and Kitchen.

Practical Suggestions About What to Eat and How to Prepare Food.

This matter will be found to be entirely different from and superior to the usual run of food articles, in that every item is a nugget of culinary wisdom and eminently practical.

FIRST VOLUME.

Conducted by Lida Ames Willis, Marquette Building, Chicago, to whom all inquiries should be addressed.

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STRAWBERRIES.

A Fruit Thought Worthy of High Festival.

Like the white potato, the strawberry has been condemned by some authorities as unfit for food of man.

In spite of this sentence and evidence shown to sustain the unfavorable statements made against these universal favorites, people continue to eat them and yet live to the fullness of their days. Whether their physical condition would be improved by omitting strawberries from their dietary depends on the effect they produce upon the individual.

When we "discover ourselves," as someone quaintly remarks, we will cease to blame the innocent products of nature for harm wrought through our ignorance and want of thought.

THE CULTIVATED BERRY.

One mistake we too frequently make, is the misconception of nature's designs; and from the want of knowledge we pervert these designs to our own hurt in presuming to improve on natural products.

In cultivating the strawberry, the desire has been, too frequently, to produce a showy fruit. This effort has met with astonishing success. But at what a sacrifice. Can the finest specimens of the "higher cultivation" replace the luscious little native we used to seek with such delight along the hedges and borders of the "old home fields?" Take this humble little "earth berry" from its native heath and "cultivate" it for the society of the 400, and it loses that subtle fragrance and flavor that was so elusive and so delicious to the senses as to call forth the declaration that, "doubtless God could have made a better berry, but doubtless God never did."

Many varieties of the cultivated berry are too acid for those who are unpleasantly affected by this quantity in their foods. Many being unmindful of this fact, indulge too freely in the fruit, and pay no heed to combinations that may result in much discomfort and suffering to remind them of their indulgence.

IMPROVING THE FLAVOR.

A very popular, as well as attractive way to serve the mammoth berry, is to heap them in pyramid form on small individual dishes, the stems left on to hold them as they are dipped into powdered sugar, and eaten. But less artistic, but more satisfactory way, if you desire to enjoy the full flavor of these delicious morsels, is to crush or cut the berry and blend with the sugar. Children know this secret well, and unless reproved by their parents, will invariably mash their berries on their plates with the sugar before they will eat them. Try the plan of slicing the berries with a silver fruit knife, sugaring them as you fill your dish, et them stand a few minutes in a cold place, and then see if the instinct of the primitive man is not to be relied on in discovering nature's best way.

STRAWBERRIES AND CLARET.

This is a delightful method of serving the berries, the wine is used as we use cream. But the claret must be of the best, or the effect is bad.

ICED STRAWBERRIES.

Hull the berries, wash them carefully to free from grit, and drain. To each pound of berries allow a pound of sugar. Place berries and sugar in alternate layers in a glass dish. Pour over the berries enough juice, lemon, orange or pineapple, preferred, to flavor but not soak the berries. Stand the dish in the refrigerator for a couple of hours. Then sprinkle the top of the berries with shaved ice and powdered sugar, and serve at once. Delicious on a hot day.

STRAWBERRY JUNKET.

A dainty dish for luncheon or dessert. Make plain junket flavored with sherry or vanilla, and fill sherbet glasses two-thirds full, and set in refrigerator to chill. When ready to serve fill the glass up with sliced and sugared strawberries, heap whipped cream on top and decorate with a large berry in center.

STRAWBERRY SPONGE.

Put half a package of gelatine to soak in a half a cupful of cold water. Mash a quart of strawberries with half a cupful of sugar. Boil one cupful of water and half a cupful of sugar gently for twenty minutes. Add the gelatine to the hot syrup and stir until disolved, and take immediately from the fire. Then add the berries and place on cracked ice. As soon as chilled begin to beat, and continue until light and spongy, then add the whites of four eggs beaten to a stiff froth. Pour into a mold and set away to get firm.

STRAWBERRIES AND WHIPPED CREAM.

Line a glass dish with ladyfingers. In the bottom of the dish place a layer of sweetened berries. Add a layer of powdered sugar, then a layer of dry, whipped cream, then another layer of berries, sugar and cream. Have the cream heaped roughly on the top and dot with berries. Sprinkle with sugar and serve thoroughly chilled.

OLD-FASHIONED STRAWBERRY SHORTCAKE.

Put four cupfuls of sifted flour into a mixed bowl, add a half teaspoonful of salt and mix well. Chop in three large tablespoonfuls of butter. Dissolve a level teaspoonful of soda in a little hot water and add with a well-beaten egg to a large cupful of sour cream or rich, sour milk and a tablespoonful of sugar. Mix well together with a spatula or flexible knife. Do not handle more than necessary. The dough should be soft enough to roll out easily. Roll lightly and quickly into two thin sheets. Bake in well-greased round tins; lay one sheet on the other, having the first one well brushed with softened butter. When done, separate them. Cover the lower half with a thick layer of strawberries crushed and sugared. Place the second short cake on top of berries and cover with whole berries, dust with powdered sugar and serve with thick cream. Sweet milk and baking powder can be used instead of sour cream and soda.

FROZEN STRAWBERRIES AND WHIPPED CREAM.

Put four tablespoonfuls of granulated sugar in a quart of water and boil for half an hour. To this add two quarts of fine ripe strawberries, and cook gently for twenty minutes. Then set aside to cool. Then turn into a freezer and work until frozen. Remove the dasher and stir into the frozen berries a pint of whipped cream. Serve at once.

STRAWBERRY CUSTARD.

Stem enough large, ripe sugared strawberries to line a glass dish, forming a thick wall with the berries. Beat the yolks of four eggs with half a cupful of granulated sugar. Pour over this a pint of hot milk. When thoroughly mixed, return to double boiler, and stir and cook until it forms a thick custard. Season with a pinch of salt; flavor with orange or lemon juice, and pour into hollow in center of the berries. Whip the whites of the eggs to a stiff froth. Color with a little strawberry juice and heap over the top of the custard. Dust with powdered sugar and serve.

STRAWBERRY ROLL.

Make a rich biscuit crust, the recipe given for strawberry shortcake is a good one. Roll out the paste not more than a quarter of an inch in thickness, spread thickly with berries. Dredge with a little flour, roll up, moisten the edges to keep them together, and tie in a cheesecloth. Lay on a plate and set on a steamer. Steam two hours and a half for a medium-sized roll. Serve with hard sauce or sweetened cream.

MENUS FOR EACH DAY.

Monday.

BREAKFAST.
Fruit.
Broiled Salt Fish, Stewed Potatoes,
Entire Wheat Gems, Coffee,

LUNCH.
Minced Chicken on Toast,
Mayonnaise of Vegetables,
Cheese, Wafers,
Cocoa.

DINNER.
Clam Broth,
Round Steak, Stuffed and Rolled,
Mashed Potatoes, Creamed Carrots,
Asparagus with French Dressing,
German Puffs,
Coffee.

Tuesday.

BREAKFAST.
Fruit.
Cereal, Cream,
Eggs with Bacon and White Sauce,
Baked Potatoes,
Rolls, Coffee.

LUNCH.
Corn Chowder,
Bean Croquettes, Tomato Sauce,
Lettuce Salad,
Stewed Figs, Wafers,
Tea.

DINNER.
Tomato Soup,
Baked Shad, Dressed Cucumbers,
Mashed Potatoes, Spinach,
Cress Salad,
Rhubarb Cream Pie, Coffee.

Wednesday.

BREAKFAST.
Fruit.
Cereal, Cream,
Broiled Lamb Chops, Potato Chips
Toast, Water Cress,
Coffee.

LUNCH.
Broiled Sardines on Toast,
Potato and Pepper Salad,
Canned Fruit, Cake,
Cereal Coffee.

DINNER.
Cream of Corn Soup,
Stuffed Breast of Veal, Brown Sauce,
Baked Mushrooms,
Browned Potatoes, Cold Slaw,
Strawberry Bavarian Cream,
Coffee.

ANSWERS TO INQUIRIES.

(No attention paid to inquiries not giving name and address of writer, plainly written.)

Mrs. S. M. S. writes: Will you kindly publish in an early issue the best method of putting up in jars for winter use beans, sweet peas and asparagus?

CANNED STRING BEANS.

Select very young, tender beans. String them, cut into pieces about half an inch long. Wash them thoroughly and drain. Select jars or cans that are perfect; pack them, full, shaking them down to make them compact as possible. Then fill up with freshly drawn water. Remove all air bubbles so that every crevice between the beans is filled. Place a board or fresh clean straw in the bottom of a large boiler, place jars in the boiler, being careful not to allow them to touch each other. Lay the covers loosely on top of jars. Half cover the jars with cold water, place boiler over the fire, cover closely and bring gradually to a boil, and keep boiling continually for two hours. Lift out a jar at a time, screw on the tops and set in a cool place. Keep in a cool, dark place.

When preparing for the table, canned vegetables do not need further cooking, but simply heating thoroughly.

CANNED PEAS.

For canning, the peas should be young and tender and freshly gathered. Shell and pack them in the jars, shaking down same as with the beans. Fill to overflowing with freshly drawn water, then proceed same as string beans.

CANNED ASPARAGUS.

Wash each stalk thoroughly in cold water, trim and pack in glass jars, with the thick end of stalks down. Fill the jars with fresh, cold water, and proceed same as with beans and peas, boiling steadily for three hours. If the jars are not full to overflowing when removed from the boiler, add boiling water. When the glass jars are taken from the boiler, stand on a wet folded cloth, to keep them from cracking, and do not set them where the cool air will strike them for several hours.

California Excursion May 7th and 8th.

Account launching of battleship Ohio, at San Francisco, May 18, "The North-Western Line" will, on May 7 and 8, sell excursion tickets to San Francisco and return at the very low rate of $67.90. These tickets are good going and returning via Missouri river. If passengers so desire they can go via the Missouri river and return via any one of the Northern lines at a rate of $80.40 for the round trip. These tickets are good for return passage on or before thirty days from date of sale, with stop over privilege on the return trip within life of ticket. Here is an opportunity to see the Western country in all its grandeur at a minimum cost.

All information concerning tickets, reservations of berths, etc., etc., at the city office of "The North-Western Line," Duluth.

Pan American Exposition.

For above occasion the Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets May 7, 14, 21 and 28 to Buffalo and return for $24.50, good returning six days from date of sale; also, every day for $31.35, good returning sixteen days from date of sale.

For tickets and full information call at city ticket office, 332 West Superior street, or at Union depot.

You can rent houses, stores, offices or rooms by means of a Herald want ad.

van Houten's Cocoa

combines Strength, Purity and Solubility. A breakfast-cupful of this delicious Cocoa costs less than one cent.

Sold at all grocery stores—order it next time.

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The only good sauce; enriches the taste of all Meats, Fish, Game, Salads, etc., and gives a flavor that imitators utterly fail to produce.

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Lea & Perrins

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, Agents, N. Y.

The Hog and the Lily

Illustrate the difference between lard and

WESSON ODORLESS COOKING OIL

A PURELY VEGETABLE PRODUCT.

Animal fat may carry disease with it and be unclean and very indigestible.

Wesson's Odorless Cooking Oil is pure, sweet and clean. It never becomes rancid. It goes twice as far as lard or butter!

Wesson's Salad Oil is far better value than the finest olive oil and has the same flavor. Ask your friendly grocer for it.

Granola

is used on the diet tables of the Battle Creek Sanitarium, where lives would pay the forfeit were ordinary foods used.

Sharp men making "foods" have located at Battle Creek to take advantage of the Sanitarium foods' reputation, but the public is protected as a picture of the Sanitarium appears on each package of Granola. Drink *Caramel Cereal* and sleep well. Send 3 cents for Granola sample to

Battle Creek Sanitarium Food Co. Battle Creek, Mich.

GRAIN-O

THE PURE GRAIN COFFEE

Some people can't drink coffee; everybody can drink Grain-O. It looks and tastes like coffee, but it is made from pure grains. No coffee in it.

Grain-O is cheaper than coffee; costs about one-quarter as much.

All grocers; 15c. and 25c.

Canadian Pacific Steamers 1901.

The first sailing Canadian Pacific Upper Lake steamers, in connection with D., S. S. & A., from Sault Ste. Marie, Monday, May 6th, and regularly thereafter, from Sault Ste. Marie, 11:00 a. m., Saturdays, Mondays and Wednesdays for Owen Sound, Toronto, Buffalo and East.

City Ticket Office,
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

Fond du Lac---Oshkosh.

Reclining chair cars, seats free, Duluth to Fond du Lac, Oshkosh and intermediate points via Merrillan, Marshfield and Wausau on fast mail trains over the North-Western Line. Daily service. Tickets at city ticket office, 405 West Superior street.

Bright's Disease

Can not be cured when the disease has reached the last stages, when the kidneys are decayed. The best time to treat this treacherous disease is in its early stages, when the first symptoms appear.

Is your skin yellow and parchment-like? Is there a peculiar puffiness under the eyes? Have you a drawn and haggard appearance? Have you an impending sense of illness? These are all symtoms of Bright's Disease.

McLEAN'S LIVER AND KIDNEY BALM

will cure Bright's Disease in all its early stages, and restore the affected parts to a healthy, normal condition. At all druggists, $1.00 per bottle. Made by

The DR. J. McLEAN MEDICINE CO., *St. Louis, Mo.*

The Ordeal is Trying

Childbearing is a perfectly natural function, but it is robbed of its terrors where the virtue of *"Mother's Friend"* is known. This unique liniment, applied externally, relaxes all the muscles, so that

The Ordeal is Easy

"It was painless."

WILL BOLT, of Lynnsville, Iowa, writes: "'Mother's Friend' has relieved my wife of all cramps, which makes it worth the money."

Sold by all best Druggists. Sent by express prepaid on receipt of price, $1.00 per bottle.

"Motherhood," a book for women and girls, mailed free.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

TEN PAGES.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

TEN PAGES.

NINETEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. MONDAY, MAY 6, 1901. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

All This Week

Your choice of any Spring Overcoat in the house for

$9.75

$12.00, $15.00 and $18.00 values for $9.75.

About a third of the entire lot sold Saturday and many lines broken in sizes—still if you can't find your size in one line you're sure to find it in another and any in the lot worth from $3.00 to $10.00 more than you'll pay.

All $8 and $10 Spring Overco'ts at $6.75

STORE OPEN MONDAY NIGHT TILL 9 O'CLOCK.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters. The BIG DULUTH 125 and 127 West Superior St.

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

ESTABLISHED 1869. 'Phones Day 165 Night 200-2

When in Need of Insurance go to A A

Graves-Manley Agency

Because this is the agency that represents the companies that own the assets that protect the assured from loss by fire.

During this period of excessive losses throughout the country when weak companies are being forced to the wall, you want the best and cannot afford to take any other. We furnish the best.

Office--Torrey Building, First Floor,
DULUTH, MINN.

-At the- Big Store

20 per cent discount on all Children's Carriages on hand.

65c per yard for genuine Lowel Carpet.

$20.40 for Steel Range with high closet.

Prices quoted to you according to my expense of doing business, which is one-third less than any other store in the city.

Night 'Phone 947. Day 'Phone 474.

C. O. NELSON, U. S. Block, Nineteenth Ave. W.

A Popping Good Time

Can be had over a case of Moose Brand Beer. There's a beer that will warm the cockles of your heart, a beer that will make glad the most morose, a beer that's satisfying every way you take it, including even its lowness of price. A sample case will tell the tale. Glad to have your order.

Duluth Brewing & Malting Co.

Either 'Phone 241.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY!

100 Lots in Lakeside for Sale

on Monthly Payments without interest.

W. VAN BRUNT, 8 Exchange Building.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk.
Telephone 755, N. Call 4.
Zenith 'Phone 713.

D. H. DAY, Dentist.

BIG BULGE

In Northern Pacific In Wall Street.

Rose Twenty-Three Points Despite Realizing.

New York, May 6.—Speculation in stocks began the day with a spirit that was equal to anything that has been witnessed in the current movement. Seemingly the public was imbued with a suspicion that the "powerful interests" who are credited with the leadership of the market had engineered the reaction of Friday and Saturday with the purpose of shaking out weak and encumbered holdings to better prepare for a fresh advance. The high prices of the railroads supposed to be the subject of contest for control and the resulting great expense of the process of absorption gave plausibility to the theory that the capitalists looked upon the reaction with complacence.

There was in addition a rumor afloat, which was an expansion of the recent consolidation rumors, to the effect that all the contesting railroad interests had come to a compromise, and were about to consolidate practically all the leading railroad systems of the country. The opening sales on the tape showed 25,000 shares of United States Steel, 15,000 Atchison, 10,000 Union Pacific and between 4000 and 10,000 of half a dozen other stocks. Opening prices varied as widely as 2 points for the same stock, and the gains over Saturday's prices were from 1 to 4¼ points.

Northern Pacific, which quickly assumed the leadership of the market, went up easily on much lighter transactions. A rise of 4 points in bid price at the opening brought out only 2500 shares and the bid had to be raised 2½ before the next block of 1500 shares came out. As the stock soared to higher regions much heavier offerings came out, but the stock held obstinately near the top when the rest of the market dipped under the flood of realizing orders brought out on the advance. Northern Pacific rose more than 10 points during the first hour and 15¾ before noon. The subsequent advance to above 125 was less violent.

Realizing was very heavy all through the market during the morning and none of the leading stocks got back to the opening high level. The market became quieter as the Sunday's accumulations of orders began to be worked off. The sharp rise in the money rate also recalled some of last week's trepidation on that score. The rise in Atchison to 88 and sharp gains in a number of less prominent stocks did not altogether overcome the dropping tendency.

The sensational advance of 23 points in Northern Pacific kept the speculative interest alive, but the persistent heaviness of the United States steel stocks and the high money rate were counteracting influences. Only a few stocks got back to the opening high level at any time, but there were very wide advances in a few unimportant stocks. Atchison extended its rise to 6¼ and Union Pacific to 4½. Late in the day Canadian Pacific rose 12¼. Minneapolis & St. Louis 7, and the coalers generally from 2 to 5. The profit taking on this rise pulled prices back considerably, Northern Pacific reacting 6. Much of the animation was taken from the market in the latter part of the day.

PINCHED IN THE MARKET

One of the Largest Stock Brokerage Firms In the West Unable to Meet Their Obligations.

Chicago, May 6.—Jamieson & Co., 169 La Salle street, one of the largest stock brokerage firms in the West, have suspended. They were unable to meet their obligations on the New York stock exchange.

Mr. Jamieson expressed the belief that his firm can pay its creditors in full. Customers of the firm are said to have been "short" on stocks, and were unable to procure sufficient margins to cover the advance, thus throwing the obligations on Jamieson & Co.

Funds which Mr. Jamieson expected to receive failed to reach him today with the result that he was compelled to order his firm's deals closed.

MINERS WILL DECIDE

They Will Say Whether the Coal Pits Shall Be Shut Down---Believed It Will Be Done.

London, May 6.—The final decision in regard to shutting down the pits will rest with the national conference of miners' delegates, to be held in London tomorrow. The majority of the local councils that have taken a definite stand favor a stoppage, but there are many opponents of this course. The delegates of the national federation will be able to review the whole situation in the limit of tonight's debate in the house of commons. The concensus of opinion leans to the belief that the conference will order a cessation of work. A delegates' meeting, representing 170,000 miners, held at Cardiff today, passed a resolution to give the London conference a free hand.

WOULD OPEN ALL CHINA

A Movement Inaugurated By United States Which Would Aid Greatly In Settlement of Troublesome Indemnity Question.

Washington, May 6.—Inquiry here confirms the report that the United States is working and finds support in its effort toward the opening of all China, including the provinces, to the trade of the world. This does not mean the abolition of customs duties, but would make every Chinese city a mart for the world's goods instead of limiting foreign commerce to the few treaty ports. The project is one that appeals temptingly to the commercial interests of others of the great powers than the United States, and if it should command the support of the necessary number, hope is entertained that it will indirectly aid in the settlement of the troublesome indemnity question.

QUARRELED.

Jesse King Shot His Bride and Committed Suicide.

Bellefonte, Pa., May 6.—Jesse R. King, of near Millheim, today shot and fatally wounded his bride of two months, and when an officer attempted to arrest him, King shot himself through the heart and died almost instantly. King and his wife quarreled over family affairs. After being shot Mrs. King made her way to a police station. Officers intercepted King in the street. When he saw that arrest was imminent he committed suicide.

MINERS RESUME WORK.

Monteeau Les Mines, France, May 6.—The miners who have been on a strike here resumed work this morning.

THEY STRIKE.

Machinists at Pressed Steel Car Works Go Out.

Pittsburg, May 6.— strike among the machinists employed at the Pressed Steel Car works, in McKees Rocks, was officially declared today. The dispute was caused by the discharging of six machinists who, it is alleged, lost their positions through their affiliations with a union that is being organized among them. On Saturday seventy men quit work and others joined them this morning. There was no disorder. Officials of the company say that they think the strike will be of short duration.

NOT TO BE OPENED

China Has Not Approached the Powers Concerning Manchuria.

Would Be Construed as Opposed to Russia's Interests.

Chinese Maritime Customs Tax Will Probably Be Raised.

London, May 6.—A reporter of the Associated Press was officially informed today that the statement of the Shanghai correspondent of the London Times, that China has approached the powers, suggesting a complete opening of Manchuria to the enterprise of all countries and that replies have been received from Japan, the United States and Great Britain, is incorrect. China has not approached the powers in regard to a general opening of Manchuria. What actually occurred was that a high Chinese official threw out such a suggestion and, after some slight diplomatic mention, the matter ended there. It is realized in Downing street that any steps towards securing the opening up of Manchuria would be construed at St. Petersburg as direct opposition to Russia's desires. The British foreign office has not the slightest intention of embarking upon such a fruitless task as the one indicated by the Times' correspondent and believes the United States and Japan fully concur with that view. It is now feared that in spite of the protest of the United States and Great Britain, the Chinese maritime customs will be raised considerably above the 5 per cent increase to which Great Britain consented in order to help China meet the indemnity. That such action will principally hurt American and British trade is keenly appreciated in Downing street, but, it appears that the increase cannot be avoided without the British and American withdrawal from the concert, which step Lord Lansdowne does not contemplate. No official news has been received here of the Germans having fired on the British flag.

MINISTRY.

Names of New German Councillors Gazetted at Berlin.

Berlin, May 6.—The new ministry is gazetted as follows:

Baron Rheinbaben, minister of finance.

Gen. Pedbielski, minister of agriculture.

Baron Von Hammerstein, district president of Metz, takes the portfolio of the interior.

Herr Miller, minister of commerce.

Herr Kractke, director of the imperial postoffice, becomes secretary of state of that department.

WILL PASS.

Resolution on Coal Duty Will Go Through the Commons.

New York, May 6.—It is almost certain, says the London correspondent of the Tribune that the resolution on the coal duty will be passed by the house of commons tonight. The position of the government has been greatly strengthened by Sir Michael Hicks-Beach's disclosures with regard to the profits of the coal owners, and they figure the majority is not improbable. The miners' delegates will meet again tomorrow to decide upon their course of action. The volume of coal exports, especially at Cardiff, has, it is understood, already been sensibly affected by the chancellor's scheme, but the disorganization no doubt is only temporary. When the delegates meet tomorrow the tax will assuredly have been passed, and no attempt to rescind it will be possible for at least twelve months.

IS RIDICULOUS.

The Story of Plan For Railroad Consolidation.

New York, May 6.—James J. Hill, president of the Great Northern railroad, denies the report that a plan was formed, three years ago, by J. Pierpont Morgan, the Goulds, the Vanderbilts and himself for the consolidation of the great railway systems of the country, and that it is about to be carried out. Mr. Hill, who is at a hotel here, said: "The story is ridiculous and entirely unworthy of any serious attention from any one."

ARE OUSTED.

Police of Chicago Were Illegally Appointed.

Chicago, May 6.—In an opinion of the appellate court, handed down today, Assistant Chief of Police Ptacek and Inspectors Hartnett, Heidelmeier and Kalas are ousted from office, the court upholding the previous ruling of Judge Tuley that they were illegally placed in office by an "original," instead of "promotional" civil service examination, as required by law.

ITALIAN IMMIGRATION.

New York, May 6.—According to cables and forecasts by the steamship companies, 6000 Italian immigrants will have arrived in the United States by the end of May. The Italian immigration so far this season is unprecedented.

LIVES LOST

Death Adds to Horrors of Jacksonville Fire.

Believed That Many Were Burned or Drowned.

Jacksonville, Fla., May 6.—The body of Hary Bonntheau, a real estate dealer, was recovered today from the St. Johns river. Mr. Bonnetheau's widow and son are supposed to be in New York city.

The bodies of two negroes were also recovered. All are victims of Friday's disastrous fire.

There are many rumors of further loss of life, but owing to the departure of thousands of people from the city it will be impossible for several days to verify the reports unless the bodies are found.

Mayor Bowden today issued a request that all sightseers remain away from Jacksonville. It is feared the vast army of idle negroes may cause some trouble, and it is now believed that all those who will not go to work at $1 per day and rations, will be deported.

Martial law continues to be rigidly enforced.

Jacksonville, Fla., May 6.—Two bodies, both negroes, were found floating in the St. John's river today. The charred appearance of the corpses indicated that they were victims of Friday's fire. It is generally believed that other bodies shortly will come to the surface. It is impossible to ascertain how many are missing, however, as thousands have left the city. S. A. McCottery, who was employed at the Gardner shipyards, almost lost his life in trying to save the people who rushed down Market street to the river when the flames were at their fiercest. He says he succeeded in getting twenty persons across the river, but as many more were either burned to death or drowned at the pier.

The Alcazar at St. Augustine, although closed several weeks ago for the season, has been reopened to care for the refugees.

Other winter resort hotels probably will open tomorrow, as the crowds leaving the city increased today.

Thousands of people worked yesterday and last night. The firemen have not been relieved, because the debris is still burning and streams of water are being poured into the flames and embers all the time, night and day.

On every telegraph and telephone pole that was not destroyed linemen are at work. The trolley company has a large force of men at work, hanging feed wires and clearing the tracks, where the street is sufficiently cool, so as to establish car service as soon as possible. It will be several days before a car can pass into East Bay street. Ten military companies are still on duty to prevent vandalism. A battery of guns is also in position at the corner of Bay and Market streets. These guns were rescued from the burning armory, in which much of the equipment of the Jacksonville troops were lost. The militiamen continue to patrol all parts of the city. Martial law will be enforced for at least another week.

The weather is much cooler today, and the work of rehabilitation is being vigorously prosecuted.

SHAMROCKS COMPETE

The Challenger Outsails Shamrock I When Close Hauled But Fails to Overhaul Her Before the Wind.

Southampton, May 6.—The Shamrock II had her second spin this morning. A fresh, squally northeast wind promised just the conditions Capt. Sycamore desired to supplement Saturday's light breeze trial. The chief interest now centers in the cup challenger's behavior when poking her long bow into a rough sea. Mr. Watson, the designer, is so pleased with Saturday's performance that he has gone to London and probably will not return to witness today's trial.

A preliminary brush between the two Shamrocks is expected Wednesday, but the first match race round a set course is not likely to take place until late in the week, or early next week. Mr. Fife will arrive here Wednesday to take charge of the Shamrock II.

The preparations for getting under way were started early. When the two Shamrocks were still inside Southampton water the wind drew north and became lighter. The challenger set a club topsail and the Shamrock I set a much larger club topsail. They had the wind dead aft down the water. The challenger went out under mainsail and topsail only. The Shamrock I set a jib. At the start the challenger ran out ahead, but Shamrock I, catching a better breeze, soon began to overhaul her. The challenger set a jib and staysail, but, though the breeze here was light and the water smooth, the Shamrock I held close astern, losing nothing from Netley to Calshot. There they hauled in the wind and reached along in a fresher breeze, the challenger leading by half a minute passing the Spit light.

After clearing the Spit lightship the new Shamrock drew away from the older boat rapidly. The real spin was begun later, however, when the two yachts were lined up off the Squadron. At the signal the Shamrock II gave the advantage of the start to the Shamrock I, with the seeming intention of seeing if she could make up a half mile on the fetch out of Lymington. The experiment was apparently satisfactory, for the Shamrock II, in half an hour, had drawn ahead of the older boat.

She then threw round and just failed to cross ahead of the Shamrock I. Passing close astern of the latter, the Shamrock II was luffed up, and pointing very high she passed the Shamrock I wide to the weather, bearing away across the latter's bows, offering ample proof that she was not pushed to her full limit. Then the Erin took up position, and the two sailing craft rounded, the Shamrock II slowing down so that the Shamrock I went over the line two minutes ahead.

All the way down the Shamrocks had a good ten-knot breeze and a strong tide with little sea with them. Under these conditions the Shamrock I was no match for the new challenger.

Jib and topsail were set as the boats ran back to Cowes roads. All the way back they had a strong tide and a stern wind, which fell lighter. Going free, the new yacht was quite unable to catch the Shamrock I, and for five miles there was no perceptible change in their positions. A big reaching jib was tried on the Shamrock II; but even the older boat held her distance, and at the finish of the spin the gap between them was practically the same as when they started.

London, May 6.—A yachting correspondent of the Times, after asserting that Saturday's trial "justifies the high opinions already expressed about the challenger," comments on the absence of resistance, and says:

"She makes a deal of fuss on the surface, but there is no drag underneath. She skims along more sweetly and with less apparent resistance than any other yacht we have yet built on this side of the Atlantic.

"So far as could be judged she seemed to hold a remarkably good wind and to start quickly away in the lightest of breezes. In estimating the value of the trials it must be kept in mind that the conditions were exactly those in which it was expected she would show to the best advantage.

"The manner in which she justified high expectations augurs well, however, for her performances under other conditions."

NOT YET.

Statement of Shipbuilding Consolidation Was Not Given Out.

New York, May 6.—An official statement, promised in connection with the federation of the Union Iron works of San Francisco, the Bath Iron works of Bath, Me., the Newport News Shipbuilding and Dry Dock company, of Newport News, and Lewis Nixon, of Elizabethport, was not made today. At the office of H. W. Poor & Co., who are financing the combination in connection with a group of bankers and brokers, it was said that the statement would be given out on Wednesday. It was denied that there was any hitch in the plan of consolidation, the statement being merely withheld until certain details were perfected.

EASTMAN TRIAL.

Third Week Opened With Defense Still Testifying.

Cambridge, Mass., May 6.—The third week of the trial of Charles R. Eastman for the alleged murder of Richard Grogan, Jr., began today, the defense continuing its effort to show that there was a good feeling between Eastman and Grogan.

ASSISTANCE ASKED.

Berkeley, Cal., May 6.—Professor Bankato Bankero, president of the Bei Yu Kyo Kai, the American association of Japan, has asked the assistance of the university of California in arousing public interest in the movement to erect at Kuriama a monument commemorative of the landing of Commodore Perry half a century ago. A considerable fund already has been raised and it is expected the monument will be unveiled on the coming anniversary of the landing, July 14.

MELBOURNE

Gives Royal Welcome to the Duke and Duchess of York.

Melbourne, May 6.—The duke and duchess of Cornwall and York landed from the steamer Ophir at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

The duke and duchess were received at the pierhead by Lord Hopetoun, governor, and the state and federal ministers. After the ministers had been presented, the party passed down a quarter of a mile of carpeted pier and entered carriages surrounded by a guard of honor composed of Victorian troops just returned from South Africa, and proceeded a distance of seven miles through brilliantly decorated streets. The entire route was lined with demonstrative crowds, and the decorations, arches, venetian masts and columns along the line of march were very effective.

Opposite the town hall the procession passed beneath the queen's arch, canopied with the royal colors and sheltering a golden statue of Queen Victoria. Twelve thousand troops were in line. There are 80,000 visitors in Melbourne. The drive terminated at government house.

PENSION INCREASED.

Washington, May 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—An increase of pension to $17 per month has been granted to Elijah Tidd, of Little Falls, Minn.

OPPOSITION.

Broderick's Scheme of Army Reform Is Very Unpopular.

New York, May 6.—The opposition in the house of commons to the secretary of state for war, Mr. Brodrick's, scheme of army reform is growing steadily, says the Tribune's London correspondent. Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, who was secretary for war in the last Liberal administration, will lead the opposition to the government on this question. He denounces the scheme as tending to add to the burden of the nation, while promising no really adequate army for the purpose of defense and foreign operations. This is also the view of most military critics. But the government will make the scheme a party question, and it will be driven through the commons by the ministerial whips. Lord Roberts' opinion will be quoted in support of the measure, and all the weight and influence of his popularity will be utilized to prevent Tory members from voting against it.

DATES FIXED.

London, May 6.—The Oxford-Cambridge committee received Saturday the official reply of the Harvard-Yale committee, fixing Sept. 21 as the date for the international games, to be held on Berkley Oval, New York.

Open Every Monday Night in the Year Till 9.

Boys' Departm't 2nd Floor.

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO The Great Eastern Duluth THE BURROWS STORE. SUPERIOR ST. 3rd AVE. W.

Boys' Departm't 2nd Floor.

If its new its here. M. S. BURROWS, Prop. If its here its new.

Big Price Cuts on Children's Clothing

Every Mother in Duluth is interested in these very decided bargains for Tomorrow and Wednesday.

Norfolk Suits, Sailor Suits, Vestee Suits, Russian Ov'rcoats, Reefers, Top Coats, Yoke Russian Suits.

Boys' $3.50 all-wool 2-piece suits, all styles, for ---------- $2.45

Boys' all-wool $4.00 vestee suits, ages 4 to 9, for ---------- $2.45

Boys' $7.00 and $8.50 3-piece knee-pant suits, ages 9 to 16, tomorrow for ---------- $4.95

Boys' $5.00 double-breasted knee-pant suits, ages 6 to 16, tomorrow for only ---------- $3.45

Boys' finest $7.00 and $8.00 vestee suits, all materials, ages 3 to 9, tomorrow for ---------- $4.45

Boys' $2.00 pure Worsted Sweaters, for only ---------- $1.25

Box overcoats for Boys at only ---------- $5.00

Boys' and Children's reefers at ---------- $3.50

Young Men's suits, beautiful styles—ages 16 to 20, from ---------- $5 to $15

Balbriggan Underwear, sizes 24 to 34, at ---------- 25c

Boys' Muleskin Hose, sizes 6 to 10½, at ---------- 25c

Boys' ribbed hose—extra heavy double knee, guaranteed absolutely stainless—

15c—2 pairs for 25c.

Boys' Negligee shirts, fancy striped checks, dark and medium colors—two separate collars and cuffs attached ---------- 50c

Boys' knee pants, worth $1.00, at ---------- 50c

New blouses for the little tots, 4 to 10 years, at ---------- 50c

Boys' Hats, Caps and Tams.

Boys' caps, worth 50c to $1.00, at ---------- 25c

Boys' hats, worth $1.00 to $1.50, at ---------- 50c

Boys' and Girls' Tams, worth $1 to $1.50, at ---------- 50c

Boys' and Children's Straw Hats.

The grandest line we have ever shown. We are offering all goods carried over from last season at

15c & 25c

worth up to $1.00 each. Our Mexican hats at 50c are world beaters.

Boys' Sailor Suits, Vestee Suits, Russian Ov'rcoats, Reefers, Top Coats, Yoke Russian Suits.

Our Special "BURROWS SUITS" for Boys.

Absolutely all-wool, double seat and knees, seams sewed double with silk throughout, buttons extra well stayed, good strong linings—special tomorrow at ---------- $5.00

We Sell Duggan & Hudsons's Shoes for Boys. They are the best made.

THE TAX SALE

Few Bidders Were at the Court House Today.

County Auditor Halden began his first tax sale of the season this morning before a small but select audience. This is the regular delinquent sale of lands for taxes due in January, 1900, and delinquent in January, 1901. The sale is not a large one, for people are paying up their taxes pretty regularly these days, leaving little property to be sold. A good deal of the property avertised for sale has been removed by the payment of taxes since the advertisement, leaving only about enough work to last until tomorrow noon, by which time it is thought the sale will be finished. The buyers were all local people, no outside concerns buying unless it was through local people who were at the sale. There were only half a dozen bidders.

The Boston

Restaurant, formerly owned by Mr. Bridgeman, has been purchased by E. A. Briggs and W. Mutch, who will conduct it as before, and cater to the wants of old and new patrons. Mr. Briggs has been in the employ of the Boston for some time, and solicits the patronage of old as well as new customers.

St. Lukes' Annual Meeting.

The regular annual meeting of St. Luke's Hospital association will be held at the hospital Tuesday, May 7, at 4:30 p. m. All persons who have contributed $5, or more, during the past year, toward the support of the hospital, are members of the association and entitled to vote.

Country Is Booming.

S. A. Kemp, secretary of the board of trade, returned Saturday night from a trip of two weeks in the West, during which he took in the British Columbia mining country and the northern coast cities of the United States. The British Columbia country, Mr. Kemp says, is booming at a terrific rate, particularly about Rossland and Grand Forks. The Washington and Oregon country is also booming, and Seattle is on the top notch of a boom, with a city full of people and 1000 houses going up for the superfluous population to live in.

Cures dizzy spells, tired feeling, stomach, kidney and liver troubles. Keeps you well all summer. Rocky Mountain Tea taken this month. 35c. Ask your druggist.

STILL IN SESSION.

The Grand Jury Has Not Yet Adjourned.

The grand jury is still in session today, and it is not known just when it will adjourn. It is said that there is a feeling in favor of investigation along certain lines existent in the grand jury room, and on whether that spirit wins out or not depends the adjournment of the jury.

Saturday afternoon the following pleas of not guilty were entered: Frank Wilton, three charges of forgery; Charles Hoffman, burglary in the third degree; Frank Ryan, burglary in the third degree; Charles Anton, grand larceny in the second degree; Philip Connor, forgery in the second degree; John Schmitz, assault in the second degree.

Duluth-West Superior Ferry

The Independent ferry line, operated by A. C. Majo, will begin tomorrow, having his ferries leave Lake avenue dock at 6:15 a. m. for West Superior and also leaving at the same time from Tower bay slip, West Superior, for Duluth and thereafter every twenty-two minutes from each slip, as per time card.

A little life may be sacrificed to a sudden attack of croup, if you don't have Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil on hand for the emergency.

Carried High Honors.

J. T. Michaud returned this morning from Chicago, where he has been attending one of the largest dog shows of the season. Mr. Michaud had a number of his dogs at the show and is numbered high up among the prize winners. His dogs carried off three first, two special, six second, three third prizes and four were reserved. The competition was the hardest that he has met with in a long time.

Cascarine at all Druggists.

Cures billousness, constipation and dyspepsia or money refunded. 50 cts. Sample and book on diet and cure sent free for 10c to pay postage. Rea Bros. & Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

Canadian Pacific Steamers 1901.

The first sailing Canadian Pacific Upper Lake steamers, in connection with D., S. S. & A., from Sault Ste. Marie, Monday, May 6th, and regularly thereafter, from Sault Ste. Marie, 11:00 a. m., Saturdays, Mondays and Wednesdays for Owen Sound, Toronto, Buffalo and East.

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Block.

PERPETUAL REVOLT.

Conflicts Occuring In Sicily and South Italy.

Paris, May 6.—The Patrie today publishes dispatches from Palermo, Naples and Foggio reporting an alarming revolution in Sicily and South Italy. The peasants in the provinces of Messina, Catania and Syracuse are in perpetual revolt and sanguinary conflicts with the police occur almost daily.

The region in which the sulphur mines are situnted is agitated and a general strike is threatened. Misery prevails in the province of Pouilles (Puglia?). The fields and gardens are lying waste, the municipality has suspended payment and the syndic has gone to Rome to confer with the premier. Strikes are extending everywhere in South Italy.

TOBACCO AND SNUFF.

Commissioner Yerkes Makes an Important Decision.

Washington, May 6.—Commissioner of Internal Revenue Yerkes has decided that as the rate of tax on tobacco and snuff will not be changed by the act of March 2, 1901, no new stamps for tobacco and snuff will be issued. The stamps now in use will be sold by collectors on and after July 1 at a discount of 20 per cent. As tobacco and snuff stamps in the hands of manufacturers June 30 may not be redeemed, for the purpose of allowing the discount, manufacturers can secure the rebate on such stamps only by affixing them to packages of tobacco or snuff prior to July 1 and including such packages in their claims for rebate. Otherwise such stamps must be used without benefit of discount or rebate.

SEVERAL AMERICANS

Among the Prisoners Captured In South Africa.

London, May 6.—Replying to a question in the house of commons today, Mr. Broderick, war secretary, sai that among the prisoners captured in South Africa were twenty-six Americans, besides thirteen others claiming to be burghers. There was no intention of releasing any of the prisoners until the war was over.

Prof. Field's worm powders sold by druggists of every state in the Union.

Old Maids

Made over at Grace M. E. church Wednesday evening, May 8.

The Best are the Cheapest!

Beatrice Gold Syndicate, Anglo-American Copper, King Phillip and Occidental Oil,

are the best stocks on the market—because they are nearest to actual production and the least speculative. GET THE BEST.

MARCUS W. BATES, Agent

4 Exchange Building.

DULUTH BOOKLET

The Duluth Improvement Association Issues a Fine Souvenir.

A Work of Art and of Ordinary Envelope Size.

Filled With Illustrations and Information About the City.

The Duluth Improvement association has issued from the press today a valuable little booklet regarding Duluth, that Secretary Thomas E. Hill has been compiling since last fall. Though small it is not only a work of art, but is one of the finest publications, for business purposes, that has ever been issued in any city in the country. The idea of Secretary Hill, the originator, was to get as much as possible into the smallest space, and yet make it an interesting volume, one that the business man can glance over and grasp without the trouble of going through a voluminous description, often entertaining, but impracticable.

The new publication is entitled "Illustrated Duluth," and it is inscribed: "To the people who braved pioneer life, who have felled the forests, hewed the rocks, gone through financial reverses, triumphed over obstacles, carried forward such public improvements and founded a metropolis at the headwaters of the lakes in so short a time."

The souvenir booklet is just the size that can be carried in the inner coat pocket, slipped into an ordinary sized envelope for mailing purposes. It is of eighty pages, each so beautifully illustrated, and with a pithy description, that not one inch is wasted. The souvenir has a substantial linen cover, beautifully finished in gold and blue, the word Duluth standing out prominently on the front cover in gilt lettering, with appropriate pictorial background, and on the back cover is a fine picture of the steamship North West. With the booklet are two envelopes, the first beautifully engraved, and an outer envelope, into which the whole may be slipped for mailing. The inner envelope states the amount of postage necessary to send to any point in this country, or to a foreign country. On the first page of the little booklet is a delightful little poem, entitled "Duluth."

Mr. Hill has shown a map of North America, indicating the portion tributary to Duluth, then the northern section of the United States showing the waterway and railroad facilities by which the East may be reached. With each are brief important statistics. Facts relating to Minnesota, by the last census are outlined on one page and the iron range country with map showing railroad and towns, up-to-date, fills another page. The rest of the booklet is devoted to the city of Duluth. For convenience the city is divided into six sections, shown by map, then each section occupies a page by itself. By an ingenious system devised by himself, Mr. Hill has so arranged that any desired point in the city can be readily found on these maps, while another page names the important points in the city, tells the best means of reaching them, the distance and the time necessary for the trip. A page deals with the growth of Duluth in the last twenty years and gives statistics regarding the Duluth board of trade. The city's debt and its resources are treated in a brief but comprehensive manner and its high rating among financiers is told. Important facts regarding municipal affairs, the city's officers, term of office, etc., are dealt with concisely and a short but interesting sketch of Duluth's early history is not one of the lesser features. Several pages are devoted to beautifully embellished views of public buildings, schools, churches and private residences, views at the parks and other points of interest to tourists. Minnesota Point as a health resort, with short testimonials from people in different parts of the country, takes up a couple of pages. In the booklet will be found the latest views of the harbor, big manufacturing plants and business houses with statistics showing the city's importance as a manufacturing, wholesaling and shipping center. For the sportsmen a few pages are devoted to fishing and hunting points convenient to Duluth, the distance, the roads to take, the accommodations and the game that will be found, also an abstract of the Minnesota game laws.

One of the finest features of the book is a new bird's-eye view of Duluth and Superior, while on the page opposite will be found correct figures of distance, height and measurements around Duluth. Another feature is the predictions of distinguished men regarding the city and clippings from leading newspapers showing its importance. Logging and mining scenes are among the illustrations.

Duluth's street railway system and other transportation companies come in for a share of attention, and on one page will be seen a cut of the aerial bridge proposed for the ship canal. One of the back pages names the officers and supporters of the improvement company, and sets forth the objects of the organization. It is indeed a souvenir booklet that will readily gain popular favor.

A Month's Test Free

If you have Rheumatism, write Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis. How 25c for six bottles of his Rheumatic Cure, express paid Send no money. Pay $5.50 if cured.

CALLS FOR STATEMENT.

Washington, May 6.—The comptroller of the currency today issued a call for a statement of the condition of national banks at the close of business on Wednesday, April 24.

RIOTS SUPPRESSED.

Calcutta, May 6.—The plague riots in the Sialkat district have been suppressed by the military.

The South Shore Changes Time.

Commencing Sunday, May 5, the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic eastbound train No. 8, for Montreal, Boston, New York and the East, will leave Duluth at 7 o'clock p. m. daily. Through train from the East will arrive Duluth at 8:20 a. m. daily. Local train No. 6 for Marquette and the copper country will leave Duluth at 8:15 a. m. daily, except Sunday. Local train from Marquette and the copper country will arrive Duluth at 8 p. m. daily, except Sunday. Dining car service, a la carte, on all trains.

SELL BONDS.

Council Will Dispose of an Issue This Evening.

The council this evening will receive proposals for the sale of $50,000 worth of bonds, and in all probability the bonds will be awarded to the lowest bidder.

This sale is for the purpose of helping out the refunding scheme for old Lakeside 6's. About $85,000 worth of these old Lakeside bonds are due on July 1, and the sinking fund is or will be shy about $50,000 when the time comes to take up these Lakeside bonds, unless the present sale goes through.

The new bonds will draw interest at the rate of 4 per cent per annum, and will run for a period of thirty years.

It is also probable that the council will approve the action of the board of water and light commissioners in ordering the extension of the water system up Woodland avenue at a cost of $15,000, in order to furnish the new normal school with an adequate water supply.

A WATCH COMBINE.

A Plan to Unite the Big Companies.

Waltham, Mass., May 6.—It was stated in watch manufacturing circles here today that a syndicate is making an effort to absorb the American Waltham Watch company's plant here, and also the factory of the Elgin company at Elgin, Ill. President Fitch of the American Waltham company left for New York today, where there is to be a conference concerning affairs in the watch manufacturing line.

RAILWAY TRAINMEN.

Fifth Convention of Brotherhood at Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, May 6.—The fifth biennial convention of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen convened at West Side Turner hall, in this city, today, and will transact business for the next two weeks. The first session was taken up with matters of a purely routine character. About 600 delegates are entitled to seats in the convention. The principal business to come before the gathering pertains to changes in the constitution and matters affecting the insurance branch of the order. The sessions are secret.

SWEATS BLOOD.

Woman Is Afflicted With a Strange Disease.

Sullivan, Ind., May 6.—Mrs. Ciell Lacey, of St. Louis, is alarmingly ill at the home of her sister, Mrs. O. M. Patton, in this city. She is afflicted with a peculiar ailment, her blood appearing on the surface of the skin as perspiration. It is said by physicians that this is the first case of the kind recorded in the history of medicine in the United States, a similar case being recorded in Europe.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. 25c.

TO MEET AT PITTSBURG.

Washington, May 6.—The Women's Home and Foreign Missionary society of the Evangelical Lutheran church of the United States held its final session today and adjourned to meet at Pittsburg, Pa., in 1903. Resolutions adopted provided for the co-operation of the society with other women's missionary boards and for sending a delegate to the meeting of the general Lutheran synod at Des Moines, Iowa.

BUYS TROLLEY LINE.

Detroit, May 6.—The Detroit United Railroad company has purchased the Detroit & Northwestern suburban trolley line, which runs between Detroit and Plymouth, about thirty miles. The price is said to be $18,000,000. It is said to be the purpose of the purchaser to ultimately purchase all the suburban roads running into Detroit and consolidate the entire system.

HAS NOTED PASSENGERS.

London, May 6.—The White Star liner Oceanic, which is to sail from Liverpool May 8 for New York, will have among her passengers Sir Charles Rivers Wilson, president of the Grand Trunk railroad, and Vice Admiral Sir Cyprian A. Bridge, formerly commander-in-chief on the Australian station.

CHANGE IN MINISTERS.

Constantinople, May 6.—The minister of finance, Reshad Pasha, has been relieved of his post and is succeeded by Zuhdi Pasha, minister of instruction, who will temporarily fill both positions.

TEXTILE WORKERS MEET.

Holyoke, Mass., May 6.—The International Union of Textile Workers met here in annual convention today. Detail business will be taken up tomorrow.

DOCKMEN STRIKE.

Genoa, May 6.—In consequence of a dispute regarding their hours of labor, the dockmen have gone on a general strike except at the San Benigo landing.

WETMORE'S GELATINE.

Granulated or shredded; 10 cents at all grocers.

HIS FIRST DRILL.

Now that Gen. Nelson A. Miles has become lieutenant general of the army, it is interesting to recall his first introduction into military atmosphere, says the Saturday Evening Post. It was in Boston, very early in 1861, the winter immediately preceding the outbreak of the civil war. Thomas Huddleson, a well-known and popular member of the militia organization known as the Boston Light infantry, or more familiarly as the "Tigers," was on his way to the drill room in Boyleston hall one evening, when he was accosted by a young an. cleak in a local store, who asked him where he was bound. Mr. Huddleton answered that he was on his way to an hour's drill with his company. The young man joined and walked along a way, discussing the stormy appearance of the political sides and the dire possibilities of the next few months.

"I have no doubt it would de me good to join such a company as yours," said he presently. "If it were only for the regular exercise it would be worth my while. But you fellows are very select—I don't know that I could get in if I tried."

"I'll answer for that," responded Huddleston warmly. "Come along with me and we'll see how far my word goes with the boys."

There was not doubt of Huddleston's popularity. He had merely to propose the name of his young acquaintance, and the company suspended their usual rules, voted the newcomer as a member, and stood him up in the awkward squad with a musket in his hand.

Night after night the latest recruit came to the drills and worked as if his heart were in it. Everybody noticed his wonderful quickness at learning the manual, and praised him. Presently he dropped out as suddenly as he had entered the organization. His associates noticed his absence and could not account for it. They twitted Huddleston about it, declaring that his protege had got sick of the task of drilling. Huddleston defended the absentee manfully.

"I'll answer for my man," declared Huddleston. "He'll be at the front before the rest of us are, if I'm any judge."

Sure enough, a few weeks later he met his friend in the street, clad in a bright new uniform. The young man stopped him to shake hands, and, taking from his pocket a commission as lieutenant just issued to him by the governor of Massachusetts said quietly: "You see, I've profited by that training you gave me. If I ever amount to anything I shall owe it to our chance encounter that night in Washington street."

Sixteen years later it was the privilege of the toastmaster at a reunion dinner of the survivors of the old Light infantry to propose the health of "our grand old comrade, Tom Huddleston and his young Tiger recruit, Col. Nelson A. Miles of the Fifth United States infantry!"

SULTAN A CARPENTER.

The sultan when a prince learned carpentering and became an expert carpenter himself, and has always continued to take a great interest in it, says the London Telegraph. One of his first acts when sovereign was to establish a complete joiner's factory at Yildiz, in which he superintends the manufacture of all sorts of articles of furniture, mostly of his own design. These are worked by very elaborate secret springs, in the invention of which the sultan takes great delight. He has just sent to the Russian embassy a specimen of his work as a present to the czar. It consists of a table richly inlaid with the sultan's arms in front, where there are four drawers. By touching a spring the top flies open and the center rises, bearing a silver plate, on which is to be found everything necessary for smoking in silver and amber. The inside of the top has a medallion, in which is a portrait of the sultan's son, surrounded by a frame of brilliants. Altogether it is a very artistic and useful piece of furniture.

It reminds one, however, of a writing desk which the sultain invented. This was a mass of complicated machinery, and could only be opened by working the springs properly. The sultan decided to give it to Queen Victoria, and confided it to Sir Clare Ford to take to her. The sultain carefully explained the mechanism to him, and he brought it to England. When Sir Clare Ford arrived at Windsor he thought he would see that it worked all right before he presented it to the queen. To his horror, however, the secret of the springs had escaped his memory, and nothing would induce the thing to open. Luckily for him it was Sunday morning, and so he had plenty of time to work at it. Suddenly he touched the right spring and it opened. Sir Clare Ford was so afraid of it shutting up again that he immediately inserted a bundle of newspapers to prevent it closing till he could get it off his hands.

MOVING PICTURES.

Mr. Kamm has invented a remarkable device which dispenses with the long celluloid film used in the exhibition of moving pictures, a circular glass plate taking the place of the long film, says London Science. On this plate the pictures are made in a spiral curve. A remarkable feature of the Kammatograph is that it serves the purpose of a camera and projector combined, thus dispensing with the use of two apparatuses, one for taking the photographs, the other for displaying them, as is the case with the ordinary celluloid film. All that is necessary is to have a circular glass plate ready sensitised, and then placed within the instrument. In a dark room, when the amateur photographer, after arranging the apparatus in position, simply removes the cap and turns the handle at the required speed until he reaches a check which informs the operator that about 600 pictures have been taken on the plate. The cap is replaced, the instrument returned to a dark room, the negative plate developed, and, when dry printed in the ordinary manner by contact. Thus it will be seen that moving pictures of important or entertaining events may be taken with this simple arrangement by persons of ordinary ability and exhibited to their friends within an hour or two on a screen showing moving pictures about six feet in clear detail.

TEST WAS TOO EXPENSIVE.

One of the new knights of Great Britain is an American, Hiram S. Maxim, the inventor of the gun that bears his name. It was in recognition of this invention that the late Queen Victoria bestowed upon him the honor of knighthood, says a London correspondent.

When the Maxim quick-firing gun was being tested by the government with a view of finding out its weak points, its inventor was asked to have 10,000 rounds fired at the highest possible speed. The experiment was satisfactorily carried out, but the chairman of the committee of investigation was still unsatisfied.

"That's all very well as far as it goes," he exclaimed, "but could you guarantee your gun to go on firing automatically at the same rate for, say, twenty-four hours?"

"I can," was the quiet reply, and I will—on one condition."

"And that is?"

"That the government finds and pays for ammunition."

At first the committee was inclined to close with the offer, but when it was discovered that 864,000 rounds would be fired and that the cost of the experiment would be something like £5760 they dispensed with the trial.

You can get boarders, help, tenants or partners by means of a Herald want ad.

We Cure To Stay Cured

Varicocele, Contagious Blood Poison, Nervo-Sexual Debility, Rupture, Kidney and Urinary Diseases, and all Reflex Complications and Associate Diseases and Weakness of Men by Our Special Treatment.

MASTER SPECIALIST.

I do not treat all diseases, but cure all I treat. I treat men only, and cure them to stay cured.

We want every man thus afflicted to honestly investigate our special system of treatment. We invite in particular all who have been treated elsewhere without success; all those whose cases have been abandoned by family physicians and so-called experts; all whose troubles have been aggravated by Specifics, Free Samples, Trial Treatments or similar devices. We will explain to you why such treatment has not cured you and will demonstrate to your entire satisfaction that we cure you safely, quickly and permanently. Our counsel will cost you nothing and our charges for a perfect cure will not be more than you will be willing to pay for benefits conferred. We will do by you as we would want you to do by us if our cases were reversed. Certainty of cure is what you want. We can and will cite you, by permission, to some of the best citizens of this city whom we have cured and made happy, and who will cheerfully vouch for our financial as well as professional standing. WHAT WE HAVE DONE FOR THEM WE CAN DO FOR YOU.

VARICOCELE Under our special treatment this insidious disease rapidly disappears. Pain ceases almost instantly. The pools of stagnant blood are driven from the dilated veins and all soreness and swelling quickly subside. Every indication of varicocele soon vanishes and in its stead comes the pride, the power and the pleasure of PERFECT HEALTH AND RESTORED VITALITY.

STRICTURE Our special treatment dissolves and completely removes every obstruction from the urinary passage, allays all inflammation, reduces the prostate gland, cleanses and heals the bladder and kidneys, invigorates and restores health and soundness to EVERY PART OF THE BODY AFFECTED BY THE DISEASE.

CONTAGIOUS BLOOD POISON Our special form of treatment for this disease is practically the result of our life work and is endorsed by the best physicians of this and foreign countries. It contains no dangerous drugs or injurious medicines of any kind. It goes to the very bottom of the disease and forces out every particle of impurity. Soon every sign and symptom disappear completely and forever. The blood, the tissue, the flesh and the bones and the whole system are cleansed, purified and restored to perfect health, and the patient is prepared anew for the DUTIES OF LIFE.

NERVO-SEXUAL DEBILITY Your vitality is failing and will soon be lost unless you do something for yourself. There is no time to lose. Weakness, like all nervous diseases, is never on the standstill. With it you can make no compromise. Either you must master it or it will master you, and fill your whole future with misery and indescribable woe. We have treated so many cases of this kind that we are as familiar with them as you are with the very daylight. Once cured by us, you will never again be bothered with emissions, drains, prematureness, small or weak organs, nervousness, failing memory, loss of ambition or other symptoms which rob you of your vitality and absolutely unit you for study or business. Our treatment for weak men will correct all these evils and restore you to what nature intended—a hale, healthy, happy man, with PHYSICAL AND MENTAL POWERS COMPLETE.

REFLEX DISEASES Many ailments are reflex, originating from other diseases. For instance, weakness sometimes comes from Varicocele or congested glands; innumerable blood and bone diseases often result from contagious blood taints In the system, or physical and mental decline frequently follow weakness. In treating diseases of any kind we always remove the origin—WE CURE THE CAUSE.

The Specialtists of the Different Departments

of this Institute by the special treatment are making many wonderful cures in diseases of the

Kidneys, Rheumatism, Paralysis, Piles, Etc.
Private Diseases, Syphilitic Blood Poison, Rupture, Stricture,
Varicocele, Hydrocele, Nervo-Sexual Debility,
Kidney and Urinary Diseases and
ALL ALLIED AND ASSOCIATE DISEASES OF MEN.

CORRESPONDENCE One personal visit is always preferred, but if you cannot call at our office write your symptoms fully. LEGAL CONTRACT given to all patients to hold for our promises. Do not hesitate. If you cannot call today, write and describe your trouble. Successful treatment by mail.

Reference—Best Banks and Leading Business Men in This City.

CONSULTATION FREE.

Office Hours—8 a. m. to 8. p. m. Sundays—10 a. m. to 2 p. m.

Progressive Medical Association,

No. 1 West Superior Street, corner Lake Avenue, Duluth, Minn.

COURT IS AT WORK

Trial of the Jury Cases Is Now Taken Up.

Three Absent Jurors Will Be Charged With Contempt.

Crowe vs. Wolvin Case Having Its Second Trial.

Three men who were summoned to serve as petit jurors at the present term of district court underestimated the importance of the notice. Either because they had other business, or thought it did not matter much, they failed to appear when court opened this morning, though in the summons the court had commanded them to do so. This is construed as contempt of court. So this morning an attachment for contempt of court was issued against three individuals, and they will be hauled before the court to show cause why they should not be punished for their neglect.

All three branches of district court were started on the term's work with jury cases this morning. In room No. 3, before Judge Ensign, the case of Paul J. Crowe against A. B. Wolvin was taken up for a second trial. It was tried last term, and the jury failed to agree on the question submitted to it. Crowe invented an improved grate and automatic stoker for engines, and Capt. Wolvin agreed to take up the manufacture of them and pay Crowe a royalty. At first the contract called for a flat price per stoker, but it occurred to the parties later that the stokers would be of different sizes, so it was decided to make the contracts read so much per square foot. The contract as completed made the price per square foot just half what it was under the first contract, and Crowe claims that that was a mutual mistake and that instead of $1 per squre foot it should read $2 per square foot. The jury is called upon to decide whether this was a mistake or not. Frybenger & Johanson are attorneys for Crowe and J. L. Washburn and W. D. Bailey are attorneys for Capt. Wolvin.

Judge Cant, in room No. 1, took up the personal injury case of Samuel Hillbury against Mitchell & McClure, to recover $2000 damages for an accident that happened to Hillbury in the defendants' sawmill. His right arm was caught in some cogs and crushed, and he claims that the firm was negligent in not keeping the cogs covered. H. H. Hawkins and D. M. Devore are the attorneys for the plaintiff and Davis, Hollister & Hicks are attorneys for the defendants.

In room No. 2 Judge Dibell and a jury took up the case of Koehler & Henrich against Hans Juveland, a replevin suit to recover some saloon fixtures and furniture. Juveland claims that the goods were not up to contract, and that he was damaged to the extent of $725 because of that fact. He claims that some beer spoiled, that he lost business by being delayed in opening and other claims bring up the total amount asked. He says in his answer he is holding the goods for security for his claim for damages. Alford & Hunt are attorneys for the plaintiffs and John A. Keyes and D. M. Devore are representing the defendant.

Is a Comedian.

Dave Pieket, a colored comedian, who says he is a clever Dutch, Swede and Irish impersonator, was arrested today down on Paradise alley for threatening to kill his wife.

Pieket is the proprietor of a colored troupe which has been touring the iron range towns. He arrived in the city yesterday and learned that his wife, who deserted him last January, was working down on Paradise alley. He went to the address given him and tried to get her back. She refused and a fight ensued, in which it is claimed Pieket threatened uxoricide. The police took a hand in the fight and both were taken to headquarters. The woman said she was only one-eighth negro and didn't care to associate with her colored husband, even if he was a comedian.

Sprained Ankle Quickly Cured

"At one time I suffered from a severe sprain of the ankle," says Geo. E. Cary, editor of the Guide, Washington, Va. "After using several well recommended medicines without success, I tried Chamberlain's Pain Balm, and am pleased to say that relief came as soon as I began its use and a complete cure speedily followed. This remedy has also been used in my family for frost bitten feet with the best results. I cheerfully recommend its use to all who may need a first-class liniment." Sold at Boyce's Drug store.

MADE NO PROMISES.

Washington, May 6.—It is learned at the state department that the president has made no statement through any of the usual channels, to the effect that he would refuse to receive Paul Kruger officially or unofficially. The government has made no promises as to the character of his reception, if he should decide to come here.

STRIKE SETTLED.

Milwaukee, May 6.—A Journal special from Sheboygan, Wis., says: The strike of the carpenters and joiners has been settled. The men agreed to accept 25 cents an hour as a minimum on all work contracted for before Feb. 9. After that date the scale of 27½ cents an hour, minimum, for a 9-hour day is to be in force.

A HOT TIME.

Board of Trade Men Have Great Ball Game.

A sudden run on liniments and healing lotions at the drug stores today, for which it was at first somewhat difficult to account, is found to be due to the fact that there was a ball game in the West End Saturday afternoon. It was between two nines of men from the board of trade, few of whom had taken violent exercise for some years. The result was that the board of trade this morning reeked with the smell of arnica and other soothing drugs, and looked somewhat like the convalescent ward of a military hospital. Various board of trade men were limping about with expressions of regret on the countenance, and most of them showed a disposition to sit down as much as possible, provided they did not have to do it too suddenly.

The game was between the bulls and the bears of the board, and the bears won by a score of 23 to 18. During the game a number of small boys had fun with a prominent officer of the board, who had been sent to hold down first base and provided with a catching glove, a large padded affair that looked not unlike a pillow. It was left-handed, having been intended for a "south paw." All during the game this gentleman was observed to be fumbling with the glove, and a parcel of small boys near first base were seen to be having numerous fits of mirth. He was trying to get the glove on his right hand, with the padded part outside, indicating some familiarity with the ways of boxing gloves, but not so much with the up-to-date equipment of a baseball player. This it was that caused him so much trouble, and that produced such spasms of laughter among the small boys. When he came in from the field and threw down the glove it was with a remark decidedly uncomplimentary to the way the glove fitted.

The players went to the grounds in a chartered car, and while the conductor was collecting the fares another prominent board of trade man amused himself ringing up extra fares. He thought it rather an amusing thing to do, until the conductor explained things to him and induced him to put up the cash for every fare he had rung up.

Another game is to be arranged, and will be between the longs and shorts. The proceeds will go to St. Luke's hospital.

CLOUD BURST

Caused the Death of Aged Woman at Fort Madison.

St. Paul, May 6.—A Burlington, Iowa, special to the Dispatch says: A cloudburst in Fort Madison Sunday sent the water coursing down the streets five feet deep. Mrs. Mary Carter, an aged woman in the West End, went down the cellar to rescue fruit and cakes and the walls caved in letting in the flood and drowning her. Her husband attempted a rescue and narrowly escaped. A hole was cut in the floor and the body recovered. The city is in darkness, the gas mains being filled with water.

DIED TOGETHER.

Chicago Couple Departs By the Gas Route.

Chicago, May 6.—Locked in each other's arms, J. H. Halporin, 20 years old and his wife, to whom he was married a year ago, were found dead in their home today at 219 Maxwell street. The couple had been killed by gas, and from a note found near the bodies it is believed they had planned to die together.

TROTTER SOLD.

Stallion Oh So Goes to Chicago at $12,000.

La Crosse, Wis., May .—D. J. Cameron, one of the most prominent horsemen in the state, has sold his trotting stallion Oh So, with a record of 2:25, to Charles Chapman, of Chicago, the consideration being. Oh So is the sire of So So, who held the world's record for 2 and 3-year-olds at 2:16.

Mr. Cameron also sold thirty-five other blooded horses to the same man, bringing the trade up to nearly $20,000.

D. & C. Steamers 1901.

The first sailing Detroit & Cleveland steamers, in connection with D., S. S. & A., from St. Ignace, May 8th, and regularly thereafter, from St. Ignace, Saturdays, 2:00 p. m., Wednesdays, 7:30 a. m., to Detroit, Toledo, Cleveland and Lower Lake points.

City Ticket Office,
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

Canadian Pacific Steamers 1901.

The first sailing Canadian Pacific Upper Lake steamers, in connection with D., S. S. & A., from Sault Ste. Marie, Monday, May 6th, and regularly thereafter, from Sault Ste. Marie, 11:00 a. m., Saturdays, Mondays and Wednesdays for Owen Sound, Toronto, Buffalo and East.

City Ticket Office,
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

You can rent houses, stores, offices or rooms by means of a Herald want ad.

WELCOMED AT EL PASO

Presidential Party Warmly Greeted By Americans and Mexicans.

Personal Representative of President Diaz Was In Attendance.

Extended Congratulations of Executive of the Sister Republic.

El Paso, Texas, May 6.—American and Mexican flags were intertwined in the decorations of the plaza where the official greeting of President McKinley and his cabinet took place this morning. The presence on the stand of Gen. Hernandez, personal representative of President Diaz, and the governor of the state of Chihuahua gave an international significance to the event. There were thousands of Mexicans in the vast concourse of people to whom the president spoke, and their enthusiasm was almost as wild as that of the Americans. Gen. Hernandez addressed the president on behalf of his president, extending the latter's congratulations, and President McKinley, in his response, paid a high tribute to the president of the Mexican republic, and charged his emissary to convey to his chief his warm regard and personal esteem, with his best wishes for the continued prosperity of our sister republic. The president's speech was very happy, and was especially notable on account of his injunction to the people not to be alarmed about "imperialism." There was, he said, no imperialism except the imperial powef of the sovereign people of the United States.

The governor of Chihuahua also warmly welcomed the president to the border. The exercises in the plaza were preceded by a military parade. The ladies of the cabinet crossed the Rio Grande to Juarez, where they were tendered a breakfast by Juan Ochoa, a prominent Mexican banker.

Mrs. McKinley did not attend the breakfast, but enjoyed a short drive during the morning.

At noon the presidential party resumed its journey Westward.

BAD WRECK.

The Burlington Passenger Crashes Into Construction Train.

Ottumwa, Ia., May 6.—The Burlington fast passenger train, No. 3, struck a construction train at Thayer this afternoon. Five persons are reported to have been killed and about thirty injured.

Chicago, May 6.—At the Burlington general offices it was stated that both engines, the baggage car, smoking car and three chair cars were wrecked.

Engineer Brown of the passenger train was reported killed. About thirty train men and passengers were injured.

The dining car and sleepers remained on the track and their occupants were uninjured.

ARE MORE STRICT.

New York Banks Are Careful About Collateral.

New York, May 6.—Call money advanced to 10 per cent today, and some of the banks inaugurated a new system with reference to accepting collateral for loans. What passed for an adequate margin a week or so when the bull movement was at its height, was not considerd sufficeint to meet the uncertainties of today's market. For that reason one of the principal banks required a margin of $30 on each $100 asked for in new loans, scrutinizing with unusual care the names upon the paper.

KENNEDY'S THIRD TRIAL.

New York, May 6.—The third trial of Dr. Samuel J. Kennedy on the charge of murdering Dolly Reynolds in the Grand hotel, in this city, on Aug. 16, 1898, began today before Judge Newburger. Convicted on his first trial and sentenced to death, the dentist obtained a second trial, largely through the persistent efforts of his wife and the jury disagreed.

NEW CANAL TREATY.

London, May 6.—The Associated Press has been officially notified that Lord Pauncefote has received from Secretary Hay the draft of a new Nicaraguan canal treaty. It is understood that it advises neutrality.

CAPITAL PLEASANTRIES.

Secretary Long and Admiral Dewey met on a crowded thoroughfare and attracted general attention and commendation by the elaborate and graceful manner with which each saluted the other, writes a Washington correspondent. Simultaneously each removed his hat with the right hand, swung it in a semi-circle until horizontal with the body, bowed and replaced the headgear.

"Goodness!" exclaimed an old lady from the country, who had witnessed the meeting, "talk about bowing and scraping, how is that?"

Arthur Simmons, the venerable negro attendant at the White House, was dozing in his chair the other day when an usher rushed upstairs and said:

"Man down here wants to see Mr. Cortelyou."

"Can't see him," replied Arthur, with dignity.

"But this man says he's got to see him."

"Don't care nothin' about that," said Arthur, preparing to resume his doze, "nobody can see Secretary Cortelyou; he's gone into his sanctum sanitarium."

Let Every Advertiser Remember

That when he or she inserts a want advertisement in The Herald requiring responses by letter, that each person is entitled to receive a ticket containing the address, and such ticket presented to The Herald advertising window is absolutely necessary in order to obtain the responses.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 11 East Sup. St.

The best cigar made in Duluth is the Tom Reed. Ask for it.

For sale—Car load of fresh milch cows. Will exchange for beef cows. 1325 London road.

Joseph St. Arnold, an old and respected resident of Duluth, died this morning at his home 1134½ West Superior street, of typhoid fever. Mr. St. Arnold was in the 63rd year. He leaves a widow and family of six grown children.

The funeral will be tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock from the St. Jean de Deptiste church, on Eleventh avenue west. The interment will be at Calvary cemetery.

The defendants in the case of Charles Edmondson against L. N. Benjamin and others have asked the district court for a new trial of the case, which a jury decided against them some time ago. The grounds are the usual ones, and the most important one is the claim that the jury gave excessive damages apparently under the influence of passion and prejudice.

Circle No. 4, of St. Paul's church, will give a "weighing social" at Elks' hall Thursday evening, May 9. Those who attend will be asked to contribute a penny for each two pounds of their weight, in return for which a pleasant evening and a lunch is offered.

Alexander Eagen has the distinction of being arrested by the chief of police. He walked into a clothing store on Superior street, Saturday evening and tucking some clothing under his arm started away with it. The proprietor of the store gave chase as did the chief, and the thief was easily captured.

Gust Erickson took out a building permit today, for three brick dwellings to be located on the south side of Fourth street, between Fifteenth and Sixteenth avenue east. The aggregate cost will be $6600.

For a delicious smoke ask for the Tom Reed cigars.

Your carfare both ways with every $1 purchase. Lester Park Greenhouses.

Cato Stephens and James Williams, the two colored men arrested Saturday for trying to force a corner on purloined trousers, were arraigned in police court this morning and admitted that they were members of the League of Langour. Both were sentenced to the county jail for twenty days. The police have not yet learned where the two colored men stole the eighteen pairs of trousers they were trying to sell on the Bowery.

Mary Campbell was arrested this morning at the corner of First street and Lake avenue, for drunkenness. At police headquarters she became very violent and has made life a burden for the headquarters force. Her favorite prank is to turn on the water in her cell, so as to make a rumbling sound throughout the building and when an officer goes to remonstrate she meets him with a tin full of water and much profanity.

Douglas, infant son of Mrs. William Bryant, and nephew of Miss Drysdale, died this morning at the Woman's hospital. The funeral will take place from there tomorrow.

The health department reported the following births today: To Mr. and Mrs. Stans Nowak, 26 West Tenth street, a boy; to Mr. and Mrs. Carl Erickson, 5 Maryln street, a girl; to Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Lowery, 1124 West Second street, a girl.

PERSONALS.

Allen O. Whipple is expected home Wednesday from Princeton, N. J., where he has been attending college.

Samuel J. Matthews has returned from St. Paul and again resumed his duties at the Great Eastern.

M. r. Doyle left today for Chisholm, the new town on Longyear lake, where he expects to close a contract with the townsite company to clear away about a million feet of standing pine.

M. O. Hall, of St. Louis, formerly a resident of Duluth, is in the city.

Thomas Bardon, ex-mayor of Ashland, Wis., was a visitor in the city this morning.

Mrs. Hiram Knox and son, of Dallas, Tex., are visiting in the city.

Samuel Wheeler, of Ashland, Wis., was a business caller in the city today.

D. Wittenberg, Jr., of Tower, came down from the range this morning.

James Mulvey, of Stillwater, was among the arrivals in the city this morning.

O. W. Erickson was in the city on a business trip today from Cloquet.

A. T. Kelliher, of Salem, Ore., was a guest of the St. Louis today.

Arthur Ely, of Chicago, arrived in the city this morning on his way up the range.

Mrs. H. L. Dresser who has been visiting in Des Moines, and other Iowa towns for the past two weeks, returned Saturday.

Mrs. B. A. Dresser, of Des Moines, is visiting with the family of her son, H. L. Dresser.

J. P. Johnson left for St. Paul last night.

Mrs. Amanda Smith, who for the past week has conducted gospel meetings at the Bethel, with marked success, leaves for Chicago today.

HIGH CALLS.

Stock Dealing Houses Are Asking Heavy Margins.

The excitement over the great rise in the price of New York stocks has been felt in Duluth as in many other places, and the quotations are watched daily by a large number of people, many of whom are financially interested to a more or less extent. The pyrotechnical advances of the past few days have astounded even the old-time traders, and they simply look at the board and wonder where the end is. They have predicted it time and again and yet find the stocks now many points higher than they were when they made their predictions.

While the men who operate the commission houses ordinarily like a bull market, because it is while stocks are advancing that the public deals, and thus supplies commissions, they do not like this kind of a market. It is too violent in its fluctuations. There is such a congested condition at New York that they cannot tell whether they can fill their trades in fifteen minutes or in two hours. If there should be a sudden of 10 or 15 points in the market and the longs should rush in to sell out, the market might drop 10 points after the order to sell out was given, before the trade could be made, and then the customer would think he was buncoed.

As a result of this the danger signal has been hung out all along the line in the form of a demand for 20 points margin on all stocks selling above par and 10 points on all other stocks. Of course discriminations are made according to the stock to be dealt in, but the rule is general.

The office of F. A. Rogers & Co., in the Manhattan building in this city, is closed. It has been receiving no quotations since last Friday. Neil McKachlan, maager of the office, was summoned to New York by the firm and left Friday evening. No one knows why the office was closed, and there are some who are anxious to know.

There will be a farewell meeting at the Lake avenue Bethel tonight for Evangelist L. R. Williamson, who leaves the city tomorrow. Special singing by Mrs. Wm. Asher, Miss Frances McGiffert and a mixed quartet.

Canadian Pacific Steamers 1901.

The first sailing Canadian Pacific Upper Lake steamers, in connection with D., S. S. & A., from Sault Ste. Marie, Monday, May 6th, and regularly thereafter, from Sault Ste. Marie, 11:00 a. m., Saturdays, Mondays and Wednesdays for Owen Sound, Toronto, Buffalo and East.

City Ticket Office,
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. | SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Rugs, Draperies, Lace Curtains and Upholstery Goods.

When you buy your Rugs, Draperies, Lace Curtains and Upholstery Goods here, you have the satisfaction of knowing that you have selected from the best stock and handsomest assortment at the head of the lakes—not only that, but our prices are based upon cash transactions—which alone probably means a saving to you of from 15 to 25 per cent—

Oriental Rugs
In room sizes—at the following prices—
Afghan Rug, 9x6-3, $75.00—reg. value $100.
Afghan Rug, 8-6-10, at $87.50, reg value $115.
Persian Rug, 11x7, $125, reg. value $165.
Feraghan Rug—10-3x8-2, $65, reg. value $85.

India Crepe Curtains.
Beautiful in colorings—nice for liraries, dining rooms and door drapes, 3½ yards long—Prices, $7.50, $10.50 and $12.50 a pair.

Rope Portieres.
In all the pretty Oriental patterns from $2.25 a pair to $6.50 a pair.

Hungarian Cloths.
In all the pretty Oriental colors, in Blue, Green and Red, at 25c and 39c a yard.

Japanese Crepe.
Something different from the ordinary goods—very pretty for pillows and curtains—price 35c a yard.

Tapestries.
For Portieres and coverings, in beautiful Oriental and floral patterns, at 50c, 75c, 90c, $1 and up to $5.

Portieres.
A beautiful line in all the new colorings, ranging in price from $3 up to $30.

Drapery Silks.
Over 100 patterns to pick from in all the new colors—ranging in price from 50c to $1.50 per yard.

Lace Curtains.
In Brussels, Net, Irish Point, Battenberg, Point de Calais, Bobinet, Ruffled, Notingham, Fish Net and Swiss Curtains.
A fine line of Door Panels at 85c and up.

Oriental Rugs.
We have a fine collection of room-size Oriental Rugs, such as Antique Persians, Kivas, and Cashmeres at from $50 to $140
Also a fine collection of smaller ones for rooms and halls.

Wilton Rugs.
In fine Oriental and modern colorings, size 8-3x 10-6; price $32.50.
Size 9x12—$37.50.

Brussels Rugs.
In all the pretty colorings, at $22.50 and $25.50. Room sizes.

Ingrain Rugs.
Or Art squares—We will put on sale ten all-wool Ingrain Rugs, sizes 7-6x9 ft, at $5; and 9x12 ft, at $8.

Imitation Hard Wood.
For room filling—used in place of the wool filling—and splendid to put in place of hardwood floors—easy to put down and easily cleaned—must be seen to be appreciated. Rug department on Second floor.

$5 and $6 Tapestry Portiers go on sale at $2.75 a pair.

One pair o fa kind—25 kinds in all—Tan, Red, Rose, Green—lines that will be discontinued—to close them quick—$5 and $6 kinds at $2.75.

New Couch Covers.
Bagdads, Dunastans, French Tapestries and American Tapestries—in rich colorings—at $2.75, $3.50, $4.50, $5.00 and up to $11.00.

Pillow Cords.
New lines—in Silk, Cotton and Mercerized Silk—to match all colors—10c, 15c and 20c a yard.

15c and 12c Silkolines at 6c.

We offer tomorrow several lines of Silkolines in nice patterns, taken from our regular stock—but in lines that we cannot duplicate—are of 15c and 12c value, at 6c.

Extra Fine Silkolines at 12½c.

High-class Silkolines at 12½c—Several lines of high-class Silkolines, in new and exclusive patterns and colorings—at 12½c a yard.

Drapery Silks.
For the largest assortment in the city, in Oriental, modern and Antique colorings—at 59c, 69c, 75c, 90c and $1.25.

Fish Nets and Swisses.
In new patterns, White and Ecru—at 12c, 15c, 20c and up to 55c a yard.

Colored Swisses.
For bedrooms, in Blue, Green and Red—at 18c and 25c.
10c Figured Scrim—at 5c a yard. Two hundred yards each of Red and Green—10c value at 5c.

Bobbinet Ruffled Goods.
—Six styles, at 55c and 60c a yard.

Imported Swisses.
Reduced small lots to close out—
50c goods at 35c a yard.
35c goods at 25c a yard.
30c goods at 22c a yard.
25c goods at 18c a yard.

Fringes for Drapes,
Mantles and Piano Covers; cotton and silk—white and colors—on sale here at 15c.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

Cretonne at 8c a yard—
For box covering and drapings—a special line that we wish to close out—15c value.

MONEY.

How Damaged Bills Are Carefully Reconstructed.

There was received at the redemption division of the treasury recently an envelope containing a mass of greenish paper, dried and hard, but showing evidence of having once been water soaked. The letter accompanying explained that the substance had once been money, and that it had been found among the debris left by the storm at Galveston, Texas. It was offered for redepmtion, says the Washington Post.

There was undoubtedly much money destroyed in the Galveston storm, but comparatively little of it has been recovered. A half dozen or more installments have been received, but in all it has amounted to but a few hundred dollars. Some of that sent in had been found in the pockets of the clothing worn by victims of the storm. Most of it was in fair shape, and the senders received the full amount in crisp, new bills. The man who recovered the last lot received, however, was less fortunate. It was turned over to Mrs. E. A. Brown, the treasury expert on mutilated money, who soaked the mass and picked it apart, discovering at once that it was composed of worthless Confederate bills.

Mrs. Brown and her assistant, Miss Elizabeth D. Smith, have to deal with money under many queer conditions. It comes to them burned until only fragments of charred paper are left, rotted and mildewed, gnawed by mice, eaten and discolored by acids, and in a thousand other forms. Their knowledge of money is reduced to a science. By a glance at a mere fragment of a bill they are able to tell from its "geography," by which is meant the particular style of engraving—the year of its issue and the denomination of the note of which it is a part.

A case Mrs. Brown now has in hand called forth all her ingenuity. The Moravian National bank, of Moravia, N. Y., sent a package of money that had been burned until only black and shriveled paper remained. The burned bills were supposed to amount to $125. Mrs. Brown was able to identify more than $100, and as there remained a considerable amount of the charred paper, which had been crushed until it was unrecognizable, the full amount will be paid upon an affidavit from the bank that the sum stated was destroyed.

A couple of weeks ago a roll of burned money was received from a small town in Virginia. The sender explained in his letter that the money belonged to an aged woman who had been saving it to pay her funeral expenses. Her house caught fire and her little hoard was destroyed. The old lady was not quite sure of the amount that had been in the roll, but she thought it was between $70 and $75. Investigation showed that there was $120 in the package, and that amount was forwarded for the benefit of the funeral fund.

Among the receipts recently was a large package of the fractional currency in circulation during the civil war. It had evidently been stored away in a vault that was not over dry, and was badly discolored, but was yet in such condition that it could be redeemed. A good deal of this fractional currency is received, much of it almost as bright and clean as on the day of issue. The best is not destroyed, but kept on hand and sold at face value to collectors.

A week or so ago there was received a number of Continental bills, issued by authority of the Continental congress during the war of the revolution. The law does not provide for the redemption of this money, and the bills were returned. Ignorant people in the South and elsewhere, particularly negroes, frequently send in large quantities of Confederate bills, believing the government will redeem them.

The government formerly held that the finder of money was not entitled to have it redeemed, and when turned into the treasury it was kept there for the owner. This rule has now been changed, and the finder of money is the one who profits. A few days ago a Washington colored man took to the treasury two $50 notes, which he said he had found on an ash heap. Although badly soiled, the notes were easily identified, and the negro got the $100.

Another Washington negro not long ago took to the treasury a large package of bills, which had been buried in the ground and were badly soaked. The bills were generally of small denomination, and the task of separating the pieces and patching them together was a big undertaking, as the amount of the resurrected roll was more than $3500. The negro explained that he had buried the money to get it away from an "extravagant family," and that when he went to the place of burial to get out a small amount, he found that the entire store had been ruined.

The work of identifying mutilated money is not always pleasant. One day last week an installment was received from Florida, with the explanation that it had been damaged in the fumigation of a house, where a man had died from smallpox. Money found on people who have been drowned is frequently received, and its condition is usually such that it has to be picked to pieces and the fragments pasted on a backing of paper. The odor from money received is often offensive, and while working on a particularly bad job Mrs. Brown and Miss Smith frequently burn incense on their desks.

The history of the redemption division of the treasury is calculated to explode the theory that paper money is a great spreader of disease germs. An average of $1,000,000 of paper money in its very worst forms of dirtiness is handled and counted three times every working day in the year, by a force composed mostly of young women. The only precaution the clerks take is to wash their hands thoroughly with water, yet there has never been a case of illness among them traceable to the handling of money.

As glycerin dries and cracks the skin, never use it. Satin Skin Cream best replaces all applications, is dainty, harmless and beautifying. 25c. Leading stores.

FOUR STAGE STORIES.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch: William Courtleigh, who plays Bob Blessing, the hero in "Lost River," tells a pathetic story about a new hotel hallboy that he ran against last season while playing in the West. Courtleigh had a pair of boots that needed repairs and he rang for a boy. The new one answered.

"Take those boots that are outside the door," said the actor, "and have them soled."

The new boy dashed off with the shoes and returned in half an hour. He entered the room and handed 50 cents to the astonished actor.

"What's all this?" cried Courtleigh. "Where are my boots?"

"You told me to have them sold," replied the amateur. "That's all I could get for them."

Sylvia Lynden, who has made a success as the bold, bad adventuress in "Woman and Wine," has a tiny friend, aged 6, whom she invited to see the play the other day. Afterward the actress asked her small guest's opinion of her death scene.

"Oh, it was lovely," said the youngster, "only the audience was horrid."

"How so?" queried Miss Lynden.

"Why, after you'd taken all the trouble to die," was the response, "they just clapped and clapped their hands and wanted you to die all over again."

Lester Lonergan, who plays leads with the Woodward Stock company, Kansas City, was Modjeska's leading man for several years and while playing with her took in a concert in a small Indiana town. The piano soloist's manual dexterity astounded a genial old "rube" who sat next to Lonergan. The rustic gazed open-mouthed as the pianist's nimble hands flew over the keys. Finally, in wild enthusiasm, the old man cried:

"Gosh, I'd give a hundred dollors to hev thet man ter pick peas fer me!"

Pullman Tourist Sleeper to California Via The Sunshine Route---C. M. & St. P. Ry.

Every Tuesday a splendid, up-to-date Pullman tourist sleeper leaves Minneapolis at 7:50 a. m., and St. Paul 8:00 a. m., via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry. and runs through without change to Los Angeles, Cal., via Kansas City and the A. T. & S. F. Ry.—the famous Sunshine Route—arriving there the following Saturday morning.

Through berth rate, Twin Cities to Los Angeles, only $6.00. Each berth in this sleeper will comfortably accommodate two persons.

Tickets for use in this tourist sleeper, from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Los Angeles, San Francisco, etc., now being sold at the unusually low rate of $32.90.

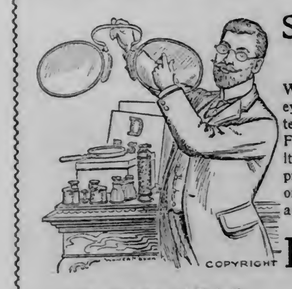
For further particulars and descriptive folder, address J. T. Conley, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn., or see "Milwaukee" ticket agents.

D. & C. Steamers 1901.

The first sailing Detroit & Cleveland steamers, in connection with D., S. S. & A., from St. Ignace, May 8th, and regularly thereafter, from St. Ignace, Saturdays, 2:00 p. m., Wednesdays, 7:30 a. m., to Detroit, Toledo, Cleveland and Lower Lake points.

City Ticket Office,
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

F. D. DAY & CO. F. D. DAY & CO. F. D. DAY & CO.



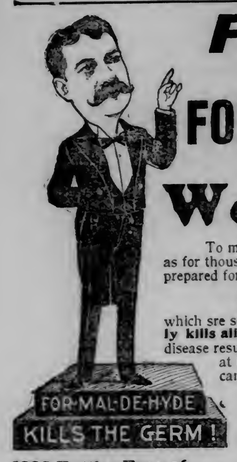
See our $1 Spectacles!

SEE THOSE LENSES.

Well, that is where the superiority of our eyeglasses and spectacles lies. When we test your eyesight and grind our fine French crystal or Brazilian pebbles to fit it, adjust your glasses and put on the proper clip, you have a pair of spectacles or eyeglasses that cannot be excelled by anyone.

F. D. DAY & CO

The Opticians of Duluth. 315 W. Superior St.



FREE DISTRIBUTION

of DR. GEO. LEININGER'S

FOR-MAL-DE-HYDE REMEDIES,

—Will Take Place—

Wednesday, May 8,

To meet the urgent demand of some of the most eminent physicians of America and Europe, as well as for thousands of Dr. Geo. Leininger's own patients who are unable to consult him personally, he has prepared for the welfare of the entire public what are known as

DR. GEO. LEININGER'S FOR-MAL-DE-HYDE REMEDIES

which are scientifically compounded with soldified For-mal-de-hyde—the only germicide that **positively kills all disease germs**, yet does absolutely no harm to the human organism. As the one cause of all disease results from microbes, it becomes necessary to apply that remedy which will kill these germs, and at the same time put the blood in such condition of health and activity that new germs entering it cannot live or breed in it.

Dr. Geo. Leininger has arranged a separate medicine for each disease—based upon the true principle of destroying all disease germs. Dr. Geo. Leininger is anxious that the sick of this city test the health giving power of his famous remedies, and has arranged through some of the leading drug stores to make a free distribution of a trial size of some of these remedies.

1000 Bottles Free of DR. GEO. LEININGER'S
FOR-MAL-DE-HYDE COUGH CURE
Guaranteed cure for CONSUMPTION and all serious and stubborn Lung Diseases

1000 Samples Free of DR. GEO. LEININGER'S
FOR-MAL-DE-HYDE KIDNEY TABLETS
The only remedy that means destruction to the Kidney disease germs, thereby preventing Bright's Disease and permanently curing the worst form of Kidney Disease.

1000 Samples Free of DR. GEO. LEININGER'S
FOR-MAL-DE-HYDE LITTLE LIVER PILLS
Cure Habitual Constipation and Indigestion by freeing the stomach of all disease-breeding germs.

1000 Samples Free of
MAKE-MAN TABLETS
A wonderful brain, blood and nerve food, equally as good for women as men.

Free Demonstration No Samples of.... **DR. GEO. LEININGER'S FOR-MAL-DE-HYDE INHALER** The guaranteed cure for Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis, LaGrippe and all Throat, nose and lung diseases.
Come and Get a Free Treatment.

Out of Town customers can get a sample and a book free by writing the Dr. Geo. Leininger Chemical Co., Chicago.
S. F. Boyce, 335 West Superior Street, Duluth.
Max Wirth, 13 West Superior Street, Duluth.
City Drug Store, 232 55th Ave. W., West Duluth.

Distribution will take place Wednesday, May 8, 1901, beginning at 10 a. m. at the following drug stores:
Opera House Drug Co., West Superior.
Guarantee Drug Co., West Superior.
F. D. Priest, 287 W. 5th St., Superior.

NO SAMPLES GIVEN TO CHILDREN EXCEPT ON WRITTEN ORDER.

ALL NOW RUNNING

Sawmills Are at Work on the Season's Run.

Dead and Down Timber Cut on Large Scale.

Working on the Various Logging Roads Near Here.

All the thirteen sawmills in this district are now entered on their season's sawing operations, and things are generally active about the various lumber yards. Many of the mills have received improvements during the winter closed season, and their cut this year will be larger than before. Among these the Hubbard & Vincent mill has probably received the greatest number of improvements, a gang saw and new boilers having been added, the mill having previously been a single circular sawmill. At Ely the Fall Lake and St. Croix mills are both in operation and will cut about 60,000,000 feet this season, all of which is off the market.

For the first time an attempt was made on quite a large scale last winter to cut the dead andd own timber in the outlying districts not far from Duluth. The scheme which at first promised much might have turned out well had not the demand this season been for a better grade of lumber, and the lumber cut from the down timber in the country that has been logged for some years past was not at all active on the market. J. R. Kunzleman, of Stillwater, put in 1,000,000 feet of this timber at Dedham, some of which would grade to No. 3. He has recently disposed of the whole quantity to St. Paul parties, and the lumber is now being shipped. A large part of it has been taken by box manufacturers. The price of the lumber was not given out. J. R. Kunzleman and O'Neal Bros., of Stillwater, have put in about 1,500,000 feet of down timber at Foxboro, and it is understood that negotiations are under way for the disposal of the whole quantity in log to other lumber companies to be sawed.

Last week the contractors of the Minnesota & International road running north from Bemidji put on night crews with steam shovels, and will have the track completed to Black Duck, one of the new towns on the proposed line, in about a month. The construction work was delayed during the past winter as a logging road crossed the main line a few miles north of Bemidji, and its operations could not be obstructed. The locating engineers are now within twenty-five miles of the international boundary at Koochiching and will have their work completed in a few weeks.

Surveying crews are out working on the Duluth, Virginia & Rainy River road. The projectors of the road expect to be grading the coming winter. There are three railway lines that reach Virginia from this city, which makes that place a strategic point for the southerly terminus of the proposed new road.

The report that the Northern Pacific company which bought from the Halvorsen-Richards company the Neebish-Red Lake logging road, would extend the line to join the International road, is said to be incorrect. It is claimed that the former owners will finish their logging contracts first and then extend the line to join the International at one of the new towns on the main line.

While there have been a large number of inquiries from the East also some buyers in the city, no sales of importance have yet been announced. Prices are holding firm. Two of the Hines boats were among the first of the lumber fleet to arrive in the harbor, and these loaded at the docks of the West Superior Lumber company for Detroit.

Difficult Digestion

That is dyspepsia.

It makes life miserable.

Its sufferers eat not because they WANT to—but simply because they MUST.

They complain of a bad taste in the mouth, a tenderness at the pit of the stomach, a feeling of puffy fullness, headache, heartburn and what not.

Hood's Sarsaparilla cured Joseph F. Laine, Flanagan, Ky., who writes: "I was troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years and took medicine that did me no good. I was advised by friends to try Hood's Sarsaparilla which I did and it put my bowels in perfect condition, gave me strength and energy and made me feel like a new person."

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Promises to cure and keeps the promise. Beware of substitutes. Buy Hood's and only Hood's.

LOG SALVAGE.

Association Holds Its Meeting---Good Record Last Year.

The postponed annual meeting of the Duluth Log Salvage association was held on Saturday evening at the office of G. A. Potter, the secretary of the association, and was well represented by the lumbering companies that have an interest in it. The election of officers resulted in the selection of F. L. Gilbert, of the Red Cliff Lumber company, as president; E. H. Eddy, trustee of the Merrill & Ring company, as vice president, and G. A. Potter, as secretary and treasurer. These three officers also constitute the board of directors. Methods of protecting the members of the association were discussed. Last year the association picked up enough logs to saw 2,500,000 feet of lumber, most of which would have been lost had it not been for the systematic work of the association. All the logs were sawed at the Peyton, Kimball & Barber mill, at West Superior, and after settling up the expenses, the proceeds of the sale of the lumber was divided among the members of the association, according to the amount of logs that each had scaled in the salvage.

Capt. Inman had the contract last season to pick up the logs in this district, but it is understood that the contract for this season has not yet been awarded. The number of logs picked up and saved through the association depends on the season. If the weather is stormy the rafts are more likely to be broken up and the logs scattered along the lake shore. Some of the chartered streams of the Northwest come within the jurisdiction of the Duluth association. Under the state law it is a criminal offense for any person to appropriate any logs found along the lake or bay shores that bears the mark of any of the lumber companies, and last year a number of persons had to settle with the secretary of the association to avoid prosecution. Owing to the activity of the salvage company last season the people living along the lake and bay shore are pretty well warned now of the risk they run in taking logs from the water, and no trouble in this direction is anticipated for the ensuing towing season.

AMUSEMENTS.

"THE FLAMING ARROW."

Tomorrow evening Lincoln J. Carter's play, "The Flaming Arrow," will be seen at the Lyceum. The characters are deftly and strongly chosen. White Eagle, the young Rapahoe, is as good a type of civilized Indian as the stage has been seen in a generation. His father, Black Eagle, represents that section of the brave and fearless, but not the less beloved Indian, whose astuteness and faithfulness was recognized and rewarded by the United States government. Col. Fremont represents a fine old type of active soldiers; his daughter Mary, a womanly maiden, whose bravery and love for truthfulness are characteristic of American women. Such are a few of the prominent characters the author has happily chosen as representatives, together with a rascaly Mexican, a treacherous lieutenant, a fun-loving negro and a witty Irishman.

His Brother Drowned.

Frank R. Webber has received the particulars of the drowning of his brother, John P. Webber, last Wednesday, near Brunswick, Me. He was paddling a canoe on the Androscoggin river with another young man when the craft capsized. Webber was a swimmer, but was evidently taken with a cramp and failed to reach shore although the other man did. His body was carried over the falls and at the time the letter was written to Mr. Webber had not been recovered. He was a young man and had visited in Duluth. About two years ago he was here and had a severe attack of typhoid fever during his visit.

LAUNCHING.

Large Number See It---Carrier Pigeon Sent Off.

The new steel steamer Randolph S. Warren, for the Hanna fleet, was successfully launched at the Superior shipyards last Saturday afternoon, the launching being witnessed by a large crowd of people, among whom Duluth was well represented. The weather was ideal and the people were crowded on tugs, pleasure boats, buildings and every point of vantage to see the big boat slide into her native element. A stand was built close to the bow of the boat and here Miss Anna Kidd, of Duluth, smashed a beribboned bottle of champagne over the bows and christened the steamer as it started on its way down the greased skids to the water. Miss Kidd was presented with a huge bouquet of American beauty roses after the launching.

As is customary, there were a number of the venturesome inclined that had to see the launching from a position too near the slip, and some of these were well drenched by the volume of water thrown clear across to the next slip.

Official announcement of the launching will be made at Cleveland on the arrival there of a carrier pigeon that was freed with a message as soon as the boat hit the water.

Capt. Martin Johnson, of Ashtabula, who will command the Warren was present at the launching.

TENTH ANNIVERSARY.

German Catholic Church to Celebrate It.

The congregation of St. Anthony de Padue church, the German Catholic congregation, will celebrate the tenth anniversary of its existence Friday. On that day it will have completed ten years from the date when the congregation, which had heretofore worshipped at the cathedral, took the church at the corner of Third avenue east and established itself. Today it has paid off a debt of $20,000, is in fine condition and has 600 communicants.

The celebration will open with the singing of high mass at 8:30 o'clock in the morning of Friday. The choir will render a fine program. In the evening there will be devotional exercises and benediction. Right Rev. James McGolrick will deliver an address.

Joel Colby Dead.

Joel Colby, of Colbyville, died Saturday, aged 78 years. He has been in failing health for a long time and death was not unexpected. He had made his home here for many years and was well known to all old Duluth residents. The funeral was held yesterday afternoon and the remains were shipped to Bingham, Me., for interment.

CRICKET COACH.

Englishman Comments on American Food.

The English coach of the Germantown, Pa., Cricket club had an experience with food worth knowing.

He says: "When I came to this country I was engaged as professional coach. I had suffered a long time from constipation, and pains in the lower part of the back, and after bowling and coaching for about an hour, the pains would be so severe they would nearly draw me to the ground.

I tried many remedies without success. Finally I went on Grape-Nuts Food, using it for breakfast in place of oatmeal. Within three days I began to feel better. I have kept it up regularly and now feel like a new man.

I can go on and bowl for hours without a pain. Bowels are as regular as a clock, and my head is clear and steady.

I advise its use with all our players."—J. Caesar, Pro. Coach.

No food on earth will put a man in fit condition as surely and quickly as Grape-Nuts. There's a reason.

IT HAS A DEFECT

Something Poor Board Law Does Not Provide For.

Orders Not Required to Pass Through Auditor's Office.

Board Cuts Off Some Paupers of Long Standing.

From now on the books in the office of the county auditor will show the county treasurer to be short in his accounts just in the sum that it costs to run the poor business of the county. That is not because he will really be short, but because of the peculiar manner in which the law governing the new arrangement of the poor business is framed.

The law creating a poor board to handle the poor accounts of the county provides that the board shall issue orders payable on the county treasurer. They will not go through the auditor's office in any way, unless some arrangement outside of the law is made. The county auditor is the bookkeeper of the county, and all other matters where the county pays out money goes through that office in order that the auditor may act as a check on the treasurer and keep track of his receipts and disbursements.

But as the poor orders will not go through the auditor's office any more, that office will have no record of them. All it will show will be that the treasurer has paid out money that has not been accounted for. It will lead to no end of complications, and the two officers are greatly puzzled to know what to do about it.

At the meeting of the poor board Saturday evening, attended by Maj. J. H. Upham and John Jenswold, Jr., a start toward lowering poor expenses was made by cutting off sixteen individuals and families that have been enjoying county support too long, in the opinion of the board.

Since the last meeting of the board twenty-three applications have been received for county aid, all from people who have been receiving help in the past, some of them for five years or more. Only seven out of the twenty-three were granted aid. The rest, in the opinion of the members of the board, are able to take care of themselves. There are about 200 cases on the books of A. P. Cook, the clerk of the board, where aid is being given. If the cut by the board goes in the same proportion as on the first lot, it will amount to about two-thirds. The board is making an earnest effort to give necessary aid to those who are proper subjects, and at the same time to keep the poor expenses down to the lowest notch.

The proposal of the board to ask for bids for supplies is meeting with encouragement. Bids were received Saturday evening for stationery, groceries, etc., and the prices are very low compared with those that have been paid in the past. No action was taken on the bids last night.

SMART SHOOTING.

John Nelson Again Wins Diamond Badge.

John Nelson successfully defended the championship badge against a field of fourteen crack shots at the shoot of the Central Gun club yesterday. His performance was fully equal to that of last week and the beautiful diamond trophy was taken in by the ex-alderman for the fifth time.

The championship shoot was a 50-bird event. Nelson broke 48 of the "possible" and Dr. Spratley, of St. Paul, was a close second with 47 birds. Bennett was third with 46 and the others in this event all shot under 45. John Fulton, the well known West Superior shot, broke 44 out of a possible 50.

In the Wells-Annis event of 25 birds, Farrington won the trophy, breaking the 25 straight. Bennett was a close second with 24 and Nelson broke 23. Farrington was also first in the practice shoot, breaking 20 straight. Nelson broke 18.

John Jacobson Drowned.

Friends of John Jackson received word yesterday of his drowning, which occurred early in the day up the north shore near Castle Danger. The unfortunate man was a fisherman and about 23 years of age. His body was recovered and taken to Two Harbors.

Fire Starts Again.

The ruins of the Zenith Paper company's building caught fire again last night. There was a quantity of paper and stationary supplies stored up in the rear of the burned building and it is supposed that a boy touched a match to this in order to see the fire department run. The blaze was quickly extinguished.

CUPID IN BAKING POWDER.

Wedding Will Be the Result of a Joke.

Wellsburg, W. V., May 6.—Invitations have been issued for a romantic wedding. The bride to be is Miss Marguerite Hallett and the groom is John Zimmerman, of Benwood, W. Va., formerly of Baltimore. The manner of their becoming acquainted is decidedly novel.

Miss Hallett, a little over a year ago, with a party of friends, was calling at the office of a local baking powder factory. In a spirit of fun one of the other girls in the party bantered Miss Hallett to put her card into one of the cans of baking powder. Miss Hallett took a card from her case, completed the address with a pencil, and adding "Please write," put the card into one of the small cans. There was a great deal of good-natured raillery about the incident, but none was more surprised than Miss Hallett to get a letter from Mr. Zimmerman, at Baltimore, inclosing the card, and asking her to be good enough to acknowledge the receipt. The can of baking powder had been sent as a sample to a big Baltimore jobbing house, and there fell into Mr. Zimmerman's hands, he being the buyer in that line.

Miss Hallett happened to have relatives and other friends in Baltimore, and before she wrote to Mr. Zimmerman she inquired concerning him. Finding there could be no serious objection to continuing the romance a little further Miss Hallett wrote Mr. Zimmerman a polite note of acknowledgment. This brought a reply, and others followed in turn, till they began to think it would be pleasing to meet. The meeting was properly arranged, was eminently satisfactory, and the coming marriage, which takes place May 27, is the outcome.

"DEFENDER" sheets and pillow cases sold at linen department.

PANTON AND WHITE THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE DULUTH, MINN.

You should never buy any article made of linen or cotton without knowing Glass Block prices.

"Defender" Sheets and Pillow cases.

WITH THE WORLD of sheets and pillow cases to choose from, about nine of every ten women take a *"DEFENDER."* Women shoppers of today are wise. They look sharply after the ins and outs of housekeeping. They watch the savings and keenly guard the outgoes. Sheets and pillow cases are for utility as well as for beauty. Quality determines serviceability. The Defender brand meets the ideas of discerning women, for the quality is seen at a glance—they are so durable they are almost everlasting—the prices make it economy to buy them.

They are the regents of the royal family of bed excellence—of such enchanting beauty as to grace the finest bed in the land. We show them in all the grades from plain hemmed and hemstitched to the fancy hemstitched. They are packed in neat boxes, one sheet and two pillow cases in a set—and priced at per set----------

"DEFENDER" stamped on a sheet or pillow case gives assurance that the article is made under the most rigid sanitary conditions, and subjected to the closest surveillance and inspection of conscientious experts. Every piece is warranted to be perfect before leaving the factory. They are torn, not cut—measured *after* being hemmed, not before. The more they are laundered, the softer they become. Defender means a guarantee of quality, durability, exact measurement.

$2 to $4

Homeseekers' Tickets Via the Great Northern & Eastern Minnesota Railways.

On Tuesday, May 7 and 21, the Great Northern and Eastern Minnesota railways will sell homeseekers' tickets to points in Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Washington and Oregon for one fare, plus $2, for the round trip, good for twenty-one days. Tickets will also be sold to points in South and Southwest territory at same rates.

DULUTH WINS.

Takes Both Ball Games From the Cloquet Team.

Cloquet is a fine little ball town but its two teams were not quite fast enough for the High School and Big Duluth organizations. The High Schoolteam won out Saturday by a score of 7 to 4 in one of the hardest games that they will have to play this season. The Cloquet High School team is a much stronger team than the Duluth aggregation expected to meet and put up a rattling fast game which took all the steam that the home boys could get up to win out. Most of the work for the Cloquet team was done by the pitcher, who it is said has played professional ball and who tanned twenty-one of Duluth's hard hitters. Although the High School team here is compelled to use only men who are regular members of the High School and are carrying successfully four studies, the Cloquet pitcher was an eighth grader and could have been elected to by the visiting team had they wished to do so. The support of the home team was all that could be desired in every respect and in one inning only did the lumber town people score. In the first four innings the Cloquetians went out in one-two-three order but in the fifth for a few moments the Duluth team went to pieces and before they had regained their usual equanimity four scores were chalked up to the opposing team's credit. Alworth pitched the first five innings and then Cummings was put in the box and finished the good work and when the game was finished the Cloquet people still had four runs but no more. Duluth was shut out in the first inning, made one run in the second, quadrupled that in the third, got a string of goose eggs until the eighth when they knocked in one and added one more in the ninth making the score 7 to 4. Potter, Alworth, Cummings, Staacke and Clayton each made one run and Berg made two for Duluth, while Sandstrom, Peltier, Chapin and Fuller each scored for Cloquet.

The two teams lined up in the following order:

Duluth.		Cloquet.
Alworth.	pitcher	Fuller
Dash	first base	McCullough
Cummings, Alworth	second base	Peltier
Peterson	short stop	Allen
Staacke.	third base	Sandstrom
Andrews	left field	Leureugs
Berg	left field	Laretto
Congdon (Capt.)	center field	Hoyt
Adams. Clayton	right field	

Score by innings:

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Duluth	0	1	4	0	0	0	0	1	1	7
Cloquet	1	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	4

The umpire, who played short stop for the paper makers, was eminently satisfactory to the Duluth team and it is his fairness that made the game such a rapid one, the whole nine innings occuping only an hour and a half.

Yesterday the Big Duluth put the finishing touches on the work the High School team began the previous afternoon. The City team of Cloquet was defeated by a score of 26 to 4. The clothing house representatives won through Lovell's fine pitching, general heavy hitting and darling base running. Randall, for Big Duluth did some clever stick work, having a home run and four singles. Girard and Bennett also did timely work with the ash. Nine hits were made off Lovell and he struck out eight men. The score by innings was:

										R.	H.	E.
Big Duluth	2	0	3	7	2	4	4	4	26	20	4
Cloquet	2	0	0	0	1	0	6	0	4	9	7

Stolen bases—Duluth, 10; Cloquet, 2. Two base hits—Duluth, 6; Cloquet, 2. Home runs—Duluth, 1. Double plays—Duluth, 1. Base on balls—Off Lovell, 1; off Ranch, 5. Struck out—By Lovell, 8; by Ranch, 3. Batteries—Big Duluth, Lovell and Girard; Cloquet, Ranch and Crich.

If people only knew what we know about Kodol Dyspepsia Cure, it would be used in nearly every household, as there are few people who do not suffer from a feeling of fullness after eating, belching, flatulence sour stomach or water-brash, caused by indigestion or dyspepsia. A preparation such as Kodol Dyspepsia Cure, which, with no aid from the stomach, will digest your food, certainly can't help but do you good. Max Wirth.

Mme. Boyde Complexion and Hair Dressing Parlors.
Over 216 West Superior Street
Miss Jones, of New York, in Charge
New Methods. New Styles. Finest appointed parlors in the West.

DR. PIERCE

Room 1, No. 5 West Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

Regular Graduate. Diploma in Office.

Leading Specialist
For the cure of Chronic, Nervous and Private Diseases.

Cancer, Piles, Fistula, Stricture, Hydrocele, Varicocele, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranteed in 10 to 30 days. Syphillis, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcerus, Sores in the mouth or throat, Unhealthy discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair, and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by new remedies with never failing success

YOUNG MEN

Suffering from the effects of Indiscretion or Excess, causing Nervous Debility, Mental Weakness, Vital Losses, Catarrh, Indigestion, Constipation, Blotches, Pimples, Ringing in Ears, Palpitation of Heart, Despondency, Lost Manhood, Unfitness to Marry, Weak Back, Rheumatic Pains, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, are guaranteed a safe and speedy cure by remedies prepared and dispensed by himself. Charges always moderate. No exposure. Call or write.

MIDDLE - AGED AND OLD MEN

who are the victims of Prostatic, Urinary, Kidney or Bladder Troubles, Syphilitic or Mercurial Blood Poisoning, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Sexual Debility, Impaired Vigor, Premature Decline from recent exposure, Mental Work or Overwork, Rheumatism, Eczema or Salt Rheum, Piles, Ulcers, Old Sores, Cough, Impending Paralysis or Consumption, Stomach and Liver Troubles. Loss of Ambition, unfit to enjoy either pleasure or business, are cured for life by Dr. Pierce when all others have failed.

LADIES—Married or single are guaranteed SAFE AND SURE RELIEF from all diseases peculiar to their sex, no matter from what cause. Office private; no exposure. Consultation free.

If in trouble write or call. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Charges moderate. Office hours 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 12 m.

MME. YALE'S HAIR TONIC

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:

It affords me great pleasure to call the attention of the public to Mme. Yale's Excelsior Hair Tonic, which is the first and only remedy known to chemistry which positively turns gray hair back to the original color without dye. It has gone on record that Mme. M. Yale—wonderful woman chemist—has made this most valuable of all chemical discoveries. Mme. Yale personally indorses its action and gives the public her solemn guaranty that it has been tested in every conceivable way and has proved itself to be the ONLY Hair Specific. It STOPS HAIR FALLING immediately and creates a luxurious growth. Contains no injurious ingredient. Physicians and chemists invited to analyze it. It is not sticky or greasy; on the contrary, it makes the hair soft, youthful fluffy and keeps it in curl. For gentlemen and ladies, entirely gray and with bald heads, it is especially recommended.

A SCIENTIFIC MEDICINE.

March 10, 1900.

Dear Madame Yale:—I wish to say a few words in regard to your Excelsior Hair Tonic and Hair Cleanser. I have used both with the best possible results. My hair had been falling and for some time. I had used various remedies with little or no avail. Finally my attention was called to your Excelsior Hair Tonic. I purchased a bottle and began using it. The result was beyond my expectations; after the second application my hair had ceased to fall out, and as I continued my hair seemed to have more life and vigor and new hairs began to come in. After using the second bottle I was surprised to see that my hair was no longer tinged with gray but had returned to its natural color.

Your Excelsior Hair Tonic is certainly a scientific medicine and I believe the only one that treats the hair as a sick member and feeds and nourishes it until it is restored to its natural and normal state of health. I cheerfully recommend it to any one who is in need of a Hair Tonic or Restorer, as I have the utmost confidence in the efficacy of all your remedies.

Respectfully,
MRS. C. L. BROWN,
51 Harper Avenue, Detroit, Mich.

Madame Yale's Hair Tonic is sold throughout the world at $1.00 per bottle.

Manufactured only by Madame Yale, 189 Michigan avenue, Chicago.

We carry a full line of Madame Yale's remedies at all times.

Our special price on Madame Yale's Hair Tonic—

89 CENTS.

PANTON & WHITE THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE DULUTH, MINN.

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Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square PHILA., PA.
Mention this paper.

LUMBER, SASH, DOORS, MOULDINGS, MAPLE FLOORING, HARDWOOD, SCREENS. SCOTT-GRAFF LUMBER CO. 24TH AVE. W. & MICHIGAN ST.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink **ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.** Sold in Duluth at

The Ideal Beer Hall.

TERRIBLE CONDITION

Exists In North China Under Foreign Military Rule.

New Proofs of Affairs Furnished to State Department.

Chinese Estimate That Over One Million Have Met Death.

New York, May 6.—The latest mail from China says a Washington special to the Tribune has brought to the state department new proofs of the terrible and perhaps irretrievable conditions which exist under the foreign military rule in North China, involving a situation not hitherto fully realized, even in Washington, and utterly unappreciated in the United States generally. The character of the information which has now come into the administration's possession is summarized in the following extracts from a communication written by one of the most trusted officials in the service abroad, and mailed from Pekin a month ago.

"The question of raising the indemnity, though one of the most serious for the Chinese government, is not paramount. All the people who are likely to know declare that the Chinese peasant can stand no greater burden of taxation than in the past, so the question resolves itself largely to reducing the expense of collection, which in China involves radical reforms. Another proposition for meeting the indemnity is to grant lucrative mining and industrial concessions to foreigners, but that means bartering their independence and laying up endless trouble for the Chinese, who are quick to recognize the fact.

"If the whole horror of the murder and pillage done between Tien Tsin and Pekin comes to be understood in the United States and in Europe, the sum of it is so great as compared to the number of Christians who have suffered at the hands of the Chinese that, rightly or wrongly, the Chinese are likely to be held the injured party. Lancers impaling little children by the wayside in the streets of Pekin are some of the least of the well-authenticated horrors, and to some foreign soldiers a dead Chinese Christian is just as satisfactory an evidence of no quarter as a dead Boxer—they neither know nor care for such trifling distinctions.

"The allies, even if they could agree, could not set up an administration of their own for the empire. They must restore the power to some native party, and the quicker they do it the better for China. The Chinese estimate that 1,000,000 of their people have lost their lives by violent deaths or starvation about Pekin and Tien Tsin since the allies came. Well-informed foreigners long resident here do not regard the estimate as exaggerated."

The North China News of March 28, endeavoring to tell why such a situation as the one alleged can exist, says:

"Simply because Chinese civil authority has been suppressed, harrassed, driven away and nothing substituted for it. The country between the sea and Pekin has been devastated and the people have been killed indiscriminately or driven out of their homes to become bandits. We should have thought that one of the first acts of the foreign administration after Pekin was relieved would have been to strengthen the Chinese civil authority and make it responsible for the preservation of order. But what magistrate can be expected to remain at his post and exert himself to put down opposition to foreigners when at any moment a foreign lieutenant with a handful of troops may come to him and demand a sum of money on pain of having his town or village burned down in case of refusal?"

IN MICHIGAN.

Young Man Is Fatally Crushed By Falling Logs at Wells.

Escanaba—While attempting to unload logs from a flat car on the Escanaba and Lake Superior road at Wells, Marinel Myers, a youth 17 years of age, was caught under the logs as they rolled from the car and crushed so badly that he died instantly. The accident, as developed by an investigation, was the result of Myers' own carelessness. Against the foreman's advice he mounted the top of the logs piled on the car and started to cut the fastenings that bound them together. These suddenly gave way and when the logs started to roll off the car Myers was unable to get out of the way.

Calumet—Mat Hendrickson, aged 50, died at the Calumet and Hecla hospital. He was struck by a train and badly injured, as reported at the time. Thursday night his condition grew much worse and he was removed to the hospital in the hope of an improvement under hospital treatment.

Gibbs & Co. have secured the contract to build a waste way at the Redridge dam. It will be 600 feet long and 50 feet wide at the breast of the dam narrowing to 30 feet. The depth of the way will be 4 feet and it will contain over 250,000 feet of plank and lumber. The bottom will be matched plank. Upon this will be five courts of tar alternated with tarred paper. This composition will then be covered with finished flooring. The way will rest on mud sills and will be located on the west side of the dams.

Menominee—There is a strong tinge of romance in the jail career of Edward Sharick, who is being held in jail at Menominee for trial in circuit court next week on the charge of seduction. The complaining witness, Miss Hattie Orth, who is suffering with smallpox, has sent word to the officials that she wishes to see Sharick. The officials have agreed to take him up there when the quarantine is removed. The officials are of the opinion that a conciliation will be effected, and the young people will be married. In that event it is presumed she would not appear against him in the criminal procedure, now pending, and the case would be dismissed.

Randville—The Groveland mine has resumed operations. This mine is located four miles east of Randville, and operations were suspended ten years ago. The property has never been worked since. A track will be laid from Randville to the mine at once, the grading having been done before the mine shut down years ago. A blacksmith shop has been erected, and other necessary buildings put up.

RESIGNED.

Pastor Admits Indiscretions With His Pretty Young Housekepeer.

Boston, Mass., May 6.—At a meeting of the society of the East Baptist church in Lynn, the resignation of the parson, Rev. Nell Andrews, was read and unanimously accepted without a word of discussion. The clergyman had admitted "indiscretions," as he termed them, with his pretty young housekeeper, while his wife was ill at the hospital. In his letter of resignation were these words: "If mistakes have been made they have been rectified when recognized." The deacons, however, deny this.

The young woman is well known in Lynn, and belongs to a respectable family, whose members are leaders in all movements connected with the church. The young woman herself always took a conspicuous part in its affairs. She formerly lived at the home of Rev. Nell Andrews.

His wife was ill, and the girl was regarded more as a member of the family than as one in its employ. The pastor and she were seen in each other's company very often. While the deacons did not suspect that there was anything wrong they believe that in the interest of the church it should not longer continue, and they accordingly summoned the pastor before them. They told him all they knew, and he admitted that what they had said was true, although he contended that his conduct, as well as that of the young woman, had been upright and not inconsistent with Christian principles. The result of the meeting, however, was that the pastor agreed to be governed by advice of the deacons and to discontinue his association with the young woman.

Later the pastor and she were corresponding with each other, and this reopened the question and terminated in a request for the pastor's resignation.

A STRING ATTACHED

To Reward Offered By Governor of Louisiana.

New Orleans, La., May 6.—Governor Longino, of Mississippi, has blazed a new trail in the matter of offering rewards for fugitive rapists. He hung up $150 for the arrest of Joe Bell, the white man who committed a criminal assault upon a 9-year-old girl in Attalaa county Sunday last, but he tied a string to the money by attaching to the offer a provision to the effect that if Bell was lynched after capture the money would not be paid.

The people of Attalla county say that the loss of the $150 will not stand in the way of Judge Lynch if Bell is taken. They claim that there are any number of citizens who will see to it that the man who captures Bell is doubly rewarded for sacrificing the reward, provided he turns the fiend over to them.

Bell's description has been sent broadcast, and his apprehension is only a matter of days, and the efficacy of Governor Longino's original plan to prevent lynching will then be tested.

THE DAKOTAS.

Written Denial Furnished the Evidence For Glau's Conviction.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Aberdeen—H. A. Glau, of this city, a well-to-do retired farmer, is under arrest charged with having sent obscene letters through the mails, and has been held in bonds of $500 for appearance at the coming term of United States court. The woman to whom the letter was addressed is a resident of Ipswich, but it is alleged that he wrote a similar letter to a resident of this city who declined to prosecute. He has a wife and several children. When charged with the crime by Postoffice Inspector Smith, he wrote out a specific denial, and the writing in this statement was used against him on his preliminary hearing. Without it the inspector would have had a hard time identifying the handwriting.

Six tough-looking customers were arrested here yesterday in various parts of the city, after a hard round-up by the police. They had in their possession and were trying to sell various articles of merchandise, consisting principally of spectacles and pantaloons. The goods were undoubtedly stolen and the fellows will be held for awhile in the hope that the property may be identified. They brought it here from some other city.

Vermillion—For the past week C. A. Wilson has been endeavoring to straighten up a shortage with the M. W. A. lodge, and has been in charge of the board of managers since Wednesday. Out of respect for the family some of the business men raised about $250 this afternoon, and with what he had on hand, after selling his barber shop interests the shortage was made up and Wilson is a free man. He claims he knows nothing about the money that is missing and cannot account for anything.

Chamberlain—The government will make improvements in the Chamberlain Indian school aggregating more than $20,000 the coming season. There will be a dormitory for boys, a new schoolhouse and assembly hall, a kitchen and dining-room for employes and a large addition to the main building. The new dormitory will be 36x100 feet, two stories high, and will provide quarters for about seventy-five boys. It will cost $10,000.

Dakwana—John A. Stransky, representative in the late legislature from this county, recently made a novel experiment in the transmission of money. He desired to send a dollar to New York for a publication and in a spirit of fun he pasted a round piece of paper on a silver dollar containing the address of the paper, with a 2-cent stamp attached. The dollar went to its destination all right, for within a few days he received a receipt for it from the publisher of the paper.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Langdon—Papers in the Burke-Mooney case have been served on the defendant, and though the plaintiff has as yet filed no complaint, the attorneys admit that the case is one in which the plaintiff will ask for $20,000 damages for the alienation of his wife's affections. A long and bitterly fought suit is looked for, without the slightest chance in sight of the case reaching a settlement outside of the courts. W. J. Mooney, who is made defendant in the action, has so far paid little or no attention to the matter. He says there are no grounds for the proceedings and views the suit as a matter of spite on the part of personal enemies. The other side of the story shows that the Burkes became estranged while they occupied the Mooney home and the defendant was one of the family. The relations of the Burkes reached a climax shortly after New Year's, but after much talk the matter subsided for the time. Mrs. Burke disappearing, having gone, it is said, to Chicago. In a week's time papers in divorce proceedings were served by Mrs. Burke's attorneys on her husband, to which he put in an answer that was withdrawn shortly before trial and a decree granted Mrs. Burke. It has since been claimed that Burke had found evidence that connects the visits of his wife to the Pacific coast, as well as to Eastern points, at times and places that agree with periods when Mr. Mooney frequently had business elsewhere than in Langdon. The Burke family is well connected and prominent.

"Our little girl was unconscious from strangulation during a sudden and terrible attack of croup. I quickly secured a bottle of One Minute Cough Cure, giving her three doses. The croup was mastered and our little darling speedily recovered." So writes A. L. Stafford, Chester Mich. Max Wirth.

SHIPPING SUBSIDY

Too Early to Predict If It Will Pass Next Congress.

Immense Power Wielded By Morgan May Bring It About.

American Shipyards Are Crowded With Work at Present.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, May 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—An Eastern paper says that aside from political considerations it is too early to predict whether or not the national shipping subsidy bill will pass at the coming session of congress. This paper adds:

"In view of the developments of ocean traffic within the past few days it would appear that such a prediction is justified. With the possible exception of President McKinley it is admitted on all sides that more depends upon the life of J. Pierpont Morgan than upon that of any other person in the United States. Around him clusters the capital of the richest nation in the world. His strength does not lie in the millions which he possesses individually, not altogether in the capital commanded by those associated with him, enormous as that is, but in the interest which his operations have aroused in small investors and the belief that he is the modern Kides, and whatever he touches must turn to gold. Having made a success of the banking business and seeing greater possibilities in other lines, he steps into the railroad business and almost immediately bankrupt properties take on a certain value and consolidation follows consolidation. Next to the railroads the greatest single industry in the United States is that of iron and steel, so Mr. Morgan evolves the most gigantic aggregation of capital the world ever saw. The two interests are closely connected. The railroads depend upon the steel mills for their rails, their cars, etc., the steel mills; the steel mills are, in turn, the best customers of the railroads. But there are other countries to be supplied, and America has the raw material and finished product and the capital to supply them. There is, however, one thing lacking—the ships. On this continent the railroads belonging to the combination make the profits on the transportation of the products of the steel trust to the seaboard, but a little bit escapes before the goods are delivered abroad, as the steamship owners have to be satisfied. So Mr. Morgan buys a line or two, or three, as the case may be, of ships.

Now the combination can take ore from the mines and lay it down in European ports, and the profit in handling it throughout goes into the pockets of practically one combination of affiliated interests.

There is a chance, however, for quite a fair bonus in this operation. Some people say the United States wants a merchant marine; Mr. Morgan wants a merchant marine also. Mr. Morgan is so anxious to obtain it that he goes into the open market and buys it. With Mr. Morgan change the registry of his vessels? No, not at present. American vessels pay higher wages to seamen, furnish better food, and provide better quarters than any other vessels afloat. It may be safely said that Mr. Morgan's lines of steamers would not change their registry were it not that some people assert the United States wants a merchant marine and is prepared to pay heavily for it. For several years the process of preparing the country to this end has been going on, and $9,000,000 a year has been generally accepted as the cost.

Mr. Morgan is prepared, doubtless, to rent his ships to the government for that amount. All the small steamship owners, including Senator Hanna, may well stand aghast at Mr. Morgan's operations. Where is the American line, the Pacific Mail Steamship company and the other interests which formerly supported the Shipping bill in comparison with the man who buys several fleets of ships at one purchase? If the old interests so nearly succeed in passing their pet measure, it seems that there is no chance of failure when they have behind them Mr. Morgan's steamship lines, supported, as they are expected to be, by the steel trust and the combination of railroads.

But Mr. Morgan and his immediate circle will not gobble up all the profits from a subsidy bill—just yet, at least. Changing registry will not entirely suffice to draw millions from the national treasury. For every ton of foreign-built ship drawing subsidy a ton of ship must be constructed in an American yard. To bring in the hundreds of thousands of tons just bought abroad, the same number must be built here, so the American shipyard owners, taking the hint, quickly combine and launch a $70,000,000 trust. Perhaps later Mr. Morgan will absorb this also.

So the situation is this: American shipyards are overcrowded with work at present; the shipping business is so good that American capital, no longer content with the stocks and bonds of our own industries, must go abroad to purchase steamship lines.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best known remedy for DIARRHOEA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

Quick Dessert

JELLYCON

No Cooking
No Baking

Only necessary to dissolve in hot water and set away to harden. Lemon, Orange, Peach, Raspberry, Strawberry, Wild Cherry.

AT WEST DULUTH

The West Duluth Republican club held a very enthusiastic meeting last night, at which arrangements were completed for the big banquet that is to be given by the club in the Great Eastern hall on the evening of May 25. The club will hold meetings every Saturday night from now on until after the banquet. The affair is to be made one of the largest of the kind ever attempted in the city, and the West Duluth Republicans are elated with the list of speakers that they have had promises from to be in attendance. The speakers will be Governor Van Sant, Senator Clapp and Congressman Page Morris. The following committees were announced by President Nitterauer of the club:

Reception—Messrs. L. A. Barnes, Sidney Hanchett, Otto Glfvert, A. H. Merriman, C. C. Salter, George Cruikshank, W. Wedan, Ed Swenson, E. A. Webber, W. W. Walker, C. Cook, Mr. Peterson, C. H. Martz, Richard Schell, William Mayo and W. B. Hartley.

Supper—Hon. George J. Mallory, Thomas F. Olafson, A. Lofgren, W. J. Smart, James Wahlin, Samuel Caruthers and Robert Cochran.

Music—Otto Glfvert, James B. Flack, C. C. Salter.

Printing—Thomas F. Olafson, Robert C. Stone, A. T. Park, J. A. Meldahl.

Decorations—H. W. Lanners, N. C. Hendricks, M. Solberg, Messrs. Levy and Wear.

The general committee, as announced before, consists of C. W. Nitterauer, L. A. Barnes, G. J. Mallory, Thomas Olafson, Otto Glfvert and Robert C. Stone. Governor Van Sant, Senator Moses Clapp, Congressman Page Morris and Mayor Hugo will be guests of honor at the banquet.

THE JUNIORS WIN.

The West Duluth Juniors added another to their list of victories yesterday by almost shutting out the Freimuth store team. The score at the end of the game was 30 to 4 in favor of West Duluth. Had it not been for an error on the part of the Junior team the Freimuth team would not have scored. The Juniors made 11 runs in the first inning.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Tonight the longshoremen will meet at the Great Eastern hall and elect officers and discuss any other matters of business that may come before the union. It is not expected that there will be any other special business to come up, as the wage question is settled for the season, and all the men are now waiting for is the lumber boats to be loaded.

Edward Dormedy was pleasantly surprised at his home last evening by about twenty-five of his friends, the event being in honor of his birthday anniversary. A splendid social time was enjoyed by all. Mr. Dormedy was remembered with a number of fine tokens, among them a gold-headed umbrella.

Thomas Brotherton, who had a leg fractured last winter and from which he has just got over the effects, while attempting to catch a West Duluth-bound car at Seventh avenue on Saturday night, was thrown to the ground and had his leg fractured at the place of the former injury. He also received several bad bruises. Mr. Brotherton was taken to St. Mary's hospital. His gold watch was lost in the fall and was not recovered.

The Northern Pacific company is making a banking ground for its telegraph poles near the Oneota station. There are at present thousands of poles piled at this point, making huge piles.

Miss Ida Sears entertained friends from Ashland over Sunday.

The Modern Samaritans will have another "ladies' night" entertainment at the Odd Fellows' hall this evening, and arrangements are completed to make the event a successful one in a social way. After a program there will be music, dancing and a luncheon. The entertainment will be for the Samaritans and their invited friends.

A boy was born to Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Ledeen, of 5915 Grand avenue, on May 1.

On May 3 a boy was born to Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Hedberg, of 3721 Traverse street.

A boy was born to Mr. and Mrs. Christ Wanger, of 410 Sixty-sixth avenue west, on May 5.

The funeral of Fred Harwood, which was held at Proctorknott yesterday, was largely attended, a number going up from West Duluth. The Missabe company ran a special funeral train down from Proctorknott to the Oneota cemetery, where the burial took place.

The street railway company is having unloaded from the cars at the Oneota street spur of the Northern Pacific company several tons of tie plates and angle irons to be used in the improvements now in progress on the tracks in different parts of the two cities. One of the new double truck cars was being geared up today and will soon be taken out for a trial trip.

Mrs. Frank Wade and Mrs. Richard Schell will leave in a few days for a visit in Indiana and Illinois, also at the Pan-American exposition at Buffalo.

Clay Melvin, of Twentieth avenue west, is entertaining his brother, William Heim, of Monticello Minn.

Chesney & Co., the feed store men, have announced their intention of opening up a commission house to handle green stuff and do a general commission business.

They Won't Climb Trees, But Our wheels climb any hill you care to tackle. The CRESCENT Bicycle is staunchly made and the mechanism is so perfectly adjusted that every ounce of power you apply to the pedals goes to the right spot and you get out of your wheel what you want—speed and get-up-hill qualities. CRESCENTS are only $25 and $35. Supply House Bicycles, $12.75.

WIELAND & WADE,
Dealers in Reliable Bicycles.
323 West First Street, Duluth.
317 Central Avenue, West Duluth.

HENDRICKS
DRY GOODS CO.
WE OFFER EXCELLENT VALUES IN MERCHANDISE DURING THE CLOSING DAYS OF OUR
Great Fire Sale
We will make this a busy week at our Store, and in order to do so, have added many regular-stock goods to our list, at

Fire Sale Prices.
FOR THIS WEEK.

WHITE AND COLORED CUTTINGS—this week—at, per yard 4c
A NEW LOT OF SHIRTING PRINTS—this week, at—per yard 4c
A LOT OF 10c OUTING FLANNELS—for this week at—per yard 7c
A HANDSOME ASSORTMENT of Prints, worth 7c; this week's sale price 5c
ONE LOT OF PERCALES—GOOD colors—usual 10c goods—sale 7c
GOOD HEAVY 10c SHIRTINGS sale price—per yard 7c
BUCKSKIN OUTINGS AND heavy Union Shirtings, worth 15c—sale price 10c

Special values in Sheetings for this week—bleached or brown, wide or narrow, all at our sale prices.

Take a look at our dress goods sale for this week.
We open a new lot of Dress Goods, in Plain colors, also a lot of new Plaids, regular value 35c to 39c goods—our sale price this week will take them at per yard—just.... 25c
SEE OUR DRESS GOODS AT—a yd—
50c, 75c to $1.00
New Stock of Ladies' Waists in fancy colors and White. Please see our prices.

Keep your eye on our shoe sale this week.
150 pairs of Ladies' fine Shoes just received—you will like them when you see them and our prices will suit you. Boys', Misses' and Children's Shoes.

Hendricks Dry Goods Co.

THE
English Doctors
Coming to Duluth.
Three months services will be given
Free to All Invalids
who call before
June 22nd.
The staff of eminent specialists of the English Medical Institute have, by request of a large number of their patients in this country, decided to establish a permanent branch office in Duluth. A location has been secured over 131 West Superior street, corner of Second avenue west, where they will be ready to receive patients next Thursday morning at 9 o'clock.
These celebrated British doctors have decided to give their services absolutely free for three months (medicine excepted), and to perform all minor surgical operations without charge, to invalids who apply in person at the institute before June 22nd. Under no circumstances will any charge be made for consultation, examination or services rendered.
The object in making this offer is to become rapidly acquainted with the afflicted and to thoroughly introduce their wonderful system of treatment in Duluth and vicinity.
A thorough examination is made in every case, and if your ailment is found incurable you will be kindly and honorably told so and advised against spending your money for useless treatment.
The doctors treat and guarantee all curable cases of catarrh, nose, throat and lung troubles, male and female weakness, paralysis, rheumatism, heart, stomach, blood, kidney and nervous diseases, vital weakness and losses, stricture, varicocele, gleet and all blood poisons.
The chief consulting surgeon of the institute, assisted by several of his staff associates will be in personal charge.
Office hours from 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

Duluth Brass Works,
Manufacturers.
Brass and bronze castings and babbits. Special attention paid to railroad, mill and steamship castings. Also furnish tin, spelter, antimony and lead. We manufacture hot water heaters for wood or coal. We have also a general machine shop, can do repair work or manufacture in iron or brass. Special attention paid to experimental work. Office and works corner Oneota and Ramsey streets, West Duluth.

WHY?
IS ELECTRIC LIGHT BEST
Because it is healthy, clean, pure and brilliant.
HEALTHY—
It has no odor. Prof. Thompson states that one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.
CLEAN—
It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.
SAFE—
As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.
CHEAP—
By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.
Commercial Light & Power Co. OFFICES—215 West Sup. St.

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.
S. F. Boyce, Max Wirth,
R. C. Sweeny. Wm. A. Abbett.

MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.

Freimuth's
GREATEST DAYLIGHT STORE.

Freimuth's attractions are their low prices quoted on high grade, dependable merchandise—at the time when most wanted by the consumer—and here is a little list to show you the great savings that can be made—

A Record In Tailor Suits.

SUITS at $25 *The most remarkable* suit values ever offered for $25. No slighting of work no poverty of material detracts from the suit merits. Rich black Cheviots, Broadcloths and Venetians—Eton jackets with silk or cloth vestee—bolero jackets—blouse coats—skirts cut in the full graceful flounce effects, some silk lined—All these are features that stamp these as garments of phenomenal excellence. Every model is smart and effective—the offering is unusual—all sizes—all fashionable colors—on sale tomorrow at only------ ---------- **$25**

Sale of Taffeta Silk Skirts
$14.50 *for Black Taffeta* Skirts worth $16 and $18.50—several styles, including plain silk skirt with tucked and corded flounces—skirts covered with clusters fine vertical tucks—with wider tucks around the flounce—various lengths and sizes—choice tomorrow, $14.50.
$10.00 *for Black Silk* Skirts worth up to $16 black satin Skirts, black Peau de Soie skirts, or black Taffeta Silk Skirts—plain or fancy flounce cut—a very special value tomorrow at only $10.
See our swell Silk Skirts at $25, $30, $55 and up.

Another week of extraordinary price reductions in the Dress Goods Section
12½c *for 30c Fancy Spring* Suitings—36 to 40 in. wide—very pleasing color combinations—regular 30c and 25c Dress Goods—at 12½c.
29c *for 75c novelty dress* goods—domestic and imported weaves—in all the fashionable spring colors—40 to 44 inches wide—regular 75c and 50c dress goods at 29c.
49c *for $1.25 imported* dress fabrics—elegant silk and wool novelties—rich, handsome colorings—in fashionable weaves—40 to 45 inches wide—$1.25 and $1.00 dress at 49c.
48c *for 65c Black Cheviots* and Storm Serges—all wool—42 inches wide; hard twisted, splendid serviceable fabrics—60c and 65c qualities at 48c.
68c *for 90c black Storm* Serges and Cheviots—52 inches wide—extra quality and finish—this week the 90c Serges and Cheviots at 68c.
98c *for $1.75 high-class* Black Dress Goods consisting of plain and fancy fabrics in the fashionable clinging weaves and effects—44 inches wide—$1.75 and $1.50 dress goods at only 98c.

More May Sale Opportunities.
Advantageous Silk Offerings for Tuesday Shoppers
75c *for $1.00 guaranteed* black taffeta, 20 inches wide—equal in wear to any $1.25 silk—$1.00 black taffeta at 75c.
45c *for 65c black taffeta* —18 inches wide — extra strong and brilliant finish—65c taffeta at 45c a yard.
75c *for $1.00 black taffeta*—extra rich, lustrous quality 23 inches wide — a very rich $1.00 taffeta for tomorrow at only 75c.
95c *for 27-inch black taffeta*—splendid width, extra fine quality and finish; is cheap at $1.25—our price only 95c.
69c *for 85c black Peau de Soie*—19 in. wide—fine quality, extra finish.
$1.19 *for $1.50 black Peau de Soie*—soft, elegant texture—23 inches wide—the regular $1.50 quality of this fashionable silk — this week at only $1.19.

Unusual Values in Foulards and Wash Silks Not Seen Elsewhere.
69c *for $1 Satin Foulards*—25 inches wide—in the new and fashionable spring designs and colors—satin finish Foulards — Imperial Twill Foulards—very fine for summer gowns — $1.00 and 85c silk Foulards this week at 69c.
35c *for 50c Foulards*, 20 in. wide, fancy figures and floral effects on dark and medium grounds—50c silks this week 35c.
39c *for wash silks*—genuine Japanese wash silk in pretty stripes and colors, 50c silks at 39c.

More New "Shirt Waist" Hats.
Better and more complete assortment of these new and graceful ready-to-wear Hats—More unique features in rolling brims—straw bows and buckles—handsome weaves in braids, etc. More winsome and chic shapes and more beautiful trimmings of chiffon, Persian Silks—Ribbons, Braids, etc., than can be seen elsewhere; prices are varied enough for any taste and purpose—$6, $5 down to. **$1.00**

Special White Goods at 45c.
This week we will make special inducements on White Goods for graduating party gowns. We offer all sorts of exquisite White Goods, including French Lawns, Wash Chiffons, Batiste, Mulls, plain and fancy Swisses, French Organdie, Persian Lawns, in plain and silk finish—India Mulls and India Linons—an alluring display of White Stuffs—32 to 68 inches wide—usually sells at 50c to 75c the yard; choice all week at... **45c**

Carpet Prices that should fill the department with eager buyers.
Its prices like these that keep this carpet store so busy.

60c Tapestry Brussels Carpets at---- 47½c
65c Extra heavy All Wool Ingrains---- 50c
85c Extra heavy Tapestry Brussels---- 65c
$1.25 Extra quality Velvets, without Borders, at---------- $1.00
$1.50 Extra quality, 5-frame Body Brussels, good patterns, at---------- $1.25

Art Squares Reduced.
All wool art squares—very pretty designs—none better made anywhere at the price.
$6.00 Art Squares—2½ x 3 feet, at---------- $5.00
$7.50 Art Squares—size 3 x 3 feet---------- $6.25
$8.50 Art Squares—size 3 x 3½ feet, at---------- $7.00
$10.00 Art Squares—size 3 x 4 feet, at---------- $8.50
Special values all week in Lace Curtains and Draperies.

THE EVENING HERALD.

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

Published at Herald Bldg., 220 W. Superior St.

Duluth Printing & Publishing Company.

Telephone Calls: Counting Room—324, two rings. Editorial Rooms—324, three rings.

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One month	.45
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Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter

WEEKLY HERALD.

Per year	$1.00
Six months	.50
Three months	.25

Largest Circulation in Duluth.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department Weather Bureau, Duluth, Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), May 6.—The barometer is falling in the lake region, Mississippi and Ohio valleys, with lowest readings over Iowa. Another "low" is developing over Western Texas. Pressures are high over Northwest Canada. Light rains have fallen over Tennessee, Northern Louisiana and throughout the Missouri and Red River valley regions. Cooler weather prevails in the Red River Valley and the Dakotas. The winds in the lake region are fresh and variable, but mostly easterly.

Maximum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	84	Memphis	84
Battleford	52	Miles City	60
Bismarck	56	Milwaukee	62
Boston	56	Minnedosa	48
Buffalo	58	Modena	66
Calgary	54	Montgomery	80
Charleston	80	Moorehead	62
Chicago	76	New Orleans	84
Cincinnati	80	New York	74
Davenport	74	North Platte	62
Denver	64	Oklahoma	80
Detroit	76	Omaha	74
Dodge City	74	Pittsburg	74
Duluth	52	Port Arthur	64
Edmonton	60	Portland	54
El Paso	84	Prince Albert	54
Escanaba	72	Qu'Appelle	54
Galveston	76	Rapid City	64
Havre	68	San Francisco	58
Helena	62	Santa Fe	74
Houghton	80	Shreveport	84
Huron	64	St. Louis	80
Jacksonville	86	St. Paul	74
Kamloops	64	Sault Ste. Marie	68
Kansas City	70	Saint Current	62
La Crosse	74	Washington	82
Lander	60	Williston	50
Los Angeles	68	Winnemucca	70
Marquette	74	Winnipeg	56

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Showers this afternoon or tonight. Partly cloudy Tuesday. Fresh and Brisk northerly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, May 6.—Forecasts: For Minnesota—Partly cloudy tonight, except showers in southeast portion. Partly cloudy Tuesday. Colder in central portion.

For Wisconsin—Showers tonight and in east portion Tuesday. Clearing in west portion Tuesday. Cooler Tuesday and in west portion tonight.

North and South Dakota—Partly cloudy tonight; generally fair Tuesday; slightly colder.

Upper Lakes—Fresh easterly winds, shifting to northwest Tuesday and probably Western Superior tonight, increasing to brisk. Thunderstorms tonight and probably Tuesday except on Western Superior.

A Squatter With Much Determination.

There is a squatter in Kansas who believes the Lord is with him and assisting him to hold his own. In the Missouri river, just a stone's throw from the foot of one of the business streets of Kansas City, is an island of about 130 acres which John H. Mensing claims to own. His claim dates from 1857, when he discovered the island and took up his residence upon it. Later the government came along looking for a place to establish reservations, and decided to take it. Mensing resisted, and was driven at the point of the bayonet to one corner of the island, where he erected a stockade and bade defiance to the soldiers. At that time the island was much larger; but the Missouri river seemed to resent the presence of the soldiers as much as did Mensing, and from that date began to eat the land away by slow degrees until only about three acres remained. But the three acres were those where Mensing had erected a stockade. He concluded that Providence was with him. The soldiers had no further use for the island, and had been withdrawn. Then the river began industriously putting the earth back again, and in due course the three acres grew to 130. About this time the prospective value of the land was recognized and proceedings were begun in the interior department to have the island declared a public reservation. This action was defeated. Then came a mysterious corporation called the East Kansas City Land company, which tried to prove to the interior department that the tract had been ceded to it once upon a time. The case has just been argued, and it is confidently predicted that the decision will be against the company. So Mr. Mensing now believes that he is the owner under squatter's title to land valued at $125,000, and is accordingly happy.

Delay of Hemp Scandal Inquiry.

The various scandals in different departments of the government are hurting the administration at Washington more than the officials perhaps realize. The determined effort to cover up the crimes and create the impression that they amount to nothing, especially in the commissary frauds at Manilla, is leading to the suspicion that even greater crookedness exists. The announcement that the investigation of the hemp scandals is to be put off until next December reminds the public of the Neely-Rathbone affair and gives the impression that the war department officials connected have a strong pull. The Philadelphia Ledger tells the story of the further delay in the hemp scandal. Gen. Corbin is authority for the statement that the Manilla hemp investigation will not be taken up until next December. This is due to the fact that Gen. Corbin, who is one of the principal witnesses, will leave here soon to be gone several months on a tour of the Philippine islands. No explanation has yet been given why Lieut. Col. Heistand, against whom the charges are made, and who was ordered during the first week in March to return to Washington to be present at the investigation, should still be in Tien Tsin. It is, however, announced at the war department that Heistand has been ordered by Secretary Root to remain in Tien Tsin until he receives further orders as to coming home. If Heistand had returned to the United States, according to the first instructions sent to him, the special committee, of which Senator Proctor is chairman, would have had no trouble during the past fortnight in prosecuting its enterprises so far as the presence of important witnesses is concerned. Secretary Root, Gen. Corbin, Governor Charles H. Allen, of Porto Rico; Maj. E. L. Hawkes, formerly in the volunteer service in the Philippines, and the complaining party in the case, have all been in Washington during that time and the only important witness necessary to summon from a distance was ex-Assistant Secretary of War George D. Meiklejohn, who is at his home in Nebraska. It is interesting to note in connection with the hemp scandal that, up to this date, while a good many prominent men have been boldly charged with having connections with the hemp syndicate which was to have a monopoly of hemp purchases in the Philippines while the ports of the archipelago were closed, Maj. Hawkes and Mr. Meiklejohn are the only ones to receive any sort of punishment. What object there is in delaying the investigation, unless it is to weary those pressing the charges, it is not easy to see.

AS TO SUPERIOR STREET.

The suggestion that the sidewalks on Superior street be widened to the extent of two feet on each side of the street, has met with very general approval. The idea is to have this improvement made when the paving of the street with vitrified brick is being done this summer. The sidewalks at present are only twelve feet wide, which is too narrow for the chief business street of the city. Fourteen feet would make a commodious sidewalk and furnish room for the crowds that now use the street. At the same time it would leave ample space in the middle of the street for the teams and street cars. The street is eighty feet wide and with two 14-foot sidewalks there would be a width of fifty-two feet left in the center, which would certainly be ample. It would probably not cost any more to widen the sidewalks than to pave the same space with brick and therefore no additional expense would be placed on the property owners, except where it would be necessary to replace wooden with stone sidewalks.

There is another improvement that should be made before the work of repaving the street begins, and that is the removal of all telegraph, telephone and electric light wires. If possible, the overhead trolley wires should also be removed. There is no good reason why this unsightly mass of wires should be permitted to longer deface the street and endanger the lives of the people, and this seems to The Herald to be the proper time to have them put underground. It will be no hardship to any of the companies. Other cities have relieved their business streets from the unsightly and dangerous wires, and Duluth should not be found lagging in this respect. The Herald trusts that the aldermen will give this matter immediate attention.

CENTER OF POPULATION.

There has been considerable speculation whether the recent census would show that the center of population of the United States, excluding Alaska and the recent accessions of territory, had moved westward during the past decade or had, for the first time in the history of the country, gone back eastward. The bulletin on this subject, just issued by the census bureau, shows that the westward movement has been continued, but the change has been but slight. In the past ten years the center of population has moved westward only about two and one-half miles. It rests now in Southern Indiana, at a point about six miles southeast of Columbus, the county seat of Bartholomew county, Indiana. Its position is thus described: Latitude, 39 degrees, 8 minutes, 36 seconds; longitude, 85 degrees, 48 minutes, 54 seconds.

In 1790 the center of population was about twenty-three miles east of Baltimore. During the next decade it moved almost due west to a point about eighteen miles west of same city. From 1800 to 1810 it moved westward and slightly southward to a point about forty miles northwest by west of Washington. In the next decade it moved westward and again slightly southward to a point about sixteen miles north of Woodstock, Va. From 1820 to 1830 it moved still westward and southward to a point about nineteen miles southwest of Moorefield, W. Va.—the most decided southward movement made during any decade. From 1830 to 1840 it moved still farther westward, but slightly changed its direction northward, reaching a point sixteen miles south of Clarksburg, W. Va. From 1840 to 1850 it moved westward and slightly southward again, reaching a point about twenty-three miles southeast of Parkersburg, W. Va. From 1850 to 1860 it moved westward and slightly northward, reaching a point twenty miles south of Chillicothe, Ohio The next decade saw its movement westward and sharply northward to about forty-eight miles east by north of Cincinnati. In 1880 the center of population had returned southward to nearly the same latitude it had in 1860 and was at a point eight miles west by south of Cincinnati. In 1890 it again moved northward and westward to twenty miles east of Columbus, Ind., and during the last decade it moved westward a little over fourteen miles and southward a little less than three miles—the smallest movement that has ever been noted and showing that the population of the Western states did not increase as rapidly as in former decades.

Attention is directed to the closeness with which the center of population, through its rapid westward movement, has clung to the parallel of 39 degrees of latitude. The most northern point reached was at the start in 1790; the most southern point was in 1830, the preceding decade having witnessed a rapid development of population in the Southwest—Alabama, Arkansas, Mississippi and Louisiana having been admitted as states, and Florida annexed and organized as a territory. The extreme variation in latitude has been less than nineteen minutes, while the 110 years of record have accomplished a movement in longitude of a little over 9.5 degrees. Assuming the westward movement to have been uniformly along the parallel of 39 degrees of latitude there has been a total westward movement of 519 miles since 1790. The sudden acceleration of movement between 1850 and 1860 was due to the transfer of a considerable body of population from the Atlantic to the Pacific coast, twelve individuals in San Francisco exerting as much pessure at the then pivotal point, namely, the crossing of the eighty-third meridian and the thirty-ninth parallel, as forty individuals in Boston.

What will be the extent and direction of the movement during the decade now begun? The present outlook is that the direction will be westward and again northward, inasmuch as there is a rush of settlers to the Northwest that promises to continue for several years at least. Some day when Canada has been annexed and the Canadian Northwest filled with people, the center of population may be shifted to the neighborhood of Duluth.

MR. GREATSINGER'S VIEWS.

Detectives of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit company, of which Jacob L. Greatsinger, formerly of this city, is president, are making determined efforts to find out whether the recent fires which have destroyed the property of the company are of incendiary origin or mere coincidents. It has been reported that the fires were set by a class of men dissatisfied with everything and everybody, and who were unreasonable in all their actions with the company. Mr. Greatsinger is a friend of the laboring men on general principles. Of course, in his position as the head of the great corporation, he cannot give his personal attention to such details as the hiring and discharging of men, but his instructions are plain to the various heads of departments, and union men receive every consideration. Speaking of his views regarding labor organizations, members of which are employed on the lines of the company of which he is the executive head, President Greatsinger, in answer to a query, said:

"I am not opposed to union men so long as they behave themselves and they do not try to run the road. There are some men in the employ of this company, as there are on all lines, who are disturbers and who seek for trouble. As regards the employment of and the discharging of employes of the system I have made it my policy to allow the responsibility in such cases to rest in those men at the head of the several departments of the railroad company under whose jurisdiction the employes come. Consequently, I do not attend to the employment of the men, nor do I act in case they are found wanting and are discharged."

It is evident that union men will have every consideration on this road as long as they behave themselves, and they should not expect more.

It is not likely that Canada will ever become one of the great countries of the globe in population on account of her extreme northern latitude, which gives climatic disadvantages that cannot be overcome. She is not lagging behind, however, in the world's march of progress. On the contrary she is making gigantic strides. According to the census which has just been completed Canada's population for 1901 is in round numbers 6,000,000. Ten yeas ago the population of the Dominion was only 4,800,000. So from 1891 to 1901 the rate of increase in population has been 25 per cent. This record even surpasses our own. From 1891 to 1901 the population of the United States increased only 21 per cent. Of course both in population and in territory this country is much larger than Canada, but Canada has nevertheless surpassed us in the rate at which her population has increased during the past ten years. Canada was never in a more prosperous condition. The number of Canadians who have crossed the border line into the United States has been smaller than in former decades and the inducements made by the government has stimulated industrial and commercial activity to a wonderful extent. Canadians certainly have reason to be proud of Canada.

The National Spiritualists' association in session at New York last week did not find cause for rejoicing. It has been the general observation for some years that spiritualism was in a decline, and now the president of the association confirms the popular belief. The extent of the decline is very great and it must have been rapid, for there are now less than sixty spiritualist societies and lyceums, where several years ago there were from 500 to 700. Membership is steadily decreasing in twenty-one states. The president of the national association thinks that the cause of all this is a lack of co-operation, and he comforts himself by saying that there are more spiritualists than ever, only "they are not organized." Outsiders and critics, however, will not concede the truth of so optimistic a view.

Max Pracht, a professional political grafter, was sent, according to the story of a Washington correspondent—there being nothing in particular for him to do, except draw his salary and ride about at the government's expense—to examine some cliff-dwellers' ruins in Arizona, and he went as far as Durango, Col., where he stayed awhile, had a good time, of course, wrote up a report, and went back to Washington with his fake report and a big expense bill. This is considered a good joke, and the department seems to have so considered it also. This is a specimen of a horde of paltry, yawping partisans whom the taxpayers of the country are fattening in return for being scandalously swindled by them.

An intimation has been thrown out that with a view to still further strengthening the bond between Canada and the rest of the British empire, King Edward might create some colonial peerages, such as the duke of Toronto, marquis of Montreal or earl of Quebec. One Canadian paper beseeches his majesty to spare the Dominion, adding: "We are doing so nicely as we are!"

According to an expert investigator connected with the department of agriculture, the superior character of the best Cuban tobacco is due to the development in the leaf of a microscopic enzime. This scientist claims that the enzime can be brought to this country and propagated in tobacco which shall be subjected to the conditions which the Cuban tobacco growers arrange, and that the quality of the leaf will be fully as high as the Havana. Then there will be Connecticut Havanas.

It is already the talk at Washington that the ship subsidy bill will go through flying at the next session of congress and that provision will be made to cover the ships recently bought by J. P. Morgan in England. By the terms of the Hanna bill introduced last session such ships could not be benefited by the law. It remains to be seen, however, whether the bill will get through or not, with public sentiment so strongly opposed to it.

In Chicago, they have game cocks which give warnings of fires by shrilly crowing. "That's nothing," says the Boston Transcript. "There are some in the suburbs of Boston that crow the number of the box."

The Indianapolis News offers this conundrum: Once the Republicans unitedly demanded a tariff for "protection" and the Democrats wanted "a tariff for revenue only." Now what do we want a tariff for?

Shamrock II has been aground twice since she was launched. It will undoubtedly be taken as an omen of ill-luck by the superstitious sailors on board the challenger.

At a distillery in Lexington, Ky., a keg of yeast exploded and blew off the head of one of the workmen. Yeast always did have a way of raising things.

There are in England and Scotland 122,732 premises licensed to sell drink. What a snap for Carrie Nation and her followers.

A Buffalo man paid $5000 for the first ticket of admission to the Pan-American, but he did not get through the gate first.

A London medical journal thinks Americans are too fat. This charge was never made against the "Down-East Yankees."

It is understood that Mr. Roosevelt does not approve of the talk of a third term for President McKinley.

The president's trip will cost the rail road companies not less than $30,000. He is not footing the bills.

The latest addition to the St. Paul ball team is named Brain. Probably he fills a long-felt want.

No doubt Joe Leiter is watching George Phillips' corner with peculiar interest.

The president must be getting weary of so much speechmaking.

Buffalo's Midway was also opened on time.

LAUGHING GAS.

Chicago Tribune: "Yes," remarked John Bull, looking at his war budget, "South Africa comes high and I'm not so blooming sure I am going to have it, either."

Philadelphia Press: Mrs. Browne—I wonder if it's true that he's a morphine fiend?
Mrs. Malaprop—Oh, my! Yes.
Mrs. Browne—Just eats it, eh?
Mrs. Malaprop—Oh, no. He takes it in epidemic injections.

Chicago Tribune: "You must love your neighbor as yourself," exclaimed the evangelist.
"Not much," sung out one of the godless hearers. "The people in my neighborhood haven't done anything of the sort for more than twenty-five years, and that part of the moral law is a dead letter."

Somerville Journal: Solomon—Shall we pay that bill today, Izzy?
Isaac—Not today, Solomon. We may die beore tomorrow.

Philadelphia Press: "What do you consider the best foundation," inquired the ambitious young man, "on which to build a successful business?"
"Rocks," promptly replied the multimillionaire.

Pittsburg Chronicle: "Harry," said the sweet young thing, "we must elope."
"Goodness!" exclaimed Harry. "Will your father refuse to give his consent."
"Oh! he has already. In fact he suggested it. He says it will be cheaper."

Detroit Journal: Once upon a time the Fates endowed a certain people with a sense of humor.
Eventually the people became aware of this and their mortification thereupon was very great.
"For how," exclaimed they, "are we ever to become a world power, now?"
Of course, patriotism might still be taught in the schools.

Pittsburg Chronicle: Mrs. Homewood—Does your husband intend to make garden this spring?
Mrs. Benchwood—He thinks he does. He's attending to the literary preliminaries now, but he may get no further.
"What are the literary preliminaries of garden making?"
Studying the seed catalogues."

The Girl Who Rides Astride.

We've long admired the cycle girl in two-compartment skirts
The sweetly shy and modest one, the bolder one who flirts—
The golf girl is quite charming, too, dressed in her light attire;
The tennis girl, lithe as a cat, we surely all admire.
And now another star appears in beauty's golden skies,
And for a time she'll hold a place in every eye.
She is an independent sprite, a winsome bunch of pride,
Of ravishingly saucy face—the girl who rides astride.

How proud the movements of the steed she holds in light embrace
As prances she along the road at easy-going pace;
His eyes are flashing with delight, his nostrils proudly flare;
He seems to know the value of the load he has to bear.
How graceful is the hanging of her skirting, built for two.
That half conceals the neatness of her cunning little shoe.
And dimly shows the figure it would be a sin to hide
From half-enchanted eyes fixed on the girl who rides astride.

Upon the city's busy streets she rides at careful pace
That all may feast their eyes upon her figure and her face.
But when she reaches country roads a flash lights up her eyes,
And off like bird upon the wing her charger gaily flies.
The saucy boundary breezes kiss the cheeks so rosy red
As on and on and on she speeds with queenly poise of head.
And country boys forget their plows while staring open-eyed
Upon the grace and daring of the girl who rides astride.

Sour-visaged dames may gaze askance upon the natty sprite,
May wear a dog-in-manger frown and say she is a fright,
May prate about immodesty with vitrolic tongue,
And say they never saw such girls as that when they were young.
And even surely men may shake a disapproving head
And say the brazen hussy should be spanked and put to bed,
But all the same, the most of us make no attempt to hide
Our honest admiration for the girl who rides astride.

—JAMES BARTON ADAMS, in Denver Post.

DAILY STORY.

THE BRISBIN CRUSADE.

BY EILEEN MORETTA.

(Copyright, 1901, William R. Miller.)

"Jacob Brisbin, do you know what I'm going to do?"

It was the voice of Mrs. Jacob Brisbin, and as she spoke she laid aside the paper she had been reading and looked at her husband in a way that made him hitch around in his chair. She was a woman who weighed 220 pounds without her shoes on, and she had a squeaky voice. He was a man who weighed 112 pounds with his hat on, and he had a voice like a fog horn. He dwelt in her shadow, as it were. That was his way of admitting that she bossed the roost.

"Well, ma, what is it?" he asked, as he prepared to turn pale.

"You have read of that Mrs. Nation, out in Kansas?"

"Yes, a little."

"She started a crusade against saloons, and now she's the most talked of woman in America, Jacob. I'm going to start a crusade right in this village."

"I—I don't think I would," he hesitatingly advised.

"But I shall. In the first place all saloons ought to be abolished, and in the next I want to be talked about. I want this world to know that there is a Mary Brisbin, and that she's got higher aims than cutting carpet rags or making soft soap."

"You got talked about when your pickled peaches took first prize at the county fair, didn't you?"

"I expect I did, but what did that amount to? Are the papers going to print whole columns about a woman whose highest aim is pickled peaches? Jacob, I can't stand this being a nobody any longer. You haven't got it in you to set the river on fire, but I'll make the world hear of this family or perish in the attempt. How many saloons are there in this village?"

"Five or six, I guess," he answered, after locating them in his mind's eye.

"Well, you put on your hat and start right out this minute, and as fast as you come to them you notify them that this traffic in human souls has got to cease. I'll give them twenty-four hours in which to shut up shop or turn them into libraries."

"But they'll only laught as me."

"Let 'em laugh. It won't be no laughing matter after the twenty-four hours are up and I begin to smash and wreck things. Don't lose no time, Jacob."

"Wouldn't it be better if you started a camp meeting or revival or something?" suggested the husband as he rose up.

"No, it wouldn't," she emphatically replied. "I'm going to start a crusade against the saloons that won't end as long as there is one left open in the land, and you've got to help all you can. They are bluffing Mrs. Nation down, but I'd like to see them try it on me! I'm the rock of Gibraltar when I take a stand, and you have lived with me long enough to know it. Don't lose any more time."

Jacob Brisbin didn't relish his errand, but he had more fear of the woman at home than of the saloonkeepers ahead of him. He took them in rotation, and to each one he gently but firmly said;

"Mrs. Brisbin gives you twenty-four hours in which to close up business and go out of this traffic forever. See that you close. Good night."

"I have come to chop and smash."

He was guyed and ridiculed and jeered at, but he conscientiously performed his errand and returned home to report.

"Did they seem to be terror-stricken?" asked the wife as he hung up his hat.

"N—o, not exactly," he replied.

"You told them that I was in earnest?"

"Yes."

"And that I would proceed to extremities?"

"Yes."

"And they seemed totally indifferent?"

"Totally indifferent," sighed the messenger.

"Well, it don't matter. I expected to have to smash barrels, break up bars, and chop down doors, and the more there is to smash the sooner they'll have me in the papers. The sun will rise tomorrow morning on a new epoch, Jacob. I shall sit for some photographs the first thing in the morning, so as to have 'em ready for the newspapers."

"And sell 'I," he added.

"You won't have to. No pictures of you will be required. This is Mary Brisbin's crusade, and you won't be heard of except as my husband, which is honor enough."

At 8 o'clock on the following evening, after a day spent in writing up her life for the newspapers which would want to know all about her from babyhood, Mrs. Brisbin started out on her crusade. She carried her 220 pounds and her squeaky voice and the family ax with her. Also several hunks of ambition and determination. It had become noised around that she was about to enter upon a crusade and there were a hundred spectators as she arrived in front of the first saloon. Had she been faint-hearted the cheers she received would have braced her up, but she didn't need them. She hadn't even brought Jacob along to carry the ax and help her over the mud-puddles. She fully expected that she would have to chop down the front doors to gain admission, but to her surprise they all swung back at her touch. She expected yells and jeers from the crowd inside, and could scarcely believe her eyes when each man took off his hat to her and assumed a respectful demeanor. She was not to be turned aside from her purpose, however.

"Sir!" she said, as she looked the saloonist in the eye, "I have come to put a ston to this nefarious traffic."

"Just so, ma'am," he courteously replied.

"I have come to chop and smash."

"Certainly. There is a beer keg over there to begin chopping on, and here are a dozen tumblers to smash."

"But you must promise to go out of business," she persisted.

"I do. I have just traded this place off for a sawmill."

"I—I am here to start a crusade, but I—I don't know how to begin."

"Oh, well, begin any old way, and I'll see you through as well as I can."

Mrs. Brisbin hadn't heard any dull thuds, but she realized that something had dropped just the same. She left the saloon without having used her ax and visited another, but her reception was the same. She took in the third, fourth and fifth with like results, and she turned from the last one and made her way homeward. Nothing had been smashed or broken.

"Jacob," she said to the husband who sat reading and waiting for her, "I don't think I'll start a crusade."

"No?" he queried.

"I don't think I want to become world-famous."

"No?"

"I think I'll put up another jar of pickled peaches for the county fair this summer, and that, with being known as the wife of the biggest dough-head in the state will be quite enough for me!"

"Yes, dear," replied the dutiful Jacob; and he proceeded to wind up the clock, turn the cat out of doors and get ready for bed.

WHEN YOU'RE "IT."

When a lady
Rather sadly,
Or it may be,
Rather gladly,
Tells you that with her you've failed to
Make a hit;
When she springs the
"Don't mind, do you?"
Or the "Be it
Sister to you,"
Then the proper diagnosis
Is: "You're IT."

When the bunko
Steerer prances
Off with all of
Your finances;
When the street car gong rings after
You have hit;
When the auto-
Mobile slams you
Into hitching posts
And jams you—
Then the proper diagnosis
Is: "You're IT."

There will always
Be a witness
When you take the
Rank of It-ness,
And the title near always
Is a fit,
But when you're in
Grip's hot clutches,
And it gives the
Final touches,
Then the proper diagnosis
Is: "IT's IT."

—Grand Rapids Herald.

GOOD MEN, NOT CHEAP MEN.

New York World: This small paragraph appears in a copy of the Chicago Journal of recent date:

"Why," exactly asks an esteemed contemporary, "should we pay our city treasurer $5,000 a year?" Because, dear boy, when it comes to city treasurers our motto should be, "Not now cheap, but now good."

And this other paragraph is from the current report of a speech delivered by John D. Rockefeller, Jr., to the students of the Tuskegee Institute:

"It is by doing the work that is at hand that we become useful and successful. Success comes by doing the common everyday things of life—commonly well. Do the little everyday duties of life without a murmur. Do them well. That is success."

In their dissimilar ways these excerpts point the one demand among the affairs of this time and all times—the demand not for cheap men, but good men. Mr. Rockefeller illustrated his address by telling how he got a job for a man who quit in two days because he was asked to sweep the floor. Such is the cheap man—a laborer beneath price. The good workman would have swept the floor well and thus cleared his own path to something better.

The favored son of Standard Oil millions has proved his own willingness to work. "I was willing to do anything," he says, speaking of the time when he entered his father's office. "I wanted to begin at the bottom and learn." This is the right sort of "gilded youth!"

CANADA SETS THE PACE.

Philadelphia Times: The attention of the Dominon authorities having been called to published charges that the print paper manufacturers of Canada had organized a combine for the purpose of raising the price of their product, at once instructed a judge of the supreme court to make a rigid inquiry into the truth of the statements and report the facts. Should it be found that a combine really exists, as alleged by the Dominion newspapers, it is the intention of the Canadian government to place paper on the free list and forfeit the charters of companies forming the trust.

Quite recently testimony was produced before the United States industrial commission which described the formation of the International Paper company in 1898. It showed how this corporation secured a higher rate of tariff on imported news print paper by assuring the ways and means committee of congress that prices of the home product would be lowered by a consolidation of paper companies, which would do away with salesmen, brokers and jobbers and by various advantages to the trade which would in turn rebound to the benefit of consumers. So far from realizing this prediction the trust has succeeded in advancing prices about $8 above what they were before the consolidation of competing concerns. It was stated in the testimony that at present the newspaper publishers of the United States are paying an annual tribute of $4,000,000 to the paper trust.

Now here is expert evidence given before a recognized tribunal organized for the benefit of the industrial and manufacturing interests of the country. It certainly should have as much weight as the statements made in Canadian newspapers, which have caused the Dominion authorities to act so decisively. The attorney general of the United States is amply empowered to institute an inquiry along the same lines laid down for the Dominion judge. With the example set before him by our neighbors of the north, Mr. Knox is furnished an opportunity to show his countrymen that his sense of obligation to duties was not entirely warped by close affiliation with monopoly interests from which he was called to assume high dignities and grave responsibilities under the government.

THE SYSTEM WRONG.

Little Falls Herald: The Duluth Herald urges that the mining companies should be made to pay more taxes, and proves conclusively that those big concerns are playing the same old tax dodging, tax-shirking game at which so many big corporations are proficient. And some Duluth people want The Herald to keep still, for fear the big steel trust may get mad and not build a smelter, or do something to hurt Duluth. It's the same old story. Let the trust keep on paying dividends on watered stock, let smaller concerns be crushed out by means legal or illegal, let legislators be corrupted, let the concerns pay whatsoever tax they will, or none at all, let them control politics, putting their obedient puppets in office, but for goodness sake say nothing, for fear something might be done by the trust which would cause Duluth harm financially, and prevent some Duluth men from making more money. But after all, the men who protest against The Herald's articles are not to blame, but the economic system now in vogue. The power of concentrated wealth is great for weal or woe, and no wonder that cities and individuals cringe to it and are afraid.

Congressional Talk.

Sherburne County Star-News (Rep.): Judge Searle, of St. Cloud, is said to have made some lucky financial deals of late that have placed him in good circumstances again, and it may be that he is casting sheep's eyes at the congressional nomination in consequence.

The talk of congressional nominations is not wholly confined to Republicans. The Democrats are manifesting unusual interest, just as though they considered there was a chance for them, and are considering the names of Bruener and Calhoun, of St. Cloud, both strong and popular in Stearns county. Both are also Gold Democrats.

A Childish Defense.

Martin County Sentinel: The trust organs are making a mighty effort to head off the movement to put all steel products on the free list. Their only reason for not passing such a bill at the next session of congress is, as they claim, that while the steel trust does not need any protection there are "hundreds of small manufacturers" who do. Will some of those organs kindly give us the names and where these "hundreds of small steel manufactories" not controlled by the trust may be found? Such a defense of the steel trust robberies is childish. The billion dollar steel trust is not tolerating any 12 cent competition. The American steel trust is underbidding the world, but the high tariff enables them to hold up the high tariff enables them to hold up the American consumer in a shameless manner, and as the duty is high enough to be prohibitive it brings the government no revenue.

Might Enlarge the List.

Philadelphia North American: Senator Hoar complains that some of the new Western states have "sent to congress men who were undesirable and unfit." Why thus discriminate against the old and cultured East?

But May Do It.

Chicago Record-Herald: One gratifying fact in connection with J. Pierpont Morgan's investment in the ocean steamship business is that the government isn't helping him with a subsidy.

In For a Good Scolding.

Washington Post: If the courts should decide against Admiral Sampson in the prize money cases they will be sure to get a hard call down from the bureau of fabrication.

Laws He Dealt With.

Chicago Tribune: Harvard thinks well of the idea of making Mr. McKinley a doctor of laws. The president earned the degree of doctor of tariff laws some time ago.

Work of the Wheels.

New York World: It appears that after seeing the wheels go round at Washington the Cubans were amazed at the Platt amendment's moderation.

Must See the Grass Growing.

St. Louis Republic: President McKinley's junket indicates that the spring fever can prove irresistible to a president as well as to a tramp.

Famine Confronts the Looters.

Philadelphia Ledger: Li Hung Chang's appeal to America in behalf of the famine-stricken people of Shan Si province is notable as China's first call upon a Western nation for aid of this kind. Is it too much to say this is Christianity's opportunity to re-establish itself in China, and teach that nation to forget the bloody work of its alleged representatives by an object lesson of love and charity? A very small fraction of the money spent in warlike demonstration in China would give it an established footing in the famine districts.

THE CLINK

of the dollar saved, sounds in every sentence. The time to buy is when the other fellow wants to sell; that is just the frame of mind we are in today. Our Business Suits for Spring are too numerous to quote prices and qualities of them all.

We do wish to call your attention to our special line of Worsted Suits. A pretty, light check, with a faint overplaid. Many would say it's worth $20.00. This is one of our strong bargains at only

$15

Our line of FANCY SHIRTS is complete. One special lot of beautiful stripes to please the most fastidious costume—in all sizes, at—

$1 each

fancy and white Vests

ranging in price from $1.00 to $4.50 each. You must see them to appreciate their value.

C. W. ERICSON,
Reliable Clothier.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager
TUESDAY, MAY 7
The Indian Actress— Go-Won-Go-Mohawk
Appearing in the Romantic Drama
THE FLAMING ..ARROW..
A true story of Indian Life—Presented by a carefully selected cast—All special scenery and effects
Prices—Parquette and Dress Circle 75c, Family Circle and Balcony 50c, Gallery 25c.

PARLOR THEATER.
W. J. Wells, Manager 19 Second Ave. West.
EVERY NIGHT 8:30 P. M.
Big Vaudeville Show
We Please the Crowds.

ELECTRIFIES HER AUDIENCE.

Miss A. Mae Preston, the celebrated soprano of Minneapolis; Miss Jessie Pringle, mezzo soprano of Chicago, with Prof. Perboner's Famous Ladies' Orchestra, in the following program for this evening:

1—March—"Why Smith Left Home" ..... Brown.
2—Medley Overture—"Slam Bang" ..... Alberti.
3—Waltz—"Consolation" ..... Sinz.
4—Overture—"Liebesgefluster" ..... Laurendear.
5—Soprano Solo—"Farewell, Marguerite ..... Adams.
Miss A. Mae Preston.
6—Danse Humoresque—"Kalsomine Bill" ..... Tocahen.
7—Grand Selection—"Girofle Girofla" ..... Bosquet.
8—Mezzo Soprano—"Last Night" ..... Schackford.
Miss Jessie Pringle.
9—Two-Step—"The Popular Swing" ..... Brooke.
10—Duet for Violin and 'Cello ..... Selected.
Misses Pauline Pement and Lillian Pringle.
11—Waltz—"The Little Soubrette" ..... Luders.
12—Soprano Solo—"My Wild Irish Rose" ..... Tobin.
Miss A. Mae Preston.
13—Humoresque—"Silence and Fun" ..... Johnson.
14—March—"On the Day That Dewey Comes Home"

100 extra chairs. Strictest of order prevails at all times. Concerts, afternoon at 2:30; evenings at 8, excepting Sunday. JAY W. ANDERSON, Prop.

The Anderson Palm Garden

PROMINENT PLAYERS IN PREMIER PARTS. **SUCCESS—A UNIVERSAL SUCCESS.** PRAISED BY PRESS AND PUBLIC.

A Rare Musical Treat.

ONE WEEK, COMMENCING THIS EVENING, AT 8 O'CLOCK.

Special Engagement of the Eminent Vaudeville Artist ..... **MISS A. MAE PRESTON**

An Emphatic Hit in her new and novel repertoire, embracing songs, character sketches, and beautiful ballads, specially written for her. Miss Preston is a vaudeville artist of exceptional ability and has been engaged by the management at a great expense—and she comes with the highest encomium of the press and public—and will surely prove a delightful entertainer to Duluth's music loving public and the patrons of Anderson's popular Palm Garden.

Press Notices:

Miss A. Mae Preston scored an instantaneous hit with her pretty songs and clever specialties, which gave her ample opportunities to display her diversified talents, and she received immense applause at the conclusion of each number. Miss Preston is an artistic singer and her toilets are of the most exquisite style. Her acts are out of the ordinary and should prove a magnet.—"Denver Post."

As seen by others:

Miss Preston has been playing in the best vaudeville houses in the West, and has already appeared before large and appreciative audiences in the East. Miss Preston's line is character changes and high class character songs and she has made a stunning success wherever she has appeared. At the Journal's election night entertainment she will appear in three different changes with appropriate changes.
"Minneapolis Journal."

IN CONNECTION with our Garden we have what we term a Family Counter, where the following well-known brands of liquor can be purchased by the bottle. All ready sealed. At popular prices—

Grommes & Ulrich's, Monogram, West Moreland Rye, Bond & Lillard.	McBrayer, Great Union, Monongahela, Early Times.	"Bottled in Bond," Crystal Rye, O. S. M. Sour Mash, Old Crow.
IMPORTED GOODS— Walker's Club, Seagrams.	IRISH— Jaminson's, Bushnell's, Burk's.	SCOTCH— House of Commons, Encore, Bow More.
BRANDIES— Hennesy, 1, 2 and 3 Star; Martell, 1, 2 and 3 X. Bannateau, 3 X; Otard Dupay; California.	GINS— Geneva, Booth's, Old Tom Crystal, Plymouth Dry.	RUMS— Jamaica, New England, Medford.

WINES Imported Rhine; Clarets; Sherries, Ports, Champagne; Domestic, California, Kelley Island—any of the above.

At Our Cigar Counter

Can be found the following well known and popular brands of Home Made Cigars and by Union Labor.

LA LINDA AND LA VERDAD, By Ron Fernandez Cigar Co.	LA ULTRA AND LINCOLN, Kethel & Jones.
DULUTH FASHION AND HIGH BALL Duluth Cigar Co.	MARGUERITE & RED SEAL Barstrum Bros.
ARBUTUS AND OUR SPECIAL Culver & Co,	SWAWNEE RIVER H. Severse.

We Also Carry Such Well Known Brands as the **Duke of Parma**—Hart & Murphy, St. Paul; **Byron's Honor**—Mosher & Co., Stillwater; **General Gates**—Husted & Co., Chicago; **Plantation**—Joedecke Bros., Ishpeming; **Tam O'Shanter**—H. E. Druse Co., St. Paul.

We carry a full line of Cordials, Ales, Porters and Mineral Waters. Fitger & Co.'s Celebrated Beer always on draught or by the bottle.

Miss Pauline Pement, Violinist.

Miss Pement is a young artist of rare ability, who has already won a reputation that places hear high in the musical world. Speaking of her musical talent The Times-Herald says: "There is a magic in her music. It is exquisite, delightful, charming. These three in one. Melody in every note; tender, yet firm; dashing, yet technically precise." Miss Pement appears at every performance.

Our Banking Departm't.

We are not in the banking business, but will accommodate you by cashing bank checks (only) after banking hours.

Our Baggage Departm't

While in the city shopping, we will be pleased to check your small baggage and save you the trouble of lugging it around with you. Not responsible for packages without checks.

SPECIAL! Walkers' Famous Canadian Rye $1.25 per bottle (qt) This Week.

The Anderson Palm Garden,

Duluth's Popular Resort For Gentlemen.

Jay W. Anderson, Prop.

Extends a cordial invitation to all.

SPECIAL! Hunters' Baltimore Rye, $1.25 per bottle (qt) This Week.

SHE WAS SPANKED

Are You a Buffalo? Asked a Maryland Schoolgirl.

Teacher Resented It and Applied Very Warm Chastisement.

Girl's Mother Punched the Teacher In a Lively Fight.

Chases, Md., May 6.—There was a hot finish at the little red school on the hill last Friday afternoon, when Mrs. Jacob Snyder punched Miss Branford Gist and knocked three teeth down her throat and then proceeded to wipe up the schoolhouse floor with Miss Gist's anatomy.

It was a red-hot session throughout. The school opened right after a general row on the lawn, in the course of which Mamie Derr lost so many of her skirts as to render absence imperative. Miss Gist then announced the singing of "America," and everybody but her sang the air in ragtime and finished it with:

"Who was George Washington?
"First in peace, first in war and first in the hearts of his countrymen; rip, rap; rah, rah—and a widow!"

This finale roused the ire of Miss Gist and she made a little speech, in the course of which she promised to spank the first girl who created any further disorder. She then took up the opening of the Pan-American exposition as a "timely topic," and just as she thought "interest" was thoroughly aroused, Marguerite Snyder shot up her right hand.

"What is it, Marguerite?"

"Are you a Buffalo?"

The spanking followed. It was the real thing, and the skirts worn by Miss Snyder were not even mused by the proceeding.

After the spanking Marguerite went home and told her troubles to her mother, who cut out the day's baking and made tracks for the school house. There were no preliminaries to her set-to with Miss Gist. It was an old-time alley fight between two strong-minded and brawny-armed women, Mrs. Snyder won, and Miss Gist is under the care of her physician.

What Shall We Have for Dessert?

This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer it to-day. Try

Jell-O,

a delicious and healthful dessert. Prepared in two minutes. No boiling! no baking! add boiling water and set to cool. Flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. Get a package at your grocers to-day. 10 cts.

who says that the only real serious injury sustained by his patient resulted from Mrs. Snyder's standing on her waist line. There will be no school all this week.

CLEVELAND SENSATION.

Separation of Prominent Physician and Wife.

Cleveland, May 6.—The separation of Dr. W. E. Wirt, one of Cleveland's most prominent physicians, and his wife has set society agog.

Mrs. Wirt, when seen, said: "I was a mere nonentity in our home. I did not even sit at the head of the table. On April 22 I went to the home of my mother, Mrs. H. E. McMillin, 2004 Euclid avenue, to spend the day. At 4 p. m. a messenger boy brought me a letter from Dr. Wirt, telling me not to return, and that if I did I would me refused admittance. My father also received a letter from Dr. Wirt, in which he stated that he had cast me off. "Do not come to me," my husband wrote, "I refer you to my attorney, Mr. Carr."

"Father and I were dumfounded. I have been too dazed to think of divorce proceedings. My married life has been so unhappy that I am here to get away from my troubles."

GETS A FORTUNE

After Having Battled With Poverty For Years.

Pittsburg, May 6.—After battling for years with poverty, Alexander Pringle has fallen heir to over $300,000. At one time he was an animal keeper at the Highland Park zoo, but lost his position through illness. Some days ago he received a letter from Jones & Black, said to be New York lawyers, stating that an uncle in New York had died, leaving over $1,000,000 to Pringle and a brother and a sister. With the letter was a check for $300, and Pringle was asked to come to New York at once. He replied that he was ill. Back came another letter with $500. He was urged to employ a good physician, which he did. Yesterday was his first time out and in the evening he departed for New York to claim his fortune. Pringle formerly lived in Bright street, Brooklyn. When a small boy he ran away with a circus.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

The ocean liners arriving of late are averaging 1000 immigrants each, and the health officer of New York and the corps of marine hospital surgeon who examine the new arrivals a second time when they reach Ellis Island are kept busy from early in the day until long after sundown.

The British steamship Blodaen, which struck on the shoals at Willoughby Spit Saturday floated at high water Sunday morning. The cargo is worth more than $150,000.

Mrs. J. Young Scammon, widow of one of Chicago's pioneer lawyers, died at her home there Sunday night of heart disease. She was in her 72nd year, and had lived in Chicago over half a century. Mrs. Scammon was a liberal giver to public charities and educational institutions, and only last Saturday donated to the Chicago university land valued at $61,000.

The Shamrock II was floated from the mud Saturday. Apparently she has sustained little damage.

Brunell's hotel, a small hosterly in an eastern suburb of Montreal, was burned Sunday and three inmates, Mrs. Brunell, wife of the proprietor; Octave Lesueir and Mrs. Lesueir, perished in the flames.

In the Velodrome races at Sacramento Sunday afternoon, Bell and Stone, on a motorcycle, lowered the world's record for five miles on an 8-lap track by making the distance in 7:23. The former record was 7:40 2-5.

The Gardo House, at Salt Lake, known as "Amelia's Mansion," built by Brigham Young for his favorite wife, Amelia Folson Young, and for years occupied by her, has passed out of the hands of the church. The property was sold in the name of President Snow, as trustee for the church, to Col. F. E. S. Holmes.

MINNESOTA.

New Battleship May Be Named For the State.

Washington, May 6.—When the Massachusetts naval reserves notified the secretary of the navy that they no longer wanted the Minnesota for a practice ship, the secretary asked Admiral Crowninshield what was to be done with her.

It was reported back that the old ship was tied up at a dock and could not be removed without extensive repairs. It was also reported that to put her in condition to be moved elsewhere would require an outlay of more than 20 per cent of her original cost, which would be contrary to law. The secretary then ordered that a board of survey be constituted to pass upon her fitness for further service and if she is condemned to fix an upset price for her sale.

This board has been made up with Capt. George H. Wadleigh as chairman. It is said there is no doubt but that the famous old fighting ship will be condemned. It is estimated at the department that the upset price will be fixed at a little less than $10,000. It would be more, but the vessel has been robbed of many of her valuable fittings. The copper nails in the hull are of the greatest value of any material in the ship. When this board of survey reports the condemnation of the ship the chiefs of the different departments will be notified by the secretary of war and the Minnesota will be stricken from the rolls. Advertisements will be issued for the sale of the ship and in the course of two or three months she would pass to the junk pile.

One of the officers, in discussing the matter, said that now would be an excellent time for the state to urge the recent recommendation of Senators Nelson and Clapp that one of the new modern battleships be named the Minnesota in honor bith of the state and the famous old frigate. One of the splendid fast cruisers of the navy now carries the name Minneapolis, but this would not interfere with the naming of a battleship in honor of the state.

In fact, as one of the officers explained, it would be fitting to replace the Minnesota with a modern fighting ship of the heaviest class. The department would receive such a suggestion most kindly. The secretary of the navy has now promised four more states battleships than he has ships, and he is somewhat reluctant to advance any further, but the prospects would be very bright at this time for him to make an exception in favor of Minnesota. Secretary Long is now in Colorado and will not return until the president comes back to Washington, and much might be done before his return.

UP HILL, DOWN HILL OR ON THE LEVEL

THE MORROW COASTER BRAKE

Guarantees You Absolute Comfort and Pleasure in Cycling.

Fits any wheel. Your wheel always under control. Security on hills. A luxury on the level.

You Ride Fifty Miles, but Pedal only Thirty-five Miles.

100,000 satisfied riders last year. Sold by all cycle dealers. Booklet free.

ECLIPSE MFG. CO., Elmira, N. Y.

BASEBALL.

Saturday Games.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At St. Louis—St. Louis, 4; Cincinnati, 4. Game stopped in tenth inning owing to fire in grand stand.
At Brooklyn—Philadelphia, 8; Brooklyn, 4.
At Pittsburg—Chicago, 4; Pittsburg, 2.
At Boston—Boston, 6; New York, 3.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Milwaukee—Chicago, 11; Milwaukee, 3.
At Detroit—Cleveland, 11; Detroit, 4.
At Philadelphia—Baltimore, 11; Philadelphia, 7.
At Washington—Boston, 10; Washington 2.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At St. Joseph—St. Joseph, 12; St. Paul, 2.
At Kansas City—Minneapolis, 7; Kansas City, 5.
At Denver—Omaha, 5; Denver, 4.
At Colorado Springs—Colorado Springs, 5; Des Moines, 2.

Sunday Games.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At St. Louis—Cincinnati, 7; St. Louis, 5.
At Chicago—Pittsburg, 4; Chicago, 2.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Milwaukee—Milwaukee, 21; Chicago, 7.
At Detroit—Detroit, 10; Cleveland, 3.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At Colorado Springs—Des Moines, 20; Colorado Springs, 12.
At Kansas City—Kansas City, 9; Minneapolis, 6.
At St. Joseph—St. Joseph, 5; St. Paul, 1.
At Denver—Omaha, 8; Denver, 7.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Cincinnati	10	7	3	.700
Brooklyn	10	6	4	.600
Pittsburg	11	6	5	.545
Philadelphia	12	6	6	.500
Boston	8	3	5	.455
New York	8	3	5	.375
Chicago	14	5	9	.357

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Detroit	11	8	3	.738
Chicago	11	7	4	.636
Washington	8	5	3	.625
Baltimore	8	5	3	.625
Cleveland	11	4	7	.333
Philadelphia	8	3	5	.375
Boston	8	3	5	.375
Milwaukee	11	3	8	.273

WESTERN LEAGUE.

St. Jo	3	2	1	.666
Kansas City	3	2	1	.666
Omaha	3	2	1	.666
Des Moines	3	2	1	.666
Col. Springs	3	1	2	.333
St. Paul	3	1	2	.333
Denver	3	1	2	.333
Minneapolis	3	1	2	.333

DESERTED BY FRIENDS

Because She Married a Relative's Colored Butler.

Hammonton, N. J., May 6.—In a little yellow house far out on the White Horse pike lives a happy woman whose friends shudder whenever she is mentioned. Her husband was formerly the colored butler in the home of John C. Uhle, a prominent Philadelphian, who resided at No. 4113 Pine street. The wife was Miss Bethel, a young woman of independent fortune and a kin of Mr. Uhle.

Her father was a physician of note. She moved in good circles of society here. She was active in society and parish work in connection with ont of the Episcopal churches. Her acquaintances heard her speak often of "Harry," who sometimes acted as her coachman, but they never dreamed—And now she lives far from her old friends, who seek her society no longer. Even the ties of blood relationship seem unable to span the gulf created by that marriage. Lee, the husband, has declared to townspeople that he is an Indian, and by many his story is believed.

After the death of her father and mother, whose fortunes she inherited, Miss Bethel went to live with Mrs. Uhle. She was a liberal contributor to the Episcopal church, which she attended, and was active in the work of the parish.

In the Pine street house she first met Harry Lee. From the first he interested her, and Lee was discharged.

Miss Bethel soon afterward announced her intention of purchasing a summer residence and living by herself. She bought the property on the White horse pike, and had many of her goods brought there from the Philadelphia house. Then Lee appeared and the two were married. Mr. and Mrs. Lee at once took up their residence in her house. What their life is can be judged by Mrs. Lee's own words: "I am aware that my marriage did not suit my family, but it was my own business, and I don't see why other people should interfere. I have the best man on earth for a husband. He doesn't drink, nor smoke nor chew, and he wouldn't touch a playing card."

CABLE FLASHES.

"News has arrive here," says the Cape Town correspondent of the London Daily Express, "that Col. Dennison with a party of scouts, has been captured. The location of the mishap is not known in Cape Town.

It is supposed that famine will make it impossible for the Chinese court to remain longer in Sian Fu, and that the court is now only waiting for an astrologer to fix an auspicious date for the beginning of the journey to Kai Feng Fu, in the province of Ho Non.

The Nove Vremya, of St. Petersburg, expresses regrets that the powers has not accepted the proposals of the United States on the subject of the Chinese indemnities.

"The approaching meeting here of Cardinal Gibbons, Mgr. Chappelle and the archbishop of Manilla," says the Rome correspondent of the London Daily Chronicle, "is designed to remove the conflict that has arisen between the vatican and the United States, regarding the sequestration of property of monasterics in the Philippines."

The United States cavalry and artillery left Pekin Sunday ormiug to march to Ton Ku. Imposing farewell ceremonies attended their departure. Sir Alfred Gaselee and the other British generals, with their staffs, were present, and the British commander sent a detachment of Bajuchings who escorted the Americans outside the city wall.

It is now virtually certain that Baron Von Rheinbade, Prussian minister of the interior, will succeed Dr. Von Miguel as minister of finance, and that Gen. Von Podbielski, minister of posts and telegraphs, will take the portfolio of agriculture. It is believed that Dr. Bothmann Hollwes, governor of Brandenburg, will succeed Baron Von Rheinbaden.

The Geneva corresponden of the London Daily Mail assert that President McKinley has informed Mr. Kruger that he cannot receive him either officially or unofficially.

"In view of the favorable development of the events here," says the Pekin correspondent of the Berlin Lokal Anzieger, "it is possible that Count Von Waldersee will return home about the middle of June."

Skin affections will readily disappear by using DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. Look out for counterfeits. If you get DeWitt's you will get good results. It is the quick and positive cure for piles. Max Wirth.

WADE HAMPTON MAD

When Offered Position of Postmaster at Columbia.

Columbia, S. C., May 6.—Gen. Wade Hampton, who is so near to the hearts of the people of the South, has been offered the position of postmaster at Columbia. Had the tender come directly from McKinley it might have been accepted, but it was made through a representative of Senator McLaurin, who is occupying the seat from which Gen. Hampton was removed by the reform party.

"The people of South Carolina," said the old general, "should know by this time I cannot be bought. I could not accept any office from that source."

He was understood to refer to McLaurin as "that source."

The general has a poor opinion of both South Carolina senators. It is understood in continuation of his purpose to "split up things" in South Carolina, that McLaurin will offer the office to another lifelong Democrat. It is now filled by a Republican.

THE SCALES FELL.

Missing From Figure of Justice at Omaha.

Omaha, Neb., May 6.—One feature of the result of the verdict of the jury acquitting James Callahan, alleged kidnaper of Eddie Cudahy, was the falling of the scales from the big figure of justice on the top of the court house. They have disappeared, and the court house custodian has searched in vain for them. The scales on either side of the figure were labeled "equality" and "justice." They dropped out of sight the day after the Callahan verdict was rendered. The court house official who discovered this kept the secret, knowing how many people would associate the incident with the much criticised verdict in the Callahan case.

A search was made over the roof of the building, but no trace of them can be found. There has been no storm or bad wind, so that the theory of their abduction is held to be the right one. The announcement of the missing scales has created quite a sensation among the superstitious.

The least in quantity and most in quality describes DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous pills for constipation and liver complaints. Max Wirth.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE. Brent Good

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

Articles of Incorporation of the Duluth-Superior Milling Company.

We, the undersigned, do hereby associate ourselves into a corporation under and by virtue of the provisions of an act of the legislature of the state of Minnesota, entitled, "An act relating to manufacturing corporations," approved March 7th, 1873, and the several acts amendatory thereof and supplemental thereto, for the purposes hereinafter named; and do hereby adopt the following articles of incorporation and association:

First—The name of the corporation is Duluth-Superior Milling Company. Its principal place of business shall be in the city of Duluth, in the state of Minnesota.

Second—The general nature of the business and the purposes for which the corporation is formed are the purchase of wheat and other cereals for manufacture and the manufacture thereof into flour and other products into which the same is susceptible of being manufactured, and the marketing of such flour and other products, and the purchase or erection or leasing, and the maintaining, of mills, elevators, warehouses and other structures necessary for the said business.

Third—The time of commencement of the corporation shall be the sixth day of May, 1901, and the corporation shall continue for a period of thirty years.

A search was made over the roof of the building, but no trace of them can be found. There has been no storm or bad wind, so that the theory of their abduction is held to be the right one. The announcement of the missing scales has created quite a sensation among the superstitious.

Fourth—The amount of the capital stock of the corporation is two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, consisting of two thousand five hundred shares, of the par value of one hundred dollars each and shall all be paid in in cash.

Fifth—The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which the corporation shall at any time be subject, is two million five hundred thousand dollars.

Sixth—The names and places of residence of the persons forming the corporation are as follows:

Lou R. Hurd, Superior, Wisconsin.
William P. Chapman, Jr., 320 West Forty-fifth street, New York City, N. Y.
Edward T. McLaughlin, 41 Crescent avenue, Jersey City, N. J.

Seventh—The names of the first board of directors are as follows: Lou R. Hurd, William P. Chapman, Jr., Edward T. McLaughlin, Francis D. Pollak, Henry W. Clark, James C. Converse and George H. Olney.

The government of the corporation and the management of its affairs shall be vested in the board of directors and in an executive committee, a president, a secretary and a treasurer, with such powers and duties as shall be defined in the by-laws. The directors, executive committee and officers shall be elected on the first Tuesday in October in each year, or as soon thereafter as a valid meeting of the board may be held.

Executed in duplicate. In witness whereof we have hereunto set our hands and seals the 26th day of April, 1901.

LOU R. HURD. (Seal.)
WILLIAM P. CHAPMAN, JR., (Seal.)
EDWARD T. McLAUGHLIN, (Seal.)

Signed, sealed and delivered in the presence of Henry W. Clark, Albert S. Ridley.

STATE OF NEW YORK, COUNTY OF NEW YORK—SS.

10-cent revenue stamp cancelled

On this 26th day of April, 1901, before me, a notary public within and for said county and state, personally appeared Lou R. Hurd, William P. Chapman, Jr., and Edward T. McLaughlin, to me known to be the persons described in and who executed the foregoing instrument and acknowledged to me that they executed the same as their free act and deed for the uses and purposes therein described.

ALBERT S. RIDLEY.
Notary Public, Kings County. Cert. Filed in New York County, N. Y.
(Notarial Seal.)

Filed for record in the office of the secretary of state April 30th, 1901 and recorded in Book "V" 2 of Incorporations at page 599.

Filed for record in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis County May 1st, 1901, and recorded in Book "M" of Miscellaneous Records at page 600.

Duluth Evening Herald May-6-7-1901.

DECLINE IN WHEAT

Market Starts Weak, Rallies Slightly, But Closes Lower.

Decline at Liverpool, Rains and Liberal World's Shipments.

Corn Is Rather Quiet With Little Doing In May.

Duluth Board of Trade, May 6.—The wheat market started out weak this morning, the news being of a bearish character. The English cables were easy, Liverpool closing unchanged to ⅛d lower; the world's shipments were liberal, amounting to 8,068,000 bus, and there were rains in the West, which were regarded as favorable to the crops. There was general selling and a further decline occurred, but continued cables came strong and a rally followed. The visible supply showed a decrease of 1,634,000 bus and this gave a better tone to the market for the time being, for it was a larger decrease than was expected. The market failed to reach Saturday's close at any time after the opening, however. Clearances of wheat and flour were 417,000 bus. At the seaboard Saturday sales to exporters reached 120,000 bus. New York reported nineteen loads of wheat worked today for export.

Receipts at Duluth and Minneapolis, 352 cars, against 282 last week and 351 last year. Chicago receipts, 66 cars, none of contract grade.

Trading in futures was dull on the Duluth board. July wheat opened unchanged at 75c, sold steadily down to 74⅞c at 11:50 rallied to 74½c at 12:25, fell again to 74⅛c, sold at 74¼c at 1:12 and closed at that point, a decline of 1c. Chicago July declined ⅝-⅝c and Minneapolis ½-⅝c.

Offerings of cash were very light today and the total aggregated 5000 bus at May prices.

Corn was dull and weak today, closing ½c off in Duluth. There was less excitement in the May option in Chicago and there was less fluctuations were rather wide. The opening was erratic, running from 50c to 53-c. It sold at 52c afterward, declined to 50½c and again closed at that, a decline of 2c from the close of Saturday.

The September option in flax was exceptionally strong today advancing 4c. October was also strong closing 3c up. May was weak, the close being at a decline of 2c. Oats was up ½c and rye off ½c.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard—Cash, to arrive and May, 75½c; September, 75c. No. 1 northern—Cash, to arrive and May, 73¾c; September, 74c; July, 74½c. No. 2 northern, 69½c. No. 3 spring, 65½c. Oats, 25¼-28c. Rye, 52¼c. Flax—Cash, to arrive and May, $1.68; September, $1.32; September Northwestern, $1.33; October, $1.23. Corn, 47½c; May, 44c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 14; corn, 5; rye, 4; flax, 8. Receipts—Wheat, 10,836; corn, 2535; flax, 19,832. Shipments—Wheat, 700; corn, 1452; oenats, 4918.

SALES MONDAY.

No. 1 northern, 1 car $0.73½
No. 1 northern, 1,000 bus 73½
No. 2 northern, 2 cars 70½
No. 2 northern, 1,500 bus 69½
Flax, 1 car rejected 1.57
Flax, 3,000 bus May 1.67
Flax, 5,000 bus September 1.30
Flax 1,400 bus September 1.32

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO
McCarthy Bros. & Co.
Grain Commission Merchants.
Duluth and Minneapolis.
WE SELL BY SAMPLE.
REFERENCES.
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Lower Cables and Rain Depressed Wheat.

Chicago, May 6.—Wheat started weak today under the influence of lower cables, rains in West and liberal world's shipments. July opened a shade to ¼@⅜c down at 72⅜c to 72½c and under general selling dropped to 72¼c during the first half hour. On covering by shorts, whe were impressed by the strength of continental cables a rally to 72½c followed. Local receipts were 66 cars, none of contract grade, while Minneapolis and Duluth reported 352 cars against 282 last week and 351 a year ago. World's shipments were 8,068,000 bus. The quantity of wheat and flour on ocean passage showed a decrease of 160,000 bus.

July later sold to 71⅞c and closed weak ⅝@⅝c lower at 72¼c.

Out of 391 cars of corn received today 70 were of contract grade. This increase in dry corn had a depressing effect on the corn market at the start. July opened ⅛ @⅜c lower at 46½c to 46c and under selling by commission houses dropped early to 45⅞c. Bidding by the bull leader caused a rally to 46⅛@⅜c. May opened unchanged to 3c down at 55c to 56c and rallied to 53c. There was scarcely any business in this delivery.

The close was fairly steady, July ⅛@¼c down at 46⅛@⅜c and May 2c lower at 51c.

Oats were quiet but steady, July opened ⅛@¼c lower at 26⅝c to 26¾c in sympathy with wheat and corn, but worked back to 26⅝@⅜c. Receipts were 232 cars.

Provisions were quiet and steady on a moderate commission house demand, although the opening was easier in sympathy with corn. July pork opened 5c@7½c lower at $14.82½@14.85 and advanced to $14.90; July lard opened a shade down at $7.52½ and July ribs unchanged at $7.90.

Close: Wheat, May, 72⅝@¾c; June, 72c; July, 72¼c. Corn, May, 51c; July, 46⅛@46¼c. Oats, May, 28¼c; July, 26⅜c. Pork, May, $14.85; July, $14.85; September, $14.75. Ribs, May, $8.00; July, $7.95; September, $7.52½@7.95. Flax, cash, Northwestern, $1.67; No. 1, $1.65; May, $1.65; September, $1.28; October, $1.25. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 73@74¼c; No. 3 red, 71@73½c; No. 2 hard winter, 72½c; No. 3 hard winter, 71½@72¼c; No. 1 northern spring, 73@74c; No. 2 northern spring, 73@74c; No. 3 spring, 69@73c. Corn, No. 2, 51c; No. 3, 44½@45½c. Oats, No. 2, 28½c; No. 3, 28c. Rye, May, 52c; July, 51c. Barley, cash, 38@55c. Timothy, September, $3.90. Clover, cash, $10.25.

WEARE'S REPORT.

Chicago, May 6.—The weakness in the wheat market which developed on Saturday was encouraged today by reports of rains where most needed. Liberal receipts and lower cables helped to make the market weak. Trade very limited, 2 loads at New York. Trade very limited and the outsider evidencing but little interest in the market even on breaks. The absence of this outside speculation in company with the favorable outlook for the coming crop and the absence at the moment of cash demand is not an encouraging feature and it will be difficult to maintain prices without these factors materialize.

There are more liberal receipts of corn and this quickly reflected upon the strained condition at present existing in the Chicago cash pit. There has been an improvement also in the grading of receipts. Phillips has been on both sides and Patten selling. No shipping demand from here. 21 loads at New York. The month is yet young and the outcome of the alleged corner is consequently all the more uncertain. We would leave the May option to itself or accept what profits there may be in it and would buy July on further breaks.

The oat market has acted like corn with small trades. There was fair shipping business, 153,000 bus and 40,000 bus at New York. Local stocks increased 184,000 bus, crop reports are not favorable.

Provisions were specially active or containing any features the provision market has been firm, hogs were steady. The cash demand is improving, speculative very small.

WEARE COMMISSION COMPANY.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, May 6.—Close, wheat, May, 81⅝c; July, 78¾c. Corn, May, 52¼c; July, 50⅝c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, May 6.—Wheat, cash, 73¼c; May, 72⅝c; July, 73¾c. On track—No. 1 hard, 75¼c; No. 1 northern, 73¼c; No. 2 northern, 69½@70¼c.

GRAIN IN STORE

At Duluth, Saturday, May 4, 1901.

	Bus.
Wheat.	
No. 1 hard	223,535
No. 1 northern	4,530,403
No. 2 northern	1,854,316
No. 3 spring	130,782
No grade	130,897
Rejected	42,013
Special bin	2,561,716
Western	578,016
Afloat	138,000
Total	10,289,678
Increase during week	58,709
Stock last year	13,827,257
Corn in store	220,595
Oats in store	1,365,220
Rye in store	420,281
Barley in store	74,909
Flax in store	346,199

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., 75th meridian time, Thursday, May 2:

STATIONS.	State of Weather.	Temp'ture. *Maximum.	*Minimum.	Rainfall.
Alexandria	Cloudy	68	46	.04
Campbell	Cloudy	60	32	T
Crookston	Cloudy	62	48	.0
Detroit City	Cloudy	64	40	.06
Grand Meadow	Cloudy	78	54	.0
Montevideo	Raining	64	42	.10
Minneapolis	Cloudy	74	54	.01
New Ulm	Pt cldy	80	54	.0
Park Rapids	Cloudy	76	44	.18
Winnebago City	Cloudy	74	56	.62
Worthington	Raining	64	42	1.30
Devils Lake, N. D.	Cloudy	42	34	.0
Langdon, N. D.	Cloudy	64	42	.0
Larimore, N. D.	Cloudy	60	38	.0
Lisbon, N. D.	Cloudy	62	40	.06
Pembina, N. D.	Cloudy	54	36	T
Aberdeen, S. D.	Cloudy	52	50	.44
Millbank, S. D.	Cloudy	70	52	.14
Redfield, S. D.	Cloudy	56	42	.64
Bismarck, N. D.	Cloudy	56	40	.0
Duluth, Minn.	Cloudy	52	42	.0
Huron, S. D.	Raining	54	44	.64
La Crosse, Wis.	Raining	74	56	.22
Moorhead, Minn.	Cloudy	62	40	.06
St. Paul, Minn.	Cloudy	74	58	T
Winnipeg, Man.	Raining	68	34	.01

CENTRAL STATION.	Number Stations Reporting.	Temp'ture. *Maximum.	*Minimum.	Rainfall.
Chicago	20	80	54	.30
Columbus	18	80	50	.0
Des Moines	12	76	54	.38
Indianapolis	11	76	56	.12
Kansas City	20	72	50	.01
Louisville	17	88	58	.02
Minneapolis	20	66	46	.21
Omaha	14	66	50	.26
St. Louis	12	84	56	.48

REMARKS.

Showers fell in all districts except Ohio. Cooler weather prevails this morning in the Dakotas and Manitoba.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecastor Weather Bureau.

T indicates inappreciable rainfall.
*Minimum temperature for yesterday.
**Maximum for twenty-four hours ending 8 a. m., 75th meridian time.

Note—The average maximum and minimum temperatures and the average rainfall are made up at each center from the actual number of reports received. The "state of weather" is that prevailing at time of observation.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN IMPORTS.

Liverpool, May 6.—Imports of wheat into Liverpool last week were: From Atlantic ports, 87,300 quarters; Pacific ports, none; other ports, 12,600 quarters. Imports of corn from Atlantic ports last week were 41,000 quarters.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, May 6.—Wheat, steady; unchanged to ⅜d lower; May, 5s 10¼d; July, 5s 10⅜d; September, 5s 10d. Corn, quiet, ¼@⅜d lower; July, 4s 3¾d; September, 4s.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Curb, July wheat, 73½c.
Puts, July wheat, 73@73¼c.
Calls, July wheat, 73⅝-¾@73¾c.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report the outlet the past week at the lowest point of the season. Some life and strength was had in the retail trade, but wholesale trade was extinct with few out of town buyers on the market. The activity was particularly on drivers and good team horses. Mules moved to a better advantage than in the preceding week at stationary prices. Values:

Draffters, extra	$145@170
Drafters, choice	125@140
Farm horses, extra	110@130
Farm horses, choice	100@110
Farm horses, common to good	65@ 75
Farm horses, blemished	40@ 60
Mules	110@145

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	73⅞B	73A	72⅜	81¾B
High	73⅞B	73¼-⅜	72⅝	81¾
Low	73⅜-½	72⅝	72	81⅛
Close	73½B	73⅝	72-⅛	81⅞
July—				
Open	75B	74¼	72⅜@72½-⅝	78¾
High	75	74¼	72¾	78⅞
Low	74¼	73¼-⅜	71¾	78⅛
Close	74½	73½	72⅜	78⅜A

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats July.	Corn. July.	Pork. July.
Open	26⅛@⅜	46⅛@46	$14.82@14.85
High	26⅜-⅝	46⅝	14.85
Low	26⅛	45⅞	14.82
Close	26⅜	46⅛-¼	14.95

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.	
Creamery, fresh prints	21 @ 22
Creamery, storage tubs	17 @ 18
Dairies, fancy	16 @ 17
Dairy, fair	14 @ 15
Packing stock	11 @ 12
EGGS.	
Fresh	13
CHEESE.	
Twins, full cream, new	12 @ 12½
Twins, full cream, old	11 @ 12
Full cream, young America	13
Swiss Cheese, No. 1	14 @ 14½
Brick cheese, No. 1	12½@ 13
Limburger, full cr'm, choice	13
Primos	6 @ 6½
HONEY.	
Fancy white clover	19 @ 20
Fancy white clover in jars strained, per lb	12½@ 13
Golden rod	11 @ 12
Dark honey	13 @ 14
Buckwheat, dark	13 @ 14
MAPLE SUGAR.	
Vermont, per lb	12
Ohio, per lb	11
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10
PEAS AND BEANS.	
Fancy navy, per bu	2 25 @ 2 40
Medium, hand-picked, bus	2 00 @ 2 15
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 85 @ 2 10
Green and yellow peas	1 40
NUTS.	
Filberts, per lb	13 @ 14
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	14
Cocoanuts, per doz	75
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17
Brazils, per lb	14
Pecans, per lb	12
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7 @ 8
FRUITS.	
Strawberries, Louisiana (pints)	2 25 @ 2 50
Strawberries, quarts	4 50 @ 5 00
Apples, choice, per bbl	3 50 @ 4 25
Apples, cooking, per bbl	3 50 @ 4 25
California lemons	2 75 @ 3 00
Bananas	1 50 @ 2 25
Messina, consecutive, per box	3 50 @ 3 75
Dates, Ford, per box	1 25 @ 1 35
Dates, Hallowe'en, 60-10 box	3 50 @ 3 60
Dates, Hallowe'en, 7-lb box	7½
California navel Oranges	2 75 @ 3 00
Seedling oranges	2 25 @ 2 50
Cranberries, per bbl	2 25 @ 2 40
OLD VEGETABLES.	
Turnips, rutabagas	35 @ 40
Turnips, white	30 @ 40
Garlic, per lb	10 @ 12
Beets	50 @ 60
Potatoes, per bus	53 @ 55
Jersey swee: potatoes	4 50 @ 4 75
Illinois Jersey sweet potatoes	3 00 @ 4 00
FRESH VEGETABLES.	
New Florida celery, bunch	1 00 @ 1 25
Mushrooms	45 @ 50
Lettuce, per box	75 @ 1 20
Green onions, per dozen	30 @ 2 50
Green onion, per box	2 50 @ 3 00
Green peppers, bus	1 75
Pie plant, per box	2 75 @ 3 00
Cucumbers, hot house	1 25
Cucumbers, hot house	1 75
Spinach, per box	75 @ 85
Radishes, round, per doz	25 @ 30
Radishes, long, per doz	30 @ 35
Asparagus, green, per doz	75 @ 90
Pineapple, per doz	2 25 @ 2 50
Tomatoes, per basket	55 @ 60
Egg plant, per doz	1 50
Beets, per dozen bunches	70 @ 75
Carrots, per doz bunches	75
Turnips, per doz bunches	70 @ 75
Cabbage, 100 lbs	2 25 @ 2 50
Mint, per bunch	25
CIDER.	
Common juice, ½ bbl	2 50 @ 2 75
Russet apple, ½ bbl	3 25 @ 3 50
Russet apple, per bbl	5 25 @ 5 50
Fruit juices, ½ bbl	3 50 @ 3 75
POPCORN.	
Rice corn, shelled	3½@ 4
Choice, per lb	3 @ 3½
LIVE POULTRY.	
Chickens	11 @ 12
Turkeys	10 @ 11
Ducks	10 @ 11
Geese	11 @ 12
MEATS.	
Mutton	8½@ 9
Lamb	9 @ 9½
Veal, good	7 @ 8
Veal, fancy	8
Beef, dressed	6½@ 7½
Hogs	5
Pork loins	9½
BRAN AND SHORTS.	
Bran, 100 lbs, sacks inc	16 00
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc	15 50
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc	16 00
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc	15 50
GRAIN, HAY AND FEED.	
Corn, car lots sacked	50
Oats, car lots, sacked	31
Hay, upland	15 00
Hay, timothy	17 00
Feed, No. 1	18 00
Feed, No. 2	18 50

IN NEW YORK.

New York, May 6.—Butter—Receipts, 7223 packages; strong but unchanged; creamery, 15@19c; factory, 11@13c. Cheese —Receipts, 2237 packages; steady; fancy large colored, 10½c; fancy large white, 10¼@10½c; fancy small colored, 11½c; fancy small white, 11½. Eggs—Receipts, 14,545 packages; firm; Western regular packed, 13@13½c; storage Western, 14c; Southern, 11@12½c.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, May 6.—Butter, easy; creameries, 14@18c; dairies, 11@16c. Cheese, dull; twins, 9½@10c; young Americas, 10½@11c, cheddars, 9¾@10c; daisies, 10½@11c. Eggs, weak; at mark, cases returned, 11½c.

"Neglected colds make fat graveyards." Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup helps men and women to a happy vigorous old age.

California Excursion May 7th and 8th.

Account launching of battleship Ohio, at San Francisco, May 18, "The North-Western Line" will, on May 7 and 8, sell excursion tickets to San Francisco and return at the very low rate of $67.90. These tickets are good going and returning via Missouri river. If passengers so desire they can go via the Missouri river and return via any one of the Northern lines at a rate of $80.40 for the round trip. These tickets are good for return passage on or before thirty days from date of sale, with stop over privilege on the return trip within life of ticket. Here is an opportunity to see the Western country in all its grandeur at a minimum cost.

All information concerning tickets, reservations of berths, etc., etc., at the city office of "The North-Western Line," Duluth.

Land Scrip. Pine Lands.

Will buy Timber in St. Louis, Lake and Cook Counties.

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Bankers and Brokers.
112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

Local Stocks, etc.—	Par.	Asked.	Bid.
First National bank	100	170	150
Am. Exchange bank	100	125	120
First Nat. Bk., Superior	100	....	90
Parry Sound Copper	1	.40	....
Calumet-Ariz. Copper	10	30	....
L. S. Con. Iron Mines	....	....	100
Zenith Oil Co.	1	.12½	....
Minnesota Oil Co.	100	.25	....
County orders			Par
United States bonds bought and sold.			

We also deal in Real Estate, Commercial Paper, Mortgages, Loans and act as agents for non-resident property owners and investors. Correspondence invited.

EXCITING IN STOCKS

Feature of Day Was the Bulge In Northern Pacific.

Rose Twenty-Three Points Above the Close on Saturday.

Closing Was Only Moderately Active and Generally Easy.

New York, May 6.—The market opened in a state of wild excitement, and with blocks of from 1000 to 25,000 shares taken in a rapidly rising scale in a large number of the principal stocks. The grangers, Pacifics, trunk lines and Southwesterns were all notably affected and there were striking gains in the Southern group and amongst the leading industrials. The rise was foreshadowed in the London market where St. Paul had been advanced 4⅞, Union Pacific 2¼ and other prominent American stocks from 1 to 2 points. Opening sales here of Atchison were of 10,000 shares at 85 to 87, compared with 82⅞ on Saturday. Northern Pacific opened up 4 points on the sale of 600 shares and extended its gain to 10½ on the next purchase of 1300 shares, continuing afterward to advance. Union Pacific sold at 125 to 127 compared with 122¾ on Saturday on the purchase of 100,000 shares. The purchase of 800 shares carried Missouri Pacific up to 114½ and 116, compared with 112½. 6000 St. Paul to 188 and 189, compared with 184⅝. 6000 shares Pennsylvania to 153 and 154 compared with 151⅞. There were other railroads up from 1 to 3 points. New York Central rising 3¼. Amongst the industrials the steel stocks were most prominent, 25,000 shares of United States Steel common selling at 53 to 53⅝, compared with 52⅜ and 4500 of the preferred selling at 90⅝ to 91, compared with 100 and rising afterward to 101½. Five thousand six hundred Continental Tobacco sold at 52 to 53, compared with 49⅜ and 3000 Western Union sold at 99¼ to 100, compared with 97 on Saturday. A number of the other leading industrials advanced from 1 to 2 points. There were further advances after the opening in many stocks, but the heavy volume of realizing invited by the sharp advances made a quick impression on the market and there were relapses of 1 to 1½. The market became very feverish and irregular and the volume of dealings was large.

Stocks moved downward with rapidity on realizing and some short selling by professionals who always count on an immediate set back after a buoyant start. The principal railroads fell off from 1½ to 3¼. Atchison leading the break. The industrials and specialties also fell away, notably the steel stocks and Tobaccos. Meanwhile Northern Pacific was making a sturdy resistance and as the demand for this stock became so urgent as to carry it to 120⅝ in the face of selling elsewhere, the bears became uneasy and bought all classes of stocks, causing general rallies of 1 to 2 points. Many noteworthy blocks of Northern Pacific were taken the taps recording transactions of from 1000 to 6000 shares. The demand encouraged active commission buying all around and the market was rising strongly at 11 o'clock.

Northern Pacific continued to be the leading feature of the market that was replete with numerous excited variations. The stock met temporary checks in its upward surge but eventually sold at 123¾, against 110, last week's close. Other active stocks vibrated a point or more frequently but acted as if realizing was forming on heavily under cover of the movement in Northern Pacific. Speculation became broad and confident among the less prominent stocks, Canadian Pacific, Minneapolis & St. Louis, Lackawanna, Iowa Central, Pittsburg, C., C., C. & St. Louis, Northwest and Amalgamated Copper rising 2¼ to 3 points. Bonds were quiet but strong.

A relapse to 122 in Northern Pacific was followed by a rise to 125, where the stock fluctuated nervously. The bull manipulation of Atchison and Union Pacific was renewed, and on enormous purchases they went steadily upward to 93⅞ and 127¼ respectively, the best prices of the day. Other railroad stocks failed to get back to the best prices, but hardened sympathetically. Brisk buying of the coolers pulled them up from 2 to 3 points with the absorption of the Readings especially heavy. Minor railroad stocks continued to make substantial improvements. Pittsburg, C. C. C. & St. Louis extending its rise to 5½.

The market became dull for a while and the active stocks were without especial change either way. Canadian Pacific meanwhile, was going up at a lively rate and eventually got up 18¾ points above Saturday's close. Minneapolis & St. Louis also made good progress, gaining 7. About 1:30 o'clock, Northern Pacific shot up at a rapid rate to 133, with transactions running into thousands of shares. The prices later yielded to 128. Last week's close was 110. Western and Pacific stocks were carried up in the rush, Atchison bringing 89, but the general market responded very slightly.

Profit-taking was in order after the bulge to 133 in Northern Pacific. That stock reacted 6¼, St. Paul and Canadian Pacific 4 each; Atchison, Union Pacific, Rock Island, Lackawanna and Amalgamated Copper 3 each, Missouri Pacific 3¾ and a considerable of the list from 1 to 2 points. Northern Pacific recovered 3 points and the market hardened in sympathy. The Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic common and preferred stocks rose about 5 points each, Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie 2½. Prices continued to give way at some points, and the closing was only moderately active and generally easy.

Stock	Open	High	Low	Close
Am. Sugar Trust	148	148¾	147⅝	147⅝
Am. Copper	123	125	122½	123¾
Am. Tobacco	130¼	130¾	128⅝	128½
Atchison, com	85	89	83¾	85¾
Atchison, pfd	105	107¾	104⅞	105
Brooklyn Transit	85	85¾	82¾	84¾
C. M. & St. P	187	188	184½	185¾
C. B. & Q	196	196⅞	196½	196½
Erie	41⅝	42½	41	41⅞
U. S. Steel, com	53	54	52⅝	52⅝
U. S. Steel, pfd	100	101⅝	100	100¼
B. & O	111	112	110	111⅞
L. & N	109¾	110	108¾	108⅝
Manhattan	127¾	128¾	127	127½
Missouri Pacific	114½	116	113½	115⅞
Nor. Pacific, com	114	123	114	127½
Nor. Pacific, pfd	100¼	103	100¼	103
People's Gas	117	118	116¼	116¾
Rock Island	165¼	166¾	164¾	164¼
Southern Pacific	64⅞	66	64⅝	65
Tenn. & C. I	64½	64¼	63½	63½
U. S. Leather, com	14¾	15½	14¾	15
Union Pacific, pfd	96¾	98	96	96½
Union Pacific, com	125	127¼	124	124⅝
Wetern Union	99¼	100¾	98	99¼
Southern Ry., com	33½	33¾	33	33
Southern Ry., pfd	85¾	86¾	85¼	85½
Great Northern, pfd	189½	190	188	188½
Wisconsin Central	21⅝	22	21⅝	21¾

Bad blood and indigestion are deadly enemies to good health. Burdock Blood Bitters destroys them.

ALL RECORDS BROKEN.

Most Colossal Week In Speculative Trading.

New York, May 6.—Last week was the most colossal period of speculative trading in the world's history. With an irregular market, a general feeling of restlessness and uncertainty and a bad bank statement—which, however, had been largely discounted by the previous day's operations—noon Saturday brought to a conclusion six days of wild speculation which, in the magnitude of its daily operations, utterly eclipsed all American and foreign records in the past.

Following are the figures showing the stock dealings on the New York stock exchange in the record-breaking week of its history:

Day—	Shares.	Approximate Par value
Monday	2,616,912	$255,499,100
Tuesday	2,270,884	319,153,400
Wednesday	2,820,432	274,158,200
Thursday	2,841,496	279,529,100
Friday	2,910,562	283,583,700
Saturday	944,210	84,398,500
Totals	15,463,776	$1,508,222,000

The greatest number of shares sold in any previous week was that ending April 20—10,060,572.

The number of shares sold in the five days ending April 26, (Friday), was 9,-835,572.

Sales last week of shares of Union Pacific common (breaking the record for a week's dealing in one stock), 2,033,536.

Sales last week of shares of Atchison common, 1,537,550.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, May 6.—Cotton opened easy, with prices 2 to 3 points lower and after the call was feverish and irregular, with slight urther declines recorded under active selling for both accounts. The English news was again the dominating influence and foreign selling orders were a feature during the first-hour.

A sudden rally of 2 to 2½ points in Liverpool led to a hurried scramble or profiots among the shorts here at 10:30 a. m., with the result that prices advanced to 7.72 for July and 7.45 for August. The closing in the course of the market did not bring in new trading, however, and before 11 o'clock the near months were back to about the opening basis.

Cotton spot closed quiet; middling uplands, 8 3-16; middling gulf, 8 7-16; sales, 231 bales. Cotton futures closed steady: May and June, 7.88; July, 7.71; August, 7.48; September, 7.27; October and November, 7.09; December, 7.08; January, 7.09.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, May 6.—Cattle—Receipts, 18,000; steady to shade higher; good to prime steers, $5.00@$6.00; poor to medium, $3.95@$4.95; stockers and feeders, $3.25@$5.00; cows and heifers, $2.65@$4.75; canners, $2.00@$2.60; calves, $5.50@$5.00; Texas steers, $3.50@$5.10.

Hogs—Receipts today, 30,000; tomorrow, 18,000; left over, 3650. Opened steady; closed firm; mixed and butchers, $5.35@$5.85; good to choice heavy, $5.70@$5.87½; rough heavy, $5.50@$5.65; light, $5.50@$5.80; bulk of sales, $5.70@$5.80. Sheep—Receipts, 20,000; steady, slow. Sheep, $4.00@$4.40; lambs, $4.50@$5.35. Receipts Saturday—Cattle, 162; hogs, 17,260; sheep, 430. Shipments—Cattle, 344; hogs, 927; sheep, 100.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, May 6.—Americans were the chief center of attraction on the stock exchange today, which was increasingly excited with active buying. Beside the sensational advance inn St. Paul, Northern Pacific common reached 113. After a strong opening irregularity developed with rapid fluctuations.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, May 6.—Money on call firm, at 6 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4@5 per cent. Sterling exchange, easier, with actual business in bankers bills, $4.87¾@$4.88 for demand, and $4.84½@$4.84¾ for 60 days; posted rates, $4.85½@$4.86, and $4.89; comercial bills, $4.83¾@$4.84¼; silver certificates, 60c nominally; bar silver, 60c; Mexican dollars, 48½c. Government bonds, weak; refunding 2s, registered and coupon, 106; 3s, registered and coupon, 109½; new 4s, registered and coupon, 138; old 4s, registered and coupon, 113⅝; 5s, registered and coupon, 109½.

BRITISH CONSOLS.

London, May 6.—Consols for money, 94⅜; for the account, 95 5-16.

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, May 6.—Clearings, $28,276,673; balances, $2,767,424; posted exchange, $4.85½ @4.89; New York exchange, 10c premium.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Arthur R. Jones & Co., Spalding hotel:

Adventure	17	17⅝
Allouez	2⅞	3¼
Anaconda	50½	51
Arcadian	18¾	19½
Amalgamated	122⅞	....
Arnold	3½	4
Ashbed	24	35
Atlantic	47	47½
Baltic	25	25½
Bingham	440	442
Boston & Montana	114	116
Butte & Boston	838	835
Calumet & Hecla	311½	313¾
Centennial	32	32½
Centennial Eureka	58¼	58¾
Copper Range	73¼	73¾
Cochita	35⅝	35⅞
Dominion Coal	5	5
Elm River	18	19
Franklin	52½	53
Isle Royale	18⅞	18¾
Mass	7¼	8
Michigan	40	40½
Mohawk	2	2½
Mayflower	4	4½
Ol Colony	33¼	34
Old Dominon	88½	89
Osceola	54½	55
Parrot	5	5
Quincy	173	175
Rhode Island	8	8¼
Santa Fe	338	342
Tamarack	1½	2
Tecumseh	44	44½
Trimountain	32½	33
Trinity	31	32
Utah	22¾	23
United States	3½	4
Victoria	4	5
Winona	58¾	59
Wolverine	25	50
Washington	1½	1¾
Wyandot	....	....

Through Sleeping Car Service to Kansas City Via "The Milwaukee."

A standard first-class sleeper for Kansas City, via C., M. & St. P. railway's route, leaves Minneapolis, 7:50 a. m., St. Paul 8:00 a. m., daily, and arrives Kansas City 7:00 o'clock next morning.

The "Hedrick" is the most direct and comfortable route from the Twin Cities to Kansas City, the South, Southwest and California.

For full information regarding lowest rates, apply to C., M. & St. P. Ry. ticket agents, or address J. T. Conley, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

You can rent houses, stores, offices or rooms by means of a Herald want ad.

FINANCIAL.

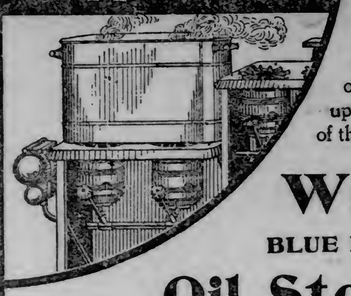
THE American Exchange BANK, DULUTH, MINN.

Capital Stock - $500,000
Surplus Fund - - $75,000

HAMILTON M. PEYTON, President;
MELVIN J. FORBES, Vice-President;
JAMES C. HUNTER, Cashier;
WILLIAM G. HEGARDT, Asst. Cashier;
I. S. MOORE, Second Asst. Cashier.

We issue certificates to depositors, all

FROM WASHDAY



From Monday to Saturday—at every turn in the kitchen work—a Wickless Blue Flame Oil Stove will save labor, time and expense—and keep the cook comfortable. No bulky fuel to prepare or carry, no waiting for the fire to come up or die down; a fraction of the expense of the ordinary stove. A

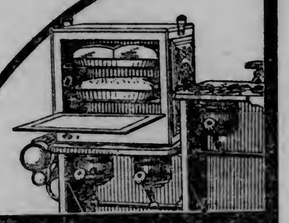
Wickless

BLUE FLAME

Oil Stove

will boil, bake, broil or fry better than a coal stove. It is safe and cleanly—can not become greasy, can not emit any odor. Made in several sizes, from one burner to five. If your dealer *does not* have them, write to nearest agency of

STANDARD OIL COMPANY.



TO BAKING DAY

BURNED TO DEATH

Seven Lose Their Lives In South Chicago Tenement Fire.

Three Others Were Fatally and Several Seriously Burned.

Train on Track Interfered With Work of the Firemen.

Chicago, May 6.—Seven persons were burned to death, three fatally injured and several others slightly burned and otherwise injured in a fire that destroyed a 3-story apartment building at 9316 Marquette avenue, South Chicago, early Sunday. The dead: Mrs. Joseph Cooley, Mabel Cooley, 6 years old, daughter of Mrs. Cooley; Annie Cooley, 15 months old, daughter of Mrs. Cooley; Peter Zook, owner of the building; Mrs. Peter Zook, Victoria Zook, Nicholas Zook.

The seriously injured: William Cooley, husband of Mrs. Josephine Cooley, badly burned, will die; Louisa Christenson, face and body burned, will probably die; Mabel Christenson, 2 years old, daughter of Mrs. Christenson. Severely burned, will die; Harry Murphy, slightly burned and both legs broken by jumping from third story window, will recover; John Zook, badly burned and bruised about body, will recover; Mrs. Julia Erwin, burned and bruised.

While the occupants of the burning building were struggling with the smoke and flames in hope of forcing their way to safety, the firemen, who were responding to the alarm, were vainly waiting for a freight train which was blocking the way of the fire engines to move away from the crossing and give an open road to the firemen. Marshal Driscoll, in charge of the firemen, called to the conductor and brakemen to move the train, but they refused to comply with his request. The police were sent for and the crew was arrested. Then, under orders of the fire marshal, the train was backed from the crossing, but by the time the firemen reached the burning building the structure had been destroyed. Scattered among the embers were found the charred remains of the victims. The bodies were burned beyond recognition and were identified in various ways. The origin of the fire is unknown. The building was an old one, built of wood, and burned so rapidly that all avenues of escape by stairways were cut off before the occupants were aware of the fire.

Persons living in the vicinity of the building were inclined to connect the disaster with a warfare that had been waged between the Zook and Cooley families for several days. This trouble led to a fierce fight between Zook and Cooley Saturday night. Cooley was severely beaten and he had announced that he would apply on Monday morning for a warrant for Zook's arrest. The Zooks lived in the front flat on the second floor. The Cooleys lived on the floor above.

Officials of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern railroad, on whose tracks the train is said to have blocked the firemen, declare that they have evidence that the blocking lasted but a few minutes, and that the members of the train crew did everything in their power to make way for the fire engines. Conductor Brown, who was arrested, claims one of the firemen uncoupled the air brakes without turning the angle-cock setting the brakes, and that the engineer was unable to move the train until the pipes were filled again and the brakes released. After an investigation by the police officials the train crew were released on bonds.

The fire was fraught with an incident of the most distressing character. The little 2-year-old daughter of Christenson, who lived on the third floor, was terribly burned, her left arm and her face being roasted. Her father, a follower of Dr. Dowie, refused to allow the little one to have medical attention and fought desperately when she was taken from him. He clung to the burned arm of the child, and part of the flesh was torn from the member. When finally the police forced him to give up the little one, he cursed them and prayed that they might be punished for subjecting his child to the worldly science of medicine. The father was knocked down by some person in the crowd and barely escaped lynching. He was arrested.

CARS COLLIDED.

Bad Accident on a Hill at Akron, Ohio.

Akron, Ohio, May 6.—Two Northern Ohio traction cars collided at the foot of a steep hill on North Howard street, Sunday afternoon, and about a dozen people were injured. The two cars were loaded with passengers, and were traveling close together. For some reason the brakes on the second car failed to work and it dashed down the hill at a terrific speed, striking the forward car, which had stopped to take on more passengers. Strange to say none on the second car were injured except the motorman, Scott, who sustained serious internal injuries. The read platform of the forward car was crowded, and all on the platform were more or less injured.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO } SS.
LUCAS COUNTY—SS.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, county and state aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886. A. W. GLEASON, (Seal.) Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

AT CASS LAKE.

McAlpine & McDonald Negotiating For the Elston Hotel.

Cass Lake, Minn., May 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—Michael McAlpine and John McDonald, who have extensive business interests at Grand Rapids, under the firm name of McAlpine & McDonald, have been in Cass Lake since Saturday, now negotiating with the Cass Lake Land company for the purchase of the Elston hotel, recently vacated by Ed Elston. In regard to the matter, Col. Roland Hartley, vice president and general manager of the Cass Land company, said today: "Regardless of any negotiations for the purchase of the Elston, we will open the hotel for business as soon as possible, and if not sold we will run it under our own supervision; I think, within the next ten days."

The Solway Press, published at Solway, a town a few miles west of Cass Lake, has ceased publication, and the plant of the defunct journal, which is owned by John Kirsch, postal clerk on Duluth Grand Forks railway mail route, has been moved to Turtle River, a new town north of Bemidji, where it will be used in the publication of the Turtle River Pine Tree, a publication formerly owned by C. C. Knappen, of Crookston.

Charles Seelye, of Grand Rapids, Minn., was a visitor in Cass Lake Sunday, in company with his brother Henry, who owns a string of thoroughbred horses in Minneapolis. Mr. Seelye received a telegram while here that his 6-year-old daughter, Maggie, had died at Grand Rapids during Saturday night.

Joseph Layonganadore, the 2-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. J. Layonganadore, died here Sunday forenoon of diphtheria.

PARDON

For Alexander McKenzie to Be Issued By President.

Washington, May 6—Information from the most reliable source has been received by friends of Alexander McKenzie to the effect that the recommendations sent to the president, now on his Western journey, by the attorney general, are that he be pardoned, thus escaping eight more months of confinement in the San Francisco jail.

There is no reason for doubt that the president will follow the recommendation of Attorney General Knox, who has thoroughly investigated the case and studied deliberately the adverse report of the California judges. He presumably thinks that the sentence was far in excess of what it should have been for the crime committed.

The president undoubtedly will not wait until he arrives in San Francisco to announce his decision. He already has, or soon will have, in his possession the statements of the judges and of the attorney general, and it is quite probable that he will announce his decision and make McKenzie a free man soon after receiving the papers from Washington.

McKenzie already has served about one-fourth of his sentence, which was for one year for contempt, but he was also fined $500. Whether or not he will be compelled to pay the amount is not known. When the pardon is granted the president may also remit the fine.

In Washington it is not considered that the position of McKenzie will have any bearing whatever upon the Hayes case. By the department of justice it is being considered as an entirely different one. McKenzie will be pardoned simply because the department of justice and the president think that the sentence was entirely too severe, and that he has already suffered sufficiently for the offense charged in the contempt proceedings.

STOLE HER FALSE TEETH.

Now He Will Get the Rest of Her.

Cleveland, Ohio, May 6.—When Charles Kline, 22, of 57 Southern avenue, whistled and waited for Nettie Hatter a month ago he did not do it in vain. Kline was accused of having taken two of the girl's false teeth, and now he is going to get the rest of her.

Kline and Miss Hatter, who is a Cuyahoga "hello" girl, have kept company for seven years. They were engaged to be married, but John Hatter, father of the bride-to-be, objected. Kline persisted in his attentions, and Friday evening, March 29, when the girl sought to avoid him, he is said to have snatched her purse, which contained the teeth.

Hatter had Kline arrested, and the case was to have been heard in Justice Griswold's court. However, the father relented, gave his blessing and the wedding will take place in June.

Taken this month keeps you well all summer. Greatest spring tonic known. Rocky Mountain Tea, made by Madison Medicine Co. 35c. Ask your druggist.

UNKNOWN REGIONS

One-Third of Canada Untraveled By the Explorer.

Liberal Bonuses Offered For the Construction of Railroads.

Efforts By the Government to Develop the Territory.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, May 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—The director of the geological survey of Canada, in his last report, makes the amazing statement that practically nothing is known of one-third of the Dominion. He says:

"There are more than 1,250,000 square miles of unexplored lands in Canada. The entire area of the Dominion is computed at 3,450,257 square miles, consequently one-third of this country has yet been untraveled by the explorer. Exclusive of the inhospitable detached Arctic portions, 954,000 square miles is for all practical purposes entirely unknown."

A careful estimate is made of the unexplored regions. Beginning at the extreme northwest of the Dominion, the first of these areas is between the eastern boundary of Alaska, the Porcupine river and the Arctic coast, about 9500 square miles in extent, or somewhat smaller than Belgium, and lying entirely within the Arctic circle. The next is west of the Lewes and Yukon rivers and extends to the boundary of Alaska. Until last year, 32,000 square miles in this area was unexplored, but a part has since been traveled. A third area of 27,000 square miles—nearly twice as large as Scotland—lies between the Lewes, Pelly and Stikine rivers. Between the Pelly and Mackkenzie rivers is another large tract of 100,000 square miles, or about double the size of England. It includes nearly 600 miles of the Rocky mountain range. An unexplored area of 50,000 square miles is found between Great Bear lake and the Arctic coast, being nearly all to the north of the Arctic circle. Nearly as large as Portugal is another tract between Great Bear lake, the Mackenzie river and the western part of Great Slave lake, in all 25,000 square miles. Lying between Stikine and Laird rivers to the north and the Skeena and Peace rivers to the south is an area of 81,000 square miles, which, except for a recent visit by a field party, is quite unexplored. Of the 35,000 square miles southeast of Athabasca lake, little is known, except that it has been crossed by a field party en route to Fort Churchill. East of the Coppermine river and west of Bathurst inlet lies 7500 miles of unexplored land, which may be compared to half the size of Switzerland. Eastward from this, lying between the Arctic coast and Black's river, is an area of 21,000 square miles, or about equal to Ireland. Much larger than Great Britain and Ireland, and embracing 178,000 square miles, is the region bounded by Black's river, Great Slave lake, Athabasca lake, Hatchet and Reindeer lakes, Churchill river, and the west coast of Hudon bay. This country includes the barren grounds of the continent. J. B. Tyrell recently struck through this country on his trip to Fort Churchill, on the Churchill river, but could only make a preliminary exploration. On the south coast of Hudson bay, between the Severn and Attawapiskhat rivers, is an area 22,000 square miles in extent, or larger than Nova Scotia; and lying between Trout lake, Lac Seul, and the Albany river is another 15,000 square miles of unexplored land.

South and east of James bay and nearer to large centers of population than any other unexplored region is a tract of 35,000 square miles, which may be compared in size to Portugal.

The most easterly area is the greatest of all. It comprises almost the entire interior of the Labrador peninsula or Northwestern territory, in all 289,000 square miles, or more than twice as much as Great Britain and Ireland. Two or three years ago, A. P. Lowe made a line of exploration and surveys into the interior of this vast region, and the same gentleman also traveled inland up the Hamilton river, but with these exceptions the country may be regarded as practically unexplored.

The Arctic islands will add an area of several hundred thousand square miles of unexplored land.

The government, during the past year, has made a great effort in the direction of exploring and devloping this vast territory. It has recognized the fact that railroads are essential to the development of a new country, and liberal inducements for their construction are made by granting millions of acres of land as a bonus.

The proposed Manitoulin & North Shore railway has been granted 2,500,000 acres. The act awards 10,000 acres per mile to the southern end of the road as an extra inducement to the early completion of this section. The northern end grant is at the rate of 7500 acres per mile. The proposed road will be of great value to this part of Ontario. Stratford, for instance, will then be only 365 miles from Sault Ste. Marie, or 183 miles nearer than via North bay, as at present. Palmerston, another railroad center, will be 332 miles distant, or 245 miles nearer, and other places in this district will likewise be favorably affected.

The opening up of the Bruce peninsula will be stimulated by the new line running its entire length to Tobermoray, which will become prominent as a railway terminus and lake port. Manitoulin island, hitherto isolated from the rest of the world, except during the season navigation, will have the great obstacle to its development removed. The outside world seems to know but very little of this great island in the northern lakes. A prominent Manitoulin merchant, in a recent interview, made the following interesting statement about the island:

"Make no mistake about the importance of Manitoulin alone. That island, with its population of 15,000, is exporting $1,000,000 worth of products a year. That is but a fraction of what may be done. We have pasture lands sufficient to raise beef stock that will eclipse in numbers and quality the output of your best three beef counties; we could raise lambs enough to supply both Toronto and Buffalo, and we could, with proper facilities, put Manitoulin at the head in the butter and cheese products as well.

"Then there is all the rest of new Ontario behind this. What does that mean? Look at the Sault, which has jumped from 700 to 7000 in a few years. And that is but the beginning. With its wealth of minerals, pulp wood and possibilities in electrical energy developed from water power, new Ontario undoubtedly possesses wonderful resources."

The indications are that, during the next five years, at least 5000 miles of new railroad will be completed throughout the Dominion, most of which will run through the unexplored wilderness.

The mineral wealth of this unknown region is undoubtedly immense, and, perhaps, almost inexhaustible, while the dense forests of hardwood, now of so little value, will, when brought to the markets of the world, become a source of large profit.

• • •

A. E. Smith, United States consul at Victoria, says, in a communication to the state department, that he is indebted to the minister of mines for the following advance statement (subject, perhaps, to a few slight corrections), showing the mineral production of British Columbia in 1900:

Product.	1899.	1900.	Increase.
Total mineral.	$12,393,131	$16,407,645	$ 4,014,514
Total metal ..	8,096,504	11,340,756	3,244,252
Total lode mines	6,751,604	10,062,032	3,310,428
Lode gold	2,857,573	3,461,087	603,514
Silver	1,663,708	2,295,099	631,391
Copper	1,351,452	1,615,289	263,836
Lead	878,870	2,690,557	1,811,687
Coal and coke	4,653,651	5,666,889	1,013,238
Placer gold....	1,344,900	1,278,724	*66,176
Total	$39,391,344	$54,218,078	$14,826,684

*Decrease.

A decrease is shown in the product of placer gold, which, the minister of mines says, is accounted for by the Cape Nome excitement of last year, which drew away a number of the miners of the province, and by the fact that some of the hydraulic plants which have been installed in the Atlin country have not yet commenced work. The number of shipping mines in the province is given as 100, which, it is expected, will increase next year with the establishment of smelters.

The quantity of ore mined in British Columbia in 1899 was 287,343 tons; in 1900, 554,796 tons—increase, 267,453 tons, or 93 per cent. The number of mines shipping over 100 tons each per year was in 1899 only forty-three; in 1900, there were sixty.

The number of miners employed underground during 1900 in the province was 2426; number of miners employed above ground at same time, 1305—making a total of 3731 miners employed in British Columbia last year.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION OF Chisholm Improvement Company.

WE, THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVE associated ourselves together to form a corporation for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, pursuant to the provisions of Title 2, Chapter 34, General Statutes 1878, of the State of Minnesota and acts amendatory thereof and supplementary thereto, and to that end have organized by adopting and signing the following articles of incorporation:

ARTICLE I.

The name of this corporation shall be Chisholm Improvement Company.

The general nature of its business shall be the buying, owning, improving, platting, selling, leasing and otherwise dealing in lands, tenements and hereditaments.

The principal place of transacting the business of this corporation shall be at its office on Section Twenty-one (21), township fifty-eight (58), north of range twenty (20) west, St. Louis County, Minnesota.

ARTICLE II.

The time of the commencement of this corporation shall be the twenty-fifth day of April A. D. 1901. The period of its continuance shall be thirty (30) years.

ARTICLE III.

The capital stock of this corporation shall be fifty thousand dollars ($50,000), and the same shall be paid in by installments at such times and in such manner as the board of directors shall determine.

ARTICLE IV.

The highest amount of indebtedness to which this corporation shall at any time be subject is the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000).

ARTICLE V.

The names and places of residence of the persons forming this incorporation are as follows:

James H. Pearce, Duluth, Minnesota.
A. M. Chisholm, Hibbing, Minnesota.
John Costin, Jr., Virginia, Minnesota.

ARTICLE VI.

The first board of directors of this corporation shall be the incorporators hereof.

ARTICLE VII.

The government of this corporation and the management of its affairs shall be vested in the following officers to-wit: A board of three (3) directors, who shall be stockholders of this corporation, and a president, vice president, secretary and treasurer. The board of directors shall be elected by the stockholders of this corporation at their annual meeting and the president, vice president, secretary and treasurer shall be chosen by the directors at their first meeting after each annual meeting of the stockholders. The directors, and officers shall hold their respective offices for the term of one year and until their respective successors are elected and qualify. The officers until the first annual meeting of the stockholders shall be:

James H. Pearce, president.
John Costin, Jr., vice president.
A. M. Chisholm, secretary and treasurer.

The annual meeting of the stockholders shall be held on the first Wednesday after the first Monday of January, in each year, at such hour and place as shall be fixed by the by-laws of the corporation.

ARTICLE VIII.

The capital stock of this corporation shall be divided into five hundred ($500) shares of the par value of one hundred dollars each.

In witness whereof we have hereunto set our hands and seals this 11th day of April, A. D. 1901.

JAMES H. PEARCE. (Seal).
JOHN COSTIN, JR., (Seal).
A. M. CHISHOLM. (Seal).

Signed, sealed and delivered in presence of:

JOHN G. WILLIAMS,
M. C. MACKINNON.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.—ss.

Be it known that on this 11th day of April, 1901, personally appeared before me the undersigned a notary public in and for said county of St. Louis, James H. Pearce, A. M. Chisholm and John Costin, Jr., to me well known to be the persons named in and who signed and executed the foregoing articles of incorporation, and they severally acknowledged that they executed, signed and adopted the same as their free act and deed respectively.

JOHN G. WILLIAMS,
Notary Public,
St. Louis County, Minnesota.
(Notarial Seal).

OFFICE OF REGISTER OF DEEDS, State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office for record May 4, 1901, at 10:45 a. m., and was duly recorded in Book S of Misc., page 43.

A. LOFGREN,
Register of Deeds.
By THOMAS CLARK,
Deputy.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 12th day of April, A. D. 1901, at 10 o'clock a. m., and was duly recorded in Book Z 2 of Incorporations, on page 527.

P. E. HANSON,
Secretary of State.

GET OUR PRICES. PHONE 601.

You will not have a chance to complain if we move you.

Only men with experience allowed to go out with our vans. Household goods, pianos, safes and machinery given prompt and careful attention. ***Trunks to any part of the city 25c.*** Excellent rooms for storage.

People's Moving and Storage Co.

Herman Rumpel, Manager.

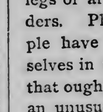
210 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

Omega Oil

Rheumatism

Rheumatism is one of the diseases that medical science don't seem able to cure. One professor says one thing about it and another professor says another thing. And all the time people keep on suffering terribly. Now, what's the use of wasting words arguing the matter? Why not get some Omega Oil and try that? Rub it into your poor feet or legs or arms or shoulders. Plenty of people have cured themselves in this way, and that ought to be proof enough that it will cure you too. It is an unusual liniment and does unusual things. It is good for everything a liniment ought to be good for.

All druggists sell Omega Oil, or can get it for you of any jobber if they want to. If your druggist refuses to sell you this liniment that stops pain, the Omega Chemical Co., 257 Broadway, New York, will mail you a bottle, prepaid, for 50c. in cash, money order or stamps. 735



MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE"

This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as **Lost Manhood, Insanity, Pain in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples, Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation.** It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhoea and all the horrors of impotency. **CUPIDENE** clears the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. **CUPIDENE** strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with **Prostatitis. CUPIDENE** the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, by mail. Send for free circular and testimonials.

Address **DAVOL MEDICINE CO., P. O. Box 2276, San Francisco, Cal.**

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

ORDER FOR HEARING PROOF OF WILL.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, April 29th, 1901.

In the matter of the estate of Nils Nilson, deceased:

Whereas, an instrument in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of Nils Nilson, deceased, late of said county, has been delivered to this court:

And whereas, Ida Ellen Nilson has filed therewith her petition, representing among other things, that said Nils Nilson died in said county, on the 26th day of April, 1901, testate, and that said petitioner is the executrix named in said last will and testament, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be issued thereon to her.

It is ordered, that the proofs of said instrument, and the said petition, be heard before this court, at the probate office in the city of Duluth, in said county, on the 22nd day of May, A. D. 1901, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when all persons interested may appear for or contest the probate of said instrument.

And it is further ordered, that notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 29th day of April, A. D. 1901.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court.)

S. D. ALLEN,
Attorney for Petitioner.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-29-May-6-13-1901.

ORDER FOR HEARING PROOF OF FOREIGN WILL.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

In Probate Court. Special Term, April 27th, 1901.

In the Matter of the Estate of Eliza Dayton, Deceased:

Whereas, Certain writings purporting to be duly authenticated copies of the last will and testament of Eliza Dayton, late of New Brunswick, New Jersey, deceased, and the probate thereof in the surrogate's court of Middlesex County, New Jersey, have been delivered to this court:

And whereas, William R. Janeway, executor, has filed therewith a petition, representing among other things that said Eliza Dayton lately died in said county of Middlesex, New Jersey, testate, possessed of certain real estate, situated in said county of St. Louis, and that said petitioner is the executor named in said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be to said executor issued thereon:

It is ordered, that the proofs of said instrument, and the said petition, be heard before this court, at the probate office in said county, on the 22nd day of May, A. D. 1901, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when all persons interested may appear for or contest the probate of said instrument.

And it is further ordered, that notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 27th day of April, A. D. 1901.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, April 29-May-6-13 1901.

SHERIFF'S EXECUTION SALE.—

Under and by virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the district court of the state of Minnesota, in and for the Seventeenth judicial district and county of Jackson, on the 20th day of April, 1901, upon a judgment entered and docketed in said court and county in an action therein, wherein Emil Koch was plaintiff and Enoch Erickson defendant in favor of said plaintiff and against said defendant, for the sum of one hundred one and 20-100 dollars a transcript of which said judgment was docketed in the office of the clerk of the district court in and for St. Louis county, Minnesota on the 19th day of April, 1901, at 3:10 o'clock p. m. of that day, which said execution has to me, as sheriff of said St. Louis County, been duly directed and delivered, I have levied upon and will sell at public auction, to the highest cash bidder, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county of St. Louis, on Wednesday, the 5th day of June, 1901, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at the right, title and interest that above named judgment debtor had in and to the real estate hereinafter described on the 17th day of April, 1901, that being the date of the rendition of said judgment, the description of the property being as follows, to-wit: South half of southeast quarter (s½ of se¼) and northeast quarter of southeast quarter (ne¼ of se¼) section nineteen (19), township fifty (50) north range fifteen (15) west fourth principal meridian in St. Louis County, Minnesota.

Dated Duluth, Minn., April 20th, 1901.

WM. C. SARGENT,
Sheriff St. Louis County, Minnesota.
By V. A. DASH,
Deputy.

KNOX & FABER,
Attorneys for Judgment Creditor,
Jackson, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-22-29-May-6-13-20-27-1901.

SHERIFF'S EXECUTION SALE.—

Under and by virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the district court of the state of Minnesota, in and for the Eleventh judicial district and county of St. Louis, on the 20th day of April, 1901, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in said court and county in an action therein, wherein Charles E. Hasey was plaintiff, and A. R. Merritt and Cassius C. Merritt, co-partners, under the firm name of A. R. Merritt & C. C. Merritt, and Cassius C. Merritt, defendants, in favor of said plaintiff and against said defendants, for the sum of ten hundred seventy-five and 38-100 ($1075.38) dollars, which said execution has to me, as sheriff of said St. Louis County, been duly directed and delivered, I have levied upon and will sell at public auction, to the highest cash bidder, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county of St. Louis, on Wednesday, the 5th day of June, 1901, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, all the right, title and interest that above named judgment debtor A. R. Merritt had in and to the real estate hereinafter described on the 17th day of January, 1894, that being the date of the rendition of said judgment, the description of the property being as follows, to-wit:

South half of northwest quarter (s½ of nw¼), and west half of northeast quarter (w½ of ne¼), section eleven (11), township fifty-eight (58) north, range eighteen (18), west Fourth Principal Meridian, in St. Louis County, Minnesota.

Dated Duluth, Minn., April 20th, 1901.

WM. C. SARGENT,
Sheriff, St. Louis County, Minn.
By VICTOR A. DASH,
Deputy.

PHELPS & McMANNUS,
Attorneys for Judgment Creditor.
Duluth Evening Herald, April 22-29-May-6-13-20-27-1901.

Skin Diseases

ECZEMA, TETTER, PSORIASIS, SALT RHEUM, ACNE and a great many other diseases of like character are classed as skin diseases, when they could just as properly be called blood diseases, for they undoubtedly originate in the blood, like Cancer, Catarrh, Scrofula, Rheumatism, Contagious Blood Poison, etc.; the only real difference being in the intensity and nature of the poison. The more serious diseases, Cancer, Catarrh, etc., are caused by some specific poison or virus, which is either inherited or in other ways gets into the blood and attacks certain vital organs or appears in the form of terrible sores and ulcers, while the milder and less dangerous skin diseases are caused by blood humors or an over acid condition of that fluid. These acid poisons, as they ooze out through the pores of the skin, cause great irritation, with intense itching and burning. The eruption may be of a pustular kind, with excessive discharge of thick, gummy fluid, or the skin may be hot, dry and feverish, swollen and fissured. Skin diseases, whether they appear as sores, blotches or pimples, become more deeply rooted and intractable the longer neglected, the skin in time having a thick, hard, rough and unsightly appearance. You can hide the blemishes for a time with cosmetics; and washes, lotions, soaps and powders may relieve temporarily the itching and burning, but eventually the pores of the skin become so clogged up by this treatment that the poisonous matter thrown off by the blood cannot pass out of the system, and settles on the lungs, heart or some other vital organ and endangers life.

I can cheerfully and most sincerely endorse your specific as a cure for Eczema, the most irritating and annoying disease, I think, that flesh is heir to. I was troubled with it for twenty-five years, and tried many remedies with no good effect. After using your medicine a short time I think I am entirely relieved. You can give this statement any publicity you may desire, as it is voluntarily made, more for those afflicted than notoriety for myself.

Very respectfully,
WM. CAMPBELL,
313 West Central. Wichita, Kans.

To purify and build up the polluted blood is the right treatment for skin diseases, and for this purpose no other medicine is so deservedly popular as S. S. S. It is a perfect antidote for all blood humors, and when taken into the circulation, gently but thoroughly eliminates all impurities and puts the blood in a healthy, normal state. The skin can't remain in an irritated, diseased condition when nourished with rich, new blood. S. S. S. is the only guaranteed purely vegetable remedy, and the safest and best skin beautifier. Write our physicians if you have any blood or skin disease, and they will cheerfully advise you without charge.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA.

Every Afternoon at 5 The Herald is Sold by Newsboys on the Streets of West Superior

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

These Are Cheap!

125 feet upper side Second St., between 24th and 26th ave. east.. $1000
50 feet on Superior street, between 18th and 20th ave. east.. $1200
Southwest corner London road and 18th ave. east, all improvements paid..... $1300
Southeast corner London road and 21st ave east; all improvements paid..... $1000
Northeast corner London road and 23d ave. 100x150 ft..... $1500

Little & Nolte.

CURFEW INVOKED

Two Small Boys Arrested For Being Out Nights.

Officers Find Little Support From Parents of Children.

Lizzie Buckley Spends Short Interval Out of Jail.

An unanticipated enforcement of the curfew ordinance caught two small boys on the street last night without a chaperone. The curfew ordinance has been in a state of "innocuous desuetude" since its passage on May 22, 1899, but now that it has been dug out and dusted, it will probably be enforced more frequently.

The boys arrested were Carroll Swain and William Taylor. They went down to the second fire of the Zenith Paper company and were promptly rounded up by an officer.

This morning, at the juvenile session of police court, the ordinance was read to them, and they promised to stay in nights hereafter unless accompanied by an older person.

The ordinance provides that before an officer shall arrest a child under 16 for being out after hours, he shall first take the child home and warn the parents that if caught on the streets again the offender will be locked up.

When the arresting officer took young Taylor in custody and asked where he lived, the colored lad replied that his home was in Buffalo.

"Buffalo," mused the officer, "I guess I can't take you home—that's off my beat."

Young Swain, the other boy arrested, is getting quite a reputation. It's the third time he has been in court, and the last time his face was so dirty that the court instructed an officer to take him in an adjoining room and give him a bath.

The police complain that they have considerable difficulty in executing that part of the curfew ordinance which provides that they shall first take children to their homes. There has been scarcely an instance where the parents have not abused the officer instead of thanking him for taking the child off the streets.

The ordinance provides that no child under 16 shall be without a suitable guardian after 9 o'clock, and from May 1 to Sept. 29, after 9:30 o'clock.

* * *

Frivilous forgetfulness of matrimonial murmurs whispered in her shelly ear caused Lizzie Buckley to search for Thomas King in West Superior Saturday afternoon. Late in the evening she was back, however, insisting on telling her troubles to a policeman.

"Oh, you don't know what I've suffered. It was bad enough for him to go back on me, but he hadn't any right to say things about me, now, had he?" "Certainly not," replied the officer.

"Well, I heard today that King was over in Superior, so I run over to give him a chance to apologize."

"How thoughtful!"

"Wasn't it? I went straight to the store where he was working and told him I was prepared to consider an application for forgiveness and offer of reinstatement."

"What did he say?"

"Nothing, he simply flew at me and, seizing my chignon, pulled as hard as he could."

"How perfectly thrilling!"

"Yes, wasn't it? Oh, it was intensely dramatic! We must have looked like international championship wrestlers. We circled all over the store."

"How many stitches did King need?"

"I didn't have time to learn. After I had finished with him I was kept busy with the proprietor and two policemen."

"What had they to do with it?"

"Not much, they objected to my treatment of my fiance, and committed the indiscretion of attempting physical interference."

"Why did you leave Superior after such a victory?"

"They just begged me to go. The two policemen urged me, in the interest of the community. They said everybody in Superior liked me, but the townfolk would feel more secure if I left."

"And what of King, shall you let it rest at that?"

"Oh, yes, dear—I'm not vindictive."

"Well, Lizzie, people here like you, too, but I guess you had better leave today. In fact I order you to leave at once!"

"Positively, my dear, there are moments when you pall," yawned she.

"Get thee to a nunnery, then, if you stay here!" he exclaimed.

"Do you claim a copyright on that line?" she cooed.

"Cease jeering, woman. Ere tomorrow's sun I'll have you behind the grating."

"I'm not a nutmeg," she rejoined glibly, "though I was born in Connecticut."

That was too much for the officer. This morning she was sentenced to the county jail for ten days. Investigation showed that she had only been released from that institution on Saturday morning.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE - REAL ESTATE.

$6000 Corner Michigan street and Eleventh avenue west.
$4500 Lot in Armory block on First street.
$4500 Brick store, No. 221 East Superior street.
$1350 160x140 feet corner, first-class residence location in Endion.

86 houses in all parts of the city.
2 stores and two houses in West Duluth for rent.
Make us an offer on lot 1, block 44, Endion.
Money to loan, any amount, on residence property.

Interstate Land and Investment Co.
605 Palladio Building.

FOR RENT.

No. 204 West Michigan street; cold storage room; best location on the street.
Seven-room, strictly modern, steam-heated flat; central location and strictly first class.
Large Superior street store; brick building.

C. P. CRAIG & CO., Herald Building

SUSPENDED.

Cuyahoga Bank at Cleveland Fails to Open Its Doors.

Cleveland, May 6.—The doors of the Cuyahoga Savings and Banking company, were not opened for business today. The following notice was posted on the window:

"On account of the continued absence of R. N. Pollock, the treasurer, the directors have concluded to suspend payment until such time as they can make an examination of their affairs. It is confidently expected that every depositor will be paid in full."

Hundreds of depositors, mostly working people, gathered around the bank soon after the notice was displayed, clamoring for their money.

The last statement published by the bank indicated that the individual deposits amounted to $299,176; loans on real estate, discounts, etc., $309,863.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers search the remotest prats of the bowels and remove the impurities speedily with no discomfort. They are famous for their efficacy. Easy to take, never gripe. Max Wirth.

SUPPLIES SENT.

New York Orders Many For Jacksonville.

New York, May 6.—The joint committee of the chamber of commerce and the Merchants association to raise funds for the relief of the Jacksonville sufferers, today authorized the purchase of supplies, costing $20,000, and ordered them sent South as fast as they could be shipped.

Mayor Hoy, of Jersey City, has issued an appeal for funds and food and clothing for the sufferers of the Jacksonville fire.

INTO THE BAY.

Woman Attempted to Drown Herself and Family.

Petoskey, Mich., May 6.—Mrs. William A. Martin, wife of the Pere Marquette agent here, today threw her two children and herself into the bay after a family quarrel. All three were rescued by fishermen, but the youngest child, aged 4 years, will die from the exposure and shock.

Terrible plague, those itching piles, pestering diseases of the skin. Put an end to misery. Doan's Ointment cures. At any drug store.

WAS INOCULATED.

Cancer Expert Attacked By the Dread Disease.

San Francisco, May 6.—Dr. Joseph Elsen, the California scientist, whose discovery of the cancer germ was an event in medical history last year, has been attacked by cancer. He has submitted to an operation and is now rapidly recovering, although nothing can as yet be determined about the final result. Dr. Elsen believes that he became inoculated with the cancer microbe while studying the germs through the microscope.

TO RAISE FUNDS.

Detroit, May 6.—Mayor Maybury today issued a proclamation calling a public meeting tomorrow noon to raise funds for the Jacksonville fire sufferers.

Beware of a Cough.

A cough is not a disease but a symptom. Consumption and bronchitis, bronchitis, which are the most dangerous and fatal disease, have for their first indication a persistent cough, and if properly treated as soon as this cough appears are easily cured. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has proven wonderfully successful, and gained its wide reputation and extensive sale by its success in curing the disease which cause coughing. If it is not beneficial it will not cost you a cent. For sale at Boyce'e Drug store.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FREE FARMS.

160 acres of the choicest farming lands in the world free. Cheap excursions will leave Duluth for all points of Western Canada on Tuesdays and Thursdays. Very cheap rates for settlers. For particulars apply to J. H. M. PARKER,
Canadian Government Agent,
530 Manhattan Building, Duluth, Minn.

Auction Sale.

The building committee of the Congregation Adas Izarel will sell at Public Auction Tuesday, May 7, at 10 a. m., the nine-room house, which has all modern improvements—hot-air furnace, gas fixtures, etc.—at No. 230 Third Avenue East, corner Third street. Purchaser will be given reasonable time to move house from grounds. Condition of sale, 50 per cent. down, balance at time of removing building.

The Smoothest Way to Get a Home

The following parties are getting a home for themselves on the easiest plan offered by any one in the city. You know some of them, ask them about it.

Chas. Ten Brook, J. & W. Frink, F. J. & E. Spetz, John Forsberg, Charles Stevens, Thos. Larson, H. S. Merry, Annie Stokes, John A. Bauers, Martin Nelson, Jacob Svorzecski, Ernest Willie, J. H. B. Smith, Chas. Peterson, J. B. Flack, John Sundquist, Adam Sundquist, O. C. Lumelin, Robert Lee Brown, H. A. Waterworth, E. E. Carpenter, John A. Linndquist, Peter Holten, Gottlieb Gunther, Konigune Smiguel, Della Miller, Ida Harring, F. G. Myers, John A. Ladder, H. L. Smith, Will Lowry, Andrew Larson, Louis Wick, S. E. Boots, Jaard Mathieson, H. P. Peterson, Phillip Fiedler, R. J. Gunry, Charles Fancett, Ole Swenson, M. F. Walch, I. W. Smith, George Todd, Louis Barisch, Mary M. Plummer, William Royeraft, F. K. Jewett, E. J. Sonnenburg.

They will all tell you that it beats paying rent. About 50 more properties to select from on the same easy terms and low valuations as the above purchased at.

A $1600 house and lot will be sold for $400 cash; $500 on or before five years with 6 per cent interest, and the balance of $400 can be paid with a monthly payment of $12.16 a month to pay off in three years or a monthly payment of $9.40 a month to pay off in four years.

Office No. 2 First Avenue West, Hunter Block.
CHAN. SMITH, Secretary.

$3500 Takes 8-room modern house on East Third street.
$3500 Takes 8-room modern house on Nineteenth avenue east.
$2500 Takes 7-room modern house on Nineteenth avenue east.

A. C. VOLK & Co.
202 Palladio Building.

STRUCK OIL ON THE BLUE GRASS. Can sell you 2000 shares Blue Grass. This stock will go to higher figures the next few days..... **15½c**
200 SHARES Chippewa Copper..... **$2.50**
60 SHARES Calumet & Arizona..... **$27.00**
5000 SHARES St. Croix Consolidated. Give us a bid on this.
I BUY AND SELL MINING STOCKS.

M. C. FRENCH,
212-213 Trust Bldg. DULUTH.

MONEY ON HAND
$1000, $2500, $5000 for Good Real Estate Loans. No Delay.
C. A. & E. D. FIELD, 204 Exchange Building.

L. MENDENHALL. T. W. HOOPES
Established 1869.
Mendenhall & Hoopes
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance
First National Bank Building,
Duluth, Minn.

TYPEWRITERS.

FOR SALE—REMINGTON AND SMITH typewriters from $25 up. Write for samples. M. J. Doherty, 155 Washington street, Chicago, Ill.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

MANDOLIN, GUITAR, VIOLIN, BANJO. Prof. J. L. Robinson, over Big Duluth. Latest popular music, etc.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER. 319 FIRST AVE. E.

DRESSMAKING.

MRS. N. O. NARVESON, WILL RESUME her dressmaking at 731 East Fourth street, May 15. Suits a specialty.

PIANO TUNING.

FIRST CLASS PIANO TUNING. C. A. Gregory, 9 First avenue west. Zenith 'phone 606.

Fast Mail.

Duluth-Superior-Chicago Fast Mail train, over "The North-Western Line," leaves Duluth daily at 5 p. m.

This is the only solid through passenger train between the head of the lakes and Chicago, the only train with a "free" chair car, the only train carrying a dining car.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—CALUMET AND ARIZONA stock, 200 shares, $26, this day only. Address K 27, Herald.

FOR SALE—LODGING HOUSE AND business. If interested address C. K., Herald.

FOR SALE—SMALL BARN AT 1416 East Fourth street. Apply at 516 Second avenue east. 'Phone No. 869.

FOR SALE—CANDY AND CIGAR stock, also store building and stable. 1402 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—YOUNG HORSE AND light delivery wagon. 222 Central avenue.

FOR SALE—SMALL CIGAR AND TOBACCO store, cheap. Good location. Address M. B., Herald.

BUY YOUR NEW OR SECOND HAND engines, boilers, sawmills, planing mills and second hand machinery and supplies of us. We can save you money. Harris Machinery Co., J. N. Durant, Mgr 1611 Washington Ave, se., Minneapolis, Minn.

FOR SALE—GENTLEMAN'S BICYCLE, cheap. K 50, Herald.

FOR SALE—BEDROOM SET, FOLDING bed, dining table, combination book case and writing desk, refrigerator. Will be sold at a bargain as owner is leaving city. Can be seen 1632 East First.

FOR SALE—A GOOD THREE ROOM house with kitchen and cellar on Park Point. Inquire at 101 East Superior street. Peirler & Nordstrom.

FOR SALE—A GOOD TENT, SIZE 14 by 20, just the thing for Park Point. Will sell cheap; also lady's bicycle, new. Call 224 Seventh avenue east.

FOR SALE—CHEAP TWO CLEVELAND bicycles, lady's and gent's; used but little. 109 East Third.

FOR SALE—A CARLOAD OF FRESH milch cows, at Sixty-fifth and Grand avenues, West Duluth. N. E. Grindy.

FOR SALE—FIRST CLASS BOARDING house doing good business. Modern. M 27, Herald.

FOR SALE—RESTAURANT, 346 LAKE avenue south. O. Ramsey.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, ON EASY TERMS, one first-class high top Estey organ, also bedstead, commode and small gasoline stove. No. 1 Monger terrace.

FOR SALE—S. KANER HAS JUST ARrived with a carload of fresh milch cows. 1122 East Fourth street.

HORSES HORSES

Barrett & Zimmerman have at their stables, opposite the Post-office, Duluth, from 300 to 400 head horses constantly on hand.
Private sales daily. Part time given if desired.

PILES AND RUPTURE.

PERMANENT CURE GUARANTEED, without cutting. Duluth references. Illustrated circular. 1025 West Michigan. Hours 1 to 4.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.
PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 8:00. Next meeting, May 6, 1901. Work, First degree. H. Nesbitt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting May 13, 1901. Work, Third degree. Burr Porter, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20 R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evening of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting May 8, 1901. Work ——. James Kelly, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8:00 p. m. Next conclave May 7, 1901. Thomas J. Davis, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, SITTING BULL TRIBE, NO. 25, WEST Duluth, meets second and fourth Thursdays of the month at Great Eastern hall. W. S. McCullum, sachem; W. E. Day, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, We-ke-me-wup tribe, No. 17, meets every Monday evening in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. C. C. Evans, Sachem; N. J. Orr, Chief of Records.

M. W. A.
MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. Robert Rankin, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES.—Duluth tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. Charles J. Hector, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at 118 West Superior street. Grand officers of domain of Minnesota will pay official visit May 7. G. H. Prudden, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.
ZENITH CITY LODGE, NO. 169, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening, at 8 p. m., in Columbus hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Work in the Second degree April 16. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. W. A. Rehder, N. G.; D. J. Dewar, secretary.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS.—Court Eastern Star, No. 86, meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. Harry Milnes, chief ranger, city hall. James Herrell, treasurer, Union depot.

U. C. T.
ZENITH, NO. 40, DULUTH, MINN., Regular meetings fourth Saturday night of each month, Elks' hall, Superior street. W. N. Donaldson, S. C.; C. W. Sutton, secretary and treasurer.

HERBAQUEEN'S SPECIFIC.

REMEDIES FOR ANY BLOOD POISONing trouble. 319 First avenue east.

NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL.

IMPORT of 1900, 75c a bottle; $1 express prepaid. C. J. Tufte, Druggist, Duluth.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—AT ONCE, GIRL FOR GENeral housework. 301 West Fourth street.

WANTED—ONE GIRL TO BAKE PIES; one girl to wait on counter at Branch Bethel. Apply to Charles H. Hall.

WANTED—TWO GENERAL HOUSE cooks, $25; one second cook, $20; pastry cook, two meat cooks, $45; two waitresses. Lewis Employment agency.

WANTED — GIRL TO DO LIGHT housework. Call at Mrs. S. G. McTaggart's, 2410 West First street.

WANTED—COMPETENT LAUNDRESS with references at E. H. Fish & Co.'s, 207 West Superior street.

AS GLYCERIN DRIES AND CRACKS the skin, never use it. Satin-Skin Cream best replaces all applications, is dainty, harmless, beautifying. 25c. Leading stores.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST with light housework; no washing; one who can go home nights. 31 West Fourth street.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. Call at 2 First avenue west.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework. 314 East Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 522 Fourth avenue east.

WANTED—A NEAT YOUNG GIRL TO assist with housework. Apply 317 Fifth avenue east.

PERSONS EVERYWHERE WHO CAN write meritorious sketches, articles, or stories; good pay. Literary Bureau, 303 Caxton building, Chicago.

WANTED — DISH WASHER AND cook. 318 West Second street.

GOOD GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework, at 2251 East First street. Mrs. J. B. Richards.

WANTED — NEAT, RELIABLE GIRL for light housework. 2116 East Third street.

WANTED—AT ONCE, SIX GIRL DISHwashers. Apply to Stewart, Spalding hotel.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1431 East First street.

WANTED — SEWING GIRL AND ONE apprentice. Mrs. J. A. Clarey, 22 West Fifth street.

WANTED — CHAMBERMAID AND dish washer. The Midland hotel.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 112 East Third street.

WANTED—GOOD NURSE GIRL. 1206 East Second.

STENOGRAPHERS.

Assisted to positions without charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—A SMART BOY OF 19 WITH good education, to learn the mercantile business. Must live at home and give best reference. Address Endion, Herald office.

WANTED—500 PEOPLE TO EAT AT the Boston, 24 West Superior street, under new management. Briggs & Mutch.

WANTED—AT ONCE, A HOUSEMAN, Spalding hotel. Apply to housekeeper.

WANTED—SETTER FOR RED CLIFF, Wisconsin. Wages, $2.75. Apply Red Cliff Lumber company, 401 Torrey building.

WANTED—BELL BOYS. APPLY HOTEL St. Louis.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN AT 226 WEST First street.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN STENOGrapher, one who has had experience in a fire insurance office preferred. A good chance to grow up with the business. Address in own handwriting, K 12, Herald.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade, only two more weeks of our special offer of scholarship, board and tools. No limit to time. $12 weekly paid graduates. Write for particulars today. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn.

YOUNG MEN, OUR ILLUSTRATED catalogue explains how we teach barber trade in short time, mailed free. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis Minn.

ACTIVE MAN BY LARGE MANUFACturing house to work at home. $36 in cash paid for twelve days' trial; promotion and permanent position if satisfactory. Address S. P. Co., 720 Ranstead street, Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED MATTress maker. Apply 104 Providence building.

WANTED—SEVERAL GOOD MACHINists. Superior Iron works, West Superior, Wis.

WANTED — GOOD ELEVATOR BOY. Apply Hotel St. Louis.

ORDINARY MECHANICS are plentiful. You can be something better. Learn how. See or write C. S. Cable, repreasentative International Correspondence Schools, 206 New Jersey Building., Duluth, open evenings.

WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—AGENTS FOR THE ONLY legitimate all chemical, Phoenix Fire Extinguisher, on the market. Phoenix company, Richmond, Ind.

WANTED—MAN FOR THIS SECTION, by old house solid financial standing; $36 cash paid for two weeks trial; permanent if successful. Manager, 331 Caxton building, Chicago.

LADY OR GENTLEMEN AGENTS TO sell household goods on easy payments. No capital required. Gately Supply company, 8 East Superior street.

LOST.

LOST—PAIR EYE GLASSES, BEtween Second and Eleventh avenues west on Fifth street. Return to 213 West Fifth street. Reward.

CHAMPION IRON COMPANY BOOKS burned. Stockholders send date, number of certificates and number of shares held by you to W. Van Brunt, 8 Exchange building.

CHIMNEY SWEEP.

CHIMNEY AND FURNACE CLEANING storm windows taken off. W. Simpson, Zenith Tele. 733; office 119 W. First St.

ACCOUNTANT.

BOOKS OPENED AND CLOSED, ACcounts adjusted. Expert work a specialty. Would consider a permanency. References. F 98, Herald.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT — LARGE FURNISHED house and yard for summer. 616 East Fourth.

FOR RENT—PARK POINT—NEWLY built five-room cottage, near end of car line. Inquire No. 109 East First street.

FOR RENT—6-ROOM HOUSE, MODern; central location. Inquire at 617 Fourth avenue east.

FOR RENT—SIX ROOM HOUSE, CITY water, 2315 London road, $15 per month. Apply 924 East Fifth street.

FOR RENT—6-ROOM HOUSE, FURnished, with modern improvements; desirable location. Address T 2, Herald.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE, ALL modern improvements, desirable location, East End. Moderate rent for about four months. Address M 8, Herald.

FOR RENT—STRICTLY MODERN NINE room house three blocks from postoffice. Myers' Bros., 205 Lyceum.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS. OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, modern; $6 and $8. 308 Mesaba avenue, near Third avenue west.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS over 1 West Superior street. Inquire room 11.

FOR RENT—DESK ROOM AT 331-WEST Michigan street. Providence building.

FOR RENT—ELEGANT LARGE ROOM, comfortable for two people. Moderate. Magnificent lake view. Centrally located. Rent reasonable. Apply 716 West Second street.

FOR RENT—PLEASANT FURNISHED rooms at 327 East Superior street.

FOR RENT—OFFICE ROOM WITH heat and telephone. 107 West First st.

FOR RENT—FRONT ROOM AND alcove. 210 East Third street.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOMS WITH water. 1325 London road.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED FRONT parlor with folding bed. 320 East Second street.

FOR RENT—LARGE FURNISHED front room. 209 West Third street.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOM FURNISHED flat. Gas, bath, telephone, janitor service, one block to street car, ten minutes walk to Lake avenue, East End. June 1 to Oct. 1 only. References required. No children. Address 120, Herald office.

FOR RENT—MODERN 4-ROOM FLAT in heart of city, every convenience. Apply to Alwin White, 215 East Third street.

FOR RENT—PARTLY FURNISHED 5-room flat in Buffalo flats for the summer. 205 Board of Trade building.

FOR RENT—ONE NEW 5-ROOM FLAT. Call 508 West Third street. Small family.

FOR RENT—MAY 1, FLAT 2, BUFFAlo flats. F. C. Smith, 205 Palladio building.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED TO RENT—A MODERN nine or ten-room residence in eastern section of city. Address, stating terms, D. D. Gaillard, captain corps of engineers, Providence building.

BOARD OFFERED.

NICELY FURNISHED FRONT ROOM for two gentlemen. Also table boarders. 32 West Second street.

BOARD AND ROOMS—SINGLE OR EN suite. 207 West Second street.

FURNISHED ROOM AND BOARD suitable for two. 228 Second avenue west, corner Third street.

FIRST CLASS BOARD AND ROOMS, with all modern conveniences. 318 West Second street.

ROOMS AND BOARD, 120 FIRST AVEnue west; very central.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOple holding responsible positions; also on diamonds, pianos, furniture, live stock and all kinds of personal property. Easy payments. Confidential. Western Loan Co., 521 Manhattan Bldg., Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. We buy consolidated stock. Cooley & Underhill. 207 Exchange building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmonds, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., 324 W. Sup. street. Established 1893.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

CARPET CLEANING WORKS.

THE DULUTH-SUPERIOR STEAM carpet cleaning and rug works, 1522 West Michigan street. Telephone 533.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—PLAIN SEWING TO DO. Mrs. Anderson, 1921 West Third street.

MAN WOULD LIKE JOB—CARE OF bachelors' hall, can cook, wait table; small wages. Address K 49, Herald.

A YOUNG GIRL OF 15 WISHES PLACE to assist in light housework in small family. M 76, Herald.

WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY WITH experience, position as clerk or cashier. 731 East First street.

DRESSMAKER WANTS SEWING IN families or in shop. Call Hotel Brunswick, room 18, 421 West Superior street.

LADY BOOKKEEPER WOULD LIKE position. Recent graduate of Nimmo's Business college, Sarnia, Ont. Call or address M. F. Rose, 626 West Third street.

EXPERIENCED SECOND GIRL REquires situation. Highest references. Address M, Herald office.

WANTED — POSITION BY MAN WHO has had nine years' experience as buyer and manager of a $30,000 stock of dry goods, clothing, shoes, etc. A 1 references. E. J. Goward, Aitkin, Minn.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

RAILROAD WATCHES.

REPAIRED AND ADJUSTED. HARRIS & Esterly, 406 West Superior street.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

WATCH REPAIRING.

HARRIS-ESTERLY. 406 W. SUP. ST.

A SPECIALTY. M. HENRICKSEN, expert watchmaker, 334 W. Sup. St.

POPULAR MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC, 2000 COPIES, 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

GASOLINE AND STOVES.

BUY YOUR GASOLINE AND STOVES at 211 E. Sup. St. and have your stoves kept in order free of charge. 'Phone 590.

CARPET CLEANING.

GOOD CURE FOR SMALLPOX—HAVE your carpets cleaned and feathers renovated. Also have your old carpets made into rugs. First-class upholstering done. Superior Rug company, C. F. Forsell, manager. 'Phone 949, 217 East Superior street.

MEDICAL.

MEN NERVE BEANS quickly cure Nervousness, all results of abuse, falling manhood, drains, losses. Married men and men intending to marry should take a box; astonishing results; small weak parts and lost power restored. $1.00 at S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, druggists, Duluth.

MEN NO CURE, NO PAY. If you have small, weak organs, lost power or weakening drains, our Vacuum Organ Developer will restore you without drugs or electricity; 75,000 in use; not one failure; not one returned; no C. O. D. fraud; write for free particulars, sent sealed in plain envelope. LOCAL APPLIANCE CO., 115 Thorpe Blk., Indianapolis, Ind.

ATTORNEY.

S. D. ALLEN, ATTORNEY. 711-712 Palladio building.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows' building. Best work. Moderate prices.

WANTED---TO BUY.

WANTED—TO BUY, GOOD SECOND hand buggy. Address Box 364, West Duluth.

WANTED—TWO OR THREE GOOD second hand lumber wagons with three inch tires. American Lumber company, West Superior, Wis.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 328 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 974.

BREINHOLM, FEMALE COMPLAINTS. Private hospital. 11 Nineteenth Ave. W.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

WHITE LINE TRANSPORTATION CO.
Isle Royale and Apostle Islands Routes
STR. MABEL BRADSHAW
Leaves Singer's dock Mondays and Thursdays at 9 a.m. for Two Harbors, Grand Marais, Isle Royale, Port Arthur and intermediate points.
STR. BON VOYAGE
Leaves Singer's dock Mondays and Thursdays at 8 p.m. for Bayfield, Ontonagon, Hancock and Houghton.
JOHN FLYNN, Agt., 9 Lyceum Bldg. W. H. SINGER, Mgr., Lake Ave. and Canal.

Railroad Time Tables.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv. Duluth Ar	p.m.	3:40
8:15 a.m.	Ar. Proctor Lv	p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m.	Ar. Iron Jctn. Lv	p.m.	1:12
10:20 a.m.	Ar. Wolf Lv	p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar. Virginia Lv	p.m.	12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar. Eveleth Lv	p.m.	12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar. Sparta Lv	p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar. Biwabik Lv	p.m.	12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar. Mtn. Iron Lv	p.m.	12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar. Hibbing Lv	p.m.	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

8 18 pm	Lv. Duluth Ar	9 00 am	
7 18 pm	Ar. Virginia Lv	7:35 am	
7 40 pm	Ar. Eveleth Lv	7:35 am	
7 50 pm	Ar. Ely Lv	7:19 am	

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave	DULUTH.	Arrive
†*1 25 pm	ST. PAUL	†1 55 pm
11 10 pm	AND MINNEAPOLIS	*6 30 am
*Daily	†Daily Except Sunday.	
*7 55 am	Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana & Coast Points.	*6 43 pm
†3 00 pm	Swan River, Hibbing, Int. Points	†12 58 am

Sleeper for 11:10 p. m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m. J. G. MOONEY, Nor. Pass Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	†Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**9 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**4 00 pm
*4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 59 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oskosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL.	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RY.

Leave		Arrive
*4 00 pm	Ashland and East	* 11 15 am
*7 30 pm	Minn & Dakota Express	* 7 55 am
*8 40 am	No Coast Ltd.	* 4 55 pm
	"DULUTH SHORT LINE"	
†9 00 am	St. Paul	*8 45 am
* 1 55 pm	and	†2 10 pm
*11 10 pm	Minneapolis.	*7 00 pm

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway.
456 Spalding Hotel Block. Union Depot.

Leave	†Daily. *Ex. Sunday.	Arrive
† 7 00 pm	BOSTON LIMITED	†8 30 am
* 8 15 am	LOCAL	*8 00 pm

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

NINETEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. TUESDAY, MAY 7, 1901. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Good Furniture

Prices here will be found from 10 per cent to 20 per cent lower than those of other Duluth stores. Large buying for spot cash direct from the manufacturers is what makes such comparisons possible.

Good Rockers, all woods, prices range from—

95c to $6.50

Full size Iron Beds—from	$1.65 to $22.50
Full size All Brass Beds, from	$18.00 to $95.00
Dining Chairs, from	50c to $6.50
Couches, all spring edges, from	$6.50 to $75.00
Center Tables, from	95c to $12.50
Morris Chairs, Velour Cushions, from	$8.50 to $28.00
Dining Tables, from	$3.50 to $35.00

Your Credit Is Good

Our terms:

$25.00 worth of goods	$5.00 a month
$35.00 worth of goods	$6.00 a month
$50.00 worth of goods	$7.00 a month
$60.00 worth of goods	$8.00 a month
$75.00 worth of goods	$9.00 a month
$100.00 worth of goods	$10.00 a month

French & Bassett,

Complete Housefurnishers.

FOR RENT!

Two story brick building, No. 22 East Superior St., with basement on Michigan St., steam heat, freight elevator. Will make repairs to suit tenant.

Seven-room dwelling, No. 1232 East Third St., all conveniences, furnace heat. Will rent for $20 per month.

C. H. GRAVES & CO.,

FIRST FLOOR TORREY BUILDING.

FOR SALE—ONE HUNDRED SHARES OF

Calumet & Arizona

in lots of 5 shares or more at $30 a share

NORTHERN SECURITY COMPANY,

First Floor, Palladio Bldg. Telephone 696. Duluth, Minn.

Would be pleased to write your **FIRE INSURANCE** Representing only millionaire companies.

JOHN A. STEPHENSON, First Floor Providence Building.

Peachey & Lounsberry,

Phones: Zenith, 336. Long Dist., 307-3.

15 Second Ave. W.

The Printers.

von Suessmilch & Costello,

HUNTER BLOCK, Duluth, Minnesota. Dentists.

For a short time only—special prices on plates.

FINE STATIONERY.

Chamberlain & Taylor's Book Store

323 West Superior Street.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk. Telephone 755, N. Call 4. Zenith 'Phone 713.

D. H. DAY, Dentist.

FIVE HURT.

Explosion of Powder Fatally Injures a Number of Miners.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., May 7.—Five men were probably fatally injured by an explosion of powder which occurred at the Henry colliery of the Lehigh Valley Coal company today. The powder was on a "trip" of cars. As the cars entered the slope they broke away and dashed down the mine. When the cars reached the bottom of the slope the concussion caused the powder to explode. The force of the explosion was terrific and the men who were riding on the "trip" were badly injured from the shock as well as by the explosion. The injured men are Patrick Sharpe, John and James Burke, David Morgan and Thomas Duffy.

A FEW MORE BONDS.

Washington, May 7.—The secretary of the treasury has purchased $90,000 short four bonds at $1,136,392.

UPWARD

Went Northern Pacific In Wall Street.

Advance of Twenty-Two Points Recorded.

New York, May 7.—Excitement continued in the stock market this morning and prices started off with an upward rush, as though the reaction of yesterday afternoon and the flurry in call money were to be ignored. Even the declines in London had no effect in discouraging buyers of stocks from all parts of the country. The market soon took on a ragged appearance and became feverish. The buying demand was palpably less comprehensive early than for some time past. For one thing there was no prominent movement such as has furnished the sensation of the market on each day for some time past. The influence of yesterday's successfully rocket movement in Northern Pacific was still perceivable in an advance of 2¼ points in that stock. Union Pacific sold at 128 to 127 on opening sales of 25,000 shares, an extreme advance of 3⅝. Canadian Pacific rose 4¾-points and Sugar 3⅛. The Pacifics, grangers, Southwesterns and coalers continued the conspicuous feature.

But a break of 2¾ in St. Paul, 4 points in Atchison, 2½ in Union Pacific and the heaviness of United States Steel stocks checked the bull movement and the market quieted down. Northern Pacific, Canadian Pacific and Sugar showed good resistance to the decline.

Later in the day Northern Pacific repeated some of the spectacular performances of yesterday, rising by leaps and bounds to 145, an extreme advance of 17½, which was the exact amount of yesterday's net gain in the stock. After a relapse of 5 points it again rose to near 149. The preferred stock also moved today, rising 10½. Canadian Pacific rose 7¼, Union Pacific 6¼ and Rock Island 5. The general market was not stirred to animation at any time by these extraordinary special movements, and, with the dealings in Northern Pacific and Union Pacific subtracted, the market would be almost normal. The speculative liquidation held not a few stocks below last night's level.

It is reported on good authority that a member of the Duluth board of trade cleaned up $17,000 by the rise in Northern Pacific today.

STRIKES TO BE AVOIDED

Committee on Arbitration and Conciliation Will Report a Plan Which It Is Expected Will Avoid Labor Troubles.

New York, May 7.—The national joint committee on arbitration and conciliation, appointed at the meeting of the National Civic Federation in Chicago in December last, for the consideration of means for the relief and avoidance of labor troubles, met here today to hear the report of the sub-committee, appointed to consider the plan and scope of the work. The members of the sub-committee are Herman Justi, commissioner from the Illinois coal operators; John Mitchell, president of the United Mine Workers; E. B. Kenna, vice president of the Santa Fe railroad; F. P. Sargent, of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, and F. D. Driscoll, commissioner from the American Publishers' association. A. C. Bartlett, of Chicago, a member of the Metal Workers' association, was made temporary chairman, and R. M. Easley, Chicago, was appointed secretary. The report of the sub-committee was not made public. In it were plans for the carrying on of the work.

A permanent organization will be affected and headquarters established both in Chicago and New York.

IS GILBERT A HERETIC?

The Directors of the Chicago Theological Seminary Are to Decide Whether His Books Contain Heretical Paragraphs.

Chicago, May 7.—Directors of the Chicago theological seminary, who are to decide whether the books of the Rev. Dr. George H. Gilbert are heretical, began a three days' session here today. Over a year ago it was charged that one of Dr. Gilbert's books contains paragraphs that are heretical. Dr. Gilbert, then a professor in the Chicago theological seminary, declared that he should not be judged on the teachings of that volume, as there remained another volume to complete the system of teaching which he had advanced. He was given a year's leave of absence to work on the second volume. Advance sheets of this book are now in the hands of the directors. Doctors of the seminary reside in various cities of Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado, Indiana and the Dakotas. E. W. Blatchford, president of the board, is in Europe. Some of the members will not arrive till tomorrow, which was one of the reasons for postponing the case while matters of routine received attention. Dr. Gilbert is at Dorset, Vt.

APPROVED BY CHINESE

They Are In Favor of Movement Inaugurated By the United States Looking to Extensive Opening of China.

Washington, May 7.—It has developed that the movement for the extensive opening of China to foreign trade and commerce has the active approval not only of the United States and several other leading powers, but also of Chinese officials. About the only doubt as to the formal imposition of China is that caused by the empress dowager's recent creation of a council of state. How far this council will have authority to check the action of the peace plenipotentiaries is not yet clear, but the negotiations are proceeding with the prospect of uniting the various branches of Chinese authority in the support of the present plan. The attitude of Russia also is the source of some solicitude, although the negotiations are being so framed as to obviate any objection which Russia might raise if the opening of commerce were to apply principally to Manchuria.

BOUNDARY

Of Alaska Troubles the Dominion House of Commons.

Ottawa, Ont., May 7.—The house of commons discussed the Manitoba government bill until 3:30 o'clock this morning, when it divided on an amendment to send the bill back to the Manitoba legislature. It was lost, 6 for and 80 against. The bill had reached the committee stage when the house adjourned.

Col. Prior of Victoria during the evening complained that a map of the Dominion shown at the Paris fair gave the Alaska boundary, as contended for by the United States. He hoped it would not be sent to Glasgow. The point which Mr. Prior complained of was at Clarence channel. Sir Wilfrid Laurier, the premier, in reply, said that Canada claimed that the boundary ran up the Clarence channel. The treaty said in so many words the Portland canal, but there was a difference of opinion between the Americans and Canadians as to where that channel was. Canada claimed it was west of Pearse island. Americans claimed it was Observatory inlet.

BASIN SCORCHED.

Business Portion of Montana Town Destroyed.

St. Paul, May 7.—A Helena, Mont., special to the Dispatch says: Fire at 3:30 this morning destroyed eight buildings in the business portion of Basin, Carlson's saloon alone escaping. It was thought for a time the entire town would be destroyed, but this was prevented by heroic efforts of the volunteer fire department. The amount of the loss is unknown.

BRICKMAKERS' STRIKE.

St. Louis, May 7.—Between 700 and 800 employes of brick and tile manufacturing firms in St. Louis struck today for an advance of 10 per cent.

TO RULE THE SEAS

The Morgan Syndicate Reaches Out For Red Star Line.

England Sees Her Much Vaunted Supremacy Seriously Threatened.

Americans Are In the Trans-Atlantic Trade to Stay.

London, May 7.—Simultaneously with today's meeting of the Leyland line shareholders to vote upon the agreement with J. Pierpont Morgan, comes a confirmation of the statement that the Morgans are about to acquire the Red Star line as well as the Atlantic Transport line.

The Leyland line shareholders unanimously confirmed the Morgan-Ellerman agreement.

After Mr. Mattinson, who presided at the Leyland line meeting, had explained the terms of the contract, Mr. Ellerman, chairman of the line, set forth his views on the trans-Atlantic trade. He said the outlook was not promising for British shipowners, in view of the large American tonnage building, the prospects of the return to that trade of vessels now diverted to South Africa, and the probability of an American subsidy. He did not believe parliament would inflict countervailing duties on subsidized American vessels. Mr. Morgan's railroad and manufacturing interests would enable to make the purchase of the line profitable.

Mr. Ellerman severely criticised the antiquated British navigation laws, which put British vessels at an increasing disadvantage in competing with foreigners.

Mr. Mattinson said the Americans were evidently in the trans-Atlantic trade to stay. Trade does not follow the flag; it follows capital. The conditions favor their success. The fact that the purchase has been proposed is a warning to Great Britain to revise the navigation regulations, which threaten her supremacy.

The American line officials here deny the report that Mr. Morgan has acquired the Red Star line.

New York, May 7.—James A. Wright, second vice president of the International Navigation company, was shown the dispatch of the Association from London referring to the reiterated report that Mr. Morgan was about to acquire the Red Star line. He said:

"I have nothing to say, the statement has been contradicted before. I know nothing about it."

KEPT BUSY.

Shamrock II Had No Snap In Trials With Her Predecessor.

Southampton, May 7.—The Shamrock II lay at her moorings today to allow her crew to tauten her rigging, stretched by her recent spins, and alter her running gear. The main sail is not considered quite satisfactory and Ratsey has been ordered to supply another which probably will be used the next time the yacht goes out. It is not likely, therefore, that they will race tomorrow. Mr Fife is expected to assume charge of the Shamrock Wednesday.

Capts. Sycamore and Wringe speak highly of the new boat, but Sycamore is still cautious He says it would be a mistake to make too much of a day's sailing like yesterday, when nothing was intended but an informal trial on different points, and it is probable that neither of the boats was sent along at full stretch.

From Capt. Sycamore's remarks it is gathered that he considered the cup challenger had a good deal in hand most of the day.

OOM PAUL

Would Be Received Most Courteously If He Came Over.

New York, May 7.—The denial in positive terms in official circles that the president stated to anybody claiming to represent Oom Paul Kruger that he would not receive him at the White House was made in a way, says a Washington special to the Tribune, which seems to indicate that the president has been communicated with on this subject since he left Washington, and desired it to become known that he is being misrepresented in this matter. In point of fact, various persons authorized to speak for the president declare that on more than one occasion, when the subject has been referred to in his presence, the president has said that he would be glad to receive Mr. Kruger on the same terms and with the same hospitality as he receives other distinguished foreigners. This could be done without compromising the government in any way. It is pointed out that when the Boer envoys were in Washington, a year ago, they were treated with marked courtesy and consideration by the president and every member of his cabinet with whom they came in contact. It is further pointed out that if ex-President Kruger comes here he will appear in a strictly private capacity, not being invested even with the official character with which the Boer envoys were clothed, and that, therefore, the president would have no possible reason for refusing to meet him.

SNOW IN ENGLAND.

London, May 7.—There was a heavy fall of snow in North Derbyshire and Dartmoor today, endangering the spring crops. The change from the almost tropical heat of the past month is most marked, and promises to continue for some time.

PAROLE

Prison Managers Favor Younger Brothers.

Needs Approval of State Pardon Board.

St. Paul, May 7.—At a regular meeting of the board of managers of the state prison today, at Stillwater, unanimous action was taken in favor of paroling the Younger brothers, now serving life sentences. Before the parole can be effective, all three members of the state pardon board must approve it, and the action will be submitted to that body as soon as possible. This is in accordance with provisions of the new parole law, which allows parole of life prisoners after about twenty-four years' imprisonment, being thirty-five years less time gained by good behavior. Paroles are usually granted by the prison managers alone, but in the case of life prisoners unanimous approval of the board of pardons is also necessary, and such paroled life prisoners cannot leave the state.

The pardon board does not meet regularly until in July, but a special meeting may be called if the members of the board consider one necessary.

CLEAN OFFER OF CANAL

Panama Company Makes a Proposition to the United States to Sell the Panama Canal on Terms Most Reasonable.

New York, May 7.—In order to remove the objection raised by the isthmian canal commission, the Panama Canal company, with the approval of the Colombian government, says the Washington correspondent of the Herald has announced the terms upon which it will sell the Panama canal to the United States. The letter containing its proposition was submitted to Rear Admiral Walker, chairman of the commission, by Dr. Martinez Silva, Colombian minister.

No price is set by the company for its property and franchises. It suggests the appointment of appraisers, one by the United States and one by the company, these two appraisers to select a third, the estimate of the board thus formed to be final. No conditions whatever are attached to the proposal. It is a clean offer, and it is expected by advocates of the Panama canal route that it will have an important effect upon the final recommendations of the commission.

New York, May 7.—The Tribune says: It is understood that engineers who have been making test borings and surveys for a route for the Nicaragua canal, some of whom have just arrived here from Greytown in charge of H. F. Dose, division superintendent; Chief Engineer J. Imbrie Miller, Mr. Reardon, superintendent of borings, and about twenty assistants, the last of the party being expected here in about two weeks in the steamer Alene, believe that a canal across Nicaragua, costing less than $250,000,000, is feasible. The work would include about fifty miles of embankment and cutting on the east side, the building of a 110-foot dam and a rock cut out of eighteen miles, from Lake Nicaragua to the Pacific ocean. The total length of the route is 181 miles. The highest ridge which it would be necessary to cut through is slightly more than 300 feet high. Great care has been taken to avoid sand.

The work of the commission, of which the surveying for a Nicaraguan canal was a part, included the investigation of the country at Darien, and a reinvestigation of the Panama route. It was not found feasible to build a canal at Darien owing to the mountains. The lowest gaps were the Caladoni, longitude 77:42:43, latitude 9:0:00, with an elevation of 678 feet and Sarside gap, longitude 77:50:63, latitude 8:55:09, 1096 feet above sea level.

A route for a canal with three possible terminals at Greytown was surveyed.

THESE PEOPLE WALK

Strike of One Thousand Traction Employes Has Tied Up Street Car Lines In Five New York Cities.

Albany, N. Y., May 7.—The employes of the United Traction company, which operates the street surface car lines in Albany, Troy, Cohoes, Watervliet and Rensselaer, went on strike at 4 o'clock this morning. The car lines in the five cities are completely tied up.

The strike was wholly unexpected by the public. The men want complete recognition of the Amalgamated Association of Street Railway Employes and the discharge of seven non-union men employed by the company. They also want extra men paid the same rate per hour as regular men. A modification of the duties of conductors relative to the registration of inspectors is also required. The strikers, who number about 1000, are orderly. All sorts of conveyances are being used for transit purposes.

SETTLED IN A NEW WAY

Principals In Labor Difficulty Could Not Agree and They Named a Master Who Adjusted Matters Satisfactorily.

Boston, May 7.—A new method of settling a labor difficulty when the principals could not agree, adopted by Bricklayers' union, No. 3, this city, and the Mason Builders' association, when they named a master to consider questions at issue and make a decision which both parties should accept, has brought a satisfactory result. Charles Francis Adams, second, was the judge named, and he has decided that the bricklayers shall have an advance in wages from 45 to 47 cents per hour, beginning May 15.

Acting in accordance with its annual custom, committees of Bricklayers' union, No. 3, and the Mason Building association, met in March to arrange a code of working rules and hours for 1901. The representatives of the union asked that the wages be advanced to 50 cents per hour. The employers contended that business conditions would not warrant them in paying more than 45 cents. This disagreement has now been adjusted by the decision of Mr. Adams.

PRISONERS.

Rapid Preparations at Darrell's Island to Receive the Boers.

Hamilton, Bermuda, Wednesday, May 1.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—A number of Boer prisoners are reported to have sailed for Bermuda April 29, with a white regiment to guard them.

Working parties of soldiers are rapidly clearing sites at Darrell's island for the erection of buildings and large tanks to hold water. The lack of water is likely to be a serious matter, as there are no streams on the island and the only drinking water is rain water caught on the roofs and run by stone or wooden gutters into stone tanks adjoining the houses.

The naval authorities at the dockyards when asked how much water they could furnish replied "not a gallon."

The white regiment will be quartered at Prospect and the black regiment will be sent to St. Georges.

NEW POSTMASTER.

Washington, May 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—I. H. Williams has been appointed postmaster at Brook Park, Pine county, vice Alexander Berg, resigned.

A patent for a harvester has been issued to Daniel T. Denton, of Lakeview.

TO HOLD MEETING.

San Francisco, May 7.—About fifty freight officials of the railroads west of Chicago will arrive at Monterey today to hold an important meeting, which will last through the remainder of the week. They constitute the Western classification committee, and their work will be the revision of the so-called Western classification of freight.

HENRY SCADDING DEAD.

Toronto, May 7.—The Rev. Henry Scadding, D. D., cantab historian and antiquarian, and one of the best known men in Canada, is dead, aged 88.

ITCHING LIMBS

And all Forms of Itching, Scaly Humors are Instantly Relieved and Speedily Cured by CUTICURA.

Complete Treatment, $1.25, consisting of CUTICURA SOAP (25c.), to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle; CUTICURA OINTMENT (50c.), to instantly allay itching, irritation, and inflammation, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT (50c.), to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring skin, scalp, and blood humors, rashes, and irritations, with loss of hair, when physicians, hospitals, and all else fail. Sold throughout the world. POTTER DRUG & CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A.

MILLIONS OF WOMEN USE CUTICURA SOAP

Assisted by CUTICURA OINTMENT, the great skin cure, for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and healing red, rough, and sore hands, for baby rashes, itchings, and chafings, in the form of baths for annoying irritations, inflammations, and excoriations, or too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, for many sanative, antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women, especially mothers, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. No other *medicated* soap is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands. No other foreign or domestic *toilet* soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Thus it combines in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, viz., TWENTY-FIVE CENTS, the BEST skin and complexion soap and the BEST toilet and baby soap in the world.

AT WEST DULUTH

News was received in the city last evening announcing the death at Fargo, N. D., of Mrs. James D. Park from cancer of the stomach. Mrs. Park has been a sufferer for a long time, and her death, while expected at any time, was peaceful, four of her children, Mrs. Tarbell, Mrs. Fred Warren and Miss Edna Park, of Fargo, and Edward Park and Mrs. J. D. Park, of this city, being at her bedside when death came. James Park, her husband, arrived here from Fargo yesterday, but will return this evening. A. T. Park, county superintendent of schools, and Dr. J. D. Park, sons of the decedent, residing in this city, leave for Fargo with their father today. The funeral will be held at Fargo, Mrs. Park's old home, where the interment will take place.

MARRIED AT SUPERIOR.

Two well-known West Duluth young people, J. H. Cook, a flier at one of the mills, residing on Thirty-ninth avenue west, and Miss Anna Nelson, of Fifty-third avenue west, thought to surprise their friends by slipping over to West Superior yesterday and getting married on the quiet, but there was a friend on the street car on which they rode over the bay who surmised what was up, and when the bridal couple attended the social entertainment of the Modern Samaritans at the Odd Fellows' hall last evening they were met with the congratulations of their many friends. William Cook, a brother of the groom, acted as best man, and Miss Minnie Nelson, a sister of the bride, was the bridesmaid.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Two of the Barker dredges are at work in the channel of the St. Louis river. The hydraulic dredge is nearly opposite Zenith park and is piling up large quantities of sand on the Minnesota side. The other dredge is working in the river near West Duluth.

Fred G. Rix, of West Duluth, while out hunting a few days ago, had the misfortune to sprain his ankle. He was some distance from home and the journey back was a very painful one. The injury will lay him up some days.

Companion court, No. 228, of Lady Foresters had a very enjoyable session last evening. After the initiation of five candidates a social time followed during which refreshments were served.

Charles Perry will be given a benefit dance at the Great Eastern hall tonight.

The Modern Samaritans held another of their delightful ladies' night social sessions last evening at the Odd Fellow's hall, and there was a large attendance. Music and dancing, followed by refreshments were the entertaining features of the evening.

John Thompson will leave this afternoon for Ada, Minn., where he will be employed in a sawmill.

A boy has been born to Mr. and Mrs. James Simpson, of Fifty-seventh avenue west.

Mr. and Mrs. L. T. Olund, of Sixtieth avenue west and Wadena street, are rejoicing over the arrival of a little daughter.

A new boy has come to gladden the home of Mr. and Mrs. Elmer E. Doan, of 505 Fifty-seventh avenue west.

Arrangements are completed for a grand ball in the match factory this evening. A new maple floor has been put in and the dancing space is greater than in any other building in the city. It is expected that there will be a big crowd present.

Esther M. Lyberek, the 6-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Lyberek, of 5111 Wadena street, died yesterday afternoon of pneumonia.

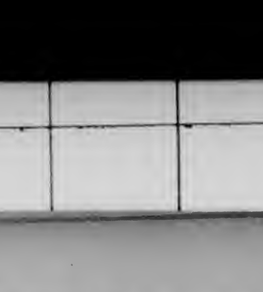
Policeman Chris Johnson gathered in yesterday afternoon an embryo citizen who was out taking a stroll and had lost his bearings. He was the 2-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. B. Scanlon, of Fifty-first avenue west, and his parents were given quite a scare.

Peter Olson, deputy grand master of the A. O. U. W., who has been working in the interest of the order at West Duluth, has returned to St. Paul.

Miss Meta Krakenberger, Miss Margaret Fink, August Hickey and Steven Krakenberger, drove out to Cloquet for a visit on Sunday.

The meeting of the 'longshoremen last night resulted in the election of all the old officers, who are: Gordon O'Neill, president; Moses LeFevre, vice president, and T. J. Ultican, secretary. The following trustees were elected to serve a year: Patrick McGraw, John Brennan and Frank Cox. Gordon O'Neill and T. J. Ultican will represent the union at the international convention in Toledo in July. The first two lumber boats were loaded at West Duluth yesterday, and another will be finished today.

The council took action by resolution last evening directing the board of public works to examine the bridges on Oneota street and report their condition at the next meeting. The resolution was introduced by Alderman Barnes, as there has been complaint from the people that travel the route on the street cars and by whom the bridge are regarded as unsafe.



A SURE WINNER

is the Crescent Bicycle. It wins the races, wins your approval and admiration and wins customers for us. Crescents are sure winners for everybody. Latest appliances of all kinds, such as Dunlop tires, coaster brake and cushion frame. Get a Crescent and you will get your money's worth. They are $25, $35 and $50.

WIELAND & WADE,

Dealers in Reliable Bicycles

Duluth Store, 323 West First Street.

West Duluth Store, 317 Central Avenue.

Templars Install Officers.

At the regular meeting of Duluth lodge No. 37, I. O. G. T. held last evening in Masonic hall, the following officers were installed for the ensuing quarter: Past chief templar, Mrs. White; chief templar, H. E. Clutterham; vice templar, Ida Bell; recording secretary, Ira B. Jones; financial secretary, L. Bain; treasurer, Mrs. Simpson; marshal, Abner Bain; chaplain, G. Bain; superintendent of juvenile templars, Miss R. Bartlett; guard, Charity Jones; sentinel, Miss Shook; assistant secretary, Miss McIveen; deputy marshal, Elize Bell; lodge deputy, Mrs. J. B. Jones.

Celebrating a Birthday.

Enjoying robust health, and receiving hearty congratulations of many friends, Capt. J. W. Miller, secretary of the health department, is celebrating his 70th birthday today. He was born in Boston, Mass., when that city was not as large as Duluth is at present. His earliest recollection is that he was being driven down into the hold of a vessel by the man at the wheel, and for about thirty-two years he followed the sea. About thirty years ago he came to Duluth, and his knowledge of marine matters, as well as his acquaintance with men of influence, has been of great service to this city on several occasions.

All early, premature wrinkles nourished away, the skin made youthful by Satin-Skin Cream. 25c. Leading stores.

William Asher, of Chicago, who recently accepted a position with the Duluth Bethel association, arrived in the city yesterday and has entered upon his duties as assistant to Mr. Robel, general superintendent.

"MOTHERHOOD"

A Book for Girls and Women **SENT FREE**

IT tells plain facts that everyone of the gentler sex ought to know. Its common sense advice saves pain, trouble and anxiety. One or more copies sent upon request, to one person or to different addresses. If the readers of this announcement know of expectant mothers, they will do them a great favor by having this book sent to them. Address the publishers,

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

HAS NOT DECIDED

R. S. Lerch Is Considering Suing the City.

Matter Is Now In the Hands of His Attorney.

Claims Damages By Reason of Making a Lease.

It is reported today that R. S. Lerch may sue the city for damages owing to the council's action last night in revoking the permission granted him for the removal of his big frame livery stable on West First street.

Mr. Lerch's present lease has expired, and he has been ordered off the premises to make way for a new brick building, to be occupied by Bayha & Co. He secured a lease for ten years on a piece of property on the lower side of First street, near Second avenue west, and secured permission to move his frame barn on the new site. Superior street property owners objected, claiming that it would raise insurance rates for the block considerably over $5500 a year. The council then revoked the permission, and Mr. Lerch claims that the city is preventing him from carrying out the terms of his new lease, thereby making him liable in the sum of about $9000.

When seen this morning he did not know what steps would be taken, but said the matter was in the hands of his attorney, and he thought he had a case for damages against the city.

If You Have Rheumatism

Send no money, but write Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis., Box 94, for six bottles of Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Cure, express paid. If cured pay $5.00. If not it is free

THE HONOLULU QUEEN.

Is Captured In Hot Weather Attire.

High art flourished down on Paradise alley last night. It might have made tremendous strides along that highway of culture, but for police interference. A dusky soubrette whose Junoesque proportions were held in fickle eclipse by gauzy garments, insisted on posing as "Hamgoryad Tinkling a Pebble Stroll." The significance of the subject is a trifle obscure, but the police say it is indicative of extraordinary mythological erudition. Anyway the alley fell into a delightful stupor as heavy and lethargic as that produced by a prolonged and steady diet of hasheesh.

When an officer reached the scene the dusky person was doing a fire dance with the evident intention of making a human conflagration of herself. The officer stopped the dance and hurried her to headquarters where he rushed her in unannounced. In a moment there was wild confusion.

"Help! Help!" frantically shrieked a plain clothes man as a startling apparition bearing a close family resemblance to Lady Godiva, minus her steed, suddenly loomed up in front of his desk.

Several officers heard the outcry and dropping their work rushed to the rescue. Throwing open the door they found the abashed plain clothes man covering his blushing countenance with protecting hands. For one fleeting moment the modest policeman gazed upon the Edenic vision there emitting a yell wildly tried to scramble under the desk.

The woman gave her name as "The Honolulu Queen" and seemed to be under the impression that she had been engaged to pose in a series of pictures that were in a way classes and artistic, but which the police failed to appreciate.

A friend put up $12 bail for her appearance in police court this morning but when the court officer called for the "Honolulu Queen" three times and she did not respond, the bail money was declared forfeited.

Chorus Rehearsal

For May Musical Festival will be held in basement of St. Paul's Episcopal church, Thursday evening, 8:15 sharp.

WANTS MORE.

Pitcher Revoyr Not Yet Signed---A Raise Offered.

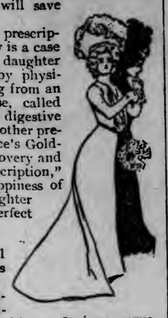
Word was received from Jack Revoyr yesterday to the effect that the Marshfield, Wis., team had made him as good an offer as Duluth, and that on account of his relatives living there he preferred playing in the Wisconsin State league this season. Manager Hansell immediately wired the crack French-Canadian twirler that he would give him a material raise, and those who know Revoyr best say that he may sign.

The statement that L. M. Legg the old Duluth catcher, "will endeavor to do what others have failed to do," namely, organize the Northwestern league, is the Mount St. Elias of sidesplitting buffoonery. Mr. Legg is not aware of the fact that the Northwestern league practically exists. The Duluth, Superior and Ashland teams of the 4-club circuit are now well organized, and the league will be perfected as soon as the present tangle in the Ironwood-Hurley combination is straightened out.

It would certainly seem absurd for a person, unless heavily backed, to come in here and attempt to organize another league when leases are now held on all available grounds and when it takes the closest calculation for any of the proposed towns to support one team. When all these things are taken into consideration, there seems but one explanation for the statement regarding Mr. Legg's proposed league—some person has been smoking a pipe.

Old-time baseball men are glad to welcome the return of one of the best players of the pennant-winning team of 1886, and many would like to see him on the team this year. When Mr. Legg applied to Manager Hansell for a position on the team last night, he was recommended to Manager Tom Patterson of the Eveleth-Virginia combination, which, while not in the proposed league circuit, will be one of the fastest teams in this part of the state during the coming season.

Doctors not seldom give up a case, but a mother never does. While life lasts, while there is a spark of vitality which love's labor may fan into a flame, she toils untiringly for the child she brought into the world. And sometimes where the doctors fail the mother succeeds. She has no prejudices. Any means she will use which will save her child.



The mother's prescription given below is a case in point. Her daughter was given up by physicians as suffering from an incurable disease, called "wasting of the digestive organs." The mother prescribed Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and "Favorite Prescription," and had the happiness of seeing her daughter restored to perfect health.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. It is a nerve-nourishing, flesh-forming medicine—making new blood and new life.

"Golden Medical Discovery" contains no alcohol and it is absolutely free from opium, cocaine and all other narcotics. It is a true temperance medicine.

"My sister (of Arlington, Washington Co., Nebr.,) was taken very sick and had several doctors," writes Mrs. C. L. Harrison, of Elk City, Douglas Co., Nebr. They could not do her any good, and told my mother they would not come any more, as no doctor could help her, that she could not get well. She had 'wasting of the digestive organs.' My mother said to my sister: 'Well, I almost know that Dr. Pierce's medicines will cure her.' So she bought six bottles—three of 'Golden Medical Discovery' three of 'Favorite Prescription,' and some of the 'Pellets;' and now my sister is a well woman.

"We thank you for your medicine."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, in paper covers, is sent *free* on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

THE COUNTY BOARD.

May Meeting Is In Progress Today.

The May meeting of the board of county commissioners, with Neil McInnes and R. F. Berdie sitting for the first time as county commissioners from the Mesaba range, began at 2 o'clock this afternoon. There was nothing out of the ordinary to come up, though it was expected that there would be a large number of petitions for roads.

Judge of Probate Bonham reported receipts of fees amounting to $15.50 in his office during the month.

A. P. Cook made his last report as superintendent of poor, showing disbursements of $1639.87 for the poor during the month, divided as follows: Provisions, $322.25; fuel, $19.75; clothing, $4; burials, $135.82; transportation, $97.25; poor farm, $520.34; care of sick, $404.32; miscellaneous, $136.14.

Register of Deeds Lofgren reported earnings of $912.20 in his office, and Clerk of Courts Johnson reported earnings of $2899.40.

ECZEMA; NO CURE NO PAY.

Your druggist will refund your money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure Ringworm, Tetter, Old Ulcers and Sores, Pimples and Blackheads on the face, Itching Humors, Dandruff and all Skin Diseases no matter of how long standing. Price 50c. If your druggist should fail to have it send us 50c in postage stamps and we will forward same by mail, and at any time you notify us that the cure was not satisfactory we will promptly return your money. Your druggist will tell you that we are reliable, as our LAXATIVE BROMO-QUININE Tablets, which have a national reputation for colds, are handled by all druggists. Address PARIS MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, Mo.

THE DISTRICT COURT.

Street Railway Case Is On Trial.

One case in district court went to the jury this morning, that of Koehler & Henrich against Hans Juveland. The jury took the case shortly after 11 o'clock, and it was still out this afternoon.

Judge Dibell then took up the case of George Sheets against the Duluth-Superior Traction company, a suit to recover damages for injured feelings. Sheets complains that he was put off a street car in the West End, and he asks $1000 damages for that indignity. D. M. Devore is his attorney, and Greene & Wood appear for the company.

In room No. 1 the case of Samuel Hilbury against Mitchell & McClure was still on trial, and in room No. 2 the case of Paul J. Crowe against A. E. Wolvin was near its end. Practically all of the testimony was in, though the defense did not rest at noon, reserving that until afternoon in case it should seem desirable to introduce any more testimony.

Is Nearly Paid For.

The recent change in the water piping in the county jail, by which a lot of waste piping that held the water until it grew warm was done away with, has already shown its effect in the water bills for the jail. The change was made about April 10, the April water bill is $17 as against $30 for the month before. It is thought that a full month will show the bill cut in two. The scheme originated with Commissioner Patterson. Two months' saving will pay the cost of the change, and the rest will be profit.

FAMILY POISONED.

Refrigerated Chicken Was the Cause of Trouble.

St. Paul, May 7.—A special to the Dispatch from Great Falls, Mont., says: A family of six persons, consisting of Mrs. L. Bergman and four children, beside William Craig, a border, was poisoned last night by eating refrigerated chicken. All were taken sick during the night, and it was long after daylight before one of them was able to summon assistance. Dr. Bradley was then called and his timely arrival probably saved them all from death. He administered antidotes, and all are now pronounced out of danger.

SCHLEY IN ENGLAND.

Washington, May 7.—Rear Admiral Schley, who arrived yesterday at Southampton on his way home from the South Atlantic station, has cabled the navy department a request that he be allowed to stop ten days in England, and this request has been granted.

After Dinner

To assist digestion, relieve distress after eating or drinking too heartily, to prevent constipation, take

Hood's Pills

Sold everywhere. 25 cents.

FINALLY DROPPED

Grand Jury Decides Not to Investigate the Saloons.

Vote Was Twelve to Six Against Doing It.

Three Delinquent Jurors Are Brought Into Court.

The grand jury adjourned at noon today without making any public investigation, and it was discharged by Judge Cant.

The disposition to make an investigation was there, however. Some of the jurors wanted to go into the rumor some of them had heard that the saloons of the city have not been scrupulous in their observance of the laws regulating the hours at which they shall keep open. Some evidence was heard on the matter, several witnesses appearing, and then the jury passed it up, voting not to continue with the investigation by a ballot of 12 against and 6 for.

One indictment was returned, against Charles Swanson, who is accused of forgery in the second degree. The grand jury alleges that on Feb. 23, in Duluth, he forged the endorsement of W. Murray on a check for $54.50 and cashed it.

Yesterday afternoon T. M. James, accused of grand larceny in the second degree, pleaded not guilty. This morning Thomas Kimmey, indicted for grand larceny in the first degree, withdrew his plea of not guilty and pleaded guilty to grand larceny in the second degree with the consent of the county attorney.

In two cases that were pending the grand jury took no action whatever, neither finding an indictment nor reporting "no bill." This was because the witnesses against them have disappeared. Some arrangement will probably be made with the court for their release.

THEY HAD EXCUSES.

Negligent Jurors Are Brought Into Court.

The three jurors who failed to appear in district court yesterday morning, and for whom attachments for contempt of court were issued, were all brought in by the sheriff this morning.

James McGregor had a legal excuse for not serving, but because he did not report to the court and get excused regularly, he was fined the costs of the issuance of the attachments, $2.90, and then he was excused from service.

C. H. Hocker got a little mixed on the courts. He obeyed his summons all right, but instead of going to the court house he went down to the municipal court and sat around all the morning waiting for his name to be called. He was not fined.

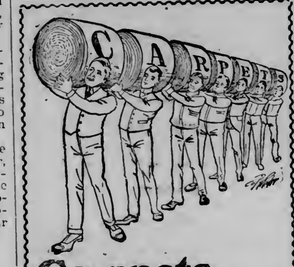
Henry Moberg was the third juror, and he had been in the woods for some time. The summons was served on a member of his family, and his wife wrote him about it. He did not get the letter, he said, until yesterday. He did not come this morning, however, until a deputy sheriff brought him, so while Judge Cant took his matter under advisement it is likely that he will have to pay the expense of his arrest.

KENDALL BURNED.

Rochester, N. Y., May 7.—The little village of Kendall located on the Rome, Watertown & Ogdensburg railroad, near Lake Ontario, was almost completely destroyed by fire last night. Only two business places were left standing. The loss will aggregate nearly $40,000.

Watch Out for our famous Red Box Trade Mark which absolutely guarantees a perfect smoke

WINECKE AND DOERR'S
RED BOX
GUARANTEES QUALITY
When you see the above trade mark on a box of cigars you know they're good
Progressive dealers handle our Cigars



Carpets and Rugs

To Suit Both the Eye and the Pocketbook.

GRANITES—in all colors—per yard	38c
INGRAINS—half wool—per yard	50c
INGRAINS—all wool—per yard	65c to 90c
PRO-BRUSSELS—3-ply—best-grade—in a large variety of patterns—per yard	98c
TAPESTRIES—per yard	$1.15
SMYRNA AND VELVET RUGS from	$1.00 to $50.00

Gately Supply Co

8 E. Superior St.

Cash or Credit.

The Edge of Your Skirt

is always in sight whether you are walking, standing, sitting, stepping into a carriage or on a street car—whatever you are doing, every one can see the edge of your skirt.

The edge of your skirt is conspicuous just as your hat and gloves are conspicuous.

It is equally necessary that it should have that same refinement and elegance of appearance.

If the binding on the edge of the skirt is S. H. & M. Binding, it will have that elegance.

The finish that S. H. & M. Binding gives is not only elegant—it is also permanent.

To be sure of always getting S. H. & M. look for the trade mark on the back of every yard or on the label of every piece you buy.

AT ALL DRY GOODS STORES.

S·H·&M·

REGISTERED TRADE MARK

SKIRT BINDINGS

PANTON & WHITE THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE DULUTH, MINN.

Freimuth's

The Puzzling Carpet Questions

Are easiest solved by coming here, for we're prepared to please you with a greater variety of makes and designs than you'll see elsewhere—our Carpets are from reputable makers only—at absolutely the lowest prices consistent with high quality. Come here first, or better still, come here after you've looked around, but don't deny yourself the pleasure of seeing this magnificent assortment.

60c Tapestry Brussels Carpets at	47½c
65c Extra heavy All-wool Ingrains	50c
85c Extra heavy Tapestry Brussels	65c
$1.25 Extra quality Velvets, without borders—at	$1.00
$1.50 Extra quality, 5-frame Body Brussels, good patterns	$1.25

About some of the New **Parasols and Sunshades....**

"Fashionable French women declare that the parasol is as necessary an adjunct to a summer toilet as the hat."

The second shipment of these airy beauties has just arrived. It includes all the latest shapes, colorings and many novel ideas in trimmings, silks and handles—for carriage or street use.

We might call special attention to the Military and Empress styles, as well as to the hand-embroidered and Panne Velvet, Appliqued effects on plain, hemstitched and tucked silks.

But they're all ready for show tomorrow—will you stop and see them? They're just inside the west door—all prices and styles from **$1. to $20**—with an unusually strong showing at **$6, $5, $4.50 and $3.50.**

***Fans** for all occasions*

For Graduation Gowns—for Party and Evening Toilets.....

Here's a fan of finest lace and gauze — with beautiful ivory sticks, delicately carved by the clever Japanese—a fitting compliment for a most fetching summer gown—or here's a plain one of strong gauze on pretty sticks of enameled wood, that will stir up a breeze on the sultriest day, and between fine lace one and the other is an exceptional variety of styles and prices—with extra values at **50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $1.85, $2.00, $2.50 and $3 50.**

At Art Counter—in Center Aisle.

ORDER FOR HEARING PROOF OF FOREIGN WILL.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

In Probate Court, General Term, May 6th, 1901.

In the Matter of the Estate of John Marshall Williams, Deceased:

Whereas, certain writings purporting to be duly authenticated copies of the last will and testament of John Marshall Williams, late of Santa Clara County, state of California, deceased, and the probate thereof in the probate court of Cook County, state of Illinois, have been delivered to this court;

And whereas, Lucien M. Williams, Nathan W. Williams and Parke E. Simmons, executors named in said will of John Marshall Williams, deceased, have filed therewith their petition, representing among other things that said John Marshall Williams lately died at Mountain View, Santa Clara County, state of California, testate, possessed of certain real estate, situated in the counties of St. Louis, Lake, Cook and Itasca, in the state of Minnesota, and that said petitioners are the executors named in said will, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be to them, said petitioners, issued thereon;

It is ordered, that the proofs of said instrument, and the said petition, be heard before this court, at the probate office, in said county, on the 3rd day of June, A. D. 1901, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when all persons interested may appear for or contest the probate of said instrument;

And it is further ordered, that notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 6th day of May, A. D. 1901.

By the Court,
W. C. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, May-7-14-21-1901.

CHOPPING OFF HEADS

Railroad Commission Expected to Get at It Soon.

Willcuts and Halden Were Not at the Meeting.

The St. Paul Report Incorrect---Many Applicants For Places.

Somebody at St. Paul is making history out of his own mind and not adhering to facts very closely. The St. Paul Dispatch last evening said that L. M. Willcuts, J. P. Johnson, G. F. Stevens and O. Halden, of Duluth, were at the meeting of the state board of railroad and warehouse commissioners at St. Paul yesterday and the item was telegraphed to the morning paper here and published today. One-half of it was true. L. M. Willcuts was not out of Duluth yesterday and neither was O. Halden. J. P. Johnson and G. F. Stevens were there. Auditor Halden was busy in Duluth most of yesterday with the forfeited tax sale.

The two men who went down appeared in the interest of certain applicants for offices in the inspection and weighing departments at Duluth. The board of railroad and warehouse commissioners is showing signs of getting at the work of chopping off the heads of the fusionists who have been holding office for the past two years or thereabout. In the meantime all the applicants smile and look expectant. Later on there will be about one smile to a dozen faces shrouded in gloom for only about one out of every dozen candidates for positions can be satisfied so great does the general opinion seem to be that public office is a private snap.

A number of the appointments have already been decided upon and over these there will be little or no trouble. There is likely to be a split between the two facts of politicians in the Republican party in this county, however, when it comes to making some of the appointments, for there are a number of men in the Willcuts faction who would like to hold office just as well as those in the other crowd, and the commission will have a chance to decide between the two factions on more than one occasion without doubt. There are a good many appointments to make, however, and there will be ample opportunity to give both sides a portion.

MISS PRESTON APPEARS.

Scores a Hit at Anderson's Palm Garden.

Miss A. Mae Preston, the celebrated soprano of Minneapolis, made her initial appearance before a Duluth audience last evening at Anderson's Palm Garden and scored a decided hit. Miss Preston sang two soprano solos with superb effect and won the hearts of all who heard her. She has been playing in the best vaudeville houses in the West and has left delighted audiences wherever she has been seen. Miss Preston is a vaudeville artist of exceptional ability, is an artistic singer and has a number of most exquisite toilets. Mr. Anderson has secured this attraction at great expense and his patrons will be delighted at this opportunity to hear this far-famed vaudeville star.

Hotels Are Filled.

One of the best indications of the renewal of the season's activity along the various business lines is a good hotel list, and for the past few days, especially today, both the Spalding and the St. Louis hotels have been doing a very heavy business. During the day and evening the lobbies are filled with men interested in mercantile pursuits, in mining, lumbering and particularly in marine business, as the season is now well open. For the past few nights sleeping accommodations have been well taken up, and the prospect of a good hotel season is pleasing the respective managements.

Conclusive Evidence.

Three more coffins have been discovered by workmen engaged in excavating the cellar for a house at 1222 East Third street, all of them being small ones. This makes a total of four children's coffins and one adult's, the latter containing a fairly well-preserved skeleton, supposedly that of a woman, as the lower jaw was found to be loose and easily moved. The board of health will take steps to have them removed to Potter's field.

THE

English Doctors

Coming to Duluth.

Three months services will be given

Free to All Invalids

who call before

June 22nd.

The staff of eminent specialists of the English Medical Institute have, by request of a large number of their patients in this country, decided to establish a permanent branch office in Duluth. A location has been secured over 131 West Superior street, corner of Second avenue west, where they will be ready to receive patients next Tuesday morning at 9 o'clock.

These celebrated British doctors have decided to give their services absolutely free for three months (medicine excepted), and to perform all minor surgical operations without charge, to invalids who apply in person at the institute before June 22nd. Under no circumstances will any charge be made for consultation, examination or services rendered.

The object in making this offer is to become rapidly acquainted with the afflicted and to thoroughly introduce their wonderful system of treatment in Duluth and vicinity.

A thorough examination is made in every case, and if your ailment is found incurable you will be kindly and honorably told so and advised against spending your money for useless treatment.

The doctors treat and guarantee all curable cases of catarrh, nose, throat and lung troubles, male and female weakness, paralysis, rheumatism, heart, stomach, blood, kidney and nervous diseases, vital weakness and losses, stricture, varicocele, gleet and all blood poisons.

The chief consulting surgeon of the institute, assisted by several of his staff associates will be in personal charge.

Office hours from 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

A WILD JUMP.

West Fourth Street Car Tries to Enter a Grocery.

Sprinting merrily along West Fourth street this afternoon and only touching the high places, Car No. 59 left the track and cutting the street on the bias ran over the curb, broke an electric pole, tore up the sidewalk and stopped in the doorway of Hanson & Weik's grocery store at the corner of Second avenue east and Fourth street.

It was a thrilling ride for the motorman, conductor and a couple of passengers, but fortunately no person was hurt. The passengers were badly frightened, especially when the wild car started to butt down a small electric pole, thereby shattering much glass.

The car hit the curb with sufficient force to crack it, and it made dust of part of the granite. The sidewalk did not offer much resistance, but the car stopped just as one side of it was going in the doorway. It did not damage the store in the least, but customers had to squeeze their way in and out for nearly an hour.

A wrecking car reached the scene of the accident within a short time and pulled the derailed car back on the track. The accident is supposed to have been caused by the poor condition of the street, patrons of the line claiming that at this particular point the West Fourth street cars do more bouncing than at any other point on the line.

Another Railroad Change.

Another change in the city ticket office of the Northern Pacific company took place yesterday. E. D. Rockwell, who recently took the place of assistant city ticket agent, left vacant by the promotion of J. H. McFadzean to the position of city ticket and passenger agent, has been offered, and has accepted the position of assistant city ticket agent in the St. Paul office of the Northern Pacific company. Mr. Rockwell left yesterday for St. Paul. He has been succeeded by T. M. Stateler, of San Francisco, who arrived in the city, accompanied by Mrs. Stateler, this morning. Mr. Stateler is the son of T. K. Stateler, general agent of the passenger department of the Northern Pacific road at San Francisco.

Madame Fannie Bloomfield Zeissler

Will appear Thursday evening, May 16, at the High School assembly, in solo pianoforte recital. Don't miss this unusual opportunity.

Joe Is Confident.

Joseph Sheehy, the ex-pugilist, whose employment agency license was refused by the council last night, called at the city hall this morning and assured the city officers that he would have his license all right next week.

We benefit ourselves most when we serve you best.

Refrigerators.

You can get more value and better value for less money in the line of Refrigerators we sell than in any others, because they are constructed to meet the demand for superior refrigerators at low prices and represent the wants of the housekeeper of today. Our Refrigerators are made of thoroughly seasoned ash lumber, and are the best that can be constructed in perfect workmanship, attractive carving, and beautiful golden oak finish.

Sanitary Features—*Cleansable flues,* which can be easily removed for cleaning, thus keeping the refrigerator *sweet and bright.*

Convenient Features—Hinged front board, so arranged that it can be raised for the removal of the drip receptacle. *Ice rack and provision shelves* are made of *galvanized steel*—can be easily removed for cleaning.

Before you buy a Refrigerator you want to see ours.

Kelley Hardware Co.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY COMPANY—SILBERSTEIN & BONDY COMPANY—SILBERSTEIN & BONDY COMPANY

Linens,

Napkins, Towels, Bed Spreads, Bedding and Domestics Reduced.

A clean up of various lines and broken lots to make room for other recent purchases. A splendid opportunity for the restaurant keeper, the boarding house mistress, the hotel keeper and the economic housewife to stock up and at a considerable saving.

One of our specially interesting offerings is a fine 72 inch wide Cream Damask—we guarantee absolutely pure linen and well worth $1.35 a yard—from one of the most reliable makers of Scotland—we will sell you all you want at $1.00 a yard. Several pretty designs to select from. The following items are a few which may be interesting for you to read:

Table Damask.

Good and heavy Cream Table Damask—70-inch wide—strong and durable—worth 65c—reduced to 50c a yard.

Fine Cream German Table Damask—70-inch wide—absolutely pure flax—free from dressing—worth $1—reduced to 75c a yard.

Extra fine bleach Irish Linen—72-inch wide—pure flax—heavy—always sold at $1.25—reduced to 98c a yard.

22x23-inch Napkins to match, worth $3.75—reduced to $2.95 dozen.

Napkins.

22x22-inch—all pure linen Cream Napkins—worth $1.85—reduced to $1.45 dozen.

23x23-inch pure linen Bleach Napkins—worth $2.85—reduced to $2.19.

23x23-inch pure linen Bleach Napkins—worth $3.75—reduced to $2.95 dozen.

Towels.

Splendid Huck Towels—White and colored border—36x20-inch—worth 18c—reduced to 12½c.

Heavy Huck Towels—White only 40x22-inch—worth 25c—reduced to 20c.

Genuine Homespun Towels—White only—40x20-inch—worth 35c—reduced to 23c.

Full size White Bed Spreads—worth $1.00—reduced to 75c.

Bed Spreads.

Full size White Bed Spreads—worth $1.50—reduced to $1.19.

Full size White Fringed Bed Spreads—worth $2.50—reduced to $1.98.

Bedding.

White wool Summer Blankets—worth $3.75—reduced to $2.85 pair.

Reversible Summer Comforts—worth $3.00—reduced to $2.19.

Six-lb Bed Pillows—art ticking—very fine feathers—worth $3.75—reduced to $2.95 pair.

Domestics.

Fine satin finish Cambric—worth 10c—reduced to 7½c a yard.

Best Brown 4-4 Sheeting—heavy and fine—worth 9c—reduced to 6c a yard.

Fine Half-Bleach 9-4 Sheeting—popular brand—worth 25c—reduced to 21c a yard

Fine 42-inch Pillow Casing—bleach—worth 15c—reduced to 12c a yard.

For Spring and Summer...

Every new and tasty Ribbon style is here in nearly every width and color and shade—plain or elaborate—in the soft and lustrous effects—which are the most wanted kinds—and plenty of wide Ribbons which have been scarce because of the great demand for them—and all the wanted widths in black velvet Ribbons—and some narrow velvet Ribbons at special prices.

Narrow black Velvet Ribbons—satin back. No. 1—39c a piece. No. 1½—59c a piece—10 yards.

A full line of Black Velvet Ribbons—satin back—from No. 2 to No. 60—at lowest prices.

Beautiful quality satin and taffeta ribbon, with colored stripes—in the following colors—red, light blue, pink, lavender, white—5 inches wide—60c a yard.

Wide, soft ribbons just the thing for collars and belts—in fancy stripes, pink, blue, green, turquoise, lavender, navy, red and yellow—5 inches wide—50c a yard.

Persian striped ribbons—in black and white and turquoise and white—6 inches wide.

Liberty Satin Ribbons—in black, white, cream, pink, blue, violet, old rose and red—4½ inches wide—45c a yard.

Black and gold Ribbons for belts and collars—in fancy and plain—4 inches wide—50c and 60c a yard.

Wash Taffeta Ribbons—in all the wanted spring colors. No. 60—25c a yard. No. 40.—20c a yard. No. 22—18c a yard. No. 16—15c a yard. No. 12—12c a yard. No. 9—10c a yard. No. 7—7c a yard. No. 5—5c a yard.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

New Arrivals in Dress Goods.

These are scarce and seasonable and much in demand.

Fine Albatross.

Solid colors, with a fine corded effect in same color—proper weight for summer wear—colors, Old Rose, New Blue, Tan and Helio—36 inches wide—75c the yard.

Plain Challies.

First cousin to the very popular Veilings—colors, Old Rose, Reseda, Delf Blue, Red and Helio—50c the yard.

Cream White Serges.

The best assortment at the head of the lakes—shade correct and quality superb—priced from 69c to $1.25 a yard.

Black Mohairs.

Are going to be very scarce. We are well equipped to meet your wants—in both the fine and coarse weaves—priced from 35c to $1.50 the yard.

White Mohairs.

Another of the season's most popular fads—for Waists or Skirts—the fine or coarse weaves—priced from 60c to $1.50 the yard.

Beautiful Silks.

Our policy of handling only the best of the foreign and domestic silks has undoubtedly a great deal to do with the rapid strides which this Silk Department of ours is making in popular favor.

New Foulards.

Late arrivals during the past week have reinforced the stock, and we make bold the assertion that the styles which we show will not be surpassed west of New York—Cheney Bros.' Panne Foulards, $1.00 a yard (the same quality is sold in New York for $1.25). The finest Imperial Twills, 85c. Compare them with any others shown and you'll say ours are the cheapest.

Black Silk.

$1.35 one for $1.00.

We received another shipment yesterday of that Black Peau de Sole, which created such a sensation last week. Positively no better silk can be bought for $1.35 in the ordinary way—but as a special we've made the price $1.00. Make no mistake—this is the greatest value ever offered in the city.

Liberty Silks.

Chiffons and Crepe de Chines are very popular just now for Neckwear, Hat Scarfs and Sashes for the waist. It is the gauziness of texture, the flimsiness and soft floating, fairy-like quality of these summer fabrics, which gives them their fascination to the average woman. We have a very elegant line in colors and blacks and whites at 85c and $1.00 a yard.

Waist Silks.

$1.50 and $1.25 ones for $1.

Stripes, Cords, Figures, Polka Dots and a few lengths in Persian effects. Some of the very newest things of the season among these, all are priced as a special for the week at $1.00 the yard.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 21 East Sup. St.

The best cigar made in Duluth is the Tom Reed. Ask for it.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Albert Bernhardt and Caroline J. Olson, and to George Simpson Ring, of Ramsey county, and Mary Hays Reaney.

County Auditor Halden concluded the delinquent tax sale somewhat sooner than was expected yesterday morning, and the end of it was reached at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The sale was a good one, all the property that was desirable at all being sold, bringing in nearly the full amount of taxes due.

Judge Ensign has filed his findings for the plaintiff in the case of Frederick Sahlberg against Naugle, Holcomb & Co., brought to recover $776.50 for ties cut for the defendants and for one lot of ties that Sahlberg claimed the defendants wrongfully appropriated to their own use. The court upholds these charges and gives judgment for $779.50.

For sale—Car load of fresh milch cows. Will exchange for beef cows. 1325 London road.

For a delicious smoke ask for the Tom Reed cigars.

A son was born this morning to Capt. and Mrs. W. J. Cayo, 2024 Pitt street.

Zenith City lodge, No. 160, I. O. O. F., will confer the initiatory degree this Tuesday evening.

Madame Fannie Bloomfield Zeissler will appear Thursday evening, May 16, at the High School Assembly in solo piano forte recital. Don't miss this unusual opportunity.

O. B. Porter, of 327 East Eighth street, fell from a scaffolding at Fourteenth avenue west and First street yesterday and sustained a double fracture of the skull. He was removed to St. Mary's hospital and today is doing very well after having undergone a severe operation.

PERSONALS.

Dr. J. D. Park will leave tonight for Fargo, N. D., to attend the funeral of his mother. He will return Friday morning.

John T. Jones, the mining man, arrived in the city this morning from Iron Mountain, Mich. Mr. Jones has just returned from a several weeks' pleasure trip to Florida and says that he has come up to Duluth to learn what is going on in mining circles. Mr. Jones with others is a holder of some valuable iron mining properties on the range.

Mrs. L. H. Corcoran has gone to Lansing, Mich., for a visit.

B. W. Smith and C. H. Smith, of Wausau, Wis., were among the arrivals in the city this morning.

Mrs. M. Chaille, of Crookston, Minn., is a guest of the Spalding today.

George S. Oliver, of Chicago, was a business visitor in the city today.

W. D. Lowry, of Minneapolis, arrived in the city this afternoon.

R. Sleight, of Ashland, Wis., was a guest of the Spalding today.

William McComber, of Pike Lake, is in the city today to attend the meeting of the county fully having our digestion made perfect by the use of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. This wonderful medicine is a sure cure for dyspepsia, indigestion, flatulence, sour stomach, billousness and nervousness. It will also regulate the bowels and prevent malaria, fever and ague. If your system is weak and debilitated it is just the medicine you need to build you up. A trial will convince you.

of the interest of some of the Pike Lake people.

Superintendent H. J. Wessinger, of one of the American Steel and Wire company's mines at Virginia, was in the city today to meet Mrs. F. L. Wessinger and Miss Ethel Sutton, of Aurora, Ill., who arrived from St. Paul this noon.

Mr. and Mrs. William Boyd left yesterday for a visit at Baker City, Ore.

C. d'Autremont left this afternoon for points in Idaho.

D. R. Hanna, of the Hanna boat line, arrived at the head of the lakes from Cleveland today. This morning he visited the company's new boats at the West Superior shipyards and is understood to be going down the lakes this afternoon on one of the boats.

E. J. Shauchnessy, of St. Paul, arrived in the city this morning.

F. L. Verry, of St. Paul, is in the city this afternoon on a business trip.

E. L. Marvin, who is connected with the Northern Pacific land department at St. Paul, is a visitor here today.

J. H. Anderson, a foundryman, of Little Falls, Minn., arrived in the city last evening for a short visit.

M. C. Woodard, of Tower, is in the city today.

Edward Ball, of Tower, was among the range visitors here today.

James Norton, of Ewen, Mich., is a business caller in the city.

W. W. Edwards, of Two Harbors, arrived in the city this morning for a short visit.

R. F. Smith came down from Virginia this morning and is a guest of the St. Louis.

J. H. Healy, of Eveleth, is a guest of the St. Louis today.

E. Morcom, of Tower, is in the city today.

Thomas L. Kurtz, of New York, one of the Eastern men connected with the Duluth Transfer Railway company's interests, arrived in the city today, accompanied by two friends, W. A. Bradford, Jr., of Richmond, Va., and George A. Fernald, of Boston. Mr. Kurtz said his visit has no special significance and that he is here on matters of a personal business nature.

P. T. Brownel, of Ely, is in the city today on a short business trip.

P. L. Kimberly, Harry Roberts and party left yesterday to look over some mining lands on the range. They are expected back this afternoon.

R. H. Estabrook, of Cleveland, is a guest of the St. Louis today.

H. C. Peterson, of Koochiching, on the international boundary line, arrived in the city this morning. He reports a period of great activity in that region and says that the opening of the country by the new railroad is being looked forward to eagerly by the interests at that point.

Senator F. B. Daugherty is expected to arrive from St. Paul this evening.

Patrick Glynn, a lumberman, of Green Bay, Wis., is a business visitor here today.

CONFIRMED APPOINTMENT.

Rome, May 7.—The pope confirmed the appointment of Father O'Connell, rector of the American college here, as bishop of Portland, Me.

A Hero.

That was a brave captain on the American ship which struck a rock off the coast of New Foundland. Everybody was in a panic except the captain, who commanded the boats to be lowered, and not a life was lost. It requires strong nerves to be a hero. We cannot all be heroes, but we can all possess strong nerves by having our digestion made perfect by the use of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. This wonderful medicine is a sure cure for dyspepsia, indigestion, flatulence, sour stomach, billousness and nervousness. It will also regulate the bowels and prevent malaria, fever and ague. If your system is weak and debilitated it is just the medicine you need to build you up. A trial will convince you.

REOPENED.

State Railroad Commission Reopens Ore Carrying Rate Inquiry.

St. Paul, May 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—The railroad and warehouse commission has mailed to the three iron ore carrying roads an order reopening the ore rate investigation. The order requires the railroads to file stipulations recognizing the commission's authority and to submit schedules of rates. The Eastern Minnesota will be allowed to intervene. Under the order the roads will put into effect the 80-cent rate until the commission may see fit to order a change.

EASTMAN

Testifies In His Own Defense In Grogan Murder Trial.

Cambridge, Mass., May 7.—Interest in the Eastman murder trial was enhanced today by the fact that Mrs. Eastman, wife of the defendant, was on the stand most of the forenoon. She was visibly affected by the minute examination, as to the incidents immediately preceding the tragedy and regarding certain statements made by previous witnesses. At times she wept.

Mrs. Eastman said she did not remember any such incident as related by Mrs. Grogan, Sr., who testified that Eastman had said Grogan's days were numbered. Witness never said that Eastman had been drinking nor had she ever heard Mrs. Grogan, Jr., say he had been drinking. Mrs. Eastman also testified that in June the lock on the tomb containing Grogan's body had been tampered with, but no one had asked permission to open the tomb. Attorney Knowlton declined to cross-examine Mrs. Eastman.

The defendant, Charles R. Eastman, then took the stand to testify in his own behalf. Eastman confined his testimony to answering his attorney's questions. He said his relations with Grogan were always pleasant, and that from the fall of 1899 they were on terms of greatest friendship. He denied that any quarrel took place in November, 1899, that any jealousy existed because Grogan had undertaken the business left by their father-in-law, or that he ever had said in the presence of Grogan's mother that Grogan's days were short.

IMPORTANT DECISION.

Milwaukee, May 7.—A decision of great interest to vessel owners and seamenu was handed down by Judge Seaman in the United States court today, wherein the suit for salvage brought by seamen of the steamer C. F. Bielman is dismissed. Seamen, the court says, are not entitled to become salvors whatever may have been the peril or hardship or gallantry of their services in saving the ship or cargo. The Bielman stranded Sept. 19, 1900, on Fisherman's reef, two miles from Washington harbor, and the seamen brought suit for extra compensation for salvage duty.

TO APPEAL.

Milwaukee, May 7.—An Evening Wisconsin special from Racine, Wis., says John B. Simmons, special United States district attorney, has been notified by the United States attorney general, to appeal the decision of Judge Bunn in the case of James Stinson, to the United States court of appeals. The case involves fourteen quarter sections of land located in Superior, Wis., valued at $750,000. The land was acquired by Stinson from several Swedes, in 1854, who secured it under the pre-emption law. In 1889 the government began action to vacate the title, holding the title was secured through fraud in that the Swedes never occupied nor improved the land. Judge Bunn decided against the government.

BUYS A BANK.

New York, May 7.—The Evening Post says: An officer of the National Park bank admitted today that directors of that institution had secured a controlling interest in the National Union bank of New Orleans. The New Orleans bank has a capital of $300,000 and deposits of $1,500,000. It is said that the capital will be increased to $600,000 and that representatives of the National Park will hereafter direct the management of the New Orleans bank. The National Park bank is also said to have gained control of a large block of stock in the Boston Trust company.

BOUGHT THE TIMES.

Philadelphia, May 7.—Adolph C. Ochs of the Chattanooga Times and the New York Times today purchased the Philadelphia Times. His brother, George W. Ochs, will take the management of the paper.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. | SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Millinery!

The Shirt Waist Leghorn

—the newest trimmed hat for women—very smart and just out in New York and the East—black and white, white and black and plain white, very jaunty.

Shirt Waist Hats.

All of the new things are here in plain combination of colors and the new polka dot effects.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

Old Maids

Made over at Grace M. E. church Wednesday evening, May 8.

GRAIN-O

THE PURE GRAIN COFFEE

Coffee injures growing children even when it is weakened. Grain-O gives them brighter eyes, firmer flesh, quicker intelligence and happier dispositions. They can drink all they want of Grain-O—the more the better—and it tastes like coffee.

All grocers; 15c. and 25c.

THE EVENING HERALD.

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

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Duluth Printing & Publishing Company.

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10c a Week

EVERY EVENING DELIVERED BY CARRIER.

Single copy, daily	.02
One month	.45
Three months (in advance)	$1.30
Six months (in advance)	$2.60
One year (in advance)	$5.00

Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter

WEEKLY HERALD.

Per year	$1.00
Six months	.50
Three months	.25

Largest Circulation in Duluth.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), May 7.—Areas of low barometric pressure overlie Lake Michigan and the region north of Alberta. The barometer is high over North Dakota and Manitoba. Light to copious rains fell during last night or Monday over the Mississippi and Ohio valleys, extreme western lake region and Tennessee. Freezing temperatures occurred this morning in Manitoba. Fair weather is the rule in districts west of the Mississippi. The winds in the lake region are generally fresh northerly—brisk on Western Superior.

Maximum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	90	Medicine Hat	—
Battleford	—	Memphis	80
Bismarck	54	Miles City	74
Boston	—	Milwaukee	58
Buffalo	72	Minnedosa	48
Calgary	58	Modena	70
Charleston	80	Montgomery	84
Chicago	68	Moorhead	46
Cincinnati	82	New Orleans	84
Davenport	66	New York	62
Denver	66	North Platte	66
Detroit	74	Oklahoma	80
Dodge City	74	Omaha	72
Duluth	58	Pittsburg	62
Edmonton	54	Port Arthur	52
El Paso	86	Portland	68
Escanaba	74	Prince Albert	58
Galveston	76	Qu' Appelle	60
Green Bay	68	Rapid City	66
Havre	68	San Francisco	66
Helena	68	Santa Fe	58
Houghton	70	Shreveport	84
Huron	52	Spokane	70
Jacksonville	88	St. Louis	68
Kamloops	68	St. Paul	64
Kansas City	78	Sault Ste. Marie	76
Knoxville	86	Swift Current	62
La Crosse	70	Washington	70
Lander	66	Williston	64
Los Angeles	66	Winnemucca	74
Marquette	64	Winnipeg	46

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Probably showers this afternoon or tonight. Partly cloudy Wednesday. Cooler tonight. Fresh and brisk northerly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, May 7.—Forecast till 8 a. m. Wednesday: Wisconsin—Probably showers east, clearing west portions tonight. Wednesday generally fair. Cooler north and west portions tonight.

Minnesota—Generally fair tonight and Wednesday. Cooler east portion tonight.

North and South Dakota—Generally fair tonight and Wednesday. Light frost tonight. Warmer Wednesday.

Upper Lakes—Fresh to brisk northerly winds. Generally fair weather except showers tonight and probably Wednesday on Michigan and Southern Huron.

Canada's Lost Opportunity.

The proposed erection of a commemorative tablet to Gen. Montgomery at Quebec, has brought out forcibly to many Canadians the fact that Canada lost the great opportunity of its existence by its failure to join the revolution against England. While Canada today is in better condition than ever before, the fact that it is a colony rankles in the breast of the patriot of that country. A prominent French Canadian, Louis L. J. Papineau, son of the famous Louis Papineau, who was the leader of the French-Canadian revolution in 1837, has published a letter in which he says: "If Canada had joined the revolution instead of remaining a puny colony of 6,000,000 it would now number over 20,000,000 and the whole trade of the Northern states would have followed the natural course of the St. Lawrence. The double belt of custom houses and obstruction would have had no existence. Toronto would have outstripped Buffalo, and even Chicago; Montreal and Quebec would have eclipsed Boston and New York. In the 76,000,000 of the United States today there are included 1,000,000 English Canadians and 1,000,000 French-Canadians. Why have we not as many from the United States filling their places here Why does the great bulk of the immigrants from Europe land in the United States and so few in Canada? Because we are shunned as colonists. Were we an independent nation we would soon get a fair share of immigration. Why not independent? In a great measure this is owing to the United Empire loyalists who settled in Ontario—Tory refugees of the American revolution—an incubus on the progress of Canada." While Mr. Pipineau argues well and to many his theory in the main is correct, it is doubtful if the Canadian cities would have ever outstripped the American seaports.

Greatest Consumer of Coffee.

The prospect of peaceful conditions in the Philippines and the present existence of conditions in Porto Rico and Hawaii favorable to American producing and commercial enterprises lends additional interest to some figure just compiled by the treasury department regarding the coffee consumption of the United States and of the world. The people of the United States are sending out of the country more than $1,000,000 a week in payment for coffee consumed in this country, all of which it is claimed could be readily produced in Porto Rico, Hawaii and the Philippine islands which have already shown their ability to produce coffee of a high grade commanding high prices in the markets of the world. Porto Rican coffee has long been looked upon as of high grade, and for many years has commanded high prices in the markets of Europe; and the developments of coffee culture in Hawaii during the past few years have also been very satisfactory in the quality of coffee produced and the prices realized. In the Philippines the product is of high grade, and in physical conditions and climate the islands are very similar to those of Java, the greatest coffee-producing islands of the world. The fact that the United States is by far the greatest coffee-consuming country of the world and is steadily increasing her consumption further suggests that American capital and energy may turn their attention to this promising field now opened in the islands where American enterprise can safely enter upon business undertakings. Our coffee importations during the nine months ending with March, 1901, amounted to 617,344,000 pounds, with a value of $45,218,000, a sum nearly $5,500,000 in excess of the value of the coffee imports of the same months of the preceding fiscal year, indicating that for the full fiscal year the total value of the coffee imported into the United States will be about $60,000,000. Even this is somewhat below the annual average cost of coffee imported during the decade just ended, the reduction in total value being due to the fall of about one-half in the import price, though during the past few months the price has again materially advanced, and 617,344,000 pounds imported in nine months of the fiscal year 1901 cost $45,218,000, while 633,569,000 pounds imported in nine months of the preceding year cost but $40,508,000.

DULUTH'S HIGH CREDIT.

The excellent standing of the city of Duluth in financial circles has been once more proven by the bids received for an issue of $50,000 of refunding funds. The bonds are to run thirty years and draw 4 per cent interest, taking the place of bonds that bear 6 per cent interest.

All the bids received offered handsome premiums for the new issue, and the highest bid, which will probably be accepted, offers a premium of over 2 per cent. In other words, the city treasury will receive $51,035 for the bond issue of $50,000.

Not many years ago it was thought that the city's credit was very high when 6 per cent bonds could be floated at a small premium, and no one would at that time have thought it possible to get par for even 4½ or 5 per cent bonds. But Duluth has been growing in population and from a commercial and industrial standpoint, and careful management of the city's finances has placed it in a good condition that attracts the attention of investors and raises the value of its securities in the estimation of bond buyers.

A premium of over 2 per cent on 4 per cent bonds is an illustration of Duluth's splendid financial standing.

BACK-SET FOR MISSIONARIES.

The trouble in China, with its attendant revelations, has given the world a closer view of the foreign missionary work, and that view has not been such as to increase the public respect for those pioneers of Christianity in heathendom. The general consensus of opinion, gathered from all sources, is that the acts of the missionaries were the prime cause of the Boxer uprising. And the missionary conduct since the occupation of China by the powers has not tended to impress upon the minds of the heathen Chinese a very exalted idea of Christian virtue.

In all this there has been the best of intentions on the part of the missionaries. Their mistakes have been mistakes of the head and not of the heart. They have shown themselves possessed of a zeal that, had it been coupled with a greater amount of gray matter, might have worked great good to the people of China, but zeal without good sense and discretion resembles the crackling of thorns under a pot.

If the missionary, like many of those who send him abroad, were not so everlastingly sure of his opinions he would have better success. The Chinese are not intellectual children to be bamboozled by a show of zeal for any religion. They have a well digested code of moral ethics, which has stood the test of time longer than the code of the missionaries. To this they cling, as is natural. It is also natural that they should resent open and repeated insults to their most cherished customs. If broader men were sent to "those who sit in darkness" there would be more light and less crime attendant upon the enterprise.

CUBAN INDEBTEDNESS.

Should the Platt amendment be accepted by Cuba, the bonds which were issued by Spain and for the payment of which the revenues of the island of Cuba were pledged, will be repudiated without any unnecessary ceremony. And should the holders secure the aid of their respective governments to assist in the collection or acknowledgment of these securities, the United States navy will have something with which to occupy its time. This is as it should be. Cuba is in no way bound to pay these obligations which her one-time master forced upon her, for the purpose of her own subjugation.

There is, however, another kind of obligation which stands upon quite another ethical base. During the various revolutions there were issued and sold at a small per cent of their face value, by the revolutionary governments, certain bonds of the Cuban republics, the money from the sale of which was used to fight Spain. These bonds to the amount of nearly $80,000,000 are now outstanding. What is to be done with them? Will the United States insist upon the total repudiation of all indebtedness prior to the Spanish-American war? Here may arise a difficulty, as the Cubans hold themselves morally bound by the acts of their previous revolutionary governments. Men who helped them in the hour of need by buying their bonds ought to be paid, so they argue, and the honest world can but say, Amen. Some of the bonds brought but a few cents on the dollar, but it must be remembered that the risk was great and the man who took his chances ought to be rewarded.

As a compromise in the interests of equity, the United States ought to allow Cuba to call in all outstanding bonds issued by the provisional governments as far back as 1868, when the first issue was put out, and after ascertaining the amount paid for them, take this sum with interest from the day of payment as a basis for a refunding bond which shall be issued by the new republic. This would be nothing more than ordinary justice to the original friends of Cuba libre.

The greatest sight at Buffalo on Saturday was at the mammoth Statler hotel recently built by capitalists and containing nine acres of sleeping rooms, three miles of halls and a dining room to feed 5000 people. On Saturday there were 286 employes on duty and only one guest, a Mr. Wilson, of New York. It is said that he complained at the office of the inattention of the servants.

The elevated trains in Boston are known by various names according to the locality. Some of them are: The "Tri-mountain express," the "Hub aerial," the "Overhead dispatch," and "Second-story unlimited." It makes but little difference what they are called, the people who take them get there just the same, and if they don't like the elevated they can take the underground road. Boston is a great city if she did make beans famous.

It is said that a justice in Southwest Georgia has this sign on his office shutter: "Couples married cheap for cash; or I will marry any couple for a good string of fish or a quarter of beef." That man would have soon been a merchant prince had he lived in Wisconsin.

Francis O'Neil, the new chief of police of Chicago, is an accomplished fiddler, piper and whistler and had rather indulge in music than eat. These accomplishments did not secure him his office, however, as he has a great record as an efficient officer.

Now that the authorities of Omaha and Kansas City have demonstrated that a "dry" Sunday is a possibility, although very unpopular, it is probable that everything will be "wide open" again next Sabbath.

The captain of an East river barge won the applause of hundreds when he pitched a bill collector into the river, but the rejoicing turned to disgust when he fished him out again to prevent him from drowning.

Washington is the mecca of newly married couples and at times it means trouble for some of the hotel clerks. There were thirty-one couples at one hotel at the same time recently and they all wanted the bridal chamber.

Sault Ste. Marie—Miss Cicilia Scott, a popular young lady of this city, stole a march on her relatives and married Herbert Shaver, of South Bend, Wash., under romantic circumstances. The couple met here and fell in love. Mr. Shaver left recently to locate in Washington. Two weeks ago Miss Scott left home ostensibly to visit friends and proceeded to Washington, where she was married.

Cedar River—Thursday the tugs Thomas Thompson and O. M. Field towed a big raft of cedar poles from Cear River to Menominee. When the tugs started with the raft the bay was calm, but a storm came up and nearly 300 poles, fifty and sixty feet long, were lost. They were scattered all along the shore, but most of them have been recovered.

Iron Mountain—Will Carbis, son of Capt. Frank Carbis, of th Traders mine near Iron Mountain, met with a serious accident Thursday. He was working in the shaft putting in some pipes, when he lost his balance and fell to the bottom, a distance of nearly forty feet. Fortunately for him there is considerable water in the shaft or he would have been dashed to pieces, but as it is he is quite severely injured from the shock of the force with which he struck the water. In falling his head struck some of the timbering of the shaft and he has several bruises.

BASEBALL.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Boston—Boston, 3; Brooklyn, 3.
At Cincinnati—St. Louis, 13; Cincinnati, 8.
At New York—New York, 4; Philadelphia, 0.
At Chicago—No game; rain.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Milwaukee—Chicago, 6; Milwaukee, 3.
At Washington—Boston, 9; Washington, 5.
At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 6; Baltimore, 5.
At Detroit—Detroit, 5; Cleveland, 4.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At Colorado Springs—Omaha, 8; Colorado Springs, 6.
At St. Joseph—Minneapolis, 2; St. Jo, 0.
At Kansas City—Kansas City, 9; St. Paul, 8.
At Denver—Denver, 8; Des Moines, 5.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Cincinnati	11	7	4	.639
Boston	9	5	4	.556
Brooklyn	11	6	5	.545
St. Louis	12	6	6	.500
Philadelphia	13	6	7	.462
Pittsburg	11	5	6	.455
New York	9	4	5	.444
Chicago	14	5	9	.357

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Detroit	12	9	3	.750
Chicago	12	8	4	.667
Washington	9	5	4	.556
Baltimore	9	4	4	.500
Philadelphia	9	4	5	.444
Boston	9	4	5	.444
Cleveland	12	4	8	.333
Milwaukee	12	3	9	.250

WESTERN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Kansas City	4	3	1	.750
Omaha	4	3	1	.750
St. Joseph	4	2	2	.500
Des Moines	4	2	2	.500
Colorado Springs	4	2	2	.500
Denver	4	2	2	.500
Minneapolis	4	2	2	.500
St. Paul	4	1	3	.250

DAWSON FIRE.

Another Bad Conflagration at Alaskan City.

Tacoma, May 7.—The steamer Dolphin brings news of another Dawson fire with an estimated loss of $75,000. Every building from Gondelfos point, at the convergence of First and Second avenues, up to and including Fairchild's hotel, was burned to the ground.

What We Do

is to sell standard Pianos, made by leading builders, at reasonable prices.

The difference between such Pianos and the "cheap" kind you probably know. Half a lifetime of satisfaction with one—a short and vexatious experience with the other.

Does it pay to try to save a few dollars in this way? The

Ivers & Pond

is a Piano that won't disappoint you. More than this—it will be money in your pocket to investigate it thoroughly. May we help you?

Easy Terms If Wanted.

DULUTH MUSIC CO

Largest Piano House at the Head of the Lakes.

Sole Agts. for Steinway and Knabe Pianos

Cor. Superior Street and Lake Avenue.

ONE KILLED.

Wreck on Burlington Proved to Be a Serious One.

Ottumwa, Iowa, May 7.—Chicago, Burlington & Quincy passenger train No. 3, while passing Thayer, a small town eighteen miles east of Creston, Monday, struck the engine of an attached freight train, which was endeavoring to get out of the way by backing on to a side track. The passenger was derailed, killing Engineer S. D. Brown of Burlington and injuring thirty people.

The killed: S. D. BROWN, engineer of the passenger, Burlington, Iowa, buried beneath his engine; remains not recovered.

The injured: M. Canney, Burlington, fireman, left arm broken twice, head badly cut, may result fatally; P. E. Bates, Chicago, porter, chest badly mashed and back injured, serious; James M. O'Connor, conductor, Burlington, back badly injured; J. F. Burke, Jacksonville, Fla., slightly injured; Mrs. E. J. Burke, slightly injured; N. Anderson, Albi; W. A. Harper, Ottumwa; Mrs. W. T. Harper, Ottumwa; J. T. Hume, Des Moines, badly bruised; W. M. Beehre, Chariton, back injured; C. M. Buchanan, Fairfield; F. F. Fogg, Chicago; Effie Ellis, Murray, Iowa; J. T. McCune, Ottumwa; W. A. Hart, Emerson, Iowa; Hugh Doman, Ottumwa, slight; William Bomers, Chicago; W. N. Piffley, New Salem, Ill.; W. R. Rund, Chicago; E. G. Carter, Cedar Rapids; L. M. Gallup, Chicago.

IN MICHIGAN.

More Blood Found on Face of Bleeding Picture.

Menominee—Monday it was reported that several drops of fresh blood were to be found on the face of the famous bleeding picture. One of the priests drew some blood from his own veins and compared it with the substance on the glass. The two were identical. It is said that when some of the red substance came in contact with some of the fresh blood from the priest's wrist, it resolved itself into what strongly resembled the face of the Savior. An examination of the red spots on the picture has resulted in the discovery that they are coagulated blood. Dr. Vema, one of the leading physicians of Menominee, has declared so emphatically. The origin of these spots is shrouded in mystery.

THE COAL TAX

Action of British Miners Awaited With Greatest Interest.

New York, May 7.—The action of the British miners' parliament today will be of more importance than the perfunctory debate on the commercial tax in Westminster last night, says the Tribune's London correspondent. Like that debate, it will be a demonstration against the government, but the result cannot be determined in advance. It is probable that there will not be a general suspension of work in the collieries, and that the delegates will content themselves with a political demonstration against the coal tax. If the conference orders a strike the country will be confronted with a grave industrial situation.

Sir Edward Grey made a strong speech in the house of commons last night against the tax. In his references to the theatrical strike, he was intensely serious. He warned then government not to regard the miners' threat as a mere bluff. As a strike would be tantamount to an ultimatum from one section of the community to the rest, and he then declared in a tone which left a deep impression on the house that such an event would be the most disastrous to civil war Great Britain had known in many generations. Sir Edward Grey ins still a young man, but he is one of the soundest thinkers in parliament, and generally ins regarded as the future leader of the Liberal party.

Free Trip to the Pan-American Exposition....

Providing you buy your drugs at—

Boyce's Drug Store

And can guess the number of pills in the big case in the window of the store. Call in and have it explained to you.

DAILY STORY.

THE DYED NOTE.

BY GEORGE K. STILES.

(Copyright, 1901, William R Miller.)

"I want the man that passed this," said the secretary, as he shook the hand that held the thousand dollar note; "but beyond all, I want the man who made it—the man who surpasses with his engraver's tool the finest artist in the government service."

Jefferson Cope nodded assent, and passed in quick review the facts as given him by the secretary of the treasury. He summed up as follows: "The counterfeit was of the issue of 1870, Rosecrans' signature, series R 13. It was deposited in the Planters' National bank by John Reynolds, retired capitalist, counterfeit perfect." Here the detective paused in his statement.

"The note is absolutely perfect?" he asked. "How, then, was it discovered?"

"Strangely," the official answered, "and by the oldest employe in our service; a man who has passed a lifetime in counting money, in feeling and in judging it. He declared the note to be spurious, and after every expert test—a chemical analysis. As a result, it was found that the engraving was flawless; the paper was identical with government paper; but the grayish green of its coloring was fixed with a dye differing chemically from that used by the government and superior to it. This was the only difference between them; and, in fact, the counterfeit was a better note than the original."

"The calling in of this issue will alarm the forgers, and make it all the more difficult," Cope muttered, as the fragility of this slender clew impressed itself upon him.

"The issue will not be recalled for that reason," said the cabinet officer.

"It may take a year to run down these clever people, and in that time they will have passed a million dollars of these notes."

The secretary rose to close the interview, for he was a sorely busy man. "My dear Mr. Cope," he said, "it is worth ten millions to this government to have the man that made this note and the plate it was printed from," and with a slight gesture of farewell the secretary hurried down to his carriage.

It appeared to Jefferson Cope that this was the most hopeless case he had ever handled; and although he did not believe Reynolds was the guilty man, through lack of any other clew he was forced to work along that line, hoping to trace the note back until the link connecting the criminal with the innocent lay in his hand. He first learned from the chemist that the dye in the note was unknown to commerce and was of a vegetable nature; presumably it was procured from some South American plant.

Presently Cope was nursing a growing intimacy with John Reynolds, and curiously enough the two men got along well together, and they were constantly visiting one another. Still the detective was on the hunt for the man who knew the secret of this strange dye of South American origin; and one evening, as they were smoking after dinner, the glowing end of Reynolds' cigar dropped down his sleeve, burning him smartly; and what with the pain and the suddenness of the thing the man ripped out a fierce Spanish oath.

"South America—the dyed note," flashed vividly through the detective's brain. "Does it hurt you still?" he asked, in a Spanish patois almost unintelligible to a real Spaniard, but much used by the mixed Spanish races of the southern continent, and which Cope had learned in Brazil.

"Frightfully so." Reynolds answered, unthinkingly; and the thing was done so naturally that it was not for several minutes that the strangeness of it all crept over him; and a curious anxiety shone in his eyes, to be succeeded by a look of such deadly menace as appalled Jefferson Cope, that man of tense nerves and fearlessness.

"This is the man," he muttered, as he rose and offered assistance; but the other declined laughingly, and they parted after arranging a meeting the next day, which was to include Reynolds' only child and daughter, Maida.

Now, this same beautiful girl caused the detective to waver for the only time in

"Up with your hands!" commanded the girl.

his life; and it was presently useless for him to deny that he loved Maida Reynolds with that whelming love which comes to but few men, and to these only once. And the game lay so between these two strong men—the hunter and the hunted. Reynolds knew that he was suspected, but did not believe that Cope was aware that his detective game was known; therefore the former decided that the best plan was to decoy the detective into some place and make the secret safe in a dead man's brain.

On the other hand, Cope was sure, from that one vivid light in Reynolds' eyes, that the counterfeiter knew perfectly that his warm friend of his was after the man who had passed the dyed note. So Jefferson Cope waited patiently until the father of Maida Reynolds should propose some journey, which would offer the opportunity the criminal desired; and it was with the most perfect good humor that he accepted an invitation to St. Louis with the forger for the purpose of looking over some real estate which the latter owned.

However, he had no intention of dying so quietly, and before the train left the district chief of the St. Louis secret service received notice that he was at the orders of a man who carried a pocket handkerchief with a red cross in its center. It seemed to him that the forced intimacy of this long train journey drove home to his heart the greatness of his love for the forger's daughter, and his pain was the more intense since he believed that he could perceive that this love was returned.

On arrival Cope put himself in touch with the local people, and made arrangements to have the place surrounded with secret service agents, so that a clean capture could be made of the entire gang. But when the time came that evening to visit this property, Cope, on endeavoring to signal the local man who was supposed to be watching on the outside, discovered to his horror that the man had disappeared, and it was necessary either to give up all chance of discovering the forger's haunt or to seek it unsupported. With all his daring, it is doubtful if Cope would have ventured on this trip if he had not realized that, successful or otherwise, he had no chance of wedding this girl, whom he loved. "Thank God!" he murmured, "she, at least, is innocent" and then the carriage stopped before a row of abandoned warehouses.

"This way," said Reynolds, sure of his man now; and with a little prayer and a feel of his revolvers, Cope entered the place where he knew the man was hidden.

A door swung open and closed; then the lamp flared, flamed brilliantly, and went out. Instantly the detective shifted his position, fearing a bullet; he called, no answer—he was deserted, but he understood that they would return to kill him.

A panel slid softly, showing a stairway built in the wall, and on the bottom step was Maida Reynolds. "Be swift," she said, and presently they came into a small room, bound with iron.

"Up with your hands!" commanded the girl, covering him with her revolver, and with a sudden horror he realized that the girl he loved was guilty with the rest.

But her eyes were now hard and tense, while her manner left him in no doubt as to her intention. "What have you done?" she asked, after removing his revolvers. "Why do your confederates intend killing you?" Then, without waiting for his reply, she continued "Do you see him?" and she pointed to a badly wounded man, whom Cope had not observed. "This is your engraver, but he is mine now, as the rest soon will be; but as for you—you can go, and for the reason of it, why there is none; only go at once and before my men come."

Jefferson Cope looked at this girl with dumb astonishment starting from his head. "But you," he gasped, "who can you be?"

"I," she answered, with a subtle bitterness of tone, marring her hour of triumph. "I am that girl who one year ago John Reynolds met, and who obtained such a place in his affections that she became his adopted daughter, for he was never married. Needless to say that I was there for a purpose; and that purpose will be accomplished tonight," and splintering a window pane with the butt, she fired three times into the open.

On the instant, as it appeared to the detective, strange noises sounded; then came the rattle of revolver fire, and presently a blow fell on the wooden door opening into the hallway.

"Open!" cried a man; "the password is 'The Dyed Note,'" and the girl threw back the heavy iron bolt as the chief of the district service entered with Reynolds and three confederates handcuffed to one another.

"And this man," asked the chief looking at Cope, whom he had met disguised, "is he a prisoner?"

There was a struggle between professional integrity and love mirrored in the girl's wonderful eyes as she looked at Cope, but it was fleeting. "He is my assistant," she answered; but the secret service man went toward the chief and handed him a handkerchief, and after a swift examination of it he bowed and said, "We are at your orders, sir."

Meanwhile the girl viewed this incident with widening eyes. "Who are you?" she asked faintly, as Cope came close to her.

"I am several men," he answered; "incidentally I am Jefferson Cope, the detective; but most of all I am a man who owes you his life, and who loves you so that he would lay it down for you."

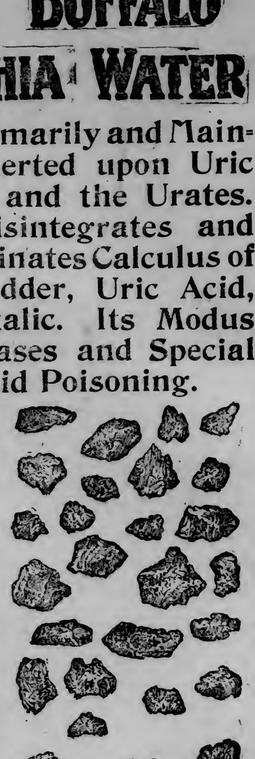
It was a strange place for a declaration of love, but it was the business of these two to handle curious situations, and there was no doubt in Cope's heart as she lifted her moist eyes to his and whispered: "Don't lay it down for me, but keep it safely as you would my own."

Working the Glad Hand.

St. Louis Republic: "Well," said the president as he mopped his brow, "summer campaign speeches seem to have a dampening effect on the speaker."

Registered by U. S. Patent Office.

The Action of BUFFALO LITHIA WATER is Primarily and Mainly Exerted upon Uric Acid and the Urates. It Disintegrates and Eliminates Calculus of the Kidney or Bladder, Uric Acid, Phosphatic and Oxalic. Its Modus Operandi in Such Cases and Special Value in all Uric Acid Poisoning.



Dr. J. W. Mallet, Professor of Chemistry, University of Virginia, extract from report of analysis of Calculi discharged by patients under the action of BUFFALO LITHIA WATER Spring No. 2:

"It seems on the whole probable that the action of the water is PRIMARILY and MAINLY EXERTED and URIC ACID and the URATES, but when these constituents occur along with and as cementing matter to Phosphatic or Oxalic Calculus materials the latter may be so detached and broken down as to disintegrate the Calculus as a whole in these cases, also thus admitting of Urethral discharge."

Dr. O. H. Davis, of Meriden, Conn., reports in *New England Medical Monthly:* "Mr. R. L. Roys, of this city, consulted me about two years ago for Stone in the Bladder, from which he has been suffering for years. On my suggestion, he commenced the use of BUFFALO LITHIA WATER, as he was very much opposed to operative interference. After using the water a short time, disintegration to a certain extent took place and large quantities of stone were passed. For several days in succession he passed as much as a teaspoonful of the debris, and at intervals for a considerable period he passed large quantities, and under the continued use of the Water there was a constant passage of Calculi until he was entirely relieved."

The theory here announced by Dr. Mallet, that the action of BUFFALO LITHIA WATER is primarily and mainly exerted upon URIC ACID and the URATES, explains its oftentimes marvelous power both as a REMEDY and PREVENTIVE in Gout, Rheumatic Gout, Rheumatism, and all conditions caused by excess of URIC ACIC in the blood.

BUFFALO LITHIA WATER is for sale by Grocers and Druggists generally.

Testimonials which defy all imputation or questions sent to any address.

PROPRIETOR BUFFALO LITHIA SPRINGS, VIRGINIA.

Springs are open for guests June 15, close October 1.

They are reached from all directions over the Danville Division of the Southern Railway.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager
TUESDAY, MAY 7
The Indian Actress— Go-Won-Go-Mohawk
Appearing in the Romantic Drama
THE FLAMING ..ARROW..
A true story of Indian Life—Presented by a carefully selected cast—All special scenery and effects
Prices—Parquette and Dress Circle 75c, Family Circle and Balcony 50c, Gallery 25c.

Schlitz THE BEER THAT MADE MILWAUKEE FAMOUS

M. Pasteur, of France, invented a process for killing all possible germs in a product, and we use it. After each bottle of Schlitz beer is filled and sealed it is sterilized.

This is an extreme precaution. The beer is brewed in extreme cleanliness, cooled in filtered air, then filtered. It seems impossible for a taint of impurity to get to it. Yet we sterilize every bottle.

We, who know brewing, know the value of purity. We add vastly to the necessary cost of our beer to assure it. You who drink it get the healthful results of our precaution. Your physician knows; ask him.

'Phone 358, Schlitz, 38-40 Railroad Avenue, Duluth.

Every Bottle Sterilized

FREE DISTRIBUTION

of DR. GEO. LEININGER'S

FOR-MAL-DE-HYDE REMEDIES,

—Will Take Place—

Wednesday, May 8,

To meet the urgent demand of some of the most eminent physicians of America and Europe, as well as for thousands of Dr. Geo. Leininger's own patients who are unable to consult him personally, he has prepared for the welfare of the entire public what are known as

DR. GEO. LEININGER'S FOR-MAL-DE-HYDE REMEDIES

which are scientifically compounded with soldified For-mal-de-hyde—the only germicide that **positively kills all disease germs**, yet does absolutely no harm to the human organism. As the one cause of all disease results from microbes, it becomes necessary to apply that remedy which will kill these germs, and at the same time put the blood in such condition of health and activity that new germs entering it cannot live or breed in it.

Dr. Geo. Leininger has arranged a separate medicine for each disease—based upon the true principle of destroying all disease germs. Dr. Geo. Leininger is anxious that the sick of this city test the health giving power of his famous remedies, and has arranged through some of the leading drug stores to make a free distribution of a trial size of some of these remedies.

1000 Bottles Free of DR. GEO. LEININGER'S
FOR-MAL-DE-HYDE COUGH CURE
Guaranteed cure for CONSUMPTION and all serious and stubborn Lung Diseases

1000 Samples Free of DR. GEO. LEININGER'S
FOR-MAL-DE-HYDE KIDNEY TABLETS
The only remedy that means destruction to the Kidney disease germs, thereby preventing Bright's Disease and permanently curing the worst form of Kidney Disease.

1000 Samples Free of DR. GEO. LEININGER'S
FOR-MAL-DE-HYDE LITTLE LIVER PILLS
Cure Habitual Constipation and Indigestion by freeing the stomach of all disease-breeding germs.

1000 Samples Free of DR. GEO. LEININGER'S
MAKE-MAN TABLETS
A wonderful brain, blood and nerve food, equally as good for women as men.

Free Demonstration No Samples of.... **DR. GEO. LEININGER'S FOR-MAL-DE-HYDE INHALER** The guaranteed cure for Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis, LaGrippe and all Throat, nose and lung diseases.
Come and Get a Free Treatment.

Out of Town customers can get a sample and a book free by writing the Dr. Geo. Leininger Chemical Co., Chicago.
S. F. Boyce, 333 West Superior Street, Duluth.
Max Wirth, 111 West Superior Street, Duluth.
City Drug Store, 212 55th Ave. W., West Duluth.

Distribution will take place Wednesday, May 8, 1901, beginning at 10 a. m. at the following drug stores:
Opera House Drug Co., West Superior.
Guarantee Drug Co., West Superior.
F. D. Priest, 287 W 5th St., Superior.

NO SAMPLES GIVEN TO CHILDREN EXCEPT ON WRITTEN ORDER.

AMUSEMENTS.

"THE FLAMING ARROW."

Tonight Lincoln J. Carter's play, "The Flaming Arrow," will be given at the Lyceum. The scenes and incidents of the piece are borrowed from the picturesque territory of the Western frontier and the story is as vividly colored as the lives of the sturdy and brave forerunners of civilization, our intrepid boys in blue, whose penetration into the haunts of renegades and the savage red man was accomplished amidst heroic deeds of self-sacrifice and chivalry. The scenes for the stage settings of "The Flaming Arrow" have been painted directly from life by Buhler and Mann, with the expert advice of Two Moons, the Cheyenne Indian chief.

WETMORE'S GELATINE.
Granulated or shredded; 10 cents at all grocers.

COAL TAX ADOPTED.

London, May 7.—The house of commons last night adopted the coal tax by a vote of 333 to 227. Consequently the tax of 1 shilling a ton on export coal was adopted by a majority of 106.

BEAUCHAMP DIVORCED.

London, May 7.—Sir Reginald Beauchamp was awarded a divorce from his wife, Violet (daughter of the fifth earl of Roden) today, and £10,000 damages. The co-respondent was Hugh Watt, a former member of parliament, who is well-known in financial circles.

Astonishing Evidence of Mull's Pioneer Kidney Cure.

Read This Letter. It's Genuine and It's True.

Chicago, March 24, 1900.

Lightning Medicine Co., Rock Island, Ill.:

Dear Friends—Mull's Pioneer Kidney Cure is a wonderful remedy. It has cured my husband, although when I say cured, I wonder, for he has tried so many different things without help that it seems to me so very strange to say his pain is gone, and he looks so changed in five weeks' time, hardly that long since I got a $1.00 box at my druggist's. I must say Mull's Pioneer Cure has put a light in our home, as everything seemed dark to me when my husband came in at night with pain here and there, didn't feel like eating he was so very miserable. Now I must truthfully say he comes in with a smile and looks as though he had some life in him; which was not the case before he took your remedy. After the fourth day he got relief. He has taken electric treatments, used different kinds of blood and the so-called Kidney medicines without relief. I will never be without Mull's Pioneer Cure again, and think you ought to advertise more, so the suffering could read and be cured. I thank you again and again, and remain, Your friend,

MRS. ZIECH.
644 Morgan street, Chicago.

Was It Bright's Disease?

If so, Mull's Pioneer Kidney Cure saved his life. He warned in time. Kidney Disease is the forerunner of Bright's Disease, which nine times in ten is fatal.

Learning of the wonderful curative powers of this remedy, the Physicians are now prescribing Pioneer Cure in cases which they deemed hopeless, with gratifying results.

If you have any of the following symptoms you have Kidney Disease and should use Pioneer Kidney Cure without delay, for

You're In Danger:

Is the skin pale and dry?
Is your hair getting gray?
Is the hair dry and brittle?
Do the legs feel too heavy?
Is there nausea after eating?
Do the joints ache and pain?
Are they cold and clammy
Are the eyes dull and staring?
Is there pain in small of back?
Do your hands and feet swell?
Has the perspiration a bad odor?
Have you pain on top of head?
Is there a puffiness under the eyes?
Is there a bad taste in the mouth?
Is there a desire to get up at night?
Are there dark rings under the eyes?
Does a deposit form when left standing?
Do you see spots floating before the eyes?
Do you see unpleasant things while asleep.

These conditions result either from colds or overwork of the kidneys in separating from the blood the poisons that have been absorbed from catarrh.

Pioneer Kidney Cure

is compounded specially to remove the cause of the above symptoms, and it does it in a short space of time. Pioneer Cure is a small chocolate-coated tablet and can now be had of good druggists at 25c for trial size, and $1.00 for large size, the latter contains a $1.00 draft as a guarantee of good results.

Lightning Medicine Co., of Rock Island, Ill., will mail you a free sample if you like.

Mull's Lightning Pain Killer relieves life of one great burden, PAIN. Rub it on or drink it. 25c.

PAYING RAPIDLY

Taxpayers Are Coming In Early With Their Payments.

An Indication of Prosperity In the Community.

Large Number Taking Advantage of Half Payment System.

The manner in which taxes are paid is always a good indication of the financial condition of a community, and anyone visiting the office of the county treasurer these days can see ample evidence that so far as this indication goes this community is all right. A penalty of 10 per cent goes on taxes June 1, unless they are paid before that time, and paying is in progress at a very rapid rate. Usually a majority of the people wait until the last few days and then come in a rush, but this year the rush began in April, and is still continuing, so that while there will be enough left to make quite a crush at the end of the period taxes will be pretty well paid up before the last few days of the time for paying them.

A large number, as usual, are taking advantage of the half-payment plan. By this half the taxes may be paid now, and payment of the balance postponed until October, without penalties. If the unpaid balance is not paid by Nov. 1, a penalty of 10 per cent goes on. If none of the tax is paid before June 1, the penalty goes on all of it.

Considerable of the payment is due to the active transfers of property. Taxes have to be paid in full, of course, before land can be transferred, and as there is a good deal of transferring, this item is bringing a lot of money to the county treasury.

Some people have been laboring under the mistaken apprehension that the payment of half the current tax was sufficient to transfer property. This is not the case. The tax must be paid in full, and the property must owe nothing to the public before any transfer can be recorded in the office of the register of deeds.

TO BE BRISK.

Sawing Season at Iron River Will Be Active.

Reports from Iron River, Wis., indicate that the sawing season at that point will be a brisk one. Manager Waters, of the Alexander & Edgar Lumber company, was in the city recently and said that the new mill which was started last fall is running day and night and will continue to do so the year around. The Alexander & Edgar company has a logging road about two miles in length, with two locomotives and a steam log loader that was purchased from the Northwestern Supply company in this city. It is therefore pretty well equipped to get the logs to the mill. It will be remembered that the old mill was destroyed by fire last summer and another was torn down, the new mill taking the place of both. The new mill is equipped with two Allis 9-foot band saw and a Mershon band resaw, two edgers and other machinery. The mill averages over 200,000 feet in twenty-four hours. Last season's cut was 40,000,000 feet and the cut this season will be between 60,000,000 and 70,000,000 feet. The company also has a new planing mill with a complete equipment. This mill has a capacity of 4,000,000 feet a month. The Alexander & Edgar company, with its entirely new modern plant, its logging facilities and with plenty of timber to draw on, is one of the largest factors in the Northern Wisconsin lumber trade.

The John O'Brien Lumber company of Ashland is having 20,000,000 feet of logs taken out near Iron River; 130,000 feet are being loaded per day on the cars of the Bayfield & Western road. The logs are hauled to Chequamegon bay and will be dumped at Washburn. There is said to be but 5,000,000 feet of dry stock unsold on the lumber on Chequamegon bay.

Use Prof. Field's worm powders. A single trial proves their worth.

NEED YELLS.

High School Short of Them---Call For Suggestions.

A yelling need felt at the Duluth Central high school is for some more yells. Those that are in use now are very good ones and effective, but variety is the spice of life and two yells, however strong and however beautifully they are vocally propelled, become rather monotonous after they have been given in rapid succession the length of Superior street or at every brilliant play made during a baseball game. The high school needs new yells—has needed them—and will need them. On May 24 the track team will attend the interscholastic meet at Minneapolis and it is presumed that a number of the students will accompany them. Eight or ten high schools will attend the meet, many having a liberal escort, and it behooves the Duluth crowd to be prepared to back its athletes up to the fullest extent of their lung power. When the Superior normal school plays Duluth on June 1, there will be a lot of Superiorites over and the high school enthusiastics feel that Duluth ought to be prepared to give them a rousing reception. This will be the warmest game in which the Duluth team will play and the Wisconsin men must be yelled down as well as beaten. As every one knows a team backed by lots of yelling plays better ball and it is incumbent on Duluth to have a good supply of that very necessary article. There are many students at the high school who are able to grind out good yells if they tried and all such are asked to send good explosive shrieked yells to The Herald office, whence they will be passed on by the yell committee of the high school and such as are acceptable will be printed in The Herald. They must be written on one side of the paper only and must be addressed to The Herald high school department.

All yells must be turned in to The Herald office or to Professor C. A. Smith thus marked before 12:30 p. m. Friday, to insure their publication in The Saturday Herald.

ONE IN THREE.

Every Third Person Poisoned By Coffee.

It is difficult to make people believe that coffee is an absolute poison to at least one person out of every three, but people are slowly finding it out, although thousands of them suffer terribly before they discover the fact.

A New York hotel man says: "Each time after drinking coffee I become restless, nervous and excited, so that I was unable to sit five minutes in one place, was also inclined to vomit and suffered from loss of sleep, which got worse and worse.

"A lady said that perhaps coffee was the cause of my trouble, and suggested that I try Postum Food Coffee. I laughed at the thought that coffee hurt me, but she insisted so hard that I finally had some Postum made. I have been using it in place of coffee ever since, for I noticed that all my former nervousness and irritation disappeared. I began to sleep perfectly, and the Postum tasted as good or better than the old coffee, so what was the use of sticking to a beverage that was ruining me?

"One day on an excursion up the country I remarked to a young lady friend on her greatly improved appearance. She explained that some time before she had quit using coffee and taken Postum. She had gained a number of pounds and her former palpitation of the heart, humming in the ears, trembling of the hands and legs and other disagreeable feelings had disappeared. She recommended me to quit coffee and take Postum and was very much surprised to find that I had already made the change.

She said her brother had also received great benefits from leaving off coffee and taking on Postum Food Coffee."—Henry A. Mader, 221 West Thirty-third street, New York.

A LARGE PREMIUM

The Refunding Bond Issue Proves Attractive to Investors.

R. S. Lerch Denied Permission to Move Livery Stable.

Park Point Ferry Contract Awarded to the Estelle.

The council last night:

Received offers of high premiums for the $50,000 issue of refunding bonds.

Awarded the Park Point ferry contract to Capt. M. J. Ryan, owner of the Estelle.

Revoked permission recently granted R. S. Lerch for the removal of his livery barn.

Refused to renew the employment agency license of Joe Sheehy, ex-pugilist.

Approved water board's action in ordering the extension of service to the normal school.

Introduced an amendment to the fire limit ordinance restricting removals.

Ordered the skeletons recently exhumed on Third street to be buried at Greenwood.

Confirmed health commissioner's appointments of three deputy health inspectors.

Instructed the department of public works to examine West Duluth viaducts.

Received recommendations for the building of $50,000 of new sidewalks.

The high premium offered for the $50,000 issue of refunding bonds is a generous compliment to Duluth's standing in the world of finance and investment. Upon receiving proposals for the issue last evening, the council was pleasantly surprised. Premiums offered are the highest in recent years and practically double the premium received a few months ago on the sale of $99,000 permanent improvement revolving fund bonds.

The proposals clearly indicate that the cautious financiers of the East regard Duluth as a substantial and prosperous city and a gilt edge investment.

The bonds offered for sale are for the purpose of partially refunding $85,000 worth of 6 per cent bonds issued on July 1, 1901, and which are payable on July 1 of this year. The balance in the sinking fund will not be sufficient to take up the Lakeside 6s on maturity and the council was compelled to arrange the $50,000 issue to replenish this fund.

The proposed issue replaces the 6 per cent bonds with 5 per cent bonds running for a period of thirty years with the interest payable semi-annually. Both principal and interest are to be paid in gold coin at the American Exchange bank in New York city.

There were three local and three foreign bidders and the premiums offered ranged frm $250 to $1035. The high bid was made by Dennison, Prior & Co., of Cleveland, and from present indications the issue will be awarded this house next week, if the investigation into its offer proves as satisfactory as the offer appears on its face. The bids were as follows:

Dennison, Prior & Co., Cleveland	$ 51.035
New First National Bank, Columbus	51.029
Pulford, How & Co., Duluth	50.910
First National bank, Duluth	50.513
E. H. Gay & Co., Boston	50.375
N. J. Upham & Co., Duluth	50.250

The bonded debt of Duluth is $2,699,250, exclusive of $2,356,000 in water bonds. The special assessment debt is not included in the special debt and secured by a direct lien on property benefited, is $74,255.

The Park Point ferry question limped into the council proceedings about three weeks overdue. It was sighted in the offing about 9:30 and a sigh of relief went up from the aldermen who had been waiting anxiously for it. Shortly after the ferry was sighted Alderman Cochrane steered up against it and the little craft flew signals of distress for a few moments.

The committee on harbors and docks reported in favor of awarding the ferry contract to M. J. Ryan, owner of the Estelle, at the rate of $25 a day for a 24-hour service. This report was based on the statement of a shipbuilder that he had examined the boat and made extensive repairs to the hull which rendered her absolutely safe.

It was then that Alderman Cochrane swung around broadside and made a vigorous attack on the Estelle. For a while it looked like a battle between an auxiliary cruiser and a raft. The Eighth ward alderman wanted the contract let to the Sarah Smith, a 90-footer. When the smoke of the first broadside cleared away it was found that the Estelle was uninjured. The contract was awarded Capt. Ryan.

Most of the evening was taken up in debate over a resolution revoking the permission granted several weeks ago to R. S. Lerch for the removal of his frame livery barn from First street near the corner of Third avenue west to the lower side of First street near Second avenue west. The owners of property abutting on the north side of Superior street within the block named, claimed that it would raise their insurance between $5500 and $7500 a year for the next ten years.

Alderman Krumsieg of the Second ward said that if the council revoked the permission it would practically mean that Mr. Lerch would be put out of business. He said that he did not think the council had the right to drive one man out of business because it would cost other men a few cents.

Frank Crassweller appeared as attorney for the Superior street property owners, and said that the council would certainly not be justified in granting one taxpayer a special privilege which was going to raise the tax of other taxpayers from $5000 to $8000 a year.

Alderman Cochrane of the Eighth ward took Mr. Lerch's side of the dispute, saying that "the Lerch barn was more in danger from the fire traps on Superior street than the fire traps on Superior street were from the Lerch barn."

John Jenswold appeared as Mr. Lerch's attorney and intimated that the city might be held liable for any personal liability that Mr. Lerch might incur in violating the terms of the new 9-year lease on the site in dispute.

Samuel Loeb and Luther Mendenhall, as property owners, spoke briefly against the removal of the barn, and the vote showed that the property owners had decidedly the best of the fight. Those in favor of revoking the permission were:

Barnes, Haven, Johnson, Moore, Neff, Olson, Rothermel, Swenson, Tessman, Trevillion, Wing and Cromwell—12.

Against revoking—Cochrane, Krumsieg, Schaffer and Tischer—4.

In allowing a number of licenses for employment agencies, the application of Joseph Sheehy, ex-pugilist, was knocked out in the first round by a flashing jab from Assistant City Attorney Holmes. Mr. Holmes said that the former paperweight pugilist was very abusive, and that he gave the officials ten times more trouble than any other employment agent in the city. On the strength of this the aldermen turned down the application.

A resolution was adopted authorizing the health authorities to take charge of the human skeletons recently exhumed on Third street between Twelfth and Thirteenth avenue east, and have them properly reinterred in Greenwood cemetery at the poor farm.

By unanimous vote the council approved the action of the board of water and light commissioners in ordering an extension of water and gas mains out Woodland avenue for the benefit of the normal school. The extension will cost $15,000 and work will be started immediately.

Alderman Moore introduced an amendment to the fire limit ordinance providing that there shall be no more moving of frame buildings within the fire limits without the consent of two-thirds of all the aldermen-elect.

The recent appointments of deputy health inspectors, made by the health commissioner, were confirmed.

A resolution by Alderman Barnes of the Seventh ward was adopted calling on the board of public works to report on the condition of viaducts on Oneota street and at West Duluth.

The regular contract bills and the monthly pay roll for city employes were passed.

Mayor Hugo sent in the names of seven park board employes to be special park policemen, without drawing pay as policemen.

The board of public works reported additional new sidewalks, bringing the total of new sidewalks up to $50,000. The board also reported that the sewer in Superior street between Twenty-second and Twenty-fourth avenues east would cost $4724, and that the Tioga street sewer would cost $449.

IT IS DYING.

Douglas County Agricultural Society Going Under.

After making a desperate effort for existence during the past few years, the present indications are that the Douglas County Agricultural society over in West Superior, will go to the wall very shortly and no fair will be held the coming fall. The annual election of the society was held not long ago, and enthusiasm was unbounded over the supposed prospects of the society this season.

The trouble is said to lie with the Douglas county board, which failed to make an appropriation to remove the buildings from the present location to one more suitable and where the rental was not nearly so high. The buildings are now to be sold, and bids are called for. The highest bidder will have the buildings turned over to him next week Saturday. President James H. Agen, who organized the society, and has taken an active part in keeping the organization alive, has resigned.

The failure of the county board to come to the aid of the organization is a matter of great disappointment to the management of the society and those interested in it, for it was believed that the fairs were a benefit to the county and city, and should have been kept up. Last fall the matter was laid before the county board and an appropriation of $700 was asked to remove the buildings to the driving park, but it was decided to do nothing as no levy had been made for this sum and it was impossible to raise the funds without causing a deficiency in the next levy. The proceeds of the sale will be divided among the members.

THE PIGEON REPORTS.

Carrier Reaches Cleveland In Thirty-Eight Hours.

The carrier pigeon that was released by the Superior Shipbuilding company at 4:22 o'clock Saturday afternoon, to bear the news of the successful launching of the steamer Warren to the owners at Cleveland, arrived in that city at 8:20 o'clock Monday morning, having covered the 700 miles in thirty-eight hours, a very creditable performance. This flight was not nearly so fast, however, as that of some of the birds belonging to Prerker & Flynn, that left with a score of the pigeons released from the Bon Voyage, ninety-two miles down the lake, at 9 a. m., arrived in Duluth a few minutes before 11 a. m.

CIGAR AND NEWS STAND.

Hunter & La Vaque at 21 West Superior Street.

Hunter & LaVaque is the name of a new firm which has opened a cigar store and news stand at 21 West Superior street. The members of the firm are Andrew Hunter, who was for a number of years a deputy sheriff, and J. C. LaVaque, who has been with the LaVaque Paint and Wall Paper company for many years. The new store will handle a full line of cigars and tobacco, newspapers, periodicals, marine papers, etc. A specialty will be made of marine papers. The store is a very pleasant and well lighted one, the furniture being new and handsome and everything about the place bears a new and neat appearance. The location is a good one, it being the only cigar and news stand east of Second avenue west.

Your Eyes?

Do they trouble you? Remember, an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure. Don't delay! Attend to them at once.

WE EXAMINE EYES FREE.

GEIST & ERD,
Jewelers and Opticians,
121 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

"I could'nt Sew another Stitch to Save my Life."

A gorgeous costume flashed beneath the brilliant lights of a ball room. The queen of society is radiant to-night.

The nervous hands of a weak woman have toiled day and night, the weary form and aching head have known no rest, for the dress must be finished in time.

To that queen of society and her dressmaker we would say a word. One through hothouse culture, luxury and social excitement, and the other through the toil of necessity, may some day find their ailments a common cause.

Nervous prostration, excitability, fainting spells, dizziness, sleeplessness, loss of appetite and strength, all indicate serious trouble, which has been promoted by an over-taxed system.

For the society queen and the dressmaker alike, there is nothing so reliable as **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** to restore strength, vigor, and happiness.

Mrs. Lizzie Anderson, 49 Union St., Salem, N. J., writes:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I feel it is my duty to write and tell you how grateful I am to you for what your medicine has done for me. At one time I suffered everything a woman could. I had inflammation of the ovaries, falling of the womb, and leucorrhœa. At times could not hold a needle to sew. The first dose of your Vegetable Compound helped me so much that I kept on using it. I have now taken six bottles and am well and able to do my work. I also ride a wheel and feel no bad effects from it. I am thankful to the Giver of all good for giving you the wisdom of curing suffering women. I recommend your medicine to every woman troubled with any of these diseases."

Mrs. Sarah Swoder, 103 West St., La Porte, Ind., writes:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—It gives me great pleasure to tell you how much good **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** has done for me.

"I had been a sufferer for years with female trouble. I could not sew but a few minutes at a time without suffering terribly with my head. My back and kidneys also troubled me all the time. I was advised by a friend to take your medicine. I had no faith in it, but decided to try it. After taking one bottle I felt so much better that I continued its use, and by the time I had taken six bottles I was cured. There is no other medicine for me. I recommend it to all my friends."

$5000 REWARD Owing to the fact that some skeptical people have from time to time questioned the genuineness of the testimonial letters we are constantly publishing, we have deposited with the National City Bank, of Lynn, Mass., $5,000, which will be paid to any person who will show that the above testimonials are not genuine, or were published before obtaining the writers' special permission.—LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO.

Hotel Victoria

Broadway, 51h Ave. and 27th Street, New York.
Absolutely Fireproof

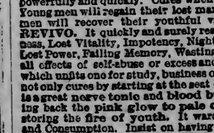
In the center of the shopping and theatre district. First-class in all its appointments. Entirely new through out.

European Plan

Rooms single or ensuite, with or without bath, hot and cold water and telephone in every room. Cuisine unexcelled.

GEORGE W. SWEENEY, Propr.

John H. Langton, formerly of The Spalding Hotel is on The Victoria staff.



produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excesses and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address

Royal Medicine Co., 269 Dearborn St. **CHICAGO, ILL.**

For sale by Max Wirth and S. F. Boyce, druggists, Duluth, Minn.

LUMBER, SASH, DOORS, MOULDINGS, MAPLE FLOORING, HARDWOOD, SCREENS.
SCOTT-GRAFF LUMBER CO.
24TH AVE. W. & MICHIGAN ST.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink
ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.
Sold in Duluth at

The Ideal Beer Hall.

SHERIFF'S EXECUTION SALE.—

Under and by virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the district court of the state of Minnesota, in and for the Eleventh judicial district and county of St. Louis, on the 20th day of April, 1901, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in said court and county in an action therein, wherein Cash Winters was plaintiff, and E. T. Merritt, A. R. Merritt and A. R. Merritt & C. C. Merritt, defendants, in favor of said plaintiff and against said defendants, for the sum of five hundred fourteen and 11-100 ($514.11) dollars, which said execution has to me, as sheriff of said St. Louis County, been duly directed and delivered, I have levied upon and will sell at public auction, to the highest cash bidder, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said County of St. Louis, on Wednesday, the 5th day of June, 1901, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, all the right, title and interest that above named judgment debtor—E. T. Merritt had in and to the real estate hereinafter described on the 10th day of July, 1893, that being the date of the rendition of said judgment, the description of the property being as follows, to-wit:

North half of southeast quarter (n½ of se¼) and north half of southwest quarter (n½ of sw¼), of section eleven (11), township fifty-eight (58) north, range eighteen (18), west Fourth Principal Meridian, in St. Louis County, Minnesota.

Dated Duluth, Minn., April 20th, 1901.

WM. C. SARGENT,
Sheriff, St. Louis County, Minn.
By VICTOR A. DASH,
Deputy.

PHELPS & McMANNUS,
Attorneys for Judgment Creditor.
Duluth Evening Herald, April 23-30-May-7-14-21-28-1901.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis, —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, April 20th, 1901.

In the Matter of the Estate of Milton Homet, Deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Theresa Homet, executrix of the estate of Milton Homet, deceased, representing among other things, that she has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of her administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard by this court, on Monday, the 27th day of May, A. D. 1901, at 2 o'clock p. m., at the probate office, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 30th day of April, A. D. 1901.

By the Court.
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.
(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, April-30-May-7-14-1901.

FOREIGN BUYING

Feature of the Opening of the Wheat Market.

Damage to the French Crop Strengthens Foreign Markets.

Northwest Receipts Very Light---Chicago May Very Strong.

Duluth Board of Trade, May 7.—The cables came very strong this morning and rather surprised the markets in this country. Orders for buying for foreign account were heavy and London was reported as a heavy buyer in Liverpool. One Chicago house was reported to have orders from Liverpool to buy on a scale up some as high as ¾c above the close last night. The foreign buying was inspired by damage to the French crop, news of which was brought on the late cables. There was a heavy demand for May wheat in Chicago that carried it to a premium of ¾c over July. The Northwestern receipts were bullish also being less than one-half those of the corresponding day last week. Bradstreet reported a decrease of 6,624,000 bus in the world's supply of wheat. The government report for May is due on Friday of this week. It will give the condition of winter wheat. Last month the report indicated a percentage of 91.7 which was held equivalent to a crop of 450,000,000 bus. Last year in May the condition was 88.9. Primary receipts of wheat were 370,000 bus. Last year 340,000 bus. Shipments 322,000 bus, last year 1,032,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour were 572,000 bus. Export business in wheat at the seaboard yesterday was 216,000 bus. About 1,000,000 bus of wheat have been chartered at Duluth to leave upon the arrival of boats.

Receipts at Duluth and Minneapolis, 111 cars, against 231 last week and 305 last year. Chicago receipts, 102 cars, none of contract grade.

Trading in futures was dull on the Duluth board. July wheat opened ¾c up at 74¾c, sold at 75c at 9:32, reacted to 74¾c at 10:02, advanced to 75⅝c at 12:04, fell back to 75c at 12:04, sold at 75⅝c at 1:10 and closed at 75¼c. This was an advance of ⅜c. Chicago July advanced ⅝-¾c while May advanced a full cent. In July Minneapolis showed an advance of ⅞c.

A hard drive was made against corn in Chicago yesterday and the whole corn pit seemed to be selling. Nevertheless the offerings were all absorbed and the close of May was higher than yesterday and that of July but a shade lower. May corn opened at 51c, yesterday's close, sold down to 50¾c, advanced to 52⅝c and closed at 52½c. Patten is reported as a heavy seller of corn during the past few days and seems to have taken up the short side of the market which he abandoned some time ago. This time he has the advantage of getting in at a much higher point. Primary receipts of corn were heavy aggregating 628,000 bus, against 350,000 bus last year. Shipments were 522,000 bus, last year 653,000 bus. Clearances of corn were 392,000 bus. At Chicago yesterday 500,000 bus of corn was sold to go all rail to the seaboard. Exporters at the seaboard yesterday bought 168,000 bus. Duluth has chartered about 1,000,000 bus to go East as soon as boats arrive.

October flax was strong today in the Duluth market, closing 2c up. May flax was 1c up. Other coarse grains were unchanged in price.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 76⅝c; to arrive, 76¾c; May, 76¾c; September, 72⅝c. No. 1 northern, cash, 74⅝c; to arrive, 74¼c; May, 74⅝c; September, 71¾c; July, 75¼c. No. 2 northern, 70¼c. No. 3 spring, 69¼c. Oats, 28¾-28c. Rye, 52¼c. Flax, cash, $1.69; to arrive, $1.69; May, $1.69; September, $1.32; September Northwestern, $1.33; October, $1.30. Corn, 42½c; May, 44c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 153 cars; corn, 1; flax, 1. Receipts—Wheat, 6607 bus; corn, 4305 bus; flax, 7159 bus. Shipments—Corn, 16,792 bus; oats, 2017 bus.

SALES TUESDAY.

No. 1 northern, 1 car	$0.73¾
No. 1- northern, 3 cars	.74
No. 2 northern, 1 car	.71¾
Flax, 1 car, rejected	1.50
Flax, 5000 bus, September	1.32

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THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Light Receipts, Higher Cables Send Wheat Up.

Chicago, May, 7—Light northwest receipts and higher cables caused a sharp rally in the wheat market at the start today. July opened ⅜ to ⅝c higher at 72½ to 73⅜ under a demand led by shorts. Profit taking caused a reaction to 72⅝ but offerings were well taken and the market speedily reacted to 73¾c. Local receipts were 102 cars, none of contract grade, while Minneapolis and Duluth reported 111 cars against 231 last week and 305 a year ago.

Profit-taking later sent July to 72⅝@¾c, but the world's visible decrease of 6,350,000 bus and liberal seaboard clearances caused a rally to 72⅞c, and the close was firm, ⅝c higher at 72⅝c.

Corn was easy on heavy receipts, July opened a shade to ⅛c higher, at 46¼@46⅜c, touched 45⅞, reacted to 46¼c and declined to 45⅝@⅞c. Receipts were 508 cars, 89 of contract grade.

The close was steady with July ⅝c lower at 46@⅛c, and May 1½c higher at 52½c.

July oats opened ⅛c higher at 26¾c and touched 26⅜@⅝c on small local purchases, but eased later to 26½@⅝c. Receipts were 844 cars.

Provisions were dull, but steady, on a good cash demand. July pork opened unchanged at 12¼, 2½c higher at $14.95@14.97½ and sold to $15.05; July lard opened a shade higher at $7.95@7.97½, and July ribs a shade improved at $7.92½.

Close: Wheat, May, 73½c; June, 72¾c; July, 72¾@73c. Corn, May, 53½c; July, 46@⅛c. Oats, May, 28¾c; July, 26⅝c. Pork, May, $14.90; July, $15.02½; September, $14.85. Lard, May, $8.00@8.02½; July, $7.92½; September, $7.97½. Ribs, May, $8.12½; July, $7.92½@7.95; September, $7.90. Flax, cash Northwestern, $1.65; No. 1, $1.65; May, $1.64½; September, $1.30; October, $1.29. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 74@75c; No. 3 red, 71@74c; No. 2 hard winter, 73 @74c; No. 3 hard winter, 72@73c; No. 1 northern spring, 73½@74¼c; No. 2 northern spring, 73½@74½c; No. 3 spring, 70@73½c. Corn, No. 2, 51c; No. 3, 49¾@44¾c. Oats, No. 2, 28½c; No. 3, 26c. Rye, May, 52¼c; July, 51½c. Barley, cash, 38@55c. Timothy, September, $3.30. Clover, cash, $10.25.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, May 7.—Close: Wheat, May, 73¾@¾c; July, 74¼c. On track, No. 1 hard, 76c; No. 1 northern, 74c; No. 2 northern, 70¼@71¼c.

CONDITION OF WHEAT.

Crop Stands Well In All Important Features.

New York, May 7.—Carefully consolidated reports from the American Agriculturist's corps of observers make the May 1 condition of winter wheat 91.5 against 95.3 last month and compiled with an average at this date for five years of 84. April was wholly favorable for the development of the wheat crop over the greater part of the belt. The report shows little damage through insect pests outside of Texas, Oklahoma and Michigan. No crop in twenty years has stood better than the present for all important features of roots and stools.

The spring wheat crop has been sown under highly favorable conditions, says the report, and while seeding in the extreme north is not quite completed, enough is known to make it apparent that the acreage is fully equal to that sown last year. There has been an abundance of early moisture over the whole belt except in a limited portion of South Dakota. The condition May 1 of wheat by states, includes Ohio, 88; Kentucky, 87; Michigan, 86; New York, 93; Pennsylvania and Indiana, 95; Illinois, 96; Kansas, 100; Nebraska, 99; California, 90.

PITS AND CALLS.

Curb, July wheat, 74⅛@74¼c.
Puts, July wheat, 73⅝c.
Calls, July wheat, 74⅝@¾c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	73¾B	73¼B	72⅝	81⅝
High	74½B	73⅞	73⅛	82⅝
Low	73¾B	73¼	72⅝	81¾-7/8
Close	74½B	73¾-7/8	73⅛	81¾A
July—				
Open	74⅛B	73⅞-74	72⅛-72¾	78⅞
High	75¼	74⅞	73⅞	79⅛
Low	74⅛	73⅝	72⅛	78⅝-¾
Close	75¼	74¼	72¾-⅞	79B

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. July.	Corn. July.	Pork. July.
Open	26⅜-⅝	46¼@46¾-⅝	$14.95@14.97½
High	26⅝-¾	46⅞	$15.07
Low	26⅜	46⅜	$14.92
Close	26⅜	46-⅛	$15.02

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, May 7.—Close: Wheat, May, 81⅞c; July, 79c. Corn; May, 52½c; July, 50¼c.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, May 7.—Close, wheat steady, unchanged to ⅜d higher. May, 5s 11d; July, 5s 10⅞d; September, 5s 10⅜d. Corn, steady, ⅛@⅜d higher. July, 4s 3½d; September, 4s 3¾d.

WEARE'S REPORT.

Chicago, May 7.—The continent has supplied the bull incentives which caused an advance in wheat of 1@1¾c. This latter advance being scored in the May option, which at one time widened to ⅞c premium over the July. The continental strength is due, it is claimed, to unfavorable weather conditions in Europe. Cash demand was improved, 3 loads at New York. The market has been a very erratic one and difficult to size up, but at this season of the year, the weather is a factor which is bound to produce erratic action in its effect upon crop prospects and wheat at the present time is very sensitive to such conditions and making the scalping opportunities very excellent.

The corn market has been supported without much effect, selling at 50¾c and 52⅜c for the May. The July has been easy apparently due to the long side being overcrowded, selling at 46⅜c and 45½c. Phillips has been credited with selling the July option. There were 125 cars of contract altogether today, including corn moved from elevators. Making in all 150,-000 bus. Local sales of corn were 50,000 bus, with 7 loads at New York and 1,000,-000 is reported having been ordered out from here to the seaboard by Phillips.

The oat market has been steady. Local sales were large, 250,000 bus and 100,000 bus at New York. Trade is not important, but oats have resisted very severe selling wonderfully well.

Provisions continue to be inactive, but firm, there was a better shipping situation reported. Hogs West 76,000, against 70,-000 last year. The provision market needs speculation very badly, being in a comparatively strong position statistically it should readily respond to any improvement in outside interest.

WEARE COMMISSION COMPANY.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul—Barrett & Zimmerman report that the market opened with a more aggressive tone to the trade, buyers as well as stock was better represented than at the closing of last week's market. Buying was principally done in the line of heavy good team horses and drivers. Prices had no material change from the quotable values of last week. Mules moved slow. Values:

Drafters, extra	$135@165
Drafters, choice	120@135
Farm horses, extra	105@127
Farm horses, choice	90@100
Farm horses, common to good	65@ 75

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, May 7.—Cattle, receipts, 4000. Steady. Good to prime steers, $5.60@6.00; poor to medium, $4.00@5.00; stockers and feeders, $3.00@5.00; cows, $2.65@4.80; canners, $2.00@2.60; calves, $3.25@4.75; Texas steers, $3.50@5.40 Hogs, receipts today, 20,-000; tomorrow, 28,000; left over, 7250. Steady. Mixed and butchers, $5.60@5.85; good to choice heavy, $5.70@5.87½; rough and heavy, $5.55@5.65; light, $5.50@5.80; bulk of sales, $5.75@5.80. Sheep, receipts, 11,000. Steady. Sheep, $3.90@4.50; lambs, $4.00 @6.20. Receipts yesterday—Cattle, 17,911; hogs, 30,961; sheep, 23,356. Shipments—Cattle, 4826; hogs, 6849; sheep, 5856.

BUT FEW STRUCK.

Louisville, May 7.—Only about 200 of the 5000 men in the local building trades struck today. All had been expected to quit work in sympathy with the carpenters and the leaders insist that tomorrow many others will strike. In view of the fact that among those who quit are plasterers, painters and bricklayers, building was seriously hampered today.

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Local Stocks, etc.—	Par.	Per Share. Asked.	Bid.
First National bank	100	170	150
Am. Exchange bank	100	130	123
First Nat. Bk., Superior	100	...	95
Parry Sound Copper	1	.40	...
Calumet-Ariz. Copper	10	30	...
U. S. Con. Iron Mines	...	...	100
Zenith Oil Co.	1	.12¼	
Minnesota Oil Co.	100	.25	...
County orders			Par

United States bonds bought and sold.

We also deal in Real Estate, Commercial Paper, Mortgages, Loans and act as agents for non-resident property owners and investors. Correspondence invited.

THE CORN CORNER

Most Critical Period of the Deal Is at Hand.

Can Phillips Be Swamped With Deliveries of Corn?

Large Increase In Receipts Already Being Noted.

Local interest in the price of corn and the Phillips deal is as keen as ever, though for the past two or three days the market has not been as exciting as previously. The grain men in Duluth are more than ordinarily interested for there is more than 5,000,000 bus of corn in store in the elevators at the head of the lakes. There is always a number who are the followers of any man who manipulates a corner and Duluth has a number of these who are closely interested in the price of corn and the outcome of the present control of the market.

The Chicago Record-Herald has kept very close track of Mr. Phillips' deal and the weekly market article in yesterday's paper is devoted to the Phillips deal and to sounding the fact that Mr. Phillips and his following are at the critical stage of the deal, that the next four weeks may bring more serious times for them than anything they have met up to now. Says the Record-Herald:

"The corn bulls have had their deal under way about two months. They began buying in the middle of March, at which time the price was not far from 40c. They have had so far, exceptional success. From around 40c they have had the May price up to a point in advance of 52c as have Phillips and his country followers have had only one trial since they began their buying. That was at the time of the break at the close of March and the beginning of April, and referred to at the time as the result of a raid. It was not properly a raid, but a sudden scare on the part of speculators, and Phillips was not quite completed, enough is known to make it apparent that the acreage is fully equal to that sown last year. There has been an abundance of early moisture over the whole belt except in a limited portion of South Dakota. The condition May 1 of wheat by states, includes Ohio, 88; Kentucky, 87; Michigan, 86; New York, 93; Pennsylvania and Indiana, 95; Illinois, 96; Kansas, 100; Nebraska, 99; California, 90.

"Chicago had more corn last week than in the same week last year by 400,000. The Western points had more last week than last year by 700,000 bus. Exports last week were 1,100,000 bus less than last year. The seaboard is offered the contract corn by the bulls themselves at not less than 7c under the May price, and the commercial grade is going at about 9c under the May. These are the considerations which the corn bull may deem uncomfortable. There are even more disquieting ones for the short. Phillips, for instance, says he has a May line of 11,-000,000 bus and that the short interest reaches 10,000,000 bus. He adds he has about 7,000,000 bus sold short for July to provide for such cash grain as will be delivered to him, if it were possible to anticipate the outcome of a corner it would look as if the Phillips position were impregnable; but anticipation is out of the question. Armour himself at one stage of the famous wheat deal declared Leiter's position 'bomb proof,' but there was a $15,000,000 loss to pay finally. The next four weeks will be the exciting ones for those who are merely watchin- the corn deal; they will include the crisis for Phillips and his country following."

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BIG JUMP IN STOCKS

Northern Pacific Again Advanced By Leaps and Bounds.

Frequent Relapses and Rallies During the Early Hours.

Then the Bulge Came and Prices Went Up Rapidly.

New York, May 7.—Speculative excitement continued this morning, and last night's irregularity here and that of this morning in London, were swept away by the tide of buying orders. Union Pacific and Northern Pacific were the features. Union Pacific showed a gain of over 5 points in London before the opening here, and the first sales here were of 25,-000 shares at 128 to 127, compared with 124⅞ last night. Northern Pacific ignored a loss of over a point in London and opened up a ¼, advancing immediately afterward an extreme 3 points. The Pacifics, Grangers and Southwesterns all showed examples of gains of from 1 to 2 points. In the Eastern territory there were gains of 1⅜ to 2½ amongst the Readings, Baltimore & Ohio, Burlington advanced 2⅜ and St. Paul after opening up over a point broke 2. Opening sales of Atchison were of 10,000 shares at 87¼ to 88¾, compared with 88⅛ last night. Realizing sales made inroads on prices in the first ten minutes, reactions running from ½ to a point in the principal stocks outside of St. Paul.

Holders of stocks who were satisfied to sell at the prices prevailing during the first hour were more numerous than those who wanted to buy and prices accordingly dipped very sharply all around. Declines from the best prices extended to 4 in Atchison, 2½ in Union Pacific, 2¾ Mexican Central, 2⅜ in St. Paul, 2 in Reading, Wabash preferred and Sugar and from 1 to 1¾ generally elsewhere. The sale of United States Steel were unusually heavy, a block of 5000 shares of the preferred stock being unloaded at 90. Canadian Pacific moved independently and rose to 116. The Texas & Pacific also met good selling, but other Southwesterns were quiet. Business was not on such an extensive scale as of late and operators were inclined to pay more attention to current monetary conditions.

The support to special stocks induced the short interests to cover. Canadian Pacific extended its rise to 7¾ over yesterday's close and Northern Pacific had another boom, selling up to 135¾. The preferred advanced 10 on unusually heavy dealings. Atchison, Southern Pacific, Missouri Pacific and Ontario & Western rose from 1¼ to 2¾. Speculation had a feverish undertone and there was frequent relapses and rallies of from a sharp fraction to over a point in various leading stocks. The general market was quiet and did not recover to the best. Bonds were irregular.

The bulk of the advance in Northern Pacific and the failure of the general market to respond to it caused growing uneasiness. There were rumors of a sharp struggle to reacquire a lost control. The stock touched 140¾ and fluctuated feverishly below that level, dropping back to 141. Union Pacific broke 3½. St. Paul 7¾ and the principal active stocks from 3 to 5 points. There were some feverish rallies on the taking of bear profits, but the market continued in disorder until the close with the undertone weak.

Stock	Open	High	Low	Close
Am. Sugar Trust	150	151½	147½	184
Amalgamated	122½	123½	122	122½
Am. Tobacco	128	129	127	127
Atchison, com.	86¾	87¾	83½	84
Atchison, pfd.	107	107	103¾	104¾
Brook Rap. Tran	84¾	84⅜	82⅝	83¼
C., M. & St. P.	187	187	178½	180
C., B. & Q.	196¾	196¾	196	196⅞
Erie	42	42⅜	40½	41
U. S. Steel, com.	52¾	53	51	51½
U. S. Steel, pfd.	100⅜	100⅜	98¾	98⅞
B. & O.	112¾	113	108	108
L. & N.	106⅜	106½	101½	103¾
Manhattan	126⅞	127⅜	124⅝	125
Mo. Pacific	114¾	116¾	113¾	113¾
Nor. Pacific, com.	127¾	140¾	127¾	133⅞
Nor. Pacific, pfd.	102¾	113½	102¾	110¾
People's Gas	117	117½	115¼	115¾
Rock Island	164½	169	163½	165¾
So. Pacific	56	56¾	54½	54¾
Tenn. C. & I.	63⅜	63¾	63	63
U. S. Leather, com.	15	15	14½	14⅝
Union Pacific, pfd	96¾	98	96¾	97
Union Pacific, com.	127	139½	122½	123¾
Western Union	98⅝	99	96	96½
So. Ry., com.	33½	33¾	32	32
So. Ry., pfd.	86¾	87	85¼	85¾
Great Northern	187⅞	187⅞	184⅝	185⅞
Wisconsin Central	21⅞	21⅞	21½	21½

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Arthur R. Jones & Co., Spalding hotel:

Adventure	16¾	17¼
Allouez	3	3½
Anaconda	49½	50
Arcadian	17½	19
Amalgamated	123½	...
Arnold	3½	4
Ashed	25	50
Atlantic	33	...
Baltic	47	48
Bingham	25	25¼
Boston and Montana	434	437
Butte and Boston	113	115
Calumet and Hecla	828	833
Centennial	30½	31
Centennial Eureka	37½	37½
Copper Range	57	58
Cochita	7	7¼
Dominion Coal	35⅜	36½
Elm River	4½	5
Franklin	18	19
Isle Royale	52¾	53½
Mass	17½	18¾
Michigan	7½	8
Mohawk	39½	40
Mayflower	2	2½
Old Colony	4	4½
Old Dominion	33½	34
Osceola	85	89½
Parrott	54¼	55
Quincy	174	175
Rhode Island	5	5¼
Santa Fe	8	8¼
Tamarack	338	340
Tecumseh	1¾	2
Tri-Mountain	43	44
Utah	31¾	32¼
United States	22¾	22⅞
Victoria	3¾	4
Winona	3½	4
Wolverine	56¾	57½
Washington	25	50
Wyandot	1¼	1⅜

BRITISH CONSOLS.

London, May 7.—Consols for money, 94¼; for the account, 94 7-16.

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, May 7.—Clearings, $26,692,245; balances, $3,250,307; posted exchange, $4.85½ @4.89; New York exchange, par.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, May 7.—Cotton opened barely steady with prices 2 points higher to 2 points lower and then broke quickly to 7.66 for July and 7.39 for August, under a wave of liquidation and foreign selling. During the first hour a heavy feeling obtained in the pit and on every symptom of a rally summer months selling was done by leading bear operators. There was little demand for spot cotton at the ports while in the interior increased offerings had depressed prices 1-16 to ⅛ in many instances.

Cotton spot closed quiet ⅛c lower. Middling uplands, 8 1-16c; middling gulf, 8 5-16c; sales, 100 bales. Cotton futures closed steady at the decline. May, 7.59; June, 7.52; July, 7.53; August, 7.35; September, 7.06; October, 6.98; November, 6.94; December, 6.93; January, 6.85; February, 6.97.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, May 7.—Money on call firm, at 7 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4@ 4½ per cent; sterling exchange, weak, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.84¾ for demand, and at $4.84½ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.85@4.86 and $4.88½@ 4.89; commercial bills, $4.83¾@4.84¼; silver certificates, nominally, 60c; bar silver, 60c; Mexican dollars, 48½c; government bonds, irregular; refunding 2s, registered, $1.06; coupon, $1.06; 3s, registered, $1.09; coupon, $1.09½; new 4s, registered, $1.37¾; coupon, $1.37¾; old 4s, registered, $1.13¾; coupon, $1.13⅜; 5s, registered, $1.19; coupon, $1.09.

MAXIMUM.

Standard Oil Stock Sells For $842 Per Share.

New York, May 7.—The Standard Oil company of New Jersey has declared a dividend of $12 per share, payable June 15. In March $20 was paid. Last year's four dividends were $20 in March, $10 in June, $8 in September and $10 in December. The stock on the curb this morning sold at $842, the highest on record.

THE MINERS

Who Discussed Proposed Strike In England In Executive Session.

London, May 7.—The miners' conference met in executive session today and adjourned until tomorrow, after considerable discussion of the proposed strike.

Mr. Fenwick, a member of parliament and formerly a working miner, said to a representative of the Associated Press after the meeting:

"No resolutions were presented, and it is impossible to tell what is the consensus of opinion among the delegates. If it is decided to strike, we anticipate having the support of our American fellow brethren, as there has always been a close community of interests between us."

Considerable difference of opinion developed in the conference on the debate, the land miners opposing and the seaboard delegates supporting the suggested stoppage of work.

It is understood that the mine owners will be represented at tomorrow's meeting. Many of the delegates expressed opinion that the employers had deserted the miners after urging them to strike.

TRAINMEN.

Progress of the Convention Now Being Held at Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, May 7.—E. E. Clark, grand chief of the Order of Railway Conductors, delivered a lengthy address before the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen's convention today. Mr. Clark dwelt upon the present situation of railways and their relation to organizations, and advocated co-operation. Several proposed amendments to the constitution were received, the most important being one to create a reserve fund of $500,000 in the insurance department. Another amendment calls for the creation of a new officer, to be known as fourth vice grand master. The afternoon was devoted to the consideration of contested insurance claims.

SHERMAN RECOVERING.

Springfield, Ill., May 7—Speaker Lawrence Y. Sherman of the Illinois house, who was taken ill during the closing days of the session last week, and whose condition was for a time critical, has recovered rapidly and was able today to sign many important measures.

ENGLISH GOLF TOURNEY.

London, May 7.—The amateur golf championship tournament opened today at St. Andrews in dull, threatening weather and with a cold wind blowing. The entries, numbering 200, are the largest in the history of the competition. It took three and a half hours to get the players away from tee. All the best known amateurs are competing.

RECEPTION AND CONCERT.

Johnson & Moe Celebrate Their Anniversary.

The large emporium of Johnson & Moe, the big West End department store, was filled to the doors last night by their patrons and friends, who had assembled to hear the concert given by Flaaten's orchestra, the occasion being the tenth anniversary of the founding of this successful firm's business. A program of exceptional excellence was presented, and the audience was delighted beyond measure by the treat thus afforded them. Mr. Moe, the very efficient and capable manager of the enterprise, was everywhere making everyone feel at home with his usual geniality and good fellowship. The store was beautifully and tastefully decorated for the occasion, and a delightful time was accorded to all present. Johnson & Moe hold a large cut sale this week to commemorate their entrance into business, and they took this manner of inaugurating it.

THE FEDERAL COURT.

Short Civil Calendar—Many Criminal Cases.

The calendar for the session of the United States circuit court which will open in this city next Tuesday morning is complete, and there are eight cases that mean jury trials, two that involve motions of some kind and two equity cases. One of the last named is the case of John A. Humbird et al. against Waldo A. Avery et al., involving the title to Northern Pacific railroad lands. One of the first cases to be tried will be that of Fay Carlisle against the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha railroad for damages caused by falling off one of the trains of the company.

There will be a large criminal calendar to dispose of and there are four or five admiralty cases to come up.

PASSED SACHARINE BILL.

Berlin, May 7.—The reichstag committee today passed the sacharine bill by a vote of 10 to 7.

House Work is Hard Work without GOLD DUST.

NEWS OF THE LAKES

Six Steamers Bunched at Russell Island Released.

The St. Clair Channel Will Soon Be Clear of Ice.

Expected That Navigation Will Then Be Fully Resumed.

Chicago, May 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—Capt. C. H. Sinclair, who was sent to the ice jam at St. Clair to represent the underwriters, telegraphed them today that the six steamers, which had been bunched at Russell island, had succeeded in getting to Grande Pointe this morning. They were the Bangor, Huron, Pueblo, Boyce and Iroquois. Capt. Sinclair predicted that the channel would be open by tonight and navigation would be fully resumed.

BLOCKADE SHORTENED.

Ice In St. Clair Reaches to Grosse Pointe.

The blockade in the St. Clair river is eased a little today, and while part of the route is tight enough the blockade covers a much shorter distance than it did yesterday. G. A. Tomlinson this morning received the following telegram from J. W. Westcott at Detroit: "St. Clair river blockade from Grand Pointe to flats. Considerable ice running at Marine City." Marine City was the upper end of the blockade yesterday, so the ice has dropped down several miles since then.

IN FULL OPERATION.

The triangular route of the White Line Transportation company is now in effect. The Ion Ami left yesterday to begin running between Port Arthur and the copper country, and the Bon Voyage will remain on the south shore run and the Crawshaw on the north shore run. This will make the three-cornered route with Duluth, the copper country and Port Arthur in the angles. The Ion Ami and the Bradshaw will touch Isle Royale.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Buffalo—Cleared: Coal, Caledonia, Superior. Light, Penobscot, Superior.

Cleveland—Cleared: Coal, Lindsay, Portage; V. H. Ketchum, Marquette. Light, Cadillac, Marquette. Ashtabula—Cleared: Coal, Maruba, Detour. Light, Malta, Maia, Duluth.

WILKESBARRE AGROUND.

Buffalo, May 7.—The big steel propeller Wilkesbarre, which sailed yesterday on her maiden trip for Chicago, ran aground at the entrance to the harbor. The cause of the grounding was due to low water. Five tugs put lines on the vessel, but were unable to move her. The owners of the boat decided to wait until the water rises. The boat is not damaged.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, May 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—Down: Ravenscraig, midnight.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, May 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Hurd, 9:20 last night; Mark Hopkins, Goshawk, Peshtigo, Minch, 9:30. Down: Business, 6 a. m.; Oscoda, Corning, Iller, 5:30.

Up yesterday: Hopkins, Donaldson, 2:40 p. m.; Charles Eddy, 3:40.

PASSED PORT HURON.

Port Huron, May 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Strathcona, 1:40 a. m.

AT GRAND MARAIS.

Grand Marais, May 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—The steamer A. L. Hopkins and barge Donaldson reached here at 4 a. m. today.

HURON IS OPEN.

Port Huron, May 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—The lake is open from mouth up; with remains of field on the Canadian side, portions of which are passing down rapidly. The jam in the river is reported to be breaking.

LIGHT TONNAGE FOR APRIL.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., May 7.—The tonnage passing the Soo canal for the month of April was unusually light, amounting to only 2545 tons.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—United Empire, Sarnia, pass and mdse.

Departed—Whitworth Russell, Two Harbors, light; Cuba, Buffalo, mdse; Bon Voyage, south shore, pass and mdse; George Orr, Depot Harbor, mdse.

HER FIRST SAIL.

The new steamer G. A. Flagg, of the Calumet Transportation company, of Cleveland, made her first sail this afternoon. She came over from the shipyard to the Northwestern coal dock in Duluth to coal up. This afternoon she was to take a trial trip on the lake. The spick and span new vessel aroused considerable admiration. Her letter, "C," is prominently displayed across her smokestack, while through the letter runs a red "calumet" or peace pipe. Her colors were all displayed. Her manager, D. R. Hanna, was here to take the trial trip in her.

FACTS ONLY.

Cuban Commission Will Make No Recommendations.

Havana, May 7.—The special commission of the Cuban constitution convention, which returned here from Washington May 5, will not make any recommendations to the convention. Although the majority of the commissioners art in favor of acctpting the Platt amendment, the report will cover only the facts of the conference at Washington. A convention will hold a secret session this afternoon. The radical element admits the convention will accept the amendment.

A GOLD MINE

Visited By Presidential Party In Arizona.

Congress, Ariz., May 7.—President McKinley and party spent several hours this morning visiting the big gold mine here, which is about seventy miles northwest of Phoenix. The original itinery contemplated spending the entire day until 5 p. m. at Phoenix, but it was modified to permit the party to take this little side trip and inspect the works of the mine—the largest gold mine in the territory.

Justice Street and other territorial officials came here on a special train to welcome the president to the territory.

MANY OUT.

Two Thousand Men Strike on the Lackawanna Road.

Scranton, Pa., May 7.—Another strike of Delaware, Lackawanna & Western railroad employes was precipitated here at noon today by refusal to grant the request of the workingmen for a 9-hour day at the present rate of wages. A grievance committee of twelve men, representing the machinists, waited on Superintendent of Motive Power Boyd and requested the concession. He refused the demand, a report was made by the committee and the men decided to strike at once. All were sent out, including machinists, blacksmiths, boilermakers and helpers, engine wipers and laborers to the number of 900. Word of their action was sent to all other men in similar occupations along the line from Hoboken, N. J., to Buffalo.

The shopmen who struck on Saturday, for the reinstatement of the man Hicks, discharged at Dover, N. J., makes the number nearly 2000 men on strike on the road.

WILCOX-TANSY PILLS
Monthly Regulator. Safe and Sure. Never Fails. Druggists or by Mail. Price, $2
Send for Woman's Safeguard (free).
WILCOX MED. CO., 329 N. 15th St., Phila., Pa.

Articles of Incorporation of the Duluth-Superior Milling Company.

We, the undersigned, do hereby associate ourselves into a corporation under and by virtue of the provisions of an act of the legislature of the state of Minnesota, entitled, "An act relating to manufacturing corporations," approved March 7th, 1873, and the several acts amendatory thereof and supplemental thereto, for the purposes hereinafter named; and do hereby adopt the following articles of incorporation and association:

First—The name of the corporation is Duluth-Superior Milling Company. Its principal place of business shall be in the city of Duluth, in the state of Minnesota.

Second—The general nature of the business and the purposes for which the corporation is formed are the purchase of wheat and other cereals for manufacture and the manufacture thereof into flour and other products into which the same is susceptible of being manufactured, and the marketing of such flour and other products, and the purchase or erection or leasing, and the maintaining, of mills, elevators, warehouses and other structures necessary for the said business.

Third—The time of commencement of the corporation shall be the sixth day of May, 1901, and the corporation shall continue for a period of thirty years.

Fourth—The amount of the capital stock of the corporation is two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, consisting of two thousand five hundred shares, of the par value of one hundred dollars each and shall all be paid in in cash.

Fifth—The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which the corporation shall at any time be subject is two million five hundred thousand dollars.

Sixth—The names and places of residence of the persons forming the corporation are as follows:

Lou R. Hurd, Superior, Wisconsin.

William P. Chapman, Jr., 339 West Forty-fifth street, New York City, N. Y.

Edward T. McLaughlin, 41 Crescent avenue, Jersey City, N. J.

Seventh—The names of the first board of directors are as follows: Lou R. Hurd, William P. Chapman, Jr., Edward T. McLaughlin, Francis D. Pollak, Henry W. Clark, James C. Converse and George H. Olney.

The government of the corporation and the management of its affairs shall be vested in the board of directors and in an executive committee, a president, a secretary and a treasurer, with such powers and duties as shall be def

When you buy

Crackers
Biscuit or
Wafers
ask for the kind
that are always
fresh in the
In-er-seal
Patent Package.

When you order Soda, Graham, Long Branch, Milk and Oatmeal Biscuit, Vanilla Wafers, Ginger Snaps and Saratoga Flakes, insist on getting those which come in the In-er-seal Patent Package. Don't take a substitute.

Look for the In-er-seal trade mark design at the end of the box.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY.

LAUNCHED.

The Yacht Constitution Successfully Placed In Her Native Element.

Bristol, R. I., May 7.—With her hull gaily decorated with flags and her deck well filled with sailors, the yacht Constitution was christened last evening by Mrs. W. Butler Duncan, who broke the traditional bottle of wine on her glistening bow just as she started slowly down the ways into the sea.

The event was a brilliant one as the Constitution was slowly lowered into the water, the cheering from the boats outside being loud and vigorous, while the searchlight from the steam yacht Colonia, just outside the dock, illuminated the stern of the Constitution. Rockets and other fireworks added not a little to the gaiety of the occasion.

The interest in the launching, aside from the first dip, was in the lines of the Constitution. It was easily seen that the Herreshoffs have turned out a craft that is exquisitely balanced, and will be nervously responsive to the slightest touch of the helm.

The exact measurements of the Constitution have not been officially announced, but her approximate dimensions are:

Length on the load water line, 90 feet; length over all, 133 feet; greatest beam, 25 feet; draught when on the 90-feet line of flotation, 20 feet; sail area, 14,500 square feet, or thereabouts. The Columbia was 89.66 feet on the load water line, with a draught of 20 feet; length over all, 132 feet; beam, 23.17. She carried 13,140 square feet of duck.

MINISTERS REPORT.

Abolition of Canteen Has Not Increased Drunkenness.

Chicago, May 7.—The report of the committee of ministers which recently investigated charges that the abolition of the canteen at Fort Sheridan, had resulted in increased drunkenness among the soldiers, made its report yesterday.

The report embodies statements by many people living in Highwood and other places near the fort, and shows that the charges of greater disorder were untrue. For the three months preceding the abolition of the canteen the percentage of arrests was 5:2; for the three months following 4:9.

Taken this month keeps you well all summer. Greatest spring tonic known. Rocky Mountain Tea, made by Madison Medicine Co. 35c. Ask your druggist.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

William H. Lightner, receiver of the Bank of Minnesota, announces that he has money sufficient on hand to pay an additional dividend of 5 per cent, and that he will within a day or two, go before one of the judges of the district court with the petitionary customary in such a case, and ask permission to pay the dividend.

A special grand jury indicted Dr. J. B. Gartrell and his son, W. E. Gartrell for murder in the first degree for the killing of W. E. Donegan, a Victor, Col., miner, March 19.

A second body of the Rosenfield children was recovered from the river Monday at the St. Paul boom. The body was that of the child, William Rosenfield. There now remains to be recovered from the river the bodies of Mary Rosenfield, aged 5, and the baby, Samuel.

An estimate on the total loss by the fire at Jacksonville, is as follows: Public buildings, $1,800,000; stores, north side of Bay street, $1,500,000; stores, south side of Bay street, $850,000; stores, Forsyth street, $500,000; stores, Main street, $300,000; residences, prominent, $775,000; residences, less small, $2,500,000; stocks of goods personal effects, $2,300,000; stocks of goods in stores, $1,000,000; stocks in 200 smaller stores, $550,000; street railways, $30,000; payments, $100,000; total, $10,530,000.

When the 200 employes of the M. S. Benedict company, of East Syracuse, makers of silver metal goods, returned to work Monday, they found the factory doors locked. The men believe that the action is due to the prospective formation of a union. The company claims to have shut down for repairs.

Charles F. Jones, valet of the late Millionaire William Marsh Rice, and who with Attorney Patrick, is charged with the murder of Mr. Rice, is ill at the house of detention. Jones is suffering from an attack of dyspepsia, and for a week has only been able to take milk and suitzer into his stomach.

After having burned one dwelling and set fire to several barns, the 11-year-old son of a prominent citizen of Muscatine, Iowa, roof-card his guilt, stating that he wanted to see the fire department turn out. His clothes were saturated with kerosene after the last fire which led to his discovery.

The heaviest hail storm in years visited Selma, Ala. Stones the size of bird's eggs fell during a driving windstorm and remained on the ground about forty-five minutes, damaging young corn and cotton.

CABLE FLASHES.

Gen. Delarey's force of 600 Boers, who have been in the hills around Bartlebosfontein, is splitting up. Some of the men are moving to the northwest, while others are going north. Delarey himself is moving south.

The Russian lieutenant, Televosky, from the gunboat Breber, was shot dead by a German soldier during a fracas on the Taku road. The German fired in self-defense. Lieut. Telokovsky having attacked him with his dirk.

The war office officially gives out the total number of deaths in the South African war at 74 officers and 14,254 men. Four officers and 311 men have been invalided home and subsequently died. Two thousand four hundred and ninety-three noncommissioned officers and men have left the service unfit for duty.

It is reported here that the Delagoa Bay railway has again been destroyed by Boer forces under Commandant Boyer.

A military captive balloon with two men in the car ascended at Cologne during maneuvers Monday. It broke loose in a gale, was soon lost to sight in the clouds and has not been seen since.

Sleepers and Kritzinger's commands, which have been roving in the midlands of the Cape Colony districts for five months, are being sharply hustled. Kritzinger recently burned a supply train near Royner.

QUARANTINE

Is Established Against Several Towns In Two Counties.

St. Paul, May 7.—Dr. Bracken, secretary of the state board of health, has ordered a quarantine against Yellow Bank and Agassiz townships, Lac qui Parle county, and Akron and Otrey townships, Big Stone county. They have had a total of 171 cases of smallpox, and according to a report by Mr. Sinks, sent to investigate, the local quarantine has been exceedingly lax. There has been one death, a boy, a son of Julius Knana, of Agassiz, and his death was ascribed by the local authorities as resulting from a cold. Dr. Bracken says if the law has not been complied with he will refer the case to the coroner.

The center of the contagion, according to Mr. Sinks, seems to be near the two churches in Yellow Bank township, where church revivals were held in February and March. The school in district No. 27 in Yellow Bank township was in session May 2, when of eighteen pupils five had smallpox eruption. In the family of William H. Miller, Mr. Sinks found twelve cases, under quarantine. In the family of Emil Seilin, Agassiz township, there have been twelve cases since March 1.

Mr. Sinks' report says: Miss May Light, teacher of school district No. 27, boards at J. Zimmachs, where there are three cases of smallpox. She, however, is attending to her school duties. I found that the schoolhouse, district No. 54, in Akron township, is the center of seventeen cases. The teacher, Miss Cawlen, boards at the Woodard farm, where there are four cases in from the second to tenth day of eruption.

Mr. Sinks found one case of smallpox in the town of Ortonville.

"THE BREADWINNERS."

Author of the Sensational Novel Discovered.

Chicago, May 7.—The Tribune claims it to be an established fact that the author of "The Breadwinners," the sensational novel published anonymously in 1883, was Miss Ida Harris, of Champaign, Ill., daughter of B. F. Harris, resident of the First National bank of that place. At the time the book was published many reviewers asserted that John Hay wrote the book. Some attributed it to W. D. Howells and to half a dozen other well known novelists. For months the speculation continued and finally it came to be the general belief that the present secretary of state was the author. The cataloguers never accepted this, however, and labeled the book anonymous. No one suspected that a woman—much less an unknown woman in a comparatively obscure Illinois town—was responsible for its being, and as a consequence the criticisms were not tempered with any degree of allowance.

Miss Harris, who died about ten days ago, was about 40 years old. She had been almost a recluse for a score of years and would have nothing to do with her family. Her eccentricities were well known, although there was universal respect for her mental attainments. In the sealed envelope containing her will, which has not yet been opened, is said to be the key to the secret that has been so well kept for seventeen years and it is claimed that when the will is opened her executor will make official announcement of the fact that Miss Harris wrote the book.

A DOUBLE FUNERAL.

St. Paul, May 7.—While hurrying to the city on foot yesterday to prepare for the funeral of his son-in-law, Charles H. Johnson, who died Saturday, Jacob Loistad, aged 82 years, was caught under the wheels of a Minneapolis & St. Louis passenger train at the Como avenue crossing in this city and his body was ground almost to shreds. A double funeral will take the place of the single one that had been planned. Loistad was partially deaf and evidently did not hear the approaching train, which could not be stopped in time to save him.

Cures dizzy spells, tired feeling, stomach, kidney and liver troubles. Keeps you well all summer. Rocky Mountain Tea taken this month. 35c. Ask your druggist.

THE RED BIRETTA

All Now Ready at Baltimore For the Presentation.

Mgr. Martinelli to Be Honored With Splendid Pomp.

Many Church Dignitaries Will Assist at the Ceremony.

Baltimore, Md., May 7.—In the old cathedral of Baltimore, which has been the scene of so many imposing and splendid ceremonies of the Catholic church, another event of great magnificence will be added tomorrow, when the Most Rev. Monsignor Sebastian Martinelli, titular archbishop of Ephesus, and apostolic delegate to the United States, who, in secret consistory, was created cardinal of the holy Roman church on April 15, will receive the red biretta, one of the insignia of the cardinalate, the highest honor but one in the Catholic church. The ceremony, which will begin at 10 o'clock, will be in keeping with the august event which it will mark and will be graced by the presence of men who have achieved pre-eminence in both church and state.

It is expected that at least sixty of the bishops of the United States will be present. Prelates from Canada, the West Indies and other parts of North America will also be in attendance, as will a number of mitred abbots and representatives of all of the religious orders of men in the United States. The faculty of the Catholic university at Washington will also be in the line of procession, which will march from the cardinal's residence, on North Charles street, to the cathedral, as will also the faculty and students of St. Mary's and St. Joseph's seminaries, numbering in all about 400. This procession, which will immediately precede the ceremony within the cathedral, will be strikingly impressive. With the rich robes of the archbishops and bishops there will be contrasted the simple garb of priests, while the bright colors of the Catholic university men, with the brilliancy of the officers of the mass and the bright scarlet robes of Cardinal Gibbons, will be accentuated by the somber habits of the Augustinian, Franciscan, Servite and other monks.

The conferring of the red biretta on Cardinal Martinelli will be the third ceremony of the kind to take place within the old cathedral. Cardinal Gibbons received this insignia of a prince of the church within its venerable walls in June, 1886, and Cardinal Satolli received the biretta in January, 1896.

Rev. William A. Fletcher, the rector of the cathedral, assisted by the resident priests and priests and students of St. Mary's seminary, will be in charge of the ceremonies.

Cardinal Gibbons will officiate at the conferring of the red biretta, one of the insignia of the rank of a prince of the church. Archbishop P. J. Ryan of Philadelphia, whose reputation as a pulpit orator is of the highest order, will preach the sermon. Archbishop Ryan is well known in this city, having visited here frequently. His sermon on the occasion of the consecration of Corpus Christi church, on Mount Royal avenue, is still remembered as a masterpiece of pulpit oratory.

The elevation of a prelate to the cardinalate when the candidate does not live in Rome proceeds by three distinct steps: First, the delivery of the consistorial letter, the red silk skull cap, or zucchetto, and the taking of oath of the cardinalate; secondly, the conferring of the red biretta, and thirdly, the placing upon the head of the newly-made cardinal the red hat. This last ceremony is performed by the pope alone and can take place only in Rome.

The first step is not infrequently divided into two parts, and the taking of the oath does not usually occur on the day upon which the consistorial letter and zucchetto are delivered, although both ceremonies may take place at the same time. As soon as the pope's messenger, or the noble guard, arrives in the city where the new cardinal resides the consistorial letter and zucchetto are delivered.

This ceremony concludes with the gift of the cardinal's ring and the conferring of the title. Each member of the Sacred College of Cardinals is given a title by the pope when the red hat is placed upon his head and is assigned to a church in Rome. Cardinal Gibbons' church and title is Santa Maria, in Trastevere. Cardinal Satolli, who was formerly apostolic delegate at Washington, was assigned to the church and given the title of Santa Maria, in Aracoeli.

The conferring of the biretta takes place before the beginning of the mass. When the procession has reached the sanctuary and all of the members of it have been seated, Cardinal Martinelli, accompanied by the ablegate, Dr. Marchetti, and the noble guard, Count Colacicchi, and two papal chamberlains from civil life, one of whom will be Maj. J. D. Kelley of Brooklyn, N. Y., will proceed from the sacristy and take his seat on a throne opposite that of Cardinal Gibbons. On a table on the gospel side of the altar will rest the biretta and the papal briefs. Cardinal Martinelli will wear his usual archiepiscopal robes, but on his head will be the red zucchetto.

Ablegate Marchetti will read the papal brief notifying Cardinal Martinelli of his creation as cardinal, and then the papal brief to Cardinal Gibbons will be read, in which the pope will state that he has committed the office of conferring the biretta to Cardinal Gibbons. Both of these briefs will be in Latin by the papal ablegate, in which the services of Mgr. Martinelli will be reviewed.

Cardinal Gibbons, rising from the seat upon his throne, will briefly thank the ablegate for his remarks, and then will address himself to the new cardinal. Upon finishing his address Cardinal Gibbons will proceed to the main altar, bearing in his hands the biretta. Cardinal Martinelli will follow, and on reaching the steps of the altar he will kneel while Cardinal Gibbons confers upon him the insignia.

Both cardinals will return to their respective thrones and Cardinal Gibbons will take his seat, while the newly made cardinal will stand to deliver his reply to the address of Cardinal Gibbons. Upon the completion of this address the new cardinal will be escorted to the sacristy, where the scarlet robes will be placed upon him. He will return to his throne and the mass will be celebrated. Cardinal Satolli was himself the celebrant of the mass, and Cardinal Martinelli will also pontificate. Cardinal Martinelli has selected as his assistant priest of the mass Very Rev. John J. Fedigan, the provincial of the Augustinian order in the United States.

The ceremonies will likely be brought to a close by the conferring of the papal benediction, as was the case at the elevation of Cardinal Satolli. This benediction was on that occasion given by Cardinal Gibbons by authority of a cablegram from Cardinal Rampolla, papal secretary of state, which read as follows:

"The extraordinary splendor accompanying the conferring of the biretta upon Cardinal Satolli gratifies the holy father beyond measure, and he asks your eminence to express his satisfaction. Furthermore, as a token of his deep appreciation, he empowers your eminence to impart to all present his apostolic benediction."

The principal insignia of a cardinal are the red skull cap, or zucchetto, the red biretta, the famous red hat and the ring.

The skull cap fits closely upon the back of the head and is worn at all times except when the cardinal sleeps. It is raised from the head only at the elevation of the Host at mass.

The red biretta, which is shaped like the birettas usually worn by priests, is the ordinary head covering of a cardinal, being placed over the zucchetto. The red hat, which is made of cardinal beaver, is round, with a low crown and wide, stiff rim, from the inside of which on either side hang fifteen tassels attached in triangular form from one to five. The red hat is never worn, but is placed upon the catafalque when the cardinal dies and afterward hung up in his titular church at Rome or in the cathedral of his diocese.

The cardinal also receives from the pope a gold ring set with a sapphire and engraved on the metal surface on the inside with the arms of the pope. The distinctive vestments of a cardinal are the scarlet cap, cassock and biretta, with the cappa magna and rochet. The cassock is the close-fitting garment reaching to the heels, which is the feature of all Catholic clerical habits. The cappa magna is a long flowing vestment, with a hood lined with silk or with fur, according to the season at which it is worn. The rochet is of lace, with sleeves reaching to the hands. The length and closeness of the sleeves distinguish it from the surplice. In the case of Cardinal Martinelli he will not wear a scarlet cassock, as he is a member of the Augustinian order, the habit of which is black. He will therefore wear a black cassock, which, however, will be trimmed with scarlet and upon which there will be scarlet buttons.

Just when Cardinal Martinelli will return to Rome is not yet definitely known. Certainly he will not remain in this country long after the ceremony of the imposition of the biretta, as the dignity of a cardinal is inconsistent with the position of apostolic delegate. As long as he remains at the apostolic delegation he will be called pro-delegate. He will likely remain in that capacity until his successor is appointed. Then he will proceed to Rome, where he will receive the red hat.

This ceremony is performed by the pope and is attended with much splendor. It takes place at a public consistory in the Sala Regia, one of the most magnificent apartments of the vatican. The pope makes his entry seated in the gestatorial chair, borne shoulder high and wears for the occasion not the familiar triple crown, but a mitre of white satin, richly adorned with gold, the bifurcation of which is lined with crimson damask. The principal vestment worn on this occasion by the pontiff is the large manto, similar to a cope, which is one mass of gold embroidery. As he takes his seat on the throne the famous Sistine chapel choir bursts forth into a motet of triumphant welcome. Long rows of benches are on either side of him, and there sit the members of the Sacred College of Cardinals in their scarlet robes.

The ceremony opens with the "obedience." This consists of each cardinal going to the feet of the pope and kissing the ring. After the professed cardinals come the newly elect. They enter the consistorial hall in procession and kiss the hands and feet of the pope, after which they give the ecclesiastical embrace, beginning with the dean of the Sacred college. The new cardinals then return to the pontifical throne, where the pope places the red hat on the head of each, saying in Latin:

"Receive for the glory of Almighty God and the adornment of the holy apostolic see this red hat, the sign of the unequaled dignity of the cardinalate, by which it is declared that even to death by the shedding of thy blood thou shouldst show thyself intrepid for the exaltation of the blessed faith, for the peace and tranquility of the Christian people, for the increase and prosperity of the holy Roman church. In the name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost. Amen."

The same hat serves for the crowning of all the cardinals. The individual hat is sent afterward to each cardinal, but it is never worn.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best known remedy for DIARRHOEA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

Cascarine at all Druggists.

Cures biliousness, constipation and dyspepsia or money refunded. 50 cts. Sample and book on diet and cure sent free for 10c to pay postage. Rea Bros. & Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

ANEMIA

is little red in the blood.

The red in the blood is the oxygen-carrier. Better to breath with half of one lung than not have enough red in the blood.

The blood is full of digested food; but it can't build muscle and nerve and bone without oxygen.

Scott's emulsion of cod-liver oil puts red in the blood: the oxygen-carrier. It is like building a railroad into a famine-stricken country.

We'll send you a little to try, if you like.
SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl street, New York.

Jap Rose is transparent.

Made of pure vegetable oil and glycerin, perfumed with roses. The best toilet soap that skill or expense can make.

Don't pay more and get less.

Jap Rose [TRADE MARK] **Soap**

For over half a century the Kirks have made fine soaps, and Jap Rose is their idea of perfection.

'Tis the best soap that is sold.

Yet it sells for 10c.

Have your Carpets cleaned at Bayha's

Carpet Cleaning Works—most reliable at the head of the lakes. All kinds of carpets cleaned for three cents per yard. No charge for calling for them. **Office—Bayha & Co.'s Furniture Store, 24—26 East Superior Street.**

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TRADE MARK **Palmo Tablets**

HEALTH, POWER, ENERGY.

stop *forever* all weakening drains, feed the brain, replace wasted tissues, and send rich, flesh-building blood bounding through every part of the system, making every organ act, and causing you to glow and tingle with newly found strength. You're a new man, and can feel it! The greatest NERVE TONIC ever discovered. Palmo Tablets cure quickly and forever Nervous Debility, Varicocele, Atrophy, Loss of Memory, Sleeplessness, Dyspepsia, Kidney Diseases, 50c., a box; 12 boxes (with guarantee, good as gold), $5.00. Sent anywhere. HALSID DRUG CO., Cleveland, O.

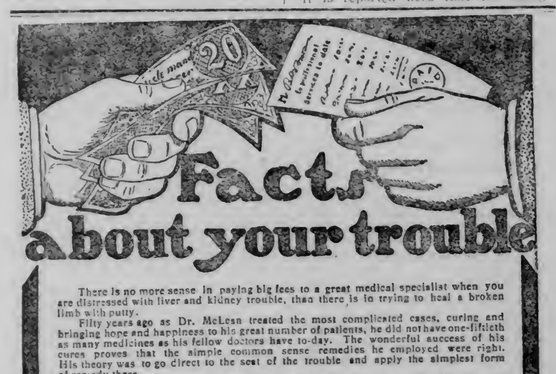
MAX WIRTH, Druggist, Duluth, Minn.

VIM VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN

Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. **Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhœa Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Desires, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Energy, Stops Quickness of Discharge, Stops Nervous Twitching of Eyelids.** Effects are immediate. Restores small, undeveloped organs. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. 50 cents a box, 6 for $2.50 by mail. A written guarantee, to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. **50 CENTS**

Address, Bishop Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.



There is no more sense in paying big fees to a great medical specialist when you are distressed with liver and kidney trouble, than there is in trying to heal a broken limb with putty.

Fifty years ago as Dr. McLean treated the most complicated cases, curing and bringing hope and happiness to his great number of patients, he did not have one-fiftieth as many medicines as his fellow doctors have to-day. The wonderful success of his cures proves that the simple common sense remedies he employed were right. His theory was to go direct to the seat of the trouble and apply the simplest form of remedy there.

The McLean way of reaching the trouble, which has stood the test of a half century of successful life-saving is simple, safe and sure. It is the good old-fashioned, practical method of going direct to the evil to quickly relieve suffering.

Nothing will take the place, nothing can replace

McLean's Liver and Kidney Balm

It should be used at the beginning of the trouble, but it is equally safe and sure even if taken when the trouble has taken deep root.

In nearly all cases a cure will result in a short time. In very bad, chronic cases, it is equally effective, but patience is necessary and the need to keep up the treatment faithfully.

Kidney and liver troubles are stubborn, and only a persistent use of this reliable remedy will cure them.

If you druggist is up-to-the-times, he has it.

Only $1.00 per Bottle. Made by The J. H. McLean Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

"HE THAT WORKS EASILY, WORKS SUCCESSFULLY." CLEAN HOUSE WITH

SAPOLIO

BEN FRANKLIN RYE.

Finest whiskey ever produced.

"My Office"

Room D, Torrey Bldg.

Wm. McCullough

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U.S.A.

Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, Unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper by express, prepaid, $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

Sure investments are desirable, but scarce. One of the surest investments you can make is by purchasing space in Herald classified ads on this page. This is an investment that will pay.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE!

Modern residence in East End, nine rooms, hard wood finish, desirable location, beautiful view of lake—**price $6000.**

Choice lot on East First street, 50x150 feet. Can be bought at a low price if taken at once.

N. J. UPHAM CO.
400 Burrows Building.
Money to Loan at Low Rates.

MORGAN AN OGRE

His Developments of Great Interest to British Press.

He and Andrew Carnegie Receiving Most Marked Attention.

American Competition Was Never More Dreaded By England.

New York, May 7.—J. Pierpont Morgan remains an ogre for the sensational British press, says the Tribune's London correspondent, and Mr. Carnegie's forecasts of the development of American industrial resources are printed in the largest type. The consolidation of railroads and shipping interests of the Atlantic and Pacific seaboards, with the possibility that one capitalist can fix through rates and ocean transportation, is now a stock theme with financial writers in England, who display remarkable credulity in accepting elastic statements of the ulterior purposes of American multi-millionaires. At the same time they deplore English inability to form counter combinations. Brook Adams' views on a trade war between continent and continent are also quoted in many journals. Probably there has never been a time when American resources for organization and competition have been equally dreaded in England, but the bulk of the press writing at the present is ill considered and the importance of Mr. Morgan's operations is grossly exaggerated. It is reported that Mr. Morgan is having two steamers built exclusively for first-class passengers between New York and England and on a grander scale of magnificence than anything hitherto attempted.

BROKERS ASSIGN.

New York, May 7.—Lewis, May & Co., stock brokers, today assigned for the benefit of creditors. The firm is composed of Orrin S. Barnum and Lewis A. May.

CRAMPS DENY.

Philadelphia, May 7.—A report that the Cramps have demanded $90,000 from the Turkish government for breach of contract in annulling an order for a cruiser, is emphatically denied by the shipbuilding firm.

TAKE IT IN TIME

Just as Scores of Duluth People Have.

WAITING DOESN'T PAY. IF YOU NEGLECT THE ACHING BACK URINARY TROUBLES, DIABETES SURELY FOLLOW. DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS RELIEVE BACKACHE. CURE EVERY KIDNEY ILL. DULUTH CITIZENS ENDORS THEM.

Mr. Charles Crasper, gardiner, living at 930 First street east, says: "I was a great sufferer of kidney complaint for ten or twelve years and though I took quantities of medicine I got at best but temporary relief, I had rheumatism all through me, severe pains in my back, limbs and shoulders so that often I could hardly get around. I wore plasters without number, rubbed myself with liniments, took so much medicine that I lost faith in them. The kidney secretions were very irregular and deposited a heavy sediment. I saw Doan's Kidney Pills advertised and got a box at W. A. Abbett's Drug store. I expected them to turn out as all the other remedies I had tried but I was most agreeably surprised to find that in two days I felt a great improvement in my condition. I followed up the treatment and the aches and pains left me, the kidneys resumed a normal and healthy action and I felt like another man."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE REAL ESTATE.

$6000 Corner Michigan street and Eleventh avenue west.

$4500 Lot in Armory block on First street.

$4500 Brick store, No. 224 East Superior street.

$1350 100x140 feet corner, first-class residence location in Endion.

86 houses in all parts of the city.

2 stores and two houses in West Duluth for rent.

Make us an offer on lot 1, block 44, Endion.

Money to loan, any amount, on residence property.

Interstate Land and Investment Co.
605 Palladio Building.

THE DAKOTAS.

Intoxicated Farmer Fell From His Buggy and Was Killed.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Milton—Magnus Torkelson, a farmer living ten miles south, while returning home here in an intoxicated condition, Saturday night, fell from his buggy and was killed. He leaves a wife and five young children.

Cando—The death of Mary Welker in a Grand Forks hospital a few days ago brings to public notice one of the gloomiest tragedies that can overshadow any home. She died in childbirth and was brought back to her home near Cando, a corpse. A message has been received purporting to contain the dying statement of the girl, witnessed by Dr. Irwin, Attorney Standish and another man, in which she says she was given no medicine and that her child was born without assistance. Coroner Vaughan is investigating. The parents of the girl are heartbroken.

Mandan—A raid was made by the sheriff on the blind piggers, but nothing was found. The papers were sworn to by persons who have no standing in the community and do not even pay personal tax. The people are getting disgusted with these raids, as they require special deputies and the costs are piled up on the county.

Valley City—There are four cases of smallpox at Spiritwood, in Stutsman county, all of which are quarantined by the county health officers. The quarantine regulations appear to be ignored, however, and people in that neighborhood fear the disease will spread.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Yankton—County Assessor Helgerson has completed a statement of the real estate transfers in Yankton county from May 1, 1900, to May 1, 1901. They were found to aggregate nearly a million dollars. Evidently property in this section cannot be said to be dead. The valuation of acre property that changed hands during this period was $745,300.

News has reached Yankton of the suicide of Mr. Kindlund, employed in the hardware and harness store of J. R. Silkenson at Alsen. His employer found him lying on the floor with a bullet hole through his head, he having used a revolver to end his life. He leaves a family.

Pierre—The drillers in the second artesian well in Pearl township are now down over 1300 feet, and at their usual rate of work should finish the well within a week. As soon as they complete this they will move to the Waddelgh ranch and sink a well there. Arrangements will be completed in this one to utilize the gas flow, and the range buildings will be heated and lighted with natural gas.

Lead—The senior member of the Crosby-Ehrich syndicate, of Colorado Springs, is in Lead. His syndicate has a bond on several hundred acres of mining ground adjoining the Homestake on the south, and has organized the Black Hills Belt Development company for the purpose of carrying on explorations. This company has started a deep shaft at Kirk, and expects to strike the Homestake ledge.

Aberdeen—The untimely death of Judge John J. Healy, of Cortlandt, who was killed by lightning Saturday afternoon is sincerely mourned in this city and wherever he was known. He was a wholesouled, honorable and companionable man and will be missed by all his acquaintances. His death is a severe blow to Senator Kyle with whom he held a confidential relationship for about ten years, and whose whole confidence he possessed.

BOARD OF REVIEW

Of National Trotting Association Again In Session.

New York, May 7.—The adjourned meeting of the board of review of the National Trotting association was begun here today. Among the members of the board present today were President P. H. Johnston, Lexington, Ky.; Joseph C. Sibley, Franklin, Pa.; W. G. Pollock, Cleveland; Charles Dana Palmer, Lowell, Mass; F. S. Gordon, Chicago, and Secretary H. H. Goycher, Hartford, Conn.

The principal matter to be brought up at this session will be the question of amateur records. In addition there will be the usual investigation of charges preferred during the past year as well as laid over cases and the reviewing of former complaints. The session will probably last three days.

GOLF TOURNAMENT.

Intercollegiate Championship Begins at Northfield.

Atlantic City, N. J., May 7.—The intercollegiate golf championship tournament was begun today over the Atlantic City Country club's links at Northfield. Five teams have entered for the championship, representing Yale, Harvard, Princeton, Pennsylvania and Columbia universities. The drawings for today were:

Princeton vs. Harvard and Yale vs. Pennsylvania. The winner of the match between Harvard and Princeton will meet Columbia this afternoon, and the winner of this match will meet the victors in the Yale-Pennsylvania match tomorrow. The individual championship matches will not start until Thursday morning. The first pair teed off a few minutes after 9 o'clock.

STEAMER ASHORE.

Cape Town, May 7.—A big steamer is ashore on Robben island, not far from here. It is surmised that the vessel is the British steamer Tantallon Castle of the Castle line, with relief troops and passengers on board.

The Tantallon Castle, of 3048 tons, left Southampton April 20, via Madeira April 24, for Table Bay, Cape Colony.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

For Sale

WEST END.

$600—5-room house West 1st street.
$800—5-room house West 1st street.
$1200—5-room house West 2nd street.
$1200—7-room house West 1st street.
$1350—8-room house West 2nd street.
$1800—7-room house West 3rd street.
$1850—6-room house West 4th street.
$1000—50-foot lot on West Michigan st.
$1250—50-foot lot on West 3rd street.
$350—25-foot lot near West 3rd st.

FOR RENT.

Building on Michigan street, 3 stories and basement, heavy construction; has elevator and boiler for heat and power—suitable for manufacturing or commission. Small building on West Michigan street, near Garfield avenue; store room on street level, and rooms above, $12 per month.

Modern residence, 1429 East Second street—nine rooms and bath, hardwood finish, hot water heat; gas and electric lights and city water, $40 per month.

Julius D. Howard & Co.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance.
216 West Superior Street.

FOR RENT.

No. 204 West Michigan street; cold storage room; best location on the street.

Seven-room, strictly modern, steam-heated flat; central location and strictly first class.

Large Superior street store; brick building.

C. P. CRAIG & CO., Herald Building

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

$1500 8-room house, city water, fine condition; Piedmont ave., near Fourth street.

$3750—strictly modern 9-room house, centrally located; this is a bargain.

Four choice corners at 26th ave. west.

$450—Lots fronting Lincoln Park, on 26th avenue west, near 3rd street.

T. G. VAUGHAN, 401 Lonsdale Building.

FREE FARMS.

160 acres of the choicest farming lands in the world free. Cheap excursions will leave Duluth for all points of Western Canada on Tuesdays and Thursdays. Very cheap rates for settlers. For particulars apply to J. H. M. PARKER,
Canadian Government Agent,
530 Manhattan Building, Duluth, Minn.

For Rent
Park Point Cottages.

A number of 4-room new Cottages with porches in desirable locations for rent for the season. Call on

O. C. Hartman & Co.
210 Exchange Building.

For Rent.

206 West Michigan Street. Best commission house in the city. Two stories and basement. Ice boxes, banana rooms, etc. Electric elevator. Will put in cement floor.

R.B.Knox & Co
1 Exchange Bldg.

For Improvement!

40 feet on south side Michigan Street, between Lake Avenue and First Ave. West.

50 feet on south Michigan St. between Second and Third Avenues West.

Owner will build to suit tenant.

G. G. Dickerman & Co.
Trust Building.

IS THERE ANYONE IN DULUTH THAT WANTS TO BUY THIS MORTGAGE OF $850?

The security consists of two buildings, worth $1700, on a lot worth $700; total security, $2400. The buildings are insured for $1200.

Or this mortgage of $200, secured by a building worth $800, on a lot worth $500.

These are the last two mortgages made to the Climax Building and Loan Association, and the association will make an arrangement with you so that you can get a small or large interest in the mortgages being bought by the association. The association never foreclosed a mortgage and has no poor securities.

CHAN. SMITH, Sec'y.
No. 2 First Avenue West. Hunter Blk.

ACCOUNTANT.

BOOKS OPENED AND CLOSED, accounts adjusted. Expert work a specialty. Would consider a permanency. References. P 99, Herald.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE.

25-foot lot 20th Avenue W. and First St.....**$900**

Two well located corner lots W. Duluth—each...**$400**

Pulford, How & Co.
100 Trust Building.

$3500 Takes 8-room modern house on East Third street.

$3500 Takes 8-room modern house on Nineteenth avenue east.

$2500 Takes 7-room modern house on Nineteenth avenue east.

A. C. VOLK & Co.
202 Palladio Building.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

ORGAN $25—ESTEY MAKE; HIGH top; elegant walnut case; to be seen at 2 Columbus block, over Stack's.

FOR SALE—LARGE NEW TENT, price $8. Wildwood cottage, Park Point.

FOR SALE—CALUMET AND ARIZONA stock, 200 shares, $26, this day only. Address K 27, Herald.

FOR SALE—LODGING HOUSE AND business. If interested address C. K., Herald.

FOR SALE—SMALL BARN AT 1016 East Fourth street. Apply at 516 Second avenue east. 'Phone No. 868.

PIANO EVERARD UPRIGHT — $150 buys it; bargain; must be sold. Inquire 2 Columbus building; over Stack's.

FOR SALE—CANDY AND CIGAR stock, also store building and stable, 1402 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—YOUNG HORSE AND light delivery wagon. 222 Central avenue.

FOR SALE—SMALL CIGAR AND TOBACCO store, cheap. Good location. Address M. B., Herald.

FOR SALE—GENTLEMAN'S BICYCLE, cheap. K 50, Herald.

FOR SALE—A GOOD THREE ROOM house with kitchen and cellar on Park Point. Inquire at 104 East Superior street. Poirier & Nordstrom.

FOR SALE—A CARLOAD OF FRESH milch cows, at Sixty-fifth and Grand avenues, West Duluth. N. E. Grindy.

PIANO $125—UPRIGHT — GABLER make; good as new; can be seen at 2 Columbus block, over Stack's. Open evenings.

FOR SALE—FIRST CLASS BOARDING house doing good business. Modern. M 27, Herald.

FOR SALE—S. KANER HAS JUST ARrived with a carload of fresh milch cows. 1122 East Fourth street.

HORSES HORSES

Barrett & Zimmerman have at "their stables, opposite the Post-office, Duluth, from 300 to 400 "head horses constantly on hand.

Private sales daily. Part time given if desired.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 8:00. Next meeting, May 6, 1901. Work, First degree. H. Nesbitt, W. M.; r. H. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting May 13, 1901. Work, Third degree. Burr Porter, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 29 R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evening of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting May 8, 1901. Work ——. James Kelly, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8:00 p. m. Next conclave May 7, 1901. ——. Thomas J. Davis, E. C.; Alfred Leltcheux, recorder.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. SITTING BULL TRIBE, NO. 25, WEST Duluth, meets second and fourth Thursdays of the month at Great Eastern hall, W. S. McCullum, sachem; W. E. Day, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, We-ke-me-wup tribe, No. 17, meets every Monday evening in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street. C. C. Evans, Sachem; N. J. Orr, Chief of Records.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp, No. 2296, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. Robert Rankin, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES.—Duluth tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. Charles J. Hector, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at 118 West Superior street. Grand officers of domain of Minnesota will pay official visit May 7. G. H. Prudden, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.

ZENITH CITY LODGE, NO. 169, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening, at 8 p. m., in Columbus hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Work in the initiatory degree. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. W. A. Rehder, N. G.; T. B. Perry, secretary.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS.—Court Eastern Star, No. 85, meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. Harry Milnes, chief ranger, city hall. James Herrell, treasurer, Union depot.

U. C. T.

ZENITH, NO. 40, DULUTH, MINN., Regular meetings fourth Saturday night of each month, Elks' hall, Superior street. W. N. Donaldson, S. C.; C. W. Sutton, secretary and treasurer.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED — A THOROUGHLY COMpetent woman stenographer. Must be rapid and correct. Address in own handwriting, stating experience and salary expected. Remington, Herald office.

WANTED COMPETENT LAUNDRESS —One who can take work home, with references at E. H. Fish & Co.'s, 207 West Superior street.

ALL EARLY, PREMATURE WRINkles nourished away, the skin made youthful by Satin-Skin Cream. 25c. Leading stores.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL work in boarding house; no cooking. Address B 26, Herald.

WANTED—ONE GIRL TO BAKE PIES; one girl to wait on counter at Branch Bethel. Apply to Charles H. Hall.

WANTED — GIRL TO DO LIGHT housework. Call at Mrs. S. G. McTaggart's, 2419 West First street.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST with light housework; no washing; one who can go home nights. 31 West Fourth street.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. Call at 2 First avenue west.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR General housework. 314 East Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 522 Fourth avenue east.

WANTED—A NEAT YOUNG GIRL TO assist with housework. Apply 317 Fifth avenue east.

GOOD GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework, at 2321 East First street. Mrs. J. B. Richards.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 112 East Third street.

WANTED—GOOD NURSE GIRL. 1306 East Second.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED — BRIDGE CARPENTERS, $2.50 to $2.75 per day; railroad laborers, $1.75 to $2.00, at Houghton, Mich. Also extra gang men, section hands, etc. Call at Otto Employment agency, No. 307 West Michigan street.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN WHO HAS had some experience as bill clerk. Address in own hand writing, stating experience and salary expected. Endion, Herald office.

WANTED — YOUNG MAN TO WORK on dairy farm and deliver milk. Take Woodland car. Woodland Dairy.

WANTED—SAWMILL CREW, EDGerman, engineer, setters, trimmermen, lumber pilers, teams, etc. Huobard & Vincent.

WANTED—A STEADY, RELIABLE young man for news and cigar stand; good position for the right man. J. G. Seecamp, 215 West Superior street.

WANTED—A SMART BOY OF 19 WITH good education, to learn the mercantile business. Must live at home and give best reference. Address Endion, Herald office.

WANTED—BELL BOYS. APPLY HOTEL St. Louis.

YOUNG MEN, OUR ILLUSTRATED catalogue explains how we teach barber trade in short time, mailed free. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis Minn.

ACTIVE MAN BY LARGE MANUFACturing house to work at home. $36 in cash paid for twelve days' trial; promotion and permanent position if satisfactory. Address S. P. Co., 729 Ranstead street, Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED MATTress maker. Apply 104 Providence building.

WANTED—SEVERAL GOOD MACHINists. Superior Iron works, West Superior, Wis.

Be the Best in Your Business—Support yourself while improving in your trade or profession, see or write C. S. Cate, representative International Correspondence Schools, 206 New Jersey Building, Duluth, open evenings.

WANTED—AGENTS.

LADY OR GENTLEMEN AGENTS TO sell household goods on easy payments. No capital required. Gately Supply company, 8 East Superior street.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

LADY WANTS TO COOK IN PRIvate family. Address 420 East Fourth street.

WANTED—PLAIN SEWING TO DO. Mrs. Anderson, 1921 West Third street.

MAN WOULD LIKE JOB—CARE OF bachelors' hall, can cook, wait table; small wages. Address K 49, Herald.

A YOUNG GIRL OF 15 WISHES PLACE to assist in light housework in small family. M 76, Herald.

WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY WITH experience, position as clerk or cashier. 731 East First street.

DRESSMAKER WANTS SEWING IN families or in shop. Call Hotel Brunswick, room 18, 421 West Superior street.

LADY BOOKKEEPER WOULD LIKE position. Recent graduate of Nimmo's Business college, Sarnia, Ont. Call or address M. F. Rose, 626 West Third street.

LOST.

CHAMPION IRON COMPANY BOOKS burned. Stockholders send date, number of certificates and number of shares held by you to W. Van Brunt, 8 Exchange building.

CHIMNEY SWEEP.

CHIMNEY AND FURNACE CLEANING storm windows taken off. W. Simpson, Zenith Tele. 735; office 119 W. First St.

TYPEWRITERS.

FOR SALE—REMINGTON AND SMITH typewriters from $25 up. Write for samples. M. J. Doherty, 155 Washington street, Chicago, Ill.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

MANDOLIN, GUITAR, VIOLIN, BANJO. Prof. J. L. Robinson, over Big Duluth. Latest popular music, etc.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE E.

HERBAQUEEN'S SPECIFIC.

REMEDIES FOR ANY BLOOD POISONing trouble. 319 First avenue east.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — LARGE FURNISHED house and yard for summer. 616 East Fourth.

FOR RENT—6-ROOM HOUSE, MODern; central location. Inquire at 617 Fourth avenue east.

FOR RENT—SIX ROOM HOUSE, CITY water, 5515 London road, $15 per month. Apply 524 East Fifth street.

FOR RENT—6-ROOM HOUSE, FURnished, with modern improvements; desirable location. Address T 2, Herald.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE. ALL modern improvements, desirable location, East End. Moderate rent for about four months. Address M 8, Herald.

FOR RENT—STRICTLY MODERN NINE room house three blocks from postoffice. Myers' Bros., 205 Lyceum.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—THREE ROOMS AND bath for light housekeeping; no children. References. 714 West Second street.

FOR RENT—PLEASANT FURNISHED rooms at 327 East Superior street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, modern; $6 and $8. 306 Mesaba avenue, near Third avenue west.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS over 1 West Superior street. Inquire room 11.

FOR RENT—DESK ROOM AT 331 WEST Michigan street. Providence building.

FOR RENT—ELEGANT LARGE ROOM, comfortable for two people. Modern Magnificent lake view. Centrally located. Rent reasonable. Apply 716 West Second street.

FOR RENT—OFFICE ROOM WITH heat and telephone. 107 West First st.

FOR RENT—FRONT ROOM AND ALcove. 210 East Third street.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOMS WITH water. 1325 London road.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED FRONT parlor with folding bed. 320 East Second street.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOM FURNISHED flat. Gas, bath, telephone, janitor service, one block to street car, ten minutes walk to Lake avenue, East End. June 1 to Oct. 1 only. References required. No children. Address 120, Herald office.

FOR RENT—ONE NEW 5-ROOM FLAT. Call 508 West Third street. Small family.

FOR RENT—MAY 1, FLAT 2, BUFFALO flats. F. C. Smith, 205 Palladio building.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED TO RENT—A MODERN nine or ten-room residence in eastern section of city. Address, stating terms, D. D. Gallirdi, captain corps of engineers, Providence building.

BOARD OFFERED.

NICELY FURNISHED FRONT ROOM for two gentlemen. Also table boarders. 32 West Second street.

BOARD AND ROOMS—SINGLE OR EN suite. 207 West Second street.

FURNISHED ROOM AND BOARD suitable for two. 228 Second avenue west, corner Third street.

FIRST CLASS BOARD AND ROOMS, with all modern conveniences. 318 West Second street.

ROOMS AND BOARD, 120 FIRST AVEnue west; very central.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—BY YOUNG MARRIED couple, board and room with private family. Must be reasonable and centrally located. Address K 87, Herald.

PASTURE FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—HORSE PASTURE AT Spirit Lake. Telephone 2699.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOple holding responsible positions; also on diamonds, pianos, furniture, live stock and all kinds of personal property. Easy payments. Confidential. Western Loan Co., 521 Manhattan Bldg., Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. We buy consolidated stock. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmonds, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., 324 W. Sup. street. Established 1893.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

CARPET CLEANING WORKS.

THE DULUTH-SUPERIOR STEAM carpet cleaning and rug works. 1701-3 West Michigan street. Telephone 315.

MEDICAL.

CURSE OF DRINK

WHITE DOVE CURE never fails to destroy craving for strong drink, the appetite for which cannot exist after using this remedy. Given in any liquid with or without knowledge of patient; tasteless; $1 at S. F. Boyes and Max Wirth, druggists, Duluth.

MEN

NO CURE, NO PAY.

If you have small, weak organs, lost power or weakening drains, our Vacuum Organ Developer will restore you without drugs or electricity; 75,000 in use; not one failure; not one returned; no C. O. D. fraud; write for free particulars, sent sealed in plain envelope. LOCAL APPLIANCE CO., 115 Thorpe Blk., Indianapolis, Ind.

PIANO TUNING.

FIRST CLASS PIANO TUNING, C. A. Gregory, 9 First avenue west. Zenith phone 606.

NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL.

IMPORT of 1900, 75c a bottle; $1 express prepaid. C. J. Tufte, Druggist, Duluth.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

RAILROAD WATCHES.

REPAIRED AND ADJUSTED. HARRIS & Esterly, 406 West Superior street.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

WATCH REPAIRING.

HARRIS-ESTERLY, 406 W. SUP. ST.

A SPECIALTY. M. HENRICKSEN, expert watchmaker, 334 W. Sup. St.

POPULAR MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC, 2000 COPIES, 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

GASOLINE AND STOVES.

BUY YOUR GASOLINE AND STOVES at 211 E. Sup. St. and have your stoves kept in order free of charge. 'Phone 830.

CARPET CLEANING.

GOOD CURE FOR SMALLPOX—HAVE your carpets cleaned and feathers renovated. Also have your old carpets made into rugs. First-class upholstering done. Superior Rug company, C. P. Forsell, manager. 'Phone 949, 217 East Superior street.

ATTORNEY.

S. D. ALLEN, ATTORNEY. 711-712 Palladio building.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows' building. Best work. Moderate prices.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—TO BUY, GOOD SECOND hand buggy. Address Box 364, West Duluth.

WANTED—TWO OR THREE GOOD second hand lumber wagons with three inch tires. American Lumber company, West Superior, Wis.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 328 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 966.

BREINHOLM, FEMALE COMPLAINTS. Private hospital, 11 Nineteenth Ave. W.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

WHITE LINE TRANSPORTATION CO.
Isle Royale and Apostle Islands Routes
STR. MABEL BRADSHAW
Leaves Singer's dock Mondays and Thursdays at 9 a. m. for Two Harbors, Grand Marais Isle Royale, Port Arthur and intermediate points.

STR. BON VOYAGE
Leaves Singer's dock Mondays and Thursdays at 8 p. m. for Bayfield, Ontonagon, Hancock and Houghton. W. H. SINGER, Mgr., JOHN FLYNN, Agt. 2 Lyceum Bldg. Lake Ave. and Canal.

STEAMSHIPS.

DOMINION LINE
Record Voyage 6 Days, 7 Hours, 22 Minutes.

BOSTON to LIVERPOOL via QUEENSTOWN
New England, twin screw, 11000 tons, May 22
Commonwealth, twin screw, 13000 tons, June 5
PORTLAND to LIVERPOOL via Queenstown
Vancouver....May 18 Cambroman....June 8
Dominion.....June 1 Vancouver....June 22

T. H. LARKE, Gen. N. W. Agent, 127 So. 3rd St. Guaranty Bldg., Minneapolis, Minn.

Railroad Time Tables.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv...Duluth...Ar	p.m.	3:40
8:15 a.m.	Ar...Proctor...Lv	p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m.	Ar...Iron Jctn...Lv	p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar...Wolf...Lv	p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar...Virginia...Lv	p.m.	12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar...Eveleth...Lv	p.m.	12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar...Sparta...Lv	p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar...Biwabik...Lv	p.m.	12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar...Mtn. Iron...Lv	p.m.	12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar...Hibbing...Lv	p.m.	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

8 15 pm	Lv...Duluth...Ar	10 00 am	
7 15 pm	Ar...Virginia...Lv	7:35 am	
7 40 pm	Ar...Eveleth...Lv	7:35 am	
7 50 pm	Ar...Ely...Lv	7:19 am	

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave	DULUTH.	Arrive
†*3 25 pm	ST. PAUL	†1 55 pm
11 10 pm	AND MINNEAPOLIS	*6 30 am
*Daily	†Daily Except Sunday.	
*7 55 am	Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana & Coast Points.	*6 43 pm
†3 00 pm	Swan River, Hibbing, Int. Points	†11 58 am

Sleeper for 11:10 p. m. Train can be occupied at any time after 5 p. m. J. G. MOONEY, Nor. Pass Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**9 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**4 00 pm
*4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 50 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oskosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL.	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RY.

Leave—		Arrive—
*4 00 pm	Ashland and East	*11 15 am
*7 30 pm	Minn & Dakota Express	*7 55 am
*8 40 am	No Coast Ltd.	*4 55 pm

"DULUTH SHORT LINE"

†9 00 am	St. Paul and Minneapolis.	†8 45 am
*1 55 pm		†2 10 pm
*11 10 pm		*7 00 pm

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway.
426 Spalding Hotel Block. Union Depot.

Leave	†Daily. *Ex. Sunday.	Arrive
†7 00 pm	BOSTON LIMITED	†8 30 am
*8 15 am	Copper Country Local.	*5 00 pm